HANOVER INSURANCE GRO Form 10-Q August 01, 2014	UP, INC.	
UNITED STATES		
SECURITIES AND EXCHANG	E COMMISSION	
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549		
FORM 10-Q		
(Mark One)		
QUARTERLY REPORT PURS 1934	SUANT TO SECTION 13 OR	15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
For the quarterly period ended Ju	ine 30, 2014	
TRANSITION REPORT PURS 1934	SUANT TO SECTION 13 OR	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
For the transition period from	to	
Commission File Number 1-1375	54	
THE HANOVER INSURANCE	GROUP, INC.	
(Exact name of registrant as spec	ified in its charter)	
	Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of	04-3263626 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

440 Lincoln Street, Worcester, Massachusetts 01653

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(508) 855-1000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock was 44,189,747 as of July 30, 2014.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# THE HANOVER INSURANCE GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Mon	Six Months Ended			
	June 30,		June 30,		
(In millions, except per share data)	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Revenues					
Premiums	\$ 1,174.7	\$ 1,090.8	\$ 2,337.7	\$ 2,185.1	
Net investment income	67.0	67.9	134.0	135.2	
Net realized investment gains (losses):					

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Net realized gains from sales and other Net other—than—temporary impairment losses on investments	22.3	3	14.8	26.7	23.4
recognized in earnings	(0.1	)	(1.1)	(0.1)	(1.6)
Total net realized investment gains	22.2		13.7	26.6	21.8
Fees and other income	9.1	_	10.2	18.6	20.8
Total revenues		73.0	1,182.6	2,516.9	2,362.9
Total Tevenues	1,2	3.0	1,102.0	2,310.7	2,302.7
Losses and expenses					
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	725	.5	692.1	1,476.0	1,375.5
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	259	.6	232.7	513.3	475.2
Interest expense	16.3	3	17.4	32.6	32.1
Other operating expenses	163	.9	174.5	315.2	325.3
Total losses and expenses	1,16	55.3	1,116.7	2,337.1	2,208.1
Income before income taxes	107	.7	65.9	179.8	154.8
Income tax expense (benefit):					
Current	(1.6	)	(0.5)	7.6	3.5
Deferred	26.8	3	13.3	35.0	31.8
Total income tax expense	25.2	2	12.8	42.6	35.3
Income from continuing operations	82.5	5	53.1	137.2	119.5
Net gain from discontinued operations (net of tax benefit					
(expense) of \$0.1 and \$(0.1) for the three months ended					
June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 and \$0.2 for the six months					
ended June 30, 2014)	0.1		0.3	_	0.1
Net income	\$ 82.6	5 \$	5 53.4	\$ 137.2	\$ 119.6
Earnings per common share:					
Basic:					
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1.87	7 \$	3 1.21	\$ 3.12	\$ 2.70
Net gain from discontinued operations	0.0		-	-	-
Net income per share	\$ 1.88	3 \$	5 1.21	\$ 3.12	\$ 2.70
Weighted average shares outstanding	44.1	[	44.0	44.0	44.3
Diluted:					
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1.84	1 \$	5 1.19	\$ 3.06	\$ 2.65
Net gain from discontinued operations	-		-	_	0.01
Net income per share	\$ 1.84	1 \$	5 1.19	\$ 3.06	\$ 2.66
Weighted average shares outstanding	44.9	)	44.8	44.8	45.0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

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# THE HANOVER INSURANCE GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Mo	onths		
	Ended		Six Mon	ths Ended
	June 30,		June 30,	
(In millions)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net income	\$ 82.6	\$ 53.4	\$ 137.2	\$ 119.6
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Available-for-sale securities and derivative instruments:				
Net appreciation (depreciation) during the period	34.3	(138.2)	81.5	(132.7)
Change in other-than-temporary impairment losses				
recognized in other comprehensive income	-	0.8	1.6	0.7
Total available-for-sale securities and derivative instruments	34.3	(137.4)	83.1	(132.0)
Pension and postretirement benefits:				
Amortization recognized as net periodic benefit and				
postretirement cost	1.6	4.1	3.4	6.0
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment:				
Amount recognized as cumulative foreign currency				
translation during the period	3.1	(0.1)	3.0	(10.1)
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	39.0	(133.4)	89.5	(136.1)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 121.6	\$ (80.0)	\$ 226.7	\$ (16.5)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

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# THE HANOVER INSURANCE GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

	June 30,	December 31,
(In millions, except share data)	2014	2013
Assets		
Investments:		
Fixed maturities, at fair value (amortized cost of \$6,785.1 and \$6,815.2)	\$ 7,058.5	\$ 6,970.6
Equity securities, at fair value (cost of \$446.4 and \$366.5)	530.5	430.2
Other investments	238.5	192.5
Total investments	7,827.5	7,593.3
Cash and cash equivalents	606.2	486.2
Accrued investment income	70.0	68.0
Premiums and accounts receivable, net	1,515.9	1,324.6
Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses and unearned premiums	2,416.7	2,335.0
Deferred acquisition costs	540.6	506.0
Deferred income taxes	145.6	239.7
Goodwill	185.2	184.9
Other assets	542.1	526.1
Assets of discontinued operations	115.0	114.9
Total assets	\$ 13,964.8	\$ 13,378.7
Liabilities		
Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	\$ 6,448.0	\$ 6,231.5
Unearned premiums	2,689.0	2,515.8
Expenses and taxes payable	2,089.0 569.7	637.2
Reinsurance premiums payable	443.2	374.7
Debt	903.9	903.9
Liabilities of discontinued operations	115.9	121.1
Total liabilities	11,169.7	10,784.2
Total Habilities	11,109.7	10,764.2
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' Equity		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 20.0 million shares authorized; none issued	_	_
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 300.0 million shares authorized; 60.5 million		
shares issued	0.6	0.6
Additional paid-in capital	1,824.5	1,830.1
Accumulated other comprehensive income	267.1	177.6
Retained earnings	1,451.7	1,349.1
Treasury stock at cost (16.6 and 16.8 million shares)	(748.8)	(762.9)
Total shareholders' equity	2,795.1	2,594.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 13,964.8	\$ 13,378.7

