ALLIED CAPITAL CORP Form 10-Q May 08, 2002

FORM 10-Q

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO

SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2002 Commission File Number: 0-22832

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Maryland

(State or Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) **52-1081052** (IRS Employer Identification No.)

1919 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.

Washington, DC 20006

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (202) 331-1112

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 12 of 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periods as the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES [X] NO []

On May 2, 2002 there were 101,930,554 shares outstanding of the Registrant s common stock, \$0.0001 par value.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q INDEX

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Consolidated

Balance Sheet as of

March 31, 2002

(unaudited) and

December 31, 2001

1

Consolidated

Statement of

Operations For the

Three Months Ended

March 31, 2002 and

2001 (unaudited)

2

Consolidated

Statement of

Changes in Net

Assets For the Three

Months Ended

March 31, 2002 and

2001 (unaudited)

3

Consolidated

Statement of Cash

Flows For the Three

Months Ended

March 31, 2002 and

2001 (unaudited)

4

Consolidated

Statement of

Investments as of

March 31, 2002

(unaudited) and

December 31, 2001

5

Notes to

Consolidated

Financial Statements

21

Item 2. Management s

Discussion and

Analysis of Financial

Condition and

Results of Operations

36

Item 3. Quantitative

and Qualitative

Disclosures about

Market Risk

54

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal

Proceedings

55

Item 2. Changes in

Securities and Use of

Proceeds

55

Item 3. Defaults

Upon Senior

Securities

55

Item 4. Submission

of Matters to Vote of

Security Holders

55

Item 5. Other

Information

55

Item 6. Exhibits and

Reports on Form 8-K

55

Signatures

59

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

March December 31, 31, 2002 2001

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} (in thousands, except share amounts) \\ ASSETS \end{tabular}$

(Unaudited)

Portfolio at value:

Private finance (cost: 2002-\$1,568,704; 2001-\$1,553,966) \$1,604,891 \$1,595,072 Commercial real estate finance (cost: 2002-\$648,940; 2001-\$732,636) 649,169 734,518

Total portfolio at value 2,254,060 2,329,590

Other assets 142,500 130,234 Cash and cash equivalents 2,297 889

Total assets \$2,398,857 \$2,460,713

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

Liabilities:

Notes payable and debentures \$876,056 \$876,056 Revolving credit facility 57,000 144,750 Accounts payable and other liabilities

77,460 80,784
Total liabilities 1,010,516 1,101,590
Commitments and Contingencies
Preferred stock 7,000 7,000 Shareholders equity:
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized; 100,764,535 and 99,607,396 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively 10 10 Additional paid-in capital 1,380,501 1,352,688 Notes receivable from sale of common stock
(27,272) (26,028) Net unrealized appreciation on portfolio 32,468 39,981 Distributions in excess of earnings (4,366) (14,528)
Total shareholders equity 1,381,341 1,352,123
Total liabilities and shareholders equity \$2,398,857 \$2,460,713

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Me	For the Th Months En March 3		
Code and a second and beautiful		002	2001	
(in thousands, except per share amount of the state of th		unaudi	ted)	
Interest and dividends \$64,973 \$54,875 Premiums from loan dispositions 1,613 821 Fees and other income 15,805 9,375				
Total interest and related portfolio income 82,391 65,071				
Expenses:				
Interest 17,469 15,930 Employee 8,035 6,446 Administrative 3,018 2,967				
Total operating expenses 28,522 25,343				
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains 53,869 39,728				

Net realized and unrealized gains:

Net realized gains 9,605 1,154

7

Net unrealized gains (losses) (7,513) 11,146
Total net realized and unrealized gains 2,092 12,300
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations \$55,961 \$52,028
Basic earnings per common share \$0.56 \$0.61
Diluted earnings per common share \$0.55 \$0.60
Weighted average common shares outstanding basic 99,977 85,504
Weighted average common shares outstanding diluted 102,364 87,059

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	For the Three Months Ended March 3	
	2002	2001
(in thousands, except per share amounts)	(unau	dited)
Operations:		
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains \$53,869 \$39,728 Net realized gains 9,605 1,154 Net unrealized gains (losses) (7,513) 11,146		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations 55,961 52,028		
Shareholder distributions:		
Common stock dividends (53,259) (42,081) Preferred stock dividends (55) (55)		
Net decrease in net assets resulting from shareholder distributions (53,314) (42,136)		
Capital share transactions: Sale of common stock		
19,950 9,950 Issuance of common stock upon the		

exercise of stock options

6,293 2,904

Issuance of common stock in lieu of cash distributions 1,572 1,785
Net (increase) decrease in notes receivable from sale of common stock (1,244) 22
Net increase in net assets resulting from capital share transactions 26,571 14,661
Total increase in net assets
\$29,218 \$24,553
Net assets at beginning of period \$1,352,123 \$1,029,692
Net assets at end of period \$1,381,341 \$1,054,245
φ1,301,341 φ1,034,243
Net asset value per common share \$13.71 \$12.26
Common shares outstanding at end of period 100,765 85,956

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

3

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
200	2002
unaudited)	(unau

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations \$55,961 \$52,028 Adjustments

Portfolio investments (80,040) (150,758) Repayments of investment principal 31,013 30,281 Proceeds from investment sales 125,099 35,187 Change in accrued or reinvested interest and dividends (13,258) (14,577) Changes in other assets and liabilities (10,033) (2,060) Amortization of loan discounts and fees (3,883) (2,668) Depreciation and amortization 266 257 Realized losses 3,320 746 Net unrealized (gains) losses 7,513 (11,146)

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 115,958 (62,710)

Cash flows from financing activities:

Sale of common stock 19,950 9,950 Collections of notes receivable from sale of common stock 217 1,501

Common dividends and distributions paid (51,687) (40,296) Preferred stock dividends paid (55) (55)
Net borrowings under notes payable and debentures 10,628 Net borrowings under (repayments
on) revolving line of credit (87,750) 86,500 Other financing activities
4,775 1,425
Net cash provided by (used in)
financing activities (114,550) 69,653
Net increase in cash and cash
equivalents \$1,408 \$6,943
Cash and cash equivalents at
beginning of period \$889 \$2,449
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$2,297 \$9,392

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS

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Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares) ACE Products, Inc.	Investment(2)	(unaudited) Cost Value		
	Loans	\$ 17,164	\$ 17,164	
Acme Paging, L.P.	Loan Debt Securities Limited Partnership Interest	750 6,993 3,640	750 6,993 2,184	
Advantage Mayer, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	10,947	10,947	
Alderwoods Group, Inc.(1)	Debt Securities Common Stock (357,568 shares)	6,129 5,006	6,129 3,006	
Allied Office Products, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	7,477 629	7,477 629	
American Barbecue & Grill, Inc.	Warrants	125		
American Healthcare Services, Inc.	Debt Securities Common Stock (79,567,042 shares)	40,780 1,000	40,780 100	
	Guaranty (\$915)			
American Home Care Supply, LLC	Debt Securities Warrants	6,920 579	6,920 1,579	
Aspen Pet Products, Inc.	Loans Preferred Stock (2,021 shares) Common Stock (1,400 shares)	14,816 1,981 140	14,816 1,981 140	
ASW Holding Corporation	Warrants	25	25	
Autania AG(1)	Debt Securities Common Stock (250,000 shares)	4,460 2,193	4,460 2,193	
Avborne, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	12,959 1,180	6,584	
Bakery Chef, Inc.	Loans	17,306	17,306	
Blue Rhino Corporation(1)	Debt Securities Warrants	13,864 1,200	13,864 5,750	
Border Foods, Inc.	Debt Securities	9,329	9,329	

	Preferred Stock (50,919 shares)	2,000	2,000
	Warrants	665	665
Business Loan Express, Inc.	Loan Debt Securities Preferred Stock (25,111 shares) Common Stock (25,503,043 shares) Guaranty (\$51,460 See Note 3)	6,000 78,481 25,111 104,596	6,000 78,481 25,111 120,096
Camden Partners Strategic Fund II, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	1,785	1,829
CampGroup, LLC	Debt Securities	2,711	2,711
	Warrants	220	220

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

March	31.	2002

Private Finance Portfolio Company		(unaudited)	
(in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value
Candlewood Hotel Company(1)	Preferred Stock (3,250 shares)	\$ 3,250	\$ 3,250
Celebrities, Inc.	Loan Warrants	240 12	240 550
Colibri Holding Corporation	Loans Preferred Stock (237 shares) Common Stock (3,362 shares) Warrants	3,471 248 1,250 290	3,471 248 1,250 290
The Color Factory Inc.	Loan Preferred Stock (1,000 shares) Common Stock (980 shares)	6,882 1,000 6,535	6,882 1,000 8,035
Component Hardware Group, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (18,000 shares) Common Stock (2,000 shares)	10,909 1,800 200	10,909 1,800 200
Convenience Corporation of America	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (22,301 shares) Warrants	8,355 334	2,738
Cooper Natural Resources, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (6,316 shares) Warrants	1,782 1,427 832	1,782 1,427 832
CorrFlex Graphics, LLC	Debt Securities Warrants Options	2,346	2,346 6,674 576
Coverall North America, Inc.	Loan Debt Securities Warrants	10,335 5,325	10,335 5,325
CPM Acquisition Corporation	Loan	9,754	9,754
Csabai Canning Factory Rt	Hungarian Quotas (9.2%)	700	
CTT Holdings	Loan	1,432	1,432
Cumulus Media, Inc. (1)	Common Stock (397,922 shares) Warrants	7,131 186	7,131 186
CyberRep	Loan Debt Securities Warrants	1,145 14,375 660	1,145 14,375 3,310
The Debt Exchange Inc.	Preferred Stock (921,829 shares)	1,250	1,250

Directory Investment Corporation	Common Stock (470 shares)	112	32
Directory Lending Corporation	Series A Common Stock (34 shares) Series B Common Stock (6 shares)	8	
Drilltec Patents & Technologies Company, Inc.	Series C Common Stock (10 shares) Loan Debt Securities	10,918 1,500	9,262 1,500
eCentury Capital Partners, L.P.	Warrants Limited Partnership Interest	1,875	1,800

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

6

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

	Ma	rch	31.	2002
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Private Finance		(unaudited)	
Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value
EDM Consulting, LLC	Debt Securities Common Stock (140 shares)	\$ 1,875 250	\$ 443
El Dorado Communications, Inc.	Loans	306	306
Elexis Beta GmbH	Options	426	526
Elmhurst Consulting, LLC	Loan Common Stock (74 shares) Guaranty (\$2,800)	9,767 5,165	9,767 5,165
Eparfin S.A.	Loan	29	29
E-Talk Corporation	Debt Securities Warrants	8,852 1,157	4,509
Ex Terra Credit Recovery, Inc.	Preferred Stock (500 shares) Common Stock (2,500 shares) Warrants	568	318
Executive Greetings, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	16,658 360	16,658 360
Fairchild Industrial Products Company	Debt Securities Warrants	5,889 280	5,889 2,378
Foresite Towers, LLC	Equity Interest	15,500	15,500
Galaxy American Communications, LLC	Debt Securities Options Guaranty (\$750)	48,863	39,211
Garden Ridge Corporation	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (1,130 shares) Common Stock (188,400 shares)	27,006 1,130 613	27,006 1,130 613
GC-Sun Holdings II, LP (Kar Products, LP)	Loans	8,167	8,167
Gibson Guitar Corporation	Debt Securities Warrants	17,369 525	17,369 2,325
Ginsey Industries, Inc.	Loans Convertible Debentures Warrants	5,000 500	5,000 500 504
Global Communications, LLC	Loan Debt Securities Equity Interest	1,996 15,068 11,067	1,996 15,068 11,067

	Options	1,639	1,639
Grant Broadcasting Systems II	Warrants	87	5,976
Grotech Partners, VI, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	1,463	1,029
The Hartz Mountain Corporation	Debt Securities Common Stock (200,000 shares) Warrants	27,474 2,000 2,613	27,474 2,000 2,613

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

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Private Finance		(unaudited)	
Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value
HealthASPex, Inc.	Preferred Stock (1,451,380 shares) Preferred Stock (1,000,000 shares) Common Stock (1,451,380 shares)	\$ 4,900 731 4	\$ 4,011 620
The Hillman Companies Inc.	Debt Securities	40,546	40,546
	Common Stock (6,890,937 shares)	57,156	57,156
HMT, Inc.	Debt Securities	9,015	9,015
	Common Stock (300,000 shares)	3,000	3,000
	Warrants	1,155	1,155
Hotelevision, Inc.	Preferred Stock (315,100 shares)	315	315
Icon International, Inc.	Common Stock (35,228 shares)	1,219	1,519
Impact Innovations Group, LLC	Debt Securities	6,661	6,661
	Warrants	1,674	1,674
Intellirisk Management Corporation	Loans	22,568	22,568
International Fiber Corporation	Debt Securities	22,423	22,423
	Common Stock (1,029,069 shares)	5,483	6,982
	Warrants	550	700
iSolve Incorporated	Preferred Stock (14,853 shares) Common Stock (13,306 shares)	874 14	
Jakel, Inc.	Loan	23,369	23,369
JRI Industries, Inc.	Debt Securities	1,977	1,977
	Warrants	74	74
Julius Koch USA, Inc.	Debt Securities	759	759
	Warrants	259	7,000
Kirker Enterprises, Inc.	Warrants	348	3,501
	Equity Interest	4	4
Kirkland s, Inc.	Debt Securities	7,200	7,200
	Preferred Stock (917 shares)	412	412
	Warrants	96	96
Kyrus Corporation	Debt Securities	7,595	7,595
	Warrants	348	348
Liberty-Pittsburgh Systems, Inc.	Debt Securities	3,491	3,491
	Common Stock (123,929 shares)	142	142

Litterer Beteiligungs-GmbH	Debt Securities Equity Interest	1,070 358	1,070 358
Logic Bay Corporation	Preferred Stock (1,131,222 shares)	5,000	5,000
Love Funding Corporation	Preferred Stock (26,000 shares)	359	213
Magna Card, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (1,875 shares) Common Stock (4,687 shares)	153 94	153 94
Master Plan, Inc.	Loan Common Stock (156 shares)	1,204 42	1,204 42

