

ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP PLC

Form 424B2

June 18, 2003

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT
(To prospectus dated May 12, 2003)

THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP

The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc**\$850,000,000**
5.75% Exchangeable Capital Securities, Series B
(\$25 per capital security)

The exchangeable capital securities, series B, which we refer to as the capital securities, will bear interest from the issue date at a rate of 5.75% per year. Interest will be payable quarterly in arrears on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year, beginning on September 30, 2003. We may elect on any payment date to defer making the interest payment for any period of time. All deferred interest payments will constitute missed payments and will accumulate without interest until paid.

We may exchange the capital securities in whole or in part on any payment date into one or more series of our exchange preference shares, each with a liquidation preference of \$25. Exchange preference shares will be represented by American depositary shares and evidenced by American depositary receipts.

The capital securities are perpetual securities and have no maturity date. They cannot be redeemed at the holders' option at any time, and investors will only receive the principal amount of the capital securities if we elect to redeem them or in a winding up. We may redeem the capital securities in whole or in part on June 23, 2008 and on any payment date thereafter, or in whole but not in part on any payment date after issuance upon the occurrence of certain tax law changes. The redemption price will be 100% of the principal amount of the capital securities plus any accrued but unpaid interest payments to the redemption date and any missed payments accumulated and unpaid.

We will apply to list the capital securities (and, upon notice of issuance, the ADSs representing the exchange preference shares upon exchange of the capital securities) on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol RBS Pr Y . Trading is expected to commence on the NYSE approximately 30 days after initial delivery of the capital securities.

Investing in the capital securities involves risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page S-5.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the related prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	<u>Per Capital Security</u>	<u>Total</u>
Public offering price (1)	\$ 25.00	\$ 850,000,000
Underwriting commissions	\$ 0.7875	\$ 26,775,000
Proceeds to us (before expenses)	\$24.2125	\$ 823,225,000

(1) Plus accrued payments, if any, from June 23, 2003.

The underwriting discount will be \$0.50 per capital security with respect to any capital securities sold to certain institutions. In the case of sales to certain institutions, the total underwriting discount will be less than, and the net proceeds to us will be greater than, the amounts shown in the above table.

The underwriters expect to deliver the capital securities to purchasers through the book-entry facilities of The Depository Trust Company and its participants on or about June 23, 2003.

Citigroup

Lehman Brothers

Merrill Lynch & Co.

Morgan Stanley

Prudential Securities

UBS Investment Bank

Wachovia Securities

June 16, 2003.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Prospectus Supplement	
About this Prospectus Supplement	ii
Incorporation of Information by Reference	ii
Forward-Looking Statements	iii
Notice to Investors	iii
Summary	S-1
Risk Factors	S-5
Use of Proceeds	S-8
Exchange Rates	S-8
Capitalization of the Group	S-9
Selected Consolidated Financial Data	S-11
The Group	S-15
Description of Capital Securities	S-19
Description of Exchange Preference Shares	S-27
Certain US Federal and UK Tax Consequences	S-30
Underwriting	S-36
Legal Opinions	S-39
Prospectus	
About this Prospectus	1
Use of Proceeds	1
The Royal Bank of Scotland Group	1
The RBS Trusts	2
The RBS Limited Partnerships	2
Description of Debt Securities	3
Description of Trust Preferred Securities	15
Description of Partnership Preferred Securities	33
Description of Subordinated Notes	42
Description of Subordinated Guarantees	44
Description of Dollar Preference Shares	53
Description of American Depositary Receipts	62
Plan of Distribution	67
Legal Opinions	68
Experts	68
Expenses of the Issue	69
Enforcement of Civil Liabilities	69
Where You Can Find More Information	69
Incorporation of Documents by Reference	70

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not making an offer of these securities in any state or jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this prospectus supplement.

In connection with the offering, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as stabilizing manager, may over-allot or effect transactions for a limited period with a view to supporting the market price of the capital securities at a higher level than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there may be no obligation on the stabilizing manager or any agent of the stabilizing manager to do this. Such stabilization, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time and must be brought to an end after a limited period. Any such stabilizing shall be in compliance with all relevant laws and regulations.

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

In this prospectus supplement, we use the following terms:

we and us mean The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc,

the Group and RBSG mean The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and its subsidiaries,

SEC refers to the Securities and Exchange Commission,

pounds , sterling , pence , £ and p refer to the currency of the United Kingdom,

dollars and \$ refer to the currency of the United States, and

euro and refer to the currency of the member states of the European Union that have adopted the single currency in accordance with the treaty establishing the European Community, as amended.

INCORPORATION OF INFORMATION BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference information we file with them. This means:

incorporated documents are considered part of this prospectus supplement;

we can disclose important information to you by referring you to these documents; and

information that we file with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this prospectus supplement.

We incorporate by reference our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2002, which we filed with the SEC on March 19, 2003. For more information on documents incorporated by reference you should read Incorporation of Documents by Reference in the accompanying prospectus.

Furthermore, we incorporate by reference any of the following documents that we file with the SEC after the date of this prospectus supplement but before the end of the offering of capital securities:

any reports on Form 6-K filed by us pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are expressed to be incorporated by reference; and

reports filed under Sections 13(a) and (c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

You may read and copy any document that we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can call the SEC on 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the Public Reference Room. The SEC's website, at <http://www.sec.gov>, contains reports and other information in electronic form that we have filed. You may also request a copy of any filings referred to above (excluding exhibits) at no cost, by contacting us at 42 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh EH2 2YE, Scotland, telephone 011-44-131-556-8555.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

From time to time, we may make statements regarding our assumptions, projections, expectations, intentions or beliefs about future events. These statements constitute forward-looking statements for purposes of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We caution that these statements may and often do vary materially from actual results. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that actual results will not differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. You should read the section entitled Presentation of information Forward-looking statements in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2002, which is incorporated by reference.

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, forward-looking events discussed in this prospectus or any information incorporated by reference, might not occur.

NOTICE TO INVESTORS

We have not authorized any offer or sale of the capital securities to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Public Offers of Securities Regulations 1995, as amended (the Regulations). The capital securities may not lawfully be offered or sold to persons in the United Kingdom except in circumstances which do not result in an offer to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Regulations or otherwise in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Regulations.

SUMMARY

The following summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The summary does not contain all of the information that may be important to you. You should read carefully the entire prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus, and our annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2002, which is incorporated by reference, before making an investment decision.

Issuer	The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc.
Capital Securities	\$850,000,000 aggregate principal amount of capital securities, \$25 principal amount per capital security.
Interest	The capital securities will bear interest from June 23, 2003 at a rate of 5.75% per year on their outstanding principal amount.
Interest Payments	Interest will be payable quarterly in arrears on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year, beginning September 30, 2003, unless we elect to defer payment as described under <i>Missed Payments</i> below. <i>All payments on the capital securities, including payments of interest, are subject to satisfaction of the solvency condition, described under <i>Solvency Condition</i> below.</i>
Missed Payments	We may elect not to make the interest payment on any payment date and we may defer making that payment for any period of time. Deferred interest payments will constitute missed payments, and will accumulate without interest until paid in full. We may choose to pay any outstanding missed payments in whole or in part at any time on at least 14 days notice to the trustee. All missed payments will become due and payable in full upon the occurrence of an event of default or (subject to the solvency condition) a capital security default, both as described below under <i>Description of Capital Securities</i> <i>Payments</i> <i>Deferral of interest: missed payments</i> .
Solvency Condition	Except in a winding up, no payment of principal, interest, or missed payments on the capital securities will be made unless the solvency condition would be satisfied both at the time of the payment and immediately afterwards. Satisfaction of the solvency condition means that, at the relevant time: we are able to pay our debts as they fall due, and our total non-consolidated assets exceed our total non-consolidated liabilities, excluding liabilities that are not senior claims except in the case of an optional redemption or repurchase of the capital securities by us. <i>If we are unable to make any payment, whether of principal, interest or missed payments, on the capital securities because the solvency condition is not satisfied, the amount of any payment we would otherwise make will be available to meet our losses.</i>
Issuance Restriction	We will not issue any preference shares or any other tier 1 capital instruments that rank senior to the exchange preference

shares (described below) we will issue upon an exchange of the capital securities, or give any guarantee or support undertaking in respect of any tier 1-qualifying instruments ranking senior to the exchange preference shares, unless we alter the terms of the exchange preference shares so that they rank equally with any such preference shares, such other tier 1-qualifying instruments, or such guarantee or support undertaking.

Redemption

The capital securities are perpetual securities with no maturity date. They are not redeemable at the option of the holders at any time.

We may redeem the capital securities in whole or in part on June 23, 2008 and on any payment date thereafter. In certain circumstances related to changes in the tax laws of the United Kingdom after the date of this prospectus supplement, we may redeem the capital securities in whole but not in part on any payment date. The redemption price will be 100% of the principal amount of the capital securities being redeemed, plus any accrued but unpaid interest payments and all missed payments to the redemption date.

Any redemption, whether in whole or in part, will be subject to satisfaction of the solvency condition on the redemption date.

Exchange Option

We may elect to exchange the capital securities in whole or in part on any payment date into exchange preference shares.

Upon an exchange, each capital security will be exchanged for one exchange preference share issued by us with a liquidation preference of \$25. Subject to the conditions summarized in the next paragraph, we will effect an exchange by redeeming the capital securities being exchanged for their principal amount and immediately applying such amount to subscribe for the applicable number of exchange preference shares being issued to the holders.

We will not exchange any capital securities for exchange preference shares unless:

there are no accrued but unpaid interest payments or missed payments outstanding on the exchange date,

no capital security default, event of default or capital security payment event has occurred and is continuing, and

certain other conditions relating to the exchange preference shares are satisfied.

Exchange Preference Shares

Each issuance of exchange preference shares upon an exchange will constitute a separate series of our non-cumulative dollar preference shares. The exchange preference shares will be represented by American Depositary Shares, or ADSs, evidenced by American Depositary Receipts, or ADRs.

Non-cumulative preferential dividends on each series of exchange preference shares will accrue from the issue date of each series of exchange preference shares. Dividends will be payable

quarterly in arrears on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year, beginning on the first such date occurring after the applicable issue date, when, as and if declared by our board of directors or a board committee. Once issued, we can redeem exchange preference shares on any date later than five years after they are issued.

Subordination

The capital securities will rank equally without preference among themselves. The rights and claims of the capital securities holders will be subordinated to senior claims, which include the claims of unsubordinated creditors admitted in a winding up, liabilities subordinated only to the claims of unsubordinated creditors, and all other claims except those that rank equally with or junior to the capital securities. Accordingly, no amount will be payable on the capital securities in a winding up until all senior claims have been paid in full.

If at any time an order is made or a shareholders' resolution is passed for our winding up, subject to the prior payment in full of all senior claims, there will be payable on the capital securities such amounts, if any, as would have been payable in respect of the capital securities if, on and after the day immediately before the winding up began, the holders of the capital securities were holders of preference shares in our capital with a preferential right to a return of assets in the winding up over the holders of all other issued shares, including all classes of our preference shares. These amounts will be calculated assuming that such preference shares were entitled, to the exclusion of all other rights or privileges, to receive as a return of capital an amount equal to the principal amount of the capital securities then outstanding, together with all payments accrued to the date of repayment at the applicable rate and any missed payments.

Defaults and Limitation on Remedies

The capital securities indenture limits the events that constitute a default under the capital securities and the remedies available to investors to seek payment of principal, interest, or any other payment under the terms of the capital securities. The principal amount of the capital securities may be declared immediately due and payable to investors only in connection with our winding up. See [Description of Capital Securities - Default](#) below.

If we elect not to make a payment on the capital securities as described under [Missed Payments](#) above, we have no obligation to make that payment and our failure to make the payment will not constitute a default.

Each holder of capital securities and the trustee will be deemed to have waived any right of set-off, counterclaim or combination of accounts with respect to the capital securities or the indenture (or between the obligations under or in respect of any capital securities and any liability owed by a holder or the trustee to us) that they might otherwise have against us, whether before or during our winding up.

Additional Amounts	Subject to certain exceptions and limitations described in the accompanying prospectus under Description of Debt Securities Additional Amounts , if at any time a UK taxing jurisdiction requires us to deduct or withhold taxes, we will pay additional amounts on the capital securities as necessary to ensure that the net amount received by each capital securities holder after the deduction or withholding will not be less than the amount the holder would have received in respect of such capital securities had no such deduction or withholding been required.
Book-entry System; Delivery and Form	The capital securities will be issued only in fully registered form, in the form of beneficial interests in one or more global securities. The capital securities will be issued only in denominations of \$25 and integral multiples of \$25.
Listing	We will apply to list the capital securities (and, upon notice of issuance, the ADSs representing the exchange preference shares upon exchange of the capital securities) on the New York Stock Exchange. Trading of the capital securities on the New York Stock Exchange is expected to begin within 30 days after the initial delivery of the capital securities.
Governing Law	The capital securities, the related capital securities indenture, the ADR Deposit Agreement and the ADRs will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, except that the subordination provisions will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of England. The terms of the exchange preference shares will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, Scots law.
Rating	Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Fitch, Inc. have provided us letters indicating the ratings of the capital securities as A , A1 and AA , respectively. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal at any time by the relevant rating organization.
Risk Factors	You should carefully consider all of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, which include information incorporated by reference. In particular, you should consider the specific risk factors under Risk Factors beginning on the next page for risks involved in an investment in the capital securities.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in the securities offered using this prospectus involves risk. You should carefully consider the following factors and the other information in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus, and our annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2002 (which is incorporated by reference), before deciding to invest in the capital securities. If any of these risks occurs, our business, financial condition, and results of operations could suffer, and the trading price and liquidity of the capital securities could decline, in which case you could lose part or all of your investment.

Risks Related to Our Business

Set out below are certain risk factors which could affect our future results and cause them to be materially different from expected results. Our results could also be affected by competition and other factors. The factors discussed in this report should not be regarded as a complete and comprehensive statement of all potential risks and uncertainties our businesses face.

Our financial performance is affected by borrower credit quality and general economic conditions, in particular in the UK.

Risks arising from changes in credit quality and the recoverability of loans and amounts due from counterparties are inherent in a wide range of our businesses. Adverse changes in the credit quality of our borrowers and counterparties or a general deterioration in the UK or global economic conditions, or arising from systemic risks in the financial systems, could affect the recoverability and value of our assets and require an increase in the provision for bad and doubtful debts and other provisions.

Changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and other market factors affect our business.

The most significant market risks we face are interest rate, foreign exchange and bond and equity price risks. Changes in interest rate levels, yield curves and spreads may affect the interest rate margin realized between lending and borrowing costs. Changes in currency rates, particularly in the sterling-dollar and sterling-euro exchange rates, affect the value of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and affect earnings reported by our non-UK subsidiaries, mainly Citizens, RBS Greenwich Capital and Ulster Bank, and may affect income from foreign exchange dealing. The performance of financial markets may cause changes in the value of our investment and trading portfolios. We have implemented risk management methods to mitigate and control these and other market risks to which we are exposed. However, it is difficult to predict with accuracy changes in economic or market conditions and to anticipate the effects that such changes could have on our financial performance and business operations.

Our insurance businesses are subject to inherent risks involving claims provisions.

Future claims in our general and life assurance business may be higher than expected as a result of changing trends in claims experience resulting from catastrophic weather conditions, demographic developments, changes in mortality and other causes outside our control. Such changes would affect the profitability of current and future insurance products and services. We re-insure some of the risks we have assumed.

Operational risks are inherent in our business.

Our businesses are dependent on the ability to process a very large number of transactions efficiently and accurately. Operational risk and losses can result from fraud, errors by employees, failure to document transactions properly or to obtain proper internal authorization, failure to comply with regulatory requirements and conduct of business rules, equipment failures, natural disasters or the failure of external systems, for example, our suppliers or counterparties. Although we have implemented risk controls and loss mitigation actions, and substantial resources are devoted to developing efficient procedures and to staff training, it is only possible to be reasonably, but not absolutely, certain that such procedures will be effective in controlling each of the operational risks faced by us.

Each of our businesses is subject to regulation and regulatory oversight. Any significant regulatory developments could have an effect on how we conduct our business and on our results of operations.

We are subject to financial services laws, regulations, administrative actions and policies in each location in which the Group operates. This supervision and regulation, in particular in the UK, if changed could materially affect our business, the products and services offered or the value of assets.

Our future growth in earnings and shareholder value depends on strategic decisions regarding organic growth and potential acquisitions.

We devote substantial management and planning resources to the development of strategic plans for organic growth and identification of possible acquisitions, supported by substantial expenditure to generate growth in customer business. If these strategic plans do not meet with success, our earnings could grow more slowly or decline.

Risks Related to the Capital Securities and Exchange Preference Shares

If our financial condition were to deteriorate, you could lose all or a part of your investment.

If our financial condition were to deteriorate, you might not receive payments of interest and other payments under the capital securities, or dividends under the exchange preference shares. If we liquidate, dissolve or wind up, you could lose all or part of your investment. If we are unable to make any payment, whether of principal, interest or missed payments, on the capital securities because the solvency condition is not satisfied, the amount of any payment we would otherwise make will be available to meet our losses.

If at any time an order is made or a shareholders' resolution is passed for our winding up, subject to the prior payment in full of all senior claims, there will be payable on the capital securities such amounts, if any, as would have been payable in respect of the capital securities if, on and after the day immediately before the winding up began, the holders of the capital securities were holders of preference shares in our capital with a preferential right to a return of assets in the winding up over the holders of all other issued shares, including all classes of our preference shares.

We are not required to pay you under the capital securities or any exchange preference shares unless we first make other required payments.

Our obligations under the capital securities will rank junior as to payments to all our liabilities to senior claims, which include our depositors, general creditors and subordinated debt holders, the claims of holders of senior-ranking securities and all other claims except those ranking equally with or junior to our capital securities. In a winding up, liquidation or dissolution, our assets would be available to pay obligations under the capital securities or any exchange preference shares only after we have made all payments on such liabilities and claims. The capital securities and the exchange preference shares do not limit our ability or the ability of any entity in the Group to incur additional indebtedness, including indebtedness that ranks senior in priority of payment to the capital securities.

You should not rely on interest payments on the capital securities – we may exchange the capital securities on any payment date after they are issued for exchange preference shares, and we may redeem the capital securities on any payment date if certain adverse consequences occur as a result of changes in UK tax law. We may also redeem the capital securities at our option on or after June 23, 2008.

We may exchange the capital securities into exchange preference shares on any payment date after they are issued, in which case, you will be entitled to dividends on the exchange preference shares instead of interest payments on the capital securities.

If certain consequences occur as a result of the application of UK tax law and certain other conditions are satisfied, the capital securities could be redeemed by us on any payment date. Additionally, with the prior written consent of the UK Financial Services Authority, the capital securities may be redeemed by us in whole or in part on June 23, 2008 and on any payment date thereafter. You should assume that we

will exercise this redemption option if we are able to refinance at a lower cost of funding or it is otherwise in our interests to redeem the capital securities or exchange preference shares, as the case may be.

You have no right to a redemption or exchange of the capital securities or a redemption of the exchange preference shares at any time. Any redemption or exchange is within our sole discretion, and the period before we exchange or redeem any capital securities or exchange preference shares may be indefinite. Exchange preference shares cannot be redeemed earlier than a date later than five years after issuance.

The capital securities are perpetual securities with no maturity date and as such may remain outstanding indefinitely. Holders of capital securities and exchange preference shares will not have the right to call their securities for redemption by us at any time. Because we may exchange the capital securities on any payment date into exchange preference shares, we will be under no obligation to repay the principal amount of the capital securities for cash at any time. In addition, we have no obligation to redeem the capital securities or exchange preference shares at any time.

If your capital securities are exchanged for exchange preference shares, the earliest date that we can redeem your securities will be extended. Under our articles of association, we may redeem exchange preference shares on any date later than five years after they are issued, but not earlier.

Interest payable to you on the capital securities may be deferred and your right to acceleration is limited.

We may defer paying interest on the capital securities indefinitely. This means that we may defer paying interest on the capital securities, even while we continue to pay interest on other outstanding debt. Additionally, you may not accelerate the principal on the capital securities except upon an event of default. Our winding up is the only event of default under the capital securities indenture.

Dividends on the exchange preference shares are non-cumulative and may not be declared and paid in full if certain rules relating to the Group's capital adequacy requirements and other conditions are not met.

Our board of directors or its committee cannot declare and pay in full the dividends on a series of exchange preference shares if, in the opinion of the directors or the committee, payment of the dividend would cause a breach of applicable capital adequacy requirements of the UK Financial Services Authority or we do not have sufficient distributable profits. If our board of directors or its committee does not pay a dividend or any part of a dividend when due on a dividend payment date in respect of any exchange preference shares because it is not required to do so, then holders of such exchange preference shares will have no claim in respect of the non-payment and we will have no obligation to pay the dividend accrued for the dividend period or to pay any interest on the dividend, whether or not dividends on the exchange preference shares are declared for any future dividend period. Holders of exchange preference shares will have no right to participate in our profits.

Since you have limited voting rights, you cannot prevent us or the indenture trustee from taking actions you may not agree with.

You will have limited voting rights with respect to the capital securities. See *Description of Debt Securities – Modification and Waiver* in the accompanying prospectus. In addition, upon an exchange to exchange preference shares, you will only have voting rights in limited circumstances. See *Description of Exchange Preference Shares – Voting Rights* below.

An active market for the capital securities or, upon exchange, the exchange preference shares may fail to develop or may not be sustainable.

Prior to the offering, there has been no trading market for this series of capital securities and, prior to exchange, for any series of exchange preference shares. We cannot assure you that an active or liquid market will develop or be sustainable for the capital securities or for any series of exchange preference shares. Additionally, the trading value of the exchange preference shares you receive may be lower than the trading value of the capital securities, and, as a result, you may receive a lower return upon the sale of the exchange preference shares.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will use the net proceeds from the sale of the capital securities in the general business of the Group and to further strengthen our capital base. We have raised capital in various markets from time to time and we expect to continue to raise capital in appropriate markets as and when required.

EXCHANGE RATES

The following table shows, for the periods and dates indicated, certain information about the Noon Buying Rate in The City of New York for cable transfers in sterling as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve.

US dollars per £1	Year ended December 31,		
	2002	2001	2000
Noon Buying Rate			
Period end rate	1.6095	1.4543	1.4955
Average rate for the period(1)	1.5043	1.4396	1.5204
Consolidation rate(2)			
Period end rate	1.6128	1.4498	1.4925
Average rate for the period	1.5032	1.4401	1.5160

- (1) The average of the Noon Buying Rates on the last business day of each month during the period.
- (2) The rates used by the Group for translating dollars into sterling in the preparation of its financial statements.
The Noon Buying Rate on June 16, 2003 was £1.00 = \$1.6815.

A significant portion of the assets and liabilities of the Group is denominated in currencies other than sterling. Fluctuations in the value of sterling relative to other currencies have had a significant effect on the sterling value of non-sterling assets, liabilities, interest income and interest expense. Since most of the Group's non-sterling assets and liabilities relate to foreign activities, these fluctuations also affect the amounts for domestic and foreign activities presented for certain financial and statistical information in our 2002 Form 20-F.

CAPITALIZATION OF THE GROUP

The following table shows our authorized, issued and fully paid share capital, shareholders funds and indebtedness on a consolidated basis in accordance with UK GAAP as at December 31, 2002. The dollar financial information has been translated for convenience at the rate of £1.00 to US\$1.6095, the Noon Buying Rate on December 31, 2002.

	As at December 31, 2002	
	£m	\$m
Share capital authorized		
Ordinary shares shares of £0.25 each	1,343	2,162
Additional value shares shares of £0.01 each	27	43
Preference shares(1)	528	850
	<u>1,898</u>	<u>3,055</u>
Share capital allotted, called up and fully paid		
Ordinary shares	725	1,167
Additional value shares	27	44
Preference shares(2)	2	3
	<u>754</u>	<u>1,214</u>
Retained income and other reserves	26,298	42,326
	<u>27,052</u>	<u>43,540</u>
Total shareholders funds		
Group indebtedness		
Dated loan capital	7,602	12,236
Undated loan capital	6,363	10,241
	<u>13,965</u>	<u>22,477</u>
Debt securities in issue	33,938	54,623
Total indebtedness	47,903	77,100
	<u>74,955</u>	<u>120,640</u>
Total capitalization and indebtedness		

Notes:

- (1) The authorized preference share capital of the Group as at December 31, 2002 was £528 million consisting of 238.5 million non-cumulative preference shares of US\$0.01 each, 3.9 million non-cumulative convertible preference shares of US\$0.01 each, 66 million non-cumulative preference shares of £0.01 each, 3 million non-cumulative convertible preference shares of £0.01 each, 900 million non-cumulative convertible preference shares of £0.25 each, 1.0 million non-cumulative convertible preference shares of £0.01 each, 0.9 million cumulative preference shares of £1 each and 300 million non-cumulative preference shares of £1 each.
- (2) The allotted, called up and fully paid preference share capital of the Group as at December 31, 2002 was £2 million consisting of 106 million non-cumulative preference shares of US\$0.01 each, 1.9 million non-cumulative convertible preference shares of US\$0.01 each, 0.75 million non-cumulative convertible preference shares of £0.01 each, 0.2 million non-cumulative convertible preference shares of £0.01 each and 0.9 million cumulative preference shares of £1 each.

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, a subsidiary of the Group, issued £500 million Fixed Rate Undated Subordinated Notes on March 14, 2003, 750 million Fixed Rate Dated Subordinated Notes on April 22, 2003. On June 12, 2003, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc launched an issuance of £200m Fixed Rate

Undated Subordinated Notes, which are scheduled to be issued, subject to satisfaction of all closing conditions, on June 26, 2003.

RBS Capital Trust I, a subsidiary of the Group, issued \$850 million non-cumulative trust preferred securities on May 21, 2003. These will be accounted for as non-equity minority interest in the Group.

In respect of the current offering, we will issue exchangeable capital securities, series B, with an aggregate principal amount of \$850 million.

As at December 31, 2002, the Group had total liabilities, including shareholders' funds, of £412,000 million, including deposits by banks of £54,720 million and customer accounts of £219,161 million.

All of the above indebtedness is unsecured. None of the above indebtedness is guaranteed.

As at December 31, 2002, we had contingent liabilities and guarantees arising in the normal course of business totaling £15,588 million, consisting of acceptances and endorsements of £2,407 million, guarantees and assets pledged as collateral security of £5,200 million and other contingent liabilities of £7,981 million.

Save as disclosed above, there has been no material change in the contingent liabilities, total capitalization and indebtedness of the Group since December 31, 2002.

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected consolidated financial data set forth below is derived from our audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2002. The financial statements for the three years ended December 31, 2002 have been audited by Deloitte & Touche. The dollar financial information has been translated for convenience at the rate of £1.00 to US\$1.6095, the Noon Buying Rate on December 31, 2002.

You should read the summary financial data below in conjunction with (and the data is qualified in its entirety by reference to) our audited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes, which are included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2002. The full five year financial summary, which contains selected financial data for the periods preceding the NatWest acquisition on March 6, 2000, is contained in our 2002 Form 20-F.

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with UK GAAP, which differ in certain respects from US GAAP. For a discussion of significant differences between UK GAAP and US GAAP and a UK/ US GAAP reconciliation of certain amounts, you should read note 53 to our audited consolidated financial statements, which is included in our 2002 Form 20-F.

