PRUDENTIAL BANCORP, INC.

Form 10-Q August 09, 2016	
UNITED STATES	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	
Washington, DC 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
(Mark One)	
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13  XACT OF 1934  For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
OR	
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
Commission file number: 000-55084	
Prudential Bancorp, Inc.	
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)	
Pennsylvania (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	<b>46-2935427</b> (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
1834 West Oregon Avenue	19145
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (Address of Principal Executive Offices)	Zip Code

#### (215) 755-1500

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Accelerated filer x Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). "Yes x No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practical date: as of July 31, 2016, 9,544,809 shares were issued and 8,045,544 were outstanding.

# PRUDENTIAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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### PRUDENTIAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

ASSETS	June 30, 2016 (Dollars in	September 30, 2015 Thousands)
Cash and amounts due from depository institutions Interest-bearing deposits	\$2,180 36,392	\$ 2,150 9,122
Total cash and cash equivalents	38,572	11,272
Investment and mortgage-backed securities available for sale (amortized cost—June 30 2016, \$136,913; September 30, 2015, \$77,456)	138,683	77,483
Investment and mortgage-backed securities held to maturity (fair value— June 30, 2016 \$16,793; September 30, 2015, \$66,877)	' 15,488	66,384
Loans receivable—net of allowance for loan losses (June 30, 2016, \$3,269; September 3 2015, \$2,930)	0, 342,459	312,633
Accrued interest receivable Real estate owned Federal Home Loan Bank stock—at cost Office properties and equipment—net Bank owned life insurance Prepaid expenses and other assets Deferred tax assets-net	1,763 207 2,387 1,419 12,973 1,863 476	1,665 869 369 1,492 12,722 1,325 975
TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$556,290	\$ 487,189
LIABILITIES: Deposits: Noninterest-bearing Interest-bearing Total deposits Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank Accrued interest payable Advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$2,832 383,808 386,640 50,227 1,015 2,769 2,573	\$ 2,293 362,781 365,074 - 1,291 1,670 2,153

Total liabilities	443,224	370,188	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none issued	-	-	
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 40,000,000 shares authorized; 9,544,809 issued and			
8,060,799 outstanding at June 30, 2016 and 9,544,809 issued and 8,449,625 outstanding	95	95	
at September 30, 2015			
Additional paid-in capital	95,433	95,286	
Unearned Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares	(4,644 )	(4,926	)
Treasury stock, at cost: 1,499,265 shares at June 30, 2016 and 1,095,184 at September	(21,013)	(14,691	`
30, 2015	(21,013 )	(14,091	,
Retained earnings	42,263	41,219	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	932	18	
Total stockholders' equity	113,066	117,001	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$556,290	\$ 487,189	

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

### PRUDENTIAL bancorp, inc. and subsidiarIES

### UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015 (Dollars in Thousands,		Nine Month June 30, 2016 Except Per	2015
INTEREST INCOME: Interest on loans Interest on mortgage-backed securities Interest and dividends on investments Interest on interest-bearing assets	\$ 3,263 673 529 9	\$ 3,085 465 487 18	\$ 9,489 1,868 1,517 22	\$ 9,629 1,331 1,587 52
Total interest income	4,474	4,055	12,896	12,599
INTEREST EXPENSE: Interest on deposits Interest on advances from Federal Home Loan Bank	682 142	851	2,177 296	2,623
Total interest expense	824	851	2,473	2,623
NET INTEREST INCOME	3,650	3,204	10,423	9,976
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	150	210	225	585
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	3,500	2,994	10,198	9,391
NON-INTEREST INCOME: Fees and other service charges Gain on sale of loans, net Gain on the sale of office properties Gain on sale of investment securities (AFS) Income from bank owned life insurance Other	142 - - 161 83 14	87 - 231 - 84 43	371 2 - 161 251 98	283 138 2,024 - 261 77
Total non-interest income	400	445	883	2,783
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE: Salaries and employee benefits	1,684	2,157	5,071	5,997

