CBRE GROUP, INC. Form 10-Q November 09, 2018	
UNITED STATES	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	
Washington, D.C. 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018	R 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
OR	
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1934 For the Transition Period from to to	
Commission File Number 001 – 32205	
CBRE GROUP, INC.	
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)	
	0.1.000.1.10
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	94-3391143 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
400 South Hope Street, 25th Floor Los Angeles, California (Address of principal executive offices)	90071 (Zip Code)
(213) 613-3333 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	Not applicable (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No .

The number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding at October 31, 2018 was 340,880,302.

# FORM 10-Q

September 30, 2018

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## PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements CBRE GROUP, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017 (As Adjusted)
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 550,468	\$751,774
Restricted cash	77,470	73,045
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$62,011 and \$46,789 at		
September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	3,410,744	3,112,289
Warehouse receivables	1,598,021	928,038
Prepaid expenses	258,341	215,336
Contract assets	159,928	273,053
Income taxes receivable	54,694	49,628
Other current assets	268,648	227,421
Total Current Assets	6,378,314	5,630,584
Property and equipment, net	702,428	617,739
Goodwill	3,643,143	3,254,740
Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,147,504 and \$1,000,738 at		
September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively	1,403,424	1,399,112
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries	195,322	238,001
Deferred tax assets, net	79,494	98,746
Other assets, net	574,991	479,474
Total Assets	\$12,977,116	\$11,718,396
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$1,674,183	\$1,573,672
Compensation and employee benefits payable	1,054,578	904,434
Accrued bonus and profit sharing	843,184	1,078,345
Contract liabilities	86,771	100,615
Income taxes payable	15,371	70,634
Short-term borrowings:		
Warehouse lines of credit (which fund loans that U.S. Government Sponsored	1,579,740	910,766

Enterprises have committed to purchase)		
Revolving credit facility	141,000	_
Other	16	16
Total short-term borrowings	1,720,756	910,782
Current maturities of long-term debt	3,988	8
Other current liabilities	86,950	74,454
Total Current Liabilities	5,485,781	4,712,944
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	1,760,003	1,999,603
Deferred tax liabilities, net	187,613	147,218
Non-current tax liabilities	139,115	140,792
Other liabilities	632,213	543,225
Total Liabilities	8,204,725	7,543,782
Commitments and contingencies	_	_
Equity:		
CBRE Group, Inc. Stockholders' Equity:		

Class A common stock; \$0.01 par value; 525,000,000 shares authorized;

340,880,302 and 339,459,138 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2018

and December 31, 2017, respectively	3,409	3,395
Additional paid-in capital	1,277,630	1,220,508
Accumulated earnings	4,110,889	3,443,007
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(678,972	) (552,414 )
Total CBRE Group, Inc. Stockholders' Equity	4,712,956	4,114,496
Non-controlling interests	59,435	60,118
Total Equity	4,772,391	4,174,614
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$12,977,116	\$11,718,396

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

	Three Months September 30,	Ended	Nine Months E September 30,	Ended
	2018	2017	2018	2017
		(As Adjusted)		(As Adjusted)
Revenue	\$5,260,954	\$4,638,596	\$15,046,340	\$13,129,133
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of services	4,098,904	3,598,279	11,677,613	10,154,296
Operating, administrative and other	859,085	704,950	2,417,602	2,024,191
Depreciation and amortization	113,484	102,591	335,048	297,014
Total costs and expenses	5,071,473	4,405,820	14,430,263	12,475,501
Gain on disposition of real estate	236	6,180	12,565	18,863
Operating income	189,717	238,956	628,642	672,495
Equity income from unconsolidated subsidiaries	126,840	67,834	263,040	158,236
Other income	95,515	1,768	95,244	9,069
Interest income	1,231	3,129	6,341	6,967
Interest expense	26,651	34,483	82,394	103,923
Write-off of financing costs on extinguished debt	_	_	27,982	_
Income before provision for income taxes	386,652	277,204	882,891	742,844
Provision for income taxes	94,963	77,072	211,446	200,778
Net income	291,689	200,132	671,445	542,066
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling				
interests	1,220	1,044	2,021	4,181
Net income attributable to CBRE Group, Inc.	\$290,469	\$199,088	\$669,424	\$537,885
Basic income per share:				
Net income per share attributable to CBRE Group,				
Inc.	\$0.86	\$0.59	\$1.97	\$1.59
Weighted average shares outstanding for basic income				
per share	339,477,316	337,948,324	339,151,807	337,280,914
Diluted income per share:				
Net income per share attributable to CBRE Group,				
Inc.	\$0.85	\$0.58	\$1.95	\$1.58
Weighted average shares outstanding for diluted				
income per share	343,733,947	341,186,431	343,267,240	340,502,432

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Net income	\$291,689	(As Adjusted) \$ 200,132	\$671,445	(As Adjusted) \$ 542,066	
Other comprehensive (loss) income:	Ψ2/1,00/	Ψ 200,132	ψ0/1,113	ψ 5-12,000	
Foreign currency translation (loss) gain	(30,985)	65,035	(130,879)	204,872	
Adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2016-01,	(= 0,5 == )	55,555	(-2 0,017)		
$\mathcal{B}$					
net of tax	_		(3,964)		
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive			, i		
•					
loss to interest expense, net of tax	570	1,260	1,953	4,148	
Unrealized gains on interest rate swaps, net of tax	65	25	882	102	
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available for sale debt					
securities, net of tax	22	339	(605)	2,239	
Other, net	(15)	(4	5,513	(20)	
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(30,343)	66,655	(127,100)	211,341	
Comprehensive income	261,346	266,787	544,345	753,407	
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling					
interests	1,357	1,227	1,479	4,544	
Comprehensive income attributable to CBRE Group, Inc.	\$259,989	\$ 265,560	\$542,866	\$ 748,863	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Nine Months September 3 2018	0,	nded 2017 (As Adjusted)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$671,445		\$542,066	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	335,048		297,014	
Amortization and write-off of financing costs on extinguished debt	33,405		7,371	
Gains related to mortgage servicing rights, premiums on loan sales and sales of other assets	(156,973	)	(131,062)	)
Gain associated with remeasuring our investment in a previously unconsolidated				
subsidiary to fair value				
as of the date we acquired the remaining interest	(92,624	)	_	
Gains on disposition of real estate held for investment	(3,197	)		
Net realized and unrealized gains from investments	(2,620	)	(9,069	)
Equity income from unconsolidated subsidiaries	(263,040	)	(158,236)	)
Provision for doubtful accounts	17,606		7,442	
Compensation expense for equity awards	97,035		68,975	
Proceeds from sale of mortgage loans	13,351,590		11,316,041	
Origination of mortgage loans	(13,979,29		(11,441,884)	)
Increase in warehouse lines of credit	668,974		161,600	
Distribution of earnings from unconsolidated subsidiaries	262,670		155,937	
Tenant concessions received	22,846		14,739	
Purchase of equity securities	(66,380	)	(61,813	)
Proceeds from sale of equity securities	56,605		53,251	
Increase in receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets (including contract assets)	(366,647	)	(111,635)	)
(Increase) decrease in real estate held for sale and under development	(2,177	)	10,784	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses and other liabilities				
(including contract				
liabilities)	85,648		(78,695)	)
Decrease in compensation and employee benefits payable and accrued bonus and			,	
profit sharing	(136,257	)	(231,364)	)
Increase in net income taxes receivable/payable	(21,642	)	(10,631	)
Other operating activities, net	(9,705	)	(15,238)	)
Net cash provided by operating activities	502,311		385,593	i
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			·	

