

LAZARD GLOBAL TOTAL RETURN & INCOME FUND INC
Form N-CSR
March 11, 2014
UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT

INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-21511

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

30 Rockefeller Plaza

New York, New York 10112

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Nathan A. Paul, Esq.

Lazard Asset Management LLC

30 Rockefeller Plaza

New York, New York 10112

(Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 632-6000

Date of fiscal year end: 12/31

Date of reporting period: 12/31/13

ITEM 1. REPORTS TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Lazard Global Total
Return and Income
Fund, Inc.
Annual Report

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

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Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Investment Overview

Dear Stockholders,

We are pleased to present this report for Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc. (“LGI” or the “Fund”), for the year ended December 31, 2013. LGI is a diversified, closed-end management investment company that began trading on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) on April 28, 2004. Its ticker symbol is “LGI.”

For the fourth quarter 2013, and the year as a whole, the Fund’s net asset value (“NAV”) performance under-performed its benchmark, the Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI®) World® Index (the “Index”). However, we are pleased with LGI’s favorable NAV performance over the three-year period and since inception. We believe that the Fund has provided investors with an attractive yield and diversification, backed by the extensive experience, commitment, and professional management of Lazard Asset Management LLC (the “Investment Manager” or “Lazard”).

Portfolio Update (as of December 31, 2013)

For the fourth quarter of 2013, the Fund’s NAV returned 7.2%, underperforming the Index return of 8.0%. Similarly, the calendar year NAV return of 21.3% underperformed the Index gain of 26.7%. The Fund’s NAV performance outperformed the Index for the three-year period (12.9% versus the benchmark’s 11.5% return), on an annualized basis, as well as since inception, returning on an annualized basis, 7.6% versus 6.9% for the Index. Shares of LGI ended 2013 with a market price of \$17.62, representing an 11.6% discount to the Fund’s NAV.

The Fund’s net assets were \$191.6 million as of December 31, 2013, with total leveraged assets of \$254.7 million, representing a 24.8% leverage rate. This leverage rate is higher than that at the end of the third quarter of 2013 (21.6%), but below the maximum permitted leverage rate of 33 %.

Within the global equity portfolio, stock selection in the consumer discretionary sector and in Japan contributed to performance in the fourth quarter. In contrast, stock selection in the health care sector detracted from performance for the quarter.

Performance for the smaller, short duration¹ emerging market currency and debt portion of the Fund was rel-

atively weak in the fourth quarter, and detracted from performance for the year. However, it has contributed positively to performance since inception.

As of December 31, 2013, 74.1% of the Fund's total leveraged assets consisted of global equities, 25.6% consisted of emerging market currency and debt instruments, and 0.3% consisted of cash and other net assets.

Declaration of Distributions

Pursuant to LGI's Level Distribution Policy, the Fund declares, monthly, a distribution equal to 6.25% (on an annualized basis) of the Fund's NAV on the last business day of the previous year. Throughout 2013, the monthly distribution was \$0.09073 per share. Total distributions in 2013 represented a distribution yield of 6.2% based on the Fund's \$17.62 market price as of the close of trading on the NYSE on December 31, 2013. The 2014 monthly distribution rate per share will be \$0.10386, a 14.5% increase from the 2013 monthly distribution, representing a distribution yield of 7.1% based on the Fund's market price of \$17.62 as of close of trading on the NYSE on December 31, 2013. \$0.03084 of the \$1.08876 distributed per share in the 2013 calendar year was a return of capital.

Additional Information

Please note that, available on www.LazardNet.com, are frequent updates on the Fund's performance, press releases, distribution information, and a monthly fact sheet that provides information about the Fund's major holdings, sector weightings, regional exposures, and other characteristics, including the notices required by Section 19(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. You may also reach Lazard by phone at 1-800-823-6300.

On behalf of Lazard, we thank you for your investment in Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc. and look forward to continuing to serve your investment needs in the future.

Message from the Portfolio Managers

Global Equity Portfolio

(74.1% of total leveraged assets)

The Fund's global equity portfolio is invested primarily in equity securities of large, well-known global com-

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Investment Overview (continued)

panies with, we believe, strong financial productivity at attractive valuations. Examples include GlaxoSmithKline, a global research-based pharmaceutical company based in the United Kingdom; Citigroup, a US-based financial services company; Canon, a Japanese manufacturer and distributor of network digital multifunction devices, copying machines, printers and cameras; and Total, a French energy supplier that explores for, produces, refines, transports, and markets oil and natural gas.

Companies held in the global equity portfolio are all based in developed-market regions around the world. As of December 31, 2013, 49.1% of these stocks were based in North America, 25.7% were based in continental Europe (not including the United Kingdom), 14.2% were from the United Kingdom, 6.7% were from Japan, 3.7% were from the rest of Asia (not including Japan), and 0.6% were from the Middle East. The global equity portfolio is similarly well diversified across a number of industry sectors. The top two sectors, by weight, at December 31, 2013, were financials (18.9%), which includes banks, diversified financials, insurance, and real estate; and information technology (15.8%), which includes semiconductors & semiconductor equipment, software & services, and technology hardware & equipment. Other sectors in the portfolio include consumer discretionary, consumer staples, energy, health care, industrials, materials, and telecom services. The average dividend yield on the securities held in the global equity portfolio was approximately 2.7% as of December 31, 2013.

Global Equity Markets Review

Global markets rose in the fourth quarter as investors weighed the prospects of improving economic conditions against the likelihood that the US Federal Reserve (the Fed) would begin tapering its bond-buying program in the coming months. Ultimately, investors cheered the Fed's December announcement that it would reduce its monthly bond purchases by \$10 billion, as the decision underscored Fed officials' belief that the country's economic recovery was sustainable. US economic data was also largely positive during the quarter, as the unemployment rate fell, strength in housing continued, and third-quarter GDP growth was revised upward to 4.1%. European markets rose on strong manufacturing data and an agreement by euro zone finance ministers on a common "backstop" for

failing banks, seen by many as a key step in the establishment of a banking union for the currency bloc. Japanese markets were largely flat after third-quarter GDP growth marked a sharp decline from the prior period, raising concerns about the effectiveness of the government's efforts to spur economic growth. Investors in China were encouraged that the government announced plans for economic and social reforms.

What Helped and What Hurt LGI

Stock selection in the consumer discretionary sector contributed to performance. Shares of mass media company Comcast rose after the company reported quarterly earnings that exceeded expectations, driven by stronger-than-expected customer growth in its High Speed Data and Voice segments. Stock selection in the energy sector also helped returns. Shares of oil and petrochemicals company BP rose after the company reported quarterly earnings that surpassed expectations. Investors were also encouraged by management's commentary, which included plans to raise its dividend and sell assets by the end of 2015, using the proceeds from these sales to fund further returns of capital to shareholders.

In contrast, stock selection in the health care and telecom services sectors hurt returns. Shares of Singapore Telecommunications fell after the company reported disappointing earnings, as revenues were weaker than expected. In the information technology sector, a position in networking technology provider Cisco Systems hurt returns, as shares fell after management issued a disappointing revenue outlook for the upcoming January quarter, citing weakness in the emerging markets and in its service provider segments.

Emerging Market Currency and Debt Portfolio

(25.6% of total leveraged assets)

The Fund also seeks enhanced income through investing in primarily high-yielding, short-duration emerging market forward currency contracts and local currency debt instruments. As of December 31, 2013, this portfolio consisted of forward currency contracts (83.3%) and sovereign debt obligations (16.7%). The average duration of the emerging market currency and debt portfolio decreased from approximately 10 months to approximately 8 months during the fourth quarter, while the average yield declined from 6.2%² at the end of September 2013 to 5.8% on December 31, 2013.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Investment Overview (continued)

Emerging Market Currency and Debt Market Review

Emerging-market local currency and debt markets were mixed during the fourth quarter, with total emerging money-market returns between 4% and -4.5% in US dollar terms. The continuation of better-than-expected data in developed markets leading to the announcement that the Fed would begin to taper, while improving emerging-market data points have not yet triggered a rebound in asset class returns or portfolio flow.

While the US dollar gained sharply versus most emerging market currencies in 2013 (due to soft economic data in the regions, capital outflows, incremental monetary easing, and asset markets' heightened sensitivity to Chinese hard landing fears and Fed taper), the focus of US dollar strength is likely to be felt versus other developing markets in the coming year(s) as the Fed exits quantitative easing well ahead of other developed nations. Emerging local currency exposure should benefit from widening short term yield differentials, much-improved valuation, broadening global demand expansion, and central bank rate normalization as incremental monetary easing in the emerging markets is now the exception, rather than the norm.

Most emerging economies are likely to experience improving external balances (i.e., growing surpluses, shrinking deficits) as economic rebalancing unfolds from domestic-led growth to externally-supported GDP contribution. Global policy actions and multi-lateral support provide an important backstop to prevent a recurrence of disorderly market moves while idio-

syncratic, fundamentally based differentiation will explain results in the emerging markets, with rising return dispersion. In this environment, active management can capitalize on a highly diverse opportunity set.

What Helped and What Hurt LGI

Asian exposure (partially funded in yen) helped quarterly performance. Within Asia, South Korea due to its record current account surplus and improved growth momentum, India on a smaller-than-expected current account deficit and rupee-supportive measures by the central bank, and Singapore were the top performers. Frontier markets including Nigeria, Uruguay, and Serbia benefited from high yields and currency resilience. Poland strengthened due to its balanced growth trajectory, prudent monetary policy, and current account fully financed by foreign direct investment and European Union transfers.

Positions that detracted from performance during the quarter included Brazil, Turkey, Russia, and South Africa. In Brazil, the local currency retraced September's sharp gains and bond prices fell on disappointing growth, inflation, and fiscal news flow. Turkey detracted due to sharp lira weakness in December on fears of economic and political instability. In Russia, the ruble weakened due to seasonally high external debt repayments and disappointing domestic data, while local bond prices fell as rates squeezed higher, exacerbated by temporarily tight liquidity (due to banking sector consolidation). South Africa detracted on currency and local debt weakness due to concerns over financing its current account as the Fed begins to taper.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Investment Overview (continued)

Notes to Investment Overview:

A measure of the average cash weighted term-to-maturity of the investment holdings. Duration is a measure of the price sensitivity of a bond to interest rate movements. Duration for a forward currency contract is equal to its term-to-maturity.

²The quoted yield does not account for the implicit cost of borrowing on the forward currency contracts, which would reduce the yield shown.

All returns reflect reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. Past performance is not indicative, or a guarantee, of future results.

The performance data of the Index and other market data have been prepared from sources and data that the Investment Manager believes to be reliable, but no representation is made as to their accuracy. The Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets. The Index is unmanaged, has no fees or costs and is not available for investment.

The views of the Fund's Investment Manager and the securities described in this report are as of December 31, 2013; these views and portfolio holdings may have changed subsequent to this date. Nothing herein should be construed as a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold a particular security. There is no assurance that the securities discussed herein will remain in the Fund at the time you receive this report, or that securities sold will not have been repurchased. The specific securities discussed may, in aggregate, represent only a small percentage of the Fund's holdings. It should not be assumed that securities identified and discussed were, or will be, profitable, or that the investment decisions made in the future will be profitable, or equal the investment performance of the securities discussed herein.