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

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# THE HANOVER INSURANCE GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	Six Month June 30,	s Ended
(In millions)	2014	2013
Preferred Stock		
Balance at beginning and end of period	\$ -	\$ -
Common Stock		
Balance at beginning and end of period	0.6	0.6
Additional Paid-in Capital		
Balance at beginning of period	1,830.1	1,787.1
Employee and director stock-based awards and other	(5.6)	6.0
Balance at end of period	1,824.5	1,793.1
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax		
Net Unrealized Appreciation on Investments and Derivative Instruments:		
Balance at beginning of period	259.3	426.0
Net appreciation (depreciation) on available-for-sale securities and derivative instruments	83.1	(132.0)
Balance at end of period	342.4	294.0
Defined Benefit Pension and Postretirement Plans:		
Balance at beginning of period	(76.1)	(96.6)
Net amount recognized as net periodic benefit cost	3.4	6.0
Balance at end of period	(72.7)	(90.6)
Cumulative Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment:		
Balance at beginning of period	(5.6)	(3.6)
Amount recognized as cumulative foreign currency translation during the period	3.0	(10.1)
Balance at end of period	(2.6)	(13.7)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	267.1	189.7
Retained Earnings		
Balance at beginning of period	1,349.1	1,211.6
Net income	137.2	119.6
Dividends to shareholders	(32.6)	(29.3)
Stock-based compensation	(2.0)	(19.5)
Balance at end of period	1,451.7	1,282.4
Treasury Stock		
Balance at beginning of period	(762.9)	(729.7)
Shares purchased at cost	(6.7)	(72.3)
Net shares reissued at cost under employee stock-based compensation plans	20.8	31.9
Balance at end of period	(748.8)	(770.1)
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 2,795.1	\$ 2,495.7

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

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# THE HANOVER INSURANCE GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Six Month	s Ended		
- · · · ·	June 30,			
(In millions)	2014		2013	
Cash Flows From				
Operating Activities				
Net income	\$	137.2	\$	119.6
Adjustments to				
reconcile net income to				
net cash provided by				
operating activities:				
Loss on repurchase of				
debt		-		11.3
Net realized investment				
gains		(26.6)		(21.8)
Net amortization and				
depreciation		16.9		17.4
Stock-based				
compensation expense		7.3		5.7
Amortization of defined				
benefit plan costs		5.2		9.2
Deferred income taxes				
expense		34.9		31.8
Change in deferred				
acquisition costs		(34.6)		(20.2)
Change in premiums				
receivable, net of				
reinsurance premiums				
payable		(122.8)		(115.7)
Change in loss, loss				
adjustment expense and				
unearned premium				
reserves		352.2		80.8
Change in reinsurance				
recoverable		(69.9)		45.3
Change in expenses and				
taxes payable		(101.8)		(111.4)
Other, net		(30.6)		(18.7)
		167.4		33.3

Net cash provided by operating activities

Cash Flows From		
Investing Activities		
Proceeds from disposals		
and maturities of fixed	660.0	960.5
maturities	669.0	869.5
Proceeds from disposals		
of equity securities and other investments	95.3	85.1
Purchase of fixed	93.3	63.1
maturities	(583.4)	(603.8)
Purchase of equity	(363.4)	(003.8)
securities and other		
investments	(196.4)	(206.9)
Capital expenditures	(7.4)	(10.7)
Net cash (used in)	(7.4)	(10.7)
provided by investing		
activities	(22.9)	133.2
activities	(22.7)	133.2
Cash Flows From		
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from exercise		
of employee stock		
options	6.7	15.1
Proceeds from debt		
borrowings, net	-	169.5
Change in cash		
collateral related to		
securities lending		
program	2.0	(17.7)
Dividends paid to		
shareholders	(32.6)	(29.3)
Repurchases of debt	(0.1)	(96.8)
Repurchases of common		
stock	(6.7)	(72.3)
Other financing		
activities	(2.3)	(3.3)
Net cash used in		
financing activities	(33.0)	(34.8)
Effect of exchange rate		
changes on cash	8.5	(6.2)
Net change in cash and		
cash equivalents	120.0	125.5
Net change in cash		
related to discontinued		
operations	-	0.1
Cash and cash		
equivalents, beginning	40.6.2	5640
of period	486.2	564.8

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

period \$ 606.2 \$ 690.4

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

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#### THE HANOVER INSURANCE GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of The Hanover Insurance Group, Inc. and subsidiaries ("THG" or the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the requirements of Form 10-Q. Certain financial information that is provided in annual financial statements, but is not required in interim reports, has been omitted.

The interim consolidated financial statements of THG include the accounts of The Hanover Insurance Company ("Hanover Insurance") and Citizens Insurance Company of America, THG's principal U.S. domiciled property and casualty companies; Chaucer Holdings plc ("Chaucer"), a specialist insurance underwriting group which operates through the Society and Corporation of Lloyd's ("Lloyd's") and certain other insurance and non-insurance subsidiaries. These legal entities conduct their operations through several business segments discussed in Note 8 – "Segment Information". Additionally, the interim consolidated financial statements include the Company's discontinued operations, consisting primarily of the Company's former life insurance businesses and its accident and health business. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In the opinion of the Company's management, the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring items, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 25, 2014.