Capital expenditures	(151,893	)	(101,606	)
Acquisition of businesses, including net assets acquired, intangibles and goodwill, net				
of cash acquired	(313,560	)	(36,063	)
Contributions to unconsolidated subsidiaries	(31,026	)	(36,659	)
Distributions from unconsolidated subsidiaries	53,720		39,181	
Net proceeds from disposition of real estate held for investment	14,174			
Purchase of equity securities	(15,931	)	(12,167	)
Proceeds from sale of equity securities	11,402		11,959	
Purchase of available for sale debt securities	(20,860	)	(17,241	)
Proceeds from the sale of available for sale debt securities	5,432		13,659	
Other investing activities, net	(5,557	)	1,156	
Net cash used in investing activities	(454,099	)	(137,781	)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from senior term loans	550,000			
Proceeds from revolving credit facility	2,913,000		911,000	
Repayment of revolving credit facility	(2,772,000	)	(911,000	)
Repayment of 5.00% senior notes (including premium)	(820,000	)	_	
Proceeds from notes payable on real estate held for investment	83		79	
Repayment of notes payable on real estate held for investment	(13,028	)	(1,324	)
Proceeds from notes payable on real estate held for sale and under development	3,156		3,341	
Repayment of notes payable on real estate held for sale and under development	(2,991	)	(10,777	)
Acquisition of businesses (cash paid for acquisitions more than three months after				
purchase date)	(14,970	)	(23,331	)
Repayment of debt assumed in acquisition of FacilitySource	(26,295	)		
Units repurchased for payment of taxes on equity awards	(27,696	)	(29,549	)
Non-controlling interest contributions	9,558		3,410	
Non-controlling interest distributions	(11,382	)	(6,643	)
Other financing activities, net	(915	)	(2,694	)
Net cash used in financing activities	(213,480	)	(67,488	)
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents and restricted				
cash	(31,613	)	28,663	
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND				
RESTRICTED CASH	(196,881	)	208,987	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, AT BEGINNING				
OF PERIOD	824,819		831,412	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH, AT END OF	•		ĺ	
PERIOD	\$627,938		\$1,040,399	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				
Cash paid during the period for:				
Interest	\$95,822		\$111,826	
Income taxes, net	\$235,305		\$204,228	
•	•		•	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	CBRE (	Group, Inc. Sh	nareholders			
	Class					
	A	Additional			Non-	
	commo	n paid-in	Accumulated	Accumulated other	controlling	
	stock	capital	earnings	comprehensive	e lossinterests	Total
Balance at December 31, 2017 (As		•	Ç	•		
Adjusted)	\$3,395	\$1,220,508	\$3,443,007	\$ (552,414	) \$60,118	\$4,174,614
Net income			669,424	<del></del>	2,021	671,445
Adoption of Accounting Standards						
Update 2016-01,						
net of tax (see Note 3)	_	_	3,964	(3,964	) —	_
Compensation expense for equity						
awards		97,035	_			97,035
Reclassification of stock incentive						
plan award from						
an equity award to a liability						
award	_	(9,074)	<u> </u>	_	_	(9,074)
Units repurchased for payment of						
taxes on equity awards		(27,696)	· —	_	_	(27,696)
Foreign currency translation loss	_	<u> </u>	_	(130,337	) (542	(130,879)
Amounts reclassified from						
accumulated other						
comprehensive loss to interest						
expense, net of tax				1,953		1,953
Unrealized gains on interest rate						
swaps, net of tax	_	_	_	882	_	882
Unrealized holding losses on						
available for sale debt						
securities, net of tax				(605	) —	(605)
Contributions from non-controlling				Ì	,	Ì
interests	_	_	_	_	9,558	9,558
Distributions to non-controlling						
interests					(11,382	) (11,382 )

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Other	14	(3,143	) (5,506	) 5,513	(338	) (3,460 )
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$3,409	\$1,277,630	\$4,110,889	\$ (678,972	) \$59,435	\$4,772,391

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

Readers of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (Quarterly Report) should refer to the audited financial statements and notes to consolidated financial statements of CBRE Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation (which may be referred to in these financial statements as "the company," "we," "us" and "our"), for the year ended December 31, 2017, which are included in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K (2017 Annual Report), filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and also available on our website (www.cbre.com), since we have omitted from this Quarterly Report certain footnote disclosures which would substantially duplicate those contained in such audited financial statements. You should also refer to Note 2, Significant Accounting Policies, in the notes to consolidated financial statements in our 2017 Annual Report for further discussion of our significant accounting policies and estimates.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules applicable to quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and include all information and footnotes required for interim financial statement presentation, but do not include all disclosures required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S.), or GAAP, for annual financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments, except as otherwise noted) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates and the underlying assumptions affect the amounts of assets and liabilities reported, and reported amounts of revenue and expenses. Such estimates include the value of goodwill, intangibles and other long-lived assets, real estate assets, accounts receivable, contract assets, investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and assumptions used in the calculation of income taxes, retirement and other post-employment benefits, among others. These estimates and assumptions are based on our best judgment. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including consideration of the current economic environment, and adjust such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from these estimates. Changes in these estimates resulting from continuing changes in the economic environment will be reflected in the financial statements in future periods.

Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation in connection with our adoption of new revenue recognition guidance (as further described in notes 2, 3 and 12). In addition, certain reclassifications have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. Such reclassifications primarily relate to the adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016 01, ASU 2016-15 and ASU 2016-18 as further described in Note 3.

The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018.

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies Update Revenue Recognition

We account for revenue in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." Topic 606 also includes Subtopic 340-40, "Other Assets and Deferred Costs – Contracts with

Customers," which requires deferral of incremental costs to obtain and fulfill a contract with a customer. We adopted new revenue recognition guidance on January 1, 2018, using the full retrospective method (see Note 3). Revenue is recognized when or as control of the promised services is transferred to our customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those services.

The following is a description of principal activities – separated by reportable segments – from which we generate revenue. For more detailed information about our reportable segments, see Notes 12 and 13.

CBRE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The Americas, Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA), and Asia Pacific

The Americas segment is our largest segment of operations and provides a comprehensive range of services throughout the United States (U.S.), in the largest regions of Canada and in key markets in Latin America. The primary services offered consist of the following: property leasing, property sales, mortgage services, appraisal and valuation, occupier outsourcing and property management services.

Our EMEA and Asia Pacific segments generally provide services similar to the Americas business segment. The EMEA segment has operations primarily in Europe, while the Asia Pacific segment has operations in Asia, Australia and New Zealand.

Property Leasing and Property Sales

Through our Advisory & Transaction Services business line, we provide strategic advice and execution to owners, investors, and occupiers of real estate in connection with the leasing of office, industrial and retail space. We also offer clients fully integrated property sales services under the CBRE Capital Markets brand. We are compensated for our services in the form of a commission and, in some instances may earn various forms of variable incentive consideration. Our commission is paid upon the occurrence of certain contractual event(s) which may be contingent. For example, a portion of our leasing commission may be paid upon signing of the lease by the tenant, with the remaining paid upon occurrence of another future contingent event (e.g. payment of first month's rent or tenant move-in). For sales, our commission is typically paid at the closing of the sale. We typically satisfy our performance obligation at a point in time when control is transferred; generally, at the time of the first contractual event where there is a present right to payment. We look to history, experience with a customer, and deal specific considerations to support our judgement that the second contingency (if applicable) will be met. Therefore, we typically accelerate the recognition of the revenue associated with the second contingent event.

In addition to our commission, we may recognize other forms of variable consideration which can include, but are not limited to, commissions subject to concession or claw back and volume based discounts or rebates. We assess variable consideration on a contract by contract basis, and when appropriate, recognize revenue based on our assessment of the outcome (using the most likely outcome approach or weighted probability) and historical results, if comparable and representative. We recognize variable consideration if it is deemed probable that there will not be significant reversal in the future.

Mortgage Originations and Loan Sales

Under the CBRE Capital Markets brand, we offer clients fully integrated commercial mortgage and structured financing services. Fees from services within our mortgage brokerage business that are in the scope of Topic 606 include fees earned for the brokering of commercial mortgage loans primarily through relationships established with investment banking firms, national and regional banks, credit companies, insurance companies and pension funds. We are compensated for our brokerage services via a fee paid upon successful placement of a commercial mortgage borrower with a lender who will provide financing. The fee earned is contingent upon the funding of the loan. We typically satisfy our performance obligation when control is transferred at the point in time of the funding of the loan.

We also earn fees from the origination and sale of commercial mortgage loans for which the company retains the servicing rights. These fees are governed by the "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" topic (Topic 820) and "Transfers and Servicing" topic (Topic 860) of the FASB ASC. Upon origination of a mortgage loan held for sale, the fair value of the mortgage servicing rights (MSR) to be retained is included in the forecasted proceeds from the anticipated loan sale and results in a net gain (which is reflected in revenue). Upon sale, we record a servicing asset or liability based on the fair value of the retained MSR associated with the transferred loan. Subsequent to the initial recording, MSRs are amortized and carried at the lower of amortized cost or fair value in other intangible assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. They are amortized in proportion to and over the estimated period that the servicing income is expected to be received.

CBRE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### Appraisal and Valuation

We provide valuation services that include market-value appraisals, litigation support, discounted cash flow analyses, feasibility studies as well as consulting services such as property condition reports, hotel advisory and environmental consulting. We are compensated for valuation services in the form of a fee, which is payable on the occurrence of certain events (e.g., a portion on the delivery of a draft report with the remaining on the delivery of the final report). For consulting services, we may be paid based on the occurrence of time or event-based milestones (such as the delivery of draft reports). We typically satisfy our performance obligation as services are rendered over time.

