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INTERTAPE POLYMER GROUP INC

Form 6-K

July 29, 2005

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer  
Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of  
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of July, 2005

Commission File Number 1-10928

INTERTAPE POLYMER GROUP INC.

110E Montee de Liesse, St. Laurent, Quebec, Canada, H4T 1N4

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports  
under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F

Form 40-F

X

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as  
permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): \_\_\_\_\_

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as  
permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): \_\_\_\_\_

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this  
Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the  
Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes

No

X

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant  
in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-\_\_\_\_\_

The Information contained in this Report is incorporated by reference into  
Registration Statement No. 333-109944

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the  
registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the  
undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

INTERTAPE POLYMER GROUP INC.

Date: July 28, 2005

By: /s/Andrew M. Archibald  
Andrew M. Archibald, C.A.,  
CFO and Secretary

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2005 SECOND QUARTERLY REPORT

Intertape Polymer Group Inc.  
 Consolidated Quarterly Statements of Earnings  
 Three months ended  
 (In thousands of US dollars, except per share amounts)  
 (Unaudited)

	June 30, 2005	March 31, 2005	December 31, 2004	September 30, 2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sales	190,282	187,697	180,744	177,671
Cost of sales	150,895	148,574	144,689	140,480
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>39,387</b>	<b>39,123</b>	<b>36,055</b>	<b>37,191</b>
Selling, general and administrative expenses	24,844	23,917	25,799	23,327
Stock-based compensation expense	483	455	355	270
Research and development	1,224	1,011	997	1,121
Financial expenses	5,918	5,649	4,302	5,948
Refinancing expense				30,444
Manufacturing facility closure and industrial accident costs	1,087	719	7,386	
	<b>33,556</b>	<b>31,751</b>	<b>38,839</b>	<b>61,110</b>
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	5,831	7,372	(2,784)	(23,919)
Income taxes (recovery)	399	1,339	(20,455)	(9,664)
<b>Net earnings (loss)</b>	<b>5,432</b>	<b>6,033</b>	<b>17,671</b>	<b>(14,255)</b>
Earnings (loss) per share				
Cdn GAAP - Basic - US \$	0.13	0.15	0.43	(0.35)
Cdn GAAP - Diluted - US \$	0.13	0.15	0.43	(0.35)
US GAAP - Basic - US \$	0.13	0.15	0.43	(0.35)
US GAAP - Diluted - US \$	0.13	0.15	0.43	(0.35)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding				
Cdn GAAP - Basic	41,214,969	41,237,461	41,273,840	41,285,161
Cdn GAAP - Diluted	41,550,160	41,444,870	41,468,992	41,285,161
U.S. GAAP - Basic	41,214,969	41,237,461	41,273,840	41,285,161
U.S. GAAP - Diluted	41,550,160	41,444,870	41,468,992	41,285,161

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	June 30, 2004	March 31, 2004	December 31, 2003	September 30, 2003
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sales	171,934	162,100	157,682	159,798
Cost of sales	134,097	129,986	122,975	123,489
Gross profit	37,837	32,114	34,707	36,309
Selling, general and administrative expenses	22,793	22,307	24,843	22,264
Stock-based compensation expense	351	70	130	
Research and development	1,153	962	212	1,080
Financial expenses	7,235	6,768	5,587	7,409
Refinancing expense				
Manufacturing facility closure and industrial accident costs				3,005
	31,532	30,107	33,777	30,753
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	6,305	2,007	930	5,556
Income taxes (recovery)	654	(284)	(4,244)	(643)
Net earnings (loss)	5,651	2,291	5,174	6,199
Earnings (loss) per share				
Cdn GAAP - Basic - US \$	0.14	0.06	0.13	0.18
Cdn GAAP - Diluted - US \$	0.14	0.06	0.13	0.18
US GAAP - Basic - US \$	0.14	0.06	0.13	0.18
US GAAP - Diluted - US \$	0.14	0.06	0.13	0.18
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding				
Cdn GAAP - Basic	41,215,111	40,971,739	40,870,426	35,302,174
Cdn GAAP - Diluted	41,396,403	41,528,581	41,225,776	35,397,800
U.S. GAAP - Basic	41,215,111	40,971,739	40,870,426	35,302,174
U.S. GAAP - Diluted	41,396,403	41,528,581	41,225,776	35,397,800

July 28, 2005

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") supplements the consolidated financial statements and related notes for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2005. Except where otherwise indicated, all financial information reflected herein is prepared in accordance with Canadian

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generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and is expressed in US dollars.

### OVERVIEW

Intertape Polymer Group Inc. ("the Company" or "IPG") experienced a 10.7% increase in sales for the three months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the corresponding period in 2004. Sales increased 1.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2005 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2005.

Earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2005 were \$0.13 per share, both basic and diluted, as compared to earnings of \$0.14 per share, both basic and diluted, for the same period in 2004 and \$0.15 per share, both basic and diluted for the three months ended March 31, 2005.