Summary consolidated profit and loss account

	Year ended December 31,			
	2002	2002	2001	2000
	\$m	£m	£m	£m
Amounts in accordance with UK GAAP(1):				
Net interest income	12,633	7,849	6,846	5,286
Non-interest income	14,431	8,966	7,712	5,709
Total income	27,064	16,815	14,558	10,995
Operating expenses excluding goodwill amortization(2)	13,883	8,626	7,716	6,223
Goodwill amortization	1,177	731	651	537
General insurance claims (net)	2,173	1,350	948	673
Profit before provisions	9,831	6,108	5,243	3,562
Provisions for bad and doubtful debts	2,070	1,286	984	550
Amounts written off fixed asset investments	95	59	7	42
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	7,666	4,763	4,252	2,970
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2,504	1,556	1,537	1,054
Profit on ordinary activities after tax	5,162	3,207	2,715	1,916
Minority interests (including non-equity)	214	133	90	50
Preference dividends non-equity	491	305	358	294
Additional Value Shares dividend non-equity	4,457	2,769	2,267	1,572
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	1,285	798	399	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	3,172	1,971	1,868	1,572
Amounts in accordance with US GAAP:				
Net income available for ordinary shareholders	5,002	3,108	2,062	2,102

Notes:

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- (1) All prior periods have been restated following the implementation of FRS 19 in 2002. The year ended December 31, 2001 has also been restated following the issuance of UITF 33 in February 2002.
 - (2) Includes integration expenditure of £957 million for the year ended December 31, 2002 (2001 £875 million; 2000 £389 million).
- S-11
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Summary consolidated balance sheet

	December 31,			
	2002	2002	2001	2000
	\$m	£m	£m	£m
Amounts in accordance with UK GAAP(1):				
Loans and advances to banks (net of provisions)	71,294	44,296	38,513	32,061
Loans and advances to customers (net of provisions)	359,440	223,324	190,492	168,076
Debt securities and equity shares	110,940	68,928	65,597	59,342
Intangible fixed assets	20,436	12,697	13,325	12,080
Other assets	101,004	62,755	60,932	48,510
Total assets	663,114	412,000	368,859	320,069
Called up share capital	1,214	754	893	848
Share premium account	12,245	7,608	7,465	6,530
Other reserves	19,188	11,922	12,354	12,835
Profit and loss account	10,893	6,768	5,956	2,786
Shareholders funds	43,540	27,052	26,668	22,999
Minority interests	2,960	1,839	585	546
Subordinated liabilities	22,477	13,965	12,530	10,436
Total capital resources	68,977	42,856	39,783	33,981
Deposits by banks	88,072	54,720	40,038	35,130
Customer accounts	352,740	219,161	198,995	177,302
Debt securities in issue	54,623	33,938	30,669	19,407
Other liabilities	98,702	61,325	59,374	54,249
Total liabilities	663,114	412,000	368,859	320,069
Amounts in accordance with US GAAP:				
Shareholders equity	46,560	28,928	29,923	25,423
Total assets	693,007	430,573	386,696	323,731

Note:

- (1) All prior years have been restated following the implementation of FRS 19 in 2002. The balance sheet at December 31, 2001 has also been restated following the issuance of UITF 33 in February 2002.

Other financial data

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2002	2001	2000
Other financial data in accordance with UK GAAP(1):			
Earnings per ordinary share pence	68.4	67.6	66.9
Diluted earnings per ordinary share pence(2)	67.4	66.3	66.2
Dividends per ordinary share pence	43.7	38.0	33.0
Dividend payout ratio	64.3%	58.1%	56.1%
Share price per ordinary share at period end £	14.88	16.72	15.82
Market capitalization at period end £bn	43.2	47.8	42.4
Net asset value per ordinary share £	8.12	7.79	7.08
Return on average total assets(3)	0.50%	0.53%	0.58%
Return on average ordinary shareholders equity(4)	8.4%	8.9%	9.9%
Average shareholders equity as a percentage of average total assets	6.9%	7.2%	7.2%
Risk asset ratio Tier 1	7.3%	7.1%	6.9%
Total	11.7%	11.5%	11.5%
Ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preference share dividends(5)			
including interest on deposits	1.73	1.49	1.32
excluding interest on deposits	5.12	4.45	3.49
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges only(5)			
including interest on deposits	1.82	1.55	1.37
excluding interest on deposits	7.13	6.52	4.81
Other financial data in accordance with US GAAP:			
Basic earnings per ordinary share pence	107.9	74.7	89.5
Diluted earnings per ordinary share pence(2)	106.3	73.2	88.5
Dividends per ordinary share pence	39.7	34.5	29.8
Dividend payout ratio	36.7%	45.7%	20.6%
Return on average total assets(3)	0.75%	0.57%	0.77%
Return on average ordinary shareholders equity(4)	12.1%	8.8%	12.0%
Average shareholders equity as a percentage of average total assets	7.3%	7.7%	7.7%
Ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges, preference share dividends and perpetual regulatory securities interest(5)			
including interest on deposits	1.97	1.51	1.41
excluding interest on deposits	6.49	4.63	4.19
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges only(5)			
including interest on deposits	2.07	1.59	1.46
excluding interest on deposits	9.03	6.98	5.77

Notes:

- (1) All prior periods have been restated, where appropriate, following the implementation of FRS 19 in 2002. The year ended December 31, 2001 has also been restated, where appropriate, following the issuance of UITF 33 in February 2002.
- (2) Convertible preference shares totaling £200 million (2001 and 2000 £800 million), 750 million (2001 and 2000 750 million) and \$1,900 million (2001 and 2000 \$1,900 million) have not been included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as their effect is anti-dilutive. Interest

payments on the \$1,200 million (2001 \$1,200 million) perpetual regulatory securities may be settled by the issue of ordinary shares at the option of the company and have not been included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as their effect is also anti-dilutive.

- (3) Return on average total assets represents profit attributable to ordinary shareholders as a percentage of average total assets.
- (4) Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity represents profit attributable to ordinary shareholders expressed as a percentage of average ordinary shareholders' equity.
- (5) For this purpose, earnings consist of income before tax and minority interests, plus fixed charges less the unremitted income of associated undertakings (share of profits less dividends received). Fixed charges consist of total interest expense, including or excluding interest on deposits and debt securities in issue, as appropriate, and the proportion of rental expense deemed representative of the interest factor (one third of total rental expenses).

S-14

THE GROUP

The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc is a public limited company incorporated in Scotland with registration number 45551. We are a diversified financial services group engaged in a wide range of banking, financial and finance-related activities in the United Kingdom and internationally. The Group's operations are principally centered in the UK.

The Group's principal operating subsidiary is The Royal Bank of Scotland plc (the Royal Bank). As of January 31, 2003, the entire issued ordinary share capital of National Westminster Bank Plc (NatWest) was transferred by the Group to the Royal Bank. Both the Royal Bank and NatWest are major UK clearing banks engaging principally in providing a comprehensive range of banking, insurance and other financial services and each controls, directs and promotes the operations of various subsidiary companies.

The Royal Bank was created by the merger in 1985 of the former The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, the largest of the Scottish clearing banks, and Williams & Glyn's Bank plc, a wholly-owned English clearing bank subsidiary of the Group. At December 31, 2002, the Royal Bank had 642 retail branches in the UK.

NatWest was incorporated in England in 1968 and was formed from the merger of National Provincial Bank Limited and Westminster Bank Limited, which had themselves been formed through a series of mergers involving banks with origins dating back as far as the seventeenth century. At December 31, 2002, NatWest had 1,642 retail branches in the UK.

Business Overview

At and for the year ended December 31, 2002, based on domicile of customer, no country outside the UK or the United States accounted for more than 10% of total assets or profit before tax or net assets of the Group. At December 31, 2002, the Group had total assets of £412 billion (December 31, 2001 £369 billion) and total deposits of £274 billion (December 31, 2001 £239 billion). Shareholders' funds at December 31, 2002 were £27,052 million (December 31, 2001 (restated) £26,668 million).

At December 31, 2002, the Group employed 111,800 staff (December 31, 2001 105,700) on a full-time equivalent basis.

Organizational Structure

The Group's activities are organized in the following business divisions: Corporate Banking and Financial Markets, Retail Banking, Retail Direct, Manufacturing, Wealth Management, Direct Line Group, Ulster Bank, Citizens and the Centre. A description of the activities of each of the Group's businesses is given below.

Corporate Banking and Financial Markets

Corporate Banking and Financial Markets (CBFM) is the largest provider of banking services to medium and large businesses in the UK and the leading player in the UK in asset finance. It provides an integrated range of products and services to mid-sized and large corporate and institutional customers in the UK and overseas, including corporate and commercial banking, treasury and capital markets products, structured and leveraged finance, trade finance, leasing and factoring.

Financial Markets provides corporate and institutional customers with treasury services, including global interest rate derivatives trading, bond origination and trading, credit sales and trading, sovereign debt trading and futures brokerage. In addition, it provides foreign exchange, money market, currency derivative and rate risk management services. It also engages in similar activities for its own account, and provides treasury services support to the Group. RBS Greenwich Capital, headquartered in Connecticut, delivers debt market solutions tailored to meet the needs of companies and institutions around the world.

On January 1, 2002 Ulster Bank's leasing business was transferred to CBFM and on May 17, 2002, Lombard North Central Plc, the leasing arm of CBFM, completed the acquisition of Dixon Motors PLC, one of the UK's largest car dealerships.

Retail Banking

Retail Banking provides a wide range of banking, insurance and related financial services to individuals and small businesses. These services are delivered from a network of Royal Bank and NatWest branches throughout Great Britain and through telephone call centers, ATMs and the internet. It also has complementary subsidiary businesses covering life assurance and pensions.

In the personal banking market, Retail Banking offers money transmission, savings and loan facilities. In the small business banking market, Retail Banking provides a range of services which includes money transmission and cash management, short, medium and long-term finance and retail and wholesale deposit-taking products.

In December 2002, the Royal Bank acquired Royal Bank of Scotland Unit Trust Management Limited and Royal Bank of Scotland Portfolio Management Limited.

Retail Direct

Retail Direct issues a comprehensive range of credit, charge and debit cards to personal and corporate customers and engages in merchant acquisition and processing facilities for retail businesses. It also includes Tesco Personal Finance Limited, The One Account, Direct Line Financial Services Limited, Lombard Direct, the Group's internet banking platform and Comfort Card European businesses. All of these businesses offer products to customers through direct channels.

In June 2002, Retail Direct completed the acquisition of the remaining interest that it did not previously own in WorldPay Limited, an internet payment specialist.

In May 2003, the Group announced the acquisition of the credit card and personal loans portfolios of Frankfurt-based Santander Direkt Bank, a member of the Santander Central Hispano group, subject to regulatory approval.

Manufacturing

Manufacturing supports the customer facing businesses of CBFM, Retail Banking and Retail Direct, and provides operational technology customer support in telephony, global purchasing, account management, money transmission, property and other support services.

Wealth Management

Wealth Management comprises Coutts Group, Adam & Company and the offshore banking businesses - The Royal Bank of Scotland International and NatWest Offshore. The Coutts Group focuses on private banking in the UK and overseas. Adam & Company is a private bank operating primarily in Scotland. The offshore businesses deliver retail banking services to local and expatriate customers, and corporate banking and treasury services to corporate, intermediary and institutional clients.

In September 2002, Wealth Management sold 50% of its interest in NatWest Stockbrokers Limited to TD Waterhouse, part of Toronto Dominion Bank of Canada.

In May 2003, the Group announced the sale of the Coutts Group's Miami-based Latin American private banking operations to Santander Central Hispano, subject to regulatory approval.

Direct Line Group

Direct Line Group sells and underwrites retail and wholesale insurance on the telephone and the internet. The Retail Division sells general insurance and motor breakdown services direct to the customer

and UKI Partnerships (formerly Green Flag) is a leading wholesale provider of insurance and motoring related services. Through its International Division, Direct Line sells insurance in Spain, Japan, Germany and Italy. The acquisition of Royal & Sun Alliance's direct motor insurance operation in Italy was completed in September 2002, making Direct Line the largest direct insurer in Italy.

In June 2003, the Group announced an agreement to acquire UK-based Churchill Insurance Group plc from the Credit Suisse Group, subject to regulatory approval.

Ulster Bank Limited

Ulster Bank Limited provides a comprehensive range of retail and wholesale financial services in Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland. Retail banking has a network of branches throughout Ireland and operates in the personal, commercial and wealth management sectors. Ulster Bank corporate banking and financial markets provides a wide range of services in the corporate and institutional markets.

On January 1, 2002, Ulster Bank's leasing business was transferred to CBFM.

Citizens Financial Group Inc. (Citizens)

Citizens is engaged in retail and corporate banking activities carried out through its branch network in the states of Rhode Island, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Pennsylvania, Delaware and New Jersey. Citizens is the second largest bank in New England and the sixteenth largest commercial bank in the U.S. measured by deposits. Citizens provides a full range of retail and corporate banking services, including personal banking, residential mortgages and home equity loans. In addition, Citizens engages in a wide variety of commercial loan and commercial real estate activities, consumer lending, credit card services, trust services and retail investment services. Citizens also operates subsidiaries primarily engaged in equipment leasing financing.

In October 2002, Citizens completed the acquisition of Medford Bancorp Inc., a Massachusetts savings bank, and in January 2003, completed the acquisition of Pennsylvania-based commercial bank, Commonwealth Bancorp.

In April 2003, Citizens announced the acquisition of Port Financial Corp., the holding company for Cambridgeport Bank, a Massachusetts savings bank, subject to Port Financial Corp. shareholder approval and U.S. regulatory approval.

The Centre

The Centre comprises group and corporate functions which provide services to the operating divisions.

Competition

The Group is subject to intense competition in all aspects of its business. In the UK, the Royal Bank and NatWest's principal competitors are other clearing banks, building societies (which are similar to savings and loans associations in the US) and the other major international banks.

Competition to serve corporate and institutional customers in the UK remains strong. In addition to the UK clearing bank groups, large US and European financial institutions are also active, and offer combined investment and commercial banking capabilities. The capital markets continue to innovate and provide a broad range of financing and risk management solutions for corporate customers. In asset finance, Lombard competes with both banks and specialized asset finance providers.

In the small business banking market, the Group competes with other UK clearing bank groups, with specialist finance providers and building societies. During 2002, competition within small business banking remained strong as former building societies continued to develop their offerings.

In the personal banking market, competition remains intense. In addition to UK banks and building societies, major retailers, life assurance companies and internet-only players are active in the market.

NatWest Life and Royal Scottish Assurance compete with Independent Financial Advisers and life assurance companies. The competitive situation in the long term savings market is dynamic, due to regulatory changes, and the impact of highly volatile securities markets on both customer confidence and traditional with-profits life assurance companies' solvency.

The UK credit card market is highly competitive. Major retailers, utilities and specialist card issuers, including the major US operators, are active in the market in addition to UK banks and building societies. Competition is across a range of dimensions, including aggressive pricing, loyalty and reward schemes, and packaged benefits. In addition to physical distribution channels, providers compete through direct marketing activity and, increasingly, the internet.

In Wealth Management, The Royal Bank of Scotland International and NatWest Offshore compete with other UK and international banks to offer offshore banking services. Coutts Group and Adam & Company compete as private banks with UK clearing and private banks, and with international private bankers. Difficult market conditions have seen some retrenchment of competitive activity, particularly in the mass-affluent segment.

Direct Line competes in personal insurance. The market is highly competitive, particularly the motor segment. Direct Line faces competition from a range of insurance companies who now operate telephone and internet direct sales businesses. Direct Line also competes in the direct motor insurance markets in Spain, Italy, Germany and Japan.

In Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland, Ulster Bank competes in retail and commercial banking with the major Irish banks and building societies, and with other UK and international banks and building societies active in the market. Competition is intensifying as both UK and Irish institutions seek to expand their businesses.

In the United States, Citizens, through its banking subsidiaries, competes primarily in New England, and from December 2001, in Pennsylvania, in retail and mid-corporate banking markets with local and regional banks and other financial institutions. The Royal Bank of Scotland Group also competes in the US through RBS Greenwich Capital and branches of RBS and NatWest, in large corporate lending and specialized finance markets, and in fixed-income trading and sales. Competition is principally with the large US commercial and investment banks and international banks active in the US.

In other international markets, principally in continental Europe, the Group faces competition from the leading domestic and international players active in the relevant national markets.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL SECURITIES

The following is a summary of particular terms of this series of capital securities. It supplements the description of the general terms and provisions of the capital securities set forth in the accompanying prospectus under "Description of Debt Securities". If there is any inconsistency between the following description and that set forth in the accompanying prospectus, the following description governs.

General

The exchangeable capital securities, series B, which we refer to as the capital securities, will be issued under our capital securities indenture, dated as of August 20, 2001, between us and The Bank of New York, as trustee. The capital securities offered hereby will be treated as a separate series of our capital securities for all purposes.

Because the following description is a summary, it may not contain all of the information that is important to you. If you purchase the capital securities, your rights will be determined by the terms of the capital securities as set forth in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, the capital securities indenture and the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. We encourage you to read the indenture and the form of the capital securities as filed with the SEC before making an investment decision. See "Where You Can Find More Information" in the accompanying prospectus.

As of June 16, 2003, our issued and outstanding non-cumulative preference shares, which are intended to rank equally with the capital securities as to any distribution of our surplus assets in the event that we are wound up or liquidated, have a US dollar-equivalent aggregate liquidation preference of approximately \$5,175 million.

Payments

The capital securities will bear interest from the issue date at a rate of 5.75% per year on their outstanding principal amount, payable quarterly in arrears on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year, beginning on September 30, 2003. Each such date is a payment date and each period from and including the issue date and a payment date to (but excluding) the next payment date, is a payment period.

If any payment date, redemption date or exchange date falls on a day that is not a business day, then any such payment may instead be made on the immediately following business day with the same force and effect as if made on the applicable payment date, redemption date or exchange date, as the case may be. Payments under the capital securities will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year divided into twelve months of 30 days each and, in the case of an incomplete month, on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed in such period. A business day is a day on which banks are open for business and on which foreign exchange dealings may be conducted in dollars in The City of New York and London.

All payments on the capital securities, including payments of interest, are subject to satisfaction of the solvency condition, as described below.

Whenever we refer in this prospectus supplement, in any context, to the payment of principal, or any payments or missed payments on or in respect of, the capital securities, we mean to include the payment of additional amounts to the extent that, in the context, additional amounts are, were or would be payable. See "Description of Debt Securities - Additional Amounts" in the accompanying prospectus.

Deferral of interest: missed payments

We may elect not to make the interest payment on the capital securities on any payment date and we may defer making that payment for any period of time. Deferred interest payments will constitute missed payments, and will accumulate without interest until paid in full.

We may choose to pay any outstanding missed payments in whole or in part at any time on not less than 14 days' notice to the trustee. All missed payments on all of the outstanding capital securities will

become due and payable in full upon an event of default or, subject to satisfaction of the solvency condition, upon a capital security default, both as described below under **Default** . If we give notice to the trustee that we intend to pay part or all of any missed payments, we must do so at the time specified in the notice, subject to satisfaction of the solvency condition.

Solvency condition

Except in a winding up, no payment of principal, interest or missed payments on the capital securities will be made unless the solvency condition would be satisfied both at the time of the payment and immediately afterwards. Satisfaction of the solvency condition means that, at the relevant time:

we are able to pay our debts as they fall due, and

our total non-consolidated assets exceed our total non-consolidated liabilities, excluding liabilities that do not constitute senior claims (as described under **Status and Subordination** below) except in the case of an optional redemption or repurchase of the capital securities by us.

A report as to our solvency by one of our directors or, in certain circumstances, our auditors shall, unless there is manifest error, be treated and accepted by us, the trustee and any holder of capital securities as correct and sufficient evidence that the solvency condition is or is not satisfied. If we fail to make a payment because the solvency condition is not satisfied, that payment will constitute a missed payment and will accumulate with other missed payments until paid. In a winding up, the amount payable on the capital securities will be determined in accordance with the subordination provisions described under **Status and Subordination** below.

If we are unable to make any payment, whether of principal, interest or missed payments, on the capital securities because the solvency condition is not satisfied, the amount of any payment we would otherwise make will be available to meet our losses.

Redemption

The capital securities are perpetual securities with no maturity date, and are not redeemable at the option of the holders at any time.

We may redeem the capital securities in whole or in part on June 23, 2008 and on any payment date thereafter for 100% of their principal amount, plus any accrued but unpaid interest payments and all missed payments to the redemption date. If we redeem the capital securities in part only, we must redeem them in aggregate principal amount of at least \$100 million (or integral multiples of \$50 million above \$100 million), and no partial redemption may leave less than \$100 million aggregate principal amount of capital securities outstanding. The capital securities to be redeemed in any partial redemption will be selected in a manner deemed fair and appropriate by the trustee.

In addition, we may redeem the capital securities on any payment date, in whole but not in part, for 100% of their principal amount, plus accrued but unpaid interest payments and all missed payments to the redemption date if, at any time, we determine that as a result of a change in or amendment to the laws or regulations of a UK taxing jurisdiction, including any treaty to which it is a party, or a change in official application or interpretation of those laws or regulations, including a decision of any court or tribunal, which becomes effective on or after the date of this prospectus supplement:

in making payments of principal or interest, including any missed payments, on the capital securities, we have paid or will or would on the next payment date be required to pay additional amounts (as described in the accompanying prospectus under **Description of Debt Securities - Additional Amounts**);

payments, including missed payments, on the capital securities would on the next payment date be treated as **distributions** within the meaning of Section 209 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 of the United Kingdom (or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being); or

on the next payment date we would not be entitled to claim a deduction in respect of the interest payments in computing our UK taxation liabilities, or the value of the deduction to us would be materially reduced.

Any redemption of the capital securities, whether in whole or in part, is subject to satisfaction of the solvency condition on the redemption date.

Notice of any redemption of the capital securities must be given not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the redemption date. A redemption notice will state:

the redemption date;

the redemption price;

the principal amount of capital securities being redeemed if less than all of the capital securities are to be redeemed;

that on the redemption date the redemption price will, subject to satisfaction of the solvency condition, become due and payable upon each capital security being redeemed and that interest will cease to accrue on or after that date;

the place or places where the capital securities are to be surrendered for payment of the redemption price; and

the CUSIP number with respect to the capital securities.

Subject to satisfaction of the solvency condition, and subject to applicable law (including US federal securities law), we may at any time, directly or indirectly, purchase the capital securities in the open market or by tender (available alike to all holders of the capital securities) or by private agreement. Any capital securities we purchase beneficially for our own account (other than in connection with dealing in securities) will be treated as cancelled and will no longer be issued and outstanding.

Under existing UK Financial Services Authority requirements, we may not redeem or purchase any of the capital securities beneficially for our own account, other than a repurchase in connection with dealing in securities, unless that body consents in writing in advance. The UK Financial Services Authority may impose conditions on any redemption or purchase at the time it grants its consent.

Exchange Option

The capital securities are exchangeable at our option into exchange preference shares issued by us. On any payment date, we may exchange the capital securities in whole or in part into an equivalent amount in liquidation preference of exchange preference shares upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days notice. If we exchange the capital securities in part only, we must do so in an aggregate principal amount of at least \$100 million (or multiples of \$50 million above \$100 million), and no partial exchange may leave less than \$100 million aggregate principal amount of capital securities outstanding. The capital securities to be exchanged in any partial exchange will be selected in a manner deemed fair and appropriate by the trustee.

Upon an exchange, each capital security of \$25 principal amount will be exchanged for one exchange preference share issued by us with a liquidation preference of \$25. Subject to the conditions described below, we will effect an exchange by redeeming the capital securities being exchanged for their principal amount and immediately applying such amount to subscribe for the applicable number of exchange preference shares being issued to the holders. Investors in the capital securities will be deemed to have irrevocably authorized and instructed us immediately to apply the redemption amounts payable in connection with an exchange of the capital securities in satisfaction in cash of the applicable subscription amount of the preference shares being issued upon such exchange. Accordingly, the redemption of capital securities and subscription for and issuance of the exchange preference shares will constitute a single transaction initiated and effected solely at our option.

The capital securities cannot be exchanged at the holders' option at any time. As a consequence of the exchange provisions described above, holders of capital securities being exchanged will not be entitled under any circumstances to the redemption amounts payable in connection with the exchange as described above. Such holders will receive only the dollar preference shares we will issue on the exchange date in respect of which the redemption amounts will have been applied.

The exchange preference shares issued in connection with a partial exchange of capital securities will contain the same terms and provisions as those issued in connection with any other partial exchange, except that the different issue dates will mean that certain exchange preference shares may be redeemed earlier or later than others. Accordingly, exchange preference shares issued on one partial exchange will constitute a separate series from exchange preference shares issued upon a different partial exchange.

The exchange preference shares will be issued at a nominal value of \$0.01 per share and a premium of \$24.99 per share, with both such amounts being subscribed and fully paid by the extinguishing of our liability for the principal amount of the capital securities.

We will not exchange any capital securities for exchange preference shares unless there are no accrued but unpaid interest payments or missed payments outstanding on the exchange date, no capital security default, event of default or capital security payment event has occurred and is continuing, and certain other conditions are satisfied.

A notice of exchange will specify:

the exchange date;

that on the exchange date, the capital securities to be exchanged will cease to exist for any purpose on or after the exchange date;

if less than all of the capital securities are being exchanged, the capital securities to be exchanged;

the place or places where the capital securities are to be exchanged; and

the form in which we will issue the exchange preference shares.

After notice of exchange is given in accordance with the indenture, the capital securities being exchanged will cease to exist for any purpose on the exchange date. Upon surrender of any capital security for exchange in accordance with the notice of exchange and the terms of the indenture, we will pay all accrued interest payments plus missed payments to the exchange date. Such payment will be a condition to the exchange and no exchange will occur unless such payment is made. From the exchange date, the person or persons entitled to receive exchange preference shares upon an exchange will be treated as the holder or holders of those exchange preference shares in accordance with the indenture. Dividends on the exchange preference shares issued upon exchange are non-cumulative and will be payable as described below under Description of Exchange Preference Shares .

If we decide to exchange the capital securities for exchange preference shares, we will make all reasonable efforts to obtain a listing on the New York Stock Exchange or a similar recognized exchange of the exchange preference shares (in the form of ADSs evidenced by ADRs).

Status and Subordination

In a winding up, the principal amount of the capital securities, plus any payments of interest and any missed payments, will be subordinate to and subject in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all senior claims in respect of the capital securities. Senior claims means:

all claims of our unsubordinated creditors admitted in the winding up;

all claims of our creditors in respect of our liabilities that are, or are expressed to be, subordinated (whether only in the event of our winding up or otherwise) to the claims of our unsubordinated creditors but not further or otherwise; and

all other claims except those that rank, or are expressed to rank, equally with or junior to the claims of the holders of the capital securities.

Accordingly, no amount will be payable on the capital securities in a winding up until all senior claims admitted in the winding up have been paid in full.

We will not issue any preference shares or any other tier 1-qualifying instruments ranking senior to the exchange preference shares to be issued upon exchange of the capital securities or give any guarantee or support undertaking in respect of any tier 1-qualifying instruments ranking senior to the exchange preference shares, unless we alter the terms of the exchange preference shares so that they rank equally with any such preference shares, such other tier 1-qualifying instruments, or such guarantee or support undertaking.

If at any time an order is made or a shareholders' resolution is passed for our winding up, subject to the prior payment in full of all senior claims, there will be payable on the capital securities such amounts, if any, as would have been payable in respect of the capital securities if, on and after the day immediately before the winding up began, the holders of the capital securities were holders of preference shares in our capital with a preferential right to a return of assets in the winding up over the holders of all other issued shares, including all classes of our preference shares. These amounts will be calculated assuming that such preference shares were entitled, to the exclusion of all other rights or privileges, to receive as a return of capital an amount equal to the principal amount of the capital securities then outstanding, together with all payments accrued to the date of repayment and any missed payments.

As a consequence of these subordination provisions, if winding up proceedings should occur, each holder may recover less ratably than the holders of our unsubordinated liabilities and the holders of certain of our subordinated liabilities, including the holders of subordinated debt securities. If, in any winding up, the amount payable on the capital securities and any claims ranking equally with them are not paid in full, the capital securities and other claims ranking equally will share ratably in any distribution of our assets in a winding up in proportion to the respective amounts to which they are entitled. If any holder is entitled to any recovery with respect to the capital securities in any winding up or liquidation, the holder might not be entitled in those proceedings to a recovery in US dollars and might be entitled only to a recovery in pounds sterling or any other lawful currency of the UK.

In addition, because we are a holding company, our rights to participate in the assets of any subsidiary if it is liquidated will be subject to the prior claims of its creditors, including, in the case of our bank subsidiaries, their depositors, except to the extent that we may be a creditor with recognized claims against the subsidiary.

Default

Events of Default

If a court of competent jurisdiction makes an order which is not successfully appealed within 30 days, or an effective shareholders' resolution is validly adopted, for our winding up (other than under or in connection with a scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction not involving bankruptcy or insolvency), that order or resolution will constitute an event of default with respect to the capital securities.