#### Occupier Outsourcing Services

We provide a broad suite of services to occupiers of real estate, including facilities management, project management, transaction management and strategic consulting. We report facilities and project management as well as strategic consulting activities in our occupier outsourcing revenue line and transaction management in our lease and sales revenue lines.

Facilities management involves the day-to-day management of client-occupied space and includes headquarter buildings, regional offices, administrative offices, data centers and other critical facilities, manufacturing and laboratory facilities, distribution facilities and retail space. Contracts for facilities management services are often structured so we are reimbursed for client-dedicated personnel costs and subcontracted vendor costs as well as associated overhead expenses plus a monthly fee, and, in some cases, annual incentives tied to agreed-upon performance targets, with any penalties typically capped. Facilities management services represent a series of distinct daily services rendered over time.

Project management services are often provided on a portfolio wide or programmatic basis. Revenues from project management services generally includes fixed management fees, variable fees, and incentive fees if certain agreed-upon performance targets are met. Revenues from project management may also include reimbursement of payroll and related costs for personnel providing the services and subcontracted vendor costs. Project management services represent a series of distinct daily services rendered over time.

The amount of revenue recognized is presented gross for any services provided by our employees, as we control them. This is evidenced by our obligation for their performance and our ability to direct and redirect their work, as well as negotiate the value of such services. The amount of revenue recognized related to the majority of facilities management contracts and certain project management arrangements is presented gross (with offsetting expense recorded in cost of services) for reimbursements of costs of third-party services because we control those services that are delivered to the client. In the instances when we do not control third-party services delivered to the client, we report revenues net of the third-party reimbursements.

In addition to our management fee, we receive various types of variable consideration which can include, but is not limited to; key performance indicator bonuses or penalties which may be linked to subcontractor performance, gross maximum price, glidepaths, savings guarantees, shared savings, or fixed fee structures. We assess variable consideration on a contract by contract basis, and when appropriate, recognize revenue based on our assessment of the outcome (using the most likely outcome approach or weighted probability) and historical results, if comparable and

representative. Using management assessment and historical results and statistics, we accelerate revenue if it is deemed probable there will not be significant reversal in the future.

CBRE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### Property Management

We provide property management services on a contractual basis for owners of and investors in office, industrial and retail properties. These services include construction management, marketing, building engineering, accounting and financial services. We are compensated for our services through a monthly management fee earned based on either a specified percentage of the monthly rental income, rental receipts generated from the property under management or a fixed fee. We are also often reimbursed for our administrative and payroll costs directly attributable to the properties under management. Property management services represent a series of distinct daily services rendered over time. The amount of revenue recognized is presented gross for any services provided by our employees, as we control them. We generally do not control third-party services delivered to property management clients. As such, we report revenues net of third-party reimbursements.

#### Global Investment Management

Our Global Investment Management business segment provides investment management services to pension funds, insurance companies, sovereign wealth funds, foundations, endowments and other institutional investors seeking to generate returns and diversification through investment in real estate. We sponsor investment programs that span the risk/return spectrum in: North America, Europe, Asia and Australia. We are typically compensated in the form of a base management fee, disposition fees, acquisition fees and incentive fees in the form of performance fees or carried interest based on fund type (open or closed ended, respectively). For the base management fee, we typically satisfy the performance obligation as service is rendered over time pursuant to the series guidance. For acquisition and disposition services, we typically satisfy the performance obligation at a point in time (at acquisition or upon disposition). For contracts with contingent fees, including performance fees, incentive fees and carried interest, we assess variable consideration on a contract by contract basis, and when appropriate, recognize revenue based on our assessment of the outcome (using the most likely outcome approach or weighted probability) and historical results, if comparable and representative. Revenue associated with performance fees and carried interest are typically constrained due to volatility in the real estate market, a broad range of possible outcomes, and other factors in the market that are outside of our control.

#### **Development Services**

Our Development Services business segment consists of real estate development and investment activities primarily in the United States to users of and investors in commercial real estate, as well as for our own account. We pursue opportunistic, risk-mitigated development and investment in commercial real estate across a wide spectrum of property types, including: industrial, office and retail properties; healthcare facilities of all types (medical office buildings, hospitals and ambulatory surgery centers); and residential/mixed-use projects. We pursue development and investment activity on behalf of our clients on a fee basis with no, or limited, ownership interest in a property, in partnership with our clients through co-investment – either on an individual project basis or through programs with certain strategic capital partners or for our own account with 100% ownership. Development services represent a series of distinct daily services rendered over time. Fees are typically payable monthly over the service term or upon contractual defined events, like project milestones. In addition to development fee revenue, we receive various types of variable consideration which can include, but is not limited to, contingent lease-up bonuses, cost saving incentives, profit sharing on sales and at-risk fees. We assess variable consideration on a contract by contract basis, and when

appropriate, recognize revenue based on our assessment of the outcome (using the most likely outcome approach or weighted probability) and historical results, if comparable and representative. We accelerate revenue if it is deemed probable there will not be significant reversal in the future.

CBRE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

We record accounts receivable for our unconditional rights to consideration arising from our performance under contracts with customers. The carrying value of such receivables, net of the allowance for doubtful accounts, represents their estimated net realizable value. We estimate our allowance for doubtful accounts for specific accounts receivable balances based on historical collection trends, the age of outstanding accounts receivables and existing economic conditions associated with the receivables. Past-due accounts receivable balances are written off when our internal collection efforts have been unsuccessful. As a practical expedient, we do not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component when we expect, at contract inception, that the period between our transfer of a promised service to a customer and when the customer pays for that service will be one year or less. We do not typically include extended payment terms in our contracts with customers.

## Remaining Performance Obligations

Remaining performance obligations represent the aggregate transaction prices for contracts where our performance obligations have not yet been satisfied. As of September 30, 2018, the aggregate amount of transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations in our property leasing business was not significant. We apply the practical expedient related to remaining performance obligations that are part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less and the practical expedient related to variable consideration from remaining performance obligations pursuant to the series guidance. All of our remaining performance obligations apply to one of these practical expedients.

#### Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities

Contract assets represent assets for revenue that has been recognized in advance of billing the customer and for which the right to bill is contingent upon something other than the passage of time. This is common for contingent portions of commissions in brokerage and incentive fees present in various businesses. Billing requirements vary by contract but are generally structured around fixed monthly fees, reimbursement of employee and other third-party costs, and the achievement or completion of certain contingent events.

When we receive consideration, or such consideration is unconditionally due, from a customer prior to transferring services to the customer under the terms of the services contract, we record deferred revenue, which represents a contract liability. Such deferred revenue typically results from milestone payments pertaining to future services not yet rendered. We recognize the contract liability as revenue once we have transferred control of service to the customer and all revenue recognition criteria are met.

Contract assets and contract liabilities are determined for each contract on a net basis. For contract assets, we classify the short-term portion as a separate line item within current assets and the long-term portion within other assets, long-term in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. For contract liabilities, we classify the short-term portion as a separate line item within current liabilities and the long-term portion within other liabilities, long-term in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

## **Contract Costs**

Contract costs primarily consist of upfront costs incurred to obtain or to fulfill a contract. These costs are typically found within our Occupier Outsourcing business line. Such costs relate to transition costs to fulfill contracts prior to services being rendered and are included within other intangible assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Capitalized transition costs are amortized based on the transfer of services to which the assets relate which can vary on a contract by contract basis, and are included in cost of services in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. For contract costs that are recognized as assets, we periodically review for impairment.

CBRE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Applying the contract cost practical expedient, we recognize the incremental costs of obtaining contracts as an expense when incurred if the amortization period of the assets that we otherwise would have recognized is one year or less.

Income Taxes

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (Tax Act) was signed into law making significant changes to the Internal Revenue Code, including, but not limited to: (i) a U.S. corporate tax rate decrease from 35% to 21%, effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017; (ii) the transition of U.S. international taxation from a worldwide tax system to a territorial system; and (iii) a one-time transition tax (i.e. toll charge) on the mandatory deemed repatriation of cumulative foreign earnings as of December 31, 2017. In December 2017, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) staff issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118 (SAB 118), "Income Tax Accounting Implications of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act," which allows us to record provisional amounts during a measurement period not to extend beyond one year of the enactment date. In March 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2018-05, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118," which added SEC guidance related to SAB 118.

