ABN AMRO HOLDING N V Form 424B2 September 15, 2009

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION OR AMENDMENT, DATED SEPTEMBER 14, 2009

PRICING SUPPLEMENT NO. 917 TO (TO PROSPECTUS DATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2006 REGISTRATION STATEMENT NOS. AND PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2006) 333-137691, 333-137691-02 CUSIP: 00083JGR3

DATED SEPTEMBER , 2009 RULE 424 (b) (2)

[ABN AMRO LOGO]

ABN AMRO BANK N.V. ABN NOTES(SM)

FULLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED BY ABN AMRO HOLDING N.V.

24 MONTH, DIGITAL BUFFER SECURITIES DUE SEPTEMBER 30, 2011 LINKED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE S&P 500 INDEX(R)

Each Security will entitle the holder to receive at maturity an amount linked to the performance of the S&P 500 Index(R), which we refer to as the Underlying Index, as described below. THE SECURITIES DO NOT PAY INTEREST. PAYMENT AT MATURITY IS EXPOSED TO ANY DECLINE IN THE VALUE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX ON THE DETERMINATION DATE, SUBJECT TO A MINIMUM RETURN OF \$200 PER \$1,000 PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF SECURITIES. ACCORDINGLY, IF THE INDEX RETURN IS LESS THAN -20% OVER THE TERM OF THE SECURITIES, YOU COULD LOSE AS MUCH AS 80% OF YOUR INITIAL PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT. IF THE INDEX RETURN IS 0% OR POSITIVE, YOU WILL NEVER RECEIVE A PAYMENT AT MATURITY GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM REDEMPTION AT MATURITY OF \$1,145 PER \$1,000 PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF SECURITIES.

SECURITIES	24 Month, Digital Buffer Securities due September 30, 2011 Linked to the Performance of the S&P 500 Index(R)		
ISSUER	ABN AMRO Bank N.V.		
PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	\$		
	The S&P 500 Index(R)		
ISSUE PRICE	100%		
PROPOSED PRICING DATE			
PROPOSED SETTLEMENT DATE	September 30, 2009		
MATURITY DATE	September 30, 2011		
PAYMENT AT MATURITY	At maturity, you will receive for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities a cash amount calculated as follows: (1) if the index return is 0% or positive, \$1,000 plus the digital return; (2) if the index return is less than 0% up to and including -20%, \$1,000; and (3) if the index return is less than -20%, \$1,000 plus [(index return + 20%) x \$1,000]. IF THE INDEX RETURN IS LESS THAN -20% YOU COULD LOSE UP TO 80% OF YOUR INITIAL PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT. IN ADDITION,		

	YOU WILL NEVER RECEIVE A PAYMENT AT MATURITY GREATER THAN \$1,145 PER \$1,000 PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF SECURITIES.
INDEX RETURN:	The index return for the Securities is the percentage change in value of the Underlying Index calculated as follows:
	Final Index Value - Initial Index Value
	Initial Index Value
INITIAL INDEX VALUE:	[] (the closing value of the Underlying Index on the pricing date) subject to adjustment in certain circumstances which we describe in "Description of Securities Discontinuance of the Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation".
FINAL INDEX VALUE:	100% of the closing value of the Underlying Index on the determination date subject to the terms and provisions which we describe in "Discontinuance of the Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation."
DIGITAL RETURN:	\$145.00 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, representing a maximum return on the Securities of 14.50%
MAXIMUM REDEMPTION AT MATURITY:	\$1,145, per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, which is equal to \$1,000 plus the digital return. Regardless of how much the Underlying Index may appreciate above the Initial Index Value you will never receive more than \$1,145 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, at maturity.
BUFFER LEVEL:	20% buffer. A decrease in the index return of 20% or less will not result in the loss of principal by holders of the Securities. A decrease in the index return of more than 20% could result in the loss of up to 80% of principal by holders of the Securities.
DETERMINATION DATE:	September 27, 2011, subject to adjustment as described in "Description of the Securities - Determination Date."
GUARANTEE	The Securities will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by ABN AMRO Holding N.V.
DENOMINATIONS	The Securities may be purchased in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof.
LISTING	The Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange.

THE SECURITIES ARE NOT INSURED OR GUARANTEED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER FEDERAL AGENCY.

THE SECURITIES INVOLVE RISKS NOT ASSOCIATED WITH AN INVESTMENT IN CONVENTIONAL DEBT SECURITIES. SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PS-8.

The Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities regulators have not approved or disapproved these Securities, or determined if this Pricing Supplement or the accompanying Prospectus Supplement or Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

THE AGENTS ARE NOT OBLIGATED TO PURCHASE THE SECURITIES BUT HAVE AGREED TO USE

REASONABLE EFFORTS TO SOLICIT OFFERS TO PURCHASE THE SECURITIES. TO THE EXTENT THE FULL AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF THE SECURITIES BEING OFFERED BY THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT IS NOT PURCHASED BY INVESTORS IN THE APPLICABLE OFFERING, ONE OR MORE OF OUR AFFILIATES HAVE AGREED TO PURCHASE THE UNSOLD PORTION, WHICH MAY CONSTITUTE A SUBSTANTIAL PORTION OF THE TOTAL AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF THE SECURITIES LINKED TO SUCH UNDERLYING INDEX, AND TO HOLD SUCH SECURITIES FOR INVESTMENT PURPOSES. SEE "HOLDINGS OF THE SECURITIES BY OUR AFFILIATES AND FUTURE SALES" UNDER THE HEADING "RISK FACTORS" AND "PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION."

This Pricing Supplement and the accompanying Prospectus Supplement and Prospectus may be used by our affiliates in connection with offers and sales of the Securities in market-making transactions.

PRICE \$1,000 PER SECURITY

PRICE TO PUBLIC AGENT'S COMMISSIONS(1) PROCEEDS TO ABN AMRO BAN

Digital Buffer Securities 100% 2.75% 97.25%

Total \$ \$

(1) For additional information see "Plan of Distribution" in this pricing supplement.

RBS SECURITIES INC.

In this Pricing Supplement, the "Bank," "we," "us" and "our" refer to ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and "Holding" refers to ABN AMRO Holding N.V., our parent company. We refer to the Securities offered hereby and the related guarantees as the "Securities" and to each individual security offered hereby as a "Security."

The S&P 500 was developed and is calculated and maintained by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P"). We refer to S&P as the "Index Sponsor." The Index Sponsor is not an affiliate of ours and is not involved with this offering in any way. The obligations represented by the Securities are our obligations, not those of the Index Sponsor. Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing in the Underlying Index.

"Standard & Poor's," "S&P," "S&P 500," "Standard & Poor's 500," and "500" are trademarks of S&P. THESE TRADEMARKS AND SERVICE MARKS HAVE BEEN LICENSED FOR USE FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES BY ABN AMRO BANK N.V. THE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN PASSED ON BY S&P. THE SECURITIES ARE NOT SPONSORED, ENDORSED, SOLD OR PROMOTED BY S&P AND NONE OF THE ABOVE MAKES ANY WARRANTIES OR BEARS ANY LIABILITY WITH RESPECT TO THE SECURITIES.

ANY SECURITIES ISSUED, SOLD OR DISTRIBUTED PURSUANT TO THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD (I) TO ANY PERSON/ENTITY LISTED ON SANCTIONS LISTS OF THE EUROPEAN UNION, UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER APPLICABLE LOCAL COMPETENT AUTHORITY; (II) WITHIN THE TERRITORY OF CUBA, SUDAN, IRAN AND MYANMAR; (III) TO RESIDENTS IN CUBA, SUDAN, IRAN OR MYANMAR; OR (IV) TO CUBAN NATIONALS, WHEREVER LOCATED.

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SUMMARY

THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY ANSWERS SOME QUESTIONS THAT YOU MIGHT HAVE REGARDING THE SECURITIES IN GENERAL TERMS ONLY. IT DOES NOT CONTAIN ALL THE INFORMATION THAT MAY BE IMPORTANT TO YOU. YOU SHOULD READ THE SUMMARY TOGETHER WITH THE MORE DETAILED INFORMATION THAT IS CONTAINED IN THE REST OF THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT AND IN THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS AND PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT. YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THE MATTERS SET FORTH UNDER THE HEADING "RISK FACTORS." IN ADDITION, WE URGE YOU TO CONSULT WITH YOUR INVESTMENT, LEGAL, ACCOUNTING, TAX AND OTHER ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO ANY INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES.

WHAT ARE THE SECURITIES?

The Securities are senior notes of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by our parent company, ABN AMRO Holding N.V. The Securities have a maturity of 24 months. The payment at maturity on the Securities is determined based on the performance of the S&P 500 Index(R), which we refer to as the Underlying Index, on the determination date as described below under "What will I receive at maturity of the Securities and how is this amount calculated?" IN ADDITION, UNLIKE ORDINARY DEBT SECURITIES, THE SECURITIES ARE NOT FULLY PRINCIPAL PROTECTED AND DO NOT PAY INTEREST. IF THE INDEX RETURN IS LESS THAN -20% OVER THE TERM OF THE SECURITIES, YOU COULD LOSE AS MUCH AS 80% OF YOUR INITIAL PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT. IF THE INDEX RETURN IS 0% OR POSITIVE YOU WILL NEVER RECEIVE MORE THAN \$1,145 PER \$1,000 PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF SECURITIES WHICH REPRESENTS A MAXIMUM 14.50% RETURN.

WHAT WILL I RECEIVE AT MATURITY OF THE SECURITIES AND HOW IS THIS AMOUNT CALCULATED?

At maturity you will receive, for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, a cash payment calculated as follows:

- (1) If the index return is 0% or positive, \$1,000 plus the digital return; or
- (2) If the index return is less than 0% and up to and including -20%, \$1,000; or
- (3) If the index return is less than -20%, then \$1,000 plus [(index return + 20%) x 1,000].

ACCORDINGLY, THE SECURITIES ARE NOT FULLY PRINCIPAL PROTECTED. IF THE INDEX RETURN IS LESS THAN -20% YOU COULD LOSE UP TO 80% OF YOUR INITIAL PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT. IN ADDITION, YOU WILL NEVER RECEIVE A PAYMENT AT MATURITY GREATER THAN \$1,145.

WHAT IS THE INDEX RETURN, THE DIGITAL RETURN AND THE MAXIMUM REDEMPTION AT MATURITY AND HOW ARE THEY CALCULATED?

The index return is the percentage change in the value of the Underlying Index during the period from but excluding the pricing date to and including the determination date, calculated as shown below under "How is the index return calculated?"

The digital return is \$145.00 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

The maximum redemption at maturity is \$1,145 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

We call the Securities "Digital Buffer Securities due September 30, 2011 Linked to the Performance of the S&P 500 Index(R)" because of the limited buffer against a negative index return of up to and including -20%. If the index return is less than 0% and up to and including -20%, you will only receive your principal amount at maturity. If the index return is less than -20%, you could lose up to 80% of your initial principal investment. If the index return is zero

(0%) or positive you will receive \$1,000 plus the digital return. The digital return is a fixed amount which is payable regardless of how much or how little the index return appreciates. We refer to this as a digital return because the digital return is either payable in full or it is not payable at all, like a digital switch that is either fully on or fully off.

HOW IS THE INDEX RETURN CALCULATED?

The index return will be equal to:

The initial index value is 100% of the closing value of the Underlying Index on the pricing date.

The final index value is 100% of the closing value of the Underlying Index on the determination date.

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CAN YOU GIVE ME EXAMPLES OF THE PAYMENT I WILL RECEIVE AT MATURITY DEPENDING ON THE PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX?

EXAMPLE 1: If, for example, in a hypothetical offering, the initial index value is 840, the final index value is 1,000 and the digital return is \$145.00, then the index return would be calculated as follows:

or

1000 - 840 = 19.05% -----840

In this hypothetical example, the index return is positive. Therefore, the payment at maturity will be \$1000 plus the digital return of \$145.00 or a total payment of \$1,145 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities. In this hypothetical example, the index return was 19.05% but you would have received a return of 14.50% over the term of the Securities.

EXAMPLE 2: If, for example, in a hypothetical offering, the initial index value is 840, the final index value is 850 and the digital return is \$145.00, then the index return would be calculated as follows:

or

850 - 840 = 1.19% -----840

In this hypothetical example, the index return is positive. Therefore, the payment at maturity will be \$1000 plus the digital return of \$145.00 or a total payment of \$1,145 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

In this hypothetical example, the index return was 1.19% but you would have received a return of 14.50% over the term of the Securities. If the index return is positive, you will receive the digital return regardless of how much or how little the index return appreciates over the initial index value.

EXAMPLE 3: If, for example, in a hypothetical offering, the initial index value is 840 and the final index value is 714, then the index return would be calculated as follows:

Final Index Value - Initial Index Value

Initial Index Value

or

714 - 840 = -15.00% -----840

In this hypothetical example, the index return is negative. Since the index return is less than 0% but more than -20% you would receive, at maturity, the principal amount of \$1,000 per Security.

In this hypothetical example, the index return was -15.00% and you would not have lost any of your initial principal investment because the index return was between 0% and -20%. In this hypothetical example you would not have received any return on your initial principal investment and you would not be compensated for any loss in value due to inflation and other factors relating to the value of money over time.

EXAMPLE 4: If, for example, in a hypothetical offering, the initial index value is 840 and the final index value is 500, then the index return would be calculated as follows:

Final Index Value - Initial Index Value

Initial Index Value

or

500 - 840 = -40.48% ---- 840

In this hypothetical example, the index return is negative and is less than -20%. Therefore, payment at maturity will be calculated as:

\$1,000 + [(index return + 20%) x \$1,000]

or

 $$1,000 + [(-40.48\% + 20\%) \times $1,000] = 795.20

Therefore, in this hypothetical example, you would receive at maturity a total payment of \$795.20 for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities. In this hypothetical example, the index return was -40.48% but you would have lost 20.48% of your initial principal investment over the term of the Securities.

THESE EXAMPLES ARE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY. IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO PREDICT THE FINAL VALUE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX ON THE DETERMINATION DATE OR AT ANY OTHER TIME DURING THE TERM OF THE SECURITIES. THE INITIAL INDEX VALUE IS SUBJECT TO ADJUSTMENT AS SET FORTH IN "DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES -ADJUSTMENT EVENTS; -DISCONTINUANCE

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OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX; ALTERATION OF METHOD OF CALCULATION" IN THE RELATED PRICING SUPPLEMENT.

In this Pricing Supplement, we have also provided under the heading "Hypothetical Return Analysis of the Securities at Maturity" the total return of owning the Securities through maturity for various closing values of the Underlying Index on the determination date.

WILL I RECEIVE INTEREST PAYMENTS ON THE SECURITIES?

No. You will not receive any interest on the Securities.

WILL I GET MY PRINCIPAL BACK AT MATURITY?

The Securities are not fully principal protected. Subject to the credit of ABN AMRO Bank, N.V. as the issuer of the Securities and ABN AMRO Holding N.V. as the guarantor of the issuer's obligations under the Securities, you will receive at maturity at least \$200 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, regardless of the closing value of the Underlying Index on the Determination Date. If the index return is less than -20% over the term of the Securities, you will lose some of your initial principal investment and you could lose as much as 80% of your initial principal investment.

HOWEVER, IF YOU SELL THE SECURITIES PRIOR TO MATURITY, YOU WILL RECEIVE THE MARKET PRICE FOR THE SECURITIES, WHICH MAY OR MAY NOT INCLUDE ANY RETURN AND COULD BE ZERO. There may be little or no secondary market for the Securities. Accordingly, you should be willing to hold your securities until maturity.

IS THERE A LIMIT ON HOW MUCH I CAN EARN OVER THE TERM OF THE SECURITIES?

Yes. If the Securities are held to maturity and the Underlying Index remains unchanged or appreciates, the total amount payable at maturity per Security will be \$1,145 regardless of how much the Underlying Index may appreciate above its closing value on the pricing date.

WHAT IS THE MINIMUM REQUIRED PURCHASE?

You may purchase Securities in minimum denominations of \$1,000 or in integral multiples thereof.

IS THERE A SECONDARY MARKET FOR SECURITIES?

The Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. Accordingly, there may be little or no secondary market for the Securities and, as such, information regarding independent market pricing for the Securities may be extremely limited. You should be willing to hold your Securities until the maturity date.