#### 2. New Accounting Pronouncements

#### Recently Implemented Standards

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Update No. 2013-11 (Topic 740) Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force). This ASC update clarifies the applicable guidance for the presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists. An unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward as long as it is available, at the reporting date under the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction, to settle any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position (with certain exceptions). The assessment of whether a deferred tax asset is available is based on the unrecognized tax benefit and deferred tax asset that exist at the reporting date and should be made presuming disallowance of the tax position at the reporting date. This guidance was applicable for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013, with early adoption permitted, and was to be

applied prospectively to all unrecognized tax benefits that existed at the effective date. Retrospective application to all prior periods upon the date of adoption was permitted. The Company implemented this guidance effective January 1, 2014. The effect of implementing this guidance was not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In March 2013, the FASB issued ASC Update No. 2013-05 (Topic 830) Foreign Currency Matters-Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force). This ASC update clarifies the applicable guidance for the release of the cumulative translation adjustment into net income when a parent either sells all or a portion of its investment in a foreign entity. This guidance is also required to be applied when an entity no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a nonprofit activity or a business within a foreign entity (with certain exceptions). Additionally, this update clarifies that the sale of an investment in a foreign entity includes events that result in an acquirer obtaining control of an acquiree in which it held an equity interest immediately before the acquisition date in a business combination achieved in stages. This guidance was applicable for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013, with early adoption permitted, and was to be applied prospectively to derecognition events occurring after the effective date. The Company implemented this guidance effective January 1, 2014. The effect of implementing this guidance was not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

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#### Recently Issued Standards

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASC Update No. 2014-08 (Topic 205 and Topic 360) Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. This ASC update modifies the definition of discontinued operations by limiting discontinued operations reporting to disposals of components of an entity that represent strategic shifts that have (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. Also, this update requires additional financial statement disclosures about discontinued operations, as well as disposals of an individually significant component of an entity that do not qualify for discontinued operations presentation. This ASC update is effective for all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity that occur within annual and interim periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014 and for all businesses that, on acquisition, are classified as held for sale that also occur within interim and annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014. Early adoption is permitted for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASC Update 2014-08 to have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASC Update No. 2014-09 (Topic 606) Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This ASC was issued to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue. Insurance Contracts and financial instrument transactions are not within the scope of this updated guidance, and; therefore, only an insignificant amount of the Company's revenue is subject to this updated guidance. The updated guidance is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### 3. Income Taxes

Income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 has been computed using estimated annual effective tax rates. These rates are revised, if necessary, at the end of each successive interim period to reflect current estimates of the annual effective tax rates.

For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the tax provision is comprised of a \$24.7 million U.S. federal income tax expense and a \$17.9 million foreign income tax expense. For the six months ended June 30, 2013, the tax provision was comprised of a \$17.6 million U.S. federal income tax expense and a \$17.7 million foreign income tax expense. Income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 included a benefit of \$4.4 million related to foreign exchange losses that will be deductible on the Company's 2013 U.S. tax return. This permanent tax item is not otherwise recognized in the Company's U.S. GAAP financial statements.

Although most of the Company's non–U.S. income is subject to U.S. federal income tax, certain of its non–U.S. income is not subject to U.S. federal income tax until repatriated. Foreign taxes on this non–U.S. income are accrued at the local foreign tax rate, as opposed to the higher U.S. statutory rate, since these earnings currently are expected to be indefinitely reinvested overseas. This assumption could change as a result of a sale of the subsidiaries, the receipt of dividends from the subsidiaries, a change in management's intentions, or as a result of various other events. The Company has not made a provision for U.S. taxes on \$5.6 million and \$10.3 million of non-U.S. income for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. However, in the future, if such earnings were distributed to the Company, taxes of \$14.9 million would be payable on such undistributed earnings and would be reflected in the tax provision for the year in which these earnings are no longer intended to be indefinitely reinvested overseas, assuming all foreign tax credits are realized.

In May 2014, the Company reached a final settlement with the IRS for years 2007 and 2008, related to the disallowance of deductions for certain loss reserves. As a result, a liability for uncertain tax positions was established for \$4.8 million, with an offsetting deferred tax asset. The IRS audits of the years 2009 and 2010 commenced in June 2012 and final settlement was reached in May 2014 with no additional tax liability.

The Company or its subsidiaries files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions, as well as foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company and its subsidiaries are no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2011. The Company and its subsidiaries are still subject to U.S. state income tax examinations by tax authorities for years after 2006 and foreign examinations for years after 2011.

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## 4. Investments

# A. Fixed maturities and equity securities

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale fixed maturities and the cost and fair value of equity securities were as follows:

	June 30, 2014				
	Amortized	Gross	Gross		OTTI
	Cost or	Unrealized	Unrealized		Unrealized
(in millions)	Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value	Losses
Fixed maturities:					
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$ 403.5	\$ 6.0	\$ 6.3	\$ 403.2	\$ -
Foreign government	319.7	2.6	1.3	321.0	-
Municipal	1,080.4	59.5	6.4	1,133.5	-
Corporate	3,718.3	205.4	15.0	3,908.7	7.4
Residential mortgage-backed	697.3	22.1	5.8	713.6	0.4
Commercial mortgage-backed	395.1	12.5	1.5	406.1	-
Asset-backed	170.8	1.7	0.1	172.4	-
Total fixed maturities	\$ 6,785.1	\$ 309.8	\$ 36.4	\$ 7,058.5	\$ 7.8
Equity securities	\$ 446.4	\$ 84.9	\$ 0.8	\$ 530.5	\$ -

	December 31, 2013				
	Amortized	Gross	Gross		OTTI
	Cost or	Unrealized	Unrealized		Unrealized
(in millions)	Cost	Gains	Losses	Fair Value	Losses
Fixed maturities:					
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$ 417.5	\$ 3.3	\$ 14.2	\$ 406.6	\$ -
Foreign government	304.5	2.1	1.6	305.0	-
Municipal	1,108.0	37.4	19.1	1,126.3	-
Corporate	3,690.2	171.5	37.5	3,824.2	8.6
Residential mortgage-backed	722.8	20.1	14.1	728.8	1.6

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Commercial mortgage-backed	405.9	10.5	4.8	411.6	-
Asset-backed	166.3	2.0	0.2	168.1	-
Total fixed maturities	\$ 6,815.2	\$ 246.9	\$ 91.5	\$ 6,970.6 \$	10.2
Equity securities	\$ 366.5	\$ 66.9	\$ 3.2	\$ 430.2 \$	-

Other-than-temporary impairments ("OTTI") unrealized losses in the tables above represent OTTI recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income. This amount excludes net unrealized gains on impaired securities relating to changes in the value of such securities subsequent to the impairment measurement date of \$14.4 million and \$16.4 million as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

The amortized cost and fair value by maturity periods for fixed maturities are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties, or the Company may have the right to put or sell the obligations back to the issuers.