If an event of default shall occur and is continuing, the trustee or the holder or holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding capital securities may declare the principal amount of the capital securities, plus any accrued but unpaid interest payments and any missed payments, to be due and payable immediately in accordance with the terms of the indenture. However, after this declaration but before the trustee obtains a judgment or decree for payment of money due, the holder or holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding capital securities may rescind the declaration of acceleration and its consequences, but only if all events of default have been remedied and all payments due, other than those due as a result of acceleration, have been made.

Capital Security Defaults

It shall be a capital security default with respect to the capital securities if:

we fail to pay or set aside a sum to provide for payment of any missed payments on or prior to the date upon which a dividend is paid on any class of our share capital, or we redeem or repurchase any other capital securities of the same series (other than a repurchase in connection with dealing in securities), and such failure continues for 30 days; or

we fail to pay or to set aside a sum to provide for payment of the principal amount, any accrued but unpaid interest payments and any missed payments on the date fixed for redemption of the capital securities and such failure continues for seven days.

If any capital security default occurs and is continuing, the trustee may pursue all legal remedies available to it, including commencing a judicial proceeding for the collection of the sums due and unpaid or a proceeding for our winding up in England or Scotland (but not elsewhere), but the trustee may not declare the principal amount of any outstanding capital securities to be due and payable. If we fail to make payment as described above and the solvency condition is not satisfied at the end of the 30-day or seven-day period following that failure, it shall not create a capital security default but instead shall create a capital security payment event. On a capital security payment event, the trustee may institute proceedings in England or Scotland (but not elsewhere) for our winding up but may not pursue any other legal remedy, including a judicial proceeding for the collection of the sums due and unpaid.

By accepting a capital security, each holder and the trustee will be deemed to have waived any right of set-off, counterclaim or combination of accounts with respect to the capital securities or the indenture (or between our obligations under or in respect of any capital securities and any liability owed by a holder or the trustee to us) that they might otherwise have against us, whether before or during our winding up.

See in the accompanying prospectus Description of Debt Securities Events of Default and Defaults; Limitation of Remedies General .

Governing Law

The capital securities and the indenture will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except that the subordination provisions of the capital securities and the indenture will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of England.

Form of Capital Securities; Book-entry System

The capital securities will initially be represented by one or more global securities in registered form, without coupons attached, and will be deposited with, or on behalf of, The Depository Trust Company (DTC) or its nominee and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as DTC s nominee. Interests in the capital securities will be shown in, and transfers thereof will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC and its participants.

The capital securities have been accepted for clearance by DTC, and the initial distribution of the capital securities will be cleared through DTC only. Beneficial interests in the global capital securities will be shown on, and transfers thereof will be effected only through, the book-entry records maintained by DTC and its direct and indirect participants.

The laws of some states may require that certain investors in securities take physical delivery of their securities in definitive form. Those laws may impair the ability of investors to own interests in book-entry securities.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the holder of a global capital security, DTC or its nominee will be considered the sole holder of such global capital security for all purposes under the indenture. Except as described below under Issuance of Definitive Securities , no direct participant, indirect participant or other person will be entitled to have capital securities registered in its name, receive or be entitled to

receive physical delivery of capital securities in definitive form or be considered the owner or holder of the capital securities under the indenture. Each person having an ownership or other interest in capital securities must rely on the procedures of DTC, and, if a person is not a participant in DTC, must rely on the procedures of the participant or other securities intermediary through which that person owns its interest to exercise any rights and obligations of a holder under the indenture or the capital securities.

Payments on the Global Capital Securities

Payments of any amounts in respect of the global capital securities will be made by the trustee to DTC. Payments will be made to beneficial owners of the capital securities in accordance with the rules and procedures of DTC or its direct and indirect participants, as applicable. Neither we nor the trustee nor any of our agents will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records of any securities intermediary in the chain of intermediaries between DTC and any beneficial owner of an interest in a global capital security, or the failure of DTC or any intermediary to pass through to any beneficial owner any payments that we make to DTC.

DTC has advised us that it is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a banking organization within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a clearing corporation within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a clearing agency registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC was created to hold securities of its participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of transactions among its participants in those securities through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of the participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. DTC participants include securities brokers and dealers, including parties that may act as underwriters, dealers or agents with respect to the securities, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of which, along with certain of their representatives and others, own DTC. Access to the DTC book-entry system is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly.

Issuance of Definitive Securities

So long as DTC or its nominee holds the global capital securities, the global capital securities will not be exchangeable for definitive capital securities unless:

DTC notifies the trustee that it is unwilling or unable to continue to act as depository for the capital securities and the trustee does not appoint a successor to DTC within 120 days;

we are wound up and we fail to make a payment on the capital securities when due; or

at any time we determine in our sole discretion that the global capital securities should be exchanged for definitive capital securities in registered form.

Each person having an ownership or other interest in a capital security must rely exclusively on the rules or procedures of DTC, and any agreement with any direct or indirect participant of DTC, or any other securities intermediary through which that person holds its interest, to receive or direct the delivery of possession of any definitive security.

Definitive capital securities will be issued in registered form only. To the extent permitted by law, we, the trustee and any paying agent will be entitled to treat the person in whose name any definitive capital security is registered as its absolute owner.

Payments in respect of definitive capital securities will be made to the person in whose name the definitive capital securities are registered as it appears in the register for the capital securities. Payments will be made in respect of the capital securities by check drawn on a bank in New York or, if the holder requests, by transfer to the holder's account in New York. Definitive capital securities should be presented to the paying agent for redemption.

If we issue definitive capital securities in exchange for global capital securities, DTC, as holder of the global capital securities, will surrender them against receipt of the definitive capital securities, cancel the book-entry capital securities, and distribute the definitive capital securities to the persons and in the amounts that DTC specifies.

If definitive capital securities are issued in the limited circumstances described above, those securities may be transferred in whole or in part in denominations of \$25 and multiples thereof upon surrender of the definitive capital securities certificates together with the form of transfer endorsed on it, duly completed and executed at the specified office of a paying agent. If only part of a definitive capital securities certificate is transferred, a new definitive capital securities certificate representing the balance not transferred will be issued to the transferor within three business days after the paying agent receives the certificate. The new definitive capital securities certificate representing the balance will be delivered to the transferor by uninsured post at the risk of the transferor, to the address of the transferor appearing in the records of the paying agent. The new definitive capital securities certificate representing the securities that were transferred will be sent to the transferee within three business days after the paying agent receives the certificate transferred, by uninsured post at the risk of the holder entitled to the capital securities represented by the certificate, to the address specified in the form of transfer.

S-26

DESCRIPTION OF EXCHANGE PREFERENCE SHARES

The following is a summary of particular terms of the exchange preference shares. It supplements the description of the general terms and provisions of each series of our non-cumulative dollar preference shares set forth in the accompanying prospectus under Description of Dollar Preference Shares . If there is any inconsistency between the following description and that set forth in the accompanying prospectus, the following description governs.

General

Each issuance of exchange preference shares will constitute a separate series of our non-cumulative dollar preference shares. As of June 16, 2003, our issued and outstanding non-cumulative preference shares, which are intended to rank equally with the exchange preference shares as to any distribution of our surplus assets in the event that we are wound up or liquidated, have a US dollar-equivalent aggregate liquidation preference of approximately \$5,175 million.

The summary of certain terms and provisions of the exchange preference shares set forth below is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, our articles of association and the resolutions adopted by our board of directors (or an authorized committee of our board) establishing the rights, preferences, privileges, limitations and restrictions relating to the exchange preference shares. We will file a copy of these resolutions under the cover of a Report on Form 6-K with the SEC at the time of any exchange of capital securities for the applicable series of ADSs representing the exchange preference shares.

A summary of certain terms and provisions of the ADR Deposit Agreement pursuant to which ADRs evidencing the applicable series of ADSs are issuable is set forth in the accompanying prospectus under Description of American Depositary Receipts .

Dividends

Non-cumulative preferential dividends on each series of exchange preference shares will accrue from the issue date of the exchange preference shares. Dividends will be payable quarterly in arrears on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year (each, a dividend payment date), commencing on the first such date occurring after the applicable issue date, when, as and if declared by our board of directors or a committee thereof.

Each exchange preference share will entitle the holder to receive non-cumulative preferential cash dividends, payable out of our distributable profits in US dollars, at the rate of \$1.4375 per exchange preference share annually. Dividends are subject to the limitations described below and in the accompanying prospectus under Description of Dollar Preference Shares Dividends .

Our board of directors (or its committee) will be required to declare and pay in full on each dividend payment date dividends on each series of exchange preference shares unless, in the opinion of the board of directors or its committee:

the payment of any dividend on any series of exchange preference shares would breach or cause a breach of the UK Financial Services Authority's capital adequacy requirements then applicable to us and/or any of our subsidiaries; or

our distributable profits, after the payment in full, or the setting aside of a sum to provide for the payment in full, of all dividends stated to be payable on or before the relevant dividend payment date on our cumulative preference shares (and any arrears of dividends thereon), are insufficient to cover the payment in full of the dividend on that series of exchange preference shares and dividends on any of our other preference shares stated to be payable on the same date and ranking equally as to dividends with the exchange preference shares (including the payment in full of any arrears of dividends on any equally ranking cumulative preference shares then in issue).

The UK Companies Act 1985 defines distributable profits as, in general terms, and subject to adjustment, accumulated realized profits less accumulated realized losses.

Other terms and conditions relating to the payment of dividends on each series of exchange preference shares are described in the accompanying prospectus under Description of Dollar Preference Shares Dividends .

Liquidation Rights

If we are wound up or liquidated, whether or not voluntarily, the holders of the exchange preference shares will be entitled to receive out of our surplus assets available for distribution to shareholders, after payment of arrears of dividends on our cumulative preference shares up to the date of payment, equally with our cumulative preference shares, any other series of non-cumulative preference shares then outstanding, and all of our other shares ranking equally with the exchange preference shares as regards participation in our surplus assets, a distribution in US dollars of \$25 per exchange preference share, together with an amount equal to dividends for the then-current dividend period accrued to the date of payment, before any distribution or payment may be made to holders of our ordinary shares or any other class of our shares ranking after the exchange preference shares.

If the assets available for distribution are insufficient to pay in full the amounts payable with respect to the exchange preference shares and any of our other preference shares ranking equally as to any such distribution with the exchange preference shares, the holders of the exchange preference shares and other preference shares will share ratably in any distribution of our surplus assets in proportion to the full respective preferential amounts to which they are entitled. After payment of the full amount of the liquidation distribution to which they are entitled, the holders of the exchange preference shares will have no right or claim to any of our surplus assets and will not be entitled to any further participation in surplus assets. If the holders of the exchange preference shares are entitled to any recovery with respect to the exchange preference shares in a winding up or liquidation, they might not be entitled in such proceedings to a recovery in US dollars and might be entitled only to a recovery in pounds sterling.

Optional Redemption

Each series of exchange preference shares is redeemable at our option, in whole or in part from time to time, on any date later than five years after the issue date of the relevant series of exchange preference shares (each a redemption date), upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days notice prior to the redemption date. The redemption amount will be \$25 per exchange preference share, plus the dividends otherwise payable for the then-current quarterly dividend period accrued to the redemption date.

If any exchange preference shares are to be redeemed, a notice of redemption will be mailed to the ADR depository and to each record holder of exchange preference shares in registered form to be redeemed, not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the redemption date. Each notice of redemption will specify:

the redemption date;

the particular exchange preference shares to be redeemed;

the redemption price, specifying the amount of the accrued but unpaid dividend per share to be included and stating that dividends shall cease to accrue on redemption; and

the place or places where holders may surrender documents of title and obtain payment of the redemption price.

Our articles of association provide that no defect in the notice of redemption or in the giving of the notice will affect the validity of the redemption proceedings.

If fewer than all of the outstanding exchange preference shares of a series are to be redeemed, our articles of association provide that, for the purposes of determining the particular exchange preference shares to be redeemed, we shall cause a drawing to be made in the presence of our independent auditors.

If certain limitations contained in the articles of association, the special rights of any of our shares, and the provisions of applicable law permit, we may, at any time or from time to time, purchase outstanding exchange preference shares of any series by tender, available to all holders of those exchange preference shares, in the open market, or by private agreement, in each case upon the terms and conditions that the board of directors or a committee shall determine.

Under existing UK Financial Services Authority requirements, we may not redeem or purchase any exchange preference shares unless the UK Financial Services Authority consents in advance. The UK Financial Services Authority may impose conditions on any redemption or purchase.

Voting Rights

The holders of the exchange preference shares of any series will not be entitled to receive notice of, attend or vote at any general meeting of our shareholders except as provided by applicable law or as described under "Description of Dollar Preference Shares" "Voting Rights" in the accompanying prospectus.

Form and Denomination

The exchange preference shares will, when issued, be fully paid and, as such, will not be subject to a call for any additional payment. For each exchange preference share issued, an amount equal to its nominal value will be credited to our issued share capital account and an amount equal to the difference between its issue price and its nominal value will be credited to our share premium account. The exchange preference shares will have a nominal value of \$0.01 per share and will be issued at a price of \$25 per share.

The exchange preference shares of each series will be represented by a single certificate in bearer form and deposited with the ADR depositary under the ADR deposit agreement. We may consider the ADR depositary one holder of any series of exchange preference shares so deposited for all purposes. Exchange preference shares withdrawn from deposit under the ADR deposit agreement will be evidenced by share certificates in registered form without dividend coupons. If an ADR holder elects to receive share certificates in registered form, the share certificates will be delivered at the time of withdrawal. Exchange preference shares may not be withdrawn from deposit in bearer form.

Title to exchange preference shares of any series in bearer form, or to any dividend coupons appertaining to them, will pass by delivery of the relevant bearer share warrants or dividend coupons. If our articles of association and the limitations described in the following paragraph permit, exchange preference shares of a particular series in bearer form will be exchangeable for the same number of exchange preference shares of the series in registered form upon surrender of the relevant bearer share warrants and all unmatured dividend coupons, if any, appertaining to them.

The exchange of exchange preference shares of any series in bearer form for the exchange preference shares of such series in registered form will also be subject to applicable UK tax laws and regulations in effect at the time of the exchange. No exchange will be made unless any resulting taxes, stamp duties or other governmental charges have been paid to us.

Listing

If the capital securities are exchanged for the exchange preference shares, we will undertake to make all reasonable efforts to obtain a listing on the New York Stock Exchange or a similar recognized exchange of the exchange preference shares (in the form of ADSs evidenced by ADRs).

CERTAIN US FEDERAL AND UK TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following discussion summarizes certain US federal and UK tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of capital securities and exchange preference shares or ADSs by a beneficial owner of capital securities, exchange preference shares or ADSs evidenced by ADRs, (i) that is a citizen or resident of the US, or that otherwise will be subject to US federal income tax on a net income basis in respect of the capital securities, exchange preference shares or ADSs, and (ii) that holds such capital securities, exchange preference shares or ADSs evidenced by ADRs as capital assets (a US Holder). Although the following discussion does not purport to describe all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to a prospective purchaser of capital securities, (i) in the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell (US Counsel), such discussion, insofar as it affects the US Holders described herein, summarizes the material US federal tax consequences to such US Holders of owning capital securities, exchange preference shares or ADSs, and (ii) in the opinion of Linklaters, such discussion, insofar as it affects US Holders described herein, summarizes the material UK tax consequences to such US Holders of owning the capital securities, exchange preference shares or ADSs.

This summary does not address the tax consequences to a US Holder (i) that is resident (or, in the case of an individual, ordinarily resident) in the UK for UK tax purposes or, generally, (ii) that is a corporation which alone or together with one or more associates, controls, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of our voting stock.

The statements regarding US and UK tax laws and practices set forth below, including the statements regarding the new US/ UK double taxation convention relating to income and capital gains, which entered into force on 31 March 2003 (the New Treaty), the prior US/ UK double taxation convention relating to income and capital gains (the Prior Treaty) and the US/ UK double taxation convention relating to estate and gift taxes (the Estate Tax Treaty), are based on those laws as in force and as applied in practice on the date of this prospectus supplement, and are subject to changes to those laws and practices, possibly on a retroactive basis, and any relevant judicial decision, subsequent to the date of this prospectus supplement. This summary is not exhaustive of all possible tax considerations that may be relevant in the particular circumstances of each US Holder. Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves as to the overall tax consequences, including specifically the consequences under US state and local laws, of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of capital securities, exchange preference shares or ADSs, by consulting their own tax advisers.

Capital Securities

United States

Because the capital securities have no stated maturity, can be exchanged for exchange preference shares at our option and would be treated as if they were preference shares in a winding up, and because we may elect not to make payments on the capital securities, the capital securities will be treated as equity for US federal income tax purposes.

Payments will constitute dividends for US federal income tax purposes to the extent paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined for US federal income tax purposes. Payments will not be eligible for the dividends received deduction allowed to corporations. Under recent legislation payments on the capital securities that constitute dividends for US federal income tax purposes will be subject to a lower rate of tax (generally 15%) than other ordinary income for certain individual US Holders in taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2008 if (i) we are a qualified foreign corporation, or (ii) the capital securities are readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States and, in each case, certain conditions are met, including that such individual US Holder (a) holds his or her capital securities without diminishing his or her risk of loss for a required holding period (generally for more than 60 days during the 120-day period beginning 60 days prior to the record date for the relevant payment on the capital securities), (b) is not under any obligation (whether pursuant to a short sale or otherwise) to make related payments with respect to positions in substantially similar or

related property and (c) does not elect to take such payments into account as investment income for purposes of determining his other investment interest deduction. The New York Stock Exchange will qualify as an established securities market, but there is no guidance at present as to what constitutes readily tradable for these purposes. We will be considered a qualified foreign corporation if the New Treaty is a comprehensive income tax treaty which the US Treasury Secretary determines is satisfactory for these purposes. The US Treasury Secretary has not yet made any such determination. However, in the absence of a determination by the US Treasury Secretary, the legislative history indicates that a corporation will be treated as a qualified foreign corporation if it is eligible for the benefits of a comprehensive income tax treaty that includes an exchange of information program, such as the New Treaty. As a result, we should be considered a qualified foreign corporation. You should consult your own tax advisers regarding the availability of this lower rate of tax.

A US Holder will, upon the sale, exchange or redemption of a capital security, generally recognize capital gain or loss for US federal income tax purposes in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized and the US Holder's tax basis in the capital security (assuming, in the case of a redemption, that such US Holder does not own, and is not deemed to own, any of our ordinary shares). You should consult your tax advisers regarding the US federal income tax treatment of capital gains (which may be taxed at lower rates than ordinary income for certain taxpayers who are individuals) and losses (the deductibility of which is subject to limitations).

Gain or loss will not be recognized by a US Holder upon the exchange of capital securities for exchange preference shares pursuant to our exercise of the exchange right. A US Holder's basis in the exchange preference shares received in exchange for its capital securities will be the same as the US Holder's basis in the capital securities at the time of the exchange and the US Holder's holding period for the exchange preference shares received in the exchange will include the holding period of the capital securities exchanged.

United Kingdom

Payments

The capital securities will constitute quoted eurobonds within the meaning of section 349 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (the Act) as long as the capital securities are and continue to be listed on a recognised stock exchange within the meaning of section 841 of the Act (the New York Stock Exchange is recognised for these purposes). Accordingly, payments on the capital securities may be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax provided that the capital securities remain listed on a recognised stock exchange at the time of payment.

In all other cases, an amount must be withheld on account of UK income tax at the lower rate (currently 20%), subject to any direction to the contrary by the Inland Revenue under the New Treaty and subject to any entitlement to pay gross to US Holders within the charge to corporation tax.

Payments on the capital securities constitute UK source income for tax purposes and, as such, may be subject to UK income tax by direct assessment even where paid without withholding. However, payments with a UK source received without deduction or withholding on account of UK tax will not be chargeable to UK tax in the hands of a US Holder who is not resident for tax purposes in the UK unless that US Holder carries on a trade, profession or vocation in the UK through a UK branch or agency in connection with which the payment is received or to which the capital securities are attributable. There are exemptions for payments received by certain categories of agent (such as some brokers and investment managers).

The provisions relating to additional payments referred to in Description of Debt Securities Additional Amounts in the accompanying prospectus would not apply if the Inland Revenue sought to assess the person entitled to the relevant payment or (where applicable) profit on any capital security directly to UK income tax. However, exemption from or reduction of such UK tax liability might be available under an applicable double taxation treaty.

Any paying agent or other person through whom payments are made, or by whom payments are received on behalf of, an individual (whether resident in the UK or elsewhere) may be required to provide information in relation to the payment and the individual concerned to the UK Inland Revenue. The Inland Revenue may communicate this information to the tax authorities of other jurisdictions.

EU Directive on the Taxation of Savings Income

The Council of the European Union has adopted a new directive regarding the taxation of savings income. Subject to a number of important conditions being met, Member States will be required from January 1, 2005 to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest (or other similar income) paid by a person within its jurisdiction to or for the benefit of an individual resident in that other Member State, except that Belgium, Luxembourg and Austria will instead operate a withholding system for a transitional period in relation to such payments.

Disposal (including Redemption)

Subject to the provisions set out in the next paragraph in relation to temporary non-residents, US Holders of capital securities will not normally be liable for UK tax on chargeable gains or corporation tax on gains realized on the disposal of such holder's capital securities unless they carry on a trade, profession or vocation in the UK through a branch or agency to which the capital securities are attributable.

Proposed legislation, intended to enter into force in 2003, would amend the above so that corporate US Holders would be liable to UK tax on chargeable gains if they carried on a trade, profession or vocation through a UK permanent establishment. The proposed legislation is not final and is subject to change.

A US Holder who is an individual and who has, on or after March 17, 1998, ceased to be resident or ordinarily resident for tax purposes in the UK for a period of less than five years of assessment and who disposes of capital securities during that period may be liable to UK taxation on chargeable gains arising during the period of absence, subject to any available exemption or relief.

The exchange by a US Holder of capital securities for exchange preference shares or ADRs pursuant to the exercise of our exchange right will not give rise to a charge to UK tax on capital gains even if such US Holder would be subject to tax on a disposal of such holder's capital securities in accordance with the tax treatment referred to in the preceding paragraphs.

A transfer of a capital security by a US Holder will not give rise to a UK tax charge on accrued but unpaid payments, unless the US Holder is an individual or other non-corporation tax payer and at any time in the relevant year of assessment or accounting period carries on a trade in the UK through a branch or agency to which the capital security is attributable.

Inheritance Tax

Capital securities held by an individual, whose domicile is determined to be the United States for purposes of the Estate Tax Treaty and who is not a national of the United Kingdom, will not be subject to United Kingdom inheritance tax on the individual's death or on a lifetime transfer of the capital securities, except in certain cases where the capital securities (i) are comprised in a settlement (unless, at the time of the settlement, the settlor was domiciled in the United States and was not a national of the United Kingdom); (ii) are part of the business property of a United Kingdom permanent establishment of an enterprise; or (iii) pertain to a United Kingdom fixed base of an individual used for the performance of independent personal services. The Estate Tax Treaty generally provides a credit against US federal tax liability for the amount of any tax paid in the United Kingdom in a case where the capital securities are subject both to United Kingdom inheritance tax and to US federal estate or gift tax.

Stamp Duty and Stamp Duty Reserve Tax (SDRT)

No UK stamp duty or SDRT is payable on the issue or transfer by delivery of the capital securities or on redemption of the capital securities.

On exercise of our exchange right, where exchange preference shares are subscribed for out of the redemption amounts payable on the capital securities, no UK stamp duty or SDRT should be payable on the deposit of the exchange preference shares in bearer form under the ADR deposit agreement. In the event SDRT is payable on the deposit of the exchange preference shares under the Deposit Agreement, we will undertake to bear the cost of this SDRT.

Exchange Preference Shares

For purposes of the New Treaty, the Prior Treaty and the Estate Tax Treaty and for purposes of the US Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, US Holders of ADRs will be treated as owners of the exchange preference shares underlying their ADSs.

Taxation of Dividends

We are not required to withhold tax at source from dividend payments we make or from any amount (including any amounts in respect of accrued dividends) we distribute on a redemption or winding up.

Cash distributions we make with respect to the exchange preference shares or ADSs will be dividends for US federal income tax purposes to the extent paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined for US federal income tax purposes. These dividends will be treated as non-US source income and will not be eligible for the dividends received deduction that is generally allowed to corporations. Under recent legislation dividends paid by us will be subject to a lower rate of tax (generally 15%) than other ordinary income for certain individual US Holders in taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2008 if (i) we are a qualified foreign corporation, or (ii) the exchange preference shares or ADSs are readily tradable on an established securities market in the United States and, in each case, certain conditions are met including that such individual US Holder (a) holds his or her exchange preference shares or ADSs without diminishing his or her risk of loss for more than 60 days during the 120-day period beginning 60 days prior to the record date for the relevant dividend, (b) is not under any obligation (whether pursuant to a short sale or otherwise) to make related payments with respect to positions in substantially similar or related property and (c) does not elect to take such dividends into account as investment income for purposes of determining his other investment interest deduction. The New York Stock Exchange will qualify as an established securities market, but there is no guidance at present as to what constitutes readily tradable for these purposes. We will be considered a qualified foreign corporation if the New Treaty is a comprehensive income tax treaty which the US Treasury Secretary determines is satisfactory for these purposes. The US Treasury Secretary has not yet made any such determination. However, in the absence of a determination by the US Treasury Secretary, the legislative history indicates that a corporation will be treated as a qualified foreign corporation if it is eligible for the benefits of a comprehensive income tax treaty that includes an exchange of information program, such as the New Treaty. As a result, we should be considered a qualified foreign corporation. You should consult your own tax advisers regarding the availability of this lower rate of tax.

New Treaty

Because payments of dividends by us to non-UK investors are not subject to a UK withholding tax, it is not necessary to apply the New Treaty in order to receive a reduced rate of withholding. Since there is no UK withholding tax on payments of dividends to US holders, US holders will not be entitled to a foreign tax credit for foreign taxes paid as a result of the payment of dividends by us.

Prior Treaty Effect of UK Tax Credit

An individual shareholder who is resident in the United Kingdom for UK tax purposes and who receives a dividend from us is entitled to claim a tax credit in the UK against its income tax liability attributable to the dividend. Although a US holder that receives a dividend from us will not be entitled to this UK tax credit, under the Prior Treaty certain US holders may treat an amount equal to this credit (the Tax Credit Amount) as a tax paid to the UK taxing authorities, for which such US holder may claim a US foreign tax credit. A US Holder that makes the election described above must include the Tax Credit Amount in its income and will generally be entitled, subject to certain limitations, to a credit against its US federal income tax liability equal to the Tax Credit Amount.

The New Treaty applies to dividend payments after May 1, 2003. However, if a US Holder would have been entitled to greater benefits under the Prior Treaty, the US Holder may elect to continue to apply the Prior Treaty until May 1, 2004.

For foreign tax credit purposes, dividends paid by us (and any Tax Credit Amount included in income) will generally constitute passive income or, in the case of certain holders, financial services income, which may be relevant depending on a US Holder's particular circumstances.

Taxation of Capital Gains

Subject to the provisions set out in the next paragraph in relation to temporary non-residents, US Holders will not normally be liable for UK tax on chargeable gains unless they carry on a trade, profession or vocation in the UK through a branch or agency and the exchange preference shares or ADSs are or have been used or held by or for the purposes of the branch or agency, in which case such US Holder might, depending on the circumstances, be liable to UK tax on chargeable gains on any disposition of the exchange preference shares or ADSs. Proposed legislation, intended to enter into force in 2003, would amend the above so that corporate US Holders would be liable to UK tax on chargeable gains if they carried on a trade or vocation through a UK permanent establishment. The proposed legislation is not final and is subject to change.

A US Holder who is an individual and who has, on or after March 17, 1998, ceased to be resident or ordinarily resident for tax purposes in the UK for a period of less than five years of assessment and who disposes of exchange preference shares or ADSs during that period may be liable to UK taxation on chargeable gains arising during the period of absence, subject to any available exemption or relief.

A US holder will, upon the sale, exchange or redemption of an exchange preference share or ADS recognize capital gain or loss for US federal income tax purposes (assuming, in the case of a redemption, that the US Holder does not own, and is not deemed to own, any of our voting shares) in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized (excluding, in the case of a redemption, any amount treated as a dividend for US federal income tax purposes) and the US holder's tax basis in the exchange preference share or ADS. Gain or loss will generally be US source.