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Data processing	112	97	340	309
Professional services	230	303	750	923
Office occupancy	246	279	753	769
Director compensation	123	107	351	275
Deposit insurance	134	95	306	231
Advertising	17	37	55	140
Other	269	357	881	1,225
Total non-interest expense	2,815	3,432	8,507	9,869
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	1,085	7	2,574	2,305
INCOME TAXES:				
Current expense	308	(46)	807	279
Deferred expense (benefit)	-	6	29	(193)
Total income tax expense (benefit)	308	(40)	836	86
NET INCOME	\$ 777	\$ 47	\$ 1,738	\$ 2,219
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.26
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.26
DIVIDENDS PER SHARE	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.24

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

### PRUDENTIAL bancorp, inc. and subsidiarIES

### UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Three months ended June 30, 2016 2015			(	Nine months ended 30, 2016 2015			e
	(Dollars	in T	Thousands)	(	Dollars i	n Th	ousands)	
Net income	\$ 777		\$ 47	9	\$ 1,738		\$ 2,219	
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	744		(1,145	)	1,897		452	
Tax effect	(257	)	389		(645	)	(154	)
Reclassification adjustment for net gain on sale of securities realized in net income	(161	)	-		(161	)	-	
Tax effect	55		-		55		-	
Unrealized holding loss on interest rate swaps	(351	)	-		(351	)	-	
Tax effect	119		-		119		-	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	149		(756	)	914		298	
Comprehensive Income (loss)	\$ 926		\$ (709	) 5	\$ 2,652		\$ 2,517	

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

### PRUDENTIAL bancorp, inc. and subsidiarIES

### UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Additi Comn <b>Ran</b> id-I Stock Capita	n	Unearned ESOP Shares	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	O C In	ccumulated ther omprehensi come coss)	Total	lers'
BALANCE, OCTOBER 1, 2015	(Dollars in 7 \$95 \$95,2			pt Per Shar \$(14,691)		,	18	\$ 117,001	
Net income					1,738			1,738	
Other comprehensive income							914	914	
Dividends paid (\$0.09 per share)					(694)			(694	)
Excess tax benefit from stock compensation plans	156							156	
Issuance of treasury stock (74,665 shares)				862				862	
Purchase of treasury stock (520,546 shares)				(7,824)				(7,824	)
Treasury stock used for Recognition and Retention Plan (41,800 shares issued)	(640	)	)	640				-	
Stock option expense	278							278	
Recognition and Retention Plan expense	251							251	
ESOP shares committed to be released (26,649) shares)	102		282					384	
BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2016	\$95 \$95,4	33	\$ (4,644)	\$(21,013)	\$42,263	\$	932	\$ 113,066	

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	Comn	Additional <b>Rai</b> d-In Capital	Unearned ESOP Shares	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulate Other Comprehen (Loss) Income	ed Total nsiv <b>8</b> tockholders' Equity
BALANCE, OCTOBER 1, 2014		rs in Thou \$ 94,397	sands, Exce \$ (5,302)	•	re Data) \$41,188	\$ (953	) \$ 129,425
Net income					2,219		2,219
Other comprehensive income						298	298
Dividends paid (\$0.24 per share)					(2,111)		(2,111 )
Excess tax benefit from stock compensation plans		118					118
Purchase of treasury stock (694,871 shares)				(8,853)			(8,853 )
Stock option expense		241					241
Recognition and Retention Plan expense		173					173
ESOP shares committed to be released (26,638 shares)		201	282				483
BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2015	\$95	\$ 95,130	\$ (5,020 )	\$(8,853)	\$41,296	\$ (655	) \$ 121,993