The views and opinions expressed are provided for general information only, and do not constitute specific tax, legal, or investment advice to, or recommendations for, any person. There can be no guarantee as to the accuracy of the outlooks for markets, sectors and securities as discussed herein.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Investment Overview (continued)

Comparison of Changes in Value of \$10,000 Investment in LGI and MSCI World Index*

	Value at 12/31/13
LGI at Market Price	\$18,633
LGI at Net Asset Value	20,356
MSCI World Index	19,018

Average Annual Total Returns*

Periods Ended December 31, 2013

	One Year	Five Years	Since Inception**
Market Price	24.61%	16.68%	6.64%
Net Asset Value	21.31%	13.69%	7.62%
MSCI World Index	26.68%	15.02%	6.86%

All returns reflect reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. The performance quoted represents past performance. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Past performance is not indicative, or a guarantee, of future results; the investment return, market price and net asset value of the Fund will fluctuate, so that an investor's shares in the Fund, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. The returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a stockholder would pay on the Fund's distributions or on the sale of Fund shares.

The performance data of the Index has been prepared from sources and data that the Investment Manager believes to be reliable, but no representation is made as to its accuracy. The Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets. The Index is unmanaged, has no fees or costs and is not available for investment.

**The Fund's inception date was April 28, 2004.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Investment Overview (concluded)

**Ten Largest Equity Holdings
December 31, 2013**

Security	Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. ADR	\$7,020,012	3.7 %
HSBC Holdings PLC Sponsored ADR	6,729,333	3.5
Novartis AG ADR	6,341,982	3.3
Honeywell International, Inc.	5,911,639	3.1
Chevron Corp.	5,745,860	3.0
Apple, Inc.	5,667,211	3.0
Sanofi SA ADR	5,641,876	2.9
Citigroup, Inc.	5,544,504	2.9
United Technologies Corp.	5,371,360	2.8
Comcast Corp., Class A	5,293,266	2.8

**Portfolio Holdings Presented by Sector
December 31, 2013**

Sector	Percentage of Total Investments
Consumer Discretionary	8.3%
Consumer Staples	8.1
Energy	13.9
Financials	17.6
Health Care	14.0
Industrials	12.2
Information Technology	14.6
Materials	1.9
Telecommunication Services	2.1
Emerging Markets Debt Obligations	6.7
Short-Term Investment	0.6
Total Investments	100.0%

*Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.***Portfolio of Investments****December 31, 2013**

Description	Shares	Value
Common Stocks—98.6%		
Australia—1.4%		
BHP Billiton, Ltd. Sponsored ADR	38,500	\$2,625,700
Denmark—2.0%		
Novo Nordisk A/S Sponsored ADR	21,000	3,879,960
Finland—1.4%		
Sampo Oyj, A Shares ADR	109,500	2,700,270
France—5.9%		
GDF Suez Sponsored ADR	75,981	1,798,470
Sanofi SA ADR	105,200	5,641,876
Total SA Sponsored ADR	64,000	3,921,280
		11,361,626
Germany—5.3%		
Bayerische Motoren Werke AG ADR	124,900	4,924,807
SAP AG Sponsored ADR	59,300	5,167,402
		10,092,209
Israel—0.6%		
Israel Chemicals, Ltd. ADR	140,700	1,181,880
Italy—1.9%		
Eni SpA Sponsored ADR	74,250	3,600,383
Japan—6.6%		
Canon, Inc. Sponsored ADR	44,700	1,430,400
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. ADR	1,050,900	7,020,012
Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, Inc. Sponsored ADR	393,600	4,128,864
		12,579,276
Singapore—2.3%		
Singapore Telecommunications, Ltd. ADR	151,100	4,397,010
Sweden—2.6%		
Assa Abloy AB ADR	187,100	4,948,795
Switzerland—6.3%		
Novartis AG ADR	78,900	6,341,982
UBS AG	154,572	2,975,511
Zurich Insurance Group AG ADR	92,500	2,688,623
		12,006,116
United Kingdom—13.9%		
BP PLC Sponsored ADR	102,155	4,965,755
British American Tobacco PLC Sponsored ADR	37,700	4,049,734
GlaxoSmithKline PLC Sponsored ADR	80,200	4,281,878
HSBC Holdings PLC Sponsored ADR	122,063	6,729,333

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Unilever PLC Sponsored ADR	99,100	4,082,920
Wm Morrison Supermarkets PLC ADR	120,300	2,630,961
		26,740,581

Description	Shares	Value
United States—48.4%		
American Express Co.	43,800	\$3,973,974
Apple, Inc.	10,100	5,667,211
Chevron Corp.	46,000	5,745,860
Cisco Systems, Inc.	220,400	4,947,980
Citigroup, Inc.	106,400	5,544,504
Comcast Corp., Class A	106,120	5,293,266
ConocoPhillips	53,100	3,751,515
Emerson Electric Co.	67,600	4,744,168
Halliburton Co.	89,900	4,562,425
Honeywell International, Inc.	64,700	5,911,639
Intel Corp.	157,500	4,088,700
International Business Machines Corp.	24,460	4,587,962
Joy Global, Inc.	66,400	3,883,736
Merck & Co., Inc.	75,300	3,768,765
Oracle Corp.	100,440	3,842,834
PepsiCo, Inc.	41,100	3,408,834
Pfizer, Inc.	149,766	4,587,333
United Technologies Corp.	47,200	5,371,360
Viacom, Inc., Class B	46,800	4,087,512
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	62,800	4,941,732
		92,711,310
Total Common Stocks (Identified cost \$156,991,436)		188,825,116

Description	Principal Amount (000) (a)	Value
Foreign Government Obligations—7.1%		
Brazil—2.3%		
Brazil NTN-B:		
6.00%, 05/15/15	1,745	\$1,781,203
6.00%, 08/15/16	503	508,951
6.00%, 08/15/18	850	847,555
Brazil NTN-F, 10.00%, 01/01/23	3,733	1,336,389
		4,474,098
Colombia—0.1%		
Republic of Colombia, 12.00%, 10/22/15	305,000	178,101
Mexico—1.0%		
Mexican Bonos:		
7.00%, 06/19/14	8,360	650,344
9.50%, 12/18/14	16,100	1,299,604
		1,949,948
Romania—0.3%		

Romania Government Bond, 5.90%, 07/26/17	1,700	548,010
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Portfolio of Investments (continued)

December 31, 2013

Description	Principal Amount (000) (a)	Value
Russia—2.2%		
Russia Government Bonds - OFZ:		
6.90%, 08/03/16	13,107	\$402,085
7.50%, 02/27/19	11,500	356,458
7.60%, 04/14/21	27,300	840,804
7.60%, 07/20/22	16,972	518,072
7.00%, 01/25/23	21,200	621,672
8.15%, 02/03/27	19,900	624,692
7.05%, 01/19/28	30,510	863,145
		4,226,928
South Africa—0.3%		
Republic of South Africa, 8.25%, 09/15/17	6,050	601,383
Turkey—0.8%		
Turkey Government Bond, 4.00%, 04/29/15	3,313	1,549,326
Uruguay—0.1%		
Uruguay Monetary Regulation Bill, 0.00%, 01/31/14	1,568	72,399
Total Foreign Government Obligations (Identified cost \$ 14,919,462)		13,600,193

Description	Shares	Value
Short-Term Investment—0.6%		
State Street Institutional Treasury Money Market Fund (Identified cost \$1,150,222)	1,150,222	\$1,150,222
Total Investments—106.3%		
(Identified cost \$173,061,120) (b), (c)		\$203,575,531
Liabilities in Excess of Cash and Other Assets—(6.3)%		(11,998,981)
Net Assets—100.0%		\$191,576,550

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

*Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.***Portfolio of Investments (continued)****December 31, 2013**

Forward Currency Purchase Contracts open at December 31, 2013:

Currency	Counterparty	Expiration Date	Foreign Currency Amount	US \$ Cost on Origination Date	US \$ Current Value	Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized Depreciation
AMD	JPM	10/28/14	189,302,400	\$432,000	\$439,725	\$ 7,725	\$ —
BRL	UBS	01/03/14	2,206,575	934,000	935,287	1,287	—
BRL	UBS	01/03/14	2,429,970	1,019,283	1,029,976	10,693	—
CLP	BNP	01/16/14	578,809,500	1,083,102	1,099,905	16,803	—
CLP	HSB	02/06/14	485,885,550	903,049	921,102	18,053	—
CNY	BRC	03/18/14	5,489,474	898,000	903,739	5,739	—
CNY	HSB	04/22/14	11,088,746	1,807,000	1,823,989	16,989	—
COP	CIT	02/03/14	2,357,024,750	1,217,000	1,220,463	3,463	—
COP	CIT	02/24/14	1,288,289,000	661,000	665,846	4,846	—
COP	HSB	01/10/14	1,564,399,200	812,000	810,451	—	1,549
COP	UBS	01/16/14	3,409,530,250	1,756,132	1,766,114	9,982	—
EUR	BNP	01/27/14	273,936	370,888	376,850	5,962	—
EUR	BRC	03/24/14	1,066,555	1,444,372	1,467,228	22,856	—
EUR	JPM	02/05/14	791,046	1,075,500	1,088,225	12,725	—
GHS	CIT	01/21/14	1,343,000	575,654	562,906	—	12,748
GHS	CIT	02/18/14	1,477,000	618,121	610,297	—	7,824
GHS	CIT	02/25/14	1,347,000	570,038	554,522	—	15,516
HUF	BNP	01/17/14	135,177,270	613,327	625,088	11,761	—
HUF	CIT	01/15/14	73,464,161	332,221	339,753	7,532	—
HUF	JPM	01/15/14	303,480,060	1,386,743	1,403,518	16,775	—
HUF	JPM	02/10/14	244,233,000	1,102,284	1,127,848	25,564	—
HUF	JPM	03/10/14	244,233,000	1,100,793	1,126,118	25,325	—
IDR	SCB	01/13/14	11,898,960,000	981,115	976,112	—	5,003
IDR	SCB	01/17/14	9,752,680,000	802,030	799,517	—	2,513
INR	HSB	01/10/14	55,849,380	876,000	901,370	25,370	—
INR	JPM	02/10/14	84,675,200	1,504,000	1,356,431	—	147,569
INR	SCB	01/10/14	30,455,100	494,000	491,524	—	2,476
KRW	BRC	01/09/14	1,237,083,100	1,161,689	1,171,707	10,018	—
KRW	UBS	01/23/14	1,651,818,600	1,564,000	1,562,988	—	1,012
KZT	CIT	01/06/14	30,735,550	199,000	199,129	129	—
KZT	CIT	01/06/14	65,846,310	427,074	426,604	—	470
KZT	CIT	02/26/14	106,051,000	682,000	682,144	144	—
KZT	CIT	03/17/14	122,486,460	783,663	784,716	1,053	—