A US Holder who is liable for both UK and US tax on a gain recognized on the disposal of an exchange preference share or ADS will generally be entitled, subject to certain limitations, to credit the UK tax against its US federal income tax liability in respect of such gain.

You should consult your tax advisors regarding the US federal income tax treatment of capital gains (which may be taxed at lower rates than ordinary income for certain taxpayers who are individuals) and losses (the deductibility of which is subject to limitations).

Estate and Gift Tax

As the ADR register is maintained in the United States ADRs will not have a UK situs and hence will be excluded from the estate of non-UK domiciled shareholders for UK inheritance tax purposes.

Exchange preference shares in bearer form physically held outside the UK should not be subject to UK inheritance tax in respect of a lifetime transfer by, or the death of, a US Holder who is neither

domiciled nor deemed to be domiciled in the UK for inheritance tax purposes. However, in relation to exchange preference shares held through DTC (or any other clearing system), the position is not free from doubt and the Inland Revenue are known to consider that the situs of securities held in this manner is not necessarily determined by the place in which the securities are physically held. If ADRs or exchange preference shares in bearer form are or become situated in the UK there may be a charge to UK inheritance tax as a result of a lifetime transfer at less than fair market value by, or on the death of, such a US Holder. However, exemption from, or a reduction of, any such UK tax liability may be available under the Estate Tax Treaty in the same manner as for capital securities. US Holders should consult their professional advisers in relation to such potential liability.

Taxation of Redemption Premium

If we redeem an exchange preference share, any excess (the premium) paid by us over the amount treated as originally subscribed for such exchange preference share on the exchange date will be treated for UK tax purposes in broadly the same manner as a dividend paid by us. The amount originally subscribed for the exchange preference share on the exchange date will be equal to the amount originally subscribed for the capital security that was exchanged for the exchange preference share.

The redemption by us of an exchange preference share will constitute a taxable transaction on which a US Holder of such exchange preference share (or ADR in respect of such exchange preference share) will generally recognize capital gain or loss for US federal income tax purposes (assuming that such US Holder does not own, and is not deemed to own, any of our ordinary shares). The amount of the gain or loss will be equal to the difference between (i) the total redemption price (excluding any amounts treated as dividends for US federal income tax purposes) and (ii) the tax basis of the exchange preference share redeemed. US Holders are advised to consult their own tax advisers as to the US federal income tax consequences of a redemption of exchange preference shares.

Stamp Duty and Stamp Duty Reserve Tax

The following is a summary of the United Kingdom stamp duty and SDRT consequences of transferring an ADR in registered form (otherwise than to the custodian on cancellation of the ADR). It does not set out the United Kingdom stamp duty or SDRT consequences of transferring, or agreeing to transfer, exchange preference shares or any interest therein or right thereto (other than interests in ADRs) on which investors should consult their own tax advisers.

A transfer of a registered ADR executed and retained in the United States will not give rise to stamp duty and an agreement to transfer a registered ADR will not give rise to SDRT.

UNDERWRITING

We and the underwriters for the offering named below (the Underwriters) have entered into an underwriting agreement and a pricing agreement with respect to the capital securities. Subject to certain conditions, the underwriters have severally agreed to purchase the principal amount of capital securities indicated opposite such Underwriter's name in the following table.

Underwriter	Principal amount of capital securities
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	\$ 107,000,000
Lehman Brothers Inc.	\$ 106,500,000
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated	\$ 106,500,000
Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated	\$ 106,500,000
Prudential Securities Incorporated	\$ 106,500,000
UBS Securities LLC	\$ 106,500,000
Wachovia Securities, Inc.	\$ 106,500,000
A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
Banc of America Securities LLC	\$ 4,250,000
Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
Charles Schwab & Co., Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
Fahnestock & Co. Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
H&R Block Financial Advisors, Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
HSBC Securities (USA) Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
J.P. Morgan Securities Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
McDonald Investments Inc., a KeyCorp Company	\$ 4,250,000
Quick & Reilly, Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
RBC Dain Rauscher Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
TD Waterhouse Investor Services, Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
U.S. Bancorp Piper Jaffray Inc.	\$ 4,250,000
Wells Fargo Van Kasper, LLC	\$ 4,250,000
ABN Amro Incorporated	\$ 1,750,000
Advest, Inc.	\$ 1,750,000
BB&T Capital Markets, a Division of Scott & Stringfellow, Inc.	\$ 1,750,000
C. L. King & Associates, Inc.	\$ 1,750,000
Credit Suisse First Boston LLC	\$ 1,750,000
Crowell, Weedon & Co.	\$ 1,750,000
D.A. Davidson & Co.	\$ 1,750,000
Davenport & Company LLC	\$ 1,750,000
Ferris, Baker Watts Incorporated	\$ 1,750,000
J.J.B. Hilliard, W.L. Lyons, Inc.	\$ 1,750,000
Janney Montgomery Scott LLC	\$ 1,750,000
Legg Mason Wood Walker, Incorporated	\$ 1,750,000
Mesirow Financial, Inc.	\$ 1,750,000
Morgan Keegan & Company, Inc.	\$ 1,750,000
NatCity Investments, Inc.	\$ 1,750,000

Underwriter	Principal amount of capital securities
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.	\$ 1,750,000
Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated	\$ 1,750,000
Ryan Beck & Co. LLC	\$ 1,750,000
Samuel A. Ramirez & Co. Inc.	\$ 1,750,000
Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P.	\$ 1,750,000
Southwest Securities, Inc.	\$ 1,750,000
Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated	\$ 1,750,000
William Blair & Company L.L.C.	\$ 1,750,000
Total	\$ 850,000,000

Capital securities sold by the Underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus supplement. Any capital securities sold by the Underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount from the initial public offering price of up to \$0.50 per capital security. Any such securities dealers may resell any capital securities purchased from the Underwriters to certain other brokers or dealers at a discount from the initial public offering price of up to \$0.45 per capital security. If all the capital securities are not sold at the initial public offering price, the Underwriters may change the offering price and the other selling terms.

We will apply to list the capital securities on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol RBS Pr Y . Trading is expected to commence on the NYSE approximately 30 days after initial delivery of the capital securities.

The capital securities are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. We have been advised by the Underwriters that the Underwriters intend to make a market in the capital securities, but they are not obligated to do so and may discontinue market-making at any time without notice. No assurance can be given as to the liquidity of the trading market for the capital securities.

It is expected that delivery of capital securities will be made against payment on or about the date specified on the cover page of this prospectus supplement, which will be the fifth business day following the date of pricing of the notes (such settlement cycle being referred to as T+5). Trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade notes on the date of pricing or the next business day will be required, by virtue of the fact that the capital securities initially will settle in T+5, to specify an alternate settlement cycle at the time of any such trade to prevent a failed settlement. Purchasers of capital securities who wish to trade on the date of pricing or the next business day should consult their own advisors.

In connection with the offering, the Underwriters may purchase and sell capital securities in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the Underwriters of a greater aggregate principal amount of capital securities than they are required to purchase from us in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the capital securities while the offering is in progress.

The Underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular Underwriter repays to the Underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the Underwriters have repurchased capital securities sold by or for the account of such Underwriter in stabilizing or short-covering transactions.

These activities by the Underwriters may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the capital securities. As a result, the price of the capital securities may be higher than the price that

otherwise may exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued by the Underwriters at any time.

We will pay certain expenses in connection with the offering, including up to \$30,000 to be paid to the underwriters as partial reimbursement of their expenses.

We have agreed to indemnify the several Underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

In the ordinary course of their respective businesses, the Underwriters and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and commercial banking transactions with us or our affiliates.

The offering is being made in compliance with the requirements of Rule 2720 of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (the NASD) because RBS Greenwich Capital and Citizens Securities, our wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries may participate in offerings under our shelf registration statement of which this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are a part. Neither entity is involved in this offering. Maximum underwriting compensation for any offering under our shelf registration statement will not exceed 8% of the offering proceeds.

All post-effective amendments or prospectus supplements disclosing actual price and selling terms will be submitted to the NASD Corporate Financing Department at the same time they are filed with the SEC. The Department will be advised if, subsequent to the filing of the offering, any 5% or greater shareholder of the issuer is or becomes an affiliate or associated person of an NASD member participating in the distribution. All NASD members participating in the offering understand the requirements that have to be met in connection SEC Rule 415 and Notice-to-Members 88-101.

Each underwriter has represented and agreed that:

it has not offered or sold and, prior to the expiry of a period of six months from the issue date of the capital securities, will not offer or sell any capital securities to persons in the United Kingdom except to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or otherwise in circumstances which have not resulted and will not result in an offer to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Public Offers of Securities Regulations 1995;

it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (FSMA)) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any capital securities in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not or would not apply to us, if we were not an authorized person; and

it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the capital securities in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

S-38

LEGAL OPINIONS

Our US counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell, and US counsel for the underwriters, Sidley Austin Brown & Wood, will pass upon certain legal matters relating to the capital securities and the exchange preference shares. Our Scottish solicitors, Dundas & Wilson C.S., will pass upon the validity of the exchange preference shares under Scots law. Our English solicitors, Linklaters, will pass upon certain matters of English law relating to the subordination provisions of the capital securities and the exchange preference shares. Sidley Austin Brown & Wood will rely upon the opinion of Dundas & Wilson C.S. with respect to matters of Scots law, and Sidley Austin Brown & Wood may rely upon certain provisions of the opinion of Linklaters with respect to certain matters of English law.

S-39

PROSPECTUS

THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP plc

By this prospectus we may offer

DEBT SECURITIES

DOLLAR PREFERENCE SHARES

TRUST PREFERRED SECURITIES to be issued by any of the RBS Trusts

up to an aggregate initial offering price of \$7,000,000,000
or the equivalent thereof.

We will provide the

specific terms of these
securities in supplements
to this prospectus. You
should read this prospectus
and the supplements
carefully before you invest.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined that this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus may not be used to sell securities unless it is accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

The date of this prospectus is May 12, 2003.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
About this Prospectus	1
Use of Proceeds	1
The Royal Bank of Scotland Group	1
The RBS Trusts	2
The RBS Limited Partnerships	2
Description of Debt Securities	3
Description of Trust Preferred Securities	15
Description of Partnership Preferred Securities	33
Description of Subordinated Notes	42
Description of Subordinated Guarantees	44
Description of Dollar Preference Shares	53
Description of American Depositary Receipts	62
Plan of Distribution	67
Legal Opinions	68
Experts	68
Expenses of the Issue	69
Enforcement of Civil Liabilities	69
Where You Can Find More Information	69
Incorporation of Documents by Reference	70

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission using a shelf registration or continuous offering process. Under this shelf process, we may sell the securities described in this prospectus in one or more offerings up to a total dollar amount of \$7,000,000,000 or the equivalent in one or more foreign currencies or currency units.

This prospectus provides you with a general description of the debt securities, trust preferred securities, partnership preferred securities, dollar preference shares and subordinated guarantees we may offer, which we will refer to collectively as the securities. Each time we sell securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement will provide information regarding certain tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the offered securities. The prospectus supplement may also add to, update or change information contained in this prospectus. If there is any inconsistency between the information in this prospectus and any prospectus supplement, you should rely on the information in that prospectus supplement. We will file each prospectus supplement with the Securities and Exchange Commission. You should read both this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, together with the additional information described under the heading Where You Can Find More Information.

The registration statement containing this prospectus, including exhibits to the registration statement, provides additional information about us and the securities offered under this prospectus. The registration statement can be read at the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) offices or obtained from the SEC's website mentioned under the heading Where You Can Find More Information.

Certain Terms

In this prospectus, the terms we and us refer to The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, the term Group or RBSG means The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and its subsidiaries, the term RBS plc means The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, the term RBS means RBS plc and its subsidiaries, the term NWB Plc means National Westminster Bank Plc and the term NatWest means NWB Plc and its subsidiaries.

We publish our consolidated financial statements in pounds sterling (£ or sterling). In this prospectus and any prospectus supplement, references to dollars and \$ are to United States dollars.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless we have disclosed a specific plan in the accompanying prospectus supplement, we will use the net proceeds from the sale of the securities offered by this prospectus in the general business of our Group and to strengthen further our Group's capital base. The Group has raised capital in various markets from time to time and we expect to continue to raise capital in appropriate markets as and when required.

THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND GROUP

The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc is a public limited company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland. Our Group is a diversified financial services group engaged in a wide range of banking, financial and finance-related activities in the United Kingdom and internationally. The Group's operations are principally centered in the UK.

The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc has two principal operating subsidiaries, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc and National Westminster Bank Plc, each of which controls, directs and promotes the operations of our various subsidiary companies. Our registered office is 36 St Andrew Square, Edinburgh EH2 2YB, Scotland and our principal place of business is 42 St Andrew Square, Edinburgh EH2 2YE, Scotland, telephone +44 131 556 8555.

THE RBS TRUSTS

Each series of trust preferred securities will be issued by a RBS Trust. Each of RBS Capital Trust I, RBS Capital Trust II, RBS Capital Trust III and RBS Capital Trust IV are statutory trusts that RBSG Capital Corporation and The Bank of New York (Delaware) formed under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act, as amended. RBSG Capital Corporation and The Bank of New York (Delaware) formed the RBS Trusts on May 10, 2002 by executing a declaration of trust and by filing a certificate of trust with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware for each RBS Trust. We will amend and restate the initial declarations of trust in their entirety substantially in the form of the Form of Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust which we filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. We will qualify each such amended and restated declaration of trust as an indenture under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. When any trust issues a series of trust preferred securities, the amended and restated declaration of trust relating to that trust will contain, and the prospectus supplement relating to that series of trust preferred securities will summarize, the terms and other provisions relating to that series of trust preferred securities. Each trust will issue only one series of trust preferred securities.

The only purposes of each trust will be to (1) issue and sell the trust securities, (2) invest in and hold the partnership preferred securities, (3) distribute payments received in respect of the partnership preferred securities, and (4) engage only in those other activities necessary or incidental thereto.

Unless the applicable prospectus supplement states otherwise, The Bank of New York will act as property trustee under each relevant amended and restated declaration of trust.

THE RBS LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS

Each series of partnership preferred securities will be issued by a RBS Capital LP. Each of RBS Capital LP I, RBS Capital LP II, RBS Capital LP III and RBS Capital LP IV are limited partnerships that RBS Capital Trust I, RBS Capital Trust II, RBS Capital Trust III and RBS Capital Trust IV, respectively, and RBSG Capital Corporation formed under the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Liability Partnership Act, as amended. The RBS Trusts and RBSG Capital Corporation formed the RBS Capital LPs on May 10, 2002 pursuant to an agreement of limited partnership and by filing a certificate of limited partnership with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware for each RBS Capital LP. We will amend and restate the initial agreement of limited partnership for each of the RBS Capital LPs in its entirety substantially in the form of the Form of Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement that we filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. Upon amendment and restatement of an agreement of limited partnership, a partnership will consist of a general partner, RBSG Capital Corporation, and two types of limited partner: the limited partners whose interests are represented by the partnership preferred securities initially held by the related trust and the priority limited partner, RBS plc. The general partner of each partnership will manage, and make an initial capital contribution to, the respective partnership. Except as otherwise set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement, the limited partners of a partnership will have no right to vote or otherwise manage the affairs of the partnership. As long as the partnership preferred securities of a partnership remain outstanding, the general partnership interest and the priority limited partnership interest of such partnership will be held by a member of the Group.

The only purposes of each partnership will be to (1) issue the partnership preferred securities, the general partnership interest and the priority limited partnership interest, (2) invest in and hold the subordinated notes issued by us and/or other eligible investments issued by a member of the Group, (3) distribute payments on the limited partnership interests and (4) engage only in those other activities necessary or incidental thereto. Each partnership agreement will prohibit the partnership from incurring any indebtedness for borrowed money or issuing any type of security other than the partnership preferred securities, the general partnership interest and the priority limited partnership interest.

DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

The following is a summary of the general terms of the debt securities. Each time that we issue debt securities, we will file a prospectus supplement with the SEC, which you should read carefully. The prospectus supplement may contain additional terms of those debt securities. The terms presented here, together with the terms contained in the prospectus supplement, will be a description of the material terms of the debt securities, but if there is any inconsistency between the terms presented here and those in the prospectus supplement, those in the prospectus supplement will apply and will replace those presented here. You should also read the indentures under which we will issue the debt securities, which we have filed with the SEC as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

All of these debt securities of any series will be our subordinated obligations. Debt securities that have no stated maturity will be issued under a capital securities indenture. Other debt securities will be issued under a subordinated debt indenture. The Bank of New York is trustee under both indentures.

General

The debt securities are not deposits and are not insured by the United States Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency of the United States or the United Kingdom.

The indentures do not limit the amount of debt securities that we may issue. We may issue debt securities in one or more series. The relevant prospectus supplement for any particular series of debt securities will describe the terms of the offered debt securities, including some or all of the following terms:

whether they are capital securities or subordinated debt securities;

their specific designation, authorized denomination and aggregate principal amount;

the price or prices at which they will be issued;

the annual interest rate or rates, or how to calculate the interest rate or rates;

the date or dates from which interest, if any, will accrue or the method, if any, by which such date or dates will be determined;

the times and places at which any interest payments are payable;

any date of maturity;

the terms of any mandatory or optional redemption, including the amount of any premium;

any modifications or additions to the events of defaults with respect to the debt securities offered;

any provisions relating to conversion or exchange for other securities issued by us;

the currency or currencies in which they are denominated and in which we will make any payments;

any index used to determine the amount of any payments on the debt securities;

any restrictions that apply to the offer, sale and delivery of the debt securities and the exchange of debt securities of one form for debt securities of another form;

whether and under what circumstances, if other than those described in this prospectus, we will pay additional amounts on the debt securities following certain developments with respect to withholding tax or information reporting laws and whether, and on what terms, if other than those described in this prospectus, we may redeem the debt securities following those developments;

the terms of any mandatory or optional exchange; and

any listing on a securities exchange.

In addition, the prospectus supplement will describe the material US federal and UK tax considerations that apply to any particular series of debt securities.

Debt securities may bear interest at a fixed rate or a floating rate. We will sell any subordinated debt securities that bear no interest, or that bear interest at a rate that at the time of issuance is below the prevailing market rate, at a discount to their stated principal amount.

Holders of debt securities shall have no voting rights except those described under **Modification and Waiver** below.

Form of Debt Securities; Book-Entry System

General

Unless the relevant prospectus supplement states otherwise, the debt securities shall initially be represented by one or more global securities in registered form, without coupons attached, and will be deposited with or on behalf of one or more depository, including, without limitation, The Depository Trust Company (**DTC**), Euroclear Bank S.A./ N.V. (**Euroclear Bank**), as operator of the Euroclear System (**Euroclear**) and/or Clearstream Banking S.A. (**Clearstream Luxembourg**), and will be registered in the name of such depository or its nominee. Unless and until the debt securities are exchanged in whole or in part for other securities that we issue or the global securities are exchanged for definitive securities, the global securities may not be transferred except as a whole by the depository to a nominee or a successor of the depository.

The debt securities may be accepted for clearance by DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg. Unless the relevant prospectus supplement states otherwise, the initial distribution of the debt securities will be cleared through DTC only. In such event, beneficial interests in the global debt securities will be shown on, and transfers thereof will be effected only through, the book-entry records maintained by DTC and its direct and indirect participants, including, as applicable, Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg.

The laws of some states may require that certain investors in securities take physical delivery of their securities in definitive form. Those laws may impair the ability of investors to own interests in book-entry securities.

So long as the depository, or its nominee, is the holder of a global debt security, the depository or its nominee will be considered the sole holder of such global debt security for all purposes under the indentures. Except as described below under **Issuance of Definitive Securities**, no participant, indirect participant or other person will be entitled to have debt securities registered in its name, receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of debt securities in definitive form or be considered the owner or holder of the debt securities under the indentures. Each person having an ownership or other interest in debt securities must rely on the procedures of the depository, and, if a person is not a participant in the depository, must rely on the procedures of the participant or other securities intermediary through which that person owns its interest to exercise any rights and obligations of a holder under the indentures or the debt securities.

Payments on the Global Debt Security

Payments of any amounts in respect of any global securities will be made by the trustee to the depository. Payments will be made to beneficial owners of debt securities in accordance with the rules and procedures of the depository or its direct and indirect participants, as applicable. Neither we nor the trustee nor any of our agents will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records of any securities intermediary in the chain of intermediaries between the depository and any beneficial owner of an interest in a global security, or the failure of the depository or any intermediary to pass through to any beneficial owner any payments that we make to the depository.

The Clearing Systems

DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg have advised us as follows:

DTC. DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a banking organization within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a clearing corporation within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a clearing agency registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC was created to hold securities of its participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of transactions among its participants in those securities through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of the participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. DTC participants include securities brokers and dealers, including parties that may act as underwriters, dealers or agents with respect to the securities, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of which, along with certain of their representatives and others, own DTC. Access to the DTC book-entry system is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly.

Euroclear. Euroclear Bank holds securities for its participants and clears and settles transactions between its participants through simultaneous electronic book-entry delivery against payment. Euroclear Bank provides various other services, including safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement and securities lending and borrowing, and interfaces with domestic markets in several countries. Securities clearance accounts and cash accounts with Euroclear Bank are governed by the Terms and Conditions Governing Use of Euroclear and the related Operating Procedures of the Euroclear System, and applicable law (collectively, the Euroclear Terms and Conditions). The Euroclear Terms and Conditions govern transfers of securities and cash within Euroclear, withdrawals of securities and cash from Euroclear, and receipts of payments with respect to securities in Euroclear.

Clearstream Luxembourg. Clearstream Luxembourg is incorporated under the laws of The Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as a professional depository. Clearstream Luxembourg holds securities for its participants and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between its participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of its participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates. Clearstream Luxembourg provides to its participants, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Clearstream Luxembourg interfaces with domestic markets in several countries.

Issuance of Definitive Securities

So long as the depository holds the global securities of a particular series of debt securities, such global securities will not be exchangeable for definitive securities of that series unless:

the depository notifies the trustee that it is unwilling or unable to continue to act as depository for the debt securities and the trustee does not appoint a successor to the depository within 120 days;

we are wound up and we fail to make a payment on the debt securities when due; or

at any time we determine in our sole discretion that the global securities of a particular series of debt securities should be exchanged for definitive debt securities of that series in registered form.

Each person having an ownership or other interest in a debt security must rely exclusively on the rules or procedures of the depository as the case may be, and any agreement with any direct or indirect participant of the depository, including Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg and their participants, as applicable, or any other securities intermediary through which that person holds its interest to receive or direct the delivery of possession of any definitive security.

Definitive debt securities will be issued in registered form only. To the extent permitted by law, we, the trustee and any paying agent shall be entitled to treat the person in whose name any definitive security is registered as its absolute owner.

Payments in respect of each series of definitive securities will be made to the person in whose name the definitive securities are registered as it appears in the register for that series of debt securities. Payments will be made in respect of the debt securities by check drawn on a bank in New York or, if the holder requests, by transfer to the holder's account in New York. Definitive securities should be presented to the paying agent for redemption.

If we issue definitive debt securities of a particular series in exchange for a particular global debt security, the depository, as holder of that global debt security, will surrender it against receipt of the definitive debt securities, cancel the book-entry debt securities of that series, and distribute the definitive debt securities of that series to the persons and in the amounts that the depository specifies.

If definitive securities are issued in the limited circumstances described above, those securities may be transferred in whole or in part in denominations of any whole number of securities upon surrender of the definitive securities certificates together with the form of transfer endorsed on it, duly completed and executed at the specified office of a paying agent. If only part of a securities certificate is transferred, a new securities certificate representing the balance not transferred will be issued to the transferor within three business days after the paying agent receives the certificate. The new certificate representing the balance will be delivered to the transferor by uninsured post at the risk of the transferor, to the address of the transferor appearing in the records of the paying agent. The new certificate representing the securities that were transferred will be sent to the transferee within three business days after the paying agent receives the certificate transferred, by uninsured post at the risk of the holder entitled to the securities represented by the certificate, to the address specified in the form of transfer.

Settlement

Initial settlement for each series of debt securities and settlement of any secondary market trades in the debt securities will be made in same-day funds. Book-entry debt securities held through DTC will settle in DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System.

Payments

We will make any payments of interest and, in the case of subordinated debt securities, principal, on any particular series of debt securities on the dates and, in the case of payments of interest, at the rate or rates, that we set out in, or that are determined by the method of calculation described in, the relevant prospectus supplement.

Subordinated Debt Securities

Unless the relevant prospectus supplement provides otherwise, if we do not make a payment on that series of subordinated debt securities on any payment date, our obligation to make that payment shall be deferred, if it is an interest payment, until the date upon which we pay a dividend on any class of our share capital and, if it is a principal payment, until the first business day after the date that falls six months after the original payment date (a *Deferred Payment Date*). If we fail to make a payment before the *Deferred Payment Date*, that failure shall not create a default or otherwise allow any holder to sue us for the payment or take any other action. Each payment that is deferred in this way will accrue interest at the rate prevailing in accordance with the terms of the series of debt securities immediately before the original payment date. Any payment deferred in this way shall not be treated as due for any purpose, including for the purposes of ascertaining whether or not a *Subordinated Debt Security Default* has occurred, until the *Deferred Payment Date*.

Capital Securities

We are not required to make payments on any series of capital securities on any payment date and if we fail to make a payment, that shall not create a default. Any payment that we do not make in respect of any series of capital securities on any applicable payment date, together with any other unpaid payments, so long as they remain unpaid, shall be Missed Payments and will accumulate until paid. Missed Payments will not bear interest.

We may choose to pay any Missed Payments in whole or in part at any time on not less than 14 days notice to the trustee, but all Missed Payments on all capital securities of a particular series outstanding at the time shall become due and payable in full upon the occurrence of an Event of Default or, subject to the solvency condition, a Capital Security Default. These terms are defined below under Events of Default and Defaults; Limitation of Remedies. If we give notice that we intend to pay all or part of the Missed Payments on the capital securities of any series, we shall be obliged, subject to the solvency condition, to do so at the time specified in our notice.

Except in a winding up, all payments on the capital securities of any series will be conditional upon our being solvent at the time of payment, and we will not make any payment unless we will still be solvent immediately afterwards. This is called the solvency condition. For this purpose, we shall be solvent if we are able to pay our debts as they fall due and our total non-consolidated assets exceed our total non-consolidated liabilities, excluding liabilities that do not constitute Senior Claims (as defined under Subordination below) except in the case of the optional redemption or repurchase of any capital securities. A report as to our solvency by a director or, in certain circumstances, our auditors shall, unless there is a manifest error, be treated and accepted by us, the trustee and any holder of capital securities as correct and sufficient evidence of solvency or insolvency. If we fail to make any payment as a result of failure to satisfy the solvency condition, that payment will constitute a Missed Payment and will accumulate with any other Missed Payments until paid. In a winding up, the amount payable on capital securities of any series will be determined in accordance with the capital security subordination provisions described under Subordination below.

You should note that if we are unable to make any payment on the capital securities of any series because we are not able to satisfy the solvency condition, the amount of any payment which we would otherwise make will be available to meet our losses.

Subordination

Subordinated Debt Securities

Unless the relevant prospectus supplement provides otherwise, in a winding up, all payments on any series of subordinated debt securities will be subordinate to, and subject in right of payment to the prior payment in full of, all claims of all of our creditors other than claims in respect of any liability that is, or is expressed to be, subordinated, whether only in the event of a winding up or otherwise, to the claims of all or any of our creditors, in the manner provided in the subordinated debt indenture.

Capital Securities

Unless the relevant prospectus supplement provides otherwise, in a winding up, the principal amount of, and payments and any Missed Payments on, any series of capital securities will be subordinate to, and subject in right of payment to the prior payment in full of, all Senior Claims. The following are Senior Claims in respect of any series of capital securities:

all claims of our unsubordinated creditors admitted in the winding up;

all claims of our creditors in respect of liabilities that are, or are expressed to be, subordinated, whether only in the event of a winding up or otherwise, to the claims of our unsubordinated creditors but not further or otherwise; and

all other claims except those that rank, or are expressed to rank, equally with or junior to the claims of any holder of capital securities of any series.