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

### PRUDENTIAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Months Ended J 2016 2015			0,
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	(Dollars in			
Net income	\$ 1,738		\$ 2,219	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation	242		239	
Net amortization (accretion) of premiums/discounts	11		(192	)
Provision for loan losses	225		585	,
Net amortization of deferred loan fees and costs	172		187	
Share-based compensation expense for stock options and awards	529		414	
Income from bank owned life insurance	(251	)	(261	)
Gain from sale of loans	(2	)	(138	)
Gain on sale of office properties	_		(2,024	)
Gain on sale of other real estate owned	(58	)	-	
Gain on sale of investments	(161	)	_	
Originations of loans held for sale	(450	)	(2,400	)
Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale	452		2,538	
Compensation expense of ESOP	384		483	
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	29		(193	)
Changes in assets and liabilities which used cash:				
Accrued interest receivable	(98	)	32	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(898	)	532	
Accrued interest payable	(276	)	(547	)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	420		(41	)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,008		1,433	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of investment and mortgage-backed securities available for sale	(67,815	)	-	
Purchase of corporate bonds available for sale	(20,466	)	(22,837	)
Loans originated or acquired	(59,918	)	(53,139	)
Principal collected on loans	29,488		55,943	
Principal payments received on investment and mortgage-backed securities:				
Held-to-maturity	50,962		10,875	
Available-for-sale	3,748		4,268	
Proceeds from sale of investments and mortgage-backed securities AFS	25,161		-	
Proceeds from redemption of FHLB stock	-		852	
Purchase of FHLB stock	(2,018	)	-	
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned	927		360	

Proceeds from sale of office properties	-		2,114	
Purchases of equipment	(169	)	(400	)
Net cash used in investing activities	(40,100	)	(1,964	)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net decrease in demand deposits, NOW accounts, and savings accounts	(4,411	)	(5,738	)
Net increase (decrease) in certificates of deposit	25,977		(9,184	)
Proceeds from FHLB advances	51,999		-	
Repayment of FHLB advances	(1,772	)	(340	)
Increase in advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance	1,099		1,562	
Cash dividends paid	(694	)	(2,111	)
Issuance of treasury stock	1,502		-	
Purchase of treasury stock	(8,464	)	(8,853	)
Excess tax benefit related to stock compensation plans	156		118	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	65,392		(24,546	)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	27,300		(25,077	)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—Beginning of period	11,272		45,382	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS—End of period	\$ 38,572		\$ 20,305	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW				
INFORMATION:				
Interest paid on deposits and advances from Federal				
Home Loan Bank	\$ 2,749	9	\$ 3,170	
Income taxes paid	\$ 450		\$ 475	
SUPPLE,EMTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH ITEMS:				
Real estate acquired im settlement of loans	\$ 207		\$ -	

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

PRUDENTIAL BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Prudential Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") is a Pennsylvania corporation and the parent holding company for Prudential Saving Bank (the "Bank"). The Company is a registered bank holding company.

The Bank is a community-oriented Pennsylvania-chartered savings bank headquartered in South Philadelphia. The banking office network currently consists of the headquarters and main office and five full-service branch offices. Five of the banking offices are located in Philadelphia (Philadelphia County), and one is in Drexel Hill, Delaware County, Pennsylvania. The Bank maintains ATMs at all six of the banking offices. The Bank also provides on-line and mobile banking services.

The Bank is subject to regulation by the Pennsylvania Department of Banking and Securities (the "Department"), as its chartering authority and primary regulator, and by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"), which insures the Bank's deposits up to applicable limits. As a bank holding company, Prudential is subject to the regulation of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

On June 2, 2016, the Company announced the entering into of a definitive merger agreement with Polonia Bancorp, Inc. ("Polonia"); pending receipt of the necessary shareholder and regulatory approvals, Polonia will merge with and into the Company, and Polonia Bank, Polonia's wholly owned subsidiary, will merge with and into the Bank.

Basis of presentation – The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements were prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim information and therefore do not include all the information or footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial condition, results of operations, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). However, all normal recurring adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements have been included. The results for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016, or any other period. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and the accompanying notes thereto

included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. The most significant estimates and assumptions in the Company's consolidated financial statements are recorded in the allowance for loan losses, deferred income taxes, other-than-temporary impairment, and the fair value measurement for financial instruments. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Share-Based Compensation – The Company accounts for stock-based compensation issued to employees, and where appropriate, non-employees, at fair value. Under fair value provisions, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the appropriate vesting period using the straight-line method. The amount of stock-based compensation recognized at any date must at least equal the portion of the grant date fair value of the award that is vested at that date and as a result it may be necessary to recognize the expense using a ratable method. Determining the fair value of stock-based awards at the date of grant requires judgment, including estimating the expected term of the stock options and the expected volatility of the Company's stock. In addition, judgment is required in estimating the amount of stock-based awards that are expected to be forfeited. If actual results differ significantly from these estimates or different key assumptions were used, it could have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Dividends with respect to non-vested share awards granted pursuant to the Company's 2008 Recognition and Retention Plan ("Plan") and held in the Trust (the "Trust") are held for the benefit of the recipients and are paid out proportionately by the Trust to the recipients of stock awards granted pursuant to the Plan as soon as practicable after the stock awards are earned. A recipient of a share award granted under the 2014 Stock Incentive Plan is not entitled to receive any dividends declared on the common stock subject to the award until earned.