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KZT	HSB	02/26/14	178,666,000	1,138,000	1,149,220	11,220	—
KZT	HSB	06/16/14	106,216,700	669,503	668,955	—	548
KZT	HSB	06/16/14	134,019,200	844,056	844,057	1	—
KZT	UBS	02/28/14	93,024,750	600,160	598,190	—	1,970
MXN	CIT	01/21/14	22,640,096	1,748,000	1,731,488	—	16,512
MXN	JPM	01/30/14	11,370,691	875,062	868,985	—	6,077
MXN	UBS	01/30/14	9,996,940	770,857	763,999	—	6,858
MYR	JPM	01/21/14	5,037,147	1,554,723	1,536,055	—	18,668
MYR	JPM	02/18/14	5,037,147	1,552,662	1,533,465	—	19,197
NGN	BRC	03/20/14	27,246,050	167,000	166,198	—	802
NGN	BRC	06/18/14	39,365,250	219,000	233,139	14,139	—
NGN	JPM	06/17/14	60,480,000	336,000	358,306	22,306	—
NGN	SCB	01/21/14	292,696,700	1,825,931	1,816,888	—	9,043
NGN	SCB	03/20/14	139,264,050	801,520	849,494	47,974	—
PEN	BNP	02/21/14	2,693,178	953,000	955,335	2,335	—
PEN	BNP	03/18/14	1,482,624	528,000	524,259	—	3,741

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

*Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.***Portfolio of Investments (continued)****December 31, 2013**

Forward Currency Purchase Contracts open at December 31, 2013 (concluded):

Currency	Counterparty	Expiration Date	Foreign Currency Amount	US \$ Cost on Origination Date	US \$ Current Value	Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized Depreciation
PEN	CIT	01/15/14	2,779,041	\$986,000	\$991,627	\$ 5,627	\$ —
PEN	JPM	01/31/14	1,348,530	485,083	479,862	—	5,221
PEN	UBS	01/21/14	1,065,889	383,000	379,941	—	3,059
PEN	UBS	01/23/14	1,755,574	628,000	625,566	—	2,434
PHP	HSB	02/12/14	83,512,880	1,892,000	1,882,783	—	9,217
PHP	SCB	01/13/14	38,403,200	880,000	865,412	—	14,588
PLN	BNP	02/18/14	4,173,861	1,367,000	1,377,616	10,616	—
PLN	BRC	01/15/14	4,216,974	1,342,579	1,394,805	52,226	—
PLN	JPM	01/07/14	2,735,564	886,493	905,272	18,779	—
PLN	JPM	01/27/14	2,711,774	897,344	896,266	—	1,078
RON	JPM	01/06/14	5,781,409	1,757,000	1,778,293	21,293	—
RON	JPM	01/13/14	1,466,760	451,644	451,050	—	594
RSD	CIT	02/06/14	197,680,510	2,337,616	2,350,640	13,024	—
RUB	BRC	01/21/14	13,457,070	414,000	408,091	—	5,909
RUB	BRC	01/24/14	34,042,515	1,033,000	1,031,822	—	1,178
RUB	UBS	01/21/14	22,012,675	658,353	667,543	9,190	—
SGD	HSB	01/17/14	1,880,335	1,497,678	1,490,018	—	7,660
THB	BNP	01/17/14	23,282,195	722,825	708,050	—	14,775
THB	SCB	01/10/14	40,895,940	1,263,000	1,244,132	—	18,868
TRY	CIT	02/12/14	3,370,134	1,643,387	1,555,043	—	88,344
TRY	JPM	04/21/14	1,045,083	503,000	474,954	—	28,046
TWD	HSB	01/16/14	27,129,850	922,000	910,592	—	11,408
UGX	BRC	01/13/14	1,577,052,000	617,000	623,351	6,351	—
UGX	CIT	01/27/14	1,430,712,000	558,000	563,340	5,340	—
UYU	CIT	01/02/14	7,621,000	349,107	353,260	4,153	—
UYU	CIT	01/21/14	6,456,240	294,000	297,523	3,523	—
UYU	HSB	02/07/14	21,688,000	981,580	994,498	12,918	—
UYU	JPM	01/02/14	7,621,000	356,305	353,261	—	3,044
UYU	JPM	01/13/14	16,962,000	791,692	783,585	—	8,107
UYU	JPM	02/03/14	7,522,000	345,640	345,299	—	341
ZAR	CIT	01/13/14	3,741,235	368,000	356,138	—	11,862
ZAR	JPM	01/13/14	8,445,845	815,000	803,983	—	11,017
ZAR	JPM	01/13/14	9,780,786	942,000	931,060	—	10,940

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ZAR	JPM	01/13/14	10,056,938	971,000	957,348	—	13,652
ZMW	BRC	01/06/14	2,427,508	439,766	437,448	—	2,318
ZMW	BRC	02/26/14	4,655,122	830,234	827,047	—	3,187
ZMW	CIT	01/31/14	1,907,676	337,343	341,595	4,252	—
ZMW	JPM	04/08/14	1,500,000	253,207	263,178	9,971	—
ZMW	SCB	01/31/14	1,290,812	230,914	231,137	223	—
ZMW	SCB	01/31/14	4,200,000	754,040	752,068	—	1,972
Total Forward Currency Purchase Contracts				\$77,956,382	\$77,933,722	\$ 536,255	\$ 558,915

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

*Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.***Portfolio of Investments (concluded)****December 31, 2013**

Forward Currency Sale Contracts open at December 31, 2013:

Currency	Counterparty	Expiration Date	Foreign Currency Amount	US \$ Cost on Origination Date	US \$ Current Value	Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized Depreciation
BRL	BRC	01/03/14	2,013,766	\$911,619	\$853,562	\$ 58,057	\$ —
BRL	UBS	01/03/14	2,622,780	1,129,000	1,111,701	17,299	—
BRL	UBS	02/04/14	2,429,970	1,011,224	1,021,701	—	10,477
EUR	BNP	01/17/14	447,000	613,328	614,934	—	1,606
EUR	BNP	01/27/14	407,000	560,602	559,903	699	—
EUR	BNP	01/27/14	3,107,000	4,276,506	4,274,250	2,256	—
EUR	BRC	03/24/14	379,784	520,000	522,457	—	2,457
EUR	CIT	02/06/14	1,699,016	2,337,616	2,337,299	317	—
EUR	CIT	03/24/14	246,000	336,164	338,415	—	2,251
EUR	HSB	03/20/14	962,023	1,323,744	1,323,426	318	—
EUR	JPM	01/15/14	1,017,093	1,386,742	1,399,205	—	12,463
EUR	JPM	01/27/14	645,000	897,344	887,316	10,028	—
EUR	JPM	02/05/14	641,000	864,308	881,810	—	17,502
EUR	JPM	02/05/14	2,149,405	2,898,204	2,956,891	—	58,687
EUR	UBS	02/28/14	1,328,168	1,798,472	1,827,121	—	28,649
JPY	CIT	03/17/14	133,089,834	1,293,395	1,264,231	29,164	—
JPY	HSB	02/25/14	172,543,905	1,726,000	1,638,831	87,169	—
JPY	SCB	01/28/14	155,378,708	1,595,929	1,475,587	120,342	—
JPY	SCB	01/28/14	15,674,379	159,000	148,855	10,145	—
KZT	CIT	01/06/14	96,581,860	625,733	625,733	—	—
NGN	BRC	06/18/14	39,365,250	235,087	233,139	1,948	—
RUB	HSB	01/21/14	3,200,533	95,766	97,057	—	1,291
TRY	BRC	02/12/14	93,005	46,523	42,914	3,609	—
TRY	BRC	02/12/14	1,895,417	904,000	874,581	29,419	—
TRY	JPM	04/21/14	2,051,609	985,072	932,385	52,687	—
UYU	CIT	01/02/14	7,621,000	356,304	353,260	3,044	—
UYU	JPM	01/02/14	7,621,000	353,315	353,260	55	—
Total Forward Currency Sale Contracts				\$29,240,997	\$28,949,824	426,556	135,383
Gross unrealized appreciation/depreciation on Forward Currency Purchase and Sale Contracts						\$ 962,811	\$ 694,298

Currency Abbreviations:

AMD—Armenian Dram	NGN —Nigerian Naira
BRL —Brazilian Real	PEN —Peruvian New Sol
CLP —Chilean Peso	PHP —Philippine Peso
CNY —Chinese Renminbi	PLN —Polish Zloty
COP —Colombian Peso	RON —New Romanian Leu
EUR —Euro	RSD —Serbian Dinar
GHS —Ghanaian Cedi	RUB —Russian Ruble
HUF —Hungarian Forint	SGD —Singapore Dollar
IDR —Indonesian Rupiah	THB —Thai Baht
INR —Indian Rupee	TRY —New Turkish Lira
JPY —Japanese Yen	TWD —New Taiwan Dollar
KRW—South Korean Won	UGX —Ugandan Shilling
KZT —Kazakhstan Tenge	UYU —Uruguayan Peso
MXN—Mexican New Peso	ZAR —South African Rand
MYR—Malaysian Ringgit	ZMW —Zambian Kwacha

Counterparty Abbreviations:

BNP—BNP Paribas SA
BRC—Barclays Bank PLC
CIT —Citibank NA
HSB —HSBC Bank USA
JPM —JPMorgan Chase Bank
SCB —Standard Chartered Bank
UBS —UBS AG

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Notes to Portfolio of Investments

December 31, 2013

(a) Principal amount denominated in respective country's currency.

For federal income tax purposes, the aggregate cost was \$173,061,397, aggregate gross unrealized appreciation (b) was \$39,836,513, aggregate gross unrealized depreciation was \$9,322,379, and the net unrealized appreciation was \$30,514,134.

(c) The Fund, at all times, maintains portfolio securities in sufficient amount to cover its obligations related to investments in forward currency contracts.

Security Abbreviations:

ADR - American Depositary Receipt

NTN-B Brazil Sovereign "Nota do Tesouro Nacional" Series B

NTN-F Brazil Sovereign "Nota do Tesouro Nacional" Series F

Portfolio holdings by industry (as a percentage of net assets):

Agriculture	0.6	%
Alcohol & Tobacco	2.1	
Automotive	2.6	
Banking	9.3	
Cable Television	2.8	
Computer Software	4.7	
Energy Integrated	11.5	
Energy Services	2.4	
Financial Services	6.5	
Food & Beverages	1.8	
Gas Utilities	0.9	
Household & Personal Products	2.1	
Insurance	2.8	
Leisure & Entertainment	2.1	
Manufacturing	13.0	
Metals & Mining	1.4	
Pharmaceutical & Biotechnology	14.9	
Retail	4.0	
Semiconductors & Components	2.9	
Technology Hardware	7.9	
Telecommunications	2.3	
Subtotal	98.6	
Foreign Government Obligations	7.1	
Short-Term Investment	0.6	
Total Investments	106.3	%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

December 31, 2013

ASSETS

Investments in securities, at value (cost \$173,061,120)	\$203,575,531
Foreign currency, at value (cost \$1,862,407)	1,866,525
Dividends and interest receivable	625,568
Gross unrealized appreciation on forward currency contracts	962,811
Total assets	207,030,435

LIABILITIES

Management fees payable	178,897
Line of credit outstanding	14,455,000
Gross unrealized depreciation on forward currency contracts	694,298
Other accrued expenses and payables	125,690
Total liabilities	15,453,885
Net assets	\$191,576,550

NET ASSETS

Paid in capital (Note 2(f))	\$161,017,990
Distributions in excess of net investment income (Note 2(f))	(222,687)
Accumulated net realized loss	(277)
Net unrealized appreciation on:	
Investments	30,514,411
Foreign currency and forward currency contracts	267,113
Net assets	\$191,576,550

Shares of common stock outstanding*	9,605,237
Net asset value per share	\$19.95
Market value per share	\$17.62

*\$0.001 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized for the Fund.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Statement of Operations

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

INVESTMENT INCOME

Income:

Dividends (net of foreign withholding taxes of \$ 268,705)	\$5,331,282
Interest (net of foreign withholding taxes of \$19)	1,123,464
Total investment income	6,454,746

Expenses:

Management fees (Note 3)	2,033,972
Professional services	143,660
Shareholders' reports	103,991
Custodian fees	82,373
Administration fees	78,470
Shareholders' services	42,910
Shareholders' meeting	26,347
Directors' fees and expenses	20,587
Other	64,183
Total expenses before interest expense	2,596,493
Interest expense	129,836
Total expenses	2,726,329
Net investment income	3,728,417

NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS, FOREIGN CURRENCY AND FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS

Net realized gain on:

Investments	6,425,569
Foreign currency and forward currency contracts	336,656
Total net realized gain on investments, foreign currency and forward currency contracts	6,762,225

Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:

Investments	24,874,880
Foreign currency and forward currency contracts	(633,201)
Total net change in unrealized appreciation on investments, foreign currency and forward currency contracts	24,241,679

Net realized and unrealized gain on investments, foreign currency and forward currency contracts	31,003,904
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Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$34,732,321
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS		
Operations:		
Net investment income	\$3,728,417	\$3,981,609
Net realized gain on investments, foreign currency and forward currency contracts	6,762,225	4,529,070
Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments, foreign currency and forward currency contracts	24,241,679	21,293,520
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	34,732,321	29,804,199
Distributions to Stockholders (Note 2(f)):		
From net investment income	(10,204,556)	(5,626,667)
From net realized gains	—	(2,880,801)
Return of capital	(253,242)	(2,817,011)
Net decrease in net assets resulting from distributions	(10,457,798)	(11,324,479)
Total increase in net assets	24,274,523	18,479,720
Net assets at beginning of year	167,302,027	148,822,307
Net assets at end of year*	\$191,576,550	\$167,302,027
*Includes distributions in excess of net investment income of (Note 2(f))	\$(222,687)	\$(508,780)
Transactions in Capital Shares:		
Common shares outstanding at beginning of year	9,605,237	9,605,237
Common shares outstanding at end of year	9,605,237	9,605,237

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND FOREIGN CURRENCY

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$34,732,321
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by operating activities	
Decrease in dividends and interest receivable	(181,247)
Accretion of bond discount and amortization of bond premium	52,484
Inflation index adjustment	(136,543)
Decrease in other accrued expenses and payables	(12,874)
Net realized gain on investments, foreign currency and forward currency contracts	(6,762,225)
Net change in unrealized appreciation on investments, foreign currency and forward currency contracts	(24,241,679)
Purchase of long-term investments	(65,500,306)
Proceeds from disposition of long-term investments	66,709,579
Proceeds from disposition of short-term investments, net	5,687,706
Net cash provided by operating activities	10,347,216

Cash flows from financing activities:

Cash distribution paid (Note 2(f))	(10,457,798)
Net cash used in financing activities	(10,457,798)

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	335,533
Net increase in cash and foreign currency	224,951

Cash and foreign currency:

Beginning balance	1,641,574
Ending balance	\$1,866,525

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for interest	\$(138,099)
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

*Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.***Financial Highlights****Selected data for a share of common stock outstanding throughout each year**

	Year Ended				
	12/31/13	12/31/12	12/31/11	12/31/10	12/31/09
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$17.42	\$15.49	\$16.83	\$17.27	\$14.58
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment income	0.39	0.41	0.44	0.39	0.48
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	3.23	2.70	(0.73)	0.25	3.21
Total from investment operations	3.62	3.11	(0.29)	0.64	3.69
Less distributions from (Note 2(f)):					
Net investment income	(1.06)	(0.59)	(0.78)	(0.67)	(0.08)
Net realized gains	—	(0.30)	(0.16)	—	—
Return of capital	(0.03)	(0.29)	(0.11)	(0.41)	(0.92)
Total distributions	(1.09)	(1.18)	(1.05)	(1.08)	(1.00)
Net asset value, end of year	\$19.95	\$17.42	\$15.49	\$16.83	\$17.27
Market value, end of year	\$17.62	\$15.09	\$13.39	\$15.06	\$14.89
Total Return based upon (a):					
Net asset value	21.31%	20.69%	-1.85%	4.14%	26.90%
Market value	24.61%	22.06%	-4.48%	8.90%	36.72%
Ratios and Supplemental Data:					
Net assets, end of year (in thousands)	\$191,577	\$167,303	\$148,822	\$161,652	\$165,898
Ratios to average net assets:					
Net expenses	1.52%	1.59%	1.54%	1.59%	1.61%
Gross expenses	1.52%	1.59%	1.54%	1.59%	1.61%
Net investment income	2.07%	2.51%	2.73%	2.37%	3.28%
Portfolio turnover rate	35%	17%	33%	32%	25%

Total return based on per share market price assumes the purchase of common shares at the closing market price on the business day immediately preceding the first day, and sales of common shares at the closing market price on the last day, of each year indicated; dividends and distributions are assumed to be reinvested in accordance with the Fund's Dividend Reinvestment Plan. The total return based on net asset value, or NAV, assumes the purchase of common shares at the "net asset value, beginning of year" and sales of common shares at the "net asset value, end of year", for each of the years indicated; distributions are assumed to be reinvested at NAV. Past performance is not indicative, or a guarantee, of future results; the investment return, market price and net asset value of the Fund will fluctuate, so that an investor's shares in the Fund, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. The returns do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a stockholder would pay on the Fund's distributions or on the sale of Fund shares.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

1. Organization

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc. (the “Fund”) was incorporated in Maryland on January 27, 2004 and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “Act”), as a diversified, closed-end management investment company. The Fund trades on the NYSE under the ticker symbol LGI and commenced operations on April 28, 2004. The Fund’s investment objective is total return, consisting of capital appreciation and income.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”). The Fund is an investment company and therefore applies specialized accounting guidance in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

(a) Valuation of Investments—Market values for securities listed on the NYSE, NASDAQ national market or other US or foreign exchanges or markets are generally based on the last reported sales price on the exchange or market on which the security is principally traded, generally as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on each valuation date; securities not traded on the valuation date are valued at the most recent quoted bid price. The Fund values NASDAQ-traded securities at the NASDAQ Official Closing Price, which may not be the last reported sales price in certain instances. Forward currency contracts are valued using quotations from an independent pricing service. Investments in money market funds are valued at the fund’s net asset value.

Bonds and other fixed-income securities that are not exchange-traded are valued on the basis of prices provided by independent pricing services which are based primarily on institutional trading in similar groups of securities, or by using brokers’ quotations or a matrix system which considers such factors as other security prices, yields and maturities. Debt securities maturing in 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, except where to do so would not accurately reflect their fair value, in which case such securities are valued at fair value as determined by, or in accordance with procedures approved by, the Board of Directors (the “Board”).

The Valuation Committee of the Investment Manager, which meets periodically under the direction of the Board, may evaluate a variety of factors to determine the fair value of securities for which market quotations are determined not to be readily available or reliable. These factors include, but are not limited to, the type of security, the value of

comparable securities, observations from financial institutions and relevant news events. Input from the Investment Manager's portfolio managers/analysts also will be considered.

If a significant event materially affecting the value of securities occurs between the close of the exchange or market on which the security is principally traded and the time when the Fund's net asset value is calculated, or when current market quotations otherwise are determined not to be readily available or reliable (including restricted or other illiquid securities such as certain derivative instruments), such securities will be valued at their fair value as determined by, or in accordance with procedures approved by, the Board.

The effect of using fair value pricing is that the net asset value of the Fund will reflect the affected securities' values as determined in the judgment of the Board or its designee instead of being determined by the market. Using a fair value pricing methodology to price securities may result in a value that is different from the most recent closing price of a security and from the prices used by other investment companies to calculate their portfolios' net asset values.

(b) Portfolio Securities Transactions and Investment Income—Portfolio securities transactions are accounted for on trade date. Realized gain (loss) on sales of investments are recorded on a specific identification basis. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date and interest income is accrued daily. The Fund amortizes premiums and accretes discounts on fixed-income securities using the effective yield method.

The Fund may be subject to taxes imposed by foreign countries in which it invests. Such taxes are generally based upon income earned or capital gains (realized or unrealized). The Fund accrues and applies such taxes to net investment income, net realized gains and net unrealized gains concurrent with the recognition of income or capital gains (realized and unrealized) from the applicable portfolio securities.

(c) Leveraging—The Fund uses leverage to invest Fund assets in currency investments, primarily using forward currency contracts and by borrowing under a credit facility with State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street"), up to a maximum of 33 % of the Fund's total leveraged assets. If the assets of the Fund decline due to market conditions such that this 33 % threshold will be exceeded, leverage risk will increase.

If the Fund is able to realize a higher return on the leveraged portion of its investment portfolio than the cost of such leverage together with other related expenses, the effect of the leverage will be to cause the Fund to realize a

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2013

higher net return than if the Fund were not so leveraged. There is no assurance that any leveraging strategy the Fund employs will be successful.

Using leverage is a speculative investment technique and involves certain risks. These include higher volatility of net asset value, the likelihood of more volatility in the market value of the Fund's common stocks and, with respect to borrowings, the possibility either that the Fund's return will fall if the interest rate on any borrowings rises, or that income will fluctuate because the interest rate of borrowings varies.

If the market value of the Fund's leveraged currency investments declines, the leverage will result in a greater decrease in net asset value, or less of an increase in net asset value, than if the Fund were not leveraged. To the extent that the Fund is required or elects to prepay any borrowings, the Fund may need to liquidate investments to fund such prepayments. Liquidation at times of adverse economic conditions may result in capital losses and may reduce returns.

(d) Foreign Currency Translation and Forward Currency Contracts—The accounting records of the Fund are maintained in US dollars. Portfolio securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated daily into US dollars at the prevailing rates of exchange. Purchases and sales of securities, income receipts and expense payments are translated into US dollars at the prevailing exchange rates on the respective transaction dates.

The Fund does not isolate the portion of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in their market prices. Such fluctuations are included in net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments. Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency and forward currency contracts represents net foreign currency gain (loss) from forward currency contracts, disposition of foreign currencies, currency gain (loss) realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions, and the difference between the amount of dividends, interest and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the Fund's accounting records and the US dollar equivalent amounts actually received or paid. Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency reflects the impact of changes in exchange rates on the value of assets and liabilities, other than investments in securities, during the period.

A forward currency contract is an agreement between two parties to buy or sell currency at a set price on a future date. Upon entering into these contracts, risks may arise

from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts and from unanticipated movements in the value of the foreign currency relative to the US dollar.

The US dollar value of forward currency contracts is determined using quotations provided by an independent pricing service. Daily fluctuations in the value of such contracts are recorded as unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on forward currency contracts. When the contract is closed, the Fund records a realized gain (loss) equal to the difference between the value at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed.

(e) Federal Income Tax Policy—It is the Fund’s policy to comply with the requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code (the “Code”) applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute substantially all of its taxable income to its stockholders. Therefore, no provision for federal income taxes is required. The Fund files tax returns with the US Internal Revenue Service and various states.

Under current tax law, certain capital and net foreign currency losses realized after October 31 within the taxable year may be deferred and treated as occurring on the first day of the following tax year. For the tax year ended December 31, 2013, the Fund had no net capital and foreign currency losses arising between November 1, 2013 and December 31, 2013.

The Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010 (the “RIC Modernization Act”) includes numerous provisions that generally became effective for taxable years beginning after December 22, 2010. Among the provisions, net capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely, and their character is retained as short-term or long-term. Previously, net capital losses were carried forward for eight years and treated as short-term losses. The RIC Modernization Act also requires that post-enactment net capital losses be used before pre-enactment net capital losses. As a result, pre-enactment capital loss carryforwards may expire unused.

Management has analyzed the Fund’s tax positions, and has concluded that no liability for unrecognized tax benefits should be recorded related to uncertain tax positions taken on returns filed for open tax years (2010-2012), or expected to be taken in the Fund’s 2013 tax returns.

(f) Dividends and Distributions—The Fund intends to declare and to pay dividends monthly from net investment income. Distributions to stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. During any particular year, net realized gains from investment transactions in excess of available

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2013

capital loss carryforwards would be taxable to the Fund, if not distributed. The Fund intends to declare and distribute these amounts, at least annually, to stockholders; however, to avoid taxation, a second distribution may be required.

Income dividends and capital gains distributions are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations which may differ from GAAP. These book/tax differences, which may result in distribution reclassifications, are primarily due to differing treatments of foreign currency transactions and wash sales. The book/tax differences relating to stockholder distributions resulted in reclassifications among certain capital accounts as follows:

	Distributions in excess of	Accumulated Net Realized Loss
Paid in Capital	Net Investment Income	
	\$ (253,242)	\$ (6,762,232)
	\$ 7,015,474	

The Fund has implemented a level distribution policy to seek to maintain a stable monthly distribution, subject to oversight of the Fund’s Board. Under the Fund’s level distribution policy, the Fund intends to make regular monthly distributions at a fixed rate per share. If for any monthly distribution, net investment income and net realized short-term capital gain were less than the amount of the distribution, the difference would generally be distributed from the Fund’s assets. In addition, in order to make such distributions, the Fund might have to sell a portion of its investment portfolio at a time when independent investment judgment might not dictate such actions.

In July 2010, the Investment Manager, on behalf of itself and the Fund, received an exemptive order from the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) facilitating the implementation of a distribution policy that may include multiple long-term capital gains distributions (“Managed Distribution Policy”). As a result, the Fund may, subject to the determination of its Board, implement a Managed Distribution Policy.

Concurrent with the monthly distributions paid from March 2013 through December 2013, the Fund issued notices pursuant to Section 19(a) of the Act (the “Section 19(a) Notices”) each stating that the Fund had currently estimated that it had distributed more than its net investment income and realized capital gains. For 2013, \$0.03084 of the \$1.08876

distributed per share was a return of capital. The Section 19(a) Notices may also be viewed at www.LazardNet.com.

The amounts and sources of distributions shown on the Section 19(a) Notices are only estimates and are not provided for tax reporting purposes. The actual amounts and sources of the cumulative distributions for tax reporting purposes will depend upon the Fund's investment experience during the year and may be subject to changes based on tax regulations. The Fund will send stockholders a Form 1099-DIV for the calendar year explaining how to report these distributions for federal income tax purposes.

The tax character of dividends and distributions paid during the years ended December 31, was as follows:

	2013	2012
Ordinary Income	\$4,040,099	\$5,626,667
Long-Term Capital Gain	6,164,457	2,880,801
Return of Capital	253,242	2,817,011
Total	\$10,457,798	\$11,324,479

At December 31, 2013, the components of distributable earnings and unrealized appreciation on a tax basis were \$0 and \$30,558,560, respectively.

(g) Expense Reductions—The Fund's excess cash in demand deposit accounts, if any, may receive credits that are available to offset custody expenses. The Statement of Operations reports gross custody expenses, and reports the amount of any credits separately as an expense reduction.

(h) Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Fund to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(i) Subsequent Events—Management has performed its evaluation of subsequent events and has determined that there were no subsequent events requiring adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

3. Investment Management Agreement

The Fund has entered into an investment management agreement (the “Management Agreement”) with the Investment Manager. Pursuant to the Management Agreement, the Investment Manager regularly provides the Fund with investment research, advice and supervision and furnishes continuously an investment program for the Fund consistent with its investment objective and policies, including the purchase, retention and disposition of securities.

The Fund has agreed to pay the Investment Manager an annual investment management fee of 0.85% of the Fund’s average daily “Total Leveraged Assets” (the Fund’s total

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2013

assets including Financial Leverage (defined below)) for the services and facilities provided by the Investment Manager, payable on a monthly basis. The fee paid to the Investment Manager will be higher when the Investment Manager uses Currency Commitments (defined below) and Borrowings (defined below) (“Financial Leverage”) to make Currency Investments (defined below), rather than by reducing the percentage of “Net Assets” (the Fund’s assets without taking into account Financial Leverage) invested in Global Equity Investments for the purposes of making Currency Investments. “Global Equity Investments” refers to investments in the Fund’s global equity strategy consisting of equity securities of companies with market capitalizations of \$5 billion or greater domiciled in those countries that comprise the Index. “Currency Investments” refers to investments in the Fund’s emerging income strategy, consisting of emerging market currencies (primarily by entering into forward currency contracts), or instruments whose value is derived from the performance of an underlying emerging market currency, but also may invest in debt obligations, including government, government agency and corporate obligations and structured notes denominated in emerging market currencies. “Currency Commitments” are the aggregate financial exposures created by forward currency contracts in excess of that represented in the Fund’s Net Assets, and “Borrowings” refers to the borrowings under the Fund’s credit facility. Assuming Financial Leverage in the amount of 33 % of the Fund’s Total Leveraged Assets, the annual fee payable to the Investment Manager would be 1.28% of Net Assets (i.e., not including amounts attributable to Financial Leverage).

The following is an example of this calculation of the Investment Manager’s fee, using very simple illustrations. If the Fund had assets of \$1,000, it could invest \$1,000 in Global Equity Investments and enter into \$500 in forward currency contracts (because the Fund would not have to pay money at the time it enters into the currency contracts). Similarly, the Fund could invest \$1,000 in Global Equity Investments, borrow \$500 and invest the \$500 in foreign currency denominated bonds. In either case, the Investment Manager’s fee would be calculated based on \$1,500 of assets, because the fee is calculated based on Total Leveraged Assets (Net Assets plus Financial Leverage). In our example, the Financial Leverage is in the form of

either the forward currency contracts (Currency Commitments) or investments from Borrowings. The amount of the Financial Leverage outstanding, and therefore the amount of Total Leveraged Assets on which the Investment Manager’s fee is based, fluctuates daily based on changes in value of the Fund’s portfolio holdings, including changes in value of the currency involved in the forward currency contracts and foreign currency denominated bonds acquired with the proceeds of Borrowings. However, the Investment Manager’s fee will be the same regardless of whether Currency Investments are made with Currency Commitments or with Borrowings (without taking into account the cost of Borrowings).

This method of calculating the Investment Manager’s fee is different than the way closed-end investment companies typically calculate management fees. Traditionally, closed-end investment companies calculate management fees based on Net Assets plus Borrowings (excluding Financial Leverage obtained through Currency Commitments). The Investment Manager’s fee is different because the Fund’s leverage strategy is different than the

leverage strategy employed by many other closed-end investment companies. Although the Fund may employ Borrowings in making Currency Investments, the Fund's leverage strategy relies primarily on Currency Commitments, rather than relying exclusively on borrowing money and/or issuing preferred stock, as is the strategy employed by most closed-end investment companies. The Investment Manager's fee would be lower if its fee were calculated only on Net Assets plus Borrowings, because the Investment Manager would not earn fees on Currency Investments made with Currency Commitments (forward currency contracts). Using the example above, where the Fund has assets of \$1,000 and invests \$1,000 in Global Equity Investments and \$500 in forward currency contracts, the following table illustrates how the Investment Manager's fee would be different if it did not earn management fees on these types of Currency Investments. A discussion of the most recent review and approval by the Fund's Board of the Management Agreement (including the method of calculating the Investment Manager's fee) is included under "Other Information—Board Consideration of Management Agreement" in the Fund's semi-annual report for the period ended June 30, 2013.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2013

Beginning assets of \$1,000	Fund's management fee based on Total Leveraged Assets (includes Currency Commitments)	Typical management fee formula, calculated excluding Currency Commitments
Global Equity Investments (Net Assets)	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000
Currency Commitments	\$ 500	\$ 500
Assets used to calculate management fee	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,000
Management fee (0.85%)	\$ 12.75	\$ 8.50

Investment Manager Fee Conflict Risk—The fee paid to the Investment Manager for investment management services will be higher when the Fund uses Financial Leverage, whether through forward currency contracts or Borrowings, because the fee paid will be calculated on the basis of the Fund's assets including this Financial Leverage. Consequently, the Investment Manager may have a financial interest for the Fund to utilize such Financial Leverage, which may create a conflict of interest between the Investment Manager and the stockholders of the Fund.

The Fund has implemented procedures to monitor this potential conflict.

4. Administration Agreement

The Fund has entered into an administration agreement with State Street to provide certain administrative services to the Fund. The Fund bears the cost of such services at a fixed annual rate of \$42,500, plus 0.02% of average daily net assets up to \$1 billion and 0.01% of average daily net assets over \$1 billion.

5. Directors' Compensation

Certain Directors of the Fund are officers of the Investment Manager. Each Director who is not an affiliated person of the Investment Manager or any of its affiliates is paid by the Fund, The Lazard Funds, Inc., Lazard Retirement Series, Inc. and Lazard World Dividend & Income Fund, Inc. (collectively with the Fund, the “Lazard Funds”), each a registered management investment company advised by the Investment Manager: (1) an annual retainer of \$100,000, (2) a per meeting in person regular or special meeting fee of \$5,000 (\$1,500 for telephonic participation), including Board, committee, subcommittee or other special meetings specifically authorized by the Board and held in connection with delegated Fund business, and (3) a telephone Audit Committee or special Board meeting fee of \$1,500, with an additional annual fee for the Audit Committee Chairman of \$5,000. Such Directors are also reimbursed for travel and other out-of-pocket expenses for attending

Board and committee meetings. No additional compensation is provided in respect of committee meetings held in conjunction with a meeting of the Board. Compensation is, generally, divided among the Lazard Funds based on relative net assets. The Directors do not receive benefits from the Fund pursuant to any pension, retirement or similar arrangement.

6. Securities Transactions and Transactions with Affiliates

Purchases and sales of portfolio securities (excluding short-term investments) for the year ended December 31, 2013 were \$65,500,306 and \$66,709,579, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, no brokerage commissions were paid to affiliates of the Investment Manager or other affiliates of the Fund for portfolio transactions executed on behalf of the Fund.

7. Line of Credit

The Fund has a \$30 million Line of Credit Agreement (the “Agreement”) with State Street primarily to borrow to invest Fund assets in Currency Investments. The Fund may borrow the lesser of \$30 million or 33 % of its Total Leveraged Assets. Interest on borrowings was payable at the higher of the Federal Funds rate or Overnight LIBOR rate plus 0.75%, on an annualized basis. Under the Agreement, the Fund has also agreed to pay a 0.15% per annum fee on the unused portion of the commitment, payable quarterly in arrears. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Fund had borrowings under the Agreement as follows:

Average Daily Loan Balance*	Maximum Daily Loan Outstanding	Weighted Average Interest Rate
\$14,455,000	\$14,455,000	0.89 %

* For 365 days borrowings were outstanding.