	June 30, 2014		
	Amortized Fair		
(in millions)	Cost	Value	
Due in one year or less	\$ 400.6	\$ 404.8	
Due after one year through five years	2,329.2	2,437.4	
Due after five years through ten years	2,116.5	2,215.1	
Due after ten years	675.6	709.1	
	5,521.9	5,766.4	
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	1,263.2	1,292.1	
Total fixed maturities	\$ 6,785.1	\$ 7,058.5	

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# B. Securities in an unrealized loss position

The following tables provide information about the Company's fixed maturities and equity securities that were in an unrealized loss position at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

	June 30, 2014 12 months or less Gross Unreali Fedr		Greater than 12 months Gross Unrealizedair		Total Gross Unrealiz <del>d</del> thir	
(in millions)	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value
Fixed maturities:						
Investment grade:						
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$ -	\$ 6.4	\$ 6.3	\$ 152.0	\$ 6.3	\$ 158.4
Foreign governments	0.8	100.7	0.5	56.1	1.3	156.8
Municipal	0.4	53.3	5.7	158.9	6.1	212.2
Corporate	2.6	198.4	10.1	259.7	12.7	458.1
Residential mortgage-backed	0.5	39.7	5.3	135.5	5.8	175.2
Commercial mortgage-backed	0.1	31.3	1.4	65.4	1.5	96.7
Asset-backed	-	10.7	0.1	14.2	0.1	24.9
Total investment grade	4.4	440.5	29.4	841.8	33.8	1,282.3
Below investment grade:						
Municipal	0.3	4.4	-	-	0.3	4.4
Corporate	0.5	16.2	1.8	25.0	2.3	41.2
Total below investment grade	0.8	20.6	1.8	25.0	2.6	45.6
Total fixed maturities	5.2	461.1	31.2	866.8	36.4	1,327.9
Equity securities	-	10.0	0.8	3.4	0.8	13.4
Total	\$ 5.2	\$ 471.1	\$ 32.0	\$ 870.2	\$ 37.2	\$ 1,341.3

	December 31, 2013	3	
		Greater than 12	
	12 months or less	months	Total
	Gross	Gross	Gross
	Unrealizecair	Unrealize Chir	Unrealizechir
(in millions)	Losses Value	Losses Value	Losses Value

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21.4

1.5

22.9

226.6

0.7

\$ 70.5 \$ 2,221.5 \$ 24.2 \$ 227.3 \$ 94.7 \$ 2,448.8

3.5

96.8

45.9

2,402.9

0.4

4.9

91.5

3.2

0.3

1.9

23.8

0.4

#### Fixed maturities: Investment grade: U.S. Treasury and government agencies \$ 12.3 \$ 247.9 \$ 1.9 \$ 18.8 \$ 14.2 \$ 266.7 Foreign governments 1.5 129.0 0.1 17.3 1.6 146.3 Municipal 14.8 345.3 4.3 39.9 19.1 385.2 Corporate 21.4 872.7 11.6 87.7 33.0 960.4 Residential mortgage-backed 3.4 10.3 321.1 29.5 13.7 350.6 Commercial mortgage-backed 4.2 155.4 0.6 10.2 4.8 165.6 Asset-backed 0.2 31.0 0.3 0.2 31.3 Total investment grade 64.7 2,102.4 21.9 203.7 86.6 2,306.1 Below investment grade: 2.9 71.9 1.6 4.5 93.3

0.1

3.0

67.7

2.8

2.0

73.9

45.2

2,176.3

10

Total

Corporate

Residential mortgage-backed

Total below investment grade

Total fixed maturities

Equity securities

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The Company views gross unrealized losses on fixed maturities and equity securities as being temporary since it is its assessment that these securities will recover in the near term, allowing the Company to realize the anticipated long-term economic value. The Company employs a systematic methodology to evaluate declines in fair value below amortized cost for fixed maturity securities or cost for equity securities. In determining OTTI of fixed maturity and equity securities, the Company evaluates several factors and circumstances, including the issuer's overall financial condition; the issuer's credit and financial strength ratings; the issuer's financial performance, including earnings trends, dividend payments and asset quality; any specific events which may influence the operations of the issuer; the general outlook for market conditions in the industry or geographic region in which the issuer operates; and the length of time and the degree to which the fair value of an issuer's securities remains below the Company's cost. With respect to fixed maturity investments, the Company considers any factors that might raise doubt about the issuer's ability to make contractual payments as they come due and whether the Company expects to recover the entire amortized cost basis of the security. With respect to equity securities, the Company considers its ability and intent to hold the investment for a period of time to allow for a recovery in value.

#### C. Proceeds from sales

The proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities and gross realized gains and losses on those sales, were as follows:

	Three N	Ionths Er	nded June	: 30,		
	2014			2013		
	Proceed	ls <b>Groons</b> s	Gross	Proceeds	f <b>Cono</b> ss	Gross
(in millions)	Sales	Gains	Losses	Sales	Gains	Losses
Fixed maturities	\$ 70.5	\$ 1.1	\$ 1.1	\$ 148.5	\$ 3.0	\$ 0.4
Equity securities	\$ 60.0	\$ 22.2	\$ 0.7	\$ 44.4	\$ 10.4	\$ 0.3

	Six Mon	ths Ende	d June 30,	,		
	2014			2013		
	Proceeds	s ficanonss	Gross	Proceeds	f Convoss	Gross
(in millions)	Sales	Gains	Losses	Sales	Gains	Losses
Fixed maturities	\$ 208.1	\$ 3.3	\$ 2.3	\$ 285.7	\$ 4.6	\$ 1.0
Equity securities	\$ 72.4	\$ 24.1	\$ 0.8	\$ 78.9	\$ 17.0	\$ 0.3

## D. Other-than-temporary impairments

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, OTTI of fixed maturities recognized in earnings was \$0.1 million, which was transferred from unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income.