Our provision for income taxes for 2017 included a provisional amount related to our estimate of the U.S. federal and state tax impact of the transition tax and other components of the Tax Act. In the first quarter of 2018, we obtained additional information affecting the provisional amount initially recorded for the transition tax. As a result, we recorded an immaterial adjustment to the transition tax in the tax provision for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Provisional amounts that have been recorded are based upon our best estimate of the impact of the Tax Act in accordance with our understanding of the Tax Act and the related guidance available. Our analysis of the available information, including the proposed regulations from the U.S. Treasury issued on August 1, 2018, has guided our assessment of the impact of certain positions. Given the complexity of the Tax Act, anticipated future guidance from the U.S. Treasury and Internal Revenue Service and the potential for additional guidance from the SEC or the FASB, we are continuing to analyze the impact of the Tax Act. Additional work is necessary on the provisional amount related to the transition tax, which includes performing a more detailed analysis of historic foreign earnings and tax pools, foreign cash positions, and potential corresponding adjustments. We anticipate finalizing and recording any resulting adjustments from our analysis during the quarter ending December 31, 2018.

See Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements set forth in Item 8 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 for a summary of our other significant accounting policies.

3. New Accounting Pronouncements
Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

The FASB previously issued five ASUs related to revenue recognition ("new revenue recognition guidance"). The ASUs issued were: (1) in May 2014, ASU 2014 09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606);" (2) in March 2016, ASU 2016 08, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net);" (3) in April 2016, ASU 2016 10, "Revenue from Contracts with

Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing;" (4) in May 2016, ASU 2016 12, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-scope Improvements and Practical Expedients;" and (5) in December 2016, ASU 2016 20, "Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue From Contracts with Customers." As mentioned in Note 2, we adopted the new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018 using the full retrospective transition method. This resulted in a cumulative adjustment of \$94.6 million to the accumulated earnings balance reflected in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2017, including an \$87.9 million impact of adoption effective January 1, 2016 as well as the impact from restatements of full year statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 resulting in adjustments of \$5.6 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. The impact of the application of the new revenue recognition guidance resulted in an acceleration of revenues that were based, in part, on future contingent events. For example, some leasing commission revenues in various countries where we operate were recognized earlier. Under former GAAP, a portion of these lease commission revenues was deferred until a future contingency was

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

resolved (e.g., tenant move-in or payment of first month's rent). Under the new revenue guidance, our performance obligation will be typically satisfied at lease signing and therefore the portion of the commission that is contingent on a future event has been recognized earlier if deemed probable that there will not be significant reversal in the future. The acceleration of the timing of revenue recognition also resulted in the acceleration of expense recognition relating to direct commissions payable to brokers. In addition, the acceleration of these revenues and expenses resulted in an increase in total assets and liabilities to reflect contract assets and accrued commissions payable.

We evaluated the impact of the updated principal versus agent guidance on our consolidated financial statements. Under former GAAP, certain third-party costs associated with our facilities and project management contracts were accounted for on a net basis because the contracts include provisions such as "pay when paid" that mitigate payment risk with respect to services provided by third parties to our clients. Under the new revenue recognition guidance, control of the services before transfer to the client is the primary factor in determining principal versus agent assessments. Payment risk is no longer a determining factor under Topic 606. We have determined that we control the services provided by third parties on behalf of certain of our facilities and project management clients. Accordingly, under the new guidance, we are accounting for the cost of services provided by third parties and the related reimbursement revenue on a gross basis.

The following table presents the effects of the adoption of the new revenue recognition guidance on our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

Adoption of

New Revenue

Recognition

	As Reported	Guidance	As Adjusted
Receivables	\$3,207,285	\$ (94,996	) \$3,112,289
Contract assets	_	273,053	273,053
Total current assets	5,452,527	178,057	5,630,584
Other assets, net	422,965	56,509	479,474
Total assets	11,483,830	234,566	11,718,396
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,674,287	(100,615	) 1,573,672
Compensation and employee benefits payable	803,504	100,930	904,434
Accrued bonus and profit sharing	1,072,976	5,369	1,078,345
Contract liabilities	_	100,615	100,615
Total current liabilities	4,606,645	106,299	4,712,944
Deferred tax liabilities, net	114,017	33,201	147,218
Total liabilities	7,404,282	139,500	7,543,782
Accumulated earnings	3,348,385	94,622	3,443,007

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Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(552,858)	444	(552,414)
Total CBRE Group, Inc. stockholders' equity	4,019,430	95,066	4,114,496
Total liabilities and equity	11,483,830	234,566	11,718,396

The following tables present the effects of the adoption of the new revenue recognition guidance on our consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 (dollars in thousands, except share amounts):

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017		
	2017	Adoption of	
		New	
		Revenue	
		Recognition	
	As		As
	Reported	Guidance	Adjusted
Revenue	\$3,549,977	\$1,088,619	\$4,638,596
Cost of services	2,513,377	1,084,902	3,598,279
Operating, administrative and other	704,898	52	704,950
Operating income	235,291	3,665	238,956
Income before provision for income taxes	273,539	3,665	277,204
Provision for income taxes	76,178	894	77,072
Net income	197,361	2,771	200,132
Net income attributable to CBRE Group, Inc.	196,317	2,771	199,088
Earnings per share:			
Basic income per share	\$0.58	\$0.01	\$0.59
Diluted income per share	0.58	_	0.58
_			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Adoption of

New Revenue

Recognition

	As		
	Reported	Guidance	As Adjusted
Revenue	\$9,873,396	\$3,255,737	\$13,129,133
Cost of services	6,919,018	3,235,278	10,154,296
Operating, administrative and other	2,023,503	688	2,024,191
Operating income	652,724	19,771	672,495
Income before provision for income taxes	723,073	19,771	742,844
Provision for income taxes	195,813	4,965	200,778
Net income	527,260	14,806	542,066
Net income attributable to CBRE Group, Inc.	523,079	14,806	537,885
Earnings per share:			
Basic income per share	\$1.55	\$0.04	\$1.59
Diluted income per share	1.54	0.04	1.58

See Note 2 for further discussion of the effects of the adoption of ASU 2014-09 on our significant accounting policies.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016 01, "Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." This ASU 2016-01 states that entities will have to measure equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method, those that result in consolidation of the investee and certain other investments) at fair value and recognize any changes in fair value in net income. Under the new guidance, entities will measure equity investments in the scope of the guidance at the end of each reporting period. We will no longer be able to classify equity investments as trading or available for sale, and will no longer recognize unrealized holding gains and losses on equity securities previously classified as available for sale in other comprehensive income (loss). However, the guidance for classifying and measuring investments in debt securities and loans is unchanged. We adopted ASU 2016 01 in the first quarter of 2018, which resulted in a cumulative adjustment to accumulated earnings of \$4.0 million on January 1, 2018, representing the accumulated unrealized gains (net of tax) reported in accumulated other comprehensive loss for available for sale equity securities on December 31, 2017.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016 15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments." This ASU addressed eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice. We adopted ASU 2016 15 in the first quarter of 2018. This resulted in changes to our consolidated statement of cash flows included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including:

An accounting policy election was made in the first quarter of 2018 to classify distributions from all of our equity method investments based on the "nature of distribution method". Under this approach, we classify the distributions based on the nature of the activities of the investee that generated the distribution. This resulted in \$138.3 million of distributions from equity method investments being reclassified from cash flows from investing activities to cash flows from operating activities for the first nine months of 2017;

Purchase price payments made related to acquisitions more than three months after the acquisition closed are to be reflected as cash flows from financing activities (assuming they do not exceed the amount recorded in the initial measurement period). If we record an increase to the estimated purchase price liability post-measurement period, then such increase (i.e. amounts we pay out above and beyond initial estimate of liability) would get recorded as an operating cash flow. This resulted in \$23.3 million of cash paid for acquisitions being reclassified from cash used in investing activities to cash used in financing activities for the first nine months of 2017;

Payments for debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs, including third-party costs, premiums paid, and other fees paid to lenders that are directly related to the debt prepayment or debt extinguishment are to be reflected as cash used in financing activities. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we paid a \$20.0 million premium in connection with the early redemption of our 5.00% senior notes (see Note 9). Such premium has been reflected in cash used in financing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016 18, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash." This ASU requires that a statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash. We adopted ASU 2016-18 in the first quarter of 2018 and, as a result, restricted cash has been included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Pending Adoption