Additional senior claims, if any, may be set forth in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

If at any time an order is made or a shareholders' resolution is passed for a winding up, any amounts that would have been payable in respect of the capital securities of any series if, on and after the day immediately before the winding up began, any holder of those capital securities had been the holder of preference shares in our capital with a preferential right to a return of assets in the winding up over the holders of all other issued shares, including all classes of our preference shares, will be payable on those capital securities. These amounts will be calculated assuming that such preference shares were entitled, to the exclusion of all other rights or privileges, to receive as a return of capital an amount equal to the principal amount of the capital securities of the series then outstanding, together with all payments accrued to the date of repayment at the rate provided for in those capital securities and any Missed Payments. Accordingly, no amount will be payable in a winding up on any series of capital securities until all Senior Claims admitted in the winding up have been paid in full.

General

As a consequence of these subordination provisions, if winding up proceedings should occur, each holder may recover less ratably than the holders of our unsubordinated liabilities and, in the case of the holders of capital securities, the holders of certain of our subordinated liabilities, including the holders of subordinated debt securities. If, in any winding up, the amount payable on any series of debt securities and any claims ranking equally with that series are not paid in full, those debt securities and other claims ranking equally will share ratably in any distribution of our assets in a winding up in proportion to the respective amounts to which they are entitled. If any holder is entitled to any recovery with respect to the debt securities in any winding up or liquidation, the holder might not be entitled in those proceedings to a recovery in US dollars and might be entitled only to a recovery in pounds sterling or any other lawful currency of the UK.

In addition, because we are a holding company, our rights to participate in the assets of any subsidiary if it is liquidated will be subject to the prior claims of its creditors, including, in the case of our bank subsidiaries, their depositors, except to the extent that we may be a creditor with recognized claims against the subsidiary.

Additional Amounts

Unless the relevant prospectus supplement provides otherwise, we will pay any amounts to be paid by us on any series of debt securities without deduction or withholding for, or on account of, any and all present and future income, stamp and other taxes, levies, imposts, duties, charges, fees, deductions or withholdings imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or on behalf of the UK or any UK political subdivision or authority that has the power to tax (a UK taxing jurisdiction), unless such deduction or withholding is required by law. If at any time a UK taxing jurisdiction requires us to make such deduction or withholding, we will pay additional amounts with respect to the principal of, and payments and Missed Payments on, the debt securities (Additional Amounts) that are necessary in order that the net amounts paid to the holders of those debt securities, after the deduction or withholding, shall equal the amounts of principal and any payments and Missed Payments which would have been payable on that series of debt securities if the deduction or withholding had not been required. However, this will not apply to any tax that would not have been payable or due but for the fact that:

the holder or the beneficial owner of the debt securities is a domiciliary, national or resident of, or engaging in business or maintaining a permanent establishment or physically present in, a UK taxing jurisdiction or otherwise having some connection with the UK taxing jurisdiction other than the holding or ownership of a debt security, or the collection of any payment of, or in respect of, principal of, or any payments or Missed Payments on, any debt security of the relevant series;

except in the case of a winding up in the UK, the relevant debt security is presented (where presentation is required) for payment in the UK;

the relevant debt security is presented (where presentation is required) for payment more than 30 days after the date payment became due or was provided for, whichever is later, except to the extent that the holder would have been entitled to the Additional Amounts on presenting the debt security for payment at the close of that 30 day period;

the holder or the beneficial owner of the relevant debt security or the beneficial owner of any payment of or in respect of principal of, or any payments or Missed Payments on, the debt security failed to comply with a request by us or our liquidator or other authorized person addressed to the holder to provide information concerning the nationality, residence or identity of the holder or the beneficial owner or to make any declaration or other similar claim to satisfy any information requirement, which is required or imposed by a statute, treaty, regulation or administrative practice of a UK taxing jurisdiction as a precondition to exemption from all or part of the tax;

the withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to or for the benefit of an individual and is required to be made pursuant to any European Union Directive on the taxation of savings implementing the proposal for a Directive presented by the EU Commission on December 13, 2001 or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such directive;

the relevant debt security is presented (where presentation is required) for payment by or on behalf of a holder who would have been able to avoid such withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant debt security to another paying agent in a Member State of the European Union; or

any combination of the above items;

nor shall Additional Amounts be paid with respect to the principal of, and payments and Missed Payments on, the debt securities to any holder who is a fiduciary or partnership or settlor with respect to such fiduciary or a member of such partnership other than the sole beneficial owner of such payment to the extent such payment would be required by the laws of any taxing jurisdiction to be included in the income for tax purposes of a beneficiary or partner or settlor with respect to such fiduciary or a member of such partnership or a beneficial owner who would not have been entitled to such Additional Amounts, had it been the holder.

Whenever we refer in this prospectus and any prospectus supplement, in any context, to the payment of the principal of or any payments, or any Missed Payments on, or in respect of, any debt security of any series, we mean to include the payment of Additional Amounts to the extent that, in the context, Additional Amounts are, were or would be payable.

Redemption

Unless the relevant prospectus supplement provides otherwise and, in the case of capital securities, if the solvency condition is satisfied, we will have the option to redeem the debt securities of any series as a whole upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice, on any payment date, at a redemption price equal to 100% of their principal amount together with any accrued but unpaid payments of interest, and all Missed Payments in the case of Capital Securities, to the redemption date, or, in the case of discount securities, their accreted face amount, together with any accrued interest, if any of the following events occurs:

we determine that as a result of a change in or amendment to the laws or regulations of a UK taxing jurisdiction, including any treaty to which it is a party, or a change in an official application or interpretation of those laws or regulations, including a decision of any court or tribunal, which becomes effective on or after the date of the applicable prospectus supplement:

in making any payments or Missed Payments on the particular series of debt securities, we have paid or will or would on the next payment date be required to pay Additional Amounts;

payments, including Missed Payments, on the next payment date in respect of any of the series of debt securities would be treated as distributions within the meaning of Section 209 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 of the UK, or any statutory modification or re-enactment of the Act; or

on the next payment date we would not be entitled to claim a deduction in respect of the payments in computing our UK taxation liabilities, or the value of the deduction to us would be materially reduced.

In each case we shall be required, before we give a notice of redemption, to deliver to the trustee a written legal opinion of independent UK counsel of recognized standing, selected by us, in a form satisfactory to the trustee confirming that we are entitled to exercise our right of redemption.

The relevant prospectus supplement will specify whether or not we may redeem the debt securities of any series, in whole or in part, at our option, in any other circumstances and, if so, the prices and any premium at which and the dates on which we may do so. In the case of capital securities, redemption will only be allowed if the solvency condition is satisfied. Any notice of redemption of debt securities of any series will state, among other items:

the redemption date;

the amount of debt securities to be redeemed if less than all of the series is to be redeemed;

the redemption price;

that the redemption price will, subject to the solvency condition, become due and payable on the redemption date and that payments will cease to accrue on such date; and

the place or places at which each holder may obtain payment of the redemption price.

In the case of a partial redemption, the trustee shall select the debt securities to be redeemed in any manner which it deems fair and appropriate.

We or any of our subsidiaries may at any time and from time to time purchase debt securities of any series in the open market or by tender (available to each holder of debt securities of the relevant series) or by private agreement, if applicable law allows and if, in the case of capital securities, the solvency condition is satisfied. Any debt securities of any series that we purchase beneficially for our own account, other than in connection with dealing in securities, will be treated as cancelled and will no longer be issued and outstanding.

Under existing UK Financial Services Authority requirements, we may not make any redemption or repurchase of any debt securities beneficially for our own account, other than a repurchase in connection with dealing in securities, unless the UK Financial Services Authority consents in advance. The UK Financial Services Authority may impose conditions on any redemption or repurchase.

Modification and Waiver

We and the trustee may make certain modifications and amendments of the applicable indenture with respect to any series of debt securities without the consent of the holders of the debt securities. We may make other modifications and amendments with the consent of the holder or holders of not less than 66 2/3% in aggregate principal amount of the debt securities of the series outstanding under the indenture that are affected by the modification or amendment, voting as one class. However, we may not make any modification or amendment without the consent of the holder of each debt security affected that would:

change the stated maturity of the principal amount of any subordinated debt security or the terms of any capital security to include a stated maturity date;

reduce the principal amount of or the payments or any Missed Payments with respect to any debt security;

change our obligation (or our successor s) to pay Additional Amounts;

change the currency of payment;

impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment due and payable;

reduce the percentage in aggregate principal amount of outstanding debt securities of the series necessary to modify or amend the indenture or to waive compliance with certain provisions of the indenture and any past Event of Default, Subordinated Debt Security Default or Capital Security Default;

modify the subordination provisions or the terms of our obligations in respect of the due and punctual payment of the amounts due and payable on the debt securities in a manner adverse to the holders; or

modify the above requirements.

In addition, material variations in the terms and conditions of debt securities of any series, including modifications relating to subordination, redemption, Events of Default, Subordinated Debt Security Defaults, Capital Security Defaults or Capital Security Payment Events, may require the consent of the UK Financial Services Authority.

Events of Default and Defaults; Limitation of Remedies

Events of Default

Unless the relevant prospectus supplement provides otherwise, if (i) a court of competent jurisdiction makes an order which is not successfully appealed within 30 days or (ii) an effective shareholders' resolution is validly adopted, for our winding up, other than under or in connection with a scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction not involving a bankruptcy or insolvency, that order or resolution will constitute an Event of Default with respect to the debt securities of each series. If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the trustee or the holder or holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each series may declare the principal amount of, any accrued but unpaid payments (or, in the case of discount securities, the accreted face amount, together with any accrued interest), and any Missed Payments, on the debt securities of the series to be due and payable immediately in accordance with the terms of the indenture. However, after this declaration but before the trustee obtains a judgment or decree for payment of money due, the holder or holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the series may rescind the declaration of acceleration and its consequences, but only if all Events of Default have been remedied and all payments due, other than those due as a result of acceleration, have been made.

Subordinated Debt Security Defaults

Unless the relevant prospectus supplement provides otherwise, it shall be a Subordinated Debt Security Default with respect to any series of subordinated debt securities if:

any installment of interest upon any subordinated debt security of that series is not paid on or before its Deferred Payment Date and such failure continues for 14 days; or

all or any part of the principal of any subordinated debt security of that series is not paid on its Deferred Payment Date, or when it otherwise becomes due and payable, whether upon redemption or otherwise, and such failure continues for 7 days.

If a Subordinated Debt Security Default occurs and is continuing, the trustee may pursue all legal remedies available to it, including commencing a proceeding for our winding up in England or Scotland (but not elsewhere), but the trustee may not declare the principal amount of any outstanding subordinated debt security due and payable. However, failure to make any payment on a series of subordinated debt securities shall not be a Subordinated Debt Security Default if it is withheld or refused in order to comply with any applicable fiscal or other law or regulation or order of any court of competent jurisdiction, or if

there is doubt as to the validity or applicability of any law, regulation or order, in accordance with advice given at any time before the expiry of the applicable 14-day or 7-day period by independent legal advisers acceptable to the trustee. In the second case, the trustee may require us to take action (including proceedings for a court declaration) to resolve the doubt, if counsel advises it that such action is appropriate and reasonable in the circumstances, in which case we shall immediately take and expeditiously proceed with the action and shall be bound by any final resolution of the doubt. If any such action results in a determination that the relevant payment can be made without violating any applicable law, regulation or order then the payment shall become due and payable on the expiration of the applicable 14-day or 7-day period after the trustee gives written notice to us informing us of such determination.

By accepting a subordinated debt security, each holder and the trustee will be deemed to have waived any right of set-off, counterclaim or combination of accounts with respect to the subordinated debt securities or the applicable indenture (or between our obligations under or in respect of any subordinated debt security and any liability owed by a holder or the trustee to us) that they might otherwise have against us, whether before or during our winding up.

Capital Security Defaults

Unless the relevant prospectus supplement provides otherwise, it shall be a Capital Security Default with respect to any series of capital securities if:

we fail to pay or to set aside a sum to provide for payment of any Missed Payments on or prior to the date upon which a dividend is paid on any class of our share capital, or we make a redemption or repurchase of any other capital securities of the same series other than a repurchase in connection with dealing in securities, and such failure continues for 30 days; or

we fail to pay or to set aside a sum to provide for payment of the principal amount, any accrued but unpaid payments and any Missed Payments on the date fixed for redemption of the capital security and such failure continues for 7 days.

If any Capital Security Default shall occur and is continuing, the trustee may pursue all legal remedies available to it, including commencing a judicial proceeding for the collection of the sums due and unpaid or a proceeding for our winding up in England or Scotland (but not elsewhere), but the trustee may not declare the principal amount of any outstanding capital security to be due and payable. If we fail to make payment as described above and the solvency condition is not satisfied at the end of the 30-day or 7-day period following that failure, it shall not create a Capital Security Default but instead shall create a Capital Security Payment Event. On a Capital Security Payment Event, the trustee may institute proceedings in England or Scotland (but not elsewhere) for our winding up but may not pursue any other legal remedy, including a judicial proceeding for the collection of the sums due and unpaid.

By accepting a capital security, each holder and the trustee will be deemed to have waived any right of set-off, counterclaim or combination of accounts with respect to the capital securities or the applicable indenture (or between our obligations under or in respect of any capital securities and any liability owed by a holder or the trustee to us) that they might otherwise have against us, whether before or during our winding up.

General

The holder or holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the debt securities of any series may waive any past Event of Default, Subordinated Debt Security Default, Capital Security Default or Capital Security Payment Event with respect to the series, except an Event of Default, Subordinated Debt Security Default or Capital Security Default in respect of the payment of principal of or payments or Missed Payments on, any debt security or a covenant or provision of the applicable indenture which cannot be modified or amended without the consent of each holder of debt securities of such series.

Subject to the provisions of the applicable indenture relating to the duties of the trustee, if an Event of Default, Subordinated Debt Security Default, Capital Security Default or Capital Security Payment Event occurs and is continuing with respect to the debt securities of any series, the trustee will be under no obligation to any holder or holders of the debt securities of the series, unless they have offered reasonable indemnity to the trustee. Subject to the indenture provisions for the indemnification of the trustee, the holder or holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of any series shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee with respect to the series, if the direction is not in conflict with any rule of law or with the applicable indenture and the trustee does not determine that the action would be unjustly prejudicial to the holder or holders of any debt securities of any series not taking part in that direction. The trustee may take any other action that it deems proper which is not inconsistent with that direction.

The indentures provide that the trustee will, within 90 days after the occurrence of an Event of Default, Subordinated Debt Security Default, Capital Security Default or Capital Security Payment Event with respect to the debt securities of any series, give to each holder of the debt securities of the affected series notice of the Event of Default, Subordinated Debt Security Default, Capital Security Default, or Capital Security Payment Event known to it, unless the Event of Default, Subordinated Debt Security Default, Capital Security Default or Capital Security Payment Event has been cured or waived. However, the trustee shall be protected in withholding notice if it determines in good faith that withholding notice is in the interest of the holders.

We are required to furnish to the trustee annually a statement as to our compliance with all conditions and covenants under the indenture.

Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets; Assumption

We may, without the consent of the holders of any of the debt securities, consolidate with, merge into or transfer or lease our assets substantially as an entirety to, any person, provided that any successor corporation formed by any consolidation or amalgamation, or any transferee or lessee of our assets, is a company organized under the laws of any part of the United Kingdom that assumes our obligations on the debt securities and under the applicable indenture, and that certain other conditions are met.

Subject to applicable law and regulation, any of our wholly-owned subsidiaries may assume our obligations under the debt securities of any series without the consent of any holder, provided that we unconditionally guarantee, on a subordinated basis in substantially the manner described under Subordination above, the obligations of the subsidiary under the debt securities of that series. If we do, all of our direct obligations under the debt securities of the series and the applicable indenture shall immediately be discharged. Any Additional Amounts under the debt securities of the series will be payable in respect of taxes imposed by the jurisdiction in which the assuming subsidiary is incorporated, subject to exceptions equivalent to those that apply to any obligation to pay Additional Amounts in respect of taxes imposed by any UK taxing jurisdiction, rather than taxes imposed by any UK taxing jurisdiction. However, if we make payment under the guarantee, we shall be required to pay Additional Amounts related to taxes, subject to the exceptions described in Additional Amounts above, imposed by any UK taxing jurisdiction by reason of the guarantee payment. The subsidiary that assumes our obligations will also be entitled to redeem the debt securities of the relevant series in the circumstances described in Redemption above with respect to any change or amendment to, or change in the application or official interpretation of, the laws or regulations (including any treaty) of the assuming subsidiary's jurisdiction of incorporation which occurs after the date of the assumption. However, the determination of whether the solvency condition has been satisfied shall continue to be made with reference to The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, unless applicable law requires otherwise.

An assumption of our obligations under the debt securities of any series might be deemed for US federal income tax purposes to be an exchange of those debt securities for new debt securities by each beneficial owner, resulting in a recognition of taxable gain or loss for those purposes and possibly certain

other adverse tax consequences. You should consult your tax advisor regarding the US federal, state and local income tax consequences of an assumption.

Governing Law

The debt securities and the indentures will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except that, as the indentures specify, the subordination provisions of each series of debt securities and the indentures will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of England.

Notices

All notices to holders of registered debt securities shall be validly given if in writing and mailed, first-class postage prepaid, to them at their respective addresses in the register maintained by the trustee.

The Trustee

The Bank of New York is trustee under the indentures. The trustee shall have and be subject to all the duties and responsibilities specified with respect to an indenture trustee under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Subject to the provisions of the Trust Indenture Act, the trustee is under no obligation to exercise any of the powers vested in it by the indentures at the request of any holder of notes, unless offered reasonable indemnity by the holder against the costs, expense and liabilities which might be incurred thereby. We and certain of our subsidiaries maintain deposit accounts and conduct other banking transactions with The Bank of New York in the ordinary course of our business. The Bank of New York is also the book-entry depository with respect to certain of our debt securities and the depository with respect to the ADSs representing certain of our preference shares, and trustee with respect to certain of our exchangeable capital securities.

Consent to Service of Process

Under the indentures, we irrevocably designate CT Corporation System as our authorized agent for service of process in any legal action or proceeding arising out of or relating to the indentures or any debt securities brought in any federal or state court in The City of New York, New York and we irrevocably submit to the jurisdiction of those courts.

DESCRIPTION OF TRUST PREFERRED SECURITIES

The following is a summary of the general terms of the trust preferred securities that will apply to each series of trust preferred securities. Each time that a series of trust preferred securities is issued, we will file a prospectus supplement with the SEC, which you should read carefully. The prospectus supplement may contain additional terms of those trust preferred securities. The terms presented here, together with the terms contained in the prospectus supplement, will be a description of the material terms relating to a particular series of trust preferred securities. If there is any inconsistency between the terms presented here and those in the prospectus supplement, those in the prospectus supplement will apply and will replace those presented here. You should also read the relevant trust's certificate of trust and declaration of trust and the form of the amended and restated declaration of trust under which the trust will issue a particular series of trust preferred securities, which we have filed with the SEC as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

The trust preferred securities will be issued by RBS Capital Trust I, RBS Capital Trust II, RBS Capital Trust III or RBS Capital Trust IV, each of which is a Delaware statutory trust. The description that follows is applicable to each trust and the trust preferred securities issued by such trust.

General

When a trust issues a series of trust preferred securities, its declaration of trust will contain, and the prospectus supplement relating to that series will summarize, the terms and other provisions relating to that series of trust preferred securities. Each trust will issue only one series of trust preferred securities. Each declaration of trust will be qualified as an indenture under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, The Bank of New York will act as property trustee under each declaration of trust.

Each series of trust preferred securities will represent undivided beneficial interests in the assets of the applicable trust. The holders of the trust preferred securities will be entitled to a preference in certain circumstances regarding distributions from the trust and amounts payable on redemption or liquidation over the corresponding series of trust common securities, as well as other benefits as described in the relevant declaration of trust.

Each time a trust issues a series of trust preferred securities, the prospectus supplement relating to that series will describe the terms of the offered trust preferred securities, including some or all of the following terms:

the distinctive designation of the trust preferred securities;

the number of trust preferred securities issued by the trust and the liquidation preference of each such trust preferred security;

the annual distribution rate (or method of determining such rate) for trust preferred securities issued by the trust and the date or dates upon which such distributions will be payable;

the amount or amounts which will be paid out of the assets of the trust to the holders of trust preferred securities upon voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution, winding up or termination of the trust;

any obligation or right of the trust to purchase or redeem trust preferred securities issued by the trust and the price or prices at which, the period or periods within which and the terms and conditions upon which trust preferred securities will be purchased or redeemed, in whole or in part, pursuant to such obligation or right;

any voting rights of trust preferred securities issued by the trust in addition to those required by law, including the number of votes per trust preferred security and any requirement for the approval by the holders of trust preferred securities as a condition to specified action or amendments to the declaration of trust;

any conversion or exchange provisions, or any redemption provisions in addition to or in lieu of those described in this prospectus; and

any other relevant rights, preferences, privileges, limitations or restrictions of trust preferred securities issued by the trust, consistent with the declaration of trust and with applicable law.

In addition, the prospectus supplement will describe the material US federal and UK tax considerations that apply to any particular series of trust preferred securities.

Unless the applicable prospectus supplement states otherwise, each trust may, without the consent of the holders of a series of trust preferred securities, issue additional trust preferred securities of that series and purchase additional partnership preferred securities with the proceeds of any such issue. Any additional trust preferred securities of a series will have the same terms and provisions as the other trust preferred securities of that series, and will constitute a further issuance of that series. There is no limitation on the amount of trust preferred securities of a series that the partnership may issue, and the holders of that trust preferred securities will have no pre-emptive or similar rights with respect to any other securities of the trust.

Distributions

Each trust will make distribution payments on its series of trust preferred securities to the extent the corresponding partnership has made distribution payments on the corresponding series of partnership preferred securities. Distributions will be payable at the rate set forth in the prospectus supplement and will be non-cumulative unless otherwise stated in the applicable prospectus supplement. See also [Description of Partnership Preferred Securities Distributions](#) .

All trust preferred securities will be guaranteed on a subordinated basis by us to the extent set forth in the section of this prospectus entitled [Description of Subordinated Guarantees](#) below and in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Limitations on Distributions

Unless the applicable prospectus supplement indicates otherwise, distributions on each series of trust preferred securities will be payable unless and to the extent that the relevant partnership has received a [no distribution instruction](#) or a [partial distribution instruction](#) from us with respect to a specific distribution payment on the corresponding series of partnership preferred securities. Amounts not paid on the trust preferred securities as a result of such instructions or non-payment are not due or payable in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities. See [Description of Partnership Preferred Securities Distributions Limitations on Distributions](#) .

Additional Amounts

Unless the applicable prospectus supplement indicates otherwise, each trust will make all payments on its respective trust preferred securities without deduction or withholding for, or on account of, any and all present and future income, stamp and other taxes, levies, imposts, duties, charges, fees, deductions or withholdings imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or on behalf of a UK taxing jurisdiction or a taxing jurisdiction in the United States (a [US taxing jurisdiction](#)), unless such deduction or withholding is required by law. If at any time a UK taxing jurisdiction or a US taxing jurisdiction (each a [Relevant taxing jurisdiction](#)) requires the trust to make such deduction or withholding, the trust will pay or procure the payment of such additional amounts that are necessary in order that the net amounts paid to the holders of the trust preferred securities, after the deduction or withholding, shall equal the amounts which would have been payable to holders of the trust preferred securities if the deduction or withholding had not been required; *provided* that such payment shall be subject to the trust's receipt of distributions on the partnership preferred securities for such purpose; *provided further* that, if any such additional amounts are not paid by the trust, holders of the trust preferred securities shall have a claim therefore pursuant to

the terms of the trust securities subordinated guarantee. However, this will not apply to any tax that would not have been payable or due but for the fact that:

the holder or the beneficial owner of the trust preferred securities is a domiciliary, national or resident of, or engaging in business or maintaining a permanent establishment or physically present in, a Relevant taxing jurisdiction or otherwise having some connection with the Relevant taxing jurisdiction other than the holding or beneficial ownership of trust preferred securities of the relevant series;

the relevant trust preferred security is presented (where presentation is required) for payment in the Relevant taxing jurisdiction;

the relevant trust preferred security is presented (where presentation is required) for payment more than 30 days after the date payment became due or was provided for, whichever is later, except to the extent that the holder would have been entitled to the additional amounts on presenting the trust preferred security for payment at the close of that 30 day period;

the holder or the beneficial owner of the trust preferred securities has failed to provide information concerning the nationality, residency or identity of the holder or the beneficial owner or to make any declaration or other similar claim to satisfy any information requirement, which is required or imposed by a statute, treaty, regulation or administrative practice of a Relevant taxing jurisdiction as a precondition to exemption from all or part of the tax;

the withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to or for the benefit of an individual and is required to be made pursuant to any European Union Directive on the taxation of savings implementing the proposal for a Directive presented by the EU Commission on December 13, 2001 or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such directive;

the relevant trust preferred security is presented (where presentation is required) for payment by or on behalf of a holder who would have been able to avoid such withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant trust preferred security to another paying agent in a Member State of the European Union; or

any combination of the above items;

nor shall additional amounts described in this paragraph be paid with respect to payments on the trust preferred securities to any holder who is a fiduciary or partnership or settlor with respect to such fiduciary or a member of such partnership other than the sole beneficial owner of such payment to the extent such payment would be required by the laws of any taxing jurisdiction to be included in the income for tax purposes of a beneficiary or partner or settlor with respect to such fiduciary or a member of such partnership or a beneficial owner who would not have been entitled to such additional amounts, had it been the holder.

Any reference in this prospectus or the applicable prospectus supplement, in any context, to the payment of distributions or any payments on, or in respect of, any series of trust preferred securities, includes the payment of additional amounts to the extent that, in the context, such additional amounts are, were or would be payable.

Redemption of Trust Preferred Securities

The trust preferred securities are perpetual securities and have no maturity date. The trust preferred securities are not redeemable at the option of the holders at any time. In the event that a series of partnership preferred securities is redeemed as described under *Description of Partnership Preferred Securities* *Redemption of Partnership Preferred Securities* , the corresponding series of trust preferred securities will likewise be redeemed for an amount per trust preferred security equal to the redemption price of the applicable partnership preferred securities.

If the trust preferred securities are redeemed in part, so long as the trust preferred securities are held by DTC, or its nominee, in the form of one or more global securities, the trust preferred securities will be redeemed pro rata in accordance with the requirements of DTC. If the trust preferred securities are not held in book-entry form, the property trustee will determine the number of trust preferred securities to be redeemed. The property trustee will determine the trust preferred securities to be called by lot or pro rata in its sole equitable discretion. However, the method used by the property trustee must satisfy the applicable requirements (including publication requirements) of any securities exchange or automated quotation system on which the trust preferred securities may then be listed or quoted.

Notice of any redemption shall be made in accordance with the rules and procedures of the stock exchange upon which the trust preferred securities are listed. If the trust preferred securities are to be redeemed in part only, the notice of redemption will state the proportion to be redeemed.

If trust preferred securities in book-entry form are redeemed, the registrar will write down the relevant global certificate(s) to reflect the redemption in whole or in part of the trust preferred securities. In the case of trust preferred securities in definitive registered form, a new definitive certificate in a principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion of each trust preferred security will be issued to the relevant holder. This will take place upon delivery of the existing certificate to the registrar or any transfer agent for cancellation. Certificates will be available from the offices of the paying agent or any transfer agent or (at the risk and, if mailed at the request of the relevant holder otherwise than by ordinary uninsured mail, at the expense of that holder) sent by mail to the relevant holder.

Subject to our Articles of Association, the special rights of any of our shares, and the provisions of applicable law, including the US federal securities laws, we or any of our subsidiaries may at any time and from time to time, purchase trust preferred securities of any series in the open market or by tender (available to each holder of debt securities of the relevant series) or by private agreement, in each case upon the terms and conditions that our board of directors or an authorized committee of our board of directors shall determine.

Under existing UK Financial Services Authority requirements, we may not redeem or repurchase any trust preferred securities beneficially for our own account, other than a repurchase in connection with dealing in securities, unless the UK Financial Services Authority consents in advance in writing. The UK Financial Services Authority may impose conditions on any redemption or repurchase.