For the three months ended June 30, 2013, total OTTI of fixed maturities and equity securities were \$1.3 million. Of this amount, \$1.1 million was recognized in earnings and the remaining \$0.2 million was recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income. For the first six months of 2013, total OTTI of fixed maturities and equities were \$2.0 million. Of this amount, \$1.6 million was recognized in earnings and the remaining \$0.4 million was recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income.

There were no credit impairments in 2014. The methodology and significant inputs used to measure the amount of credit losses on fixed maturities in 2013 were as follows:

Asset-backed securities, including commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities – the Company utilized cash flow estimates based on bond specific facts and circumstances that include collateral characteristics, expectations of delinquency and default rates, loss severity, prepayment speeds and structural support, including subordination and guarantees.

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The following table provides rollforwards of the cumulative amounts related to the Company's credit loss portion of the OTTI losses on fixed maturity securities for which the non-credit portion of the loss is included in other comprehensive income.

	Three Months		Six Months	
	Ended J	une 30,	Ended June 30	
(in millions)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Credit losses at beginning of period	\$ 5.3	\$ 8.6	\$ 7.8	\$ 8.6
Credit losses for which an OTTI was not				
previously recognized	-	0.1	-	0.3
Additional credit losses on securities for which an				
OTTI was previously recognized	-	-	-	0.2
Reductions for securities sold, matured or called	(0.6)	(1.4)	(3.1)	(1.8)
Reductions for securities reclassified as intended to sell	(0.4)	-	(0.4)	-
Credit losses at the end of period	\$ 4.3	\$ 7.3	\$ 4.3	\$ 7.3

#### E. Funds at Lloyd's

In accordance with Lloyd's operating guidelines, the Company deposits funds at Lloyd's to support underwriting operations. These funds are available only to fund claim obligations. These assets consisted of approximately \$403 million of fixed maturities and \$75 million of cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2014. The Company also deposits funds with various state and governmental authorities in the U.S. For a discussion of the Company's deposits with state and governmental authorities, see also Note 3 – "Investments" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### 5. Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability, i.e., exit price, in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company emphasizes the use of observable market data whenever available in determining fair value. Fair values presented for certain financial instruments are estimates which, in many cases, may differ significantly from the amounts that could be realized upon immediate liquidation. A hierarchy of the three broad levels of fair value are as follows, with the highest priority given to Level 1 as these are the most observable, and the lowest priority given to Level 3:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data, including model-derived valuations.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity.

When more than one level of input is used to determine fair value, the financial instrument is classified as Level 2 or 3 according to the lowest level input that has a significant impact on the fair value measurement.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments and have not changed since last year.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount approximates fair value. Cash equivalents primarily consist of money market instruments, which are generally valued using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible for identical assets and are classified as Level 1.

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#### **Fixed Maturities**

Level 1 securities generally include U.S. Treasury issues and other securities that are highly liquid and for which quoted market prices are available. Level 2 securities are valued using pricing for similar securities and pricing models that incorporate observable inputs including, but not limited to yield curves and issuer spreads. Level 3 securities include issues for which little observable data can be obtained, primarily due to the illiquid nature of the securities, and for which significant inputs used to determine fair value are based on the Company's own assumptions. Non-binding broker quotes are also included in Level 3.

The Company utilizes a third party pricing service for the valuation of the majority of its fixed maturity securities and receives one quote per security. When quoted market prices in an active market are available, they are provided by the pricing service as the fair value and such values are classified as Level 1. Since fixed maturities other than U.S. Treasury securities generally do not trade on a daily basis, the pricing service prepares estimates of fair value for those securities using pricing applications based on a market approach. Inputs into the fair value pricing common to all asset classes include: benchmark U.S. Treasury security yield curves; reported trades of identical or similar fixed maturity securities; broker/dealer quotes of identical or similar fixed maturity securities and structural characteristics such as maturity date, coupon, mandatory principal payment dates, frequency of interest and principal payments, and optional redemption features. Inputs into the fair value applications that are unique by asset class include, but are not limited to:

- U.S. government agencies determination of direct versus indirect government support and whether any contingencies exist with respect to the timely payment of principal and interest.
- Foreign government estimates of appropriate market spread versus underlying related sovereign treasury curve(s) dependent on liquidity and direct or contingent support.
- Municipals overall credit quality, including assessments of the level and variability of: sources of payment such as income, sales or property taxes, levies or user fees; credit support such as insurance; state or local economic and political base; natural resource availability; and susceptibility to natural or man-made catastrophic events such as hurricanes, earthquakes or acts of terrorism.
- Corporate fixed maturities overall credit quality, including assessments of the level and variability of: economic sensitivity; liquidity; corporate financial policies; management quality; regulatory environment; competitive position; ownership; restrictive covenants; and security or collateral.
- •Residential mortgage-backed securities estimates of prepayment speeds based upon: historical prepayment rate trends; underlying collateral interest rates; geographic concentration; vintage year; borrower credit quality characteristics; interest rate and yield curve forecasts; government or monetary authority support programs; tax policies; delinquency/default trends; and, in the case of non-agency collateralized mortgage obligations, severity of loss upon default and length of time to recover proceeds following default.
- Commercial mortgage-backed securities overall credit quality, including assessments of the value and supply/demand characteristics of: collateral type such as office, retail, residential, lodging, or other; geographic concentration by region, state, metropolitan statistical area and locale; vintage year; historical collateral performance including defeasance, delinquency, default and special servicer trends; and capital structure support features.
- •Asset-backed securities overall credit quality, including assessments of the underlying collateral type such as credit card receivables, auto loan receivables and equipment lease receivables; geographic diversification; vintage year; historical collateral performance including delinquency, default and casualty trends; economic conditions influencing

use rates and resale values; and contract structural support features.

Generally, all prices provided by the pricing service, except actively traded securities with quoted market prices, are reported as Level 2.