The FASB previously issued three ASUs related to leases. The ASUs issued were: (1) in February 2016, ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)", (2) in July 2018, ASU 2018-10, "Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases" and (3) in July 2018, ASU 2018-11 "Target Improvements." ASU 2016-02 requires lessees to recognize most leases on the balance sheet as liabilities, with corresponding right-of-use assets. For income statement recognition purposes, leases will be classified as either a finance or operating lease in a manner similar to the requirements under the current lease accounting literature, but without relying upon the bright-line tests. The amendments in ASU 2018-10 affect narrow aspects of the guidance issued in the amendments in ASU 2016-02. The amendments in ASU 2018-11 provide an optional method for adopting the new leasing guidance and provide lessors with a practical expedient to combine lease and associated non-lease components by class of underlying asset in contracts that meet certain criteria. These ASUs are effective for annual periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. We plan to adopt these ASUs in the first quarter of 2019 by using the optional transitional method with a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. We have identified our lease populations and believe the adoption of the ASUs will have a material impact on our financial statements. Furthermore, we have decided to elect certain practical expedients afforded by the ASUs, including the expedient to forego separating lease and non-lease components in our lessee contracts, which will increase the magnitude of our balance sheet gross-up. While we continue to validate our lease data, we are progressing with the implementation and testing of our lease accounting system.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016 13, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." This ASU is intended to improve financial reporting by requiring timelier recording of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments held by financial institutions and other organizations. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those years, with early adoption permitted. We are evaluating the effect that ASU 2016 13 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017 04, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment." This ASU eliminates Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. This ASU also eliminates the requirements for any reporting unit with a zero or negative carrying amount to perform a qualitative assessment. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those years, with early adoption permitted. We are evaluating the effect that ASU 2017 04 will have on our goodwill assessment process, but do not believe the adoption of ASU 2017 04 will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017 08, "Receivables – Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20), Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities." This ASU requires the premium to be amortized to the earliest call date. This ASU does not require an accounting change for securities held at a discount; the discount

continues to be amortized to maturity. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those years, with early adoption permitted. We are evaluating the effect that ASU 2017 08 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017 12, "Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities." This ASU refines and expands hedge accounting for both financial and commodity risks. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those years, with early adoption permitted. We are evaluating the effect that ASU 2017 12 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018 02, "Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income." This ASU provides an option to reclassify stranded tax effects within accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings in each period in which the effect of the change in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate in the Tax Act (or portion thereof) is recorded. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. We are evaluating the effect that ASU 2018 02 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, but do not expect it to have a material impact.

In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018 09, "Codification Improvements." The amendments in ASU 2018-09 represent changes to clarify, correct errors in, or make minor improvements to the Codification, eliminating inconsistencies and providing clarifications in current guidance. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. We are evaluating the effect that ASU 2018 09 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, but do not expect it to have a material impact.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018 13, "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement." This ASU eliminates, adds and modifies certain disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. As ASU 2018-13 only revises disclosure requirements, it will not have any impact on our consolidated financial statements. We are evaluating the effect, if any, that ASU 2018 13 will have on our disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018 14, "Compensation—Retirement Benefits—Defined Benefit Plans—General (Subtopic 715-20): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans." This ASU makes minor changes to the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement plans. This ASU is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2020, with early adoption permitted. As ASU 2018-14 only revises disclosure requirements, it will not have any impact on our consolidated financial statements. We are evaluating the effect, if any, that ASU 2018 14 will have on our disclosures.

## 4. FacilitySource Acquisition

On June 12, 2018, CBRE Jason Acquisition LLC (Merger Sub), our wholly-owned subsidiary, and FacilitySource Holdings, LLC (FacilitySource), WP X Finance, LP and Warburg Pincus X Partners, LP (collectively, the Stockholders) entered into a stock purchase agreement and plan of merger (the Merger Agreement). As part of the Merger Agreement, (i) we purchased from the Stockholders all the outstanding shares of capital stock of FS WP Holdco, Inc (Blocker Corp), which owned 1,686,013 Class A units (the Blocker Units) and (ii) immediately following the acquisition of Blocker Corp, Merger Sub merged with FacilitySource, with FacilitySource continuing as the surviving company and our wholly-owned subsidiary within our Americas segment (the FacilitySource Acquisition), with the remaining Blocker Units not held by Blocker Corp. cancelled and converted into the right to receive cash

consideration as set forth in the Merger Agreement. The estimated net initial purchase price was approximately \$265.5 million, with \$262.0 million paid in cash, plus adjustments for working capital and other items. We financed the transaction with cash on hand and borrowings under our revolving credit facility. We completed the FacilitySource Acquisition to help us (i) build a tech-enabled supply chain capability that is unique for the occupier outsourcing industry and (ii) drive meaningfully differentiated outcomes for leading occupiers of real estate.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

The following represents a summary of the excess purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired (dollars in thousands):

Estimated purchase price	\$265,465
Less: Estimated fair value of net assets acquired (see table below)	(47,118)
Excess purchase price over estimated fair value of net assets	
acquired	\$218,347

The preliminary purchase accounting related to the FacilitySource Acquisition has been recorded in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The excess purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired has been recorded to goodwill. The goodwill arising from the FacilitySource Acquisition consists largely of the synergies and economies of scale expected from combining the operations acquired from FacilitySource with ours. We are currently assessing if any portion of the goodwill recorded in connection with the FacilitySource Acquisition will be deductible for tax purposes. Given the complexity of the transaction, the calculation of the fair value of certain assets and liabilities acquired, primarily intangible assets, computer software and income tax items, is still preliminary. The purchase price allocation is expected to be completed as soon as practicable, but no later than one year from the acquisition date. The following table summarizes the aggregate estimated fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in the FacilitySource Acquisition (dollars in thousands):

Assets Acquired:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,627
Receivables, net	37,902
Prepaid expenses	477
Property and equipment	54,730
Other intangible assets	64,400
Other assets	114
Total assets acquired	160,250
Liabilities Assumed:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	48,278
Compensation and employee benefits payable	1,472
Accrued bonus and profit sharing	5,036
Line of credit and term loan	26,295
Deferred tax liability	30,923
Other liabilities	1,128
Total liabilities assumed	113,132
Estimated Fair Value of Net Assets Acquired	\$47,118

The following is a summary of the preliminary estimate of the amortizable intangible assets and depreciable computer software acquired in connection with the FacilitySource Acquisition (dollars in thousands):

			At Septe 2018	ember 30,
	Weighted			
	Average	Amount	Accumu	ılated
	Amortization/	Assigned at	Amortiz	ation Net
	Depreciation	Acquisition	and	Carrying
Asset Class	Period	Date	Depreci	a <b>Wouh</b> ue
Intangibles:			-	
Trade name	20 years	\$ 38,950	\$568	\$38,382
Customer relationships	6.67 years	25,450	780	24,670
Total amortizable intangible assets acquired	14.7 years	\$ 64,400	\$1,348	\$63,052
Property and Equipment:				
Computer software	10 years	\$ 51,850	\$1,512	\$50,338

Upon close of the FacilitySource Acquisition, we immediately repaid the line of credit and term loan assumed from FacilitySource.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

The accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2018 include revenue, an operating loss and a net loss of \$54.9 million, (\$2.2) million and (\$1.6) million, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 include revenue, an operating loss and a net loss of \$67.5 million, (\$2.4) million and (\$1.8) million, respectively, attributable to the FacilitySource Acquisition. This does not include direct transaction and integration costs of \$4.4 million and \$4.6 million and depreciation and amortization expense of \$2.3 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, related to computer software and intangible assets acquired, all of which were incurred during both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 in connection with the FacilitySource Acquisition.