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

	Ma	rch	31.	2002
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Private Finance Portfolio Company		(unor	ıdited)
(in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value
Matrics, Inc.	Preferred Stock (511,876 shares) Warrants	\$ 500	\$ 500
MedAssets.com, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (260,418 shares) Warrants	15,114 2,049 136	15,114 2,049 136
Mid-Atlantic Venture Fund IV, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	2,475	1,528
Midview Associates, L.P.	Warrants		
Monitoring Solutions, Inc.	Debt Securities Common Stock (33,333 shares) Warrants	1,823	153
MortgageRamp.com, Inc.	Common Stock (772,000 shares)	3,860	3,860
Morton Grove Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Loan Preferred Stock (106,947 shares)	16,356 5,000	16,356 9,000
Most Confiserie GmbH & Co KG	Loan	943	943
MVL Group, Inc.	Loan Debt Securities Warrants	16,138 14,924 643	15,916 14,924 643
NetCare, AG	Loan Common Stock (262,784 shares)	760 230	760 230
NETtel Communications, Inc.	Debt Securities	11,334	4,334
Nobel Learning Communities, Inc.(1)	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (1,063,830 shares) Warrants	9,679 2,000 575	9,679 2,000 575
North American Archery, LLC	Loans Convertible Debentures Guaranty (\$645)	1,390 2,248	840 2,008
Northeast Broadcasting Group, L.P.	Debt Securities	295	295
Novak Biddle Venture Partners III, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	420	420
Nursefinders, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	11,373 900	11,373 1,500
Onyx Television GmbH	Preferred Units (120,000 shares)	201	201

Opinion Research Corporation(1)	Debt Securities Warrants	14,227 996	14,227 996
Oriental Trading Company, Inc.	Loan Debt Securities Preferred Equity Interest	128 12,788 1,500	128 12,788 1,822
	Common Equity Interest Warrants	13	265

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

9

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

March	31.	2002

Private Finance Portfolio Company		(unaudited)	
(in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value
Outsource Partners, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	\$24,021 826	\$24,021 826
Packaging Advantage Corporation	Debt Securities Common Stock (200,000 shares) Warrants	11,610 2,000 963	11,610 2,000 963
Pico Products, Inc.	Loan	1,406	1,406
Polaris Pool Systems, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	10,658 1,050	10,658 1,050
Powell Plant Farms, Inc.	Loan	18,152	18,152
Proeducation GmbH	Loan	321	321
Professional Paint, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (15,000 shares) Common Stock (110,000 shares)	22,086 18,309 69	22,086 18,309 3,069
Progressive International Corporation	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (500 shares) Common Stock (197 shares) Warrants	3,961 500 13	3,961 500 13
Prosperco Finanz Holding AG	Debt Securities Common Stock (1,528 shares) Warrants	5,276 1,059	5,276 1,059
Raytheon Aerospace, LLC	Debt Securities Equity Interest	5,090	5,090
Redox Brands, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	9,556 584	9,556 584
Schwinn Holdings Corporation	Debt Securities	10,195	1,835
Seasonal Expressions, Inc.	Preferred Stock (1,000 shares)	500	
Simula, Inc.(1)	Loan	20,223	20,223
Soff-Cut Holdings, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (300 shares) Common Stock (2,000 shares) Warrants	8,587 300 200 446	8,587 300 200 446
Southwest PCS, LLC	Loan	8,401	8,401

Spa Lending Corporation	Preferred Stock (28,672 shares) Common Stock (6,208 shares)	424 76	367 18
Staffing Partners Holding	Debt Securities	4,992	4,992
Company, Inc.	Preferred Stock (414,600 shares)	2,073	2,073
	Common Stock (50,200 shares)	50	50
	Warrants	10	10
Startec Global Communications	Loan	22,815	22,815
Corporation(1)	Debt Securities	21,286	10,301
•	Common Stock (258,064 shares) Warrants	3,000	

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

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Private Finance Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	(unau Cost	dited) Value
STS Operating, Inc.	Common Stock (3,000,000 shares)	\$ 3,177	\$ 3,177
SunStates Refrigerated Services, Inc.	Loans Debt Securities	6,062 2,445	4,573 877
Sure-Tel, Inc.	Loan Preferred Stock (1,116,902 shares) Warrants Options	1,207 4,642 662	1,207 4,642 662
Sydran Food Services II, L.P.	Debt Securities Equity Interest	12,973 3,909	12,973 3,909
Total Foam, Inc.	Debt Securities Common Stock (910 shares)	262 10	127
Tubbs Snowshoe Company, LLC	Debt Securities Equity Interests Warrants	3,917 500 54	3,917 500 54
United Pet Group, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	9,017 15	9,017 15
Updata Venture Partners, II, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	2	1,492
Velocita, Inc.(1)	Debt Securities Warrants	11,718 3,540	4,318
Venturehouse Group, LLC	Equity Interest	667	398
Walker Investment Fund II, LLLP	Limited Partnership Interest	1,200	943
Warn Industries, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	18,646 1,429	18,646 3,129
Williams Brothers Lumber Company	Warrants	24	322
Wilmar Industries, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (199,313 shares) Common Stock (15,615 shares) Warrants	33,132 1,849 139 1,181	33,132 1,849 139 1,181
Wilshire Restaurant Group, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	15,368 735	15,368 735
Wilton Industries, Inc.	Loan	12,000	12,000

Woodstream Corporation	Loan	572	572
•	Debt Securities	7,641	7,641
	Equity Interests	1,700	4,547
	Warrants	450	1,203
WyoTech Acquisition	Debt Securities	12,597	12,597
Corporation	Preferred Stock (100 shares)	3,700	3,700
	Common Stock (99 shares)	100	54,100
Total private finance (133 investmen	ts)	\$1,568,704	\$1,604,891

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

March 31, 2002

Stated Interest

Face

(unaudited) Cost Value

(in thousands, except number of loans)

Commercial Real Estate Finance CMBS

CMBS Bonds

Mortgage Capital Funding, Series 1998-MC3

5.5% \$54,491 \$27,051 \$27,051

Morgan Stanley Capital I, Series 1999-RM1

6.4% 51,046 21,536 21,536

COMM 1999-1

5.6% 74,879 36,016 36,016

Morgan Stanley Capital I, Series 1999-FNV1

6.1% 37,762 16,780 16,780

DLJ Commercial Mortgage Trust 1999-CG2

6.1% 83,718 36,672 36,672

Commercial Mortgage Acceptance Corp., Series 1999-C1

6.8% 34,856 16,324 16,324

LB Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 1999-C2

6.7% 29,005 11,463 11,463

Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp.,

Series 1999-2

6.5% 37,430 16,566 16,566

FUNB CMT, Series 1999-C4

6.5% 43,372 18,243 18,243

Heller Financial, HFCMC Series 2000 PH-1

6.8% 45,456 18,544 18,544

SBMS VII, Inc., Series 2000-NL1

7.2% 20,804 10,747 10,747

DLJ Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2000-CF1

7.0% 38,685 18,274 18,274

Deutsche Bank Alex. Brown, Series Comm 2000-C1

6.9% 39,379 17,485 17,485

LB-UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2000-C4

6.9% 34,967 12,651 12,651

Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp.,

Series 2001-CK1

5.9% 43,288 18,041 18,041

JP Morgan-CIBC-Deutsche 2001

5.8% 46,326 19,705 19,705

Lehman Brothers-UBS Warburg 2001-C4

6.4% 49,582 21,891 21,891

SBMS VII, Inc., Series 2001-C1

6.1% 41,109 15,974 15,974

GE Capital Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp.,

Series 2001-2

6.1% 45,218 19,835 19,835

Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp.,

Series 2001-CKN5

5.2% 59,602 28,062 28,062

JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp.,

Series 2001-C1

5.6% 42,747 16,100 16,100

SBMS VII, Inc., Series 2001-C2

6.2% 47,353 21,960 21,960 FUNB CMT, Series 2002-C1 6.0% 38,238 16,491 16,491 Collateralized Debt Obligations

Crest 2001-1, Ltd. 24,153 24,153 24,153 Crest 2002-1, Ltd. 23,104 23,104 23,104

Total CMBS \$1,086,570 \$503,668 \$503,668

		Interest Rate Ranges	Number of Loans	Cost	Value
Commercial Mortgage Loans					
		Up to 6.99%	10	\$ 8,096	\$ 9,518
		7.00%- 8.99%	24	27,096	28,903
		9.00%-10.99%	13	12,072	12,071
		11.00%-12.99%	13	10,054	10,053
		13.00%-14.99%	7	12,500	12,293
		15.00% and above	1	55	55
	Total commercial mortgage				
	loans		68	\$69,873	\$72,893
Residual Interest Real Estate Owned 5,719 3,228				\$69,680	\$69,380
Total commercial real estate finance \$648,940 \$649,169					
Total portfolio \$2,217,644 \$2,254,060	_				

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS

Private Finance Portfolio Company		Decembe	er 31, 2001
(in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value
Ability One Corporation	Loans	\$ 10,657	\$ 10,657
ACE Products, Inc.	Loans	16,875	16,875
Acme Paging, L.P.	Debt Securities Limited Partnership Interest	6,992 3,640	6,992 2,184
Advantage Mayer, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	10,945	10,945
Allied Office Products, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	7,491 629	7,491 629
American Barbecue & Grill, Inc.	Warrants	125	
American Home Care Supply, LLC	Debt Securities Warrants	6,906 579	6,906 1,579
American Physicians Services, Inc. (formerly Physicians Speciality Corporation)	Debt Securities Common Stock (79,567,042 shares) Guaranty (\$195)	40,194 1,000	40,194 100
Aspen Pet Products, Inc.	Loans Preferred Stock (1,860 shares) Common Stock (1,400 shares)	14,576 1,981 140	14,576 1,981 140
ASW Holding Corporation	Warrants	25	25
Aurora Communications, LLC	Loans Equity Interest	15,809 2,461	15,809 6,050
Autania AG(1)	Debt Securities Common Stock (250,000 shares)	4,762 2,261	4,762 2,261
Avborne, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	12,750 1,180	6,375
Bakery Chef, Inc.	Loans	17,018	17,018
Blue Rhino Corporation(1)	Debt Securities Warrants	13,816 1,200	13,816 2,000
Border Foods, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (50,919 shares) Warrants	9,313 2,000 665	9,313 2,000 665

Business Loan Express, Inc.	Loan Debt Securities Preferred Stock (25,111 shares) Common Stock (25,503,043 shares) Guaranty (\$51,350 See Note 3)	6,000 76,242 25,111 104,596	6,000 76,242 25,111 120,096
Camden Partners Strategic Fund II, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	1,295	1,295
CampGroup, LLC	Debt Securities Warrants	2,702 220	2,702 220

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

Private Finance		Decembe	er 31, 2001
Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value
Candlewood Hotel Company(1)	Preferred Stock (3,250 shares)	\$ 3,250	\$ 3,250
Celebrities, Inc.	Loan Warrants	244 12	244 550
Classic Vacation Group, Inc.(1)	Loan	6,399	6,399
Colibri Holding Corporation	Loans Preferred Stock (237 shares) Common Stock (3,362 shares) Warrants	3,464 237 1,250 290	3,464 237 1,250 290
The Color Factory Inc.	Loan Preferred Stock (600 shares) Common Stock (980 shares) Guaranty (\$476)	5,346 788 6,535	5,346 788 8,035
Component Hardware Group, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (18,000 shares) Common Stock (2,000 shares)	10,774 1,800 200	10,774 1,800 200
Convenience Corporation of America	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (31,521 shares) Warrants	8,355 334	2,738
Cooper Natural Resources, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (6,316 shares) Warrants	1,750 1,427 832	1,750 1,427 832
CorrFlex Graphics, LLC	Debt Securities Warrants Options	2,312	2,312 6,674 576
Coverall North America, Inc.	Loan Debt Securities Warrants	10,309 5,324	10,309 5,324
CPM Acquisition Corporation	Loan	9,604	9,604
Csabai Canning Factory Rt	Hungarian Quotas (9.2%)	700	
CTT Holdings	Loan	1,388	1,388
CyberRep	Loan Debt Securities Warrants	1,109 14,209 660	1,109 14,209 3,310
The Debt Exchange Inc.	Preferred Stock (921,829 shares)	1,250	1,250
Directory Investment Corporation	Common Stock (470 shares)	112	32

Directory Lending Corporation	Series A Common Stock (34 shares) Series B Common Stock (6 shares) Series C Common Stock (10 shares)	8 22	
Drilltec Patents & Technologies Company, Inc.	Loan Debt Securities Warrants	10,918 1,500	9,262 1,500
eCentury Capital Partners, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	1,875	1,800

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

Private Finance		Decembe	er 31, 2001
Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value
EDM Consulting, LLC	Debt Securities Common Stock (100 shares)	\$ 1,875 250	\$ 443
El Dorado Communications, Inc.	Loans	306	306
Elexis Beta GmbH	Options	426	526
Elmhurst Consulting, LLC	Loan Common Stock (74 shares) Guaranty (\$2,800)	7,762 5,157	7,762 5,157
Eparfin S.A.	Loan	29	29
E-Talk Corporation	Debt Securities Warrants	8,852 1,157	6,509
Ex Terra Credit Recovery, Inc.	Preferred Stock (500 shares) Common Stock (2,500 shares) Warrants	568	318
Executive Greetings, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	15,938 360	15,938 360
Fairchild Industrial Products Company	Debt Securities Warrants	5,872 280	5,872 2,378
Foresite Towers, LLC	Equity Interest	15,500	15,500
FTI Consulting, Inc.(1)	Warrants		510
Galaxy American Communications, LLC	Debt Securities Options Guaranty (\$750)	48,869	39,217
Garden Ridge Corporation	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (1,130 shares) Common Stock (471 shares)	26,948 1,130 613	26,948 1,130 613
Gibson Guitar Corporation	Debt Securities Warrants	17,175 525	17,175 2,325
Ginsey Industries, Inc.	Loans Convertible Debentures Warrants	5,000 500	5,000 500 504
Global Communications, LLC	Loan Debt Securities Equity Interest Options	1,990 14,884 11,067 1,639	1,990 14,884 11,067 1,639

Grant Broadcasting Systems II	Warrants	87	5,976
Grant Television II LLC	Options	492	492
Grotech Partners, VI, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	1,463	1,060
The Hartz Mountain Corporation	Debt Securities Common Stock (200,000 shares) Warrants	27,408 2,000 2,613	27,408 2,000 2,613

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

Private Finance Portfolio Company		Decembe	er 31, 2001
(in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value
HealthASPex, Inc.	Preferred Stock (1,036,700 shares) Preferred Stock (414,680 shares) Common Stock (1,451,380 shares)	\$ 4,752 760 4	\$ 3,890 622
HMT, Inc.	Debt Securities Common Stock (300,000 shares) Warrants	8,995 3,000 1,155	8,995 3,000 1,155
Hotelevision, Inc.	Preferred Stock (315,100 shares)	315	315
Icon International, Inc.	Common Stock (37,821 shares)	1,219	1,519
Impact Innovations Group, LLC	Debt Securities Warrants	6,598 1,674	6,598 1,674
Intellirisk Management Corporation	Loans	22,334	22,334
International Fiber Corporation	Debt Securities Common Stock (1,029,068 shares) Warrants	22,257 5,483 550	22,257 6,982 700
iSolve Incorporated	Preferred Stock (14,853 shares) Common Stock (13,306 shares)	874 14	
Jakel, Inc.	Loan	22,291	22,291
JRI Industries, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	1,972 74	1,972 74
Julius Koch USA, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	1,066 259	1,066 7,000
Kirker Enterprises, Inc.	Warrants Equity Interest	348 4	3,501 4
Kirkland s, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (917 shares) Warrants	7,676 412 96	7,676 412 96
Kyrus Corporation	Debt Securities Warrants	7,810 348	7,810 348
Liberty-Pittsburgh Systems, Inc.	Debt Securities Common Stock (64,535 shares)	3,487 142	3,487 142
The Loewen Group, Inc.(1)	High-Yield Senior Secured Debt	15,150	12,440
Logic Bay Corporation	Preferred Stock (1,131,222 shares)	5,000	5,000