Although it is not required to do so, we have been informed by our affiliate that when this offering is complete, it intends to make purchases and sales of the Securities from time to time in off-exchange transactions. If our affiliate does make such a market in the Securities, it may stop doing so at any time.

In connection with any secondary market activity in the Securities, our affiliate may post indicative prices for the Securities on a designated website or via Bloomberg. However, our affiliate is not required to post such indicative prices and may stop doing so at any time. INVESTORS ARE ADVISED THAT ANY PRICES SHOWN ON ANY WEBSITE OR BLOOMBERG PAGE ARE INDICATIVE PRICES ONLY AND, AS SUCH,

THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT ANY TRADE COULD BE EXECUTED AT SUCH PRICES. Investors should contact their brokerage firm for further information.

In addition, the issue price of the Securities includes the selling agents' commissions paid with respect to the Securities and the cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities. The cost of hedging includes the profit component that our affiliate has charged in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in managing the hedging the transactions. The fact that the issue price of the Securities includes these commissions and hedging costs is expected to adversely affect the secondary market prices of the Securities. See "Risk Factors—The Inclusion of Commissions and Cost of Hedging in the Issue Price is Likely to Adversely Affect Secondary Market Prices" and "Use of Proceeds."

WHAT IS THE UNDERLYING INDEX AND HOW HAS IT PERFORMED HISTORICALLY?

The S&P 500 Index(R) is a 500-stock benchmark that includes a representative sample of leading U.S. companies across broad industry groupings. You should read "Public Information Regarding the Underlying Index" in this Pricing Supplement for additional information regarding the Underlying Index. The information concerning certain historical values of the Underlying Index is set forth under the heading "Public Information Regarding the

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Underlying Index" in this Pricing Supplement. Past performance of the Underlying Index, however, is not necessarily indicative of how the Underlying Index will perform in the future.

TELL ME MORE ABOUT ABN AMRO BANK N.V. AND ABN AMRO HOLDING N.V.

ABN AMRO Bank N.V. is an international banking group offering a wide range of banking products and financial services worldwide through our network of offices and branches. ABN AMRO Holding N.V. is the parent company of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Holding's main purpose is to own the Bank and its subsidiaries. All of the Securities issued by the Bank hereunder are fully and unconditionally quaranteed by Holding.

On November 2, 2007 a consortium (the "Consortium") of the Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc ("RBS"), Fortis SA/NV and Fortis N.V. (collectively, "Fortis"), and Banco Santander Central Hispano SA, which had made a tender offer for the shares of Holding, announced that approximately 98.8% of the shares of Holding had been tendered to the Consortium as of October 31, 2007. On September 22, 2008 the Consortium acquired the remaining shares of Holding. On October 3, 2008 Holding jointly announced with the Dutch Minister of Finance (the "Minister") that on that date the Minister acquired all shares of Fortis Bank Nederland (Holding) NV from Fortis, which effectively transferred Fortis' share in Holding to the State of the Netherlands.

On November 28, 2008 UK Financial Investments Limited ("UKFI"), which is wholly owned by the UK government, acquired approximately 57.9% of the enlarged issued ordinary share capital of RBS and (pound)5 billion of RBS preference shares. On January 19, 2009, RBS announced that it had reached agreement with the UK Treasury and UKFI to replace the (pound)5 billion of RBS preference shares with new RBS ordinary shares. Effective April 14, 2009 the (pound)5 billion of RBS preference shares were replaced with new RBS ordinary shares resulting in UKFI holding approximately 70.3% of the enlarged issued ordinary share capital of RBS.

Holding is no longer listed on Euronext or the New York Stock Exchange but files periodic reports with the SEC.

WHAT IS THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ABN AMRO BANK N.V., ABN AMRO HOLDING N.V. AND RBS SECURITIES INC.?

RBS Securities Inc., which we refer to as RBSSI, is an affiliate of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. and ABN AMRO Holding N.V. RBSSI will act as calculation agent for the Securities, and is acting as agent for this offering. RBSSI will conduct this offering in compliance with the requirements of NASD Rule 2720 of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, which is commonly referred to as FINRA, regarding a FINRA member firm's distribution of the securities of an affiliate. See "Risk Factors -- Potential Conflicts of Interest between Holders of Securities and the Calculation Agent" and "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)."

WHO WILL DETERMINE THE FINAL INDEX VALUE, THE INDEX RETURN AND THE PAYMENT AT MATURITY?

We have appointed our affiliate, RBSSI, to act as calculation agent for Wilmington Trust Company, the trustee for the Securities and Citibank, N.A., the securities administrator. As calculation agent, RBSSI will determine whether the closing price of the Underlying Shares has fallen below the knock-in level, the closing price of the Underlying Shares on the determination date, the stock redemption amount and the initial price. The calculation agent may adjust the initial price of the Underlying Shares and consequently the stock redemption amount and knock-in level, which we describe in the section called "Description of Securities -- Adjustment Events."

WHO INVESTS IN THE SECURITIES?

The Securities are not suitable for all investors. The Securities might be considered by investors who:

- are willing to risk losing up to 80% of their initial principal investment in exchange for the opportunity to benefit from the capped appreciation, if any, in the value of the Underlying Index over the life of the Securities;
- o do not require an interest income stream;
- o are willing to be exposed to fluctuations in equity prices in general and prices of the Underlying Index's components in particular; and

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o are willing to hold the Securities until maturity.

You should carefully consider whether the Securities are suited to your particular circumstances before you decide to purchase them. In addition, we urge you to consult with your investment, legal, accounting, tax and other advisors with respect to any investment in the Securities.

WHAT ARE SOME OF THE RISKS IN OWNING THE SECURITIES?

Investing in the Securities involves a number of risks. We have described the most significant risks relating to the Securities under the heading "Risk Factors" in this Pricing Supplement which you should read before making an investment in the Securities.

Some selected risk considerations include:

- MARKET RISK. If the index return is less than 0% up to -20%, you will be entitled to receive only the principal amount of \$1,000 per Security at maturity. In such a case, you will receive no return on your investment and you will not be compensated for any loss in value due to inflation and other factors relating to the value of money over time. If the index return decreases more than 20%, you could lose up to 80% of your initial principal investment. If the index return is zero (0%) or positive, your return will be limited to 14.50% regardless of how much the index return may appreciate above its initial level.
- o CREDIT RISK. Because you are purchasing a security from us, you are assuming our credit risk. In addition, because the Securities are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Holding, you are assuming the credit risk of Holding in the event that we fail to make any payment required by the terms of the Securities.
- o PRINCIPAL RISK. Return of principal on the Securities is only guaranteed up to \$200 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities. Any payment required by the terms of the Securities is subject to our credit and the credit of Holding. If the index return decreases by more than 20% during the term of the Securities, the amount of cash paid to you at maturity will be less than the principal amount of the Securities, subject to a minimum return of \$200 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.
- o LIQUIDITY RISK. The Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. Accordingly, there may be little or no secondary market for the Securities, and information regarding independent market pricing for the Securities may be very limited or non-existent. If you sell your Securities in the secondary market, if any, prior to maturity, you will receive the market price for the Securities, which could be zero. The value of the Securities in the secondary market, if any, will be subject to many unpredictable factors, including then prevailing market conditions.

WHAT IF I HAVE MORE QUESTIONS?

You should read "Description of Securities" in this Pricing Supplement for a detailed description of the terms of the Securities. The Securities are senior notes issued as part of our ABN Notes(SM) program and guaranteed by Holding. The Securities offered by the Bank will constitute the Bank's unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank pari passu without any preference among them and with all our other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations. The guarantee of Holding will constitute Holding's unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank pari passu without any preference among them and with all Holding's other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations. You can find a general description of our ABN Notes(SM) program in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement. We also describe the basic features of this type of note in the sections called "Description of Notes" and "Notes Linked to Commodity Prices, Single Securities, Baskets of Securities or Indices".

You may contact our principal executive offices at Gustav Mahleraan 10, 1082 PP Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Our telephone number is (31-20) 628-9393.

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RISK FACTORS

The Securities are not principal protected debt and unlike ordinary debt securities, the Securities do not pay interest. Return of principal on the Securities is only guaranteed up to 20%, subject to our credit and the credit of Holding. Investing in the Securities is not the equivalent of investing directly in the securities comprising the Underlying Index or in a product that tracks the return of the Underlying Index. This section describes the most significant risks relating to the Securities. YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER WHETHER THE SECURITIES ARE SUITED TO YOUR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES BEFORE YOU DECIDE TO PURCHASE THEM. IN ADDITION, WE URGE YOU TO CONSULT WITH YOUR INVESTMENT, LEGAL, ACCOUNTING, TAX AND OTHER ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO ANY INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES.

THE SECURITIES ARE NOT ORDINARY SENIOR NOTES; THE SECURITIES DO NOT PAY INTEREST AND THERE IS NO GUARANTEED RETURN OF PRINCIPAL

The terms of the Securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that we will not pay you interest on the Securities and you could lose up to 80% of your initial principal investment at maturity. If the index return is less than 0% up to -20%, you will only receive your principal amount back at maturity. In such a case you will not receive any return on your initial principal investment and you will not be compensated for any losses incurred due to inflation or the value of money over time. The Securities are exposed to any decline in the value of the Underlying Index up to 80%. ACCORDINGLY, IF THE FINAL VALUE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX ON THE DETERMINATION DATE IS MORE THAN 20% BELOW THE INITIAL VALUE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX, THE AMOUNT OF CASH PAID TO YOU AT MATURITY WILL BE LESS THAN THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF YOUR SECURITIES AND YOU COULD LOSE UP TO 80% OF YOUR INITIAL PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT.

Furthermore, even if the index return is 0% or positive, the return you will receive on the Securities may be less than the return you would have received had you invested your entire principal amount in an instrument which tracks the performance of the Underlying Index. The return you will receive on the Securities, if any, is fixed, will never exceed 14.50% and may not compensate you for any losses incurred due to inflation or the value of money over time. We cannot predict the future performance of the Underlying Index based on historical performance.

AN INCREASE IN THE VALUE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX WILL NOT INCREASE THE RETURN ON YOUR INVESTMENT

Owning the Securities is not the same as owning a product which tracks the return on the Underlying Index. Accordingly, the market value of your Securities may not have a direct relationship with the value of the Underlying Index, and changes in the value of the Underlying Index may not result in a comparable change in the market value of your Securities. If the value of the Underlying Index increases above its initial value on the pricing date, the market value of the Securities may not increase. It is also possible for the value of the Underlying Index to increase while the market price of the Securities declines. REGARDLESS OF HOW MUCH THE VALUE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX MAY INCREASE ABOVE THE INITIAL INDEX VALUE YOU WILL NEVER RECEIVE MORE THAN \$1,145 PER \$1,000 PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF SECURITIES WHICH REPRESENTS A MAXIMUM 14.50% RETURN.

INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES IS NOT THE SAME AS A DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNDERLYING INDEX, A PRODUCT THAT TRACKS THE PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX OR THE STOCKS THAT COMPRISE THE UNDERLYING INDEX

An investment in the Securities is not the same as a direct investment in the Underlying Index, a product that tracks the performance of the Underlying Index or the stocks that comprise the Underlying Index. Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing directly in the Underlying Index because the Underlying Index is a theoretical calculation, not an actual portfolio, so it is not possible to make a direct investment in the Underlying

Index. The return on your Securities could be less than if you had invested directly in a product that tracks the return of the Underlying Index or the stocks comprising the Underlying Index. The amount payable at maturity does not account for the return associated with the reinvestment of dividends that you would have received if you had invested directly in the underlying stocks comprising the Underlying Index or in a product that tracks the performance of the Underlying Index. You will not receive any payment of dividends on any of the stocks comprising the Underlying Index.

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MARKET PRICE OF THE SECURITIES INFLUENCED BY MANY UNPREDICTABLE FACTORS

The value of the Securities may move up and down between the date you purchase them and the maturity date. Several factors, most of which are beyond our control, will influence the value of the Securities, including:

- o the value of the Underlying Index, which can fluctuate significantly;
- o interest and yield rates in the market;
- o the volatility (frequency and magnitude of changes in price) of the stocks comprising the Underlying Index;
- o economic, financial, political, regulatory, judicial or other events that affect the stocks comprising the Underlying Index or stock markets generally, and which may affect the value of the Underlying Index;
- o the time remaining until the maturity of the Securities;
- o the occurrence of certain events affecting the Underlying Index which may require an adjustment to the initial index value;
- o the dividend rate on the stocks that comprise the Underlying Index.
 While dividend payments, if any, on the stocks that comprise the
 Underlying Index are not paid to holders of the Securities, such
 payments may have an influence on the market price of such stocks and
 therefore on the Securities; and
- the creditworthiness of the Bank as issuer of the Securities and Holding as the guarantor of the Bank's obligations under the Securities. Any person who purchases the Securities is relying upon the creditworthiness of the Bank and Holding and has no rights against any other person. The Securities constitute the general, unsecured and unsubordinated contractual obligations of the Bank and Holding.

Some or all of these factors will influence the price that you will receive if you sell your Securities prior to maturity in the secondary market, if any. If you sell your Securities prior to maturity, the price at which you are able to sell your Securities may be at a discount, which could be substantial, from the principal amount. For example, there may be a discount on the Securities if at the time of sale the Underlying Index is at a value below its initial value or if market interest rates rise. Even if there is an appreciation in value of the Underlying Index from its initial value, there may be a discount on the Securities based on the time remaining to the maturity of the Securities. THUS, IF YOU SELL YOUR SECURITY BEFORE MATURITY, YOU MAY NOT RECEIVE BACK YOUR ENTIRE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT.

Some or all of these factors will influence the return, if any, that you receive upon maturity of the Securities. You cannot predict the future

performance of the Securities, the Underlying Index or the stocks that comprise the Underlying Index based on the historical performance of the Underlying Index or underlying stocks. NEITHER WE NOR HOLDING NOR ANY OF OUR AFFILIATES CAN GUARANTEE THAT THE VALUE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX WILL INCREASE SO THAT YOU WILL RECEIVE AT MATURITY AN AMOUNT IN EXCESS OF THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF THE SECURITIES.

CHANGES TO OUR CREDIT RATINGS MAY AFFECT THE MARKET VALUE OF YOUR SECURITIES

Our credit ratings are an assessment, by each rating agency, of our ability to pay our obligations, including those under the Securities. Credit ratings are subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organization in their sole discretion. Consequently, actual or anticipated changes to our credit ratings may affect the market value of the Securities. However, because the return on the Securities is dependent upon factors in addition to our ability to pay our obligations under the Securities, an improvement in our credit ratings will not necessarily increase the market value of the Securities and will not reduce market risk and other investment risks related to the Securities. Credit ratings do not address the price, if any, at which the Securities may be resold prior to maturity (which may be substantially less than the issue price of the Securities) and are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold the Securities. See "Risk Factors—Market Price of the Securities Influenced by Many Unpredictable Factors"

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THE INCLUSION OF COMMISSIONS AND COST OF HEDGING IN THE ISSUE PRICE IS LIKELY TO ADVERSELY AFFECT SECONDARY MARKET PRICES.

Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which the selling agents are willing to purchase Securities in secondary market transactions will likely be lower than the issue price, since the issue price included, and secondary market prices are likely to exclude, commissions paid with respect to the Securities, as well as the cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities. In addition, any such prices may differ from values determined by pricing models used by the selling agents, as a result of dealer discounts, mark-ups or other transaction costs.

THE SECURITIES WILL NOT BE LISTED ON ANY SECURITIES EXCHANGE; SECONDARY TRADING MAY BE LIMITED

You should be willing to hold your Securities until the maturity date. The Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange; accordingly, there may be little or no secondary market for the Securities and information regarding independent market pricing for the Securities may be very limited or non-existent. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Securities easily. Upon completion of the offering, our affiliate has informed us that it intends to purchase and sell the Securities from time to time in off-exchange transactions, but it is not required to do so. If our affiliate does make such a market in the Securities, it may stop doing so at any time. In addition, if the total principal amount of the Securities being offered is not being purchased by investors in the offering, one or more of our affiliates has agreed to purchase the unsold portion. Such affiliate or affiliates intend to hold the Securities for investment purposes, for at least 30 days, which may affect the supply of Securities available for secondary trading and therefore adversely affect the price of the Securities in any secondary trading. If a substantial portion of any Securities held by our affiliates were to be offered for sale following this offering, the market price of such Securities could fall, especially if secondary trading in such Securities is limited or illiquid.