The Company holds privately placed fixed maturity securities and certain other fixed maturity securities that do not have an active market and for which the pricing service cannot provide fair values. The Company determines fair values for these securities using either matrix pricing utilizing the market approach or broker quotes. The Company will use observable market data as inputs into the fair value applications, as discussed in the determination of Level 2 fair values, to the extent it is available, but is also required to use a certain amount of unobservable judgment due to the illiquid nature of the securities involved. Unobservable judgment reflected in the Company's matrix model accounts for estimates of additional spread required by market participants for factors such as issue size, structural complexity, high bond coupon or other unique features. These matrix-priced securities are reported as Level 2 or Level 3, depending on the significance of the impact of unobservable judgment on the security's value. Additionally, the Company may obtain non-binding broker quotes which are reported as Level 3.

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#### **Equity Securities**

Level 1 consists of publicly traded securities, including exchange traded funds, valued at quoted market prices. Level 2 includes securities that are valued using pricing models that incorporate observable inputs. Level 3 consists of common or preferred stock of private companies for which observable inputs are not available. Non-binding broker quotes are also included in Level 3.

The Company utilizes a third party pricing service for the valuation of the majority of its equity securities and receives one quote for each equity security. When quoted market prices in an active market are available, they are provided by the pricing service as the fair value and such values are classified as Level 1. The Company holds certain equity securities that have been issued by privately-held entities that do not have an active market and for which the pricing service cannot provide fair values. Generally, the Company estimates fair value for these securities based on the issuer's book value and market multiples. These securities are reported as Level 2 or Level 3 depending on the significance of the impact of unobservable judgment on the security's value.

#### Other Investments

Other investments consist primarily of overseas trust funds, for which fair values are provided by the investment manager based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets and are reported as Level 2. Also included in other investments are mortgage and other loans and cost basis limited partnerships. Fair values of mortgage and other loans are estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and are reported as Level 2. The fair values of cost basis limited partnerships are based on the net asset value provided by the general partner and recent financial information and are reported as Level 3.

#### Debt

The fair value of debt is estimated based on quoted market prices. If a quoted market price is not available, fair values are estimated using discounted cash flows that are based on current interest rates and yield curves for debt issuances with maturities and credit risks consistent with the debt being valued. Debt is reported as Level 2.

The estimated fair value of the financial instruments were as follows:

	June 30, 2014		December	31, 2013
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
(in millions)	Value	Value	Value	Value
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 606.2	\$ 606.2	\$ 486.2	\$ 486.2
Fixed maturities	7,058.5	7,058.5	6,970.6	6,970.6
Equity securities	530.5	530.5	430.2	430.2
Other investments	218.4	220.9	173.1	173.7
Total financial assets	\$ 8,413.6	\$ 8,416.1	\$ 8,060.1	\$ 8,060.7
Financial Liabilities				
Debt	\$ 903.9	\$ 1,030.7	\$ 903.9	\$ 961.7

The Company has processes designed to ensure that the values received from its third party pricing service are accurately recorded, that the data inputs and valuation techniques utilized are appropriate and consistently applied and that the assumptions are reasonable and consistent with the objective of determining fair value. The Company performs a review of the fair value hierarchy classifications and of prices received from its pricing service on a quarterly basis. The Company reviews the pricing services' policies describing its methodology, processes, practices and inputs, including various financial models used to value securities. Also, the Company reviews the portfolio pricing, including securities with changes in prices that exceed a defined threshold being verified to independent sources, if available. If upon review, the Company is not satisfied with the validity of a given price, a pricing challenge would be submitted to the pricing service along with supporting documentation for its review. The Company does not adjust quotes or prices obtained from the pricing service unless the pricing service agrees with the Company's challenge. During 2014 and 2013, the Company did not adjust any prices received from brokers or its pricing service.

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Changes in the observability of valuation inputs may result in a reclassification of certain financial assets or liabilities within the fair value hierarchy. Reclassifications between levels of the fair value hierarchy are reported as of the beginning of the period in which the reclassification occurs. As previously discussed, the Company utilizes a third party pricing service for the valuation of the majority of its fixed maturities and equity securities. The pricing service has indicated that it will only produce an estimate of fair value if there is objectively verifiable information to produce a valuation. If the pricing service discontinues pricing an investment, the Company will use observable market data to the extent it is available, but may also be required to make assumptions for market based inputs that are unavailable due to market conditions.

The following tables provide, for each hierarchy level, the Company's assets that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

	June 30, 20	)14		
(in millions)	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Fixed maturities:				
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$ 403.2	\$ 160.5	\$ 242.7	\$ -
Foreign government	321.0	42.8	278.2	-
Municipal	1,133.5	-	1,106.7	26.8
Corporate	3,908.7	-	3,895.5	13.2
Residential mortgage-backed, U.S. agency backed	586.2	-	586.2	-
Residential mortgage-backed, non-agency	127.4	-	127.4	-
Commercial mortgage-backed	406.1	-	383.6	22.5
Asset-backed	172.4	-	172.4	-
Total fixed maturities	7,058.5	203.3	6,792.7	62.5
Equity securities	521.2	520.0	-	1.2
Other investments	138.5	-	134.9	3.6
Total investment assets at fair value	\$ 7,718.2	\$ 723.3	\$ 6,927.6	\$ 67.3

	December 31, 2013						
(in millions)	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Fixed maturities:							
U.S. Treasury and government agencies	\$ 406.6	\$ 167.2	\$ 239.4	\$ -			
Foreign government	305.0	45.6	259.4	-			
Municipal	1,126.3	-	1,100.7	25.6			

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Corporate	3,824.2		-	3,811.2	13.0
Residential mortgage-backed, U.S. agency backed	573.2		-	573.2	-
Residential mortgage-backed, non-agency	155.6		-	155.1	0.5
Commercial mortgage-backed	411.6		-	388.7	22.9
Asset-backed	168.1		-	168.1	-
Total fixed maturities	6,970.6	212.8		6,695.8	62.0
Equity securities	420.9	382.3		-	38.6
Other investments	153.2		-	149.6	3.6
Total investment assets at fair value	\$ 7,544.7	\$ 595.1		\$ 6,845.4	\$ 104.2

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The following tables provide, for each hierarchy level, the Company's estimated fair values of financial instruments that were not carried at fair value:

June 30,	2014		
Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
\$ 606.2	\$ 606.2	\$ -	\$ -
9.3	-	9.3	-
82.4	-	58.6	23.8
\$ 1,030.7	\$ -	\$ 1,030.7	\$ -
Decemb	er 31, 2013		
Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
\$ 486.2	\$ 486.2	\$ -	\$ -
9.3	-	9.3	-
20.5	-	2.7	17.8
\$ 961.7	\$ -	\$ 961.7	\$ -
	Total \$ 606.2 9.3 82.4 \$ 1,030.7  Decemb Total \$ 486.2 9.3 20.5	\$ 606.2 \$ 606.2 9.3 - 82.4 - \$ 1,030.7 \$ - December 31, 2013 Total Level 1 \$ 486.2 \$ 486.2 9.3 - 20.5 -	Total Level 1 Level 2  \$ 606.2 \$ 606.2 \$ - 9.3 - 9.3 82.4 - 58.6  \$ 1,030.7 \$ - \$ 1,030.7  December 31, 2013 Total Level 1 Level 2  \$ 486.2 \$ 486.2 \$ - 9.3 - 9.3 20.5 - 9.3 2.7

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The tables below provide a reconciliation for all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

	Fixed M	aturities				
			Residential		Equity	
			~ ~	ted,Commercial	and	Total
(in millions)	Municipal	Corporate	non-agency	mortgage-backedTo	otal Other	Assets
Three Months Ended						
June 30, 2014						
Balance April 1, 2014	\$ 29.6	\$ 13.2	\$ -	\$ 22.5 \$	65.3 \$ 4.8	\$ 70.1
Transfers out of Level 3	(2.6)	-	-	-	(2.6) -	(2.6)
Total gains:					-	
Included in other						
comprehensive income - net						
appreciation on						
available-for-sale securities	0.3	-	-	0.4	0.7 -	0.7
Sales	(0.5)	-	-	(0.4)	(0.9)	(0.9)
Balance June 30, 2014	\$ 26.8	\$ 13.2	\$ -	\$ 22.5	62.5 \$ 4.8	\$ 67.3
Three Months Ended						
June 30, 2013						
Balance April 1, 2013	\$ 28.8	\$ 22.8	\$ 0.6	\$ 24.8 \$	77.0 \$ 28.6	\$ 105.6
Transfers out of Level 3	-	(2.2)	-	-	(2.2) -	(2.2)
Total gains (losses):						
Included in other						
comprehensive income - net						
(depreciation) appreciation on						
available-for-sale securities	(0.4)	(0.9)	-	(0.9)	(2.2) 3.7	1.5
Sales	(0.5)	(0.2)	-	(0.3)	(1.0) -	(1.0)
Balance June 30, 2013	\$ 27.9	\$ 19.5	\$ 0.6		71.6 \$ 32.3	\$ 103.9

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	Fixed N	Лat	urities												
				Re	esidential							Е	quity		
				m	ortgage-ba	cke	<b>a</b> lmmercia	al				aı	nd	T	otal
(in millions)	Munici	paI	Corporat	e no	n-agency	m	ortgage-b	acke	sslet-bac	ked	otal	C	ther	A	ssets
Six Months Ended															
June 30, 2014															
Balance January 1,2014	\$ 25.6	\$	13.0	\$	0.5	\$	22.9	\$	-	\$	62.0	\$	42.2	\$	104.2
Transfers into Level 3	2.2		-		-		-		-		2.2		-		2.2
Transfers out of Level 3	(2.6)		-		-		-		-		(2.6)		(37.4)		(40.0)
Total gains (losses):											-				
Included in other															
comprehensive income-net															
appreciation on															
available-for-sale securities	0.6		0.2		-		0.7		-		1.5		-		1.5
Purchases and sales:											-				
Purchases	2.5		-		-		-		-		2.5		-		2.5
Sales	(1.5)		-		(0.5)		(1.1)		-		(3.1)		-		(3.1)
Balance June 30, 2014	\$ 26.8	\$	13.2	\$	-	\$	22.5	\$	-	\$	62.5	\$	4.8	\$	67.3
Six Months Ended															
June 30, 2013															
Balance January 1, 2013	\$ 19.4	\$	26.4	\$	0.7	\$	26.7	\$	1.5	\$	74.7	\$	28.0	\$	102.7
Transfers into Level 3	9.7		0.2		-		-		-		9.9		-		9.9
Transfers out of Level 3	-		(2.2)		-		-		(1.5)		(3.7)		(0.9)		(4.6)
Total gains (losses):															
Included in earnings	-		0.4		-		-		-		0.4		-		0.4
Included in other															
comprehensive income-net															
(depreciation) appreciation															
on available-for-sale															
securities	(0.3)		(1.0)		-		(1.4)		-		(2.7)		5.2		2.5
Sales	(0.9)		(4.3)		(0.1)		(1.7)		-		(7.0)		-		(7.0)
Balance June 30, 2013	\$ 27.9	\$	19.5	\$	0.6	\$	23.6	\$	-	\$	71.6	\$	32.3	\$	103.9

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company transferred fixed maturities between Level 2 and Level 3 primarily as a result of assessing the significance of unobservable inputs on the fair value measurement. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the three months or six months ended June 30, 2014 or 2013.

There were no Level 3 liabilities held by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. The following table summarizes gains and losses due to changes in fair value that were recorded in net income for Level 3 assets:

Three

Months Six Months Ended June Ended June

30 30

2014 2013 2014 2013 Net Realized Net Realized Investment Investment Gains Gains

(in millions) (Losses) (Losses)

Level 3 Assets:

Fixed maturities:

Corporate \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 0.4

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The following table provides quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used by the Company in the fair value measurements of Level 3 assets. Where discounted cash flows were used in the valuation of fixed maturities, the internally-developed discount rate was adjusted by the significant unobservable inputs shown in the table. Valuations for securities based on broker quotes for which there was a lack of transparency as to inputs used to develop the valuations have been excluded.