Love Funding Corporation	Preferred Stock (26,000 shares)	359	213
Magna Card, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (1,875 shares) Common Stock (4,687 shares)	153 94	153 94
Master Plan, Inc.	Loan Common Stock (156 shares)	1,204 42	1,204 2,042
Matrics, Inc.	Preferred Stock (511,876 shares)	500	500

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

Private Finance		Decembe	ember 31, 2001	
Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value	
MedAssets.com, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (260,417 shares) Warrants	\$14,949 2,049 136	\$14,949 2,049 136	
Mid-Atlantic Venture Fund IV, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	2,475	1,586	
Midview Associates, L.P.	Warrants			
Monitoring Solutions, Inc.	Debt Securities Common Stock (33,333 shares) Warrants	1,823	153	
MortgageRamp.com, Inc.	Common Stock (800,000 shares)	3,860	3,860	
Morton Grove Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Loan Preferred Stock (106,947 shares)	16,150 5,000	16,150 9,000	
Most Confiserie GmbH & Co KG	Loan	933	933	
MVL Group, Inc.	Loan Debt Securities Warrants Guaranty (\$1,357)	1,856 14,806 643	1,856 14,806 643	
NetCare, AG	Loan	811	811	
NETtel Communications, Inc.	Debt Securities	11,334	4,334	
Nobel Learning Communities, Inc.(1)	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (265,957 shares) Warrants	9,656 2,000 575	9,656 2,000 575	
North American Archery, LLC	Loans Convertible Debentures Guaranty (\$270)	1,390 2,248	840 2,008	
Northeast Broadcasting Group, L.P.	Debt Securities	310	310	
Novak Biddle Venture Partners III, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	330	330	
Nursefinders, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	11,341 900	11,341 1,500	
Onyx Television GmbH	Preferred Units (600,000 shares)	201	201	
Opinion Research Corporation(1)	Debt Securities Warrants	14,186 996	14,186 996	
Oriental Trading Company, Inc.	Loan	128	128	

	Debt Securities Preferred Equity Interest Common Equity Interest	12,719 1,500	12,719 1,793
	Warrants	13	295
Outsource Partners, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	23,994 826	23,994 826

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

Private Finance Portfolio Company		December 31, 2001		
(in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value	
Packaging Advantage Corporation	Debt Securities Common Stock (200,000 shares) Warrants	\$11,586 2,000 963	\$11,586 2,000 963	
Pico Products, Inc.	Loan	1,406	1,406	
Polaris Pool Systems, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	6,581 1,050	6,581 1,050	
Powell Plant Farms, Inc.	Loan	16,993	16,993	
Proeducation GmbH	Loan	206	206	
Professional Paint, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (15,000 shares) Common Stock (110,000 shares)	21,409 17,215 69	21,409 17,215 3,069	
Progressive International Corporation	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (500 shares) Common Stock (197 shares) Warrants	3,958 500 13	3,958 500 13	
Prosperco Finanz Holding AG	Debt Securities Common Stock (1,528 shares) Warrants	4,899 956	4,899 956	
Raytheon Aerospace, LLC	Debt Securities Equity Interest	5,051	5,051	
Redox Brands, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	9,462 584	9,462 584	
Schwinn Holdings Corporation	Debt Securities	10,195	1,835	
Seasonal Expressions, Inc.	Preferred Stock (1,000 shares)	500		
Simula, Inc.(1)	Loan	19,914	19,914	
Soff-Cut Holdings, Inc.	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (300 shares) Common Stock (2,000 shares) Warrants	8,569 300 200 446	8,569 300 200 446	
Southwest PCS, LLC	Loan	8,243	8,243	
Spa Lending Corporation	Preferred Stock (28,625 shares) Common Stock (6,208 shares)	485 25	375 18	
Staffing Partners Holding	Debt Securities	4,992	4,992	

Company, Inc.	Preferred Stock (414,600 shares) Common Stock (50,200 shares) Warrants	2,073 50 10	2,073 50 10
Startec Global Communications Corporation(1)	Loan Debt Securities Common Stock (258,064 shares) Warrants	22,815 21,286 3,000	22,815 10,301
STS Operating, Inc.	Common Stock (3,000,000 shares)	3,177	3,177

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

Private Finance		December 31, 2001			
Portfolio Company (in thousands, except number of shares)	Investment(2)	Cost	Value		
SunSource Inc. (The Hillman Companies, Inc.)	Debt Securities Common Stock (6,890,937 shares)	\$ 40,071 57,156	\$ 40,071 57,156		
SunStates Refrigerated Services, Inc.	Loans Debt Securities	6,062 2,445	4,573 877		
Sure-Tel, Inc.	Loan Preferred Stock (1,116,902 shares) Warrants Options	1,207 4,642 662	1,207 4,642 662		
Sydran Food Services II, L.P.	Debt Securities Equity Interest	12,973 3,909	12,973 3,909		
Total Foam, Inc.	Debt Securities Common Stock (910 shares)	263 10	127		
Tubbs Snowshoe Company, LLC	Debt Securities Equity Interests Warrants	3,913 500 54	3,913 500 54		
United Pet Group, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	4,965 15	4,965 15		
Updata Venture Partners, II, L.P.	Limited Partnership Interest	2,300	3,865		
Velocita, Inc.(1)	Debt Securities Warrants	11,677 3,540	11,677 3,540		
Venturehouse Group, LLC	Equity Interest	667	398		
Walker Investment Fund II, LLLP	Limited Partnership Interest	1,000	743		
Warn Industries, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	18,624 1,429	18,624 3,129		
Williams Brothers Lumber Company	Warrants	24	322		
Wilmar Industries, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	32,839 3,169	32,839 3,169		
Wilshire Restaurant Group, Inc.	Debt Securities Warrants	15,106 735	15,106 735		
Wilton Industries, Inc.	Loan	12,000	12,000		
Woodstream Corporation	Loan Debt Securities	572 7,631	572 7,631		

	Equity Interests Warrants	1,700 450	4,547 1,203
WyoTech Acquisition Corporation	Debt Securities Preferred Stock (100 shares) Common Stock (99 shares)	12,588 3,700 100	12,588 3,700 44,100
Total private finance (135 investment	ts)	\$1,553,966	\$1,595,072

⁽¹⁾ Public company.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

			Decembe	er 31, 2001
(in thousands, except number of loans)	Stated Interest	Face	Cost	Value
Commercial Real Estate Finance				
CMBS				
Mortgage Capital Funding, Series 1998-MC3	5.5%	\$ 54,491	\$ 26,888	\$ 26,888
Morgan Stanley Capital I, Series 1999-RM1	6.4%	51,046	21,462	21,462
COMM 1999-1	5.6%	74,879	35,636	35,636
Morgan Stanley Capital I, Series 1999-FNV1	6.1%	45,527	22,272	22,272
DLJ Commercial Mortgage Trust 1999-CG2	6.1%	96,432	44,732	44,732
Commercial Mortgage Acceptance Corp., Series 1999-C1	6.8%	34,856	16,304	16,304
LB Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 1999-C2	6.7%	29,005	11,326	11,326
Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp., Series 1999-2	6.5%	43,046	20,535	20,535
FUNB CMT, Series 1999-C4	6.5%	49,287	22,253	22,253
Heller Financial, HFCMC Series 2000 PH-1	6.8%	45,456	18,657	18,657
SBMS VII, Inc., Series 2000-NL1	7.2%	24,230	13,309	13,309
DLJ Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2000-CF1	7.0%	40,502	19,481	19,481
Deutsche Bank Alex. Brown, Series Comm 2000-C1	6.9%	41,084	19,418	19,418
LB-UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust, Series 2000-C4	6.9%	31,471	11,455	11,455
Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp.,				
Series 2001-CK1	5.9%	58,786	29,050	29,050
JP Morgan-CIBC-Deutsche 2001	5.8%	60,889	29,584	29,584
Lehman Brothers-UBS Warburg 2001-C4	6.4%	65,130	32,326	32,326
SBMS VII, Inc., Series 2001-C1	6.1%	54,780	25,267	25,267
GE Capital Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp.,				
Series 2001-2	6.1%	57,039	28,103	28,103
Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp.,				
Series 2001-CKN5	5.2%	84,482	46,176	46,176
JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Corp.,				
Series 2001-C1	5.6%	55,432	24,075	24,075
SBMS VII, Inc., Series 2001-C2	6.2%	72,422	40,037	40,037
Crest 2001-1, Ltd. (collateralized debt obligation)		24,207	24,207	24,207
Total CMBS		\$1,194,479	\$582,553	\$582,553

	Interest Rate Ranges	Number of Loans	Cost	 Value
Commercial Mortgage Loans				
	Up to 6.99%	7	\$ 3,404	\$ 5,100
	7.00%- 8.99%	30	34,583	36,589
	9.00%-10.99%	16	13,617	13,618
	11.00%-12.99%	14	11,977	11,979
	13.00%-14.99%	7	12,455	12,251
	15.00% and above	2	84	60
Total commercial mortgage loans		76	\$ 76,120	\$ 79,597
Residual Interest			\$ 70,179	\$ 69,879
Real Estate Owned			3,784	2,489

Total commercial real estate finance	\$ 732,636	\$ 734,518
Total portfolio	\$2,286,602	\$2,329,590

- (1) Public company.
- (2) Common stock, preferred stock, warrants, options and equity interests are generally non-income producing and restricted.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Information at and for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 is unaudited)

Note 1. Organization

Allied Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation, is a closed-end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company (BDC) under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act). Allied Capital Corporation (ACC) has a subsidiary that has also elected to be regulated as a BDC, Allied Investment Corporation (Allied Investment), which is licensed under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 as a Small Business Investment Company (SBIC). In addition, ACC has a real estate investment trust subsidiary, Allied Capital REIT, Inc. (Allied REIT), and several subsidiaries which are single-member limited liability companies established primarily to hold real estate properties. In April 2001, ACC established a subsidiary, A.C. Corporation (AC Corp), which provides diligence and structuring services on private finance and commercial real estate transactions, as well as structuring, transaction, management and advisory services to the Company, its portfolio companies and other third parties.

Allied Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries, collectively, are hereinafter referred to as the Company.

In accordance with specific rules prescribed for investment companies, subsidiaries hold investments on behalf of the Company or provide substantial services to the Company. Portfolio investments are held for purposes of deriving investment income and future capital gains. The Company consolidates the results of its subsidiaries for financial reporting purposes. The financial results of the Company s portfolio investments are not consolidated in the Company s financial statements.

The investment objective of the Company is to achieve current income and capital gains. In order to achieve this objective, the Company invests in private and undervalued public companies and commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) in a variety of industries and in diverse geographic locations.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2001 balances to conform with the 2002 financial statement presentation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial results of the Company included herein contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2002 and the results of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for the full year.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Valuation of Portfolio Investments

The Company, as a BDC, invests primarily in illiquid securities including the debt and equity of private companies and non-investment grade CMBS. The Company s investments are generally subject to restrictions on resale and generally have no established trading market. The Company values its securities at fair value as determined in good faith by the Company s Board of Directors in accordance with the Company s valuation policy. The Company determines fair value to be the amount for which an investment could be exchanged in an orderly disposition over a reasonable period of time between willing parties other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The Company s valuation policy considers the fact that privately negotiated securities increase in value over a long period of time, that the Company does not intend to trade the securities, and that no ready market exists. The Company s valuation policy is intended to provide a consistent basis for establishing the fair value of the portfolio. The Company will record unrealized depreciation on investments when it believes that an asset has been impaired and full collection for the loan or realization of an equity security is doubtful. Conversely, the Company will record unrealized appreciation if it has a clear indication that the underlying portfolio company has appreciated in value and, therefore, the Company s security has also appreciated in value. Under its valuation policy, the Company does not consider temporary changes in the capital markets, such as interest rate movements or changes in the public equity markets, in order to determine whether an investment in a private company has been impaired or whether a private investment has increased in value. The value of investments in public securities are determined using quoted market prices discounted for illiquidity and restrictions on resale.

Loans and Debt Securities

For loans and debt securities, value normally corresponds to cost unless the borrower s condition or external factors lead to a determination of value at a lower amount.

When the Company receives nominal cost warrants or free equity securities (nominal cost equity), the Company allocates its cost basis in its investment between its debt securities and its nominal cost equity at the time of origination. At that time, the original issue discount basis of the nominal cost equity is recorded by increasing the cost basis in the equity and decreasing the cost basis in the related debt securities.

Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. Loan origination fees, original issue discount and market discount are capitalized and then amortized into interest income using the effective interest method. The weighted average yield on loans and debt securities is computed as the (a) annual stated interest rate earned plus the annual amortization of loan origination fees, original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing loans and debt securities, divided by (b) total loans and debt securities at value. The weighted average yield is computed as of the balance sheet date. Prepayment premiums are recorded on loans when received.

Equity Securities

Equity interests in portfolio companies for which there is no liquid public market are valued based on various factors, including cash flow from operations and other pertinent factors such as

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

recent offers to purchase a portfolio company s securities or other liquidation events. The determined values are generally discounted to account for liquidity issues and minority control positions.

The value of the Company s equity interests in public companies for which market prices are readily available is based upon the average of the closing public market price for the last three trading days up to and including the balance sheet date. Securities that carry certain restrictions on sale are typically valued at a discount from the public market value of the security. Dividend income is recorded on cumulative preferred equity securities on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected and on common equity securities on the record date for private companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded companies.

Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (CMBS)

CMBS are carried at fair value. Fair value is based upon a discounted cash flow model which utilizes prepayment and loss assumptions based upon historical experience, economic factors and the characteristics of the underlying cash flow. The Company s assumption with regard to discount rate is based upon the yield of comparable securities. The Company recognizes income from the amortization of original issue discount using the effective interest method, using the anticipated yield over the projected life of the investment. Yields are revised when there are changes in estimates of future credit losses, actual losses incurred, and actual and estimated prepayment speeds. Changes in estimated yield are recognized as an adjustment to the estimated yield over the remaining life of the CMBS from the date the estimated yield is changed. The Company recognizes unrealized depreciation on its CMBS whenever it determines that the value of its CMBS is less than the cost basis. The Company generally invests in CMBS bonds with the intention of holding the bonds to their maturity.