TAX TREATMENT

There is no direct legal authority as to the proper U.S. federal income tax characterization of the Securities, and we do not intend to request a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") or from the Dutch authorities regarding the Securities. No assurance can be given that the IRS will accept, or that a court will uphold, the characterization and tax treatment of the Securities described in the section of this Pricing Supplement entitled "Taxation." If the IRS were successful in asserting an alternative characterization for the Securities, the timing and character of income on the Securities could differ materially from our description herein. You should review carefully the section in this Pricing Supplement entitled "Taxation" and consult your tax advisor regarding your particular circumstances.

NO AFFILIATION WITH INDEX SPONSOR; ADJUSTMENTS TO THE UNDERLYING INDEX COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE VALUE OF THE SECURITIES

The S&P 500 was developed and is calculated and maintained by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P"). We refer to S&P as the "Index Sponsor." The Index Sponsor is not an affiliate of ours and is not involved with this offering in any way. The obligations represented by the Securities are our obligations, not those of the Index Sponsor. Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing in the Underlying Index.

The Index Sponsor for the Underlying Index can add, delete or substitute the stocks that comprise the Underlying Index or make other methodological changes that could change the value of the Underlying Index. The Index Sponsor may also discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of the Underlying Index at any time. Any of these actions could adversely affect the value of the Securities in unpredictable ways.

If the Index Sponsor discontinues publication of the Underlying Index or materially modifies its methods of calculation of the Underlying Index, RBSSI, which is our affiliate, as calculation agent, will have to determine the index closing value itself, or make such adjustments or calculations to the Underlying Index so as to arrive at an index closing value comparable to the Underlying Index and the resulting Underlying Index as originally calculated. In either of these circumstances, the calculation agent may be required to make good faith estimates of closing prices of underlying stocks, calculation methodologies or index values. While the calculation agent will endeavor to make

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such determinations accurately and in good faith, there can be no assurance that the calculation agent will be able to do so. Therefore, a discontinuance or material modification of the Underlying Index may adversely affect the value of the Securities.

WE MAY ENGAGE IN BUSINESS WITH OR INVOLVING ONE OR MORE OF THE ISSUERS OF THE STOCKS THAT COMPRISE THE UNDERLYING INDEX WITHOUT REGARD TO YOUR INTERESTS

We or our affiliates may presently or from time to time engage in business with one or more of the issuers of the stocks comprising the Underlying Index without regard to your interests, including extending loans to, or making equity investments in, providing investment advisory services to, one or more of such issuers or their affiliates or subsidiaries. In the course of our business, we or our affiliates may acquire non-public information about one or more of the issuers of the stocks comprising the Underlying Index. None of us, Holding or

any of our affiliates undertakes to disclose any such information to you. In addition, we or our affiliates from time to time have published, and in the future may publish, research reports with respect to the stocks. These research reports may or may not recommend that investors buy or hold the stocks comprising the Underlying Index.

HEDGING AND TRADING ACTIVITIES BY US OR OUR AFFILIATES COULD AFFECT PRICES OF SECURITIES

We and our affiliates may carry out activities that minimize our risks related to the Securities. In particular, on or prior to the date of this Pricing Supplement, we, through our affiliates, hedged our anticipated exposure in connection with the Securities by taking positions in the stocks (or options or futures contracts on the stocks) that comprise the Underlying Index, exchange-traded funds that track the Underlying Index, options or futures on the Underlying Index or in other instruments that we deemed appropriate in connection with such hedging. Our trading activities, however, could potentially have altered the value of the Underlying Index and therefore affected the calculation of the payment at maturity. We or our affiliates are likely to modify our hedge position throughout the term of the Securities by purchasing and selling the stocks (or options or futures contracts on the stocks) that comprise the Underlying Index, exchange-traded funds that track the Underlying Index, options or futures on the Underlying Index or other instruments that we deem appropriate. We cannot give any assurance that we have not or will not affect such value as a result of our hedging or trading activities. Such hedging or trading activities during the term of the Securities could adversely affect whether the value of the Underlying Index decreases below the initial index value and therefore, the amount of your return, if any, at maturity. It is also possible that we or one of more of our affiliates could receive substantial returns from these hedging activities while the value of the Securities may decline.

We or one or more of our affiliates may also engage in trading the stocks (or options or futures contracts on the stocks) that comprise the Underlying Index, exchange-traded funds that track the Underlying Index or options or futures on the Underlying Index on a regular basis as part of our or their general broker-dealer activities and other businesses, for proprietary accounts, for other accounts under management or to facilitate transactions for customers, including through block transactions. Any of these activities could adversely affect the value of the Underlying Index and, therefore, the value of the Securities.

We or one or more of our affiliates may also issue or underwrite other securities or financial or derivative instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the value of the Underlying Index or stocks that comprise the Underlying Index. By introducing competing products into the marketplace in this manner, we or one or more of our affiliates could adversely affect the value of the Securities.

NO SECURITY INTEREST OR SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS IN ANY STOCKS THAT COMPRISE THE UNDERLYING INDEX HELD BY US

Neither we nor Holding nor any of our affiliates will pledge or otherwise hold the stocks that comprise the Underlying Index or exchange-traded funds that track the Underlying Index, any option or futures contract or any other asset for the benefit of holders of the Securities under any circumstances. Consequently, in the event of a bankruptcy, insolvency or liquidation involving us or Holding, as the case may be, any of such assets will be subject to the claims of our creditors or Holding's creditors generally and will not be available specifically for the benefit of the holders of the Securities. In addition, as an investor in the Securities, you will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with

respect to the stocks that comprise the Underlying Index.

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Moreover, the indenture governing the Securities does not contain any restriction on our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to buy, sell, pledge or otherwise convey all or any portion of the stocks (or options or futures contracts on the stocks) that comprise the Underlying Index, exchange-traded funds that track the Underlying Index, options or futures on the Underlying Index or other instruments that we deemed appropriate.

POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN SECURITY HOLDERS AND THE CALCULATION AGENT

As calculation agent, our affiliate RBSSI will calculate the payment due to you upon maturity of the Securities and may have to make additional calculations if the Underlying Index is discontinued, suspended or modified. RBSSI and our other affiliates may carry out hedging activities related to the Securities, including trading in the stocks (or options or futures contracts on the stocks) that comprise the Underlying Index, exchange-traded funds that track the Underlying Index, options or futures on the Underlying Index or other instruments that it or they deem appropriate in connection with such hedging. RBSSI and some of our other affiliates also trade the stocks (and options and futures on stocks) that comprise the Underlying Index, exchange-traded funds that track the Underlying Index, and options or futures on the Underlying Index on a regular basis as part of its or their general broker dealer and other businesses. Any of these activities could influence RBSSI's determinations as calculation agent and any such trading activity could potentially affect the value of the Underlying Index and, accordingly, could affect the payout on the Securities at maturity. As such, potential conflicts of interest may exist between RBSSI or its affiliates and you.

U.S. TAX LAW DEVELOPMENTS

On December 7, 2007, the U.S. Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments.

The notice focuses in particular on whether to require holders of instruments such as the Securities to accrue constructive income over the term of their investment in the Securities. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including how the IRS characterizes income or loss with respect to these instruments; the relevance to such characterization of factors such as the exchange-traded status of the instrument and the nature of the underlying property to which the instrument is linked; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the "constructive ownership" regime, which very generally can operate to recharacterize certain long-term capital gains as ordinary income that is subject to an interest charge.

While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, Treasury regulations or other forms of guidance, if any, issued after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the Securities, possibly on a retroactive basis.

Investors should consult their own tax advisor regarding the notice and its potential implications for an investment in the Securities.

HOLDINGS OF THE SECURITIES BY OUR AFFILIATES AND FUTURE SALES

Certain of our affiliates have agreed to purchase for investment the portion of the Securities that has not been purchased by investors in this offering, which initially they intend to hold for investment purposes. As a result, upon completion of this offering, our affiliates may own a substantial portion of the aggregate principal amount of the offering of Securities. Circumstances may occur in which our interests or those of our affiliates could be in conflict with your interests. For example, our affiliates may attempt to sell the Securities that they had been holding for investment purposes at the same time that you attempt to sell your Securities, which could depress the price, if any, at which you can sell your Securities. Moreover, the liquidity of the market for the Securities, if any, could be substantially reduced as a result of our affiliates holding the Securities. See "--The Securities Will Not be Listed on any Securities Exchange; Secondary Trading May Be Limited." In addition, our affiliates could have substantial influence over any matter subject to consent of the security holders.

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HYPOTHETICAL RETURN ANALYSIS OF THE SECURITIES AT MATURITY

The following table and examples illustrate potential return scenarios on a Security that is held to maturity by an investor who purchases the Securities on the original issue date. These examples are based on various assumptions, including hypothetical values of the Underlying Index, set forth below. WE CANNOT, HOWEVER, PREDICT THE VALUE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX ON ANY DATE OR AT ANY OTHER TIME IN THE FUTURE. THEREFORE, THE TABLE AND EXAMPLES SET FORTH BELOW ARE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY AND THE RETURNS SET FORTH MAY NOT BE THE ACTUAL RETURNS APPLICABLE TO A HOLDER OF THE SECURITIES. MOREOVER, THE UNDERLYING INDEX MAY NOT APPRECIATE OR DEPRECIATE OVER THE TERM OF THE SECURITIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY OF THE HYPOTHETICAL EXAMPLES BELOW, AND THE SIZE AND FREQUENCY OF ANY FLUCTUATIONS IN THE VALUE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX OVER THE TERM OF THE SECURITIES, WHICH WE REFER TO AS THE VOLATILITY OF THE UNDERLYING INDEX, MAY BE SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT THAN THE VOLATILITY IMPLIED BY ANY OF THESE EXAMPLES.

EXAMPLES OF HYPOTHETICAL TOTAL RETURN CALCULATIONS

The following examples illustrate how the total return on each Security is calculated based on various hypothetical index returns.

ASSUMPTIONS:

Initial Index Value: 1033.37 (indicative value only, the initial

value will be set on the pricing date; the closing value on September 9, 2009 was 1033.37)

Term of the Securities: 24 Months

Principal Amount per Security: \$1,000

Digital Return: \$145.00

Buffer Level: 20%

HYPOTHETICAL HYPOTHETICAL
PAYMENT AT MATURITY TOTAL RETURN ON EACH S
HYPOTHETICAL FINAL INDEX HYPOTHETICAL WITHOUT DIGITAL RETURN DIGITAL RETURN AND
VALUE INDEX RETURN(a) OR BUFFER (b) (\$) (c) (d)

1300.00	25.80%	\$1,258.0	2 \$1,145.00
1225.00	18.54%	\$1,185.4	4 \$1,145.00
1183.21	14.50%	\$1,145.0	0 \$1,145.00
1150.00	11.29%	\$1,112.8	6 \$1 , 145.00
1100.00	6.45%	\$1,064.4	8 \$1,145.00
1083.00	4.80%	\$1,048.0	3 \$1,145.00
1075.00	4.03%	\$1,040.2	9 \$1,145.00
1050.00	1.61%	\$1,016.0	9 \$1,145.00
1040.00	0.64%	\$1,006.4	2 \$1,145.00
1033.37	0.00%	\$1,000.0	0 \$1,145.00
975.00	-5.65%	\$ 943.5	1 \$1,000.00
950.00	-8.07%	\$ 919.3	2 \$1,000.00
900.00	-12.91%	\$ 870.9	4 \$1,000.00
875.00	-15.33%	\$ 846.7	4 \$1,000.00
826.70	-20.00%	\$ 800.0	0 \$1,000.00
750.00	-27.42%	\$ 725.7	8 \$ 925.78
650.00	-37.10%	\$ 629.0	1 \$ 829.01
543.00	-47.45%	\$ 525.4	7 \$ 725.47
521.00	-49.58%	\$ 504.1	8 \$ 704.18
500.00	-51.61%	\$ 483.8	5 \$ 683.85
485.00	-53.07%	\$ 469.3	4 \$ 669.34
200.00	-80.65%	\$ 193.5	4 \$ 393.54
0.00	-100.00%	\$ 0.0	0 \$ 200.00

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WHERE,

- o the initial index value is the closing value of the Underlying Index on the pricing date; and
- o the final index value is the closing value of the Underlying Index on the determination date.
- (b) This column shows the cash return you would receive if there were no buffer and no digital return and your payment at maturity directly reflected the performance of the Underlying Index. The digital return is \$145.00 and the buffer is 20%.
- (c) at maturity you will receive, for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, a cash payment calculated as follows:
 - (1) if the index returns is 0% or positive, \$1,000 plus the digital return;
 - (2) if the index return is less than 0% and up to and including -20%, \$1,000; and
 - (3) if the index return is less than -20%, \$1,000 plus [(index return + 20%) x \$1,000].

⁽a) The index return for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities will be equal to:

THE SECURITIES ARE NOT FULLY PRINCIPAL PROTECTED. IF THE INDEX RETURN IS LESS THAN -20% YOU COULD LOSE UP TO 80% OF YOUR INITIAL PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT. IN ADDITION, YOU WILL NEVER RECEIVE A PAYMENT AT MATURITY GREATER THAN \$1,145.

- (d) The total return presented is exclusive of any tax consequences of owning the Securities. You should consult your tax advisor regarding whether owning the Securities is appropriate for your tax situation. See the sections titled "Risk Factors" and "Taxation" in this Pricing Supplement.
- (e) Represents the percentage total return on each Security.

EXAMPLES OF HYPOTHETICAL PAYMENT AT MATURITY CALCULATIONS

The following examples illustrate how the index return and the payment at maturity are calculated based on various hypothetical returns for the Underlying Index set forth below.

ASSUMPTIONS:

Hypothetical Initial Index Value: 840

Hypothetical Digital Return: \$145.00

Hypothetical Term of the Securities: 24 Months

Hypothetical Principal Amount per \$1,000

Security:

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EXAMPLE NO. 1:

Hypothetical final index value: 1000

In this hypothetical example, the index return would be calculated as:

In this hypothetical example, the index return is positive so you will receive \$1,000 plus the digital return of \$145.00 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

Therefore, the payment at maturity will be calculated as: \$1,000 plus \$145.00 = \$1,145

While the index value increased 19.05%, you would have received a return on the Securities of 14.50% since the digital return on the Securities is limited to 14.50% regardless of how much of the Underlying Index appreciates.

EXAMPLE NO. 2:

Hypothetical final index value: 850

In this hypothetical example, the index return would be calculated as:

840

In this hypothetical example, the index return is positive so you will receive \$1,000 plus the digital return of \$145.00 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

Therefore, the payment at maturity will be calculated as: \$1,000 plus \$145.00 = \$1,145

While the index value increased 1.19%, you would have received a return on the Securities of 14.50% since the digital return on the Securities is payable as long as the index return is positive, regardless of how much or how little the Underlying Index appreciates.

EXAMPLE NO. 3:

Hypothetical final index value: 714

In this hypothetical example, the index return would be calculated as:

In this hypothetical example, the index return is equal to or less than 0% up to and including -20%. Therefore, the payment at maturity for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities will be \$1,000. In this hypothetical example, the index return was -15%, but you would not have lost any of your initial principal investment over the term of the Securities. YOU RECEIVE NO RETURN ON YOUR INITIAL PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT AND YOU WILL NOT BE COMPENSATED FOR ANY LOSS IN VALUE DUE TO INFLATION AND OTHER FACTORS RELATING TO THE VALUE OF MONEY OVER TIME.

EXAMPLE NO. 4:

Hypothetical final index value: 500

In this hypothetical example, the index return on the Underlying Index would be calculated as:

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In this hypothetical example, the index return is below -20%. Therefore, the payment at maturity will be calculated as:

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$1,000 \text{ plus } [(-40.48\% + 20\%) \text{ x } $1,000] = $795.20
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In this hypothetical example, because the index return was below -20%, at maturity you would receive less than \$1,000 for each \$1,000 principal amount of Security. In this hypothetical example, the index return was -40.48%, but you would have lost 20.48% of your initial principal investment over the term of the Securities. YOU COULD LOSE UP TO 80% OF YOUR INITIAL PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT IF THE INDEX RETURN IS BELOW -20%.