Excluding non-recurring costs associated with manufacturing facility closures and the industrial accident in Columbia, South Carolina, earnings for the second quarter of 2005 were \$0.15 per share, both basic and diluted, as compared to \$0.14 per share, both basic and diluted for the same period in 2004 and \$0.16 per share, both basic and diluted for the first quarter of 2005.

As previously discussed by the Company, a fatal explosion occurred the night of March 30, 2005 in an external steam generation unit at the Company's manufacturing facility in Columbia, South Carolina. With completion of the preliminary investigation, the Company has established a loss provision totaling approximately \$1.1 million, almost all of which was recorded in the second quarter. Most of the loss provision relates to applicable insurance policy deductibles.

Except as discussed under the captions "Sales" and "Gross Profit and Gross Margin" below, economic and industrial factors during the first half of 2005 were substantially unchanged from December 31, 2004.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### SALES

Sales for the second quarter of 2005 were \$190.3 million, an increase of 10.7% over the second quarter of 2004 sales of \$171.9 million. The increase is due to sales price increases.

Sales for the first six months of 2005 were \$378.0 million compared to \$334.0 million for the same period in 2004, an increase of 13.2%. The increase is attributable to higher selling prices. Sales volumes for the first six months of 2005 are comparable to the sales volumes for the same period in 2004.

The volume experienced in the second quarter of 2005 is due in part to the fact that the Company and the industry as a whole are experiencing a shortage of synthetic rubber, an essential ingredient in the formulation of some of the Company's tape adhesives. The shortage, which began in the first quarter of 2005, is expected to continue through the summer and possibly into next year, until additional capacity becomes available. As a result, the Company is unable to supply selected tapes at levels that meet all of its customers' demand. Fortunately, the Company is uniquely positioned with its broad assortment of products to satisfy some of its customers' demand with alternative products not currently experiencing raw material shortages. The cost of synthetic rubber also increased substantially during the first quarter of 2005 and into the second quarter, but to date, the Company has been able to recover the higher cost through sales price increases. The raw material shortage and industry-wide slowdown in the film side of the business, thought to be related to an industry-wide inventory correction, has caused the Company to revise downward its sales outlook for the full

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year. The Company believes that it can achieve sales for 2005 in the range of \$755 million to \$775 million due to its broad range of products and the sales price increases it has implemented over the last twelve months, down from a range of \$775 million to \$790 million.

### GROSS PROFIT AND GROSS MARGIN

Gross profit for the second quarter of 2005 totaled \$39.4 million at a gross margin of 20.7%, as compared to gross profit of \$37.8 million for the second quarter of 2004 at a gross margin of 22.0%. The margin decline in 2005 compared to 2004 is due to the rising cost of raw materials. The Company has been able to raise prices to levels that recover all raw material cost increases, but has not been able to maintain historical gross margin levels.

The gross profit and gross margin for the first six months of 2005 were \$78.5 million and 20.8% compared to \$70.0 million and 20.9% for the first six months of 2004. The Company's gross margin for the first six months of 2005 was steady between quarters. The Company's first quarter of 2004 gross margin was adversely influenced by production difficulties and the onset of a steady rise in raw material prices. Gross margins began to improve in the second quarter of 2004 due to sales price increases achieved in the second quarter of 2004.

### SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$24.8 million for the second quarter of 2005 (13.1% of sales), compared to \$22.8 million for the second quarter of 2004 (13.3% of sales). The selling, general and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2005 were \$48.8 million (12.9% of sales) compared to \$45.1 million (13.5% of sales) for the same period in 2004.

The selling, general and administrative expenses of \$24.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2005 represents an increase of \$0.9 million over the expense level for the first quarter of 2005. The Company began increasing its staffing level during the first quarter of 2005 in order to support the smaller business teams established at the beginning of the year. Additional staffing was put in place over the course of the first quarter and was substantially in place for all of the second quarter. In addition to the staffing adjustments, the new, smaller business teams increased business travel in a proactive effort to seek out new business. The Company expects to begin realizing sales benefits from the smaller business teams during the second half of 2005.

### STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION EXPENSE

Stock-based compensation expense for the second quarter of 2005 was \$0.5 million compared to \$0.4 million in the second quarter of 2004. For the first six months of 2005, stock-based compensation expense was \$0.9 million compared to \$0.4 million for the comparable period in 2004. The increase in stock-based compensation expense is attributable to the increasing number of stock option grants being expensed in accordance with the fair value method of accounting adopted by the Company in 2003.

### OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is not a financial measure under GAAP in Canada or the United States. The Company's Management uses operating profit to measure and evaluate the profit contributions of the Company's product offerings as well as the contribution by channel of distribution.

Because "operating profit" is a non-GAAP financial measure, companies may

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present similar titled items determined with differing adjustments. Presented below is a table reconciling this non-GAAP financial measure with the most comparable GAAP measurement. The reader is encouraged to review this reconciliation. Operating profit is defined by the Company as gross profit less selling, general and administrative expenses and stock-based compensation expense.