Residual Interest

The Company values its residual interest from a previous securitization and recognizes income using the same accounting policies used for the CMBS. The residual interest spread is carried at fair value based on discounted estimated future cash flows. The Company recognizes income from the residual interest spread using the effective interest method. At each reporting date, the effective yield is recalculated and used to recognize income until the next reporting date.

Net Realized and Unrealized Gains

Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the sale and the cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the year, net of recoveries. Unrealized gains or losses reflect the change in portfolio investment values during the reporting period.

Fee Income

Fee income includes fees for diligence, structuring, transaction services, management services and investment advisory services rendered by the Company to portfolio companies and other third parties. Diligence, structuring and

transaction services fees are generally recognized as income when services are rendered or when the related transactions are completed. Management and investment advisory services fees are generally recognized as income as the services are rendered.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Deferred Financing Costs

Financing costs are based on actual costs incurred in obtaining financing and are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense over the term of the related debt instrument.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company may or may not use derivative financial instruments to reduce interest rate risk. The Company has established policies and procedures for risk assessment and the approval, reporting and monitoring of derivative financial instrument activities. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. All derivative financial instruments are recorded at fair value with changes in value reflected in net unrealized gains or losses during the reporting period.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Dividends to Shareholders

Dividends to shareholders are recorded on the record date.

Federal and State Income Taxes

The Company intends to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) that are applicable to regulated investment companies (RIC) and real estate investment trusts (REIT). The Company and its subsidiaries that qualify as a RIC or a REIT intend to annually distribute or retain through a deemed distribution all of their taxable income to shareholders; therefore, the Company has made no provision for income taxes for these entities. AC Corp is a corporation subject to federal and state income taxes and records a provision for income taxes as appropriate.

Per Share Information

Basic earnings per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period presented. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if options to issue common stock were exercised into common stock. Earnings per share is computed after subtracting dividends on preferred shares.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio

Private Finance

At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the private finance portfolio consisted of the following:

		2002		2001			
	Cost	Value	Yield	Cost	Value	Yield	
(\$ in thousands) Loans and debt securities Equity interests 394,213 499,093 384,293 487,182	\$1,174,491	\$1,105,798	14.3%	\$1,169,673	\$1,107,890	14.8%	
Total \$1,568,704 \$1,604,891 \$1,553,966 \$1,595,072							
	<u> </u>						

Private finance investments are generally structured as loans and debt securities that carry a relatively high fixed rate of interest, which may be combined with equity features, such as conversion privileges, or warrants or options to purchase a portion of the portfolio company s equity at a pre-determined strike price, which is generally a nominal price for warrants or options in a private company.

Debt securities typically have a maturity of five to ten years, with interest-only payments in the early years and payments of both principal and interest in the later years, although debt maturities and principal amortization schedules vary.

Equity interests consist primarily of securities issued by privately owned companies and may be subject to restrictions on their resale or may be otherwise illiquid. Equity securities generally do not produce a current return, but are held in anticipation for investment appreciation and ultimate gain on sale.

At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the Company had an investment totaling \$229,688,000 and \$227,449,000, respectively, in Business Loan Express, Inc. (BLX), a small business lender that participates in the SBA Section 7(a) Guaranteed Loan Program. The Company owns 94.9% of BLX s common stock. As the controlling shareholder of BLX, the Company has provided an unconditional guaranty to the BLX credit facility lenders in an amount up to 50% of the total obligations (consisting of principal, accrued interest and other fees) on BLX s 3-year unsecured revolving credit facility for \$124,000,000. The amount guaranteed by the Company at March 31, 2002 was \$51,460,000. This guaranty can be called by the lenders only in the event of a default by BLX. BLX was in compliance with the terms of its credit facility at March 31, 2002. In consideration for providing this guaranty, BLX will pay the Company an annual guaranty fee of \$3,100,000 in 2002. BLX is headquartered in New York, NY.

At March 31, 2002, the Company had an investment in The Hillman Companies, Inc. (formerly SunSource, Inc.) totaling \$97,702,000. The Company owns 93.2% of Hillman s common stock. Hillman is a leading manufacturer of key making equipment and distributor of key blanks, fasteners, signage and other small hardware components to hardware retailers, and its primary operations are located in Cincinnati, Ohio.

At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, approximately 98% of the Company s private finance loan portfolio was composed of fixed interest rate loans. At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, loans and debt securities with a value of \$111,291,000 and \$93,744,000, respectively, were not accruing interest. Loans greater than 120 days delinquent generally do not accrue interest.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

The geographic and industry compositions of the private finance portfolio at value at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 were as follows:

2002 2001

Geographic Region

Mid-Atlantic

41% 43%

West

20 19

Midwest

18 17

Southeast

14 14 Northeast

6 5

International

1 2

Total

100% 100%

Industry

Consumer products

28% 28%

Business services

23 22

Financial services

15 15

Industrial products

11 10

Retail

5 5

Education

5 5

Telecommunications

4 4

Broadcasting & cable

3 4

Other

6 7

Edgar Filing: ALLIED CAPITAL CORP - Form 10-Q Total 100% 100%

Commercial Real Estate Finance

At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the commercial real estate finance portfolio consisted of the following:

		2002			2001				
	Cost	Value	Yield	Cost	Value	Yield			
(\$ in thousands) CMBS	\$503,668	\$503,668	15.9%	\$582,553	\$582,553	14.8%			
Loans 69,873 72,893 8.3% 76,120 79,597 7.7% Residual interest									
69,680 69,380 9.4% 70,179 69,879 9.4% Real estate owned 5,719 3,228 3,784 2,489									
Total									
\$648,940 \$649,169 \$732,636 \$734,518									

26

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

CMBS

At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the CMBS portfolio consisted of the following:

	20	2002		002 2001		
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value		
(in thousands) CMBS bonds Collateralized debt obligations 47,257 47,257 24,207 24,207	\$456,411	\$456,411	\$558,346	\$558,346		
Total \$503,668 \$503,668 \$582,553 \$582,553						

CMBS Bonds. At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the CMBS bonds, which were purchased from the original issuer, consisted of the following:

	2002	2001
(\$ in thousands) Face Original issue discount (582,902) (611,926)	\$1,039,313	\$1,170,272
Cost		

\$456,411	\$558,346			
Value \$456,411	\$558,346			
Yield 15.7%	14.7%			

The non-investment grade and unrated tranches of the CMBS bonds in which the Company invests are junior in priority for payment of principal to the more senior tranches of the related CMBS bond issuance. Cash flow from the underlying mortgages generally is allocated first to the senior tranches, with the most senior tranches having a priority right to the cash flow. Then, any remaining cash flow is allocated, generally, among the other tranches in order of their relative seniority. To the extent there are defaults and unrecoverable losses on the underlying mortgages resulting in reduced cash flows, the Company s most subordinate tranch will bear this loss first. At March 31, 2002, the Company s CMBS bonds were subordinate to 93% to 97% of the tranches of various CMBS bond issuances. At March 31, 2002, 0.56% of the underlying collateral loans were over 30 days delinquent.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

The underlying rating classes of the CMBS at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 were as follows:

	2	2002	2	2001	
	Value	Percentage of Total	Value	Percentage of Total	
(\$ In Thousands)					
BB+	\$4,493	1.0%	\$24,785	4.4%	
BB					
16,373 3.6 69,404 12.4 BB-					
21,372 4.7 67,460 12.1					
B+					
108,699 23.8 103,560 18.6					
В					
137,574 30.1 131,362 23.5					
B-					
76,161 16.7 73,572 13.2					
CCC					
9,073 2.0 8,893 1.6					
Unrated 82,666 18.1 79,310 14.2					
2,000 10.1 77,510 11.2					
Total					
\$456,411 100.0% \$558,346 100.0%					

At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the CMBS bonds were secured by approximately 4,000 and 3,800 commercial mortgage loans with a total outstanding principal balance of \$21.2 billion and \$20.5 billion, respectively. The geographic composition and the property types of the underlying mortgage loans securing the CMBS calculated using the outstanding principal balance at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 were as follows:

2002 2001 **Geographic Region** West 32% 32% Mid-Atlantic 24 24 Midwest 21 21 Southeast 17 17 Northeast 6 6 Total 100% 100% **Property Type** Retail 31% 31% Housing 27 27 Office 21 22 Hospitality 7 7 Other 14 13 Total 100% 100%

The Company s yield on its CMBS bonds is based upon a number of assumptions that are subject to certain business and economic uncertainties and contingencies. Examples include the timing and magnitude of credit losses on the mortgage loans underlying the CMBS that are a result of the general condition of the real estate market (including competition for tenants and their related credit quality) and changes in market rental rates. The initial yield on each CMBS bond has been computed assuming an approximate 1% loss rate on its entire underlying collateral mortgage pool,

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 3. Portfolio, continued

with the estimated losses being assumed to occur in three equal installments in years three, six and nine. As each CMBS bond ages, the amount of losses and the expected timing of recognition of such losses will be updated, and the respective yield will be adjusted as necessary. As these uncertainties and contingencies are difficult to predict and are subject to future events which may alter these assumptions, no assurance can be given that the anticipated yields to maturity will be achieved.

Collateralized Debt Obligations. At March 31, 2002, the Company owned preferred shares in two collateralized debt obligations (CDOs) secured by investment grade unsecured debt issued by various real estate investment trusts (REITs) and non-investment grade CMBS bonds. The investment grade REIT debt collateral consists of \$631,855,000 issued by 36 REITs. The non-investment grade CMBS collateral consists of BB+, BB and BB- CMBS bonds with a face amount of \$368,145,000 that were issued in 28 separate CMBS transactions (CMBS Collateral). Included in the CMBS Collateral for the CDO, \$323,183,000 of these CMBS bonds are senior in priority of repayment to certain lower rated CMBS bonds held by the Company, which were issued in 22 separate CMBS transactions. The preferred shares are junior in priority for payment of principal to the more senior tranches of debt issued by the CDOs. To the extent there are defaults and unrecoverable losses on the underlying collateral resulting in reduced cash flows, the preferred shares will bear this loss first. At March 31, 2002, the Company s preferred shares in the CDOs were subordinate to approximately 92% of the more senior tranches of debt issued by the CDOs. The yield on the CDOs at March 31, 2002 was 17.3%.

The Company acts as the disposition consultant with respect to the CDOs, which allows the Company to approve disposition plans for individual collateral securities. For these services, the Company collects annual fees based on the outstanding collateral pool balance, and for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, this fee totaled \$37,000.

Loans

The commercial mortgage loan portfolio contains loans that were originated by the Company or were purchased from third-party sellers.

At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, approximately 75% and 25% and 76% and 24% of the Company's commercial mortgage loan portfolio was composed of fixed and adjustable interest rate loans, respectively. As of March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, loans with a value of \$10,556,000 and \$15,241,000, respectively, were not accruing interest. Loans greater than 120 days delinquent generally do not accrue interest.

The geographic composition and the property types securing the commercial mortgage loan portfolio at value at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 were as follows:

2002 2001

Geographic Region Southeast 36% 36% Mid-Atlantic

24 23			
West			
19 20			
Midwest			
16 16			
Northeast			
5 5			
Tr. 4 1			
Total			
100% 100%			
	_		

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

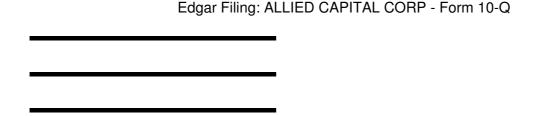
Note 3. Portfolio, continued

Property Type
Office
37% 34% Hospitality
25 25
Retail
20 21
Recreation
4 4
Other
14 16
-
Total
100% 100%

Residual Interest

At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the residual interest consisted of the following:

	20	002	2001	
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
(in thousands) Residual interest Residual interest spread 827 527 1,326 1,026	\$68,853	\$68,853	\$68,853	\$68,853
Total \$69,680 \$69,380 \$70,179 \$69,879				



The residual interest primarily consists of a retained interest totaling \$68,853,000 from a 1998 asset securitization whereby bonds were sold in three classes rated AAA, AA and A. The residual interest represents a right to cash flows from the underlying collateral pool of loans after these senior bond obligations are satisfied.

The Company sold \$295 million of loans, and received cash proceeds, net of costs, of approximately \$223 million. The Company retained a trust certificate for its residual interest in the loan pool sold, and will receive interest income from this residual interest as well as the residual interest spread (Residual) from the interest earned on the loans sold less the interest paid on the bonds over the life of the bonds. As of March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the mortgage loan pool had an approximate weighted average stated interest rate of 9.3%. The three bond classes sold had an aggregate weighted average interest rate of 6.7% and 6.6% as of March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively.

The Company uses a discounted cash flow methodology for determining the value of its retained Residual. In determining the cash flow of the Residual, the Company assumes a prepayment speed of 15% after the applicable prepayment lockout period and credit losses of 1% or approximately \$1.1 million of the total principal balance of the underlying collateral throughout the life of the collateral. These assumptions result in an expected weighted average life of the bonds of 0.5 years. The value of the resulting Residual cash flows is then determined by applying a discount rate of 9% which, in the Company s view, is commensurate with the market s perception of risk of comparable assets.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 4. Debt

The Company records debt at cost. At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the Company had the following debt:

	2002		2001	
		Amount Drawn	Facility Amount	Amount Drawn
(in thousands)	 			-
Notes payable and debentures:				
Unsecured long-term notes payable \$694,000 \$694,000 \$694,000 \$694,000 SBA debentures 101,800 94,500 101,800 94,500 Auction rate reset note 81,856 81,856 81,856 81,856 OPIC loan 5,700 5,700 5,700 5,700				
Total notes payable and debentures 883,356 876,056 883,356 876,056				
Revolving line of credit 527,500 57,000 497,500 144,750				

Total

\$1,410,856	\$933,056	\$1,380,856	\$1,020,806	

Notes Payable and Debentures

Unsecured Long-Term Notes Payable. The Company issued unsecured long-term notes to private institutional investors. The notes require semi-annual interest payments until maturity and have original terms of five or seven years. At March 31, 2002, the notes had remaining maturities of one to four years. The weighted average fixed interest rate on the notes was 7.6% at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001. The notes may be prepaid in whole or in part, together with an interest premium, as stipulated in the note agreement.

SBA Debentures. At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the Company had debentures payable to the SBA with terms of ten years and at fixed interest rates ranging from 5.9% to 8.2% and 2.4% to 8.2%, respectively. At March 31, 2002, the debentures had remaining maturities of three to ten years. The weighted average interest rate was 7.0% and 6.7% at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively. The debentures require semi-annual interest-only payments with all principal due upon maturity. The SBA debentures are subject to prepayment penalties if paid prior to maturity.

Auction Rate Reset Note. The Company has an Auction Rate Reset Senior Note Series A that matures on December 2, 2002, and bears interest at the three-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 1.75%, which adjusts quarterly. Interest is due quarterly and the Company, at its option, may pay or defer and capitalize such interest payments. The amount outstanding on the note will increase as interest due is deferred and capitalized.