			June 30, 2014				r 31, 2013	
	Valuation	Significant Unobservable	F	air	Range	Fa	ir	Range
(in millions) Fixed maturities:	Technique	Inputs	V	/alue	(Wtd Average)	Va	lue	(Wtd Average)
Municipal	Discounted	Discount for:	\$ 20	26.8		\$ 25	.6	
	cash flow	Small issue size	T -		0.6-4.0% (2.1%)	,		1.0-4.0% (2.3%)
		Above-market						
~		coupon			0.3-1.0% (0.4%)			0.3-1.0% (0.5%)
Corporate	Discounted	Discount for:	12	2.9		12	.8	
	1 (1	Above-market			0.2.0.00((0.60)			0.2.0.00( (0.60)
	cash flow	coupon			0.3-0.8% (0.6%)			0.3-0.8% (0.6%)
Residential		Small issue size			0.3-1.0% (0.5%)			0.3-1.0% (0.5%)
	Discounted	Discount for:				0.5	-	
mortgage-backed,	cash flow	Small issue size	-		N/A	0.5	,	0.5% (0.5%)
non-agency Commercial	Casii iiow	Siliali issue size			IV/A			0.3% (0.3%)
mortgage-backed	Discounted	Discount for:	2	22.5		22	Q	
mortgage-backed	Discounted	Above-market	2.	.2.3		22	. ,	
	cash flow	coupon			0.5-0.8% (0.5%)			0.5-0.8% (0.6%)
		Credit stress			0.5% (0.5%)			0.5% (0.5%)
		Small issue size			0.5% (0.5%)			0.5% (0.5%)
		Lease structure			0.3% (0.3%)			0.3% (0.3%)
		Net tangible			, ,			, ,
Equity securities	Market	asset	1.	.1		38	.5	
	comparables	market multiples			1.0X(1.0X)			1.3X(1.3X)
Other	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	3.	5.6	18.0% (18.0%)	3.6	5	18.0% (18.0%)

Significant increases (decreases) in any of the above inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. There were no interrelationships between these inputs which might magnify or mitigate the effect of changes in unobservable inputs on the fair value measurement.

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#### 6. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The components of net periodic pension cost for defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans included in the Company's results of operations are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2014	2013	2014	2013
			Postreti	rement
(in millions)	Pension 1	Plans	Plans	
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.5	\$ -	\$ 0.1
Interest cost	8.5	8.0	0.2	0.3
Expected return on plan assets	(9.1)	(8.9)	-	-
Recognized net actuarial loss	2.9	3.6	-	-
Amortization of prior service cost	0.1	-	(0.5)	(1.0)
Net settlement gain	-	-	-	(1.6)
Net periodic pension cost (benefit)	\$ 2.7	\$ 3.2	\$ (0.3)	\$ (2.2)
	Six Mon	ths Ended	June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
			Postreti	rement
(in millions)	Pension 1	Dlone	D1	
	r chsion	rialis	Plans	
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.9	\$ -	\$ 0.1
Service cost - benefits earned during the period Interest cost				\$ 0.1 0.8
Interest cost	\$ 0.7 16.9	\$ 0.9 15.9	\$ -	
Interest cost Expected return on plan assets	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.9 15.9	\$ -	0.8
Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Recognized net actuarial loss	\$ 0.7 16.9 (18.3)	\$ 0.9 15.9 (17.8)	\$ - 0.4 -	0.8
Interest cost Expected return on plan assets	\$ 0.7 16.9 (18.3) 5.8	\$ 0.9 15.9 (17.8)	\$ - 0.4 - -	0.8

In May 2013, the Company settled and defeased the life insurance portion of its postretirement benefits by decreasing the level of death benefits and concurrently fully funding the remaining benefits through the purchase of life insurance policies for the plan beneficiaries from an unaffiliated life insurer, resulting in a net settlement gain.

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# 7. Other Comprehensive Income

The following table provides changes in other comprehensive income.

	Three Mo	onths Ended Tax	June 30,	2013	Tax		
(in millions) Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale	Pre-Tax	Benefit (Expense)	Net of Tax	Pre-Tax	Benefit (Expense)	Net of Tax	
securities and derivative instruments:							
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during period							
(net of pre-tax, ceded unrealized gains (losses) of \$0.7							
million and (\$0.8) million for the three months ended							
June 30, 2014 and 2013)	\$ 83.2	(29.2)	54.0	\$ (190.0)	\$ 66.7	\$ (123.3)	
Less: Amount of realized gains from sales and other Portion of other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in earnings Net unrealized gains (losses) Pension and postretirement benefits: Amortization of net actuarial loss and prior service cost	(22.4)	2.6	(19.8)	(15.0)	0.2	(14.8)	
	0.1	-	0.1	1.1	(0.4)	0.7	
	60.9	(26.6)	34.3	(203.9)	66.5	(137.4)	
recognized as net periodic benefit cost Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment:	2.5	(0.9)	1.6	6.3	(2.2)	4.1	
Foreign currency translation recognized during	4.0	(1.7)	2.1	(0.1)		(0.1)	
the period Other comprehensive income (loss)	4.8 \$ 68.2	(1.7) \$ (29.2)	3.1 \$ 39.0	(0.1) \$ (197.7)	\$ 64.3	(0.1) \$ (133.4)	
	Six Mont 2014	ths Ended Ju Tax	ne 30,	2013	Tax		
		Benefit			Benefit	Net of	
(in millions) Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities and derivative instruments: Unrealized gains (losses) arising during period (net of	Pre-Tax	(Expense)	Tax	Pre-Tax	(Expense)	Tax	
pre-tax, ceded unrealized gains (losses) of \$1.2 million							

and (\$0.8) million for the six months ended June						
30, 2014						
and 2013)	\$ 166.5	\$ (55.3)	\$ 111.2	\$ (165.0) \$	\$ 57.9	\$ (107.1)
Less:						
Amount of realized gains from sales and other	(26.7)	(1.5)	(28.2)	(23.8)	(2.1)	(25.9)
Portion of other-than-temporary impairment						
losses						
recognized in earnings	0.1	-	0.1			