The line of credit outstanding as of December 31, 2013 approximates its fair value and is categorized at Level 2 (see Note 10).

8. Non-US Securities Investment Risks

The Fund invests in securities of foreign entities and in instruments denominated in foreign currencies which involve risks not typically associated with investments in US securities. The Fund's performance will be influenced by political, social and economic factors affecting the non-US countries and companies in which the Fund invests. Non-US securities carry special risks, such as exposure to less developed or less efficient trading markets, political instability, a lack of company information, differing auditing and legal standards, and, potentially, less liquidity. In addition, investments denominated in currencies other than US dollars carry the risk that such currencies will decline in

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2013

value relative to the US dollar and affect the value of these investments held in the Fund. Emerging market countries can generally have economic structures that are less diverse and mature, and political systems that are less stable, than those of developed countries. The securities markets of emerging market countries have historically been extremely volatile. However, the capital markets in the US and internationally have experienced unprecedented volatility in recent years, causing significant declines in the value and liquidity of many securities. These market conditions may continue to worsen. Significant devaluation of emerging market currencies against the US dollar may occur subsequent to investments denominated in emerging markets currencies.

9. Contractual Obligations

The Fund enters into contracts in the normal course of business that contain a variety of indemnifications. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown. Management has reviewed the Fund's existing contracts and expects the risk of loss to be remote.

10. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that the Fund would receive to sell an asset, or would pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the date of measurement. The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures provisions of GAAP also establish a framework for measuring fair value, and a three-level hierarchy for fair

value measurement that is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability. Inputs may be observable or unobservable and refer, broadly, to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Fund. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. Each investment's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the overall fair value measurement. The three-level hierarchy of inputs is summarized below.

- Level 1—unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical investments

• Level 2—other significant observable inputs (including unadjusted quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)

• Level 3—significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund’s own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in these securities.

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Fund’s investments by each fair value hierarchy level as of December 31, 2013:

Description	Unadjusted Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Investments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance as of December 31, 2013
Assets:				
Common Stocks*	\$188,825,116	\$—	\$ —	\$188,825,116
Foreign Government Obligations*	—	13,600,193	—	13,600,193
Short-Term Investment	1,150,222	—	—	1,150,222
Other Financial Instruments**				
Forward Currency Contracts	—	962,811	—	962,811
Total	\$189,975,338	\$14,563,004	\$ —	\$204,538,342
Liabilities:				
Other Financial Instruments**				
Forward Currency Contracts	\$—	\$(694,298)	\$ —	\$(694,298)

* Please refer to Portfolio of Investments (page 8 through 9) and Notes to Portfolio of Investments (page 13) for portfolio holdings by country and industry.

** Other financial instruments are derivative instruments which are valued at their respective unrealized appreciation/depreciation.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2013

The foreign government obligations included in Level 2 were valued on the basis of prices provided by independent pricing services. The forward currency contracts included in Level 2 were valued using quotations provided by an independent pricing service.

As of December 31, 2013, securities valued at \$6,837,928 were transferred from Level 2 to Level 1. The short-term investments were transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 based on increased reliance on the NAV of an open-end mutual fund as being representative of an active market price. There were no other transfers into or out of Levels 1, 2, or 3 during the year ended December 31, 2013. Transfers between levels are recognized at the beginning of the reporting period.

For further information regarding security characteristics see Portfolio of Investments.

11. Derivative Instruments

The Fund may use derivative instruments, including forward currency contracts, to gain exposure to the local currency and interest rates of emerging markets or to hedge certain types of currency exposure.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the notional amounts of purchases and sales of forward currency contracts were \$838,470,274 and \$835,049,591, respectively.

The following table summarizes the fair value of derivative instruments on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of December 31, 2013:

	Fair Value
Asset Derivatives	
Foreign Exchange Risk:	
Gross unrealized appreciation on forward currency contracts	\$ 962,811

Liability Derivatives

Foreign Exchange Risk:

Gross unrealized depreciation on forward currency contracts \$ 694,298

The effect of derivative instruments on the Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2013 was:

	Amount
Realized Gain (Loss) on Derivatives Recognized <u>in Income</u>	
Foreign Exchange Risk:	
Net realized gain on forward currency contracts	\$331,261
Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) on Derivatives Recognized <u>in Income</u>	
Foreign Exchange Risk:	
Net change in unrealized depreciation on forward currency contracts	\$(632,076)

See Note 2(d) and the Portfolio of Investments for additional disclosures about derivative instruments.

On January 31, 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2013-01, *Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities* (“ASU 2013-01”). ASU 2013-01 limits the scope of balance sheet offsetting disclosures, which was originally described in FASB ASU 2011-11, to derivatives, repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing or securities lending transactions to the extent that they are (1) offset in the financial statements or (2) subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement.

As of December 31, 2013, the Fund holds derivative instruments that are eligible for offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and are subject to master netting arrangements. A master netting arrangement is an agreement between two counterparties who have multiple contracts with each other that provides for the net settlement of all contracts, as well as any cash collateral, through single payment in the event of default on or termination of any one contract.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (concluded)

December 31, 2013

The required information for the Fund is presented in the below table, as of December 31, 2013:

Description	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities
Forward Currency Contracts	\$962,811	\$ —	\$962,811

Counterparty	Net Amounts of Assets Presented in Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities		
		Financial Instruments	Collateral Received	Net Amount
BNP Paribas SA	\$ 50,432	\$ (20,122)	\$ —	\$ 30,310
Barclays Bank PLC	204,362	(15,851)	—	188,511
Citibank NA	85,611	(85,611)	—	—
HSBC Bank USA	172,038	(31,673)	—	140,365
JPMorgan Chase Bank	223,233	(223,233)	—	—
Standard Chartered Bank	178,684	(54,463)	—	124,221
UBS AG	48,451	(48,451)	—	—
Total	\$ 962,811	\$ (479,404)	\$ —	\$ 483,407

Description	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities
Forward Currency Contracts	\$694,298	\$ —	\$694,298

Counterparty	Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities		
		Financial Instruments	Collateral Pledged	Net Amount
BNP Paribas SA	\$20,122	\$ (20,122)	\$ —	\$—
Barclays Bank PLC	15,851	(15,851)	—	—
Citibank NA	155,527	(85,611)	—	69,916
HSBC Bank USA	31,673	(31,673)	—	—
JPMorgan Chase Bank	362,203	(223,233)	—	138,970
Standard Chartered Bank	54,463	(54,463)	—	—
UBS AG	54,459	(48,451)	—	6,008
Total	\$694,298	\$ (479,404)	\$ —	\$214,894

12. Accounting Standards Update

In June 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-08 *Financial Services – Investment Companies (Topic 946): Amendments to the Scope, Measurement, and Disclosure Requirements*. This ASU clarifies the characteristics of an investment company, provides comprehensive guidance to

determine whether an entity is an investment company and sets certain measurement and disclosure requirements. This ASU is effective for interim and annual periods in the fiscal years that begin after December 15, 2013. The Investment Manager does not expect that the adoption of this standard will have a material impact on the financial statements.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of
Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc. (the "Fund"), including the schedule of investments, as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. The Fund is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2013, by correspondence with the custodian and brokers. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc. as of December 31, 2013, the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

New York, New York

February 27, 2014

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

(unaudited)

Unless you elect to receive distributions in cash (i.e., opt-out), all dividends, including any capital gain distributions, on your common stock will be automatically reinvested by Computershare, Inc., as dividend disbursing agent (the “Plan Agent”), in additional common stock under the Fund’s Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the “Plan”). You may elect not to participate in the Plan by contacting the Plan Agent. If you do not participate, you will receive all distributions in cash, paid by check mailed directly to you by the Plan Agent.

Under the Plan, the number of shares of common stock you will receive will be determined on the dividend or distribution payment date, as follows:

If the common stock is trading at or above net asset value at the time of valuation, the Fund will issue new shares at (1) a price equal to the greater of (i) net asset value per common share on that date or (ii) 95% of the common stock’s market price on that date.

If the common stock is trading below net asset value at the time of valuation, the Plan Agent will receive the dividend or distribution in cash and will purchase common stock in the open market, on the NYSE or elsewhere, for the participants’ accounts. It is possible that the market price for the common stock may increase before the Plan Agent has completed its purchases. Therefore, the average purchase price per share paid by the Plan Agent may (2) exceed the market price at the time of valuation, resulting in the purchase of fewer shares than if the dividend or distribution had been paid in common stock issued by the Fund. The Plan Agent will use all dividends and distributions received in cash to purchase common stock in the open market within 30 days of the valuation date. Interest will not be paid on any uninvested cash payments.

You may withdraw from the Plan at any time by giving written notice to the Plan Agent. If you withdraw or the Plan is terminated, you will receive whole shares in your account

under the Plan and you will receive a cash payment for any fraction of a share in your account. If you wish, the Plan Agent will sell your shares and send you the proceeds, minus an initial \$15 service fee plus \$0.12 per share being liquidated (for processing and brokerage expenses).

The Plan Agent maintains all stockholders’ accounts in the Plan and gives written confirmation of all transactions in the accounts, including information you may need for tax records. Shares of common stock in your account will be held by the Plan Agent in non-certificated form. Any proxy you receive will include all common stock you have received under the Plan.

There is no brokerage charge for reinvestment of your dividends or distributions in newly-issued shares of common stock. However, all participants will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred by the Plan Agent when it makes open market purchases.

Automatically reinvesting dividends and distributions does not mean that you do not have to pay income taxes due upon receiving dividends and distributions.

If you hold your common stock with a brokerage firm that does not participate in the Plan, you will not be able to participate in the Plan and any dividend reinvestment may be effected on different terms than those described above. Consult your financial advisor for more information.

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan if, in the judgment of the Board, the change is warranted. There is no direct service charge to participants in the Plan (other than the service charge when you direct the Plan Agent to sell your common stock held in a dividend reinvestment account); however, the Fund reserves the right to amend the Plan to include a service charge payable by the participants. Additional information about the Plan may be obtained from the Plan Agent at P.O. Box 43010, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-3010.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Board of Directors and Officers Information

(unaudited)

Name (Age) Address ⁽¹⁾	Position(s) with the Fund (Since) and Term ⁽²⁾	Principal Occupation(s) and Other Public Company Directorships Held During the Past Five Years ⁽²⁾
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Board of Directors:

Class I — Directors with Term Expiring in 2015

**Independent
Directors⁽³⁾:**

Leon M. Pollack (73)	Director (August 2006)	Private Investor
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Robert M. Solmson (66)	Director (September 2004)	Fairwood Capital, LLC, a private investment corporation engaged primarily in real estate and hotel investments, <i>President</i> (2008 - present)
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**Interested
Director⁽⁴⁾:**

Charles L. Carroll (53)	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (June 2004)	Investment Manager, <i>Deputy Chairman and Head of Global Marketing</i> (2004 - present)
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Class II – Directors with Term Expiring in 2016

**Independent
Directors⁽³⁾:**

Kenneth S. Davidson (68)	Director (February 2004)	Davidson Capital Management Corporation, an investment manager, <i>President</i> (1978 - present)
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Balestra Capital, Ltd., an investment manager and adviser, *Senior Advisor* (July 2012 - present)

Aquiline Holdings LLC, an investment manager, *Partner* (2006 - June 2012)

Nancy A. Eckl (51)	Director (February 2007)	College Retirement Equities Fund (eight accounts), <i>Trustee</i> (2007 - present)
		TIAA-CREF Funds (59 funds) and TIAA-CREF Life Funds (10 funds), <i>Trustee</i> (2007 - present)
		TIAA Separate Account VA-1, <i>Member of the Management Committee</i> (2007 - present)
		American Beacon Advisors, Inc. (“American Beacon”) and certain funds advised by American Beacon, <i>Vice President</i> (1990 - 2006)

Class III — Directors with Term Expiring in 2014

Independent Director⁽³⁾:

Richard Reiss, Jr. (69)	Director (February 2004)	Georgica Advisors LLC, an investment manager, <i>Chairman</i> (1997 - present)
		O’Charley’s, Inc., a restaurant chain, <i>Director</i> (1984 - 2012)

Interested Director⁽⁴⁾:

Ashish Bhutani (53)	Director (July 2005)	Investment Manager, <i>Chief Executive Officer</i> (2004 - present)
		Lazard Ltd, <i>Vice Chairman and Director</i> (2010 - present)

⁽¹⁾ The address of each Director of the Fund is Lazard Asset Management LLC, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, New York 10112-6300.