Any notice of redemption will be irrevocable. If the redemption price in respect of any trust preferred securities is improperly withheld or refused and is not paid by us, distributions on such trust preferred securities will continue to accrue in accordance with their terms until the redemption price is actually paid.

Procedures for the Redemption of Trust Preferred Securities

Any notice that the trust will redeem trust preferred securities will be irrevocable. By 12:00 noon, New York City time, on the redemption date, provided that we or the partnership, as applicable, have paid the property trustee cash in the amount required to redeem the partnership preferred securities, the property trustee:

if the trust preferred securities are in book-entry form, will irrevocably deposit with DTC funds sufficient to pay the redemption amount and will give DTC irrevocable instructions and authority to pay the redemption amount for the trust preferred securities held through DTC in book-entry form, or

if the trust preferred securities are not in book-entry form, will irrevocably deposit with a paying agent for the trust preferred securities funds sufficient to pay the redemption price for any trust preferred securities in certificated form and will give the paying agents irrevocable instructions and authority to pay that amount to the holders on surrender of their trust preferred securities.

If notice of an early call or redemption shall have been given and funds deposited as required, then, immediately prior to the close of business on the date of the deposit, all rights of holders of the trust

preferred securities called for redemption will cease, except their right to receive the redemption price without interest.

Liquidation or Dissolution

Liquidation Upon a Trust Liquidation Event

If a trust liquidation event (as defined below) occurs and the trust is unable to reverse such trust liquidation event within 90 days by taking administrative action, or pursuing any reasonable measure that in the sole judgment of the holder of the trust common securities will have no adverse effect on us, the trust, the partnership or the holders of the trust preferred securities, the trust administrator may dissolve the trust. If it does so, after we satisfy creditors of the trust, if any, as required by applicable law, the trust will distribute partnership preferred securities to the holders of the trust preferred securities on a pro rata basis in an aggregate liquidation preference equal to the aggregate liquidation preference of the trust preferred securities. If the trust distributes the partnership preferred securities, the partnership preferred securities will be held through DTC and they will be subject to the same DTC provisions as the trust preferred securities with respect to transfer and exchange.

A trust liquidation event means the occurrence of either (i) a trust tax event or (ii) an investment company event.

A trust tax event means we determine that any of the events described in the bulleted items below has occurred:

in making any payments on the trust preferred securities, the trust has paid or will or would on the next distribution payment date be required to pay additional amounts on such securities; or

the trust has been, is or will be subject to tax in the United States or the United Kingdom.

In the case of liquidation upon the occurrence of a trust tax event, we shall be required, before we give a notice of liquidation, to deliver to the trust administrator a written legal opinion of independent US or UK counsel of nationally recognized standing, as applicable, selected by us, in a form satisfactory to the trust administrator confirming that we are entitled to exercise our liquidation right.

An investment company event means that we shall have requested and received an opinion of a nationally recognized US law firm experienced in such matters to the effect that there is more than an insubstantial risk that the trust is or will be required to register as an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 or any successor legislation, as a result of:

any judicial decision, any pronouncement or interpretation (irrespective of the manner made known), or change in practice, the adoption or amendment of any law, rule or regulation, any notice or announcement (including any notice or announcement of intent to adopt such rule or regulation) after the date of issuance of the relevant series of trust preferred securities by any US legislative body, court, governmental agency or regulatory authority, or

any change after the date of issuance of the relevant series of trust preferred securities in the laws of the United Kingdom relating to the enforceability of either of the subordinated guarantees thereunder, as confirmed in an opinion of a nationally recognized English law firm experienced in such matters.

A trust liquidation event, absent a simultaneous partnership special redemption event or partnership liquidation event, will not result in either the liquidation of the partnership or the redemption of any partnership preferred securities.

Liquidation of Trust Upon Substitution of Trust Preferred Securities for Dollar Preference Shares

If at any time

the partnership is liquidated, dissolved, wound up or terminated (where no order has been made or effective resolution passed for our winding up);

the UK Financial Services Authority requires us to effect a substitution because the capital adequacy requirements of the UK Financial Services Authority then applicable to us and/or any of our subsidiaries are not or would not be met; or

following the occurrence of a partnership special redemption event, we elect in our discretion to effect such substitution (each, a substitution event),

we will undertake, pursuant to the subordinated guarantees, to use reasonable efforts to implement the corporate steps necessary to (i) effect the substitution of the trust preferred securities for dollar preference shares which we will issue and which will have equivalent liquidation preference and which will bear dividends at the distribution rate applicable to the partnership preferred securities and will have the rights and preferences described in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement; *provided, however*, that no additional amounts will be payable with respect to withholding taxes, if any, imposed on the dollar preference shares, (ii) register the dollar preference shares under the Securities Act, and (iii) obtain a listing of the dollar preference shares on the New York Stock Exchange or a similarly recognized exchange.

We will also undertake to pay any stamp duty, stamp duty reserve tax and other duties imposed in connection with the allotment and issuance of the dollar preference shares into the ADR depositary arrangement. See Description of Dollar Preference Shares below.

To effect the substitution of the trust preferred securities for dollar preference shares pursuant to the subordinated guarantees, we will take, or procure the taking of, such actions as shall be necessary to (i) exchange the subordinated notes (or eligible investments, as the case may be) for dollar preference shares, (ii) dissolve the partnership (such dissolution to occur at the time the dollar preference shares are distributed to the trust), and (iii) dissolve the trust (such dissolution to occur at the time the dollar preference shares are distributed to the holders of the trust preferred securities). Dollar preference shares represented by American Depositary Shares (ADSs) evidenced by American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) will be distributed to the holders of the trust preferred securities on a pro rata basis in an aggregate liquidation preference equal to the aggregate liquidation preference of the trust preferred securities.

The dollar preference shares will be represented by a single certificate and will be represented by ADSs of a corresponding series evidenced by ADRs. If in registered form, the certificate representing the dollar preference shares will be issued to the ADR depositary and if in bearer form, the certificate will be deposited with the ADR depositary under the ADR deposit agreement. Additional terms and conditions of the dollar preference shares and the ADSs may be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

If, at the time of the dissolution and liquidation of the trust and distribution of dollar preference shares represented by ADSs as set out above, the trust preferred securities are in book-entry form, it is envisaged that ADSs will be delivered to, and held by, holders of the trust preferred securities through DTC. If, at such time, the trust preferred securities are not in book-entry form, it is envisaged that the ADSs will be distributed directly to holders of the trust preferred securities.

Payments on the dollar preference shares will not be guaranteed by us or any other person.

Dissolution of the Trust

Under the terms of the declaration of trust, the trust will also dissolve:

upon our winding up, bankruptcy, insolvency or dissolution,

upon the dissolution of the partnership,

upon the entry of a decree of judicial dissolution of the trust,

when all the trust preferred securities have been called for redemption and amounts necessary for their redemption have been paid to the holders in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities,

upon the election of the trust administrator, following the occurrence and continuation of a trust liquidation event,

following the occurrence of a substitution event and the distribution of dollar preference shares to the holders of the trust preferred securities, or

with the consent of a majority in liquidation amount of the trust securities whose consent must be sought together as a single class by the trust.

In the event of any voluntary or involuntary dissolution of the trust, after the trust has satisfied liabilities to any creditors, holders of the trust preferred securities will be entitled to receive:

an amount equal to the aggregate liquidation preference of the trust preferred securities, plus an amount equal to any unpaid distributions payable in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities (without interest) and any accrued distributions for the then-current distribution period accrued at the stated rate on a daily basis (or, if such rate has not yet been established, the rate for the next preceding period), through the date of payment, which we refer to as the liquidation distribution, except that the entitlement of holders to receive the liquidation distribution in full shall be subject to the same limitations as those which apply in respect of the partnership preferred securities if we are being wound up (see Description of Partnership Preferred Securities Rights Upon Liquidation below),

upon a trust liquidation event, partnership preferred securities in an aggregate liquidation preference equal to the aggregate liquidation preference of the trust preferred securities to be redeemed in connection with the trust liquidation event (see Liquidation Upon a Trust Liquidation Event above), or

upon a substitution event, dollar preference shares represented by ADSs in an aggregate liquidation preference equal to the aggregate liquidation preference of the trust preferred securities to be exchanged in connection with the substitution (see Liquidation of Trust Upon Substitution of Trust Preferred Securities for Dollar Preference Shares above).

Upon any liquidation, if the liquidation distribution can be paid only in part because the trust has insufficient assets available to pay the aggregate liquidation distribution in full, then the amount payable by the trust on the trust preferred securities shall be paid on a pro rata basis. Any such insufficiency will be payable by us only to the extent provided in the trust securities subordinated guarantee.

An investment in the trust preferred securities is intended to provide holders with rights to distributions and liquidation preference as nearly as possible equivalent to those to which they would have been entitled if they had purchased non-cumulative preference shares issued directly by us with economic terms equivalent to the trust preferred securities and the subordinated guarantees, taken together.

Rights and Remedies of Holders of Trust Preferred Securities

Upon non-payment when due and payable under the trust preferred securities or the trust securities subordinated guarantee,

the holders of the trust preferred securities will have the right to take remedial action upon any failure by the trust to make any distribution payment when due and payable, subject to any applicable grace periods set forth in the declaration of trust, that has occurred and is continuing;

the property trustee, as the holder of the partnership preferred securities for the benefit of the trust and the holders of the trust preferred securities and trust common securities, will have the right to

enforce the terms of the partnership preferred securities, including the rights of the holders of the partnership preferred securities to receive distributions; and

the guarantee trustee will have the right to enforce the terms of the trust securities subordinated guarantee.

Should the partnership fail to make any payment when due, holders of trust preferred securities may rely on the enforcement by the property trustee of the trust s rights as a holder of the partnership preferred securities or by the guarantee trustee pursuant to the subordinated guarantees. The holders of a majority in liquidation preference of the trust preferred securities will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the property trustee or the guarantee trustee or to direct the exercise of any trust or power conferred upon the property trustee or the guarantee trustee under the declaration of trust or the partnership preferred securities guarantee, including the right to direct the property trustee or the guarantee trustee to exercise the remedies available to it.

If the property trustee or the guarantee trustee fails to enforce its rights under the partnership preferred securities or the subordinated guarantees after a holder of trust preferred securities has made written request, such holder of trust preferred securities may, to the extent permitted by applicable law, institute a legal proceeding directly against the partnership or us (in respect of the subordinated guarantees) to enforce the property trustee s or the guarantee trustee s rights under the partnership preferred securities or the subordinated guarantees without first instituting any legal proceeding against the property trustee, the guarantee trustee or any other person or entity.

Pursuant to the relevant declaration of trust, the holder of the trust common securities will be deemed to have waived its rights to take action under the relevant declaration of trust or the relevant trust securities subordinated guarantee upon failure to make any payment on the trust common securities when due and payable until all non-payments with respect to the trust preferred securities have been cured, waived or otherwise eliminated. Until such non-payments with respect to the trust preferred securities have been so cured, waived or otherwise eliminated, the property trustee and the guarantee trustee will be deemed to be acting solely on behalf of the holders of the trust preferred securities, and only the holders of the trust preferred securities will have the right to direct the property trustee or the guarantee trustee with respect to certain matters under the relevant declaration of trust or the trust securities subordinated guarantee.

In no event shall the right to take remedial action described above result in any holder of trust preferred securities receiving, or receiving sooner, any amount which it would not have received had it been a holder of non-cumulative preference shares directly issued by us with economic terms equivalent to the trust preferred securities and the subordinated guarantees, taken together.

The property trustee will not have the right to enforce, and the holders of the trust preferred securities will not have the right to hold, the subordinated notes or other eligible investments held by the partnership.

The prospectus supplement will describe any additional rights of holders relating to a series of trust preferred securities.

Voting Rights of the Trust Preferred Securities

Except as described herein, and as otherwise described in the applicable prospectus supplement under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act, the Trust Indenture Act and under Amendments and Description of Subordinated Guarantees Amendments and as otherwise required by law and the applicable declaration of trust, the holders of the trust preferred securities will have no voting rights.

The holders of a majority of an outstanding series of trust preferred securities will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the property trustee, or, subject to the requirement of the property trustee obtaining a tax opinion as set forth in the last sentence of this paragraph, direct the exercise of any trust or power conferred upon the property trustee

under the declaration of trust, including the right to direct the property trustee, as holder of the partnership preferred securities, to exercise the remedies available to it under the partnership agreement as a holder of the partnership preferred securities, and consent to any amendment, modifications or termination of the partnership agreement or the partnership preferred securities where such consent shall be required; *provided, however*, that, if a consent or action under the partnership agreement requires the consent or act of the holders of more than a majority of the partnership preferred securities affected thereby, only the holders of the percentage of the aggregate liquidation preference of the trust preferred securities outstanding which is at least equal to the percentage of the partnership preferred securities required under the partnership agreement may direct the property trustee to give such consent or take such action on behalf of the trust. See Description of Partnership Preferred Securities Amendments . Except with respect to directing the time, method and place of conducting a proceeding for a remedy as described above, the property trustee shall be under no obligation to take any of the actions described above unless the property trustee has been provided with an opinion of independent tax counsel to the effect that as a result of such action, the trust will not fail to be classified as a grantor trust for United States federal income tax purposes and that after such action each holder of trust securities will continue to be treated as owning an undivided beneficial interest in the partnership preferred securities.

Any required approval or direction of holders of trust preferred securities may be given at a separate meeting of holders convened for the purpose, at a meeting of all of the holders of trust securities or by written consent. The trust administrator will cause a notice of any meeting at which holders of trust preferred securities are entitled to vote to be mailed to each holder of record of trust preferred securities. If the trust preferred securities are listed on any stock exchange, notice of any meeting will be made in accordance with the rules and procedures of such stock exchange. The prospectus supplement will set forth the procedures for notification of any meeting at which holders of trust preferred securities are entitled to vote. Each such notice will include a statement setting forth the following information:

the date of such meeting;

a description of any resolution proposed for adoption at such meeting on which such holders are entitled to vote; and

instructions for the delivery of proxies.

No vote or consent of the holders of trust preferred securities will be required for the trust to redeem and cancel trust preferred securities and distribute partnership preferred securities in accordance with the declaration of trust.

Notwithstanding that holders of trust preferred securities are entitled to vote or consent under any of the circumstances described above, any of the trust preferred securities that are beneficially owned at such time by us or any of our subsidiaries shall not be entitled to vote or consent and shall, for purposes of such vote or consent, be treated as if such trust preferred securities were not outstanding; *provided, however*, that persons (other than any of our subsidiaries) to whom we or any of our subsidiaries have pledged trust preferred securities may vote or consent with respect to such pledged trust preferred securities pursuant to the terms of such pledge.

The procedures by which holders of trust preferred securities represented by the global certificates may exercise their voting rights are described below under Form of Trust Preferred Securities; Book-Entry System .

Unless payments on the trust preferred securities have not been made when due and payable, holders of the trust preferred securities will have no rights to appoint or remove the trust administrator or any of the trustees, who may be appointed, removed or replaced solely by the holder of all of the trust common securities.

Amendments

Amendments without Consent of Holders of Trust Preferred Securities

Except as otherwise described in the applicable prospectus supplement, each declaration of trust may be amended by the trust administrator without the consent of the holders of the trust preferred securities:

to cure any ambiguity;

to correct or supplement any provisions in the declaration of trust that may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision in the declaration of trust;

to add to the covenants, restrictions or obligations of the holder of the trust common securities or us;

to conform to any change in the Investment Company Act of 1940 or change in interpretation or application of the rules or regulations promulgated thereunder;

to conform to any change in the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 or the rules or regulations promulgated thereunder;

to modify, eliminate or add to any provisions as necessary to the relevant declaration of trust to ensure that the trust will be classified for US federal income tax purposes as a grantor trust at all times that any trust preferred securities are outstanding or to ensure that such trust will not be required to register as an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940;

to modify, eliminate and add to any provision of a declaration of trust to such extent as may be necessary or desirable; and

if necessary or desirable, to issue or effect the issuance of additional trust preferred securities;

so long as no such amendment will have a material adverse effect on the rights, preferences or privileges of the holders of the trust preferred securities.

Amendments with Consent of Holders of Trust Securities

Without the consent of each holder of the trust preferred securities and the trust common securities, the relevant declaration of trust may not be amended to:

change the amount or timing of any distribution payable on the trust preferred securities or the trust common securities or otherwise adversely affect the amount of any distribution required to be made on the trust preferred securities or the trust common securities;

change the redemption amount;

restrict the right of a holder of trust preferred securities to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment owed on the trust preferred securities; or

change the voting requirements and other provisions relating to amendments.

Without the consent of holders of 75% in liquidation preference amount of outstanding trust preferred securities and trust common securities voting as a single class, the relevant declaration of trust may not be amended to:

materially adversely affect the powers, preferences or special rights of the trust preferred securities and the trust common securities; or

result in the dissolution, winding up or termination of the applicable trust other than pursuant to the terms of the relevant declaration of trust;

provided that, if any amendment or proposal referred to in the first bullet point above would adversely affect only the trust preferred securities or the trust common securities, then only the affected class will be entitled to vote on such amendment or proposal.

Amendments with Consent of Holder of Trust Common Securities

Without the consent of the holder of the trust common securities, the declaration of trust may not be amended to change the rights of the holder of the trust common securities to increase or decrease the number of, or, unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, appoint and remove, trustees.

Provisions that may not be Amended

Under no circumstances may the declaration of trust be amended:

to cause the applicable trust to be classified other than as a grantor trust for US federal income tax purposes;

to cause the applicable trust not to be treated as transparent for UK tax purposes;

to reduce or otherwise adversely affect the powers of the property trustee in contravention of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939; or

to cause the applicable trust to be required to register as an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Repurchase at Our Option

Investors in the trust preferred securities will be deemed to have represented that they do not own directly or indirectly, 10% or more of our ordinary shares. If at any time a holder of trust preferred securities or partnership preferred securities owns 10% or more of our ordinary shares, we will have the right to repurchase, or cause a repurchase of, such investor's trust preferred securities or partnership preferred securities, as applicable.

Form of Trust Preferred Securities; Book-Entry System

General

Unless the applicable prospectus supplement states otherwise, the trust preferred securities shall initially be represented by one or more global securities in registered form, without coupons attached, and will be deposited with or on behalf of one or more depository, including, without limitation, DTC, Euroclear Bank, as operator of Euroclear and/or Clearstream Luxembourg, and will be registered in the name of such depository or its nominee. Unless and until the trust preferred securities are exchanged in whole or in part for other securities that we or the trust issue or the global securities are exchanged for definitive securities, the global securities may not be transferred except as a whole by the depository to a nominee or a successor of the depository.

The trust preferred securities may be accepted for clearance by DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg. Unless the relevant prospectus supplement states otherwise, the initial distribution of the trust preferred securities will be cleared through DTC only. In such event, beneficial interests in the global trust preferred securities will be shown on, and transfers thereof will be effected only through, the book-entry records maintained by DTC and its direct and indirect participants, including, as applicable, Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg. Unless the relevant prospectus supplement states otherwise, owners of beneficial interests in the trust preferred securities will receive payments relating to the trust preferred securities in U.S. dollars.

The laws of some states may require that certain investors in securities take physical delivery of their securities in definitive form. Those laws may impair the ability of investors to own interests in book-entry securities.

So long as the depositary, or its nominee, is the holder of a global trust preferred security, the depositary or its nominee will be considered the sole holder of such global trust preferred security for all purposes under the applicable declaration of trust. Except as described below under Issuance of Definitive Securities, no participant, indirect participant or other person will be entitled to have trust preferred securities registered in its name, receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of trust preferred securities in definitive form or be considered the owner or holder of the trust preferred securities under such declaration of trust. Each person having an ownership or other interest in trust preferred securities must rely on the procedures of the depositary, and, if a person is not a participant in the depositary, must rely on the procedures of the participant or other securities intermediary through which that person owns its interest to exercise any rights and obligations of a holder under the indentures or the trust preferred securities.

Payments on the Global Trust Preferred Security

Unless the applicable prospectus supplement states otherwise, payments of any amounts in respect of any global trust preferred securities will be made by the property trustee to the depositary. Payments will be made to beneficial owners of trust preferred securities in accordance with the rules and procedures of the depositary or its direct and indirect participants, as applicable. Neither we, the trust nor the property trustee nor any of our agents will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records of any securities intermediary in the chain of intermediaries between the depositary and any beneficial owner of an interest in a global security, or the failure of the depositary or any intermediary to pass through to any beneficial owner any payments that we make to the depositary.

The Clearing Systems

DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg have advised us as follows:

DTC. DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a banking organization within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a clearing corporation within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a clearing agency registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC was created to hold securities of its participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of transactions among its participants in those securities through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of the participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. DTC participants include securities brokers and dealers, including parties that may act as underwriters, dealers or agents with respect to the securities, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of which, along with certain of their representatives and others, own DTC. Access to the DTC book-entry system is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly.

Purchases of the trust preferred securities within the DTC system will be made by or through participants, which will receive a credit for the trust preferred securities on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each beneficial owner of trust preferred securities will in turn be recorded on the participants' and indirect participants' records. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchases and DTC has advised that the trust that will take any action permitted to be taken by a holder of the trust preferred securities, including the presentation of the trust preferred securities for exchange, as described below, only at the direction of one or more participants to whose account the DTC interests in the global certificates are credited, and only for the portion of the aggregate liquidation amount of the trust preferred securities as to which the participant or participants has or have given the direction.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to participants, by participants to indirect participants, and by participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices for the trust preferred securities held in book-entry form will be sent to Cede & Co. If less than all of the trust preferred securities are being redeemed, DTC will determine the amount of the interest of each participant to be redeemed in accordance with its procedures.

Although voting with respect to the trust preferred securities is limited, in those cases where a vote is required, neither DTC nor Cede & Co. will itself consent or vote with respect to the trust preferred securities. Under its usual procedures, DTC would mail an omnibus proxy to the trust as soon as possible after the record date. The omnibus proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those participants to whose accounts the trust preferred securities are allocated on the record date identified in a listing attached to the omnibus proxy.

Distributions and any other amounts payable in respect of any global trust preferred securities will be made by the property trustee to DTC in immediately available funds. Payments will be made to beneficial owners of trust preferred securities in accordance with the rules and procedures of DTC or its direct and indirect participants, as applicable. Neither we, the trust or the property trustee nor any of our agents will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records of any securities intermediary in the chain of intermediaries between DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg and any beneficial owner of an interest in a global security, or the failure of DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg or any intermediary to pass through to any beneficial owner any payments that the trust makes to DTC.

Although DTC has agreed to the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of interests in the global certificates among participants of DTC, DTC is under no obligation to perform or continue to perform these procedures, and these procedures may be discontinued at any time. Neither we, the trust or the property trustee nor any of their respective agents will have any responsibility for the performance by DTC or its participants or indirect participants under the rules and procedures governing DTC. DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the trust preferred securities at any time by giving notice to the trust. Under these circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, trust preferred securities certificates are required to be printed and delivered to the property trustee. Additionally, the trust, with the consent of the trust administrator, may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC or any successor depository. In that event, certificates for the trust preferred securities will be printed and delivered to the property trustee. In each of the above circumstances, the trust administrator will appoint a paying agent with respect to the trust preferred securities.

Initial settlement for the trust preferred securities will be made in immediately available funds. Secondary market trading between DTC participants will occur in accordance with DTC's rules, and will be settled in immediately available funds using DTC's same-day funds settlement system.

Euroclear. Euroclear Bank holds securities for its participants and clears and settles transactions between its participants through simultaneous electronic book-entry delivery against payment. Euroclear Bank provides various other services, including safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement and securities lending and borrowing, and interfaces with domestic markets in several countries. Securities clearance accounts and cash accounts with Euroclear Bank are governed by the Terms and Conditions Governing Use of Euroclear and the related Operating Procedures of the Euroclear System, and applicable law (collectively, the Euroclear Terms and Conditions). The Euroclear Terms and Conditions govern transfers of securities and cash within Euroclear, withdrawals of securities and cash from Euroclear, and receipts of payments with respect to securities in Euroclear.

Clearstream Luxembourg. Clearstream Luxembourg is incorporated under the laws of The Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as a professional depository. Clearstream Luxembourg holds securities for its participants and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between its participants

through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of its participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates. Clearstream Luxembourg provides to its participants, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Clearstream Luxembourg interfaces with domestic markets in several countries.

Issuance of Definitive Securities

So long as the depositary holds the global securities of a particular series of trust preferred securities, such global securities will not be exchangeable for definitive securities of that series unless:

a depositary notifies the property trustee that it is unwilling or unable to continue to act as depositary for the trust preferred securities or ceases to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act of 1934 and a successor depositary is not appointed within 120 days;

the depositary is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of legal holidays) or announces an intention permanently to cease business;

the non-payment when due of amounts payable on the trust preferred securities (whether, in each case, on account of dividends, redemption amounts, liquidation preference amounts or otherwise) shall have occurred and be continuing for 30 days; or

at any time we determine in our sole discretion that the global securities of a particular series of trust preferred securities should be exchanged for definitive trust preferred securities of that series in registered form.

Each person having an ownership or other interest in a trust preferred security must rely exclusively on the rules or procedures of the applicable depositary, and any agreement with any direct or indirect participant of any depositary or any other securities intermediary through which that person holds its interest to receive or direct the delivery of possession of any definitive security.

Definitive trust preferred securities will be issued in registered form only. To the extent permitted by law, we, the trust, the property trustee and any paying agent shall be entitled to treat the person in whose name any definitive security is registered as its absolute owner.

Payments in respect of each series of definitive securities will be made to the person in whose name the definitive securities are registered as it appears in the register for that series of trust preferred securities. Unless the relevant prospectus supplement states otherwise, payments will be made in respect of the trust preferred securities by check drawn on a bank in New York or, if the holder requests, by transfer to the holder's account in New York. Definitive securities should be presented to the paying agent for redemption.

If the trust issues definitive trust preferred securities of a particular series in exchange for a particular global trust preferred security, the depositary, as holder of that global trust preferred security, will surrender it against receipt of the definitive trust preferred securities, cancel the book-entry trust preferred securities of that series, and distribute the definitive trust preferred securities of that series to the persons and in the amounts that the depositary specifies.

If definitive securities are issued in the limited circumstances described above, those securities may be transferred in whole or in part in denominations of any whole number of securities upon surrender of the definitive securities certificates together with the form of transfer endorsed on it, duly completed and executed at the specified office of a paying agent. If only part of a securities certificate is transferred, a new securities certificate representing the balance not transferred will be issued to the transferor within three business days after the paying agent receives the certificate. The new certificate representing the balance will be delivered to the transferor by uninsured post at the risk of the transferor, to the address of the transferor appearing in the records of the paying agent. The new certificate representing the securities that were transferred will be sent to the transferee within three business days after the paying agent

receives the certificate transferred, by uninsured post at the risk of the holder entitled to the securities represented by the certificate, to the address specified in the form of transfer.

Registration of transfer of definitive trust preferred securities will be effected without charge by or on behalf of the trust or the registrar, paying and transfer agent, but upon payment (or the giving of such indemnity as the registrar and transfer agent may require) in respect of any tax or other governmental charges which may be imposed in relation to it.

No holder of a definitive trust preferred certificate may require the transfer of a trust preferred security to be registered during the period of 15 days ending on the due date for any payment of the redemption price of the trust preferred securities.

All transfers of definitive trust preferred securities and entries on the register will be made subject to the provisions in an agency agreement relating to the trust preferred securities. The regulations may be changed by the trust with the prior written approval of the trustee.

Settlement

Initial settlement for each series of trust preferred securities and settlement of any secondary market trades in the trust preferred securities will be made in same-day funds. Book-entry trust preferred securities held through DTC will settle in DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System.

Issuance of Trust Common Securities

In connection with the issuance of trust preferred securities, each trust will issue trust common securities to the applicable partnership. Except as described below under the captions *Subordination*, *Holder of Trust Common Securities*, and *Remedies of the Holder of Trust Common Securities*, the terms of the trust common securities issued by each trust will be substantially identical to the terms of the trust preferred securities. These terms will be set forth in the declaration of trust.