### Operating Profit Reconciliation (In millions of US dollars)

For the periods ended June 30,	Three months		Six months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gross Profit	39.4	37.8	78.5	70.0
Less: SG&A Expense	24.8	22.8	48.8	45.1
Less: Stock-Based Compensation Expense	0.5	0.4	0.9	0.4
Operating Profit	14.1	14.6	28.8	24.5

Operating profit was \$14.1 million for the second quarter of 2005, compared to \$14.6 million for the second quarter of 2004. Higher gross profits in 2005 were offset by increased selling, general and administrative expenses. Operating profit for the six months ended June 30, 2005 totaled \$28.8 million compared to \$24.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004. The increase in operating profits for the first six months of 2005 compared to the first six months of 2004 is due to the increased sales in the first quarter of 2005 compared to the first quarter of 2004.

### FINANCIAL EXPENSES

Financial expenses for the second quarter of 2005 were \$5.9 million compared to \$7.2 million in the first quarter of 2004, a 18.1% reduction. Financial expenses for the first six months of 2005 were \$11.6 million compared to \$14.0 million for the same period in 2004. The decrease in financial expenses is the result of refinancing substantially all of the Company's indebtedness in August 2004. The refinancing resulted in lower interest costs (at current interest rate levels) despite increasing the Company's indebtedness. The Company increased its indebtedness in part to pay the costs of the refinancing and in part to provide cash for general corporate purposes.

Financial expense increased from \$5.6 million in the first quarter of 2005 to \$5.9 million in the second quarter of 2005. The increase is primarily due to increased utilization of the Company's revolving line of credit to fund working capital increases in 2005. Additionally, the Company, entered into an interest-rate swap agreement in June 2005 effectively fixing the interest rate on \$50.0 million of the Company's floating rate bank debt for five years. The interest-rate swap effectively fixes the interest cost on the \$50.0 million of bank debt at 6.52%. A similar swap transaction became effective in July 2005, thereby effectively fixing the interest rate on an additional \$25.0 million of floating rate bank debt at 6.54% for a period of five years.

### FACILITY RATIONALIZATIONS

In the fourth quarter of 2004, as part of the Company's on-going review of the efficiency and effectiveness of its production and distribution network, the Company announced and substantially completed the closure of two of its manufacturing facilities located in Cumming, Georgia and Montreal, Quebec, as well as its distribution center located in Cumming, Georgia. The total

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estimated cost for these closures is \$8.7 million, of which \$7.4 million was recorded in the fourth quarter of 2004. The Company estimates total one-time charges for facility closures to approximate \$1.3 million during 2005, of which \$0.6 million was incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2005 and \$0.1 million was incurred in the three months ended June 30, 2005.

### EBITDA

A reconciliation of the Company's EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA, non-GAAP financial measures, to GAAP net earnings is set out in the EBITDA reconciliation table below. EBITDA should not be construed as earnings before income taxes, net earnings or cash from operating activities as determined by GAAP. The Company defines EBITDA as net income before (i) income taxes; (ii) financial expenses, net of amortization; (iii) amortization of other intangibles and capitalized software costs; and (iv) depreciation. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA before manufacturing facility closure and industrial accident costs. Other companies in our industry may calculate EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA differently than we do.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are not measurements of financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to cash flow from operating activities or as alternatives to net income as indicators of our operating performance or any other measures of performance derived in accordance with GAAP. The Company has included these non-GAAP financial measures because it believes that it permits investors to make a more meaningful comparison of IPG's performance between periods presented. In addition, the Company's covenants contained in the loan agreement with its lenders require certain debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratios be maintained, thus EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are used by Management and the Company's lenders in evaluating the Company's performance.

### EBITDA Reconciliation to Net Earnings (In millions of US dollars)

For the periods ended June 30,	Three months		Six months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net earnings	5.4	5.7	11.5	7.9
Add back:				
Financial expenses, net of amortization	5.6	7.0	10.9	13.3
Income taxes	0.4	0.7	1.7	0.4
Depreciation and amortization	8.2	7.5	16.1	14.6
EBITDA	19.6	20.9	40.2	36.2
Manufacturing facility closure and industrial accident costs	1.1		1.8	
Adjusted EBITDA	20.7	20.9	42.0	36.2

### INCOME TAXES

The Company is subject to income taxation in multiple tax jurisdictions around the world. As a result, the Company's effective income tax rate fluctuates depending upon the geographic source of its earnings. The Company's

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effective income tax rate is also impacted by tax planning strategies that the Company implements. The Company estimates its annual effective income tax rate and utilizes that rate in its quarterly financial statements. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company has an estimated effective income tax rate of approximately 13.2% compared to an estimated effective income tax rate of approximately 4.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

The effective income tax rate for the first six months of 2005 declined from the 18.2% rate estimated in the first quarter of 2005. The rate change is due to changes in profitability among the varying taxing jurisdictions and the relative impact of permanent tax differences as profitability increases or decreases.

### NET EARNINGS

Net earnings for the second quarter of 2005 were \$5.4 million or \$0.13 per share, both basic and diluted, compared to net earnings of \$5.7 million or \$0.14 per share, both basic and diluted for the second quarter of 2004.