Each Director serves as a Director for each of the Lazard Funds (comprised of, as of January 31, 2014, 31 active investment portfolios). Each Director serves an indefinite term, until his or her successor is elected, and each Director serves in the same capacity for the other Lazard Funds. All of the Independent Directors (as defined below) are also board members of Lazard Alternative Strategies 1099 Fund, a closed-end registered management investment company advised by an affiliate of the Investment Manager.

⁽³⁾ “Independent Directors” are not “interested persons” (as defined in the Act) of the Fund.

⁽⁴⁾ Messrs. Bhutani and Carroll are “interested persons” (as defined in the Act) of the Fund because of their positions with the Investment Manager.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Board of Directors and Officers Information (concluded)

(unaudited)

Name (Age) Position(s) with the Fund Principal Occupation(s) During the Past Five Years
Address⁽¹⁾ (Since) and Term⁽²⁾

Officers⁽³⁾:

Nathan A. Paul (41)	Vice President and Secretary (February 2004)	Managing Director and General Counsel of the Investment Manager
Stephen St. Clair (55)	Treasurer (February 2004)	Vice President of the Investment Manager
Brian D. Simon (51)	Chief Compliance Officer (February 2004)	Managing Director (since February 2011, previously Director) of the Investment Manager and Chief Compliance Officer (since January 2009) of the Investment Manager and the Fund
Tamar Goldstein (38)	Assistant Secretary (February 2009)	Senior Vice President (since February 2012, previously Vice President and Counsel) of the Investment Manager
Cesar A. Trelles (39)	Assistant Treasurer (December 2004)	Vice President (since February 2011, previously Fund Administration Manager) of the Investment Manager

⁽¹⁾ The address of each officer of the Fund is Lazard Asset Management LLC, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, New York 10112-6300.

⁽²⁾ Each officer serves for an indefinite term, until his or her successor is elected and qualifies or until his or her earlier resignation or removal. Each officer serves in the same capacity for the other Lazard Funds.

⁽³⁾ In addition to Charles L. Carroll, President, whose information is included in the Class I Interested Director section.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Tax and Other Information

(unaudited)

Tax Information

Year Ended December 31, 2013

The following tax information represents year end disclosures of the tax benefits passed through to stockholders for 2013:

Of the dividends paid by the Fund, 100.00% of the dividends are qualified dividend income.

Of the dividends paid by the Fund, 43.03% of the dividends qualify for the dividends received deduction available to corporate shareholders.

Pursuant to Section 871 of the Code, the Fund has no designated qualified short-term gains for purposes of exempting withholding of tax on such distributions to US nonresident shareholders.

Proxy Voting

A description of the policies and procedures used to determine how proxies relating to Fund portfolio securities are voted is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling (800) 823-6300 or (2) on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

The Fund's proxy voting record for the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling (800) 823-6300 or (2) on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. Information as of June 30 each year will generally be available by the following August 31.

Form N-Q

The Fund files a complete schedule of its portfolio holdings for the first and third quarters of its fiscal year with the SEC on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov> and may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Information on the operation of the SEC's Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 1-800-SEC-0330.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

30 Rockefeller Plaza

New York, New York 10112-6300

Telephone: 800-823-6300

<http://www.LazardNet.com>

Investment Manager

Lazard Asset Management LLC

30 Rockefeller Plaza

New York, New York 10112-6300

Telephone: 800-823-6300

Custodian

State Street Bank and Trust Company

One Lincoln Street

Boston, Massachusetts 02111

Transfer Agent and Registrar

Computershare Trust Company, N.A.

P.O. Box 43010

Providence, Rhode Island 02940-3010

Dividend Disbursing Agent

Computershare, Inc.

P.O. Box 43010

Providence, Rhode Island 02940-3010

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Deloitte & Touche LLP

30 Rockefeller Plaza

New York, New York 10112-0015

Legal Counsel

Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP

180 Maiden Lane

New York, New York 10038-4982

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This report is intended only for the information of stockholders of common stock of Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

Lazard Asset Management LLC 30 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10112 www.lazardnet.com

ITEM 2. CODE OF ETHICS.

The Registrant has adopted a code of ethics that applies to the Registrant's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions.

ITEM 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT.

The Registrant's Board of Directors (the "Board") has determined that Robert M. Solmson and Nancy A. Eckl, members of the Audit Committee of the Board, are audit committee financial experts as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Mr. Solmson and Ms. Eckl are "independent" as defined by the SEC for purposes of audit committee financial expert determinations.

ITEM 4. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

(a) Audit Fees. The aggregate fees billed for each of the last two fiscal years (the "Reporting Periods") for professional services rendered by the Registrant's principal accountant (the "Auditor") for the audit of the Registrant's annual financial statements, or services that are normally provided by the Auditor in connection with the statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for the Reporting Periods, were \$62,000 in 2012 and \$62,000 in 2013.

(b) Audit-Related Fees. There were no fees billed in the Reporting Periods by the Auditor to the Registrant for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit of the Registrant's financial statements and are not reported under paragraph (a) of this Item 4. There were no fees billed in the Reporting Periods for non-audit assurance and related services by the Auditor to Lazard Asset Management LLC, the Registrant's investment manager ("Lazard"), and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with Lazard that provides ongoing services to the Registrant ("Service Affiliates").

(c) Tax Fees. The aggregate fees billed in the Reporting Periods by the Auditor to the Registrant for professional services rendered by the Auditor for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning ("Tax Services") were \$7,875 in 2012 and \$6,800 in 2013. These services consisted of (i) review or preparation of U.S. federal, state, local and excise tax returns; and (ii) U.S. federal, state and local tax planning, advice and assistance regarding statutory, regulatory or administrative developments. There were no fees billed for the Reporting Periods for Tax Services by the Auditor to Service Affiliates.

(d) All Other Fees. There were no fees billed in the Reporting Periods for products and services provided by the Auditor, other than the services reported in paragraphs (a) through (c) above. There were no fees billed in the

Reporting Periods for non-audit services by the Auditor to Service Affiliates, other than the services reported in paragraphs (a) through (c) above.

(e) Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures. The Registrant's Audit Committee pre-approves the Auditor's engagements for audit and non-audit services to the Registrant and, as required, non-audit services to Service Affiliates on a case-by-case basis. Pre-approval considerations include whether the proposed services are compatible with maintaining the Auditor's independence. There were no services provided by the Auditor that were approved pursuant to (c)(7)(i)(C) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X.

(f) None.

(g) Non-Audit Fees. The aggregate non-audit fees billed by the Auditor for services rendered to the Registrant and rendered to Service Affiliates for the Reporting Periods were \$783,097 in 2012 and \$927,600 in 2013.

(h) Auditor Independence. The Audit Committee considered whether provision of non-audit services to Service Affiliates that were not required to be pre-approved is compatible with maintaining the Auditor's independence.

ITEM 5. AUDIT COMMITTEE OF LISTED REGISTRANTS.

The Registrant has a separately-designated standing Audit Committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. It is composed of the following Directors, each of whom is not an "interested person" (as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940) of the Registrant ("Independent Directors"):

Nancy A. Eckl, Audit Committee Chairman

Leon M. Pollack

Richard Reiss, Jr.

Robert M. Solmson

ITEM 6. INVESTMENTS

Not applicable.

ITEM 7. DISCLOSURE OF PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CLOSED END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

The Registrant has delegated voting of proxies in respect of portfolio holdings to Lazard, to vote the Registrant's proxies in accordance with Lazard's proxy voting policy and guidelines (the "Voting Guidelines") that provide as follows:

- Lazard votes proxies in the best interests of its clients.

Unless Lazard's Proxy Committee otherwise determines, Lazard votes proxies in a manner consistent with the Voting Guidelines.

To avoid conflicts of interest, Lazard votes proxies where a material conflict has been deemed to exist in accordance with specific proxy voting guidelines regarding various standard proxy proposals ("Approved Guidelines") or, if the Approved Guideline is to vote case-by-case, in accordance with the recommendation of an independent source.

Lazard also may determine not to vote proxies in respect of securities of any issuer if it determines that it would be in the client's overall best interests not to vote.

The Voting Guidelines address how it will vote proxies on particular types of matters such as the election for directors, adoption of option plans and anti-takeover proposals. For example, Lazard generally will:

- vote as recommended by management in routine election or re-election of directors;
- favor programs intended to reward management and employees for positive, long-term performance, evaluating whether Lazard believes, under the circumstances, that the level of compensation is appropriate or excessive; and
- vote against anti-takeover measures, such as adopting supermajority voting requirements, shareholder rights plans and fair price provisions.

ITEM 8. PORTFOLIO MANAGERS OF CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

Principal Portfolio Managers

As of the date of the filing of this Report on Form N-CSR, the following persons are responsible for the management of the Registrant's portfolio:

James Donald is responsible for allocation of the Registrant's assets between Global Equity Investments and Currency Investments (each, as defined in the notes to the Registrant's annual report to shareholders contained in Item 1) and overall management of the Registrant's portfolio. Global Equity Investments and Currency Investments are each managed on a team basis, with each member of the team involved at all levels of the investment process.

Mr. Donald, a Managing Director of Lazard, is a portfolio manager/analyst on Lazard's Emerging Markets Equity team and Head of the Emerging Markets Group. Prior to joining Lazard in 1996, Mr. Donald was a portfolio manager with Mercury Asset Management. Mr. Donald is a CFA Charterholder.

Global Equity Investments. Michael G. Fry, Michael Powers, Ronald Temple and Andrew Lacey are the portfolio managers responsible for investing the Registrant's assets allocated to Global Equity Investments.

Michael G. Fry, a Managing Director of Lazard, is a portfolio manager/analyst on Lazard's Global Equity and International Equity teams. Prior to joining Lazard in 2005, Mr. Fry held several positions at UBS Global Asset Management, including Head of Global Equity Portfolio Management, Global Head of Equity Research and Head of Australian Equities. Mr. Fry began working in the investment field in 1981.

Ronald Temple, a Managing Director of Lazard, is a portfolio manager/analyst on various of Lazard's US Equity teams and the Global Equity Select team. Mr. Temple is a Co-Director of Research and has primary research coverage of the financials sector. Mr. Temple joined Lazard in 2001 and had been working in the investment field since 1991.