EXAMPLE NO. 5:

Hypothetical final index value: 840

In this hypothetical example, the index return would be calculated as:

In this hypothetical example, the index return is zero (0%) so you will receive \$1,000 plus the digital return of \$145.00 per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities.

Therefore, the payment at maturity will be calculated as: \$1,000 plus \$145.00 = \$1,145

While the index value was unchanged (which means the index return was 0%), you would have received a return on the Securities of 14.50% since the digital return on the Securities is fixed at 14.50% and will be paid if the index return is 0% or positive.

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INCORPORATION OF DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

Holding is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and in accordance therewith, Holding files reports and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). You may read and copy these documents at the SEC Headquarters Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 (tel: 202-551-8090), and at the SEC's regional offices at Northeast Regional Office, 3 World Financial Center, Suite 400, New York, NY 10281 (tel: 212-336-1100) and Midwest Regional Office, 175 W. Jackson Boulevard, Suite 900, Chicago, Illinois 60604. Copies of this material can also be obtained from the Public Reference Room of the Commission at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. Please call the Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the Public Reference Room. The Commission also maintains an Internet website that contains reports and other information regarding Holding that are filed through the Commission's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval (EDGAR) System. This website can be accessed at www.sec.gov. You can find information Holding has filed with the Commission by reference to file number 1-14624.

This Pricing Supplement is part of a registration statement that we and Holding filed with the Commission. This Pricing Supplement omits some information contained in the registration statement in accordance with Commission rules and regulations. You should review the information and exhibits in the registration statement for further information on us and Holding and the securities we and Holding are offering. Statements in this prospectus concerning any document we and Holding filed as an exhibit to the registration statement or that Holding otherwise filed with the Commission are not intended to be comprehensive and are qualified by reference to these filings. You should review the complete document to evaluate these statements.

The Commission allows us to incorporate by reference much of the information that we and Holding file with them, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those publicly available documents. The information that we and Holding incorporate by reference in this Pricing Supplement is considered to be part of this Pricing Supplement. Because we and Holding are incorporating by reference future filings with the Commission, this Pricing Supplement is continually updated and those future filings may modify or supersede some of the information included or incorporated

in this Pricing Supplement. This means that you must look at all of the Commission filings that we and Holding incorporate by reference to determine if any of the statements in this Pricing Supplement or in any document previously incorporated by reference have been modified or superseded. This Pricing Supplement incorporates by reference all Annual Reports on Form 20-F filed by Holding since September 29, 2006, and any future filings that we or Holding make with the Commission (including any Form 6-K's that we or Holding subsequently file with the Commission) under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, that are identified in such filing as being specifically incorporated by reference into Registration Statement Nos. 333-137691 or 333-137691-02, of which this Pricing Supplement is a part, until we and Holding complete our offering of the Securities to be issued hereunder or, if later, the date on which any of our affiliates cease offering and selling these Securities.

You may request, at no cost to you, a copy of these documents (other than exhibits not specifically incorporated by reference) by writing or telephoning us at: ABN AMRO Bank N.V., ABN AMRO Investor Relations Department, Hoogoorddreef 66-68, P.O. Box 283, 1101 BE Amsterdam, The Netherlands (Telephone: (31-20) 628 3842.

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PUBLIC INFORMATION REGARDING THE UNDERLYING INDEX

THE S&P 500 INDEX(R)

We have derived all information contained in this Pricing Supplement regarding the S&P 500 Index(R), including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. Neither we nor Holding nor any of our affiliates are responsible for, or assume any responsibility for, the accuracy or completeness of such information. That information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, Standard & Poor's, division of The McGraw-Hill Companies ("S&P"), the Index Sponsor. The S&P 500 Index(R) was developed, and is calculated and maintained, by S&P. S&P has no obligation to continue to calculate and publish, and may alter or discontinue calculation and publication of the S&P 500 Index(R) at any time. The consequences of discontinuing the S&P 500 Index(R) are described in "Description of Securities - Discontinuance of the Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation."

GENERAL

The S&P 500 Index(R) is published by S&P and is intended to provide an indication of the pattern of common stock price movement. It is a market-value weighted index (stock price times number of shares outstanding), with each stock's weight in the index proportionate to its market value. The calculation of the value of the S&P 500 Index(R), discussed below in further detail, is based on the relative value of the aggregate market value of the common stocks of 500 companies (the "S&P 500 Component Stocks") as of a particular time compared to the aggregate average market value of the common stocks of 500 similar companies during the base period of the years 1941 through 1943.

S&P chooses companies for inclusion in the S&P 500 Index(R) with the aim of achieving a distribution across broad industry groupings that approximates the actual distribution of these groupings in the common stock population of the Standard & Poor's Stock Guide Database of over 10,000 companies, which S&P uses as an assumed model for the composition of the total market. Relevant criteria employed by S&P include the viability of the particular company, the extent to which that company represents the industry group to which it is assigned, the extent to which the market price of the company's common stock is generally

responsive to changes in the affairs of the respective industry and the market value and trading activity of the common stock of that company. S&P may from time to time, in its sole discretion, add companies to, or delete companies from, the S&P 500 Index(R) to achieve the objectives stated above.

As of August 31, 2009, the 500 companies included in the S&P 500 Index(R) were divided into 10 Global Industry Classification Sectors. The Global Industry Classification Sectors included (with the percentage of the aggregate market value of the companies currently included in such sectors indicated in parentheses): Consumer Discretionary (9.10%), Consumer Staples (11.50%), Energy (11.70%), Financials (15.40%), Health Care (13.50%), Industrials (10.00%), Information Technology (18.50%), Materials (3.40%), Telecommunication Services (3.20%) and Utilities (3.80%). S&P may from time to time, in its sole discretion, add companies to, or delete companies from, the S&P 500 Index(R) to achieve the objectives stated above.

COMPUTATION OF THE S&P 500 INDEX(R)

On March 21, 2005, S&P began to calculate the S&P 500 Index(R) based on a half float-adjusted formula, and on September 16, 2005, S&P completed the full float adjustment of the S&P 500 Index(R). S&P's criteria for selecting stocks for the S&P 500 Index(R) were not changed by the shift to float adjustment. However, the adjustment affects each company's weight in the S&P 500 Index(R) (i.e., its "Market Value").

Under float adjustment, the share counts used in calculating the S&P 500 Index(R) reflect only those shares that are available to investors and not all of a company's outstanding shares. S&P defines three groups of shareholders whose holdings are subject to float adjustment:

- o holdings by other publicly traded corporations, venture capital firms, private equity firms, strategic partners or leveraged buyout groups;
- o holdings by governmental entities, including all levels of government in the United States or foreign

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countries; and

o holdings by current or former officers and directors of the company, founders of the company or family trusts of officers, directors or founders, as well as holdings of trusts, foundations, pension funds, employee stock ownership plans or other investment vehicles associated with and controlled by the company

However, treasury stock, stock options, restricted shares, equity participation units, warrants, preferred stock, convertible stock and rights are not part of the float. In cases where holdings in a group exceed 10% of the outstanding shares of a company, the holdings of that group will be excluded from the float-adjusted count of shares to be used in the S&P 500 Index(R) calculation. Mutual funds, investment advisory firms, pension funds or foundations not associated with the company and investment funds in insurance companies, shares of a U.S. company traded in Canada as "exchangeable shares," shares that trust beneficiaries may buy or sell without difficulty or significant additional expense beyond typical brokerage fees, and, if a company has multiple classes of stock outstanding, shares in an unlisted or non-traded class if such shares are convertible by shareholders without undue delay and cost, are also part of the float.

For each stock, an investable weight factor ("IWF") is calculated by dividing the available float shares, defined as the total shares outstanding less shares held in one or more of the three groups listed above where the group holdings exceed 10% of the outstanding shares, by the total shares outstanding. The float-adjusted index will then be calculated by dividing the sum of the IWF multiplied by both the price and the total shares outstanding for each stock by the index divisor. For companies with multiple classes of stock, S&P will calculate the weighted average IWF for each stock using the proportion of the total company market capitalization of each share class as weights.

The S&P 500 Index(R) is calculated using a base-weighted aggregate methodology: the level of the S&P 500 Index(R) reflects the total Market Value of all S&P 500 Index component stocks relative to the S&P 500 Index(R)'s base period of 1941-43 (the "base period").

An indexed number is used to represent the results of this calculation in order to make the value easier to work with and track over time.

The actual total market value of the S&P 500 Component Stocks during the base period has been set equal to an indexed value of 10. This is often indicated by the notation 1941-43=10. In practice, the daily calculation of the S&P 500 Index(R) is computed by dividing the total Market Value of the S&P 500 Component Stocks by a number called the "S&P 500 Index Divisor". By itself, the S&P 500 Index Divisor is an arbitrary number. However, in the context of the calculation of the S&P 500 Index(R), it is the only link to the original base period level of the S&P 500 Index(R). The S&P 500 Index Divisor keeps the S&P 500 Index(R) comparable over time and is the manipulation point for all adjustments to the S&P 500 Index(R) ("S&P 500 Index Maintenance").

MAINTENANCE OF THE S&P 500 INDEX(R)

S&P 500 Index Maintenance includes monitoring and completing the adjustments for company additions and deletions, share changes, stock splits, stock dividends, and stock price adjustments due to company restructurings or spin-offs.

To prevent the level of the S&P 500 Index(R) from changing due to corporate actions, all corporate actions that affect the total Market Value of the S&P 500 Index(R) require an S&P 500 Index Divisor adjustment. By adjusting the S&P 500 Index Divisor for the change in total Market Value, the level of the S&P 500 Index(R) remains constant. This helps maintain the level of the S&P 500 Index(R) as an accurate barometer of stock market performance and ensures that the movement of the S&P 500 Index(R) does not reflect the corporate actions of individual companies in the S&P 500 Index(R). All S&P 500 Index Divisor adjustments are made after the close of trading. Some corporate actions, such as stock splits and stock dividends, require simple changes in the common shares outstanding and the stock prices of the companies in the S&P 500 Index(R) and do not require S&P 500 Index Divisor adjustments.

The table below summarizes the types of S&P 500 Index Maintenance adjustments and indicates whether or not an S&P 500 Index Divisor adjustment is required:

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Type of Corporate Adjustment Factor Required

Stock split (E.G., 2-for-1)	Shares Outstanding multiplied by 2; Stock Price divided by 2	No
Share issuance (I.E., change is greater than or equal to 5%)	Shares Outstanding plus newly issued Shares	Yes
Share repurchase (I.E., change is greater than or equal to 5%)	Shares Outstanding minus Repurchased Shares	Yes
Special cash dividends	Share Price minus Special Dividend	Yes
Company Change	Add new company Market Value minus old company Market Value	Yes
Rights Offering	Price of parent company minus Price of Rights	Yes
	Right Ratio	
Spin-Off	Price of parent company minus Price of Spinoff Co.	Yes
	Share Exchange Ratio	

Stock splits and stock dividends do not affect the S&P 500 Index Divisor of the S&P 500 Index(R), because following a split or dividend both the stock price and number of shares outstanding are adjusted by S&P so that there is no change in the Market Value of the S&P 500 Component Stock. All stock split and dividend adjustments are made after the close of trading on the day before the ex-date.

Each of the corporate events exemplified in the table requiring an adjustment to the S&P 500 Index Divisor has the effect of altering the Market Value of the S&P 500 Component Stock and consequently of altering the aggregate Market Value of the S&P 500 Component Stocks (the "Post-Event Aggregate Market Value"). In order that the level of the S&P 500 Index(R) (the "Pre-Event Index Value") not be affected by the altered Market Value (whether increase or decrease) of the affected S&P 500 Component Stock, a new S&P 500 Index Divisor ("New S&P 500 Divisor") is derived as follows:

Post-Event Aggregate Market Value = Pre-Event Index Value
----New S&P 500 Divisor

New S&P 500 Divisor = Post-Event Market Value -----Pre-Event Index Value

A large part of the S&P 500 Index Maintenance process involves tracking the changes in the number of shares outstanding of each of the S&P 500 Index(R) companies. Four times a year, on a Friday close to the end of each calendar quarter, the share totals of companies in the S&P 500 Index(R) are updated as required by any changes in the number of shares outstanding. After the totals are updated, the S&P 500 Index Divisor is adjusted to compensate for the net change in the total Market Value of the S&P 500 Index(R). In addition, any changes over 5% in the current common shares outstanding for the S&P 500 Index(R) companies are carefully reviewed on a weekly basis, and when appropriate, an immediate adjustment is made to the S&P 500 Index Divisor.

LICENSE AGREEMENT

S&P has entered into a non-transferable, non-exclusive license agreement granting us and certain of our affiliated or subsidiary companies, in exchange for a fee, the right to use the S&P 500 Index(R), which is owned and published by S&P, in connection with certain securities, including the Securities.

The license agreement between S&P and us provides that the following language must be set forth in this Pricing Supplement:

The Securities are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P"). S&P makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Securities or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the

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Securities particularly or the ability of the S&P 500 Index to track general stock market performance. S&P's only relationship to us is the licensing of certain trademarks and trade names of S&P and of the S&P 500 Index(R) which is determined, composed and calculated by S&P without regard to us or the Securities. S&P has no obligation to take our needs or the needs of the owners of the Securities into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the S&P 500 Index(R). S&P is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or quantities of the Securities to be issued or in the determination or calculation of the equation by the Securities are to be converted into cash. S&P has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Securities.

S&P DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE S&P 500 INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN AND S&P SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INTERRUPTIONS THEREIN. S&P MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY US, OWNERS OF THE SECURITIES, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE S&P 500 INDEX(R) OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. S&P MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE S&P 500 INDEX(R) OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL S&P HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR LOSSES (INCLUDING LOST PROFITS), EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

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DISCLAIMER BY US, HOLDING AND THE CALCULATION AGENT

All information in this Pricing Statement relating to the S&P 500 Index(R), including, without limitation, its composition, method of calculation and changes in its components, is derived from publicly available information released by S&P and other public sources. Neither we nor Holding nor the Calculation Agent has independently verified any such information. Neither we nor Holding nor the Calculation Agent shall have any responsibility for any error or omissions in the calculation and publication of the S&P 500 Index(R) by S&P.

HISTORICAL DATA ON THE S&P 500 INDEX(R)

The following table sets forth the value of the S&P 500 Index(R) at the end of each month in the period from January 2004 through August 2009. These historical data on the S&P 500 Index(R) are not indicative of the future performance of the S&P 500 Index(R) or what the value of the Securities will be. Any historical upward or downward trend in the value of the S&P 500 Index(R) during any period set forth below is not an indication that the S&P 500 Index(R) is more or less likely to increase or decrease at any time during the term of the Securities.

YOU CANNOT PREDICT THE FUTURE PERFORMANCE OF THE SECURITIES OR THE S&P 500 INDEX(R) BASED ON THE HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE OF THE S&P 500 INDEX(R). Neither we nor Holding can guarantee that the value of the S&P 500 Index(R) will increase.

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
-						
January	1131.13	1181.27	1280.08	1438.24	1378.55	825.88
February	1144.94	1203.60	1280.66	1406.82	1330.63	735.09
March	1126.21	1180.59	1294.83	1420.86	1322.70	797.87
April	1107.30	1156.85	1310.61	1482.37	1385.59	872.81
May	1120.68	1191.50	1270.09	1530.62	1400.38	919.14
June	1140.84	1191.33	1270.20	1503.35	1280.00	919.32
July	1101.72	1234.18	1276.66	1455.27	1267.38	987.48
August	1104.24	1220.33	1303.82	1473.99	1282.83	1020.62
September	1114.58	1228.81	1335.85	1526.75	1166.36	1033.37*
October	1130.20	1207.01	1377.94	1549.38	968.75	
November	1173.82	1249.48	1400.63	1481.14	896.24	
December	1211.92	1248.29	1418.30	1468.36	903.25	

^{*} Through September 9, 2009

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DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings given to such terms in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement. The term "SECURITY" refers to each \$1,000 principal amount of our 24 Month, Digital Buffer Securities due September 30, 2011 linked to the Underlying Index and fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Holding.