Excluding manufacturing facility closure and industrial accident costs and related taxes, adjusted net earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2005 were \$6.1 million or \$0.15 per share, both basic and diluted and \$12.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005. A reconciliation of the Company's adjusted net earnings is set out in the table on the following page:

Reconciliation of Net Earnings to Adjusted Net Earnings  
(in millions of US dollars)

For the periods ended June 30,	Three months		Six months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net earnings - As reported	5.4	5.7	11.5	7.9
Add back:				
Manufacturing facility closure and industrial accident costs (after-tax)	0.7	-	1.1	-
Adjusted net earnings	6.1	5.7	12.6	7.9

### FINANCIAL POSITION

Trade receivables increased \$8.5 million between December 31, 2004 and June 30, 2005. The increase is primarily due to the higher level of sales as well as higher selling prices for the month of June 2005 compared to the month of December 2004. Aside from the trade receivables, inventories were the only other current asset to substantially change between December 31, 2004 and June 30, 2005. Inventories increased during the first six months of 2005 by \$9.0 million due to rising raw material costs, selected pre-buying of raw materials in advance of supplier announced cost increases and the building of finished goods in advance of summer plant shutdowns. Current liabilities increased by \$1.0 million between December 31, 2004 and June 30, 2005. The increase is due to \$5.0 million in borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facilities offset by decreases in other current liabilities of \$4.0 million.

Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and



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amortization, decreased by \$8.8 million in the first half of 2005 primarily due to depreciation and amortization in excess of capital expenditures for the period.

### OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is not a party to any related party transactions. Except for the interest rate swap contracts discussed in the section entitled "Bank Indebtedness and Credit Facilities" and in Notes 9 and 10 to the financial statements, the Company maintains no off-balance sheet arrangements.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash from operations before changes in non-cash working capital items was \$14.4 million for the second quarter of 2005 compared to \$13.8 million for the second quarter of 2004. Changes in non-cash working capital items required \$2.7 million in cash flows for the three months ended June 30, 2005 compared to using \$14.4 million in cash during the same three month period in 2004.

The improved cash flow from operating activities before changes in non-cash working capital items in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2004 is the result of improved profitability. The improved cash flows from changes in non-cash working capital items in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2004 is the result of improved trade receivable collections in the second quarter of 2005, collection of an income tax refund in the second quarter of 2005 and the fact that in the second quarter of 2004, accounts payable and accrued liabilities substantially decreased.

Cash from operations before changes in non-cash working capital items was \$30.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and \$22.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004. Changes in non-cash working capital items required \$20.2 million in cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2005 compared to using \$16.6 million in cash during the same three month period in 2004. In both years, the changes in non-cash working capital items for the six month periods were principally impacted by increasing investments in trade receivables, inventories and a decline in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The rising investments in trade receivables and inventories are reflective of the rising cost of raw materials and the related impact on sales prices to customers.

Cash flows used in investing activities was \$4.9 million in the second quarter of 2005 and \$11.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005. This compares to using \$4.6 million and \$16.5 million, respectively, in cash flows used in investing activities in the second quarter of 2004 and the six months ended June 30, 2004. The decrease for the six month period in 2005 compared to the six month period in 2004 was due to the \$5.5 million used to acquire the duct and masking tape operations of tesa tape, inc. during the first quarter of 2004.

The Company decreased total indebtedness during the three months ended June 30, 2005 by \$1.2 million compared to increasing total indebtedness of \$13.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 2004. The increase in total indebtedness in 2004 was necessary to finance investing activities in excess of cash flows from operations and to build cash balances. Total indebtedness increased during the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 by \$3.3 million and \$19.2 million, respectively, for the same reasons.

The Company's cash liquidity is influenced by several factors, the most significant of which is the Company's level of inventory investment. The Company periodically increases its inventory levels when business

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conditions suggest that it is in the Company's best interest to do so, such as buying opportunities to mitigate the impact of rising raw material costs. The Company does not expect these higher inventory investments to continue indefinitely, but until the circumstances reverse themselves, the Company believes it has adequate cash and credit available to support these strategies. Further, the Company believes that it has the ability to generate sufficient working capital, both long and short term, to meet the requirements of its day-to-day operations, given its operating margins and projected budgets.

### BANK INDEBTEDNESS AND CREDIT FACILITIES

The Company maintains a US\$65.0 million five-year revolving credit facility available in US dollars and a US\$10.0 million five-year revolving credit facility available in Canadian dollars. At June 30, 2005, the Company had borrowed \$9.2 million under its US\$65.0 million revolving credit facility, including \$4.2 million in letters of credit. No amounts were borrowed under the revolving credit facilities at December 31, 2004 except for \$3.8 million in letters of credit. When added with the cash on-hand, cash equivalents and temporary investments, the Company's cash and credit availability, subject to covenant restrictions, totaled \$89.5 million at June 30, 2005 compared to \$93.6 million at December 31, 2004.

In June 2005, the Company entered into a \$50.0 million five year interest-rate swap contract requiring quarterly settlements. The contract effectively fixes \$50.0 million of the Company's floating rate bank debt at 6.52% (including loan premium). In July 2005, the Company entered into a \$25.0 million five year interest-rate swap contract requiring quarterly settlements. The contract effectively fixes \$25.0 million of the Company's floating rate bank debt at 6.54% (including loan premium).

### CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

At March 31, 2005, there were no material changes in the contractual obligations set forth in the Company's 2004 Annual Report that were outside the ordinary course of the Company's business except the interest-rate swap contracts described in the section entitled "Bank Indebtedness and Credit Facilities" and in Notes 9 and 10 to the financial statements.

### CAPITAL STOCK

As at June 30, 2005 there were 41,204,911 common shares of the Company outstanding.

During the first six months of 2005, employees exercised 14,250 stock options with an aggregate exercise price of \$70,936. During the first six months of 2004, employees exercised 115,125 stock options with an aggregate exercise price of \$970,000.

During November 2004, the Company announced that it had registered a Normal Course Issuer Bid in Canada, under which the Company is authorized to repurchase for cancellation up to 5.0% of its outstanding common shares.

In the first quarter of 2005, there were no shares purchased for cancellation. In the second quarter, 46,300 shares were purchased for cancellation at a cost of \$340,000.

### CURRENCY RISK

The Company is subject to currency risks through its Canadian and European operations. Changes in the exchange rates may result in decreases or increases in the foreign exchange gains or losses. The Company does not use

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derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk, as historically these risks have not been significant.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the recorded amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the recorded amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, management reviews its estimates, including those relating to the allowance for doubtful accounts, reserve for slow moving and unmarketable inventories and income taxes based on currently available information. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

The discussion on the methodology and assumptions underlying these critical accounting estimates, their effect on the Company's results of operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2004 can be found in the Company's 2004 Annual Report and have not materially changed since that date.

### NEW ACCOUNTING POLICY

Derivative financial instruments are utilized by the Company to reduce interest rate risk on its debt. The Company does not enter into financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company's policy is to formally designate each derivative financial instrument as a hedge of a specifically identified debt instrument. The Company believes the derivative financial instruments are effective as hedges, both at inception and over the term of the instrument, as the term to maturity, the principal amount and the interest rate basis in the instruments all match the terms of the debt instrument being hedged.

Interest rate swap agreements are used as part of the Company's program to manage the floating interest rate mix of the Company's total debt portfolio and related overall cost of borrowing. The interest rate swap agreements involve the periodic exchange of payments without the exchange of the notional principal amount upon which the payments are based, and are recorded as an adjustment of interest expense on the hedged debt instrument. The related amount payable to or receivable from counterparties is included as an adjustment to accrued interest.

Gains and losses on terminations of interest rate swap agreements are deferred under other current, or non-current, assets or liabilities on the balance sheet and amortized as an adjustment to interest expense related to the obligation over the remaining term of the original contract life of the terminated swap agreement. In the event of early extinguishment of the debt obligation, any realized or unrealized gain or loss from the swap would be recognized in the consolidated statement of earnings at the time of extinguishment.

### SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

A table of Consolidated Quarterly Statements of Earnings for the eight most recent quarters can be found at the beginning of this MD&A.

### DISCLOSURE REQUIRED BY THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

A summary of the significant ways that the governance of the Company differs from that of a US listed company is available on the Company's website at [www.intertapepolymer.com](http://www.intertapepolymer.com) under "Investor Relations."

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### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to IPG, including its Annual Information Form is filed on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com) in Canada and on EDGAR at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) in the U.S.

### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements and information set forth in this Quarterly Report, including statements regarding the business and anticipated financial performance of the Company, constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Federal Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the Company's cost savings from its consolidation efforts, projected sales and earnings, the success of new products, the Company's product mix, and future financing plans.

Forward-looking statements can be identified in some cases by terms such as "may", "should", "could", "intends", "anticipates", "potential", and similar expressions intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements, which reflect our current views regarding future events, are based on assumptions and subject to risks and uncertainties.

Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ from the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, inflation and general economic conditions, changes in the level of demand for the Company's products, competitive pricing pressures, general market trends, failure to achieve planned cost savings associated with consolidation, restrictions and limitations placed on the Company by its debt instruments, international risks including exchange rate fluctuations, trade disruptions, and political instability of foreign markets that we produce in or purchase materials from, and the availability and price of raw materials.

This Quarterly Report contains certain non-GAAP financial measures as defined under SEC rules, including operating profit, EBITDA, and adjusted EBITDA. The Company believes such non-GAAP financial measures improve the transparency of the Company's disclosure, provide a meaningful presentation of the Company's results from its core business operations, excluding the impact of items not related to the Company's ongoing core business operations, and improve the period-to-period comparability of the Company's results from its core business operations.

As required by SEC rules, the Company has provided reconciliations of those measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures.

Additional discussion of factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from management's projections, estimates and expectations is contained in the Company's SEC filings. These and other factors should be considered carefully and undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no duty to update its forward-looking statements, including its sales and earnings outlook, other than as required under applicable law.