As a means to repay the note, the Company has entered into an agreement to issue debt, equity or other securities in one or more public or private transactions in an amount at least equal to the outstanding principal balance, or prepay the note, on or before August 31, 2002. If the note is prepaid, the Company will pay a fee equal to 0.5% of the aggregate amount of the note outstanding.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 4. Debt, continued

Scheduled future maturities of notes payable and debentures at March 31, 2002, are as follows:

Yea	Amount Maturing (in thousands)
2002	\$81,856
2003	
140,000	
2004	
221,000	
2005	
179,000	
2006	
180,700	
Thereafter	
73,500	
<u> </u>	
Total	
\$876,056	

Revolving Line of Credit

The Company has an unsecured revolving line of credit for \$527,500,000. The facility may be expanded up to \$600,000,000 at the Company s option. The facility bears interest at a rate equal to (i) the one-month LIBOR plus 1.25% or (ii) the higher of (a) the Bank of America, N.A. prime rate or (b) the Federal Funds rate plus 0.50%. The interest rate adjusts at the beginning of each new interest period, usually every thirty days. The interest rate was 3.2% at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, and the facility requires an annual commitment fee equal to 0.25% of the committed amount. The line expires in August 2003, and may be extended under substantially similar terms for one additional year at the Company s sole option. The line of credit requires monthly interest payments and all principal is due upon its expiration.

The average debt outstanding on the revolving line of credit was \$62,292,000 and \$106,338,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and for the year ended December 31, 2001, respectively. The maximum amount borrowed under this facility and the weighted average interest rate for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and for the year ended December 31, 2001, were \$145,250,000 and \$213,500,000, and 3.2% and 5.4%, respectively.

The Company has various financial and operating covenants required by the revolving line of credit and the notes payable and debentures. These covenants require the Company to maintain certain financial ratios, including debt to equity and interest coverage, and a minimum net worth. As of March 31, 2002, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

Note 5. Preferred Stock

Allied Investment has outstanding a total of 60,000 shares of \$100 par value, 3% cumulative preferred stock and 10,000 shares of \$100 par value, 4% redeemable cumulative preferred stock issued to the SBA pursuant to Section 303(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended. The 3% cumulative preferred stock does not have a required redemption date. Allied Investment has the option to redeem in whole or in part the preferred stock by paying the SBA the par value of such securities and any dividends accumulated and unpaid to the date of redemption. The 4% redeemable cumulative preferred stock has a required redemption date in June 2005.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 6. Shareholders Equity

Sales of common stock for the three months ended March 31, 2002, and the year ended December 31, 2001 were as follows:

	2002	2001
(\$ in thousands)		
Number of common shares	785	13,286
Gross proceeds		
\$20,600 \$301,539		
Less costs including underwriting		
fees		
(650) (14,651)		
Net proceeds		
\$19,950 \$286,888		

In addition, the Company issued 204,855 shares of common stock with a value of \$5,157,000 to acquire one portfolio investment in a stock-for-stock exchange during 2001.

The Company has a dividend reinvestment plan, whereby the Company may buy shares of its common stock in the open market or issue new shares in order to satisfy dividend reinvestment requests. If the Company issues new shares, the issue price is equal to the average of the closing sale prices reported for the Company s common stock for the five consecutive days immediately prior to the dividend payment date.

Dividend reinvestment plan activity for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and for the year ended December 31, 2001 was as follows:

	2002	2001
(in thousands, except per share amounts)		
Shares issued	57	271
Average price per share		
\$27.64 \$23.32		

Note 7. Earnings Per Common Share

Earnings per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 were as follows:

For the Three Months Ended March 31,

(in the arrow do arrow to arrow here arrow to)	2002	2001
(in thousands, except per share amounts) Net increase in net assets resulting from operations Less preferred stock dividends (55) (55)	\$55,961	\$52,028
Income available to common shareholders \$55,906 \$51,973		
Basic shares outstanding 99,977 85,504 Dilutive options outstanding to officers 2,387 1,555		
Diluted shares outstanding 102,364 87,059		
Basic earnings per common share \$0.56 \$0.61		
Diluted earnings per common share \$0.55 \$0.60		

Note 8. Dividends and Distributions

The Company s Board of Directors declared and the Company paid a \$0.53 per common share dividend, or \$53,259,000, for the three months ended March 31, 2002.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 9. Financial Highlights

At and for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2002

At and for the Year Ended December 31, 2001

Per Common Share Data

Net asset value, beginning of period \$13.57 \$12.11

Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains*

gains*
0.53 1.92
Net realized and unrealized gains*
0.02 0.23

Income tax benefit*
0.00 0.01

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations 0.55 2.16

Net decrease in net assets from shareholder distributions (0.53) (2.01) Net increase in net assets from capital share transactions 0.12 1.31

Net asset value, end of period \$13.71 \$13.57

Market value, end of period \$27.50 \$26.00 Total return 7.85% 35.43%

At and for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 At and for the Year Ended December 31, 2001

Ratios and Supplemental Data

Ending net assets \$1,381,341 \$1,352,123 Common shares outstanding at end of period 100,765 99,607 Diluted weighted average shares outstanding 102,364 93,003 Employee and administrative expenses/ average net assets 0.81% 3.80% Total expenses/average net assets 2.09% 9.31% Net investment income/ average net assets 3.94% 15.15% Portfolio turnover rate 3.49% 10.04% Average debt outstanding \$938,347 \$847,121 Average debt per share \$9.17 \$9.11

Note 10. Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

For the three months ended March 31, 2002 and for the year ended December 31, 2001 the Company paid \$5,860,000 and \$63,237,000, respectively, for interest. For the three months ended March 31, 2002 and for the year ended December 31, 2001, the Company s non-cash financing activities totaled \$3,029,000 and \$17,523,000, respectively, and includes the issuance of common stock related to the acquisition of portfolio investments, stock option exercises and dividend reinvestment. The non-cash financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2001 includes the issuance of \$5,157,000 of the Company s common stock to acquire portfolio investments.

^{*} Based on diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 11. Hedging Activities

The Company invests in BB+, BB and BB- CMBS bonds, which are purchased at prices that are based on the 10-year Treasury rate. The Company has entered into transactions with a financial institution to hedge against movement in Treasury rates on certain of these CMBS bonds. These transactions involved the Company receiving the proceeds from the sale of borrowed Treasury securities, with the obligation to replenish the borrowed Treasury securities at a later date based on the then current market price. The Company recorded the proceeds of the sale of the borrowed Treasury securities of \$39,010,000 as an other asset, and the related obligation to replenish the borrowed Treasury securities of \$38,012,000, which represents the fair value of the obligation, as an other liability at March 31, 2002. The difference between the sales proceeds and the related obligation of \$998,000 was recorded as an unrealized gain in the first quarter of 2002.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following analysis of the financial condition and results of operations of the Company should be read in conjunction with the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes thereto included herein and in the Company s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. This Management s Discussion and Analysis contains certain forward-looking statements. These statements include the plans and objectives of management for future operations and financial objectives, loan portfolio growth and availability of funds. These forward-looking statements are subject to the inherent uncertainties in predicting future results and conditions. Certain factors that could cause actual results and conditions to differ materially from those projected in these forward-looking statements are set forth below in the Investment Considerations section. Other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include the uncertainties of economic, competitive and market conditions, and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond the control of the Company. Although the Company believes that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements included herein are reasonable, any of the assumptions could be inaccurate and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included herein will prove to be accurate. Therefore, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation by the Company or any other person that the objectives and plans of the Company will be achieved.

OVERVIEW

The Company is a business development company (BDC) that provides long-term debt and equity investment capital to support the expansion of growing companies in a variety of industries and in diverse geographic locations. Our lending and investment activity is focused in private finance and commercial real estate finance, or the investment in non-investment grade commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS).

The Company s portfolio composition at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 was as follows:

At	At
March 31,	December 31,
2002	2001
71%	68%

Private Finance Commercial Real Estate Finance 29% 32% Small Business Finance

The Company s earnings depend primarily on the level of interest and related portfolio income and net realized and unrealized gains earned on the Company s investment portfolio after deducting interest paid on borrowed capital and operating expenses. Interest income results from the stated interest rate earned on a loan and the amortization of loan origination points and discounts. The level of interest income is directly related to the balance of the interest-bearing investment portfolio multiplied by the weighted average yield. The Company s ability to generate interest income is dependent on economic, regulatory and competitive factors that influence new investment activity, and the Company s ability to secure debt and equity capital for its investment activities.

PORTFOLIO AND INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

Total portfolio investment activity and yields at and for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 and at and for the year ended December 31, 2001 were as follows:

At and for the Three
Months Ended
March 31,
Year Ended
December 31,
2002
2001

(\$ in millions)

(unaudited)

Portfolio at value \$2,254.1 \$1,886.8 \$2,329.6 Investments funded \$80.0 \$150.8 \$680.3 Change in accrued or reinvested interest and dividends \$13.3 \$14.6 \$51.6 Repayments \$31.0 \$30.3 \$74.5 Sales \$125.1 \$35.2 \$130.0 Yield 14.3% 14.3% 14.3%

Private Finance

The private finance portfolio, investment activity and yields at and for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 and at and for the year ended December 31, 2001 were as follows:

	At and for the Three Months Ended March 31,	At and for the Year Ended December 31, 2001
	2002 2001	
(\$ in millions)	(unaudited)	
Portfolio at value:	(2	
Loans and debt securities \$1,105.8 \$959.5 \$1,107.9		
Equity interests 499.1 343.8 487.2		
Total portfolio \$1,604.9 \$1,303.3 \$1,595.1		

Investments funded \$37.6 \$20.6 \$287.7 Change in accrued or reinvested interest and dividends \$12.1 \$12.2 \$48.9 Repayments \$28.8 \$17.0 \$43.8 Yield 14.3% 14.7% 14.8%

Private finance new investment activity across the industry slowed during 2001, largely due to a lack of available senior debt capital and the state of the economy in general. The level of merger and acquisition activity throughout the U.S. continued to be depressed as 2002 began, and the Company saw few opportunities for mezzanine or equity investment in the first quarter of 2002. The Company made investments within its own portfolio during the first quarter of 2002 by providing senior and subordinated capital to existing portfolio companies. In addition, the availability of senior debt capital from traditional sources, such as banks, continues to be scarce, and the Company had several opportunities to purchase senior or subordinated notes at a discount from lending institutions looking to liquidate or reduce middle market portfolios.

Investments funded during the first quarter of 2002 consisted of a variety of types of private finance transactions, including \$2.1 million in new mezzanine investments, \$29.2 million to purchase senior and subordinated notes at a discount, \$1.2 million of growth, acquisition and other financings, and \$5.1 million to fund existing investment commitments. Investments funded during 2001 consisted of \$117.3 million in new mezzanine investments, \$74.6 million in control buyout transactions, \$88.9 million of growth, acquisition and other financings, and \$6.9 million to fund existing investment

commitments. The Company funds new investments using cash, through the issuance of its common equity, the reinvestment of previously accrued interest and dividends in debt or equity securities, or the current reinvestment of interest and dividend income through the receipt of a debt or equity security. From time to time the Company may opt to reinvest accrued interest receivable in a new debt or equity security, in lieu of receiving such interest in cash and providing a subsequent growth investment.

Key investment characteristics for new mezzanine investments for the year ended December 31, 2001 were as follows:

	2001
Number of investments	13
Average investment size (millions)	
\$9.0	
Weighted average yield	
15.8%	
Average portfolio company revenue (millions)	
\$87.0	
Average portfolio company years in business	
44	

The average investment and portfolio company characteristics above are computed using simple averages based upon underwriting data for investment activity for that year. As a result, any one investment may have had individual investment characteristics that may vary significantly from the stated simple average. In addition, average investment characteristics may vary from year to year.

The weighted average yield on new mezzanine investments will fluctuate over time depending on the equity kicker or warrants received with each debt financing. The yield on new mezzanine investments is computed as the (a) annual stated interest rate earned on new interest-bearing investments divided by (b) total new mezzanine investments. Private finance mezzanine investments are generally structured such that equity kickers may provide an additional future investment return of up to 10%.

In addition to private finance mezzanine investment activities, the Company may acquire more than 50% of the common stock of a company in a control buyout transaction. Control investments are generally structured such that the Company earns a current return through a combination of interest income on senior loans and subordinated debt, dividends on preferred and common stock, and management or transaction services fees to compensate the Company for the management assistance that is provided to the controlled portfolio company. The Company s most significant investments acquired through control buyout transactions at March 31, 2002 were The Hillman Companies, Inc., (formerly SunSource, Inc.), acquired in 2001, and Business Loan Express, Inc., acquired in 2000.

During 2001, the Company acquired 93.2% of the common equity of SunSource, Inc. for \$71.5 million in cash. Subsequently, SunSource completed the sale of its STS business unit and distributed \$16.5 million in cash to the Company, reducing the Company s common stock cost basis to \$57.2 million at December 31, 2001. As part of the STS sale, the Company invested \$3.2 million in the new STS. During the third quarter of 2001, the Company received fees from SunSource of \$2.8 million related to transaction assistance for the SunSource sale and STS sale, and \$1.6 million for the syndication of SunSource s senior credit facilities. In addition, the Company realized a gain of \$2.5 million from the sale of warrants prior to the buyout transaction. During the first quarter of 2002, SunSource changed its name to The Hillman Companies, Inc. (Hillman). Hillman is a leading manufacturer of key making equipment and distributor of key blanks, fasteners, signage and other small hardware components to hardware retailers. Hillman s primary operations are located in Cincinnati, Ohio.

On December 31, 2000, the Company acquired 94.9% of BLC Financial Services, Inc. in a going private buyout transaction for \$95.2 million. The Company issued approximately 4.1 million shares, or \$86.1 million of new equity, and paid \$9.1 million in cash to acquire BLC, which thereafter changed its name to Business Loan Express, Inc. (BLX).

As part of the transaction, the Company recapitalized its Allied Capital Express operations as an independently managed private portfolio company and merged it into BLX. The Company contributed certain assets, including its online rules-based underwriting technology and fixed assets, and transferred 37 employees to the private portfolio company. Upon completion of the transaction, the Company s investment in BLX as of December 31, 2000 totaled \$204.1 million and consisted of \$74.5 million of subordinated debt, \$25.1 million of preferred stock, and \$104.5 million of common stock, including capitalized costs.

BLX has a 3-year \$124.0 million revolving credit facility (BLX Credit Facility). As the controlling shareholder of BLX, the Company has provided an unconditional guaranty to the BLX Credit Facility lenders in an amount of up to 50% of the total obligations (consisting of principal, accrued interest and other fees) of BLX on the line of credit. The amount guaranteed by the Company at March 31, 2002 was \$51.5 million. This guaranty can be called by the lenders only in the event of a default by BLX. BLX was in compliance with the terms of the BLX Credit Facility at March 31, 2002.