Mr. Lacey, a Deputy Chairman of Lazard, is responsible for oversight of US and Global strategies. He also is a portfolio manager/analyst on various of Lazard's US Equity and Global Equity teams. Mr. Lacey joined Lazard in 1996, and has been working in the investment field since 1995.

Mr. Powers, a Managing Director of Lazard, is a portfolio manager/analyst on Lazard's Global Equity and International Equity teams. He began working in the investment field in 1990 when he joined Lazard.

Currency Investments. Ardra Belitz and Ganesh Ramachandran are jointly responsible for investment of the Registrant's assets allocated to Currency Investments.

Ms. Belitz, a Managing Director of Lazard and a portfolio manager/analyst on Lazard's Emerging Markets Income team, joined the team in 1998. Prior to joining Lazard in 1996, Ms. Belitz was with Bankers Trust Company. She began working in the investment industry in 1994.

Mr. Ramachandran, a Managing Director of Lazard and a portfolio manager/analyst on Lazard's Emerging Markets Income team, joined the team in 2001. Mr. Ramachandran began working in the investment field in 1997 when he joined Lazard.

Portfolio Management

Team Management. Portfolio managers at Lazard manage multiple accounts for a diverse client base, including private clients, institutions and investment funds. Lazard manages all portfolios on a team basis. The team is involved at all levels of the investment process. This team approach allows for every portfolio manager to benefit from his/her peers, and for clients to receive the firm's best thinking, not that of a single portfolio manager. Lazard manages all like investment mandates against a model portfolio. Specific client objectives, guidelines or limitations then are applied against the model, and any necessary adjustments are made.

Material Conflicts Related to Management of Similar Accounts. Although the potential for conflicts of interest exist when an investment adviser and portfolio managers manage other accounts that invest in securities in which the Registrant may invest or that may pursue a strategy similar to the Registrant's component strategies (collectively, "Similar Accounts"), the Lazard has procedures in place that are designed to ensure that all accounts are treated fairly and that the Registrant is not disadvantaged, including procedures regarding trade allocations and "conflicting trades" (e.g., long and short positions in the same or similar securities, as described below). In addition, the Registrant, as a registered investment company, is subject to different regulations than certain of the Similar Accounts, and, consequently, may not be permitted to engage in all the investment techniques or transactions, or to engage in such techniques or

transactions to the same degree, as the Similar Accounts.

Potential conflicts of interest may arise because of Lazard's management of the Registrant and Similar Accounts, including the following:

Similar Accounts may have investment objectives, strategies and risks that differ from those of the Registrant. In addition, the Registrant, as a registered investment company, is subject to different regulations than certain of the Similar Accounts and, consequently, may not be permitted to engage in all the investment techniques or transactions, or to engage in such techniques or transaction to the same degree, as the Similar Accounts. For these or other reasons, the portfolio managers may purchase different securities for the Registrant and the corresponding Similar Accounts, and the performance of securities purchased for the Registrant may vary from the performance of securities purchased for Similar Accounts.

Conflicts of interest may arise with both the aggregation and allocation of securities transactions and allocation of limited investment opportunities, as Lazard may be perceived as causing accounts it manages to participate in an offering to increase Lazard's overall allocation of securities in that offering, or to increase Lazard's ability to participate in future offerings by the same underwriter or issuer. Allocations of bunched trades, particularly trade orders that were only partially filled due to limited availability, and allocation of investment opportunities generally, could raise a potential conflict of interest, as Lazard may have an incentive to allocate securities that are expected to increase in value to preferred accounts. Initial public offerings, in particular, are frequently of very limited availability. A potential conflict of interest may be perceived to arise if transactions in one account closely follow related transactions in a different account, such as when a purchase increases the value of securities previously purchased by the other account, or when a sale in one account lowers the sale price received in a sale by a second account.

Portfolio managers may be perceived to have a conflict of interest because of the large number of Similar Accounts, in addition to the Registrant, that they are managing on behalf of Lazard. Although Lazard does not track each individual portfolio manager's time dedicated to each account, Lazard periodically reviews each portfolio manager's overall responsibilities to ensure that he or she is able to allocate the necessary time and resources to effectively manage the Registrant. As illustrated in the table below, most of the portfolio managers manage a significant number of Similar Accounts (10 or more) in addition to the Registrant.

Generally, Lazard and/or some or all of the Registrant's portfolio managers have investments in Similar Accounts. This could be viewed as creating a potential conflict of interest, since certain of the portfolio managers do not invest in the Registrant or may invest more significantly in a Similar Account.

The portfolio managers noted in footnote (#) to the table below manage Similar Accounts with respect to which the advisory fee is based on the performance of the account, which could give the portfolio managers and the Investment Manger an incentive to favor such Similar Accounts over the corresponding Portfolios.

The Registrant's portfolio managers may place transactions on behalf of Similar Accounts that are directly or indirectly contrary to investment decisions made for the Registrant, which could have the potential to adversely impact the Registrant, depending on market conditions. In addition, if the Registrant's investment in an issuer is at a different level of the issuer's capital structure than an investment in the issuer by Similar Accounts, in the event of credit deterioration of the issuer, there may be a conflict of interest between the Registrant's and such Similar Accounts' investments in the issuer. If Lazard sells securities short, including on behalf of a registered investment company, it may be seen as harmful to the performance of any Similar Accounts or other client accounts investing

“long” in the same or similar securities whose market values fall as a result of short-selling activities.

Accounts Managed by the Portfolio Managers. The chart below includes information regarding the members of the portfolio management team responsible for managing the Registrant. Specifically, it shows the number of portfolios and assets managed by management teams of which each of the Registrant’s portfolio managers is a member. Regardless of the number of accounts, the portfolio management team still manages each account based on a model portfolio as described above.

Portfolio Manager	Registered Investment Companies (\$*)#	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles (\$*)#	Other Accounts (\$*)#,+
Ardra Belitz	2 (301.4 million)	8 (2.2 billion)	3 (321.2 million)
Michael G. Fry	7 (5.1 billion)	1 (36.6 million)	172 (11.4 billion)
Ronald Temple	11 (10.1 billion)	9 (683 million)	166 (7.2 billion)
James M. Donald	11 (21.7 billion)	18 (7.9 billion)	165 (14.7 billion)
Andrew D. Lacey	13 (10.3 billion)	13 (1.3 billion)	179 (7.5 billion)
Ganesh Ramachandran	2 (301.4 million)	8 (2.2 billion)	3 (321.2 million)
Michael Powers	7 (5.1 billion)	1 (36.6 million)	172 (11.4 billion)

* Total assets in accounts as of December 31, 2013.

The following portfolio managers manage accounts with respect to which the advisory fee is based on the performance of the account:

(1) Mr. Donald manages three other accounts and one registered investment company with assets under management of approximately \$1.7 billion and \$2.2 billion, respectively.

(2) Mr. Fry and Mr. Powers manage one registered investment company and one other account with assets under management of approximately \$3.2 billion and \$96.0 million, respectively.

(3) Mr. Lacey and Mr. Temple manage one registered investment company and one other account with assets under management of approximately \$7.9 billion and \$412.9 million, respectively.

(4) Ms. Belitz and Mr. Ramachandran manage four other pooled investment vehicles with assets under management of approximately \$1.9 billion.

+ Includes an aggregation of any Similar Accounts within managed account programs where the third party program sponsor is responsible for applying specific client objectives, guidelines and limitations against the model portfolio managed by the portfolio management team.

Compensation for Portfolio Managers

Lazard's portfolio managers are generally responsible for managing multiple types of accounts that may, or may not, invest in securities in which the Registrant may invest or pursue a strategy similar to one of the Registrant's component strategies. Portfolio managers responsible for managing the Registrant may also manage sub-advised registered investment companies, collective investment trusts, unregistered funds and/or other pooled investment vehicles, separate accounts, separately managed account programs (often referred to as "wrap accounts") and model portfolios.

During the fiscal year covered by this Report on Form N-CSR, Lazard compensates portfolio managers by a competitive salary and bonus structure, which is determined both quantitatively and qualitatively. Salary and bonus are paid in cash, stock and restricted fund interests. Portfolio managers are compensated on the performance of the aggregate group of portfolios managed by the teams of which they are a member rather than for a specific fund or account. Various factors are considered in the determination of a portfolio manager's compensation. All of the portfolios managed by a portfolio manager are comprehensively evaluated to determine his or her positive and

consistent performance contribution over time. Further factors include the amount of assets in the portfolios as well as qualitative aspects that reinforce Lazard's investment philosophy.

Total compensation is generally not fixed, but rather is based on the following factors: (i) leadership, teamwork and commitment, (ii) maintenance of current knowledge and opinions on companies owned in the portfolio; (iii) generation and development of new investment ideas, including the quality of security analysis and identification of appreciation catalysts; (iv) ability and willingness to develop and share ideas on a team basis; and (v) the performance results of the portfolios managed by the investment teams of which the portfolio manager is a member.

Variable bonus is based on the portfolio manager's quantitative performance as measured by his or her ability to make investment decisions that contribute to the pre-tax absolute and relative returns of the accounts managed by the teams of which the portfolio manager is a member, by comparison of each account to a predetermined benchmark (as set forth in the prospectus or other governing document) over the current fiscal year and the longer-term performance (3-, 5- or 10-year, if applicable) of such account, as well as performance of the account relative to peers. The variable bonus for the Registrant's portfolio management team in respect of its management of the Registrant is determined by reference to the Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI®) World Index. The portfolio manager's bonus also can be influenced by subjective measurement of the manager's ability to help others make investment decisions. Portfolio managers managing accounts that pay performance fees may receive a portion of the performance fee as part of their compensation.

Ownership of Registrant Securities

As of December 31, 2013, the portfolio managers of the Registrant owned the following shares of Common Stock of the Registrant.

Portfolio Manager	Market Value of Shares
Ardra Belitz	None
James M. Donald	\$100,001-\$500,000
Andrew D. Lacey	\$100,001-\$500,000
Ganesh Ramachandran	\$10,001-\$50,000
Michael Powers	None
Michael G. Fry	None
Ronald Temple	None

ITEM 9. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS.

Not applicable.

ITEM 10. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

There were no material changes to the procedures by which shareholders may recommend nominees to the Registrant's Board of Directors during the period covered by this report. A description of these procedures can be found in the proxy statement for the Registrant's most recent shareholder meeting, which is available at www.sec.gov.

ITEM 11. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

(a) The Registrant's principal executive and principal financial officers have concluded, based on their evaluation of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of this report, that the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures are reasonably designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Registrant on Form N-CSR is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the required time periods and that information required to be disclosed by the Registrant in the reports that it files or submits on Form N-CSR is accumulated and communicated to the Registrant's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) There were no changes to the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 12. EXHIBITS.

(a)(1) Code of Ethics referred to in Item 2.

(a)(2) Certifications of principal executive and principal financial officers as required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

(a)(3) Not applicable.

(b) Certifications of principal executive and principal financial officers as required by Rule 30a-2(b) under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Lazard Global Total Return and Income Fund, Inc.

By /s/ Charles L. Carroll
Charles L. Carroll
Chief Executive Officer

Date March 10, 2014

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By /s/ Charles L. Carroll
Charles L. Carroll
Chief Executive Officer

Date March 10, 2014

By /s/ Stephen St. Clair
Stephen St. Clair
Chief Financial Officer

Date March 10, 2014