Subordination

Payment of distributions, amounts on redemption and amounts upon liquidation of the trust shall be made pro rata based on the liquidation preference of the trust securities; *provided, however*, that upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any failure to receive amounts due under the partnership preferred securities, holders of the trust preferred securities will have a preference over the holder of the trust common securities with respect to payments of distributions, amounts upon redemption and amounts upon liquidation of the trust.

Holder of Trust Common Securities

Except in limited circumstances, as described in the declaration of trust, the holder of the common securities of the applicable trust will have sole power to appoint, remove or replace any of the trustees of the trust. We will, directly or indirectly, own all of the common securities of each trust.

Remedies of the Holder of Trust Common Securities

Pursuant to the declaration of trust, the holder of the trust common securities will be deemed to have waived its rights to take action under the declaration of trust or the trust securities subordinated guarantee upon failure to make any payment on the trust common securities when due and payable until all non-payments with respect to the trust preferred securities have been cured, waived or otherwise eliminated. Until such non-payments with respect to the trust preferred securities have been so cured, waived or otherwise eliminated, the property trustee and the guarantee trustee will be deemed to be acting solely on behalf of the holders of the trust preferred securities and only the holders of the trust preferred securities will have the right to direct the property trustee or the guarantee trustee with respect to certain matters under the relevant declaration of trust or the relevant trust securities subordinated guarantee.

Merger, Consolidation and Sale of Assets

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, no trust may consolidate, merge with or into, or sell or lease all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any corporation or other entity except as described below or as described above under "Liquidation or Dissolution". A trust may, with the consent of the holder of the trust common securities and without the consent of the holders of trust preferred securities, the Delaware trustee or the property trustee, consolidate, merge with or into, or be replaced by a trust organized under the laws of any state of the United States, so long as all of the following conditions are satisfied:

if such trust is not the surviving entity, the successor entity assumes all of the obligations of the trust regarding the trust preferred securities, or substitutes for the trust preferred securities other securities with substantially the same terms and other provisions as the trust preferred securities (which we refer to as "substituted trust securities");

the partnership acknowledges a trustee of the successor entity that has the same powers and duties as the property trustee as the record holder of the partnership preferred securities;

any substituted trust securities, upon issuance, are listed on the same or an equivalent securities exchange on which the trust preferred securities were listed;

the transaction does not cause the trust preferred securities or the substituted trust securities to be downgraded by a nationally-recognized ratings organization;

the transaction does not adversely affect the rights, preferences or privileges of the holders of the trust preferred securities or any substituted trust securities in any material respect;

the successor entity has a purpose substantially identical to that of the relevant trust;

following the transaction, such trust would not be required to register as an "investment company" within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940;

the partnership or an eligible member of our Group will own, directly or indirectly, all of the trust common securities, and we will guarantee the trust preferred securities, or the substituted trust securities, at least to the extent provided by the trust preferred securities subordinated guarantee;

such trust would be classified as a grantor trust for US federal income tax purposes; and

such trust would be regarded as transparent for UK tax purposes.

Registrar, Transfer Agent and Paying Agent

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, The Bank of New York will act as registrar, transfer agent and paying agent for the trust preferred securities.

Payment of Fees and Expenses of the Trust

Unless specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, all fees and expenses of each trust, including the fees and expenses of the trustees and the trust administrator in connection with the performance of their duties under the relevant declaration of trust, will be paid by us. However, if the trustees or the trust administrator incur fees, charges or expenses, for which they are not otherwise liable under a declaration of trust, in connection with the request of a holder of trust preferred securities or other person, the holder or other person will be liable for these fees, charges and expenses. We will also pay all fees and expenses related to the offering and the organization and operations of each trust, including, to the extent specified in the trust securities guarantees, any taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges imposed by the United States or the United Kingdom, or any other taxing authority in these jurisdictions.

Transfer of Trust Preferred Securities

For each issue of trust preferred securities, the property trustee will keep a security register to provide for the transfer and registration of transfer of trust preferred securities. The following provisions apply to the transfer of trust preferred securities which are not issued in book-entry form:

Holders of any issue of trust preferred securities may exchange their trust preferred securities for an equal liquidation preference amount of other trust preferred securities of different authorized denominations of the same issue and with the same terms.

No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of trust preferred securities, but the trust may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any registration of transfer or exchange of trust preferred securities.

If the trust preferred securities are to be redeemed in whole or in part, the trust will not be required:

to issue, register the transfer of or exchange any trust preferred securities during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before the day of the mailing of a notice of redemption of any such securities selected for redemption and ending at the close of business on the day of such mailing; or

to register the transfer or exchange of any trust preferred security so selected for redemption in whole or in part, except the unredeemed portion of any such security being redeemed in part.

Meetings of the Holders of Trust Securities

Meetings

The trust administrator may call a meeting of the holders of the trust securities on any matter on which the holders of the trust securities are entitled to act under the declaration of trust. In addition, the holders of at least 10% in liquidation preference of trust securities may direct the regular trustees to call such a meeting. The regular trustees are required to give notice of any such meeting at least seven days but not more than 60 days before the date of that meeting. The regular trustees, in their sole discretion, will establish all other provisions relating to meetings of holders of trust securities not stated below.

Action by Written Consent

Whenever a vote, consent or approval of the holders of trust securities is permitted or required, that vote, consent or approval may be given at the meeting. Any action that may be taken at a meeting of these holders may be taken without a meeting and without prior notice if a consent in writing setting forth the action so taken is signed by the holders owning not less than the minimum amount of trust securities in liquidation amount that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at the meeting itself.

Proxies

Each holder of a trust security may authorize any person to act for it by proxy on all matters but proxies will not be valid after the expiration of 11 months from the date thereof unless otherwise provided in the proxy. Every proxy will be revocable at the request of the holder of trust preferred securities executing the proxy. Except as otherwise described in the applicable prospectus supplement, all matters relating to the giving, voting or validity of proxies will be governed by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware relating to proxies, and judicial interpretations thereunder, as if the applicable trust were a Delaware corporation and the holders of the trust securities were stockholders of a Delaware corporation.

Information Concerning the Property Trustee

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, the Bank of New York will act as the property trustee under each of the declarations of trust and guarantee trustee under the subordinated guarantees. As property trustee, The Bank of New York shall have and be subject to all the duties and responsibilities specified in the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Subject to the provisions of the Trust Indenture Act and the declaration of trust, The Bank of New York, as property trustee is under no obligation to exercise any of the powers vested in it by the declarations of trust at the request of any holder of trust preferred securities, unless offered reasonable indemnity by the holder against the costs, expense and liabilities which might be incurred thereby.

We and certain of our subsidiaries maintain deposit accounts and conduct other banking transactions with The Bank of New York in the ordinary course of our business. The Bank of New York is also the book-entry depository with respect to certain of our debt securities, the depository with respect to the ADSs representing certain of our preference shares and trustee with respect to certain of our debt and exchangeable capital securities.

Governing Law

The declaration of trust and the related trust securities will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware.

DESCRIPTION OF PARTNERSHIP PREFERRED SECURITIES

The following is a summary of the general terms of the partnership preferred securities that will apply to each series of partnership preferred securities. Each time that a series of partnership preferred securities is issued, we will file a prospectus supplement with the SEC, which you should read carefully. The prospectus supplement may contain additional terms of those partnership preferred securities. The terms presented here, together with the terms contained in the prospectus supplement, will be a description of the material terms relating to a particular series of partnership preferred securities, but if there is any inconsistency between the terms presented here and those in the prospectus supplement, those in the prospectus supplement will apply and will replace those presented here. You should also read the relevant partnership's certificate of limited partnership and agreement of limited partnership and the form of the amended and restated limited partnership agreement under which the partnership will issue a particular series of partnership preferred securities, each of which we have filed with the SEC as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

The partnership preferred securities will be issued by RBS Capital LP I, RBS Capital LP II, RBS Capital LP III or RBS Capital LP IV, each of which is a Delaware limited partnership. The description that follows is applicable to each partnership and the partnership preferred securities issued by such partnership.

General

Unless specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, each partnership will consist of a general partner, RBSG Capital Corporation, and two types of limited partners: the limited partners whose interests are represented by the partnership preferred securities and the priority limited partner, initially RBS plc. The general partner of each partnership will manage such partnership and make an initial capital contribution to such partnership. Except as otherwise set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement and as described below, the limited partners will have no right to vote or otherwise manage the affairs of a partnership. As long as the partnership preferred securities remain outstanding, the priority limited partnership interest will be held by a member of the Group. The partnerships are our indirect subsidiaries.

The only purpose of each partnership is to invest in and hold subordinated notes issued by us and/or other eligible investments issued by a member of the Group and to make payments on its respective limited partnership interests. The partnership agreement prohibits the partnerships from incurring any indebtedness for borrowed money or issuing any type of security other than the partnership preferred securities, general partnership interest and priority limited partnership interest.

Each partnership will make distributions on the relevant partnership preferred securities on the scheduled distribution payment dates (as described below), except as described under Limitations on Distributions below.

Except as otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, if a partnership is dissolved, liquidated, terminated or wound up, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, then after all debts and liabilities of the partnership have been paid and the full preferential amounts to which the holders of the partnership preferred securities are entitled have been paid or set aside for those holders, any remaining assets of the partnership will be distributed to the priority limited partner.

Unless the applicable prospectus supplement states otherwise, each partnership may, without the consent of the holders of a series of partnership preferred securities, issue additional partnership preferred securities of that series and purchase additional subordinated notes from us and/or eligible investments with the proceeds of any such issue. Any additional partnership preferred securities of a series will have the same terms and provisions as the other partnership preferred securities of that series, and will constitute a further issuance of that series. There is no limitation on the amount of partnership preferred securities of a series that each partnership may issue, and the holders of the partnership preferred securities will have no pre-emptive or similar rights with respect to any other securities of such partnership.

When issued by any partnership, the partnership preferred securities will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable. The partnership preferred securities will not be subject to any sinking fund or other obligation of the partnership for their repurchase or retirement. The partnership preferred securities will not be convertible into any other securities issued by the partnership, except as otherwise set forth in the relevant prospectus supplement.

Form of Partnership Preferred Securities; Book-Entry System

If the partnership preferred securities are distributed to holders of trust preferred securities, the partnership preferred securities will be issued in the form of one or more global certificates registered in the name of the depositary, or its nominee, on terms identical to those then applicable to the trust preferred securities. As of the date of this prospectus, the description of the book-entry systems of DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg and their respective practices as they relate to purchases, transfers, notices and payments with respect to the trust preferred securities would apply in all material respects to any partnership preferred securities represented by one or more global securities. See Description of Trust Preferred Securities Form of Trust Preferred Securities; Book-Entry System .

Investment of the Limited Partnership in Subordinated Notes

Each partnership will initially invest in subordinated notes and upon the redemption or maturity of the subordinated notes, the partnership will invest in other eligible investments as described under Description of Subordinated Notes .

General Partnership Interest and Priority Limited Partnership Interest

The limited partnership interests represented by the partnership preferred securities will rank senior to the general partnership interest with respect to the payment of distributions and upon the liquidation, dissolution, termination or winding up of the partnership. The priority limited partnership interest will have the same distribution payment dates as the partnership preferred securities and will entitle the priority limited partner to distributions on any distribution payment date in an amount equal to the funds available to the partnership (whether received as interest on the subordinated notes or otherwise) less distributions, if any, required to be paid on that distribution payment date on the partnership preferred securities in accordance with their terms (after giving effect to the limitations on distributions described in Limitations on Distributions). The priority limited partnership interest will rank senior to the partnership preferred securities with respect to distributions in the event of certain limitations on the payment of distributions on the partnership preferred securities. See Distributions Limitations on Distributions below.

Distributions

The partnership will make distributions on the partnership preferred securities in arrears on the scheduled distribution payment dates set forth in the prospectus supplement, except as described under Limitations on Distributions below.

The distribution periods and distribution rates will be set forth in the prospectus supplement for each series of partnership preferred securities. The rights to distributions will be non-cumulative.

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, as long as either (1) the partnership preferred securities are in book-entry form or (2) the partnership preferred securities are held by the trust and the trust preferred securities remain in book-entry form, the partnership will pay distributions to the holders of the partnership preferred securities listed in the partnership's records on the business day (any day on which banks are open in London and New York City) before the relevant distribution date. If neither the trust preferred securities nor the partnership preferred securities are in book-entry form, the partnership will make distributions to the holders of the partnership preferred securities listed in the partnership's records as set forth in the prospectus supplement. Subject to any applicable laws and regulations, all payments will be made as described in the prospectus supplement.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, if any distributions would be payable on the partnership preferred securities on a day that is not a business day, those distributions will instead be paid on the immediately preceding business day (with no reduction in interest or other amounts as a result of any such early payment).

Except as described in this subsection or in the applicable prospectus supplement, holders of the partnership preferred securities will have no right to participate in the profits of the partnership.

Limitations on Distributions

The partnership will not make payment of distributions on the partnership preferred securities (and corresponding payments will not be made on the trust preferred securities) on any distribution payment date if it has received a no distribution instruction from us (a copy of which shall be provided to the property trustee of the trust). The partnership will make a partial distribution on the partnership preferred securities (and corresponding partial payments will be made on the trust preferred securities) on any distribution payment date if it has received a partial distribution instruction from us (a copy of which shall be provided to the property trustee). A no distribution instruction or a partial distribution instruction may only be given in the circumstances set out below:

a no distribution instruction will be given if, in the opinion of our board of directors or a committee thereof, the payment of the distribution on that distribution payment date would (or would if the partnership preferred securities were a class of our non-cumulative preference shares) breach or cause a breach of the capital adequacy requirements of the UK Financial Services Authority applicable to us and/or any of our subsidiaries; or

if, in the opinion of our board of directors or a committee thereof, our distributable profits, prior to the payment of interest on the subordinated notes (or any other eligible investments held at such time by the partnership) and after the payment in full, or the setting aside of a sum to provide for the payment in full, of all dividends stated to be payable on that distribution payment date on any of our cumulative preference shares (and any arrears of dividends thereon), would not (or would not if the partnership preferred securities were a class of our non-cumulative preference shares) be sufficient to enable us to pay (or set aside for future payment) in full all dividends or other distributions on that date:

on the partnership preferred securities of that series; and

on our non-cumulative preference shares or on any other shares and securities issued by us (or by any of our subsidiaries with a guarantee by us ranking equally as to payments with our non-cumulative preference shares) stated to be payable on the same date as the distributions on the partnership preferred securities and ranking or expressed to rank equally as to payments with our non-cumulative preference shares,

then, subject to the first bullet point above, a partial distribution instruction shall be given and the partnership will make a partial distribution on the partnership preferred securities to the extent of available distributable profits with the intent that the amount of distributions, dividends or other payments made on each partnership preferred security and on each such equally ranking share or other security on such date will in all cases bear to each other the same ratio as the distributions, dividends or other payments accrued on each such class of share or security bear to each other; *provided* that, if in the opinion of our board of directors or a committee thereof, there are no distributable profits, a no distribution instruction shall be given.

The UK Companies Act 1985 defines distributable profits as, in general terms, and subject to adjustment, accumulated realized profits less accumulated realized losses.

In the event that on a scheduled distribution date the partnership is prohibited from making, or is limited in its ability to make, a distribution to the holders of the partnership preferred securities pursuant to a no distribution instruction or a partial distribution instruction, the partnership will, after making

any partial distribution permitted on the partnership preferred securities, make a distribution of available funds to the priority limited partner.

In addition, under the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, the partnership may pay distributions only out of legally available funds. As a result, as a general matter of Delaware law the partnership would not be permitted to pay a distribution if, after paying the distribution, the partnership's liabilities to parties other than the holders of the partnership preferred securities would exceed the fair value of its assets.

If we have not declared and paid in full, or have not set aside an amount to provide for the payment in full of, the payment stated to be payable on the most recent distribution payment date on any series of our non-cumulative preference shares which are then outstanding, then the partnership may not pay any distributions on the partnership preferred securities, and neither the partnership nor we may set aside any sum to pay such distributions, unless, on the distribution payment date, we set aside an amount equal to the payment on such series of non-cumulative preference shares for the then-current payment period to provide for the payment in full of such payment on the next applicable distribution payment date.

Distributions will not be cumulative and the holders of trust preferred securities and partnership preferred securities will have no claim for any distributions not paid, or for the portion of any distribution not paid, pursuant to the restrictions described above. Therefore, amounts not paid on the partnership preferred securities as a result of a no distribution instruction or a partial distribution instruction or non-payment on our non-cumulative shares as described above are not due or payable in accordance with the terms of the partnership preferred securities.

Additional Amounts

Each partnership will make all payments on its respective partnership preferred securities without deduction or withholding for, or on account of, any and all present and future income, stamp and other taxes, levies, imposts, duties, charges, fees, deductions or withholdings imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or on behalf of a Relevant taxing jurisdiction, unless such deduction or withholding is required by law. If at any time a Relevant taxing jurisdiction requires the partnership to make such deduction or withholding, the partnership will, subject to the exceptions equivalent to those described under *Description of Trust Preferred Securities Additional Amounts*, as applied to the partnership, pay or procure the payment of such additional amounts that are necessary in order that the net amounts paid to the holders of the partnership preferred securities, after the deduction or withholding, shall equal the amounts which would have been payable to holders of the partnership preferred securities if the deduction or withholding had not been required.

Any reference in this prospectus or in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to the payment of distributions or any payments on, or in respect of, any series of partnership preferred securities, includes the payment of additional amounts to the extent that, in the context, additional amounts are, were or would be payable.

Redemption of Partnership Preferred Securities

Redemption at the Partnership's Option

The partnership may, with the written consent of the UK Financial Services Authority, redeem the partnership preferred securities on the terms set forth in the prospectus supplement. Except as otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, the partnership must give 60 to 90 days notice of redemption to the holders of the partnership preferred securities. Any notice of redemption will be irrevocable.

Redemption Following a Partnership Special Redemption Event

The partnership may, with the written consent of the UK Financial Services Authority, redeem the partnership preferred securities, in whole but not in part, at any time, upon the occurrence of any of the events described in the prospectus supplement as a partnership special redemption event .

Limitation on Redemption

The partnership will not be permitted to redeem the partnership preferred securities unless:

the written consent of the UK Financial Services Authority has been obtained; and

the redemption is ultimately funded out of our distributable profits or from the proceeds of a new issuance of our ordinary shares or other capital that qualifies under generally accepted accounting practices in the United Kingdom for treatment as minority interest or shareholders' funds in our accounts; and

we have declared and paid in full, or have set aside an amount to provide for the payment in full of, the dividend stated to be payable on any series of our non-cumulative preference shares which are then outstanding, in respect of successive then-current dividend periods which singly or together aggregate no less than 12 months.

Payment of Redemption Amount

The price at which the partnership preferred securities will be redeemed (the redemption amount) will be stated in the applicable prospectus supplement. If the redemption amount in respect of any partnership preferred securities is improperly withheld or refused and is not paid by either the partnership or us under the partnership preferred securities guarantee, distributions on those partnership preferred securities will continue to accrue from the date fixed for redemption to the date of actual payment of the redemption amount.

Liquidation of Partnership Upon Distribution of Dollar Preference Shares

Events that may cause us to effect the substitution of trust preferred securities for dollar preference shares (represented by ADSs), and the liquidation of the partnership, are described under Description of Trust Preferred Securities Liquidation or Dissolution Liquidation of Trust Upon Substitution of Trust Preferred Securities for Dollar Preference Shares .

The partnership agreement will provide that, if an order has been made or an effective resolution passed for our winding up, the partnership will be obligated to commence proceedings to dissolve and liquidate the partnership under the Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act and the applicable partnership agreement. However, the partnership generally will not be dissolved until all claims under the partnership securities subordinated guarantee have been paid in full.

Rights Upon Liquidation

Each partnership preferred security will have the liquidation preference set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

On the winding up of the partnership, neither any holder of partnership preferred securities nor the guarantee trustee may exercise or claim any right of set-off in respect of any amount in respect of liquidation preference or distributions on the partnership preferred securities owed to it and each holder of the partnership preferred securities shall, by virtue of his subscription, purchase or holding of the partnership preferred securities be deemed to have waived all such rights of set-off.

Amendments

Amendments without Consent of Holders of Partnership Preferred Securities

Except as otherwise described in the applicable prospectus supplement, the partnership agreement may be amended without the consent of the holders of the partnership preferred securities:

to cure any ambiguity;

to correct or supplement any provisions in the partnership agreement that may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision in the partnership agreement;

to add to the covenants, restrictions or obligations of the general partner;

to conform to any change in the Investment Company Act of 1940 or change in interpretation or application of the rules or regulations promulgated thereunder;

to conform to any change in the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 or change in interpretation or application of the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder;

to modify, eliminate or add to any provisions of the relevant partnership agreement as necessary to ensure that the partnership will be classified as a partnership which is not a publicly traded partnership for US federal income tax purposes at all times that any partnership preferred securities are outstanding or to ensure that the partnership will not be required to register as an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940;

to modify, eliminate and add to any provision of a partnership agreement to such extent as may be necessary or desirable; or

if necessary or desirable, to issue or effect the issuance of additional partnership preferred securities.

so long as no such amendment will have a material adverse effect on the rights, preferences or privileges of the holders of the partnership preferred securities.

Amendments with Consent of Holders of Partnership Preferred Securities

Without the consent of each holder of the partnership preferred securities, the partnership agreement may not be amended to:

change the amount or timing of any distribution payable on the partnership preferred securities or otherwise adversely affect the amount of any distribution required to be made on the partnership preferred securities;

change the redemption amount;

restrict the right of a holder of partnership preferred securities to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment owed on the partnership preferred securities; or

change the voting requirements and other provisions relating to amendments.

Without the consent of the holders of 75% in liquidation preference amount of outstanding partnership preferred securities, the partnership agreement may not be amended to:

adversely affect the powers, preferences or special rights of the partnership preferred securities; or

result in the liquidation, dissolution, winding up or termination of the applicable partnership other than pursuant to the terms of the relevant partnership agreement.

Provisions that may not be Amended

Under no circumstances shall any amendment to any provision of the partnership agreement be permitted that would:

cause the partnership to be classified as other than a partnership which is not a publicly traded partnership for US federal income tax purposes or cause the partnership not to be treated as a partnership for UK tax purposes; or

cause the partnership to be required to register as an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

No vote of the holders of the partnership preferred securities will be required for the partnership to redeem and cancel, or exchange, the partnership preferred securities in accordance with the partnership agreement. See Redemption of Partnership Preferred Securities above.

Even if holders of partnership preferred securities are entitled to vote or consent under any of the circumstances described above, any of the partnership preferred securities that are beneficially owned at that time by us or a member of the Group (other than the trust), will not be entitled to vote or consent and, for such purpose, those partnership preferred securities will be treated as if they were not outstanding.

Meetings of the Holders of Partnership Preferred Securities

Meetings

The general partner may call a meeting of the holders of the partnership preferred securities on any matter on which the holders of these securities are entitled to act under the partnership. In addition, the holders of at least 10% in liquidation preference of a series of partnership preferred securities may direct the general partner to call such a meeting. The general partner is required to give notice of any such meeting at least seven days but not more than 60 days before the date of such meeting. The general partner, in its sole discretion, will establish all other provisions relating to meetings of holders of partnership preferred securities not stated below.

Action by Written Consent

Whenever a vote, consent or approval of the holders of partnership preferred securities is permitted or required, that vote, consent or approval may be given at a meeting. Any action that may be taken at a meeting of the holders may be taken without a meeting and without prior notice if a consent in writing setting forth the action so taken is signed by the holders owning not less than the minimum amount of partnership preferred securities in liquidation amount that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at the meeting itself.

Proxies

Each holder of a partnership preferred security may authorize any person to act for it by proxy on all matters but a proxy will not be valid after the expiration of 11 months from the date such proxy is first given unless otherwise provided in the proxy. The holder of partnership preferred securities executing the proxy may revoke it at any time. Except as otherwise described in the applicable prospectus supplement, all matters relating to the giving, voting or validity of proxies will be governed by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware relating to proxies, and judicial interpretations thereunder, as if the partnership were a Delaware corporation and the holders of the partnership preferred securities were stockholders of a Delaware corporation.

Repurchases of Partnership Preferred Securities

Subject to our Articles of Association, the special rights of any of our shares, and applicable law, we or any of our subsidiaries may at any time and from time to time, purchase outstanding partnership preferred securities in the open market, by tender or by private agreement, in each case upon the terms

and conditions that our board of directors or an authorized committee of our board of directors shall determine.

Under current UK Financial Services Authority requirements, we may not redeem or purchase any partnership preferred securities beneficially for our own account, other than a repurchase in connection with dealing in securities unless the UK Financial Services Authority consents in advance in writing. The UK Financial Services Authority may impose conditions on any redemption or purchase at the time it gives its consent.

Substitution

If so provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, the trust preferred securities may, on the terms and under the circumstances described in such prospectus supplement, be substituted or exchanged for preference shares issued by us.

Merger, Consolidation and Sale of Assets

The partnership may not consolidate or merge with, or transfer or lease its assets substantially as an entirety to, any corporation or other entity except as described below. The partnership may, without the consent of the holders of the partnership preferred securities, consolidate or merge with a limited partnership, limited liability company or trust organized under the laws of any state of the United States, so long as all of the following conditions are satisfied:

if the partnership is not the surviving entity, the successor entity either expressly assumes all of the obligations of the partnership under the partnership preferred securities or substitutes for the partnership preferred securities other securities having substantially the same terms and other provisions as the partnership preferred securities (which we refer to as substituted partnership securities), so long as the substituted partnership securities rank the same as the partnership preferred securities with respect to participation in the profits, distribution and assets of the successor entity;

we expressly acknowledge the successor entity as the holder of the subordinated notes or other eligible investments, as applicable;

if the partnership preferred securities were listed, any substituted partnership securities will be listed upon issuance on the same or an equivalent exchange on which the partnership preferred securities were listed;

such event does not cause the ratings of the trust preferred securities (or, if the trust has been liquidated, the partnership preferred securities or any substituted partnership securities) to be downgraded, suspended or withdrawn by any nationally recognized ratings organization;

such event does not adversely affect the rights, preferences or privileges of the holders of the trust preferred securities or partnership preferred securities or any substituted partnership securities in any material respect;

the successor entity has a purpose substantially identical to that of the partnership;

we will hold, directly or indirectly, the general partnership interest and will guarantee the partnership preferred securities or the substituted partnership securities at least to the extent provided by the partnership preferred securities guarantee; and

before such event, the partnership has received an opinion of a nationally recognized law firm or firms experienced in these matters to the effect that (A) the successor entity will be treated as a partnership, and will not be classified as an association or a publicly traded partnership taxable as a corporation, for US federal income tax purposes, (B) the merger would not cause the trust to be classified as other than a grantor trust for US federal income tax purposes, (C) after the merger, the successor will not be required to register as an investment company within the meaning of

the Investment Company Act of 1940, (D) the merger will not adversely affect the limited liability of the holders of the partnership preferred securities, and (E) the merger would not cause the partnership not to be treated as a partnership for UK tax purposes, unless the prior consent of each beneficial holder of the trust securities is obtained in connection with each of condition A, B, C, D and E.

Registrar, Transfer Agent and Paying Agent

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, The Bank of New York will act as registrar, transfer agent and paying agent for the partnership preferred securities.

Registration of transfers of partnership preferred securities will be effected without charge by or on behalf of the partnership, but upon payment (and with the giving of such indemnity as the transfer agent may require) in respect of any tax or other governmental charges that may be imposed in relation to it.

The transfer agent will not be required to register or cause to be registered the transfer of any partnership preferred securities after such partnership preferred securities have been called for redemption.

Governing Law

Each partnership agreement and the partnership preferred securities will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware.

Miscellaneous

The general partner is authorized and directed to conduct the affairs of the partnership in such a way that (1) the partnership will not be required to register as an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and (2) the partnership will not be treated as an association or as a publicly traded partnership (within the meaning of Section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) taxable as a corporation for US federal income tax purposes. In this connection, the general partner is authorized to take any action, not inconsistent with applicable law, the certificate of limited partnership or the partnership agreement, that the general partner determines in its discretion to be necessary or desirable for those purposes, so long as the action does not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the partnership preferred securities.