Unaudited pro forma results, assuming the FacilitySource Acquisition had occurred as of January 1, 2017 for purposes of the pro forma disclosures for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, are presented below. They include certain adjustments for increased depreciation and amortization expense related to acquired computer software and intangible assets as well as increased interest expense associated with borrowings under our revolving credit facility used to fund the acquisition, as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Nine Months		onths
	Ended	Ended	
	September 30,	September 30,	
	20182017	2018	2017
Depreciation expense	\$ \$ 1,090	\$2,377	\$3,269
Amortization expense	<b>—</b> 1,441	2,976	4,324
Interest expense	<b>—</b> 1,525	2,769	4,574

Pro forma adjustments also include the removal of \$4.4 million and \$4.6 million of direct costs incurred by us during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, as well as the tax impact of all pro forma adjustments for all periods presented. These unaudited pro forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of what operating results would have been had the FacilitySource Acquisition occurred on January 1, 2017 and may not be indicative of future operating results (dollars in thousands, except share data):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue	\$5,260,954	\$4,675,977	\$15,143,266	\$13,421,277
Operating income	194,155	231,975	623,771	651,553
Net income attributable to CBRE Group, Inc.	293,726	193,666	663,247	521,621
Basic income per share:				
Net income per share attributable to CBRE Group,				
Inc.	\$0.87	\$0.57	\$1.96	\$1.55

Weighted average shares outstanding for basic

income per share	339,477,316	337,948,324	339,151,807	337,280,914
Diluted income per share:				
Net income per share attributable to CBRE Group,				
Inc.	\$0.85	\$0.57	\$1.93	\$1.53
Weighted average shares outstanding for diluted				
income per share	343,733,947	341,186,431	343,267,240	340,502,432

#### 5. Warehouse Receivables & Warehouse Lines of Credit

Our wholly-owned subsidiary CBRE Capital Markets, Inc. (CBRE Capital Markets) is a Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) approved Multifamily Program Plus Seller/Servicer and an approved Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) Aggregation and Negotiated Transaction Seller/Servicer. In addition, CBRE Capital Markets' wholly-owned subsidiary CBRE Multifamily Capital, Inc. (CBRE MCI) is an approved Fannie Mae Delegated Underwriting and Servicing (DUS) Seller/Servicer and CBRE Capital Markets' wholly-owned subsidiary CBRE HMF, Inc. (CBRE HMF) is a U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) approved Non-Supervised Federal Housing Authority (FHA) Title II Mortgagee, an approved Multifamily Accelerated Processing (MAP) lender and an approved Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) issuer of mortgage-backed securities (MBS). Under these arrangements, before loans are originated through proceeds from warehouse lines of credit, we obtain either a contractual loan purchase commitment from either

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Freddie Mac or Fannie Mae or a confirmed forward trade commitment for the issuance and purchase of a Fannie Mae or Ginnie Mae MBS that will be secured by the loans. The warehouse lines of credit are generally repaid within a one-month period when Freddie Mac or Fannie Mae buys the loans or upon settlement of the Fannie Mae or Ginnie Mae MBS, while we retain the servicing rights. Loans are funded at the prevailing market rates. We elect the fair value option for all warehouse receivables. At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, all of the warehouse receivables included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets were either under commitment to be purchased by Freddie Mac or had confirmed forward trade commitments for the issuance and purchase of Fannie Mae or Ginnie Mae mortgage-backed securities that will be secured by the underlying loans.

A rollforward of our warehouse receivables is as follows (dollars in thousands):

Beginning balance at December 31, 2017	\$928,038
Origination of mortgage loans	13,979,299
Gains (premiums on loan sales)	38,963
Proceeds from sale of mortgage loans:	
Sale of mortgage loans	(13,312,627)
Cash collections of premiums on loan sales	(38,963)
Proceeds from sale of mortgage loans	(13,351,590)
Net increase in mortgage servicing rights included in warehouse receivables	3,311
Ending balance at September 30, 2018	\$1,598,021

The following table is a summary of our warehouse lines of credit in place as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

	Current		September 3 Maximum Facility	0, 2018 Carrying	December 3 Maximum Facility	1, 2017 Carrying
Lender	Maturity	Pricing	Size	Value	Size	Value
JP Morgan Chase	10/23/2018	daily one-month LIBOR plus				
Bank, N.A. (JP		1.45%				
Morgan) (1)			\$1,000,000	\$870,446	\$1,000,000	\$192,180
JP Morgan (2)	10/23/2018	daily one-month LIBOR plus				
		2.75%	25,000	_	25,000	5,800
Fannie Mae	Cancelable	daily one-month LIBOR plus	450,000	34,655	450,000	205,827
Multifamily As Soon		1.35%, with a LIBOR floor				
As	anytime	of 0.35%				

Pooled Plus Agreement and Multifamily						
As Soon As Pooled Sale Agreement						
(ASAP) Program	610010010					
TD Bank, N.A. (TD	6/30/2019	daily one-month LIBOR plus				
Bank) (3)		1.20%	400,000	296,487	800,000	225,416
Bank of America, N.A.	6/4/2019	daily one-month LIBOR plus				
(BofA) (4)		1.30%	225,000	220,348	337,500	130,443
Capital One, N.A.	7/27/2019	daily one-month LIBOR plus				
(Capital One) (5)		1.35%	200,000	157,804	387,500	151,100
			\$2,300,000	\$1,579,740	\$3,000,000	\$910,766

- (1) In October 2018, the maximum facility size was increased to \$1,010.0 million, the interest rate was changed to daily one-month LIBOR plus 1.30% and the maturity date was extended to October 21, 2019.
- (2) In October 2018, the maximum facility size was reduced to \$15.0 million and the maturity date was extended to October 21, 2019.
- (3) Line was temporarily increased from \$400.0 million to \$800.0 million to accommodate 2017 year-end volume. Maximum facility reverted to \$400.0 million on February 1, 2018. During July 2018, to accommodate increased volume, line was again temporarily increased to \$800.0 million, reduced to \$625.0 million on September 21, 2018, and reverted to \$400.0 million on September 30, 2018. Our arrangement with TD Bank allows us to increase or decrease the line with a two-week notice.
- (4) Line was temporarily increased from \$225.0 million to \$337.5 million to accommodate 2017 year-end volume. Maximum facility reverted back to \$225.0 million on January 27, 2018. Effective July 2, 2018, line was temporarily increased from \$225.0 million to \$337.5 million to accommodate projected volume in July. Maximum facility reverted to \$225.0 million on August 18, 2018.
- (5) Line was temporarily increased from \$200.0 million to \$387.5 million to accommodate 2017 year-end volume. Maximum facility reverted back to \$200.0 million on January 9, 2018. During July 2018, to accommodate increased volume, the line was temporarily increased from \$200.0 million to \$375.0 million, and reverted to \$200.0 million on September 21, 2018.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we had a maximum of \$2.3 billion of warehouse lines of credit principal outstanding.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### 6. Variable Interest Entities (VIEs)

We hold variable interests in certain VIEs in our Global Investment Management and Development Services segments which are not consolidated as it was determined that we are not the primary beneficiary. Our involvement with these entities is in the form of equity co-investments and fee arrangements.

As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, our maximum exposure to loss related to VIEs which are not consolidated was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2018	2017
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries	\$ 23,996	\$ 26,273
Co-investment commitments	22,262	2,364
Other current assets	3,715	3,401
Maximum exposure to loss	\$ 49,973	\$ 32,038

#### 7. Fair Value Measurements

Topic 820 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Topic 820 also establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

There were no significant transfers in or out of Level 1 and Level 2 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. There have been no significant changes to the valuation techniques and inputs used to develop the recurring fair value measurements from those disclosed in our 2017 Annual Report.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

The following tables present the fair value of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (dollars in thousands):

	As of September 30, 2018			
	Fair Value Measured and Recorded Using			
			Le	vel
	Level 1	Level 2	3	Total
Assets				
Available for sale debt securities:				
U.S. treasury securities	\$3,650	<b>\$</b> —	\$	<b>—</b> \$3,650
Debt securities issued by U.S. federal agencies		10,459		— 10,459
Corporate debt securities		26,846		— 26,846
Asset-backed securities		4,694		<b></b> 4,694
Collateralized mortgage obligations	_	2,256		<b>—</b> 2,256
Total available for sale debt securities	3,650	44,255		<b>—</b> 47,905
Equity securities	148,778	_		— 148,778
Warehouse receivables		1,598,021		- 1,598,021
Total assets at fair value	\$152,428	\$1,642,276	\$	- \$1,794,704
Liabilities				
Interest rate swaps	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,370	\$	<b>—</b> \$1,370
Securities sold, not yet purchased	3,529	_		<b>—</b> 3,529
Total liabilities at fair value	\$3,529	\$1,370	\$	<b></b> \$4,899

	As of December 31, 2017 Fair Value Measured and Recorded Using Level			
	Level 1	Level 2	3 Total	
Assets				
Available for sale debt securities:				
U.S. treasury securities	\$3,820	\$—	\$ - \$3,820	
Debt securities issued by U.S. federal agencies		4,901	<b></b> 4,901	
Corporate debt securities	<u>—</u>	20,023	— 20,023	
Asset-backed securities		3,577	<b>—</b> 3,577	
Collateralized mortgage obligations	<u>—</u>	2,366	<b>—</b> 2,366	
Total available for sale debt securities	3,820	30,867	<b>—</b> 34,687	
Equity securities	133,595	_	— 133,595	
Warehouse receivables		928,038	— 928,038	
Total assets at fair value	\$137,415	\$958,905	\$ - \$1,096,320	
Liabilities				
Interest rate swaps	<b>\$</b> —	\$4,766	\$ — \$4,766	

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Securities sold, not yet purchased	3,431		<b>—</b> 3,431
Foreign currency exchange forward contracts	_	55	<b>—</b> 55
Total liabilities at fair value	\$3,431	\$4,821	\$ - \$8,252

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, we recorded a gain of \$92.6 million associated with remeasuring our 50% investment in a previously unconsolidated subsidiary in New England to fair value as of the date we acquired the remaining 50% controlling interest. Fair value of this investment in unconsolidated subsidiary at acquisition date was \$110.1 million, based upon the purchase price paid for the remaining 50% interest acquired, excluding the estimated control premium paid, which falls under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Such gain was reflected in other income in our Americas segment in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018.