*Treasury Stock* – Stock held in treasury by the Company is accounted for using the cost method, which treats stock held in treasury as a reduction to total stockholders' equity. During the nine month period ended June 30, 2016, the Company repurchased 520,546 shares at an approximate total cost of \$7.8 million and issued 74,665 shares for approximately cash received of \$862,000. In addition, the Company purchased 41,800 shares at an aggregate cost of \$640,000 out of treasury for the benefit of the Company's 2014 Stock Incentive Plan to fund the issuance of vesting restricted stock awards.

*FHLB Stock* – FHLB stock is classified as a restricted equity security because ownership is restricted and there is not an established market for its resale. FHLB stock is carried at cost and is evaluated for impairment when certain conditions warrant further consideration. Management concluded that the FHLB stock was not impaired at June 30, 2016.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU" or "Update") 2014-01, *Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323)*: Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects. The amendments in this Update permit reporting entities to make an accounting policy election to account for their investments in qualified affordable housing projects using the proportional amortization method if certain conditions are met. Under the proportional amortization method, an entity amortizes the initial cost of the investment in proportion to the tax credits and other tax benefits received and recognize the net investment performance in the income statement as a component of income tax expense (benefit). The amendments in this Update should be applied retrospectively to all periods presented. A reporting entity that uses the effective yield method to account for its investments in qualified affordable housing projects before the date of adoption may continue to apply the effective yield method for those preexisting investments. The amendments in this Update became effective for public business entities for annual periods and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. Early adoption is permitted. This ASU did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-04, *Receivables – Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40):* Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure. The amendments in this Update clarify that an in-substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, and a creditor is considered