BLX is the nation s second largest government guaranteed lender utilizing the Small Business Administration s 7(a) Guaranteed Loan Program. BLX has offices in 34 cities and is headquartered in New York, NY.

In addition to Hillman and BLX, the Company owns a controlling interest in Wyoming Technical Institute (WyoTech). As announced on April 10, 2002, the Company has entered into a definitive agreement with Corinthian Colleges, Inc. to sell WyoTech for approximately \$85 million in cash, subject to customary closing conditions including certain regulatory and accrediting body approvals and subject to certain working capital and net equity adjustments. The transaction is expected to close on July 1, 2002. The Company acquired WyoTech in December of 1998 and owns 91% of the common equity of the company. The Company s investment had a cost basis of \$16.4 million, which represented all of the debt (\$12.6 million), preferred stock (\$3.7 million) and 91% of the common equity capital (\$0.1 million) of WyoTech, that was valued at \$70.4 million at March 31, 2002. The Company cannot yet determine the precise realized gain that will result from the sale of WyoTech due to various closing costs, transaction costs, and potential working capital and net equity adjustments that will be added to or deducted from the sales price as of the effective date of the sale. However, the Company estimates that the value of its investment in WyoTech s common equity of \$54.1 million at March 31, 2002, reflects a discount of approximately 5% to 8% from what the Company s final value of the common stock may be upon culmination of the sale.

During the second quarter of 2000, the Company began an initiative to invest in and strategically partner with select private equity funds focused on venture capital investments. The strategy for these fund investments is to provide solid investment returns and build strategic relationships with the fund managers and their portfolio companies. The Company believes that it will have opportunities to co-invest with the funds as well as finance their portfolio companies as they mature.

The Company believes that the fund investment strategy is an effective means of participating in private equity investing through a diverse pooled investment portfolio. The fund concept allows the Company to participate in a pooled investment return without exposure to the risk of any single investment. Since the beginning of 2000, the Company has committed a total of \$44.5 million to

eight private equity funds. The Company funded \$0.8 million and \$4.4 million of these commitments for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and during the year ended December 31, 2001.

Commercial Real Estate Finance

The commercial real estate finance portfolio, investment activity and yields at and for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 and at and for the year ended December 31, 2001 were as follows:

	At and for the Three Months Ended March 31,	At and for the Year Ended
(Ø in millions)	2002 2001	December 31, 2001
(\$ in millions) Portfolio at value:	(unaudited)	
CMBS \$503.7 \$406.6 \$582.6 Loans and other 145.5 176.9 151.9		
Total portfolio \$649.2 \$583.5 \$734.5		
Investments funded		

Investments funded \$42.4 \$130.2 \$392.6 Change in accrued or reinvested interest \$1.2 \$2.4 \$2.7 Repayments \$2.2 \$13.3 \$30.7 Sales \$125.1 \$35.2 \$130.0 Yield 14.3% 13.7% 13.5%

During 1998, the Company reduced its commercial mortgage loan origination activity for its own portfolio due to declining interest rates and began to sell its loans to other lenders. Then, beginning in the fourth quarter of 1998, the Company began to take advantage of a unique market opportunity to acquire non-investment grade CMBS at significant discounts from the face amount of the bonds. Turmoil in the capital markets at that time created a lack of

liquidity for the traditional buyers of non-investment grade bonds. As a result, yields on these collateralized bonds increased, thus providing an attractive investment opportunity. The Company believes that CMBS is an attractive asset class because of the yields that can be earned on a security that is secured by commercial mortgage loans, and ultimately commercial real estate properties. The Company plans to continue its CMBS investment activity, however, in order to maintain a balanced portfolio, the Company expects that CMBS will continue to represent approximately 20% to 25% of total assets. The Company s CMBS investment activity level will be dependent upon its ability to invest in CMBS at attractive yields.

The non-investment grade CMBS bonds in which the Company invests are junior in priority for payment of principal to the more senior tranches of the related CMBS bond issuance. Cash flow from the underlying mortgages generally is allocated first to the senior tranches, with the most senior tranches having a priority right to the cash flow. Then, any remaining cash flow is allocated, generally, among the other tranches in order of their relative seniority. To the extent there are defaults and unrecoverable losses on the underlying mortgages resulting in reduced cash flows, the Company s most subordinate tranch will bear this loss first. At March 31, 2002, the Company s CMBS bonds were subordinate to 93% to 97% of the tranches of bonds issued in various CMBS transactions.

Given that the non-investment grade CMBS bonds in which the Company invests are junior in priority for payment of principal, the Company invests in these CMBS bonds at an approximate discount of 50% from the face amount of the bonds. During the first quarter of 2002, the Company invested \$19.3 million in CMBS bonds with a face value of \$45.6 million. In addition, the Company invested \$23.1 million in non-investment grade securities related to a collateralized debt obligation

(CDO) secured by CMBS bonds and investment grade REIT debt. The weighted average yield to maturity on first quarter 2002 investments is 16.9%. During 2001, the Company invested \$365.8 million in CMBS bonds with a face value of \$661.4 million and a weighted average yield to maturity of 14.0%. In 2001, the Company also purchased \$24.6 million in non-investment grade securities related to a CDO issuance secured by CMBS bonds and investment grade REIT debt. The Company acts as the collateral disposition consultant for both CDOs in which it has invested.

The underlying pools of mortgage loans that are collateral for the Company s new CMBS bond investments for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and for the year ended December 31, 2001 had respective underwritten loan to value (LTV) and underwritten debt service coverage ratios (DSCR) as follows:

2002		2001		
Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	
\$139.9	19%	\$1,259.7	15%	
	Amount	Amount Percentage	Amount Percentage Amount	

Weighted average LTV 71.1% 69.7%

Greater than 2.00

Debt Service Coverage
Ratio(1) Ranges
(\$ in millions)

2002		2001	
Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
\$4.0	1%	\$484.8	6%

.76-2.00
4.7 1 158.2 2
.51-1.75
87.4 12 855.0 10
.26-1.50
460.4 63 5,008.3 60
.00-1.25
171.0 23 1,822.0 22
Total
\$727.5 100% \$8,328.3 100%
Weighted DCCD
Weighted average DSCR 1.35 1.48

(1) Defined as annual net cash flow before debt service divided by annual debt service payments.

As a part of the Company s strategy to maximize its return on equity capital, the Company sold CMBS bonds rated BB+, BB and BB- during the first quarter of 2002, and during 2001 totaling \$123.3 million, and \$124.5 million, respectively. These bonds had an effective yield of 11.2% and 10.3%, and were sold for \$128.8 million and \$126.8 million, respectively, resulting in realized gains on the sales. The sales of these lower-yielding bonds increased the Company s overall liquidity.

The effective yield on the Company s CMBS portfolio at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 was 15.9% and 14.8%, respectively. The yield on the CMBS portfolio at any point in time will vary depending on the concentration of lower yielding BB+, BB and BB- securities held in the portfolio. At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, the unamortized discount related to the CMBS portfolio was \$582.9 million and \$611.9 million, respectively. At March 31, 2002, the CMBS bonds owned by the Company were secured by approximately 4,000 commercial mortgage loans with a total outstanding principal balance of \$21.2 billion.

The Company has been liquidating much of its whole commercial mortgage loan portfolio so that it can redeploy the proceeds into higher yielding assets. For the three months ended March 31, 2002 and for the year ended December 31, 2001, the Company sold \$1.8 million and \$5.5 million, respectively, of commercial mortgage loans. At March 31, 2002, the Company s whole commercial real estate loan portfolio had been reduced to \$72.9 million from \$79.6 million at December 31, 2001.

The Company employs a standard grading system for the entire portfolio. Grade 1 is used for those investments from which a capital gain is expected. Grade 2 is used for investments performing in accordance with plan. Grade 3 is used for investments that require closer monitoring; however, no loss of interest or principal is expected. Grade 4 is used for investments for which some loss of current interest is expected, but no loss of principal is expected. Grade 5 is used for investments for which some loss of principal is expected and the investment is written down to net realizable value.

At March 31, 2002, and December 31, 2001, the Company s portfolio was graded as follows:

	2	2002		2001	
Grade	Portfolio at Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Portfolio at Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	
(\$ in millions)					
1 \$578.3 25.7% \$603.3 25.9%					
2					
1,505.5 66.8 1,553.8 66.7					
3 47.4 2.1 79.5 3.4					
4 47.4 2.1 79.5 5.4					
82.0 3.6 44.5 1.9					
5					
40.9 1.8 48.5 2.1					
\$2,254.1 100.0% \$2,329.6 100.0%					
\$2,234.1 100.0% \$2,329.0 100.0%					
					

Total Grades 4 and 5 assets as a percentage of the total portfolio at value at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 were 5.4% and 4.0%, respectively. The Company expects that a certain number of portfolio companies will be in

the Grades 4 or 5 categories from time to time. Part of the business of private finance is working with troubled portfolio companies to improve their businesses and protect the Company s investment. The number of portfolio companies and related investment amount included in Grades 4 and 5 may fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter as the Company helps these companies work through their problems. The Company continues to follow its historical practice of working with a troubled portfolio company in order to recover the maximum amount of the Company s investment, but records unrealized depreciation for the expected full amount of the potential loss when such exposure is identified.

For the total investment portfolio, loans greater than 90 days delinquent were \$39.5 million at value at March 31, 2002, or 1.8% of the total portfolio. Included in this category are loans valued at \$11.9 million that are secured by real estate. Loans greater than 90 days delinquent were \$39.1 million at value at December 31, 2001, or 1.7% of the total portfolio. Included in this category are loans valued at \$14.1 million that were secured by commercial real estate. Loans greater than 120 days delinquent generally do not accrue interest. As a provider of long-term privately negotiated investment capital, it is not atypical to defer payment of principal or interest from time to time. As a result, the amount of the portfolio that is greater than 90 days delinquent may vary from quarter to quarter. The terms of the private finance agreements frequently provide an opportunity for portfolio companies to restructure their debt and equity capital. During such restructuring, the Company may not receive or accrue interest or dividend payments. The investment portfolio is priced to provide current returns for shareholders assuming that a portion of the portfolio at any time may not be accruing interest currently. The Company also prices its investments for a total return including

interest or dividends plus capital gains from the sale of equity securities. Therefore, the amount of loans greater than 90 days delinquent is not necessarily an indication of future principal loss or loss of anticipated investment return. The Company s portfolio grading system is used as a means to assess loss of current investment return (Grade 4 assets) or loss of investment principal (Grade 5 assets).

At March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001, 0.56% and 0.42%, respectively, of the loans in the underlying collateral pool for the Company s CMBS portfolio were over 30 days delinquent. The Company closely monitors the performance of all of the loans in the underlying collateral pools securing its CMBS investments. The Company believes that the current performance of the underlying loans would not require an adjustment to its yield assumptions, but these assumptions will continue to be monitored and adjusted in the future, if necessary.

Other Assets and Other Liabilities

Because the Company invests in BB+, BB and BB- CMBS bonds, which are purchased at prices that are based on the 10-year Treasury rate, the Company has entered into transactions with a financial institution to hedge against movement in Treasury rates on certain of these CMBS bonds. These transactions involved the Company receiving the proceeds from the sale of borrowed Treasury securities, with the obligation to replenish the borrowed Treasury securities at a later date based on the then current market price. The Company recorded the proceeds of the sale of the borrowed Treasury securities of \$39.0 million as an other asset, and the related obligation to replenish the borrowed Treasury securities of \$38.0 million, which represents the fair value of the obligation, as an other liability at March 31, 2002. The Company recorded the difference between the sales proceeds and the related obligation of \$1.0 million as unrealized appreciation in the first quarter of 2002.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 and 2001

The following table summarizes the Company s operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2002 2001	Change	Percent Change
(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts) Interest and Related Portfolio Income	(unaudited)		
Interest and dividends \$64,973 \$54,875 \$10,098 18% Premiums from loan dispositions 1,613 821 792 96% Fees and other income 15,805 9,375 6,430 69%			
Total interest and related portfolio income 82,391 65,071 17,320 27%			
Expenses			
Interest 17,469 15,930 1,539 10% Employee 8,035 6,446 1,589 25% Administrative 3,018 2,967 51 2%			

Total operating expenses	
28,522 25,343 3,179 13%	
20,322 23,343 3,179 1370	
	•
	•
Net investment income before net realized and	
unrealized gains	
53,869 39,728 14,141 36%	
33,809 39,728 14,141 30%	
	•
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains	
Net Realized and Chrealized Gams	
Not madigad asing	
Net realized gains	
9,605 1,154 8,451 732%	
Net unrealized gains (losses)	
(7,513) 11,146 (18,659) (167)%	
Total net realized and unrealized soins	
Total net realized and unrealized gains	
2,092 12,300 (10,208) (83)%	
	•
-	
	•
NT (1) I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	
\$55,961 \$52,028 \$3,933 8%	
	ı

Diluted net investment income per share \$0.53 \$0.46 \$0.07 15%	
Diluted earnings per share \$0.55 \$0.60 \$(0.05) (8)%	
Weighted average shares outstanding diluter	d

102,364 87,059 15,305 18%

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations (NIA) results from total interest and related portfolio income earned, less total expenses incurred in the operations of the Company, plus net realized and unrealized gains or losses.

Total interest and related portfolio income includes interest income, premiums from loan dispositions and fees and other income.

For the Three

	Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)		
Total Interest and Related Portfolio Income	\$82.4	\$65.1
Per share		
\$0.80 \$0.75		

44

The increase in interest income earned results primarily from continued growth of the Company s investment portfolio and the Company s focus on increasing its overall portfolio yield. The Company s investment portfolio, excluding non-interest bearing equity interests in portfolio companies, increased by 14% to \$1,755.0 million at March 31, 2002 from \$1,542.9 million at March 31, 2001. The weighted average yield on the interest bearing investments in the portfolio at March 31, 2002 and 2001 was as follows:

March 31,			
2002	2001		
14.3%	14.7%		

Private Finance Commercial Real Estate Finance 14.3% 13.7% Total Portfolio 14.3% 14.3%

Included in net premiums from loan dispositions are prepayment premiums of \$1.6 million and \$0.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. While the scheduled maturities of private finance and commercial real estate loans range from five to ten years, it is not unusual for the Company s borrowers to refinance or pay off their debts to the Company ahead of schedule. Because the Company seeks to finance primarily seasoned, performing companies, such companies at times can secure lower cost financing as their balance sheets strengthen, or as more favorable interest rates become available. Therefore, the Company generally structures its loans to require a prepayment premium for the first three to five years of the loan.

Fees and other income primarily include fees related to financial structuring, diligence, management services to portfolio companies, guaranties and other advisory services. The Company generates fee income for the transaction services and management services that it provides. As a BDC, the Company is required to make significant managerial assistance available to the companies in its investment portfolio.