There were no significant non-recurring fair value measurements recorded during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

FASB ASC Topic 825, "Financial Instruments" requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Our financial instruments are as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash – These balances include cash and cash equivalents as well as restricted cash with maturities of less than three months. The carrying amount approximates fair value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

Receivables, less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts – Due to their short-term nature, fair value approximates carrying value.

Warehouse Receivables – These balances are carried at fair value based on market prices at the balance sheet date. Debt & Equity Securities – These investments are carried at their fair value.

Foreign Currency Exchange Forward Contracts – These assets and liabilities are carried at their fair value as calculated by using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative.

Securities Sold, not yet Purchased – These liabilities are carried at their fair value.

• Short-Term Borrowings – The majority of this balance represents outstanding amounts under our warehouse lines of credit of our wholly-owned subsidiary, CBRE Capital Markets, and our revolving credit facility. Due to the short-term nature and variable interest rates of these instruments, fair value approximates carrying value (see Notes 5 and 9).

Senior Term Loans – Based upon information from third-party banks (which falls within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy), the estimated fair value of our senior term loans was approximately \$747.7 million at September 30, 2018 and \$199.9 million at December 31, 2017. Their actual carrying value, net of unamortized debt issuance costs, totaled \$744.1 million and \$193.5 million at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively (see Note 9). Interest Rate Swaps – These liabilities are carried at their fair value as calculated by using widely-accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative.

Senior Notes – Based on dealers' quotes (which falls within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy), the estimated fair values of our 4.875% senior notes and 5.25% senior notes were \$612.9 million and \$443.1 million, respectively, at September 30, 2018 and \$645.7 million and \$468.0 million, respectively, at December 31, 2017. The actual carrying value of our 4.875% senior notes and 5.25% senior notes, net of unamortized debt issuance costs as well as unamortized discount or premium, if applicable, totaled \$592.6 million and \$422.6 million, respectively, at September 30, 2018 and \$592.0 million and \$422.4 million, respectively, at December 31, 2017. In March 2018, we redeemed our 5.00% senior notes in full (see Note 9). At December 31, 2017, the estimated fair value (based on dealers' quotes) and actual carrying value (net of unamortized debt issuance costs) of our 5.00% senior notes was

#### 8. Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries

\$823.8 million and \$791.7 million, respectively.

Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Our investment ownership percentages in equity method investments vary, generally ranging up to 5.0% in our Global Investment Management segment, up to 10.0% in our Development Services segment, and up to 50.0% in our other business segments.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Combined condensed financial information for the entities accounted for using the equity method is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Month	s Ended
	September 30,		September 3	0,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Global Investment Management				
Revenue	\$305,829	\$308,221	\$931,116	\$813,279
Operating income (loss)	329,982	(59,677)	607,344	32,211
Net income	281,580	36,937	454,871	101,334
Development Services				
Revenue	\$34,582	\$29,273	\$88,587	\$78,276
Operating income	188,470	152,102	271,607	329,959
Net income	170,387	141,489	240,700	307,641
Other				
Revenue	\$52,534	\$46,648	\$161,471	\$116,651
Operating income	4,537	6,504	16,427	17,483
Net income	3,920	7,868	16,140	21,526
Total				
Revenue	\$392,945	\$384,142	\$1,181,174	\$1,008,206
Operating income	522,989	98,929	895,378	379,653
Net income	455,887	186,294	711,711	430,501

# 9.Long-Term Debt and Short-Term Borrowings Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Senior term loans, with interest ranging from 2.51% to 3.15%, due quarterly through		
2022	\$ 750,000	\$ 200,000
4.875% senior notes due in 2026, net of unamortized discount	596,556	596,273
5.25% senior notes due in 2025, net of unamortized premium	426,180	426,317
5.00% senior notes, redeemed in full in March 2018	_	800,000
Other	4,737	8
Total long-term debt	1,777,473	2,022,598
Less: current maturities of long-term debt	(3,988	(8)

Less: unamortized debt issuance costs	(13,482	) (22,987)
Total long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$ 1,760,003	\$ 1,999,603

We maintain credit facilities with third-party lenders, which we use for a variety of purposes. On October 31, 2017, CBRE Services, Inc. (CBRE Services), our wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into a Credit Agreement (the 2017 Credit Agreement), which refinanced and replaced our prior credit agreement (the 2015 Credit Agreement). We used \$200.0 million of borrowings from the tranche A term loan facility and \$83.0 million of revolving credit facility borrowings under the 2017 Credit Agreement, in addition to cash on hand, to repay all amounts outstanding under the 2015 Credit Agreement.

The 2017 Credit Agreement is a senior unsecured credit facility that is jointly and severally guaranteed by us and certain of our subsidiaries. As of September 30, 2018, the 2017 Credit Agreement provided for the following: (1) a \$2.8 billion revolving credit facility, which includes the capacity to obtain letters of credit and swingline loans and matures on October 31, 2022 and (2) a \$750.0 million delayed draw tranche A term loan facility, requiring quarterly principal payments, which began on March 5, 2018 and continue through maturity on October 31, 2022, provided that in the event that our leverage ratio (as defined in the 2017 Credit Agreement) is less than or equal to 2.50 to 1.00 on the last day of the fiscal quarter immediately preceding any such payment date, no such quarterly principal payment shall be required on such date.

CBRE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

On March 14, 2013, CBRE Services issued \$800.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.00% senior notes due March 15, 2023. The 5.00% senior notes were unsecured obligations of CBRE Services, senior to all of its current and future subordinated indebtedness, but effectively subordinated to all of its current and future secured indebtedness. The 5.00% senior notes were jointly and severally guaranteed on a senior basis by us and each domestic subsidiary of CBRE Services that guaranteed our 2017 Credit Agreement. Interest accrued at a rate of 5.00% per year and was payable semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15. The 5.00% senior notes were redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, on March 15, 2018 at a redemption price of 102.5% of the principal amount on that date. We redeemed these notes in full on March 15, 2018 and incurred charges of \$28.0 million, including a premium of \$20.0 million and the write-off of \$8.0 million of unamortized deferred financing costs. We funded this redemption with \$550.0 million of borrowings from our tranche A term loan facility and borrowings from our revolving credit facility under our 2017 Credit Agreement. The amount of the 5.00% senior notes, net of unamortized debt issuance costs, included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets was \$791.7 million at December 31, 2017.

The indentures governing our 4.875% senior notes and 5.25% senior notes contain restrictive covenants that, among other things, limit our ability to create or permit liens on assets securing indebtedness, enter into sale/leaseback transactions and enter into consolidations or mergers. In addition, our 2017 Credit Agreement also requires us to maintain a minimum coverage ratio of consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the 2017 Credit Agreement) to consolidated interest expense of 2.00x and a maximum leverage ratio of total debt less available cash to consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the 2017 Credit Agreement) of 4.25x (and in the case of the first four full fiscal quarters following consummation of a qualified acquisition (as defined in the 2017 Credit Agreement), 4.75x) as of the end of each fiscal quarter. On this basis, our coverage ratio of consolidated EBITDA to consolidated interest expense was 18.62x for the trailing twelve months ended September 30, 2018, and our leverage ratio of total debt less available cash to consolidated EBITDA was 0.79x as of September 30, 2018.

**Short-Term Borrowings** 

**Revolving Credit Facility** 

As of September 30, 2018, \$141.0 million was outstanding under the revolving credit facility. In addition, as of September 30, 2018, letters of credit totaling \$2.0 million were outstanding under our revolving credit facility under our 2017 Credit Agreement. These letters of credit, which reduce the amount we may borrow under the revolving credit facility, were primarily issued in the ordinary course of business. As of December 31, 2017, no amounts were outstanding under the revolving credit facility other than letters of credit totaling \$2.0 million.

Warehouse Lines of Credit

CBRE Capital Markets has warehouse lines of credit with third-party lenders for the purpose of funding mortgage loans that will be resold, and a funding arrangement with Fannie Mae for the purpose of selling a percentage of certain closed multifamily loans to Fannie Mae. These warehouse lines are recourse only to CBRE Capital Markets and are secured by our related warehouse receivables. See Note 5 for additional information.