to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan, upon either (1) the creditor obtaining legal title to the residential real estate property upon completion of a foreclosure or (2) the borrower conveying all interest in the residential real estate property to the creditor to satisfy that loan through completion of a deed in lieu of foreclosure or through a similar legal agreement. Additionally, the amendments require interim and annual disclosure of both (1) the amount of foreclosed residential real estate property held by the creditor and (2) the recorded investment in consumer mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate property that are in the process of foreclosure according to requirements of the applicable jurisdiction. The amendments in this Update were effective for public business entities for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. An entity can elect to adopt the amendments in this Update using either a modified retrospective transition method or a prospective transition method. This ASU did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (a new revenue recognition standard). The Update's core principle is that a company will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In addition, this update specifies the accounting for certain costs to obtain or fulfill a contract with a customer and expands disclosure requirements for revenue recognition. This Update is effective, as a result of ASU 2015-14, for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments when the Terms of an Award Provide that a Performance Target Could Be Achieved After the Requisite Service Period. The amendments require that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. The amendments in this Update are effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier adoption is permitted. Entities may apply the amendments in this Update either (a) prospectively to all awards granted or modified after the effective date or (b) retrospectively to all awards with performance targets that are outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements and to all new or modified awards thereafter. If retrospective transition is adopted, the cumulative effect of applying this Update as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements should be recognized as an adjustment to the opening retained earnings balance at that date. Additionally, if retrospective transition is adopted, an entity may use hindsight in measuring and recognizing the compensation cost. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements – Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40)*. The amendments in this Update provide guidance in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America about management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. The amendments in this Update are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In November 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-16, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Determining Whether the Host Contract in a Hybrid Financial Instrument Issued in the Form of a Share Is More Akin to Debt or to Equity (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force).* This ASU clarifies how current U.S. GAAP should be interpreted in subjectively evaluating the economic characteristics and risks of a host contract in a hybrid financial instrument that is issued in the form of a share. Public business entities are required to implement the new requirements in fiscal years and interim periods within those fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In November 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-17, *Business Combinations (Topic 805): Pushdown Accounting.* The amendments in this Update apply to the separate financial statements of an acquired entity and its subsidiaries that are a business or nonprofit activity (either public or nonpublic) upon the occurrence of an event in which an acquirer (an individual or an entity) obtains control of the acquired entity. An acquired entity may elect the option to apply pushdown accounting in the reporting period in which the change-in-control event occurs. If pushdown accounting is not applied in the reporting period in which the change-in-control event occurs, an acquired entity will have the option to elect to apply pushdown accounting in a subsequent reporting period to the acquired entity's most recent change-in-control event. The amendments in this Update were effective on November 18, 2014. After the effective date, an acquired entity was permitted to make an election to apply the guidance to future change-in-control events or to its most recent change-in-control event. This ASU did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In January 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-01, *Income Statement –Extraordinary and Unusual Items*, as part of its initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards. This Update eliminates from GAAP the concept of extraordinary items. The amendments in this Update are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. A reporting entity may apply the amendments prospectively. A reporting entity also may apply the amendments retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Early adoption is permitted provided that the guidance is applied from the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, *Consolidation (Topic 810)*. The amendments in this Update affect reporting entities that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities. All legal entities are subject to reevaluation under the revised consolidation model. Specifically, the amendments (1) modify the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities ("VIEs") or voting interest entities; (2) eliminate the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership; (3) affect the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships; and (4) provide a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities with interests in legal entities that are required to comply with or operate in accordance with requirements that are similar to those in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for registered money market funds. The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, *Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30)*, as part of its initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards. To simplify presentation of debt issuance costs, the amendments in this Update require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the amendments in this Update. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. An entity should apply the new guidance on a retrospective basis, wherein the balance sheet of each individual period presented should be adjusted to reflect the period-specific effects of applying the new guidance. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-04, *Compensation – Retirement Benefits (Topic 715)*, as part of its initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards. For an entity with a fiscal year-end that does not coincide with a month-end, the amendments in this Update provide a practical expedient that permits the entity to measure defined benefit plan assets and obligations using the month-end that is closest to the entity's fiscal year-end and apply that practical expedient consistently from year to year. The practical expedient should be applied consistently to all plans if