Principal Amount:	\$
Proposed Settlement Date	September 30, 2009
Proposed Pricing Date	September 25, 2009
Maturity Date	September 30, 2011
Underlying Index	The S&P 500 Index(R)
No Affiliation with Index Sponsor	The S&P 500 was developed and is calculated and maintained by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill

Companies, Inc. ("S&P"). We refer to S&P as the Index Sponsor. The Index Sponsor is not an affiliate of ours and is not involved with this offering in any way. The obligations represented by the Securities are our obligations, not those of the Index Sponsor. Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing in the Underlying Index.

Specified Currency..... U.S. Dollars Denominations...... The Securities may be purchased in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof. Form of Securities...... The Securities will be represented by a single registered global security, deposited with the Depository Trust Company. Guarantee...... The payment and delivery obligations of ABN AMRO Bank N.V. under the Securities, when and as they shall become due and payable, whether at maturity or upon acceleration, are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by ABN AMRO Holding N.V. Issue Price..... 100% Interest Rate...... None. The Securities do not pay interest. Payment at Maturity..... At maturity, for each \$1,000 principal amount of Security, we will pay you a cash amount calculated as follows: (1) if the Index Return is 0%

> (2) if the Index Return is less than 0% and up to and including -20%, \$1,000; and

or positive, then \$1,000 plus the Digital Return;

(3) if the Index Return is less than -20%, \$1,000 plus [(Index Return + 20%) x \$1,000].

IF THE INDEX RETURN IS LESS THAN -20% YOU COULD LOSE UP TO 80% OF YOUR INITIAL PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT. IN ADDITION, YOU WILL NEVER RECEIVE A PAYMENT AT MATURITY GREATER THAN \$1,145.

The Calculation Agent will calculate the cash payment due at maturity, if any, on

the Determination Date. The Calculation Agent will provide written notice the Securities Administrator at its New York Office, on which notice the Securities Administrator may conclusively rely, of such payment amount, on or prior to 11:00 a.m. on the Business Day preceding the Maturity Date.

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The Calculation Agent will round all percentages resulting from any calculation with respect to the Securities to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point, with five one-millionths of a percentage point rounded upwards (E.G., 9.876545% (or .09876545) would be rounded to 9.87655% (or .0987655)). All dollar amounts resulting from such calculation will be rounded to the nearest cent with one-half cent being rounded upwards.

Initial Index Value

Initial Index Value...... [] (the closing value of the Underlying Index on the Pricing Date).

Final Index Value...... The closing value of the Underlying
Index on the Determination Date, subject
to the terms of the provisions below
entitled "--Discontinuance of the
Underlying Index; Alteration of Method

of Calculation."

their principal.

Maximum Redemption at Maturity...... \$1,145, which is equal to \$1,000 plus the Digital Return.

Digital Return..... \$145.00

Trading Day with respect to the Underlying Index on which there is no Market Disruption Event; PROVIDED, FURTHER, that the Determination Date with respect to the Underlying Index shall be no later than the second scheduled Trading Day with respect to the Underlying Index preceding the Maturity Date, notwithstanding the occurrence of a Market Disruption Event on such second scheduled Trading Day.

If a Market Disruption Event occurs on such second scheduled Trading Day prior to the Maturity Date, the Calculation Agent will determine the closing value of the Underlying Index on such Trading Day in accordance with the formula for calculating the value of the Underlying Index last in effect prior to the commencement of the Market Disruption Event, using the closing price (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing price that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) on such Trading Day of each security most recently comprising the Underlying

Trading Day..... With respect to the Underlying Index, a day, as determined by the Calculation Agent, on which the Underlying Index is calculated and published and on which securities comprising more than 80% of the value of the Underlying Index on such day are capable of being traded on their relevant exchanges or markets during the one-half hour before the determination of the closing value of

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Underlying Index.

Market Disruption Event..... Means, with respect to the Underlying

Index:

(i) either:

(x) any suspension or absence or limitation imposed on trading in stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Index by the primary exchange therefor or otherwise and whether by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted

by such exchange or otherwise or by any exchange or quotation system on which trading in futures or options contracts relating to stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Index is executed, or

- (y) any event (other than an event described in clause (z) below) that disrupts or impairs (as determined by the Calculation Agent) the ability of market participants in general (1) to effect transactions in or obtain market values for stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Index on the primary exchange therefor or (2) to effect transactions in or obtain market values for futures or options contracts relating to stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Index on any other exchange, or
- (z) the closure on any Trading Day of the primary exchange for stocks then constituting 20% or more of the level of the Underlying Index, or any exchange or quotation system on which trading in future or options relating the such stocks is executed, prior to its scheduled closing time unless such earlier closing time is announced by such exchange at least one hour prior to the earlier of (1) the actual closing time for the regular trading session on such exchange on such Trading Day and (2) the submission deadline for orders to be entered into such exchange for execution on such Trading Day; and
- (ii) a determination by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion that the event described in clause (i) above materially interfered with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to unwind or adjust all or a material portion of the hedge with respect to the Securities.

For the purpose of determining whether a Market Disruption Event exists with respect to the Underlying Index at any time, if trading in a security included in the Underlying Index is materially

suspended or materially limited at that time, or there occurs an event that disrupts or impairs the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in or obtain market values for such security, then the relevant percentage contribution of that security to the level of the Underlying Index shall be based on a comparison of (i) the portion of the level of the Underlying Index attributable to that security relative to (ii) the overall level of the Underlying Index, in each case immediately before the occurrence of that suspension, limitation or other market disruption, as the case may be.

For purposes of determining whether a Market Disruption Event has occurred:
(1) a limitation on the hours or number of days of trading

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will not constitute a Market Disruption Event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the relevant exchange or market, (2) a decision permanently to discontinue trading in the relevant futures or options contract will not constitute a Market Disruption Event, (3) limitations pursuant to the rules of any relevant exchange similar to any applicable rule or regulation enacted or promulgated by any other self-regulatory organization or any government agency of similar scope as determined by the Calculation Agent on trading during significant market fluctuations will constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading, (4) a suspension of trading in a futures or options contract on the Underlying Index by the primary securities market related to such contract by reason of (x) a price change exceeding limits set by such exchange or market, (y) an imbalance of orders relating to such contracts or (z) a disparity in bid and ask quotes relating to such contracts will constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading in futures or options contracts related to the Underlying Index and (5) a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading on any relevant exchange or on the primary market on

which futures or options contracts related to the Underlying Index are traded will not include any time when such market is itself closed for trading under ordinary circumstances.

The Calculation Agent shall as soon as reasonably practicable under the circumstances notify us, the Trustee, the Securities Administrator, the Depository Trust Company and the Agents of the existence or occurrence of a Market Disruption Event with respect to the Underlying Index on any day that but for the occurrence or existence of a Market Disruption Event would have been the Determination Date for the Underlying Index.

Discontinuance of the Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of

Calculation...... If the Index Sponsor discontinues publication of the Underlying Index and such Index Sponsor or another entity publishes a successor or substitute index that RBSSI as the Calculation Agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to the discontinued Underlying Index (such index being referred to herein as a "Successor Index"), then the Final Index Value with respect to the Underlying Index will be determined by reference to the value of such Successor Index at the close of trading on the relevant exchange or market for such Successor Index on the applicable Determination Date.

Upon any selection by the Calculation Agent of a Successor Index, the Calculation Agent will cause written notice thereof to be furnished to us, the Trustee, the Securities Administrator and the Depository Trust Company as the holder of the Securities within three Trading Days of such selection.

If the Index Sponsor discontinues publication of the Underlying Index prior to, and such discontinuance is continuing on, the Determination Date, and RBSSI as the Calculation Agent determines that no Successor Index is available with respect to the Underlying Index at such time, then the Calculation Agent will determine the Final Index Value with respect to such the Underlying Index. Such Final Index Value will be computed by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the formula for

and method

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of calculating the Underlying Index last in effect prior to such discontinuance, using the closing price (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing price that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) on the Determination Date for the Underlying Index of each security most recently comprising the Underlying Index. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of the Underlying Index may adversely affect the value of the Securities.

If at any time the method of calculating the Underlying Index or a Successor Index, or the value thereof, is changed in a material respect, or if the Underlying Index or a Successor Index is in any other way modified so that such index does not, in the opinion of RBSSI, as the Calculation Agent, fairly represent the value of the Underlying Index or such Successor Index had such changes or modifications not been made, then the Calculation Agent will, at the close of business in New York City on the Determination Date with respect to the Underlying Index make such calculations and adjustments to the terms of the Securities as, in the good faith judgment of the Calculation Agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a value of a stock index comparable to the Underlying Index or Successor Index, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and on the applicable Determination Date make each relevant calculation with reference to the Underlying Index or Successor Index, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating the Underlying Index or a Successor Index is modified so that the value of such index is a fraction of what it would have been if it had not been modified (E.G., due to a split in the index), then the Calculation Agent will adjust such index in order to arrive at a value of the Underlying Index or Successor Index as if it had not been modified (E.G., as if such split had not occurred).

Book Entry Note or Certificated Note... Book Entry

Trustee..... Wilmington Trust Company

Securities Administrator..... Citibank, N.A.

Alternate Calculation in case of an Event of Default...... In case an Event of Default with respect

to the Securities shall have occurred and be continuing, the amount declared due and payable for each Security upon any acceleration of the Securities shall be determined by RBSSI, as Calculation Agent, as though the Final Index Value for the Underlying Index as of the applicable Determination Date were the Final Index Value on the date of acceleration. See "Description of Debt Securities--Events of Default" in the Prospectus.

If the maturity of the Securities is accelerated because of an Event of Default as described above, we shall, or shall cause the Calculation Agent to, provide written notice to the Trustee at its New York office, and to the Securities Administrator at its Delaware office, on which notice the Trustee and the Securities Administrator may conclusively rely, and to DTC of the aggregate cash amount due with respect to the Securities, if any, as promptly as possible and in no event later than two Business Days after the date of acceleration.

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Calculation Agent..... RBSSI, which is our affiliate. All

determinations made by the Calculation Agent will be at the sole discretion of the Calculation Agent and will, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive for all purposes and binding on you and on us.

Additional Amounts...... Subject to certain exceptions and limitations described in "Series A Notes Offered on a Global Basis--Payment of Additional Amounts" in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement, we will pay such additional amounts to holders of the Securities as may be necessary in order that the net payment of any amount payable on the Securities, after withholding for or on account of any present or future tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon or as a result of such payment by The

Netherlands (or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein) or the jurisdiction of residence or incorporation of any successor corporation (other than the United States), will not be less than the amount provided for in the Securities to be then due and payable.

or not that date is a business day.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds we receive from the sale of the Securities will be used for general corporate purposes and by us or one or more of our affiliates in connection with hedging our obligations under the Securities, including hedging market risks associated with the payment at maturity of the Securities. The issue price of the Securities includes the selling agents' commissions (as shown on the cover page of the accompanying Prospectus Supplement) paid with respect to the Securities and the cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities. The cost of hedging includes the projected profit that our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in managing the hedging transactions. Since hedging our obligations entails risk and may be influenced by market forces beyond our or our affiliates' control, such hedging may result in a profit that is more or less than initially projected, or could result in a loss. See also "Risk Factors--The Inclusion of Commissions and Cost of Hedging in the Issue Price is Likely to Adversely Affect Secondary Market Prices" and "Plan of Distribution" in this Pricing Supplement and "Use of Proceeds" in the accompanying Prospectus.

TAXATION

The following summary is a general description of certain United States and Dutch tax considerations relating to the ownership and disposition of Securities. It does not purport to be a complete analysis of all tax considerations relating to the Securities. Prospective purchasers of Securities should consult their tax advisors as to the consequences of acquiring, holding and disposing of Securities under the tax laws of the country of which they are resident for tax purposes as well as under the laws of any state, local or foreign jurisdiction. This summary is based upon the law as in effect on the date of this Pricing Supplement and is subject to any change in law that may take effect after such date.

UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION

The following discussion is based on the advice of Clifford Chance US LLP, our special tax counsel ("Tax Counsel"), and describes the principal U.S. federal income tax consequences to holders who purchase the Securities at initial issuance for the stated principal amount and who will hold the Securities as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

This discussion does not describe all of the tax consequences that may be relevant in light of a holder's particular circumstances or to holders subject to special rules, such as certain financial institutions, insurance companies,

dealers in commodities, securities or foreign currencies, persons holding Securities as part of a hedging transaction, "straddle," conversion transaction or other integrated transaction, U.S. Holders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, regulated investment companies, real estate investment trusts, tax exempt organizations, or partnerships or other entities classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

This discussion is based on the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and final, temporary and proposed Treasury Regulations, changes to any of which subsequent to the date of this Pricing Supplement may affect the tax consequences described below, possibly with retroactive effect. PERSONS CONSIDERING THE PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES SHOULD CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS WITH REGARD TO THE APPLICATION OF THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAWS TO THEIR PARTICULAR SITUATIONS AS WELL AS ANY TAX CONSEQUENCES ARISING UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY STATE, LOCAL OR FOREIGN TAXING JURISDICTION.

As used herein, you are a "U.S. HOLDER" if you are the beneficial owner of a Security and are, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- o a citizen or individual resident of the United States;
- o a corporation created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof, or
- o an estate or trust the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

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The term "U.S. HOLDER" also includes certain former citizens and residents of the United States.

If a partnership invests in Securities, the tax treatment of the partner will generally depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Partners in a partnership that invests in Securities are urged to consult with their tax advisors about the consequences of the investment.

GENERAL

Pursuant to the terms of the Securities, we and every holder of a Security agree (in the absence of an administrative determination or judicial ruling to the contrary) to characterize each Security for all U.S. tax purposes as a single financial contract with respect to the Underlying Index that (i) requires the investor to pay us at inception an amount equal to the purchase price of the Security and (ii) entitles the investor to receive at maturity an amount in cash based upon the performance of the Underlying Index. While other characterizations of the Securities could be asserted by the IRS, as discussed below, the following discussion assumes that this characterization of the Securities will be respected. In the opinion of Tax Counsel, which is based on certain representations received from us, the purchase and ownership of a Security should be treated as an "open transaction" with respect to the Underlying Index for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

TAX CONSEQUENCES TO U.S. HOLDERS

Assuming the characterization of the Securities described above, the following U.S. federal income tax consequences should result to you if you are a U.S. Holder.

TAX TREATMENT PRIOR TO MATURITY. You should not be required to recognize

taxable income over the term of the Securities prior to maturity, other than pursuant to a sale or exchange as described below.

TAX BASIS. Your tax basis in a Security will equal the amount paid by you to acquire the Security.

SETTLEMENT OF A SECURITY AT MATURITY. Upon receipt of cash at maturity, you generally will recognize long-term capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and your tax basis in the Security.

SALE OR EXCHANGE OF A SECURITY. Upon a sale or exchange of a Security prior to maturity, you will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale or exchange and your tax basis in the Security sold or exchanged. This gain or loss will generally be long-term capital gain or loss if you held the Security for more than one year at the time of disposition.

POSSIBLE ALTERNATIVE TAX TREATMENTS OF AN INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES

Due to the absence of authorities that directly address the proper tax treatment of the Securities, no assurance can be given that the IRS will accept, or that a court will uphold, the characterization and treatment described above. In particular, the IRS could seek to analyze the U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning the Securities under Treasury regulations governing contingent payment debt instruments (the "Contingent Payment Regulations"). If the IRS were successful in asserting that the Contingent Payment Regulations apply to the Securities, the timing and character of income thereon would be significantly affected. Among other things, a U.S. Holder would be required to accrue original issue discount on the Securities every year at a "comparable yield" determined at the time of their issuance. Furthermore, any gain realized by a U.S. Holder at maturity or upon a sale or other disposition of the Securities would generally be treated as ordinary income, and any loss realized at maturity would be treated as ordinary loss to the extent of the prior accruals of original issue discount, and as capital loss thereafter.

Even if the Contingent Payment Regulations do not apply to the Securities, other alternative federal income tax characterizations of the Securities are possible which, if applied, could also affect the timing and the character of the income or loss with respect to the Securities. It is possible, for example, that a Security could be treated as a unit consisting of a loan and a forward contract, in which case you would be required to accrue original issue discount as income on a current basis. Accordingly, you are urged to consult your own tax advisors regarding the possible

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consequences of alternative characterizations of the Securities.