Fees and other income for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 primarily included fees of \$8.0 million related to structuring and diligence, fees of \$2.0 million related to transaction services provided to portfolio companies, and fees of \$5.7 million related to management services provided to portfolio companies, other advisory services and guaranty fees. Fees and other income are generally related to specific transactions or services, and therefore may vary substantially from period to period. Points or loan origination fees that represent yield enhancement on a loan are capitalized and amortized into interest income over the life of the loan.

Operating expenses include interest, employee and administrative expenses. The Company s single largest expense is interest on indebtedness. The fluctuations in interest expense during the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 are attributable to changes in the level of borrowings by the Company and its subsidiaries under various notes payable and debentures and its revolving credit

facility. The Company s borrowing activity and weighted average interest cost, including fees and closing costs, were as follows:

At and for the Three Months
Ended
March 31,

2002 2001

(\$ in millions)

Total Outstanding Debt
Average Outstanding Debt
\$938.3 \$790.1

Weighted Average Cost
7.4% 7.8%

BDC Asset Coverage* 264% 232%

Employee expenses include salaries and employee benefits. The increase in salaries and employee benefits for the periods presented reflects wage increases and the experience level of employees hired. Total employees were 101 and 96 at March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Administrative expenses include the leases for the Company's headquarters in Washington, DC, and its regional offices, travel costs, stock record expenses, directors fees, legal and accounting fees, insurance premiums and various other expenses. For the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, employee and administrative costs as a percentage of total interest and related portfolio income less interest expense plus net realized and unrealized gains was 16% and 15%, respectively.

Net realized gains resulted from the sale of equity securities associated with certain private finance investments and the realization of unamortized discount resulting from the sale and early repayment of private finance loans, commercial mortgage loans and CMBS bonds, offset by losses on investments. Net realized and unrealized gains and losses were as follows:

		Month	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
		2002	2001	
	(\$ in millions)			
Realized Gains		\$12.9	\$1.9	
Realized Losses				
(3.3) (0.7)				

^{*} As a BDC, the Company is generally required to maintain a minimum ratio of 200% of total assets to total borrowings.

Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) \$(7.5) \$11.1		

Realized gains for the three months ended March 31, 2002 primarily resulted from a transaction involving one private finance portfolio company, Aurora Communications, LLC (\$4.9 million), and the sale of CMBS bonds (\$7.1 million). The Company reversed previously recorded unrealized appreciation totaling \$5.2 million and \$1.1 million when gains were realized for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Realized losses for the three months ended March 31, 2002 primarily resulted from a transaction involving one private finance portfolio company, The Loewen Group, Inc. (\$2.7 million). In January 2002, The Loewen Group, Inc. (Loewen) emerged from bankruptcy and as a result, the Company exchanged its old debt securities for new debt securities and publicly traded common stock in the reorganized company, which resulted in a realized loss. Loewen has changed its name to

46

Alderwoods Group, Inc. Losses realized for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 had been recognized in NIA over time as unrealized depreciation when the Company determined that the respective portfolio security s value had become impaired. Thus, the Company reversed previously recorded unrealized depreciation totaling \$3.2 million and \$0.7 million when the related losses were realized for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

The Company, as a BDC, invests primarily in illiquid securities including the debt and equity of private companies and non-investment grade CMBS. The Company s investments generally take many months to complete. The structure of each debt and equity security is specifically negotiated and includes many terms governing interest rate, repayment terms, prepayment penalties, financial covenants, operating covenants, ownership parameters, dilution parameters, liquidation preferences, voting rights, and put or call rights. The Company s investments are generally subject to restrictions on resale and generally have no established trading market. The Company values its securities at fair value as determined in good faith by the Company s Board of Directors in accordance with the Company s valuation policy. The Company determines fair value to be the amount for which an investment could be exchanged in an orderly disposition over a reasonable period of time between willing parties other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The Company s valuation policy considers the fact that privately negotiated securities increase in value over a long period of time, that the Company does not intend to trade the securities, and that no ready market exists. The Company s valuation policy is intended to provide a consistent basis for establishing the fair value of the portfolio. Unlike banks, the Company is not permitted to provide a general reserve for anticipated loan losses. Instead, the Company must value each individual investment on a quarterly basis. The Company will record unrealized depreciation on investments when it believes that an asset has been impaired and full collection for the loan or realization of an equity security is doubtful. Conversely, the Company will record unrealized appreciation if it has a clear indication that the underlying portfolio company has appreciated in value and, therefore, the Company s security has also appreciated in value. Under its valuation policy, the Company does not consider temporary changes in the capital markets, such as interest rate movements or changes in the public equity markets, in order to determine whether an investment in a private company has been impaired or whether such an investment has increased in value. The value of investments in public securities is determined using quoted market prices, discounted for illiquidity or restrictions on resale.

During the first quarter of 2002, the Company increased the value of its equity investment in WyoTech Acquisition Corporation by \$10.0 million to reflect the anticipated sale of WyoTech on July 1, 2002 as discussed above. The Company also increased the value of its investment in Blue Rhino Corporation by \$3.8 million due to the increase in value of the company s publicly traded common stock. In addition to WyoTech and Blue Rhino, the Company increased the value of other portfolio companies by \$0.9 million in total. These companies increased in value because of continued positive performance, and valuation data that would indicate that a valuation increase was necessary.

During the first quarter of 2002, the Company decreased the value of its investment in Velocita, Inc. by \$10.9 million and Alderwoods Group, Inc. by \$2.0 million. In addition, the Company decreased the value of other portfolio companies by a total of \$5.2 million and also reversed previously recorded unrealized appreciation of \$2.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002.

All per share amounts included in the Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section have been computed using the weighted average shares used to compute diluted earnings per share, which were 102.4 million and 87.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

The Company has elected to be taxed as a regulated investment company (RIC) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code). As long as the Company qualifies as a RIC, the Company is not taxed on its investment company taxable income or realized capital gains, to the extent that such taxable income or gains are distributed, or deemed to be distributed, to shareholders on a timely basis. Annual tax distributions may differ from NIA for the fiscal year due to timing differences in the recognition of income and expenses, returns of capital and net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, which are not included in taxable income.

In order to maintain its RIC status, the Company must, in general, (1) continue to qualify as a BDC; (2) derive at least 90% of its gross income from dividends, interest, gains from the sale of securities and other specified types of income; (3) meet investment diversification requirements as defined in the Code; and (4) distribute annually to shareholders at least 90% of its investment company taxable income as defined in the Code. The Company intends to take all steps necessary to continue to meet the RIC qualifications. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will continue to qualify for such treatment in future years.

FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash and Cash Equivalents

At March 31, 2002, the Company had \$2.3 million in cash and cash equivalents. The Company invests otherwise uninvested cash in U.S. government- or agency-issued or guaranteed securities that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, or in high quality, short-term repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such securities. The Company s objective is to manage to a low cash balance and fund new originations with its revolving line of credit.

Debt

The Company had outstanding debt at March 31, 2002, as follows:

	Facility Amount	Amount Outstanding	Annual Interest Cost(1)
(\$ in millions)			
_			
	(\$ in millions)	Amount	Amount Outstanding

Revolving line of credit 527.5 57.0 3.2%(3)
Total debt(4) \$1,410.9 \$933.1 7.4%

- (1) The annual interest cost includes the cost of commitment fees and other facility fees that are recognized into interest expense over the contractual life of the respective borrowings.
- (2) The annual portfolio return to cover interest payments is calculated as the March 31, 2002 annualized cost of debt per class of financing divided by total assets at March 31, 2002.
- (3) The current interest rate payable on the revolving line of credit is 3.2%, which excludes the annual cost of commitment fees and other facility fees of \$2.1 million.
- (4) The Company has provided guarantees to certain portfolio companies as noted in the Consolidated Statement of Investments.

Unsecured Long-Term Notes. The Company has issued long-term debt to institutional lenders, primarily insurance companies. The notes have five- or seven-year maturities, with maturity dates

beginning in 2003. The notes require payment of interest only semi-annually, and all principal is due upon maturity.

SBA Debentures. The Company, through its SBIC subsidiary, has debentures payable to the SBA with terms of ten years. The notes require payment of interest only semi-annually, and all principal is due upon maturity. Under the SBIC program, the Company may borrow up to \$111.7 million from the SBA. At March 31, 2002, the Company had a commitment to borrow up to an additional \$7.3 million above the amount outstanding from the SBA. The commitment expires on September 30, 2005.

Auction Rate Reset Note. The Company has an Auction Rate Reset Senior Note Series A that matures on December 2, 2002 and bears interest at the three-month London Inter-Bank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 1.75%, which adjusts quarterly. Interest is due quarterly, and the Company, at its option, may pay or defer and capitalize such interest payments. The amount outstanding on the note will increase as interest due is deferred and capitalized. As a means to repay the note, the Company has entered into an agreement to issue \$81.9 million of debt, equity or other securities in one or more public or private transactions, or prepay the Auction Rate Reset Note, on or before August 31, 2002. If the note is prepaid, the Company will pay a fee equal to 0.5% of the aggregate amount of the note outstanding.

Revolving Line of Credit. As of March 31, 2002, the Company has a \$527.5 million unsecured revolving line of credit that expires in August 2003, with the right to extend maturity for one additional year at the Company s sole option under substantially similar terms. This facility was increased by \$30.0 million during the first quarter of 2002 from \$497.5 million at December 31, 2001, and may be further expanded up to \$600 million. The credit facility bears interest at a rate equal to (i) the one-month LIBOR plus 1.25% or (ii) the higher of (a) the Bank of America, N.A. prime rate or (b) the Federal Funds rate plus 0.50%. The credit facility requires monthly payments of interest, and all principal is due upon maturity.

Equity Capital and Dividends

The Company raises debt and equity capital for continued investment in its portfolio. Because the Company is a RIC, it distributes its income and requires external capital for growth. Because the Company is a BDC, it is limited in the amount of debt capital it may use to fund its growth, since it is generally required to maintain a minimum ratio of 200% of total assets to total borrowings, or approximately a 1 to 1 debt to equity capital ratio.

To support its growth during the quarter ended March 31, 2002, the Company raised \$19.9 million in new equity capital through the sale of shares from its shelf registration statement. The Company issues equity from time to time when it has a clear use of proceeds for attractive investment opportunities. Historically, this process has enabled the Company to raise equity on an accretive basis for existing shareholders. In addition, the Company raised \$1.6 million in new equity capital through the issuance of shares through the dividend reinvestment plan. At March 31, 2002, total shareholders equity had increased to \$1,381.3 million.

The Company s Board of Directors reviews the dividend quarterly, and may adjust the quarterly dividend throughout the year as the Company s earnings momentum builds. For the first and second quarters of 2002, the Board declared a dividend of \$0.53 and \$0.55 per common share, respectively. Dividends are paid from the Company s taxable income.

As a result of growth in ordinary taxable income combined with the increased size and diversity of the Company s portfolio and its projected future capital gains, the Company s Board of Directors will continue to evaluate whether to retain or distribute capital gains on an annual basis. The

Company s dividend policy allows the Company to continue to distribute some capital gains, but will also allow the Company to retain gains that exceed a normal capital gains distribution level, and therefore avoid any unusual spike in dividends in any one year. The dividend policy also enables the Board of Directors to selectively retain gains to support future growth.

The Company plans to maintain a strategy of financing its operations, dividend requirements and future investments with cash from operations, through borrowings under short- or long-term credit facilities or other debt securities, through asset sales, or through the sale or issuance of new equity capital. The Company maintains a matched-funding philosophy that focuses on matching the estimated maturities of its loan and investment portfolio to the estimated maturities of its borrowings. The Company uses its short-term credit facilities as a means to bridge to long-term financing, which may or may not result in temporary differences in the matching of estimated maturities. The Company evaluates its interest rate exposure on an ongoing basis. To the extent deemed necessary, the Company may hedge variable and short-term interest rate exposure through interest rate swaps or other techniques. At March 31, 2002, the Company s debt to equity ratio was 0.68 to 1, it had \$470.5 million available under its revolving line of credit, and its weighted average cost of funds was 7.4%. There are no significant maturities of long-term debt until 2003. The Company believes that it has access to capital sufficient to fund its ongoing investment and operating activities, and from which to pay dividends.

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Investing in the Company involves a number of significant risks and other factors relating to the structure and investment objective of the Company. As a result, there can be no assurance that the Company will achieve its investment objective.

Investing in Private Companies Involves a High Degree of Risk. Our portfolio consists primarily of long-term loans to and investments in private companies. Investments in private businesses involve a high degree of business and financial risk, which can result in substantial losses and accordingly should be considered speculative. There is generally no publicly available information about the companies in which we invest, and we rely significantly on the diligence of our employees and agents to obtain information in connection with our investment decisions. In addition, some smaller businesses have narrower product lines and market shares than their competition, and may be more vulnerable to customer preferences, market conditions or economic downturns, which may adversely affect the return on, or the recovery of, our investment in such businesses.

Our Portfolio of Investments is Illiquid. We acquire most of our investments directly from the issuer in privately negotiated transactions. The majority of the investments in our portfolio are subject to restrictions on resale or otherwise have no established trading market. The illiquidity of our investments may adversely affect our ability to dispose of loans and securities at times when it may be advantageous for us to liquidate such investments. In addition, if we were required to liquidate some or all of the investments in the portfolio, the proceeds of such liquidation would be significantly less than the current value of such investments.

Our Portfolio Investments Are Recorded at Fair Value As Determined in Good Faith by the Board of Directors in Absence of Readily Ascertainable Public Market Values. Pursuant to the requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act), the Company values its securities at fair value as determined in good faith by the Company s Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. Since there is typically no ready market for the investments in our portfolio, our Board of Directors estimates the fair value of these investments pursuant to a written valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. Unlike banks, we are not permitted to provide a general reserve for anticipated loan losses; we are instead required by the 1940 Act to specifically value each individual investment and record an unrealized loss for an asset that we believe has become impaired. Without a readily ascertainable market value, the estimated value of our portfolio of investments may differ significantly from the values that would be placed on the portfolio if there existed a ready market for the investments. We adjust quarterly the valuation of our portfolio to reflect the Board of Directors estimate of the current fair value of each investment in our portfolio. Any changes in estimated fair value are recorded in the Company s statement of operations as Net unrealized gains (losses).

Economic Recessions or Downturns Could Impair Our Portfolio Companies and Harm Our Operating Results. Although our investment strategy focuses on investment in companies in less cyclical industries, some of the companies in which we have made or will make investments may be susceptible to economic slowdowns or recessions. An economic slowdown may affect the ability of a company to engage in a liquidity event or repay our loans. These conditions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in our revenues, net income and assets.