an entity has more than one plan. The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Earlier application is permitted. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-05, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other – Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40)*, as part of its initiative to reduce complexity in accounting standards. This guidance will help entities evaluate the accounting for fees paid by a customer in a cloud computing arrangement. The amendments in this Update provide guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license. If a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the customer should account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer should account for the arrangement as a service contract. For public business entities, the FASB decided that the amendments will be effective for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendments will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods in annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-08, *Business Combinations - Pushdown Accounting - Amendment to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 115.* This ASU was issued to amend various SEC paragraphs pursuant to the issuance of Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 115 which deleted certain topics related to push down accounting in order to make the SEC's interpretive guidance consistent with current accounting and audit guidance. This ASU did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, *Revenue from Contract with Customers (Topic 606)*. The amendments in this Update defer the effective date of ASU 2014-09 for all entities by one year. Public business entities, certain not-for-profit entities, and certain employee benefit plans should apply the guidance in ASU 2014-09 to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. All other entities should apply the guidance in ASU 2014-09 to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company is evaluating the effect of adopting this new accounting ASU.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, *Business Combinations (Topic 805)*. The amendments in this Update require that an acquirer recognizes adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. The amendments in this Update require that the acquirer record, in the same period's financial statements, the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization, or other income effects, if any, as a result of the change to the provisional amounts, calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date. The amendments in this Update require an entity to present separately on the face of the income statement or disclose in the notes the portion of the amount recorded in current-period earnings by line item that would have been recorded in previous reporting periods if the adjustment to the provisional amounts had been recognized as of the acquisition date. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. This Update applies to all entities that hold financial assets or owe financial liabilities and is intended to provide more useful information on the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. Among other things, this Update (a) requires equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting or those that result in consolidation of the investee) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income; (b) simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment; (c) eliminates the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost for entities that are not public business entities; (d) eliminates the requirement for public business entities to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet; (e) requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes; (f) requires an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments; (g) requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset (that is, securities or loans and receivables) on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements; and (h) clarifies that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities in combination with the entity's other deferred tax assets. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities including not-for-profit entities and employee benefit plans within the scope of Topics 960 through 965 on plan accounting, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. All entities that are not public business entities may adopt the amendments in this Update earlier as of the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of the standard will have on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The standard requires lessees to recognize the assets and liabilities that arise from leases on the balance sheet. A lessee should recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. A short-term lease is defined as one in which: (a) the lease term is 12 months or less, and (b) there is not an option to purchase the underlying asset that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise. For short-term leases, lessees may elect to recognize lease payments over the lease term on a straight-line basis. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The amendments should be applied at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach with earlier application permitted as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of the standard will have on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-04, *Liabilities – Extinguishments of Liabilities (Subtopic 405-20)*. The standard provides that liabilities related to the sale of prepaid stored-value products within the scope of this Update are financial liabilities. The amendments in the Update provide a narrow scope exception to the guidance in Subtopic 405-20 to require that breakage for those liabilities be accounted for consistent with the breakage guidance in Topic 606. The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities, certain not-for-profit entities, and certain employee benefit plans for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-05, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815)*. The amendments in this Update apply to all reporting entities for which there is a change in the counterparty to a derivative instrument that has been designated as a heading instrument under Topic 815. The standards in this Update clarify that a change in the counterparty to a derivative instrument that has been designated as the hedging instrument under Topic 815 does not, in and of itself, require designation of that hedging relationship provided that all other hedge accounting criteria continue to be met. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. An entity has an option to apply the amendments in this ASU on either a prospective basis or a modified retrospective basis. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-06, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815)*. The amendments apply to all entities that are issuers of or investors in debt instruments (or hybrid financial instruments that are determined to have a debt host) with embedded call (put) options. The amendments in this update clarify the requirements for assessing whether contingent call (put) options that can accelerate the payment of principal on debt instruments are clearly and closely related to their debt host. An entity performing the assessment under the amendments in this Update is required to assess the embedded call (put) options solely in accordance with the four-step decision sequence. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For entities other than public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-07, Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323). The Update affects all entities that have an investment that becomes qualified for the equity method of accounting as a result of an increase in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence. The amendments in this Update eliminate the requirement that when an investment qualifies for use of the equity method as a result of an increase in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence, an investor must adjust the investment, results of operations, and retained earnings retroactively on a step-by-step basis as if the equity method had been in effect during all previous periods that the investment had been held. The amendments require that the equity method investor add the cost of acquiring the additional interest in the investee to the current basis of the investor's previously held interest and adopt the equity method of accounting as of the date the investment becomes qualified for equity method accounting. Therefore, upon qualifying for the equity method of accounting, no retroactive adjustment of the investment is required. The amendments in this Update require that an entity that has an available-for-sale equity security that becomes qualified for the equity method of accounting recognize through earnings the unrealized holding gain or loss in accumulated other comprehensive income at the date the investment becomes qualified for use of the equity method. The amendments in this Update are effective for all entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016. The amendments should be applied prospectively upon their effective date to increases in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence that result in the adoption of the equity method. Earlier application is permitted. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*. The amendments in this Update affect entities with transactions included within the scope of Topic 606, which includes entities that enter into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services (that are an output of the entity's ordinary activities) in exchange for consideration. The amendments in this update do not change the core principle of the guidance in Topic 606; they simply clarify the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. The amendments in this Update are intended to improve the operability and understandability of the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. The amendments in this Update affect the guidance in ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*, which is not yet effective. The effective date and transition requirements for the amendments in this Update are the same as the effective date and transition requirements of Update 2014-09. ASU No. 2015-14, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date*, defers the effective date of Update 2014-09 by one year. The Company is currently evaluating

the impact the adoption of the standard will have on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718)*. The amendments in this Update affect all entities that issue share-based payment awards to their employees. The standards in this Update provide simplification for several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as with equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. Some of the areas for simplification apply only to nonpublic entities. In addition to those simplifications, the amendments eliminate the guidance in Topic 718 that was indefinitely deferred shortly after the issuance of FASB Statement No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment*. This should not result in a change in practice because the guidance that is being superseded was never effective. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted for any entity in any interim or annual period. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.