U.S. TAX LAW DEVELOPMENTS

On December 7, 2007, the U.S. Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments.

The notice focuses in particular on whether to require holders of instruments such as the Securities to accrue constructive income over the term of their investment in the Securities. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including how the IRS characterizes income or loss with respect to these instruments; the relevance to such characterization of factors such as the exchange-traded status of the instrument and the nature of the underlying

property to which the instrument is linked; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the "constructive ownership" regime, which very generally can operate to recharacterize certain long-term capital gains as ordinary income that is subject to an interest charge.

While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, Treasury regulations or other forms of guidance, if any, issued after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the Securities, possibly on a retroactive basis.

Investors should consult their own tax advisor regarding the notice and its potential implications for an investment in the Securities.

BACKUP WITHHOLDING AND INFORMATION REPORTING

Information returns may be filed with the Internal Revenue Service in connection with payments on the Securities and the proceeds from a sale or other disposition of the Securities. You may be subject to U.S. backup withholding on these payments if you fail to provide your tax identification number to the paying agent and comply with certain certification procedures or otherwise establish an exemption from backup withholding. The amount of any backup withholding from a payment to you will be allowed as a credit against your U.S. federal income tax liability and may entitle you to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

You should consult your own tax advisor about the possible application of additional U.S. tax information reporting obligations that may apply to your investment in, or holding of, securities in light of your particular circumstances.

TAX TREATMENT OF THE SECURITIES TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS

If you are not a U.S. Holder, you will not be subject to U.S. withholding tax with respect to payments on your Securities but you may be subject to generally applicable information reporting and backup withholding requirements with respect to payments on your Securities unless you comply with certain certification and identification requirements as to your foreign status or an exception to the information reporting and backup withholding rules otherwise applies.

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PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION (CONFLICTS OF INTEREST)

We have appointed RBS Securities Inc. ("RBSSI") as agent for this offering. RBSSI has agreed to use reasonable efforts to solicit offers to purchase the Securities. We will pay RBSSI, in connection with sales of the Securities resulting from a solicitation such agent made or an offer to purchase such agent received, a commission of 2.75% of the initial offering price of the Securities. RBSSI has informed us that, as part of its distribution of the Securities, it intends to reoffer the Securities to other dealers who will sell the Securities. Each such dealer engaged by RBSSI, or further engaged by a dealer to whom RBSSI reoffers the Securities, will purchase the Securities at an agreed discount to the initial offering price of the Securities. RBSSI has informed us that such discounts may vary from dealer to dealer and that not all dealers will purchase or repurchase the Securities at the same discount. You can find a general description of the commission rates payable to the agents under "Plan of Distribution" in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement.

RBSSI is an affiliate of ours and Holding. RBSSI will conduct this offering in compliance with the requirements of NASD Rule 2720 of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, which is commonly referred to as FINRA, regarding a FINRA member firm's distribution of the securities of an affiliate. Following the initial distribution of any of these Securities, RBSSI may offer and sell those Securities in the course of its business as a broker-dealer. RBSSI may act as principal or agent in those transactions and will make any sales at varying prices related to prevailing market prices at the time of sale or otherwise. RBSSI may use this Pricing Supplement and the accompanying Prospectus and Prospectus Supplement in connection with any of those transactions. RBSSI is not obligated to make a market in any of these Securities and may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without notice.

RBSSI or an affiliate of RBSSI will enter into one or more hedging transactions with us in connection with this offering of Securities. See "Use of Proceeds" above.

To the extent that the total aggregate principal amount of the Securities being offered by this Pricing Supplement is not purchased by investors in the offering, one or more of our affiliates has agreed to purchase the unsold portion, and to hold such Securities for investment purposes. See "Holding of the Securities by our Affiliates and Future Sales" under the heading "Risk Factors."

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FILED PURSUANT TO RULE 424(B)(2)
REGISTRATION NOS. 333-137691
333-137691-02

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (TO PROSPECTUS DATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2006)

[ABN AMRO BANK N.V.GRAPHIC OMITTED]

US\$ 7,500,000,000 ABN NOTES(SM)

fully and unconditionally guaranteed by ABN AMRO Holding N.V.

We, ABN AMRO Bank N.V., may offer from time to time senior notes. The specific terms of any notes that we offer will be included in a pricing supplement. The notes will have the following general terms:

- o The notes will bear interest at either a fixed rate or a floating rate that varies during the lifetime of the relevant notes, which, in either case, may be zero. Floating rates will be based on rates or indices specified in the applicable pricing supplement.
- o The notes will pay interest, if any, on the dates stated in the applicable pricing supplement.
- o $\,$ The notes will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by ABN AMRO Holding N.V.
- o The notes will be held in global form by The Depository Trust Company, unless the pricing supplement provides otherwise.

The pricing supplement may also specify that the notes will have additional terms, including the following:

o The notes may be optionally or mandatorily exchangeable for securities of an entity that is not affiliated with us, for a basket or index of

those securities, or for the cash value of those securities.

- o Payments on the notes may be linked to currency prices, commodity prices, securities of entities not affiliated with us, baskets of those securities or indices, or any combination of the above.
- o The notes may be either callable by us or puttable by you.

INVESTING IN THE NOTES INVOLVES RISKS. SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE S-2.

THESE SECURITIES ARE NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER FEDERAL AGENCY. THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AND STATE SECURITIES REGULATORS HAVE NOT APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THESE SECURITIES, OR DETERMINED IF THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT OR THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS IS TRUTHFUL OR COMPLETE. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

ABN AMRO Incorporated and LaSalle Financial Services, Inc. have agreed to use reasonable efforts to solicit offers to purchase these securities as our selling agents to the extent either or both are named in the applicable pricing supplement. Certain other selling agents to be named in the applicable pricing supplement may also be used to solicit such offers on a reasonable efforts basis. We refer to each selling agent individually as the "agent" and together as the "agents". The agents may also purchase these securities as principal at prices to be agreed upon at the time of sale. The agents may resell any securities they purchase as principal at prevailing market prices, or at other prices, as they determine.

ABN AMRO Incorporated and LaSalle Financial Services, Inc. may use this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus in connection with offers and sales of the securities and related guarantees in market-making transactions.

ABN AMRO INCORPORATED SEPTEMBER 29, 2006

LASALLE FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

We may offer from time to time the notes described in this prospectus supplement. We refer to the notes and related guarantees offered under this prospectus supplement as our ABN Notes(SM). We refer to the offering of the ABN Notes(SM) as our "ABN Notes(SM) program".

As used in this prospectus supplement, the "Bank", "we," "us" and "our" refer to ABN AMRO Bank N.V., "Holding" refers to ABN AMRO Holding N.V, "AAI" refers to ABN AMRO Incorporated, an affiliate of the Bank and "LFS" refers to LaSalle Financial Services, Inc., an affiliate of the Bank.

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of the notes that the Bank may offer and supplements the prospectus that is attached to the back of this prospectus supplement. Each time the Bank offers notes, it will attach a pricing supplement to this prospectus supplement. THE PRICING SUPPLEMENT WILL CONTAIN THE SPECIFIC DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES THE BANK IS OFFERING AND THE TERMS OF THE OFFERING AND IT MAY MODIFY OR REPLACE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT OR THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS.

It is important for you to read and consider all information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and pricing supplement in making your investment decision. You should also read and consider the information contained in the documents identified in "Where You Can Find Additional Information" in the accompanying prospectus.

YOU SHOULD RELY ONLY ON THE INFORMATION CONTAINED OR INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE IN THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT, THE PROSPECTUS AND ANY PRICING SUPPLEMENT. WE HAVE NOT AUTHORIZED ANYONE ELSE TO PROVIDE YOU WITH DIFFERENT OR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. WE ARE OFFERING TO SELL THESE SECURITIES AND SEEKING OFFERS TO BUY THESE SECURITIES ONLY IN JURISDICTIONS WHERE OFFERS AND SALES ARE PERMITTED.

THE NOTES MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD IN ANY JURISDICTION IN WHICH SUCH OFFER OR SALE WOULD BE UNLAWFUL. THE NOTES MAY ONLY BE OFFERED WITHIN THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE EUROPEAN PROSPECTUS DIRECTIVE 2003/71/EC AND THE IMPLEMENTING MEASURES IN ANY MEMBER STATE. SEE "PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION - SELLING RESTRICTIONS" IN THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS.

The information set forth in this prospectus supplement is directed to prospective purchasers who are United States residents. We disclaim any responsibility to advise prospective purchasers who are residents of countries other than the United States of any matters arising under foreign law that may affect the purchase of or holding of, or receipt of payments on, the notes.

These persons should consult their own legal and financial advisors concerning these matters.

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RISK FACTORS

YOUR INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES WILL INVOLVE A NUMBER OF RISKS. ADDITIONAL RISKS, INCLUDING SPECIFIC TAX RISKS, RELATING TO SPECIFIC TYPES OF NOTES WILL BE DESCRIBED IN THE APPLICABLE PRICING SUPPLEMENT. YOU SHOULD CONSIDER CAREFULLY THE FOLLOWING RISKS AND THE RISKS, IF ANY, SET FORTH IN THE APPLICABLE PRICING SUPPLEMENT, BEFORE YOU DECIDE THAT AN INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES IS SUITABLE FOR YOU. YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR OWN FINANCIAL AND LEGAL ADVISORS REGARDING THE RISKS AND SUITABILITY OF AN INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES.

IF YOUR NOTES ARE REDEEMABLE, THE BANK MAY CHOOSE TO REDEEM THEM WHEN PREVAILING INTEREST RATES ARE RELATIVELY LOW.

If your notes are redeemable, the Bank may choose to redeem your notes when prevailing interest rates are low and you may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the notes being redeemed.

WE CANNOT ASSURE YOU THAT A TRADING MARKET FOR YOUR NOTES WILL EVER DEVELOP OR BE MAINTAINED OR THAT A TRADE CAN BE EXECUTED AT ANY INDICATIVE PRICE SHOWN ON ANY WEBSITE OR BLOOMBERG.

We cannot assure you that a trading market for your notes will ever develop or be maintained. Many factors independent of our creditworthiness affect the trading market and market value of your notes. These factors include, among others:

- o whether we list the notes on a securities exchange;
- o whether we or any other dealer makes a market in the notes;
- o the method of calculating the principal and interest for the notes;
- o the time remaining to the maturity of the notes; o the outstanding amount of the notes;
- o the redemption features of the notes; and
- o the level, direction and volatility of interest rates, generally.

There may be a limited number of buyers when you decide to sell your notes, which may affect the price you receive for your notes or your ability to sell your notes at all.

In connection with any secondary market activity in our notes, our affiliates may post indicative prices for the notes on a designated website or via Bloomberg. However, our affiliates are not required to post such indicative prices and may stop doing so at any time. Investors are advised that any prices shown on any website or Bloomberg page are indicative prices only and, as such, there can be no assurance that any trade could be executed at such prices. Investors should contact their brokerage firm for further information.

IF THE NOTES YOU PURCHASE ARE FLOATING RATE NOTES, YOU MAY RECEIVE A LESSER AMOUNT OF INTEREST IN THE FUTURE.

Because the interest rate on floating rate notes will be indexed to an external interest rate or index that may vary from time to time, there will be significant risks not associated with a conventional fixed rate debt security. These risks include fluctuation of the applicable interest rate and the possibility that, in the future, the interest rate on your note will decrease and may be zero, subject to any minimum interest rate specified in the applicable pricing supplement. We have no control over a number of matters that may affect interest rates, including economic, financial and political events that are important in determining the existence, magnitude and longevity of these risks and their results.

IF THE FLOATING RATE NOTES YOU PURCHASE ARE SUBJECT TO A MAXIMUM INTEREST RATE, YOUR RETURN WILL BE LIMITED.

If the applicable pricing supplement specifies that your floating rate notes are subject to a maximum interest rate, the rate of interest that will accrue on the floating rate notes during any interest reset period will never exceed the specified maximum interest rate.

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THE INCLUSION OF COMMISSIONS AND COST OF HEDGING IN THE ISSUE PRICE IS LIKELY TO ADVERSELY AFFECT SECONDARY MARKET PRICES.

Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which the agents are willing to purchase notes in secondary market transactions will likely be lower than the issue price, since the issue price included, and secondary market prices are likely to exclude, commissions paid with respect to the notes, as well as the profit component included in the cost of hedging our obligations under the notes. In addition, any such prices may differ from values determined by pricing models used by the agents, as a result of dealer discounts, mark-ups or other transaction costs.

THERE ARE POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN YOU AND THE CALCULATION AGENT.

AAI, an affiliate of ours, will serve as the calculation agent with respect to the notes. In its role as calculation agent, AAI will exercise its judgment when performing its functions. Absent manifest error, all of its determinations in its role as calculation agent will be final and binding on you and us, without any liability on its or our part. You will not be entitled to any compensation from us or AAI for any loss suffered as a result of any of its determinations in its role as calculation agent. Since these determinations by AAI as calculation agent may affect the return on and/or market value of your notes, we and AAI may have a conflict of interest.

THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT OF CERTAIN INSTRUMENTS IS UNCERTAIN.

The U.S. federal income tax treatment of certain instruments we may issue is uncertain. Please read carefully the section entitled "United States Federal Taxation" in this Prospectus Supplement and any discussion regarding U.S. federal income taxation contained in the applicable pricing supplement. You should consult your own tax adviser about an investment in any of our notes in light of your particular tax situation.

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

Investors should carefully read the general terms and provisions of our debt securities in "Description of Debt Securities" in the accompanying prospectus. This section supplements that description. THE PRICING SUPPLEMENT WILL ADD SPECIFIC TERMS FOR EACH ISSUANCE OF NOTES AND MAY MODIFY OR REPLACE ANY OF THE INFORMATION IN THIS SECTION AND IN "DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES" IN THE ACCOMPANYING PROSPECTUS.

GENERAL TERMS OF NOTES

We may issue notes under an indenture dated September 15, 2006, among us, Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee, Citibank, N.A., as securities administrator and Holding, as guarantor, which we refer to as the "Indenture." The notes issued under the Indenture will constitute a single series under the Indenture, together with any notes that we issue in the future under the Indenture that we designate as being part of that series.

OUTSTANDING INDEBTEDNESS OF THE BANK. The Indenture does not limit the amount of additional indebtedness that we may incur.

RANKING. Notes issued under the Indenture will constitute unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Bank and rank pari passu without any preference among them and with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Bank save for those preferred by mandatory provision of law.

TERMS SPECIFIED IN PRICING SUPPLEMENTS. A pricing supplement will specify the following terms of any issuance of our notes to the extent applicable:

- o the specific designation of the notes;
- o the issue price (price to public);
- o the aggregate principal amount;
- o the denominations or minimum denominations;
- o the original issue date;
- o the stated maturity date and any terms related to any extension of the maturity date;
- o whether the notes are fixed rate notes, floating rate notes or notes with original issue discount;
- o for fixed rate notes, the rate per year at which the notes will bear interest, if any, or the method of calculating that rate and the dates on which interest will be payable;
- o for floating rate notes, the base rate, the index maturity, the spread, the spread multiplier, the initial interest rate, the interest reset periods, the interest payment dates, the maximum interest rate, the minimum interest rate and any other terms relating to the particular method of calculating the interest rate for the note;
- o whether interest, if any, will be payable in cash or payable in kind;
- o whether the notes may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at our option or repaid at your option, prior to the stated maturity date, and the terms

of any redemption or repayment;

o whether the notes are currency-linked notes and/or notes linked to commodity prices, securities of entities not affiliated with us, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any event or circumstance, and/or baskets or indices of any of these items, or any combination of the above;

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- o the terms on which holders of the notes may convert or exchange them into or for stock or other securities of entities not affiliated with us, or for the cash value of any of these securities or for any other property, any specific terms relating to the adjustment of the conversion or exchange feature and the period during which the holders may effect the conversion or exchange;
- o whether the notes are renewable notes;
- o if any note is not denominated and payable in U.S. dollars, the currency or currencies in which the principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, will be paid, which we refer to as the "specified currency," along with any other terms relating to the non-U.S. dollar denomination, including exchange rates as against the U.S. dollar at selected times during the last five years and any exchange controls affecting that specified currency;
- o whether and under what circumstances we will pay additional amounts on the notes for any tax, assessment or governmental charge withheld or deducted and, if so, whether we will have the option to redeem those debt securities rather than pay the additional amounts;
- o whether the notes will be listed on any stock exchange;
- o whether the notes will be issued in book-entry or certificated form;
- o if the notes are in book-entry form, whether the notes will be offered on a global basis to investors through Euroclear and Clearstream Banking, SOCIETE ANONYME as well as through the Depositary (each as defined below); and
- o any other terms on which we will issue the notes.