This Quarterly Report contains certain non-GAAP financial measures, including operating profit and EBITDA. The Company has included these non-GAAP financial measures because it believes they provide investors with a more

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meaningful period-to-period comparison of the Company's performance. Further, EBITDA is used by IPG's Management, lenders and noteholders to evaluate the Company's performance. IPG has included in this Quarterly Report reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Intertape Polymer Group Inc.  
 Consolidated Earnings  
 Periods ended June 30,  
 (In thousands of US dollars, except per share amounts)

	Three months		Six months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sales	190,282	171,934	377,979	334,034
Cost of sales	150,895	134,097	299,469	264,083
Gross profit	39,387	37,837	78,510	69,951
Selling, general and administrative expenses	24,844	22,793	48,761	45,100
Stock-based compensation	483	351	938	421
Research and development	1,224	1,153	2,235	2,115
Financial expenses	5,918	7,235	11,567	14,003
Manufacturing facility closure and industrial accident costs	1,087		1,806	
	33,556	31,532	65,307	61,639
Earnings before income taxes	5,831	6,305	13,203	8,312
Income taxes	399	654	1,738	370
Net earnings	5,432	5,651	11,465	7,942
Earnings per share				
Basic	0.13	0.14	0.28	0.19
Diluted	0.13	0.14	0.28	0.19

Consolidated Retained Earnings  
 Periods ended June 30,  
 (In thousands of US dollars)  
 (Unaudited)

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	Three months		Six months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of period	85,642	70,582	79,609	68,291
Net earnings	5,432	5,651	11,465	7,942
	91,074	76,233	91,074	76,233
Premium on purchase for cancellation of common shares	11		11	
Balance, end of period	91,063	76,233	91,063	76,233

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Intertape Polymer Group Inc.  
Consolidated Balance Sheets  
As at  
(In thousands of US dollars)

	June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2004 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2004 (Audited)
	\$	\$	\$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	23,247	9,488	21,882
Temporary investment	489		497
Trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$4,463 (\$4,037 in June 2004, \$4,065 in December 2004)	110,167	101,201	101,628
Other receivables	11,283	11,353	13,381
Inventories	99,632	73,213	90,677
Parts and supplies	13,979	13,301	13,618
Prepaid expenses	7,642	5,761	7,788
Future income tax	1,509	2,682	1,509
	267,948	216,999	250,980
Property, plant and equipment	343,839	357,227	352,610
Other assets	17,397	13,181	16,474
Future income taxes	34,731	4,457	36,689
Goodwill	179,767	176,231	179,958
	843,682	768,095	836,711

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LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Bank indebtedness	5,000		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	94,059	91,834	97,849
Installments on long-term debt	2,802	1,958	3,032
	101,861	93,792	100,881
Long-term debt	329,539	290,240	331,095
Other liabilities	435	530	435
	431,835	384,562	432,411
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Capital stock	288,911	289,219	289,180
Contributed surplus	5,264	3,701	4,326
Retained earnings	91,063	76,233	79,609
Accumulated currency translation adjustments	26,609	14,380	31,185
	411,847	383,533	404,300
	843,682	768,095	836,711

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Intertape Polymer Group Inc.  
Consolidated Cash Flows  
Periods ended June 30,  
(In thousands of US dollars)  
(Unaudited)

	Three months		Six months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net earnings	5,432	5,651	11,465	7,942
Non-cash items				
Depreciation and amortization	8,234	7,514	16,142	14,637
Other non-cash charges in connection with facility closures	81		127	
Future income taxes	203	310	1,372	(586)
Stock-based compensation expense	483	351	938	421

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Cash flow from operations before changes in non-cash working capital items	14,433	13,826	30,044	22,414
Changes in non-cash working capital items				
Trade receivables	2,801	(2,163)	(9,100)	(12,248)
Other receivables	2,082		2,017	487
Inventories	(6,338)	(3,366)	(9,535)	(3,878)
Parts and supplies	(96)	43	(409)	(148)
Prepaid expenses	449	1,039	132	2,140
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,616)	(9,935)	(3,285)	(2,997)
	(2,718)	(14,382)	(20,180)	(16,644)
Cash flows from operating activities	11,715	(556)	9,864	5,770
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Property, plant and equipment	(4,069)	(4,055)	(9,058)	(9,875)
Business acquisition				(5,500)
Other assets	(800)	(501)	(1,721)	(1,064)
Goodwill		(58)	(300)	(58)
Cash flows from investing activities	(4,869)	(4,614)	(11,079)	(16,497)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net change in bank indebtedness		15,907	5,000	20,840
Issue of long-term debt				787
Repayment of long-term debt	(1,164)	(2,477)	(1,703)	(2,477)
Issue of common shares	68	1,408	71	2,378
Common shares purchased for cancellation	(340)		(340)	
Cash flows from financing activities	(1,436)	14,838	3,028	21,528
Net increase (decrease) in cash position	5,410	9,668	1,813	10,801
Effect of currency translation adjustments	(246)	(180)	(448)	(1,313)
Cash position, beginning of period	18,083		21,882	
Cash position, end of period	23,247	9,488	23,247	9,488

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 1.

Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated



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financial statements, prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly Intertape Polymer Group Inc.'s ("IPG" or the "Company") financial position as at June 30, 2005 and 2004 as well as its results of operations and its cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004.

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with IPG's annual consolidated financial statements.

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and notes follow the same accounting policies as the most recent annual consolidated financial statements, except for a new accounting policy on derivative financial instruments described in note 9.

### NOTE 2.

#### Earnings per Share

The following table provides a reconciliation between basic and diluted earnings per share:

In thousands of US dollars  
(Except per share amounts)

Periods ended June 30,	Three Months		Six Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net earnings applicable to common shares	5,432	5,651	11,465	7,942
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (000's)	41,215	41,215	41,226	41,093
Effect of dilutive stock options (000's) (a)	335	181	267	336
Weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding (000's)	41,550	41,396	41,493	41,429
Basic earnings per share	0.13	0.14	0.28	0.19
Diluted earnings per share	0.13	0.14	0.28	0.19

(a) Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting outstanding shares, assuming any dilutive effects of stock options.

### NOTE 3.

#### Accounting for Compensation Programs

As at June 30, 2005, the Company had a stock-based compensation plan, which is described in the 2004 Annual Report. Under the transitional provisions prescribed by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA"), the Company is prospectively applying the recognition provisions to stock options issued in 2003 and thereafter. The transitional provisions of the CICA are similar to those of the US Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). To determine the compensation cost, the fair value of stock options is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting periods. For stock

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options granted during the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company is required to make pro forma disclosures of net earnings and basic and diluted earnings per share as if the fair value based method of accounting had been applied.

Accordingly, the Company's net earnings and basic and diluted earnings per share for the periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 would have been decreased to the pro forma amounts indicated in the following table:

In thousands of US dollars  
(Except per share amounts)

Periods ended June 30,	Three Months		Six Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net earnings as reported	5,432	5,651	11,465	7,942
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net earnings	483	351	938	421
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method	(697)	(534)	(1,452)	(797)
Pro forma net earnings	<u>5,218</u>	<u>5,468</u>	<u>10,951</u>	<u>7,566</u>
Earnings per share:				
Basic - as reported	0.13	0.14	0.28	0.19
Basic - pro forma	0.13	0.13	0.27	0.18
Diluted - as reported	0.13	0.14	0.28	0.19
Diluted -pro forma	0.13	0.13	0.26	0.18

NOTE 4.

### Pension and Post-Retirement Benefit Plans

In thousands of US dollars

Periods ended June 30,	Three Months		Six Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans	478	453	949	918

NOTE 5.

Information Included in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Earnings  
In thousands of US dollars

Periods ended June 30,	Three Months		Six Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004

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	\$	\$	\$	\$
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7,896	7,314	15,445	13,926
Amortization of other deferred charges	3	66	10	66
Amortization of debt issue expenses included in financial expenses below	335	134	687	645
Financial expenses				
Interest on long-term debt	5,510	5,910	10,706	11,821
Interest on credit facilities	177	700	207	1,071
Other	381	775	954	1,411
Interest capitalized to property, plant and equipment	(150)	(150)	(300)	(300)
	<u>5,918</u>	<u>7,235</u>	<u>11,567</u>	<u>14,003</u>
Foreign exchange loss	198	372	317	422
Investment tax credits recorded as a reduction of research and development expenses	20	68	40	222

NOTE 6.

Manufacturing Facility Closure and Industrial Accident Costs

The Company incurred one-time costs associated with facility closures of \$0.1 million and \$0.7 million during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2005, respectively. There were no costs associated with facility closures during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2004.

The Company incurred one-time costs associated with an industrial accident of \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2005, respectively. There were no costs associated with industrial accidents during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2004.

NOTE 7.

Capital Stock

During the three months ended June 30, 2005, 13,500 shares with an aggregate exercise price of \$68,011 were issued to employees who exercised stock options.

During the three months ended June 30, 2005, the Company redeemed 46,300 common shares for a cash consideration of \$340,000. An amount of \$329,000 was accounted for as a reduction of the capital stock and an amount of \$11,000 was accounted for as a decrease of retained earnings as a premium on purchase for cancellation of common shares.

During the three months ended March 31, 2005, 750 shares with an aggregate exercise price of \$2,925 were issued to employees who exercised stock options.

During the three months ended June 30, 2004, there were no options exercised.

In May 2004, the Company issued 225,160 common shares to the USA Employees Stock Ownership and Retirement Savings Plan at a value of \$1,408,000.

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During the three months ended March 31, 2004, 115,125 common shares at a value of \$970,000 were issued to employees who exercised stock options.

The Company's shares outstanding as at June 30, 2005, December 31, 2004 and June 30, 2004 were 41,204,911, 41,236,961 and 41,285,161 respectively.

Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:

For the periods ended June 30,	Three Months		Six Months	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
CDN GAAP - Basic	41,214,969	41,215,111	41,226,215	41,092,785
CDN GAAP - Diluted	41,550,160	41,396,403	41,493,093	41,429,232
U.S. GAAP - Basic	41,214,969	41,215,111	41,226,215	41,092,785
U.S. GAAP - Diluted	41,550,160	41,396,403	41,493,093	41,429,232

The Company did not declare or pay dividends during the six months ended June 30, 2005 or the six months ended June 30, 2004.