DESCRIPTION OF SUBORDINATED NOTES

The following is a summary of the general terms of the subordinated notes. Each time that subordinated notes are issued, we will file a prospectus supplement with the SEC, which you should read carefully. The terms presented here, together with the terms contained in the prospectus supplement, will be a description of the material terms of the subordinated notes. If there is any inconsistency between the terms presented here and those in the prospectus supplement, those in the prospectus supplement will apply and will replace those presented here.

General

Each partnership will initially invest in subordinated notes (the subordinated notes) that represent a claim in our liquidation entitling the partnership to substantially the same distributions upon our liquidation that the partnership would have been entitled to if the subordinated notes were preference shares issued by us and ranking equally with our non-cumulative preference shares and on the assumption that such preference shares were entitled to receive on our liquidation an amount equal to the principal amount of the subordinated notes plus any accrued interest. Unless the applicable prospectus supplement states otherwise, we may, without the consent of the holders of a series of subordinated notes, issue additional subordinated notes of that series. Any additional subordinated notes of a series will have the same terms and provisions as the other subordinated notes of that series, and will constitute a further issuance of that series.

Upon the redemption or maturity of a series of subordinated notes, the applicable partnership will invest in other eligible investments issued by us or any eligible member of the Group other than any member incorporated or resident for US federal income tax purposes in the United States or any political subdivision thereof or any US branch of any member of the Group.

Form

Except as otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will issue each series of subordinated notes in the form of a single global note (the global note) to be deposited with a custodian for The Bank of New York (the depositary). For so long as the subordinated notes are represented by the global note and the global note is held by The Bank of New York, The Bank of New York will issue uncertificated book-entry interests representing interests in the subordinated notes. The global note will only be exchangeable for definitive subordinated notes if we so determine pursuant to the terms of the subordinated notes. The partnership, as the holder of the depositary interest in the global note, must look solely to The Bank of New York, as depositary for the subordinated notes, for payment made to the custodian of the global note. Any stock exchange on which the subordinated notes will be listed will be specified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Interest Payments

The rate at which the subordinated notes will bear interest will be specified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Redemption

The terms of any redemption of a series of subordinated notes will be specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, subject to applicable regulatory requirements, including the prior approval of the UK Financial Services Authority (if such approval is required under applicable UK banking regulations).

Additional Amounts

We will pay any amounts to be paid under our subordinated notes without deduction for, or on account of any and all present and future income, stamp and other taxes, levies, imposts, duties, charges, fees, deductions or withholdings imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or on behalf of a UK

taxing jurisdiction unless such deduction or withholding is required by law. If at any time a UK taxing jurisdiction requires us to make such deduction or withholding, we will, subject to exceptions equivalent to those described under *Description of Trust Preferred Securities* *Additional Amounts*, pay additional amounts that are necessary in order that the net amounts, paid to a holder of the subordinated notes, after the deduction or withholding, shall equal the amounts of payments which would have been payable on our subordinated notes if the deduction or withholding had not been required.

Any reference in this prospectus or in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to the payment of interest on, or in respect of, the subordinated notes includes the payment of additional amounts to the extent that, in the context, additional amounts are, were or would be payable.

Ranking of Subordinated Notes

The subordinated notes will constitute our direct and unsecured subordinated obligations and will rank equally without any preference among themselves. The right of the partnership to receive payments of principal and interest will be subordinated to senior claims (as defined below), including the claims of any subordinated debt security holders or the claims of holders of any other series of our capital securities, which do not, or are not expressed to, rank equally with or after the subordinated notes. In the event of our winding up, the amount payable, if any, in respect of the subordinated notes will be such amount as would have been payable as if, on the day immediately prior to the commencement of our winding up and thereafter, the subordinated notes were a class of our non-cumulative preference shares (on the assumption that such preference shares were entitled to receive on our winding up an amount equal to the principal amount of the subordinated notes and pay dividends at the interest rate applicable to the subordinated notes together with any accrued interest).

The following are senior claims in respect of the subordinated notes:

all claims of our unsubordinated creditors admitted in the winding up;

all claims of our creditors in respect of liabilities that are, or are expressed to be, subordinated, whether only in the event of a winding up or otherwise, to the claims of our unsubordinated creditors but not further or otherwise;

all unpaid cumulative distributions on our cumulative preference shares; and

all other claims except those that rank, or are expressed to rank, equally with or junior to the subordinated notes.

The terms and conditions of the subordinated notes do not prohibit us from creating any mortgage, charge, lien, pledge, encumbrance or any other form of security interest over any of our assets, properties or undertakings, nor do they prohibit us from incurring any secured or unsecured indebtedness.

Events of Default

The only events of default under the subordinated notes will be our failure to make a payment in respect of the subordinated notes (in the case of payment of principal) for a period of seven days or more after the due date for the same or (in the case of any payment of interest) for a period of 14 days or more after the due date for the same. If an event of default occurs, the subordinated notes will not provide for acceleration. The only remedies available to the partnership upon an event of default will be to petition for our winding up.

Governing Law

The subordinated notes will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of England.

DESCRIPTION OF SUBORDINATED GUARANTEES

The following is a summary of the general terms of the subordinated guarantees relating to the trust preferred securities and the partnership preferred securities. Each time that trust preferred securities and the corresponding partnership preferred securities are issued, we will file a prospectus supplement with the SEC, which you should read carefully. The terms presented here, together with the terms contained in the prospectus supplement, will be a description of the material terms of the subordinated guarantees. If there is any inconsistency between the terms presented here and those in the prospectus supplement, those in the prospectus supplement will apply and will replace those presented here. You should also read the forms of each subordinated guarantee agreement, copies of which we have filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

General

When a trust sells a series of its trust preferred securities that it may issue pursuant to its terms, we will execute and deliver a subordinated guarantee of such series of trust preferred securities under a subordinated guarantee agreement for the benefit of the holders of such trust preferred securities. In addition, when the partnership sells a series of its partnership preferred securities, we will execute and deliver a subordinated guarantee of a series of partnership preferred securities under a subordinated guarantee agreement for the benefit of the holders of such partnership preferred securities. Each subordinated guarantee agreement will be qualified as an indenture under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. The terms of the subordinated guarantees will be those set forth in the subordinated guarantee agreements and those made a part of the subordinated guarantees by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. Unless the applicable prospectus supplement states otherwise, The Bank of New York will act as guarantee trustee under each subordinated guarantee agreement. The guarantee trustee will hold the trust preferred securities guarantee for the benefit of the holders of the trust preferred securities of the applicable trust and the partnership preferred securities guarantee for the benefit of the holders of the partnership preferred securities of the relevant partnership.

Specific Terms of the Subordinated Guarantees

Except as stated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will irrevocably and unconditionally agree to pay in full, on a subordinated basis, the following payments or distributions on each applicable series of trust preferred securities, to the extent that they are due to be paid and are not paid by, or on behalf of, the relevant trust:

any distributions payable in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities;

the redemption price required to be paid for each trust preferred security called for redemption, plus an amount equal to accrued distributions, if any, for the then-current distribution period accrued on a daily basis to the redemption date and an amount equal to any improperly withheld distributions which were payable in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities, without interest;

upon a dissolution, winding up or liquidation of the applicable trust, unless the corresponding series of partnership preferred securities or other securities permitted to be so distributed pursuant to the terms of the applicable prospectus supplement are distributed to holders of the trust preferred securities, the aggregate liquidation preference of the trust preferred securities, plus any accrued distributions at the stated rate for the then-current distribution period, through to the date of payment and an amount equal to any improperly withheld distributions which were payable in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities, without interest; and

any additional amounts payable in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities.

Except as stated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will irrevocably and unconditionally agree to pay in full, on a subordinated basis, the following payments or distributions on each applicable

series of partnership preferred securities, to the extent that they are due to be paid and are not paid by, or on behalf of, the relevant partnership:

any distributions payable in accordance with the terms of the partnership preferred securities;

the redemption price required to be paid for each partnership preferred security called for redemption, plus an amount equal to accrued distributions, if any, for the then-current distribution period accrued on a daily basis to the redemption date and an amount equal to any improperly withheld distributions which were payable in accordance with the terms of the partnership preferred securities, without interest;

upon a dissolution, winding up or liquidation of the applicable partnership unless the dollar preference shares have been distributed to the holders of the partnership preferred securities as described in this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, the aggregate liquidation preference of the partnership preferred securities, plus any accrued distributions at the stated rate for the then-current distribution period, through the date of payment and an amount equal to distributions which were payable in accordance with the terms of the partnership preferred securities and remain unpaid without interest; and

any additional amounts payable in accordance with the terms of the partnership preferred securities.

We will also be required to pay interest accrued on these amounts from the date a claim is made under the applicable subordinated guarantee until the payment is made or offered to the holders, subject to the limitations set forth in the subordinated guarantees.

Our obligation to make the payments described above under the subordinated guarantees may be satisfied by direct payment of the required amounts by us to the holders of the applicable trust preferred securities or partnership preferred securities, as the case may be, or by causing the applicable trust or partnership to pay such amounts to these holders. In addition, our obligation to make the payments described above will exist regardless of any defense, right of set-off or counterclaim that the applicable trust or partnership may have or assert.

Each subordinated guarantee will be unconditional. For the avoidance of doubt, amounts not paid on the trust preferred securities or the partnership preferred securities as a result of a no distribution instruction or a partial distribution instruction or as a result of our failure to make payment on our non-cumulative preference shares as described under Description of Partnership Preferred Securities Distributions Limitations on Distributions are not due or payable in accordance with the terms of such securities. Distributions on the trust preferred securities and the partnership preferred securities will not be cumulative and the holders of such securities will have no claim for any distributions (or the portion thereof) not payable. Accordingly, any distributions (or the portion thereof) not payable in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities or the partnership preferred securities are not payable under the subordinated guarantees. See Description of Partnership Preferred Securities Distributions Limitations on Distributions and Description of Partnership Preferred Securities Rights Upon Liquidation .

Subject to the preceding paragraph, payments under each subordinated guarantee will be made regardless of whether the partnership or the trust had legally available funds for the guaranteed payment.

Additional Amounts

We will pay or procure the payment of any amounts to be paid under the subordinated guarantees without deduction or withholding for, or on account of, any and all present and future income, stamp and other taxes, levies, imposts, duties, charges, fees, deductions or withholdings imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or on behalf of a Relevant taxing jurisdiction unless such deduction or withholding is required by law. If at any time a Relevant taxing jurisdiction requires us to make such deduction or withholding, we will, subject to exceptions equivalent to those described under Description of Trust Preferred Securities Additional Amounts as applied to us, pay or procure the payment of such

additional amounts that are necessary in order that the net amounts paid to holders of the trust preferred securities or the partnership preferred securities (as applicable), after the deduction or withholding, shall equal the amounts of payments which would have been payable on the trust preferred securities or the partnership preferred securities, respectively, if the deduction or withholding had not been required. Our obligation to pay additional amounts will be limited to the extent that we have insufficient available distributable profits to fund the relevant payment or, even if we have sufficient distributable profits, to the extent that a payment in respect of any distribution would breach or cause a breach of the capital adequacy requirements of the UK Financial Services Authority applicable to us and/or any of our subsidiaries. If we are unable to pay additional amounts in full as a result of the above restrictions, we will pay additional amounts to the extent of any distributable profits on a pro rata basis so that the amounts paid under the subordinated guarantees (including any additional amounts) and on other equally-ranking securities or guarantees will in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that payments due under the subordinated guarantees and such other equally-ranking securities or guarantees bear to each other.

Any reference in this prospectus or the applicable prospectus supplement relating to the payment of distributions or any payments on, or in respect of, any subordinated guarantees, includes the payment of the additional amounts described in the preceding paragraph to the extent that, in the context, those additional amounts are, were or would be payable.

Ranking

The subordinated guarantees will rank equally and ratably without any preference with each other. In a winding up, the subordinated guarantees are subordinated to, and subject in right of payment to, the prior payment in full of all senior claims, including the claims of any subordinated debt security holders (which include any of our capital securities), which do not, or are not expressed to, rank equally with or after the subordinated guarantees. Upon any winding up of the Group, the subordinated guarantees will rank equally with the holders of our existing preference shares (except for the unpaid cumulative dividends on any cumulative preference shares) and any other parity securities of the Group then outstanding and in priority to all holders of our junior securities. As stated under Description of Dollar Preference Shares General, as of October 11, 2002, the aggregate liquidation preference of our outstanding cumulative preference shares is £1.23 million (which provide for dividend payments of approximately £77,000 each year), and we have no present intention of issuing additional cumulative preference shares. There are no unpaid dividends on any of our cumulative preference shares.

The following are senior claims in respect of the subordinated guarantees:

all claims of our unsubordinated creditors admitted in the winding up;

all claims of our creditors in respect of liabilities that are, or are expressed to be, subordinated, whether only in the event of a winding up or otherwise, to the claims of our unsubordinated creditors but not further or otherwise;

all unpaid cumulative distributions on our cumulative preference shares; and

all other claims except those that rank, or are expressed to rank, equally with or junior to the subordinated guarantees.

Additional senior claims, if any, may be set forth in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

As a consequence of the above-described subordination provisions, guaranteed parties may recover less ratably than the holders of our unsubordinated liabilities and the holders of certain of our subordinated liabilities, including the holders of subordinated debt securities or holders of other capital securities as described in Description of Debt Securities Subordination. If, in any winding up, amounts payable under the subordinated guarantees and any claims ranking equally with the subordinated guarantees are not paid in full, the subordinated guarantees and other claims ranking equally will share ratably in any distribution of our assets in a winding up in proportion to the respective amounts to which they are entitled. If a guaranteed party is entitled to any recovery with respect to the subordinated guarantees in

any winding up or liquidation, the guaranteed party might not be entitled in those proceedings to a recovery in US dollars and might be entitled only to a recovery in pounds sterling or any other lawful currency of the United Kingdom. In addition, under current UK law, our liability to guaranteed parties would have to be converted into pounds sterling or any other lawful currency of the United Kingdom at a date close to the commencement of proceedings against us and such guaranteed parties would be exposed to currency fluctuations between that date and the date they receive proceeds pursuant to such proceedings, if any.

In addition, because we are a holding company, our rights to participate in the assets of any subsidiary if it is liquidated will be subject to the prior claims of its creditors, including, in the case of our bank subsidiaries, their depositors, except to the extent that we may be a creditor with recognized claims against the subsidiary.

Nature of the Subordinated Guarantees

Each subordinated guarantee will constitute a guarantee of payment and not of collection. This means that any guaranteed party may institute a legal proceeding directly against us to enforce its rights under a subordinated guarantee without first instituting a legal proceeding against any other person or entity. In addition, each subordinated guarantee will not be discharged except by payment of the amounts due under it in full to the extent they have not been paid by the applicable trust or partnership, upon distribution of dollar preference shares following a substitution event or, in the case of the trust preferred securities guarantee, upon distribution of partnership preferred securities to the holders of the trust preferred securities in exchange for all of such trust preferred securities.

The subordinated guarantees will not place a limitation on the amount of additional debt that may be incurred by us or share capital or other securities that may be issued by us.

By accepting the guarantees each guaranteed party and the trustee will be deemed to have waived any right of set-off, counterclaim or combination of accounts with respect to the subordinated guarantees (or between our obligations, as guarantor, under or in respect of the subordinated guarantees and any liability owed by a guaranteed party or the trustee to us) that such guaranteed party might otherwise have against us, whether before or during our winding up.

Certain Covenants of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc as Guarantor

We will agree to certain covenants under the subordinated guarantees. Should we default in respect of any of our obligations under the subordinated guarantees, including the covenants we describe below, the guarantee trustee will have the right to enforce the terms of the subordinated guarantees. The holders of not less than a majority in total liquidation preference of the securities to which a subordinated guarantee relates have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the guarantee trustee regarding our obligations under the subordinated guarantees or to direct the exercise of any trust or power conferred upon the guarantee trustee under the subordinated guarantees. If the guarantee trustee fails to enforce the subordinated guarantees, then any holder of securities to which the applicable subordinated guarantee relates may institute a legal proceeding directly against us as the guarantor to enforce the guarantee trustee's rights under that subordinated guarantee, without first instituting a legal proceeding against the trust or partnership, the guarantee trustee or any other person or entity.

Payments under the Subordinated Guarantees

Except as otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will agree in the subordinated guarantees that:

to the extent distributions are payable in accordance with the terms of the partnership preferred securities or the trust preferred securities, as the case may be, we will pay such distributions to the extent these amounts are not paid by the partnership or trust;

if the partnership preferred securities or the trust preferred securities are to be redeemed in accordance with their terms, we will pay amounts due upon redemption to the extent these amounts are not paid by the partnership or the trust; and

if the holders of the partnership preferred securities or the trust preferred securities are entitled to any amounts due upon liquidation of the trust or the partnership, we will pay these amounts to the extent they are not paid by the partnership or the trust.

We will pay any additional amounts payable in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities and the partnership preferred securities, as the case may be, to the extent not paid by the relevant trust or the relevant partnership respectively.

For the avoidance of doubt, amounts not paid on the trust preferred securities or the partnership preferred securities as a result of a no distribution instruction or a partial distribution instruction or non-payment on our non-cumulative preference shares as described above under Description of Partnership Preferred Securities Distributions Limitations on Distributions are not due or payable in accordance with the terms of such securities. Distributions on the trust preferred securities and the partnership preferred securities will not be cumulative and the holders of such securities will have no claim for any distributions (or the portion thereof) not payable. Accordingly, any distributions (or the portion thereof) not payable in accordance with the terms of the trust preferred securities or the partnership preferred securities are not payable under the subordinated guarantees. See Description of Subordinated Guarantees and Description of Partnership Preferred Securities Distributions Limitations on Distributions.

Payment of Dividends on Junior Securities and Redemption of Junior or Parity Securities

Except as otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will agree in the subordinated guarantees that if any distribution on the trust preferred securities or the partnership preferred securities, as applicable, has not been paid in full on the most recent distribution payment date (or a sum has not been set aside to provide for such payment in full), we may not declare or pay dividends (other than nominal special dividends) on any of our junior securities, unless and until distributions on such securities have been paid in full (or a sum has been set aside to provide for their payment in full) in respect of the then-current distribution period.

In addition, except as otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will agree in the subordinated guarantees that if any distribution on the trust preferred securities or partnership preferred securities for the most recent distribution period has not been paid in full on the most recent distribution payment date (or a sum has not been set aside to provide for such payment in full), we may not redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire for any consideration any parity securities or junior securities, and we may not set aside any sum or establish any sinking fund for the redemption, purchase or other acquisition thereof, unless and until such time as distributions on the partnership preferred securities and the trust preferred securities in respect of successive then-current distribution periods which singly or together aggregate 12 months shall have been paid in full (or a sum has been set aside to provide for their payment in full).

Junior securities means

our ordinary shares,

any other securities issued directly by us and which rank or are expressed to rank junior as to payments to our non-cumulative preference shares, and

any securities issued by any subsidiary of ours that benefit from a guarantee or support agreement by us which ranks or is expressed to rank junior as to payments to our non-cumulative preference shares.

Parity securities means

our non-cumulative preference shares from time to time outstanding,

any other securities issued directly by us and which rank or are expressed to rank equally as to payments with our non-cumulative preference shares, and

any securities issued by any of our subsidiaries that benefit from a guarantee or support agreement by us which ranks or is expressed to rank equally as to payments with our non-cumulative preference shares.

Maintenance of Ownership and Existence of the Partnership and the Trust

As long as any trust securities or partnership preferred securities remain outstanding, the general partnership interest will be held by us, the general partner or one or more qualified subsidiaries that is also a United States person as defined in section 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and all of the trust common securities will be held by the partnership or one or more qualified subsidiaries. For these purposes, qualified subsidiaries means a company controlled by the parent company within the meaning of Rule 3a-5 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The priority limited partnership interest will be initially held by The Royal Bank of Scotland plc.

We will agree in the subordinated guarantees that, as long as any of the partnership preferred securities are outstanding, we will not permit, or take any action to cause, the liquidation, dissolution, termination or winding up of the partnership unless (1) a partnership special redemption event, an investment company event or a substitution event has occurred with respect to the partnership or (2) we are in liquidation, all claims under the subordinated guarantees have been paid in full and the UK Financial Services Authority has granted its approval in writing, if then required. We will likewise agree that as long as any trust preferred securities are outstanding, we will not permit, or take any action to cause, the liquidation, dissolution, termination or winding up of the trust unless:

a trust tax event or an investment company event has occurred with respect to the trust,

a substitution event has occurred with respect to the partnership, or

we are in liquidation, all claims under the subordinated guarantees have been paid in full and the UK Financial Services Authority has granted its approval in writing, if then required.

Classification of the Trust and the Partnership

We will use reasonable efforts to ensure that (1) the partnership will not be classified as other than a partnership for US federal income tax purposes, (2) the trust will not be classified as other than a grantor trust for US federal income tax purposes and (3) neither the partnership nor the trust will be required to register as an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Substitution

In the event of the occurrence of a substitution event, we will undertake pursuant to the subordinated guarantees to use reasonable efforts to:

ensure that we will have a sufficient number of authorized but unissued dollar preference shares to effect a substitution;

effect the corporate steps necessary to complete the substitution of dollar preference shares for the trust preferred securities; and

register the dollar preference shares under the Securities Act and to obtain a listing of the dollar preference shares on the New York Stock Exchange or a similar recognized exchange following their distribution to the holders of the trust preferred securities.

We will also undertake to pay all stamp duty, stamp duty reserve tax and other duties imposed in connection with the allotment and issuance of the dollar preference shares into the ADR depositary arrangements.

The method for effecting a substitution is described under Description of Trust Preferred Securities Liquidation or Dissolution Liquidation of Trust Upon Substitution of Trust Preferred Securities for Dollar Preference Shares.

Amendments

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, each subordinated guarantee may be amended under the following circumstances: any changes to the provisions of either subordinated guarantee that establish the amount and timing of the payments under that subordinated guarantee must be approved by each holder of the partnership preferred securities or the trust preferred securities, as applicable. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, any other provision of the subordinated guarantees may be modified only with the prior approval of the holders of more than 75% of the partnership preferred securities or more than 75% of the trust preferred securities, as the case may be.

However, both subordinated guarantees may be amended without the consent of the holders of the applicable securities to:

cure any ambiguity;

correct or supplement any provision that may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision;

add to our covenants, restrictions or obligations under the relevant subordinated guarantee;

conform to any change in the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 or the rules or regulations of either statute; and

modify, eliminate and add to any provision to such extent as may be necessary or desirable;

so long as no such amendment will have a material adverse effect on the rights, preferences or privileges of the holders of the trust preferred securities or partnership preferred securities, as the case may be.

Any partnership preferred securities or trust preferred securities that are beneficially owned at that time by us or any of our subsidiaries, other than partnership preferred securities that are held by the trust, will not be entitled to vote or consent and for such purposes, those securities will be treated as if they were not outstanding, except under certain limited circumstances.

Assignment

All guarantees and agreements contained in a subordinated guarantee will bind our successors, assigns, receivers, trustees and representatives and will inure to the benefit of the holders of the related trust preferred securities or partnership preferred securities, as the case may be. We may not assign our obligations under either of the subordinated guarantees, except in the case of merger, consolidation or sale of substantially all of our assets where we are not the surviving entity.

Remedies

The holders of not less than a majority in total liquidation preference of the securities to which a subordinated guarantee relates have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the guarantee trustee regarding the subordinated guarantee or to direct the exercise of any trust or power conferred upon the guarantee trustee under such subordinated guarantee.

If the guarantee trustee fails to enforce a subordinated guarantee after a holder of the corresponding series of securities has made a written request, then such holder of the corresponding series of securities may institute a legal proceeding directly against us as the guarantor to enforce the subordinated guarantee

trustee's rights under that subordinated guarantee, without first instituting a legal proceeding against the applicable trust or partnership, any guarantee trustee or any other person or entity. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if we fail to make the payments described under Specific Terms of the Subordinated Guarantees above, a holder of the corresponding series of securities may directly institute a proceeding, in such holder's own name against us for enforcement of the guarantee for such payment.

In no event shall the rights to take remedial action described above result in any holder of trust preferred securities or partnership preferred securities receiving, or receiving sooner, any amount that it would not have received had it been a holder of non-cumulative preference shares issued directly by us with economic terms equivalent to the partnership preferred securities and the subordinated guarantees, taken together.

Information Concerning the Guarantee Trustees

The guarantee trustees, other than during the occurrence and continuance of a default by us in performance of a subordinated guarantee, undertake to perform only such duties as are specifically set forth in the subordinated guarantees. After a default under any subordinated guarantee which has not been cured or waived, that is actually known to a responsible officer of the applicable guarantee trustee, the guarantee trustee must exercise the same degree of care and skill as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of his own affairs. Subject to this provision, no guarantee trustee is under any obligation to exercise any of the powers vested in it by a subordinated guarantee at the request of any holder of securities to which the subordinated guarantee relates unless it is offered reasonable indemnity against the costs, expenses and liabilities that might be incurred by such action.

Termination of the Subordinated Guarantees

Each trust preferred securities guarantee will terminate upon any of the following events:

full payment of the redemption price of all trust preferred securities of the applicable trust;

full payment of the amounts payable upon liquidation of the applicable trust;

distribution of the partnership preferred securities held by the applicable trust to the holders of the trust preferred securities in exchange for all of the trust preferred securities; or

substitution of the trust preferred securities of the applicable trust for preference shares issued directly by us.

Each partnership preferred securities guarantee will terminate upon any of the following events:

full payment of the redemption price of all partnership preferred securities of the applicable partnership;

full payment of the amounts payable upon liquidation of the applicable partnership; or

any exchange of partnership preferred securities for our preference shares.

Each subordinated guarantee will continue to be effective or will be reinstated if at any time any holder of related securities issued by the applicable trust or partnership is required to restore payment of any sums paid under the applicable securities or subordinated guarantee.

Subrogation

If we make any payment under either of the subordinated guarantees, we will be subrogated to the rights of the holders of the trust preferred securities against the trust or the rights of the holders of the partnership preferred securities against the partnership, as the case may be, with respect to such payment. We will agree, however, not to enforce any payment by way of subrogation against the trust if any trust preferred securities are outstanding or against the partnership if any partnership preferred securities are outstanding.

Governing Law and Jurisdiction

The subordinated guarantees, except for any provisions relating to subordination, will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York. Subordination provisions in the subordinated guarantees will be governed by English law. The subordinated guarantees will require that any claim or proceeding brought to enforce our obligations under the subordinated guarantees be brought exclusively before a court in England or the State of New York.

DESCRIPTION OF DOLLAR PREFERENCE SHARES

The following is a summary of the general terms of the dollar preference shares of any series. Each time that we issue dollar preference shares, we will file a prospectus supplement with the SEC, which you should read carefully. The prospectus supplement will designate the terms of the dollar preference shares of the particular series, which are set out in the resolutions establishing the series that our board of directors or an authorized committee adopt. These terms may be different from those summarized below, and if so the applicable prospectus supplement will state that, and the description of the dollar preference shares of that series contained in the prospectus supplement will apply. You should also read our Articles of Association, which we have filed with the SEC as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. You should read the summary of the general terms of the ADR deposit agreement under which American Depositary Receipts evidencing American Depositary Shares that may represent dollar preference shares may be issued, under the heading Description of American Depositary Receipts .

General

Under our Articles of Association, our board of directors or a committee of our board of directors (the committee) is authorized to provide for the issuance of dollar preference shares, in one or more series, with the dividend rights, liquidation value per share, redemption provisions, voting rights and other rights, preferences, privileges, limitations and restrictions that are set forth in resolutions providing for their issue adopted by our board of directors or the committee. Our board of directors or the committee may only provide for the issuance of dollar preference shares of any series if a resolution of our shareholders has authorized the allotment of shares.

As of December 11, 2002, we have authorized, issued and outstanding the following non-equity shares:

Non-Equity shares at December 11, 2002

	Number Issued	Number Authorized	Aggregate Liquidation Preference Outstanding
Additional Value Shares of £0.01.	2,660,556,304	2,700 million	£1.46 billion
Non-cumulative preference shares of US\$0.01 (liquidation preference \$25 per share)			
Series B	8 million		
Series C	16 million		
Series D	7 million		
Series E	8 million		
Series F	8 million		
Series G	10 million		
Series H	12 million		
Series I	12 million		
Series J	9 million		
Series K	16 million		
Total	106 million	238.5 million	