SOME DEFINITIONS. We have defined some of the terms that we use frequently in this prospectus supplement below:

A "business day" means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, (a) that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or regulation to close (x) for all notes, in The City of New York, (y) for notes denominated in a specified currency other than U.S. dollars, euro or Australian dollars, in the principal financial center of the country of the specified currency or (z) for notes denominated in Australian dollars, in Sydney; and (b) for notes denominated in euro, that is also a TARGET Settlement Day.

"Depositary" means The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York.

"Euro LIBOR notes" means LIBOR notes for which the index currency is euros.

An "interest payment date" for any note means a date on which, under the terms of that note, regularly scheduled interest is payable.

"London banking day" means any day on which dealings in deposits in the relevant index currency are transacted in the London interbank market.

The "record date" for any interest payment date is the date 15 calendar days prior to that interest payment date, whether or not that date is a business day, unless another date is specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

"TARGET Settlement Day" means any day on which the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer System ("TARGET") is open.

References in this prospectus supplement to "U.S. dollar," or "U.S.\$" or "\$" are to the currency of the United States of America.

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GUARANTEE

Holding will fully and unconditionally guarantee payment in full to the holders of the notes issued by the Bank under the Indenture after the date hereof. The guarantee is set forth in, and forms a part of, the Indenture under which the notes will be issued. If, for any reason, the Bank does not make any required payment in respect of the notes when due, Holding as the guarantor thereof will cause the payment to be made to or to the order of the trustee. The holder of the guaranteed note may sue the guarantor to enforce its rights under the guarantee without first suing the Bank or any other person or entity. The guarantees will constitute Holding's unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank pari passu without any preference among them and with all Holding's other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations.

FORMS OF NOTES

We will offer the notes on a continuing basis and will issue notes only in fully registered form either as registered global notes or as certificated notes. References to "holders" mean those who own notes registered in their own names, on the books that we or the trustee maintain for this purpose, and not those who own beneficial interests in notes registered in street name or in notes issued in book-entry form through one or more depositaries.

REGISTERED GLOBAL NOTES. For registered global notes, we will issue one or more global certificates representing the entire issue of notes. Except as set forth in the accompanying prospectus under "Forms of Securities -- Global Securities," you may not exchange registered global notes or interests in registered global notes for certificated notes.

Each global note certificate representing registered global notes will be deposited with, or on behalf of, the Depositary and registered in the name of a nominee of the Depositary. These certificates name the Depositary or its nominee as the owner of the notes. The Depositary maintains a computerized system that will reflect the interests held by its participants in the global notes. An investor's beneficial interest will be reflected in the records of the Depositary's direct or indirect participants through an account maintained by the investor with its broker/dealer, bank, trust company or other representative. A further description of the Depositary's procedures for global notes representing book-entry notes is set forth under "Forms of Securities -- The Depositary" in the accompanying prospectus. The Depositary has confirmed to

us, AAI, LFS and the trustee that it intends to follow these procedures.

CERTIFICATED NOTES. If we issue notes in certificated form, the certificate will name the investor or the investor's nominee as the owner of the note. The person named in the note register will be considered the owner of the note for all purposes under the Indenture. For example, if we need to ask the holders of the notes to vote on a proposed amendment to the notes, the person named in the note register will be asked to cast any vote regarding that note. If you have chosen to have some other entity hold the certificates for you, that entity will be considered the owner of your note in our records and will be entitled to cast the vote regarding your note. You may not exchange certificated notes for registered global notes or interests in registered global notes.

DENOMINATIONS. Unless otherwise specified in the pricing supplement, we will issue the notes:

- o for U.S. dollar-denominated notes, in denominations of \$100 or any amount greater than \$100 that is an integral multiple of \$100; or
- o for notes denominated in a specified currency other than U.S. dollars, in denominations of the equivalent of \$100, rounded to an integral multiple of 100 units of the specified currency, or any larger integral multiple of 100 units of the specified currency, as determined by reference to the market exchange rate, as defined under "-- Interest and Principal Payments -- Unavailability of Foreign Currency" below, on the business day immediately preceding the date of issuance.

INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS

PAYMENTS, EXCHANGES AND TRANSFERS. Holders may present notes for payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, register the transfer of the notes, and exchange the notes at Citibank, N.A, the securities administrator under the Indenture, at 111 Wall Street, 15th Floor, New York, New York 10043, Attention: Agency

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and Trust Group, as our current agent for the payment, transfer and exchange of the notes. We refer to Citibank, acting in this capacity, as the paying agent. However, holders of global notes may transfer and exchange global notes only in the manner and to the extent set forth under "Forms of Securities -- Global Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

We will not be required to:

- o register the transfer or exchange of any note if the holder has exercised the holder's right, if any, to require us to repurchase the note, in whole or in part, except the portion of the note not required to be repurchased;
- o register the transfer or exchange of notes to be redeemed for a period of fifteen calendar days preceding the mailing of the relevant notice of redemption; or
- o register the transfer or exchange of any note selected for redemption in whole or in part, except the unredeemed or unpaid portion of that note being redeemed in part.

No service charge will be made for any registration or transfer or exchange

of notes, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection with the registration of transfer or exchange of notes.

Although we anticipate making payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on most notes in U.S. dollars, some notes may be payable in foreign currencies as specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Currently, few facilities exist in the United States to convert U.S. dollars into foreign currencies and vice versa. In addition, most U.S. banks do not offer non-U.S. dollar denominated checking or savings account facilities. Accordingly, unless alternative arrangements are made, we will pay principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on notes that are payable in a foreign currency to an account at a bank outside the United States, which, in the case of a note payable in euro, will be made by credit or transfer to a euro account specified by the payee in a country for which the euro is the lawful currency.

RECIPIENTS OF PAYMENTS. The paying agent will pay interest to the person in whose name the note is registered at the close of business on the applicable record date. However, upon maturity, redemption or repayment, the paying agent will pay any interest due to the person to whom it pays the principal of the note. The paying agent will make the payment of interest on the date of maturity, redemption or repayment, whether or not that date is an interest payment date. The paying agent will make the initial interest payment on a note on the first interest payment date falling after the date of issuance, unless the date of issuance is less than 15 calendar days before an interest payment date. In that case, the paying agent will pay interest on the next succeeding interest payment date to the holder of record on the record date corresponding to the succeeding interest payment date.

BOOK-ENTRY NOTES. The paying agent will make payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, to the account of the Depositary, as holder of book-entry notes, by wire transfer of immediately available funds. We expect that the Depositary, upon receipt of any payment, will immediately credit its participants' accounts in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the book-entry notes as shown on the records of the Depositary. We also expect that payments by the Depositary's participants to owners of beneficial interests in the book-entry notes will be governed by standing customer instructions and customary practices and will be the responsibility of those participants.

CERTIFICATED NOTES. Except as indicated below, for payments of interest at maturity, redemption or repayment, the paying agent will make U.S. dollar payments of interest either:

- o by check mailed to the address of the person entitled to payment as shown on the note register; or
- o by wire transfer of immediately available funds, if the holder has provided wire transfer instructions to the paying agent not later than 15 calendar days prior to the applicable interest payment date.

U.S. dollar payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, upon maturity, redemption or repayment on a note will be made in immediately available funds against presentation and surrender of the note.

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PAYMENT PROCEDURES FOR BOOK-ENTRY NOTES DENOMINATED IN A FOREIGN CURRENCY. Book-entry notes payable in a specified currency other than U.S. dollars will

provide that a beneficial owner of interests in those notes may elect to receive all or a portion of the payments of principal, premium, if any, or interest, if any, in U.S. dollars. In those cases, the Depositary will elect to receive all payments with respect to the beneficial owner's interest in the notes in U.S. Dollars, unless the beneficial owner takes the following steps:

- o The beneficial owner must give complete instructions to the direct or indirect participant through which it holds the book-entry notes of its election to receive those payments in the specified currency other than U.S. dollars by wire transfer to an account specified by the beneficial owner with a bank located outside the United States. In the case of a note payable in euro, the account must be a euro account in a country for which the euro is the lawful currency.
- o The participant must notify the Depositary of the beneficial owner's election on or prior to the third business day after the applicable record date, for payments of interest, and on or prior to the twelfth business day prior to the maturity date or any redemption or repayment date, for payment of principal or premium.
- The Depositary must have notified the paying agent of the beneficial owner's election on or prior to the fifth business day after the applicable record date, for payments of interest, and on or prior to the tenth business day prior to the maturity date or any redemption or repayment date, for payment of principal or premium.

Beneficial owners should consult their participants in order to ascertain the deadline for giving instructions to participants in order to ensure that timely notice will be delivered to the Depositary.

PAYMENT PROCEDURES FOR CERTIFICATED NOTES DENOMINATED IN A FOREIGN CURRENCY. For certificated notes payable in a specified currency other than U.S. dollars, the notes may provide that the holder may elect to receive all or a portion of the payments on those notes in U.S. dollars. To do so, the holder must send a written request to the paying agent:

- o for payments of interest, on or prior to the fifth business day after the applicable record date; or
- o for payments of principal, at least ten business days prior to the maturity date or any redemption or repayment date.

To revoke this election for all or a portion of the payments on the certificated notes, the holder must send written notice to the paying agent:

- o at least five business days prior to the applicable record date, for payment of interest; or
- o at least ten business days prior to the maturity date or any redemption or repayment date, for payments of principal.

If the holder elects to be paid in a currency other than U.S. dollars, the paying agent will pay the principal, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on the certificated notes:

o by wire transfer of immediately available funds in the specified currency to the holder's account at a bank located outside the United States, and in the case of a note payable in euro, in a country for which the euro is the lawful currency, if the paying agent has received the holder's written wire transfer instructions not less than 15 calendar days prior to the applicable payment date; or

o by check payable in the specified currency mailed to the address of the person entitled to payment that is specified in the note register, if the holder has not provided wire instructions.

However, the paying agent will pay only the principal of the certificated notes, any premium and interest, if any, due at maturity, or on any redemption or repayment date, upon surrender of the certificated notes at the office or agency of the paying agent.

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DETERMINATION OF EXCHANGE RATE FOR PAYMENTS IN U.S. DOLLARS FOR NOTES DENOMINATED IN A FOREIGN CURRENCY. The exchange rate agent identified in the relevant pricing supplement will convert the specified currency into U.S. dollars for holders who elect to receive payments in U.S. dollars and for beneficial owners of book-entry notes that do not follow the procedures we have described immediately above. The conversion will be based on the highest bid quotation in The City of New York received by the exchange rate agent at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on the second business day preceding the applicable payment date from three recognized foreign exchange dealers for the purchase by the quoting dealer:

- o of the specified currency for U.S. dollars for settlement on the payment date;
- o in the aggregate amount of the specified currency payable to those holders or beneficial owners of notes; and
- o at which the applicable dealer commits to execute a contract.

One of the dealers providing quotations may be the exchange rate agent unless the exchange rate agent is an affiliate of the Bank. If those bid quotations are not available, payments will be made in the specified currency. The holders or beneficial owners of notes will pay all currency exchange costs by deductions from the amounts payable on the notes.

UNAVAILABILITY OF FOREIGN CURRENCY. The relevant specified currency may not be available to us or Holding, as the case may be, for making payments of principal of, premium on, if any, or interest, if any, on any note. This could occur due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond our control or if the specified currency is no longer used by the government of the country issuing that currency or by public institutions within the international banking community for the settlement of transactions. If the specified currency is unavailable, we may satisfy our obligations to holders of the notes by making those payments on the date of payment in U.S. dollars on the basis of the noon dollar buying rate in The City of New York for cable transfers of the currency or currencies in which a payment on any note was to be made, published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, which we refer to as the "market exchange rate." If that rate of exchange is not then available or is not published for a particular payment currency, the market exchange rate will be based on the highest bid quotation in The City of New York received by the exchange rate agent at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on the second business day preceding the applicable payment date from three recognized foreign exchange dealers for the purchase by the quoting dealer:

- of the specified currency for U.S. dollars for settlement on the payment date;
- o in the aggregate amount of the specified currency payable to those

holders or beneficial owners of notes; and

o at which the applicable dealer commits to execute a contract.

One of the dealers providing quotations may be the exchange rate agent unless the exchange rate agent is our affiliate. If those bid quotations are not available, the exchange rate agent will determine the market exchange rate at its sole discretion.

These provisions do not apply if a specified currency is unavailable because it has been replaced by the euro. If the euro has been substituted for a specified currency, we may at our option, or will, if required by applicable law, without the consent of the holders of the affected notes, pay the principal of, premium on, if any, or interest, if any, on any note denominated in the specified currency in euro instead of the specified currency, in conformity with legally applicable measures taken pursuant to, or by virtue of, the treaty establishing the European Community, as amended by the treaty on European Union. Any payment made in U.S. dollars or in euro as described above where the required payment is in an unavailable specified currency will not constitute an event of default.

DISCOUNT NOTES. Some notes may be issued at a price which represents a discount to their principal amount. We refer to these notes as "discount notes." Such discount may be required to be included in income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as described under "United States Federal Taxation -- Original Issue Discount." In the event of a redemption or repayment of any discount note or if any discount note is declared to be due and payable

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immediately as described under "Description of Debt Securities -- Events of Default" in the accompanying prospectus, the amount of principal due and payable on that note will be limited to:

- o the aggregate principal amount of the note MULTIPLIED BY the sum of
- o $\,$ its issue price, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate principal amount, PLUS $\,$
- o the original issue discount accrued from the date of issue to the date of redemption, repayment or declaration, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate principal amount.

Solely for purposes of determining the amount of original issue discount that has accrued under the above formula as of any date on which a redemption, repayment or acceleration of maturity occurs for a discount note, original issue discount will be accrued using a constant yield method. The constant yield will be calculated using a 30-day month, 360-day year convention, a compounding period that, except for the initial period (as defined below), corresponds to the shortest period between interest payment dates for the applicable discount note (with ratable accruals within a compounding period), and an assumption that the maturity of a discount note will not be accelerated. If the period from the date of issue to the first interest payment date for a discount note, which we refer to as the "initial period", is shorter than the compounding period for the discount note, a proportionate amount of the yield for an entire compounding period will be accrued. If the initial period is longer than the compounding period, then the period will be divided into a regular compounding period and a short period with the short period being treated as provided in the preceding sentence.

The accrual of the applicable original issue discount described above is solely for purposes of determining the amounts payable upon redemption, repayment or acceleration of maturity. That amount of accrued original issue discount may differ from the accrual of original issue discount for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Certain discount notes may not be treated as having original issue discount within the meaning of the Code, and notes other than discount notes may be treated as issued with original issue discount for federal income tax purposes. See "United States Federal Taxation—Original Issue Discount" below. See also the applicable pricing supplement for any special considerations applicable to these notes.

FIXED RATE NOTES

Each fixed rate note will bear interest from the date of issuance at the annual rate stated on its face until the principal is paid or made available for payment.

HOW INTEREST IS CALCULATED. Interest on fixed rate notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

HOW INTEREST ACCRUES. Interest on fixed rate notes will accrue from and including the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, or, if no interest has been paid or duly provided for, from and including the issue date or any other date specified in a pricing supplement on which interest begins to accrue. Interest will accrue to but excluding the next interest payment date, or, if earlier, the date on which the principal has been paid or duly made available for payment, except as described below under "If a Payment Date Is not a Business Day."

WHEN INTEREST IS PAID. Payments of interest on fixed rate notes will be made on the interest payment dates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. However, if the first interest payment date is less than 15 days after the date of issuance, interest will not be paid on the first interest payment date, but will be paid on the second interest payment date.