NOTE 8.

### Business Acquisition

In February 2004, the Company purchased for a cash consideration of \$5.5 million plus contingent consideration (dependent on business retention), assets relating to the masking and duct tape operations of tesa tape, inc. ("tesa tape"). At the same time, the Company finalized its three-year agreement to supply duct tape and masking tape to tesa tape.

The purchase was accounted for as a business combination and, accordingly, the purchase method of accounting was used. The purchase price was allocated to the assets purchased based on their estimated fair values as at the date of acquisition and included \$0.9 million of equipment and \$4.6 million of goodwill. The goodwill is deductible over 15 years for income tax purposes. Any contingent consideration paid will be recorded as an increase in goodwill. During the three months ended March 31, 2005, the Company recorded \$0.3 million of contingent consideration.

NOTE 9.

### Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are utilized by the Company to reduce interest rate risk on its debt. The Company does not enter into financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company's policy is to formally designate each derivative financial instrument as a hedge of a specifically identified debt instrument. The Company believes the derivative financial instruments are effective as hedges, both at inception and over the term of the instrument, as the term to maturity, the principal amount and the interest rate basis in the instruments all match the terms of the debt instrument being hedged.

Interest rate swap agreements are used as part of the Company's program to

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manage the floating interest rate mix of the Company's total debt portfolio and related overall cost of borrowing. The interest rate swap agreements involve the periodic exchange of payments without the exchange of the notional principal amount upon which the payments are based, and are recorded as an adjustment of interest expense on the hedged debt instrument. The related amount payable to or receivable from counterparties is included as an adjustment to accrued interest.

Gains and losses on terminations of interest rate swap agreements are deferred under other current, or non-current, assets or liabilities on the balance sheet and amortized as an adjustment to interest expense related to the obligation over the remaining term of the original contract life of the terminated swap agreement. In the event of early extinguishment of the debt obligation, any realized or unrealized gain or loss from the swap would be recognized in the consolidated statement of earnings at the time of extinguishment.

During the three months ended June 30, 2005, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement for a notional principal amount of \$50.0 million maturing in June 2010. Under the terms of this interest rate swap agreement, the Company receives, on a quarterly basis, a variable interest rate and pays a fixed interest rate of 4.27% plus the premium applicable on its term loan.

NOTE 10.

Subsequent Event

Subsequent to the end of the second quarter of 2005, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement for a notional principal amount of \$25.0 million maturing in July 2010. Under the terms of this interest rate swap agreement, the Company receives, on a quarterly basis, a variable interest rate and pays a fixed interest rate of 4.29% plus the premium applicable on its term loan.

Information Request Form

I would like to  receive or  continue receiving financial information on Intertape Polymer Group Inc.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_
Title: \_\_\_\_\_
Firm: \_\_\_\_\_
Address: \_\_\_\_\_
Province/State: \_\_\_\_\_
Postal Code/Zip: \_\_\_\_\_
Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_
Fax: \_\_\_\_\_
E-mail: \_\_\_\_\_

Please send me now on a regular basis. (Please indicate number of copies requested)

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Investment Dealer  Analyst

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- o Institution/Corporation
- o Institutional Broker
- o Institutional Investor
- o Investment Banker
- o Journalist
- o Retail Broker
- o Shareholder
- o Other

Please Fax a copy of this page to:

The Secretary  
Intertape Polymer Group Inc.  
Fax: 941-727-3798

3647 Cortez Road West  
Bradenton, FL 34210  
Investor Relations  
Toll Free: 866-202-4713  
www.intertapepolymer.com  
itp\$info@intertapeipg.com

Form 52-109FT2 - Certification of Interim Filings during Transition Period

I, Melbourne F. Yull, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of INTERTAPE POLYMER GROUP INC./LE GROUPE INTERTAPE POLYMER INC. certify that:

1. I have reviewed the interim filings (as this term is defined in Multilateral Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings) of INTERTAPE POLYMER GROUP INC./LE GROUPE INTERTAPE POLYMER INC., (the "issuer") for the interim period ending June 30, 2005;
2. Based on my knowledge, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the interim financial statements together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date and for the periods presented in the interim filings.

Date: July 28, 2005

/s/Melbourne F. Yull  
Melbourne F. Yull  
Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Form 52-109FT2 - Certification of Interim Filings during Transition Period

I, Andrew M. Archibald, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of INTERTAPE POLYMER GROUP INC./LE GROUPE INTERTAPE POLYMER INC. certify that:

1. I have reviewed the interim filings (as this term is defined in Multilateral Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings) of INTERTAPE POLYMER GROUP INC./LE GROUPE

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INTERTAPE POLYMER INC., (the "issuer") for the interim period ending June 30, 2005;

2. Based on my knowledge, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the interim financial statements together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Issuer, as of the date and for the periods presented in the interim filings.

Date: July 28, 2005

/s/Andrew M. Archibald  
Andrew M. Archibald  
Chief Financial Officer and Secretary