Our business of making private equity investments and positioning them for liquidity events also may be affected by current and future market conditions. The absence of a robust senior lending environment may slow the amount of private equity investment activity generally. As a result, the pace of our investment activity may slow. In addition, significant changes in the capital markets could have an effect on the valuations of private companies and on the potential for liquidity events

involving such companies. This could affect the amount and timing of gains realized on our investments.

Our Borrowers May Default on Their Payments. We make long-term unsecured, subordinated loans and invest in equity securities, which may involve a higher degree of repayment risk. We primarily invest in companies that may have limited financial resources and that may be unable to obtain financing from traditional sources. Numerous factors may affect a borrower s ability to repay its loan, including the failure to meet its business plan, a downturn in its industry or negative economic conditions. Deterioration in a borrower s financial condition and prospects may be accompanied by deterioration in any related collateral.

Our Private Finance Investments May Not Produce Current Returns or Capital Gains. Private finance investments are typically structured as debt securities with a relatively high fixed rate of interest and with equity features such as conversion rights, warrants or options. As a result, private finance investments are generally structured to generate interest income from the time they are made, and may also produce a realized gain from an accompanying equity feature. We cannot be sure that our portfolio will generate a current return or capital gains.

Our Financial Results Could Be Negatively Affected If BLX Fails to Perform As Expected. Business Loan Express, Inc. (BLX) is our largest portfolio investment. Our financial results could be negatively affected if BLX, as a portfolio company, fails to perform as expected or if regulations related to the SBA 7(a) Guaranteed Loan Program change. At March 31, 2002, the investment totaled \$229.7 million, or 10% of total assets. In addition, as controlling shareholder of BLX, we have provided an unconditional guaranty to BLX s credit facility lenders in an amount equal to 50% of BLX s total obligations on its \$124.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility. The amount we have guaranteed at March 31, 2002 was \$51.5 million. This guaranty can only be called in the event of a default by BLX.

Investments in Non-Investment Grade Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities May Be Illiquid and May Have a Higher Risk of Default. The commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) in which we invest are non-investment grade, which means that nationally recognized statistical rating organizations rate them below the top four investment-grade rating categories (i.e., AAA through BBB), and are sometimes referred to as junk bonds. The non-investment grade CMBS tend to be less liquid, may have a higher risk of default and may be more difficult to value. Non-investment grade securities usually provide a higher yield than do investment-grade bonds, but with the higher return comes greater risk. Non-investment grade securities are considered speculative, and their capacity to pay principal and interest in accordance with the terms of their issue is not ensured.

We May Not Borrow Money Unless We Maintain Asset Coverage for Indebtedness of At Least 200% Which May Affect Returns to Shareholders. We must maintain asset coverage for a class of senior security representing indebtedness of at least 200%. Our ability to achieve our investment objective may depend in part on our continued ability to maintain a leveraged capital structure by borrowing from banks or other lenders on favorable terms. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain such leverage. If asset coverage declines to less than 200%, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments when it is disadvantageous to do so. As of March 31, 2002, our asset coverage for senior indebtedness was 264%.

We Borrow Money Which Magnifies the Potential for Gain or Loss on Amounts Invested and May Increase the Risk of Investing in Our Company. Although we maintain a conservatively leveraged capital structure, borrowings, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and, therefore, increase the risks associated with investing in our securities. We

borrow from, and issue senior debt securities to, banks, insurance companies and other lenders. Lenders of these senior securities have fixed dollar claims on our consolidated assets that are superior to the claims of our common shareholders. If the value of our consolidated assets increases, then leveraging would cause the net asset value attributable to the Company s common stock to increase more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged. Conversely, if the value of our consolidated assets decreases, leveraging would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged. Similarly, any increase in our consolidated income in excess of consolidated interest payable on the borrowed funds would cause our net income to increase more than it would without the leverage, while any decrease in our consolidated income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to make common stock dividend payments. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique.

At March 31, 2002, the Company had \$933.1 million of outstanding indebtedness, bearing a weighted average annual interest cost of 7.4%. In order for us to cover these annual interest payments on indebtedness, we must achieve annual returns on our assets of at least 2.9%.

Changes in Interest Rates May Affect Our Cost of Capital and Net Investment Income. Because we borrow money to make investments, our net investment income is dependent upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest these funds. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our interest income. In periods of sharply rising interest rates, our cost of funds would increase, which would reduce our net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains. We use a combination of long-term and short-term borrowings and equity capital to finance our investing activities. The Company utilizes its short-term credit facilities as a means to bridge to long-term financing. Our long-term fixed-rate investments are financed primarily with long-term fixed-rate debt and equity. We may use interest rate risk management techniques in an effort to limit our exposure to interest rate fluctuations. Such techniques may include various interest rate hedging activities to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. The Company has analyzed the potential impact of changes in interest rates on interest income net of interest expense. Assuming that the balance sheet were to remain constant and no actions were taken to alter the existing interest rate sensitivity, a hypothetical immediate 1% change in interest rates would have affected the net increase in net assets resulting from operations, or NIA, by less than 1% over a six month horizon. Although management believes that this measure is indicative of the Company s sensitivity to interest rate changes, it does not adjust for potential changes in credit quality, size and composition of the assets on the balance sheet and other business developments that could affect NIA. Accordingly, no assurances can be given that actual results would not differ materially from the potential outcome simulated by this estimate.

Because We Must Distribute Income, We Will Continue to Need Additional Capital to Grow. We will continue to need capital to fund incremental growth in our investments. Historically, we have borrowed from financial institutions and have issued equity securities. A reduction in the availability of new capital could limit our ability to grow. We must distribute at least 90% of our taxable ordinary income, which excludes net realized long-term capital gains, to our shareholders to maintain our regulated investment company (RIC) status. As a result, such earnings will not be available to fund investment originations. We expect to continue to borrow from financial institutions and sell additional equity securities. If we fail to obtain funds from such sources or from other sources to fund our investments, it could limit our ability to grow, which could have a material adverse effect on the value of the Company's common stock. In addition, as a BDC, we are generally required to maintain a ratio of at least 200% of total assets to total borrowings, which may restrict our ability to borrow in certain circumstances.

Loss of Pass-Through Tax Treatment Would Substantially Reduce Net Assets and Income Available for Dividends. We have operated the Company so as to qualify to be taxed as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code). If we meet source of income, diversification and distribution requirements, the Company qualifies for effective pass-through tax treatment. The Company would cease to qualify for such pass-through tax treatment if it were unable to comply with these requirements. We also could be subject to a 4% excise tax and/or corporate level income tax if we do not distribute or deem to distribute taxable income in excess of the required distributions as a RIC. If the Company ceased to qualify as a RIC, the Company would become subject to federal income tax, which would substantially reduce our net assets and the amount of income available for distribution to our shareholders.

We Operate in a Competitive Market for Investment Opportunities. We compete for investments with many other companies and individuals, some of whom have greater resources than we do. Increased competition would make it more difficult for us to purchase or originate investments at attractive prices. As a result of this competition, sometimes we may be precluded from making otherwise attractive investments.

Changes in the Law or Regulations That Govern the Company Could Have a Material Impact on the Company or Our Operations. We are regulated by the SEC and the SBA. In addition, changes in the laws or regulations that govern BDCs, RICs, real estate investment trusts (REITs), and small business investment companies (SBICs) may significantly affect our business. Any change in the law or regulations that govern our business could have a material impact on the Company or its operations. Laws and regulations may be changed from time to time, and the interpretations of the relevant laws and regulations also are subject to change.

Results May Fluctuate and May Not Be Indicative of Future Performance. The Company s operating results will fluctuate and, therefore, you should not rely on current or historical period results to be indicative of the Company s performance in future reporting periods. Factors that could cause operating results to fluctuate include, among others, variations in the investment origination volume and fee income earned, variation in timing of prepayments, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets and general economic conditions.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There has been no material change in quantitative or qualitative disclosures about market risk since December 31, 2001.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is party to certain lawsuits in the normal course of business. While the outcome of these legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, the Company does not expect that these proceedings will have a material effect upon the Company s financial condition or results of operations.

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

On December 20, 2001, Allied Capital issued 204,855 shares of its common stock to stockholders of a private company in connection with the acquisition of the private company. The sale of the shares were deemed to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act as a transaction by an issuer not involving any public offering. The aggregate offering price for the shares of common stock sold in such offering was \$5,157,000.

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, Allied Capital issued a total of 56,774 shares of common stock under its dividend reinvestment plan pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933. The aggregate offering price for the shares of common stock sold under the dividend reinvestment plan was approximately \$1.6 million.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) List of Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description	
3(i)(a)(22)	Restatement of the Articles of Incorporation.	
3(ii)(22)	Amended and Restated Bylaws.	
4.1(4)	Specimen certificate of the Company's Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. See exhibits 3(i) and 3(ii) for other instruments defining the rights of security holders.	
4.2(2)	Form of debenture between certain subsidiaries of the Company and the U.S. Small Business Administration.	
5	Not applicable.	
9	Not applicable.	
10.1(15)	Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated August 3, 2001.	

10.2(5)	Note Agreement dated as of April 30, 1998.
10.3(3)	Loan Agreement between Allied I and Overseas Private Investment Corporation, dated April 10, 1995. Letter
	dated December 11, 1997 evidencing assignment of Loan Agreement from Allied I to the Company.
10.4(8)	Note Agreement dated as of May 1, 1999.
10.4a(10)	Note Agreement dated as of November 15, 1999.

Exhibit Number	Description
10.4b(13)	Note Agreement dated as of October 15, 2000.
10.4c(17)	Auction Rate Reset Note Agreement, dated as of August 31, 2000 between the Company and Intrepid Funding Master Trust, a Delaware business trust administered by Banc of America Securities LLC; Forward Issuance Agreement, dated as of August 31, 2000, between the Company and Banc of America Securities LLC; Remarketing and Contingency Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 31, 2000 between the Company and Banc of America Securities LLC.
10.4d(21)	Note Agreement, dated as of October 15, 2001.
10.5(16)	Amendment and Consent Agreement to the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated December 11, 2000.
10.6(4)	Sale and Servicing Agreement dated as of January 1, 1998 among Allied Capital CMT, Inc., Allied Capital Commercial Mortgage Trust 1998-1 and the Company and LaSalle National Bank Inc. and ABN AMRO Bank N.V.
10.7(4)	Indenture dated as of January 1, 1998 between Allied Capital Commercial Mortgage Trust 1998-1 and LaSalle National Bank.
10.8(4)	Amended and Restated Trust Agreement dated January 1, 1998 between Allied Capital CMT, Inc., LaSalle National Bank, Inc. and Wilmington Trust Company.
10.9(4)	Guaranty dated as of January 1, 1998 by the Company.
10.10a(14)	Employment agreement dated June 15, 2000 between the Company and William L. Walton.
10.10b(14)	Employment agreement dated June 15, 2000 between the Company and Joan M. Sweeney.
10.10c(16) 10.11(7)	Employment agreement dated June 15, 2000 between the Company and John M. Scheurer. Amended and Restated Deferred Compensation Plan dated December 30, 1998.
10.11a(18)	Amendment to Deferred Compensation Plan dated October 18, 2000.
10.11.b(21)	Amended and Restated Deferred Compensation Plan, dated May 15, 2001.
10.12(6)	Amended Stock Option Plan.
10.12a(9)	Allied Capital 401(k) Plan dated September 1, 1999.
10.12b(18)	Amendment to 401(k) Plan dated December 31, 2000.
10.13a(4)	Form of Custody Agreement with Riggs Bank N.A. with respect to safekeeping.
10.13b(4)	Form of Custody Agreement with LaSalle National Bank.
10.13(15)	Custodian agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association, dated July 9, 2001.
10.14a(15)	Agreement and Plan of Merger dated June 18, 2001 by and among the Company, Allied Capital Lock Acquisition Corporation, and SunSource Inc.
10.15(19)	Control Investor Guaranty Agreement, dated as of March 28, 2001, between the Company and Fleet National Bank, in its capacity as Administrative Agent for the Lenders and Business Loan Express, Inc.
10.18(23)	Dividend Reinvestment Plan, as amended.
11	Statement regarding computation of per share earnings is incorporated by reference to Note 8 to the Company s Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the Company s 2001 Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Exhibit Number	Description	
21	Subsidiaries of the Company and jurisdiction of in	ncorporation/organization:
	Allied Investment Corporation	Maryland
	Allied Capital REIT, Inc.	Maryland
	Allied Capital Holdings LLC Allied Capital Beteiligungsberatung GmbH	Delaware Germany
	A.C. Corporation	Delaware

- (1) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997.
- (2) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with Allied I s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996.
- (3) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit f.7 of Allied I s Pre-Effective Amendment No. 2 filed with the registration statement on Form N-2 on January 24, 1996 (File No. 33-64629). Assignment to Company is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997.
- (4) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name to the Company s registration statement on Form N-2 filed on the Company s behalf with the Commission on May 5, 1998 (File No. 333-51899).
- (5) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 1998.
- (6) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit A of the Company s definitive proxy materials for the Company s 2000 Annual Meeting of Stockholders filed with the Commission on April 3, 2001.
- (7) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998.
- (8) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 1999.
- (9) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 of the Allied Capital 401(k) Plan registration statement on Form S-8, filed on behalf of such Plan on October 8, 1999 (File No. 333-88681).
- (10) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999.
- (11) Incorporated by reference to Appendix A to the Company s registration statement on Form N-14 filed on the Company s behalf with the Commission on November 6, 2000.

- (12) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name to the Company s registration statement on Form N-14 filed on the Company s behalf with the Commission on November 6, 2000.
- (13) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name to the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2000.
- (14) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name to the Company s registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-43534) filed on August 11, 2000.
- (15) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name to the Company s registration statement on Form N-2 filed on August 10, 2001 (File No. 333-67336).
- (16) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the registration statement on Form N-2 filed on March 21, 2001 (File No. 333-43534).
- (17) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the registration statement on Form N-2 filed on September 12, 2000 (File No. 333-43534).

- (18) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the registration statement on Form N-2 filed on January 19, 2001 (File No. 333-43534).
- (19) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the registration statement on Form N-2 filed on May 15, 2001 (File No. 333-43534).
- (20) Incorporated by reference to exhibit 3(i) filed with Allied Lending s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996.
- (21) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the registration statement on Form N-2 filed on November 14, 2001 (File No. 333-67336).
- (22) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s registration statement on form N-2 filed on May 8, 2002.
- (23) Incorporated by reference to the exhibit of the same name filed with the Company s Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the registration statement on Form N-2 filed on March 22, 2002.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K.

On April 3, 2002, Allied Capital filed a Form 8-K reporting that it had selected KPMG LLP to serve as its independent public accountants for the fiscal year December 31, 2002 and dismissed Arthur Andersen LLP as its public accountants effective upon completion of the December 31, 2001 audit.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunder duly authorized.

ALLIED CAPITAL CORPORATION (Registrant)

Dated: May 8, 2002	/s/ PENNI F. ROLL
	Chief Financial Officer