AMOUNT OF INTEREST PAYABLE. Interest payments for fixed rate notes will include accrued interest from and including the date of issue or from and including the last date in respect of which interest has been paid, as the case may be, to but excluding the relevant interest payment date or date of maturity or earlier redemption or repayment, as the case may be.

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IF A PAYMENT DATE IS NOT A BUSINESS DAY. If any scheduled interest payment date is not a business day, we will pay interest on the next business day, but interest on that payment will not accrue during the period from and after the scheduled interest payment date. If the scheduled maturity date or date of redemption or repayment is not a business day, we may pay interest and principal and premium, if any, on the next succeeding business day, but interest on that payment will not accrue during the period from and after the scheduled maturity date or date of redemption or repayment.

FLOATING RATE NOTES

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, each floating rate note will bear interest at a floating rate determined by reference to an interest rate or interest rate formula, which we refer to as the "base rate." The base rate may be one or more of the following:

- o the CD rate,
- o the commercial paper rate,
- o EURIBOR,
- o the federal funds rate,
- o LIBOR,
- o the prime rate,
- o the Treasury rate,
- o the CPI, or

o any other rate or interest rate formula specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

FORMULA FOR INTEREST RATES. The interest rate on each floating rate note will be calculated by reference to:

- o the specified base rate based on the index maturity,
- o plus or minus the spread, if any, and/or
- o multiplied by the spread multiplier, if any.

For any floating rate note, "index maturity" means the period of maturity of the instrument or obligation from which the base rate is calculated and will be specified in the applicable pricing supplement. The "spread" is the number of basis points (one one-hundredth of a percentage point) specified in the applicable pricing supplement to be added to or subtracted from the base rate for a floating rate note. The "spread multiplier" is the percentage specified in the applicable pricing supplement to be applied to the base rate for a floating rate note.

LIMITATIONS ON INTEREST RATE. A floating rate note may also have either or both of the following limitations on the interest rate:

- o a maximum limitation, or ceiling, on the rate of interest which may accrue during any interest period, which we refer to as the "maximum interest rate";
- o a minimum limitation, or floor, on the rate of interest that may accrue during any interest period, which we refer to as the "minimum interest rate."

Any applicable maximum interest rate or minimum interest rate will be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement.

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In addition, the interest rate on a floating rate note may not be higher than the maximum rate permitted by New York law, as that rate may be modified by United States law of general application. Under current New York law, the maximum rate of interest, subject to some exceptions, for any loan in an amount less than \$250,000 is 16% and for any loan in the amount of \$250,000 or more but

less than \$2,500,000 is 25% per annum on a simple interest basis. These limits do not apply to loans of \$2,500,000 or more.

HOW FLOATING INTEREST RATES ARE RESET. The interest rate in effect from the date of issue to the first interest reset date for a floating rate note will be the initial interest rate specified in the applicable pricing supplement. We refer to this rate as the "initial interest rate." The interest rate on each floating rate note may be reset daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semiannually or annually. This period is the "interest reset period" and the first day of each interest reset period is the "interest reset date." The "interest determination date" for any interest reset date is the day the calculation agent identified in the applicable pricing supplement will refer to when determining the new interest rate at which a floating rate will reset, and is applicable as follows (unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement):

- o for CD rate notes, commercial paper rate notes, federal funds rate notes, prime rate notes and CMT rate notes, the interest determination date will be the second business day prior to the interest reset date;
- o for EURIBOR notes or Euro LIBOR notes, the interest determination date will be the second TARGET Settlement Day, as defined above under "-- General Terms of Notes -- Some Definitions," prior to the interest reset date;
- o for LIBOR notes (other than Euro LIBOR notes), the interest determination date will be the second London banking day prior to the interest reset date, except that the interest determination date pertaining to an interest reset date for a LIBOR note for which the index currency is pounds sterling will be the interest reset date; and
- o for Treasury rate notes, the interest determination date will be the day of the week in which the interest reset date falls on which Treasury bills would normally be auctioned.

Treasury bills are normally sold at auction on Monday of each week, unless that day is a legal holiday, in which case the auction is normally held on the following Tuesday, but the auction may be held on the preceding Friday. If, as the result of a legal holiday, the auction is held on the preceding Friday, that Friday will be the interest determination date pertaining to the interest reset date occurring in the next succeeding week. If an auction falls on a day that is an interest reset date, that interest reset date will be the next following business day.

The interest reset dates will be specified in the applicable pricing supplement. If an interest reset date for any floating rate note falls on a day that is not a business day, it will be postponed to the following business day, except that, in the case of a EURIBOR note or a LIBOR note, if that business day is in the next calendar month, the interest reset date will be the immediately preceding business day.

The interest rate in effect for the ten calendar days immediately prior to maturity, redemption or repayment will be the one in effect on the tenth calendar day preceding the maturity, redemption or repayment date.

In the detailed descriptions of the various base rates which follow, the "calculation date" pertaining to an interest determination date means the earlier of (1) the tenth calendar day after that interest determination date, or, if that day is not a business day, the next succeeding business day, and (2) the business day preceding the applicable interest payment date or maturity date or, for any principal amount to be redeemed or repaid, any redemption or repayment date.

HOW INTEREST IS CALCULATED. Interest on floating rate notes will accrue from and including the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, or, if no interest has been paid or duly provided for, from and including the issue date or any other date specified in a pricing supplement on which interest begins to accrue. Interest will accrue to but excluding the next interest payment date or, if earlier, the date on which the

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principal has been paid or duly made available for payment, except as described below under "If a Payment Date is Not a Business Day."

The applicable pricing supplement will specify a calculation agent for any issue of floating rate notes. Upon the request of the holder of any floating rate note, the calculation agent will provide the interest rate then in effect and, if determined, the interest rate that will become effective on the next interest reset date for that floating rate note.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, for a floating rate note, accrued interest will be calculated by multiplying the principal amount of the floating rate note by an accrued interest factor. This accrued interest factor will be computed by adding the interest factors calculated for each day in the period for which interest is being paid. The interest factor for each day is computed by DIVIDING the interest rate applicable to that day:

- o by 360, in the case of CD rate notes, commercial paper rate notes, EURIBOR notes, federal funds rate notes, LIBOR notes (except for LIBOR notes denominated in pounds sterling) and prime rate notes;
- o by 365, in the case of LIBOR notes denominated in pounds sterling; or
- o by the actual number of days in the year, in the case of Treasury rate notes and CMT rate notes.

For these calculations, the interest rate in effect on any interest reset date will be the applicable rate as reset on that date. The interest rate applicable to any other day is the interest rate from the immediately preceding interest reset date or, if none, the initial interest rate.

All percentages used in or resulting from any calculation of the rate of interest on a floating rate note will be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point (with 0.000005% rounded up to 0.00001%), and all U.S. dollar amounts used in or resulting from these calculations on floating rate notes will be rounded to the nearest cent (with one-half cent rounded upward). All Japanese Yen amounts used in or resulting from these calculations will be rounded downwards to the next lower whole Japanese Yen amount. All amounts denominated in any other currency used in or resulting from these calculations will be rounded to the nearest two decimal places in that currency with 0.005 being rounded upward.

WHEN INTEREST IS PAID. We will pay interest on floating rate notes on the interest payment dates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. However, if the first interest payment date is less than 15 days after the date of issuance, interest will not be paid on the first interest payment date, but will be paid on the second interest payment date.

IF A PAYMENT DATE IS NOT A BUSINESS DAY. If any scheduled interest payment date, other than the maturity date or any earlier redemption or repayment date,

for any floating rate note falls on a day that is not a business day, it will be postponed to the following business day, except that, in the case of a EURIBOR note or a LIBOR note, if that business day would fall in the next calendar month, the interest payment date will be the immediately preceding business day. If the scheduled maturity date or any earlier redemption or repayment date of a floating rate note falls on a day that is not a business day, the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, will be made on the next succeeding business day, but interest on that payment will not accrue during the period from and after the maturity, redemption or repayment date.

BASE RATE NOTES

CD RATE NOTES

CD rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Those interest rates will be based on the CD rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the "CD rate" means, for any interest determination date, the rate on that date for negotiable certificates of deposit having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in

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"Statistical Release H.15(519), Selected Interest Rates," or any successor publication of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System ("H.15(519)") under the heading "CDs (Secondary Market)."

The following procedures will be followed if the CD rate cannot be determined as described above:

- o If the above rate is not published in H.15(519) by 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the calculation date, the CD rate will be the rate on that interest determination date set forth in the daily update of H.15(519), available through the world wide website of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System at http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h15/update, or any successor site or publication, which is commonly referred to as the "H.15 Daily Update," for the interest determination date for certificates of deposit having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement, under the caption "CDs (Secondary Market)."
- Daily Update by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the calculation date, the calculation agent will determine the CD rate to be the arithmetic mean of the secondary market offered rates as of 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on that interest determination date of three leading nonbank dealers in negotiable U.S. dollar certificates of deposit in The City of New York selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, for negotiable certificates of deposit of major United States money center banks of the highest credit standing in the market for negotiable certificates of deposit with a remaining maturity closest to the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in that market at that time.

o If the dealers selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the CD rate for that interest determination date will remain the CD rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

COMMERCIAL PAPER RATE NOTES

Commercial paper rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Those interest rates will be based on the commercial paper rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the "commercial paper rate" means, for any interest determination date, the money market yield, calculated as described below, of the rate on that date for commercial paper having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement, as that rate is published in H.15(519), under the heading "Commercial Paper -- Nonfinancial."

The following procedures will be followed if the commercial paper rate cannot be determined as described above:

- o If the above rate is not published by 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the calculation date, then the commercial paper rate will be the money market yield of the rate on that interest determination date for commercial paper of the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as published in the H.15 Daily Update under the heading "Commercial Paper -- Nonfinancial."
- o If by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on that calculation date the rate is not yet published in either H.15(519) or the H.15 Daily Update, then the calculation agent will determine the commercial paper rate to be the money market yield of the arithmetic mean of the offered rates as of 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on that interest determination date of three leading dealers of commercial paper in The City of New York selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, for commercial paper of the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement, placed for an industrial issuer whose bond rating is "AA," or the equivalent, from a nationally recognized statistical rating agency.
- o If the dealers selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the commercial paper rate for that interest determination date will remain the commercial paper rate for the immediately preceding

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interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

The "money market yield" will be a yield calculated in accordance with the following formula:

money market yield =
$$0 \times 360$$
 $\times 100$ $\times 100$ $\times 100$

where "D" refers to the applicable per year rate for commercial paper quoted on a bank discount basis and expressed as a decimal and "M" refers to the actual number of days in the interest period for which interest is being calculated.

EURIBOR NOTES

EURIBOR notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on EURIBOR and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, "EURIBOR" means, for any interest determination date, the rate for deposits in euros as sponsored, calculated and published jointly by the European Banking Federation and ACI — The Financial Market Association, or any company established by the joint sponsors for purposes of compiling and publishing those rates, for the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as that rate appears on the display on Reuters, or any successor service, on page EURIBOR01 or any other page as may replace page EURIBOR01 on that service, which is commonly referred to as "Reuters Page EURIBOR01," as of 11:00 a.m. (Brussels time).

The following procedures will be followed if the rate cannot be determined as described above:

- If the above rate does not appear, the calculation agent will request the principal Euro-zone office of each of four major banks in the Euro-zone interbank market, as selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, to provide the calculation agent with its offered rate for deposits in euros, at approximately 11:00 a.m. (Brussels time) on the interest determination date, to prime banks in the Euro-zone interbank market for the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement commencing on the applicable interest reset date, and in a principal amount not less than the equivalent of U.S.\$1 million in euro that is representative of a single transaction in euro, in that market at that time. If at least two quotations are provided, EURIBOR will be the arithmetic mean of those quotations.
- o If fewer than two quotations are provided, EURIBOR will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted by four major banks in the Euro-zone, as selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, at approximately 11:00 a.m. (Brussels time), on the applicable interest reset date for loans in euro to leading European banks for a period of time equivalent to the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement commencing on that interest reset date in a principal amount not less than the equivalent of U.S.\$1 million in euro.
- o If the banks so selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, EURIBOR for that interest determination date will remain EURIBOR for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest will be the initial interest rate.

"Euro-zone" means the region comprised of member states of the European Union that adopt the single currency in accordance with the treaty establishing the European Community, as amended by the treaty on European Union.

FEDERAL FUNDS RATE NOTES

Federal funds rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified

in the applicable pricing supplement. Those interest rates will be based on the federal funds rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

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Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, "federal funds rate" means, for any interest determination date, the rate on that date for federal funds as published in the Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15(519) under the heading "Federal Funds (Effective)" as displayed on Reuters or any successor service, on page FEDFUNDS1 or any other page as may replace the applicable page on that service, which is commonly referred to as "Reuters Page FEDFUNDS1." For the avoidance of doubt, the federal funds rate for any interest determination date is the rate published for the immediately preceding business day.

The following procedures will be followed if the federal funds rate cannot be determined as described above:

- o If the above rate is not published by 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the calculation date, the federal funds rate will be the rate on that interest determination date as published in the H.15 Daily Update under the heading "Federal Funds/Effective Rate."
- If the above rate is not yet published in either H.15(519) or the H.15 Daily Update by 3:00 p.m., New York City time, on the calculation date, the calculation agent will determine the federal funds rate to be the arithmetic mean of the rates for the last transaction in overnight federal funds by each of three leading brokers of federal funds transactions in The City of New York selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, prior to 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on that interest determination date.
- o If the brokers selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the federal funds rate for that interest determination date will be the federal funds rate last in effect on the interest determination date.

LIBOR NOTES

LIBOR notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on London interbank offered rate, which is commonly referred to as "LIBOR," and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the calculation agent will determine "LIBOR" for each interest determination date as follows:

- o As of the interest determination date, LIBOR will be either:
 - o if "LIBOR Reuters" is specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the arithmetic mean of the offered rates for deposits in the index currency having the index maturity designated in the applicable pricing supplement, as of that interest determination date, that appear on the Designated LIBOR Page, as defined below, as of 11:00 a.m., London time, on that interest determination date, if at least two offered rates appear on the Designated LIBOR Page; except that if

the specified Designated LIBOR Page, by its terms provides only for a single rate, that single rate will be used; or

- o if "LIBOR Bloomberg" is specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the rate for deposits in the index currency having the index maturity designated in the applicable pricing supplement, as of that interest determination date or, if pounds sterling is the index currency, commencing on that interest determination date, that appears on the Designated LIBOR Page at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time, on that interest determination date.
- o If (1) fewer than two offered rates appear and "LIBOR Reuters" is specified in the applicable pricing supplement, or (2) no rate appears and the applicable pricing supplement specifies either (x) "LIBOR Bloomberg" or (y) "LIBOR Reuters" and the Designated LIBOR Page by its terms provides only for a single rate, then the calculation agent will request the principal London offices of each of four major reference banks in the London interbank market, as selected by the calculation agent after consultation with us, to provide the calculation agent with its offered quotation for deposits in the index currency for the period of the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as of that interest determination date or, if pounds sterling is the index currency, commencing on that interest determination date, to prime banks in the London interbank market at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time, on that interest determination date and

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in a principal amount that is representative of a single transaction in that index currency in that market at that time.

- o If at least two quotations are provided, LIBOR determined on that interest determination date will be the arithmetic mean of those quotations. If fewer than two quotations are provided, LIBOR will be determined for the applicable interest reset date as the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time, or some other time specified in the applicable pricing supplement, in the applicable principal financial center for the country of the index currency on that interest reset date, by three major banks in that principal financial center selected by the calculation agent, after consultation with us, for loans in the index currency to leading European banks, having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement and in a principal amount that is representative of a single transaction in that index currency in that market at that time.
- o If the banks so selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, LIBOR for that interest determination date will remain LIBOR for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

The "index currency" means the currency specified in the applicable pricing supplement as the currency for which LIBOR will be calculated, or, if the euro is substituted for that currency, the index currency will be the euro. If that currency is not specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the index currency will be U.S. dollars.

"Designated LIBOR Page" means either (a) if "LIBOR Reuters" is designated in

the applicable pricing supplement, the display on Reuters for the purpose of displaying the London interbank rates of major banks for the applicable index currency or its designated successor, or (b) if "LIBOR Bloomberg" is designated in the applicable pricing supplement, the display on Bloomberg or any successor service, page BBAM1