#### 10. Commitments and Contingencies

We are a party to a number of pending or threatened lawsuits arising out of, or incident to, our ordinary course of business. We believe that any losses in excess of the amounts accrued therefor as liabilities on our financial statements are unlikely to be significant, but litigation is inherently uncertain and there is the potential for a material adverse effect on our financial statements if one or more matters are resolved in a particular period in an amount materially in excess of what we anticipated.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

In January 2008, CBRE MCI, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CBRE Capital Markets, entered into an agreement with Fannie Mae under Fannie Mae's Delegated Underwriting and Servicing Lender Program (DUS Program), to provide financing for multifamily housing with five or more units. Under the DUS Program, CBRE MCI originates, underwrites, closes and services loans without prior approval by Fannie Mae, and typically, is subject to sharing up to one-third of any losses on loans originated under the DUS Program. CBRE MCI has funded loans subject to such loss sharing arrangements with unpaid principal balances of \$22.4 billion at September 30, 2018. CBRE MCI, under its agreement with Fannie Mae, must post cash reserves or other acceptable collateral under formulas established by Fannie Mae to provide for sufficient capital in the event losses occur. As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, CBRE MCI had a \$64.0 million and a \$58.0 million, respectively, letter of credit under this reserve arrangement, and had recorded a liability of approximately \$35.5 million and \$32.9 million, respectively, for its loan loss guarantee obligation under such arrangement. Fannie Mae's recourse under the DUS Program is limited to the assets of CBRE MCI, which assets totaled approximately \$717.6 million (including \$471.9 million of warehouse receivables, a substantial majority of which are pledged against warehouse lines of credit and are therefore not available to Fannie Mae) at September 30, 2018.

CBRE Capital Markets participates in Freddie Mac's Multifamily Small Balance Loan (SBL) Program. Under the SBL program, CBRE Capital Markets has certain repurchase and loss reimbursement obligations. These obligations are for the period from origination of the loan to the securitization date. CBRE Capital Markets must post a cash reserve or other acceptable collateral to provide for sufficient capital in the event the obligations are triggered. As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, CBRE Capital Markets had posted a \$5.0 million letter of credit under this reserve arrangement.

We had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$75.2 million as of September 30, 2018, excluding letters of credit for which we have outstanding liabilities already accrued on our consolidated balance sheet related to our subsidiaries' outstanding reserves for claims under certain insurance programs as well as letters of credit related to operating leases. The CBRE Capital Markets letters of credit totaling \$69.0 million as of September 30, 2018 referred to in the preceding paragraphs represented the majority of the \$75.2 million outstanding letters of credit as of such date. The remaining letters of credit are primarily executed by us in the ordinary course of business and expire at varying dates through September 2019.

We had guarantees totaling \$55.7 million as of September 30, 2018, excluding guarantees related to pension liabilities, consolidated indebtedness and other obligations for which we have outstanding liabilities already accrued on our consolidated balance sheet, and excluding guarantees related to operating leases. The \$55.7 million primarily represents guarantees executed by us in the ordinary course of business, including various guarantees of management and vendor contracts in our operations overseas, which expire at the end of each of the respective agreements.

In addition, as of September 30, 2018, we had issued numerous non-recourse carveout, completion and budget guarantees relating to development projects for the benefit of third parties. These guarantees are commonplace in our industry and are made by us in the ordinary course of our Development Services business. Non-recourse carveout guarantees generally require that our project-entity borrower not commit specified improper acts, with us potentially liable for all or a portion of such entity's indebtedness or other damages suffered by the lender if those acts occur. Completion and budget guarantees generally require us to complete construction of the relevant project within a specified timeframe and/or within a specified budget, with us potentially being liable for costs to complete in excess

of such timeframe or budget. However, we generally use "guaranteed maximum price" contracts with reputable, bondable general contractors with respect to projects for which we provide these guarantees. These contracts are intended to pass the risk to such contractors. While there can be no assurance, we do not expect to incur any material losses under these guarantees.

An important part of the strategy for our Global Investment Management business involves investing our capital in certain real estate investments with our clients. These co-investments generally total up to 2.0% of the equity in a particular fund. As of September 30, 2018, we had aggregate commitments of \$51.7 million to fund future co-investments.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Additionally, an important part of our Development Services business strategy is to invest in unconsolidated real estate subsidiaries as a principal (in most cases co-investing with our clients). As of September 30, 2018, we had committed to fund \$23.6 million of additional capital to these unconsolidated subsidiaries.

#### 11. Income Per Share Information

The calculations of basic and diluted income per share attributable to CBRE Group, Inc. shareholders are as follows (dollars in thousands, except share data):

	Three Months September 30, 2018	Ended	Nine Months E September 30, 2018	Ended
	2016	(As Adjusted) (1)	2016	(As Adjusted) (1)
Basic Income Per Share		(115 Hajastea) (1)		(115 Hajustea) (1)
Net income attributable to CBRE Group, Inc.				
shareholders	\$290,469	\$ 199,088	\$669,424	\$ 537,885
Weighted average shares outstanding for basic				
income per share	339,477,316	337,948,324	339,151,807	337,280,914
Basic income per share attributable to CBRE				
Group, Inc.				
shareholders	\$0.86	\$ 0.59	\$1.97	\$ 1.59
Diluted Income Per Share				
Net income attributable to CBRE Group, Inc.				
shareholders	\$290,469	\$ 199,088	\$669,424	\$ 537,885
Weighted average shares outstanding for diluted				
income				
per share:				
Weighted average shares outstanding for basic				
income				
por chara	220 477 216	227 049 224	339,151,807	227 290 014
per share Dilutive effect of contingently issuable shares	339,477,316 4,256,631	337,948,324 3,236,525	4,114,910	337,280,914 3,217,594
Dilutive effect of stock options	4,230,031	1,582	523	3,924
Weighted average shares outstanding for diluted		1,302	323	3,924
income				
ncome				
per share	343,733,947	341,186,431	343,267,240	340,502,432
r	\$0.85	\$ 0.58	\$1.95	\$ 1.58

Diluted income per share attributable to CBRE Group, Inc.

shareholders

(1) We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, 34,470 and 28,922, respectively, of contingently issuable shares were excluded from the computation of diluted income per share because their inclusion would have had an anti-dilutive effect.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, 384,775 and 1,141,522, respectively, of contingently issuable shares were excluded from the computation of diluted income per share because their inclusion would have had an anti-dilutive effect.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

# 12. Revenue from Contracts with Customers Disaggregated Revenue

The following tables represent a disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 by type of service and/or region (dollars in thousands):

#### Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Global

	Americas	EMEA	APAC	Manageme	nt Services	Consolidated
Topic 606 Revenue:						
Occupier outsourcing	\$1,964,677	\$993,268	\$256,835	\$ —	\$ —	\$3,214,780
Leasing	598,384	123,339	99,416	_	1,902	823,041
Sales	294,884	103,664	73,997		95	472,640
Property management	171,824	59,459	69,469	_	2,718	303,470
Valuation	64,585	43,210	26,744		_	134,539
Commercial mortgage origination						
(1)	28,294	516	829	_	<del></del>	29,639
Investment management	_	_	_	93,061	_	93,061
Development services	_	_	_	_	21,038	21,038
Topic 606 Revenue	3,122,648	1,323,456	527,290	93,061	25,753	5,092,208
Out of Scope of Topic 606 Revenue:						
Commercial mortgage origination	102,148					102,148
Loan servicing	43,893	2,387	186	_	<del></del>	46,466
Other revenue	12,033	5,593	2,506			20,132
Total Out of Scope of Topic 606						
Revenue	158,074	7,980	2,692	_	_	168,746
Total revenue	\$3,280,722	\$1,331,436	\$529,982	\$ 93,061	\$ 25,753	\$5,260,954

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 (As Adjusted) (2) Global

Investment	Devel	lopment
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Investment Development

	Americas	EMEA	APAC	Management Services	Consolidated
Topic 606 Revenue:				S	

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Occupier outsourcing	\$1,764,103	\$787,466	\$240,667	\$ —	\$ —	\$2,792,236
Leasing	506,366	105,368	88,506		559	700,799
Sales	290,168	83,937	80,966		270	455,341
Property management	162,670	62,606	60,907	_	2,337	288,520
Valuation	59,009	39,462	28,515			126,986
Commercial mortgage origination						
(1)	23,498	778	535		_	24,811
Investment management				92,122		92,122
Development services	_	_	_	_	12,945	12,945
Topic 606 Revenue	2,805,814	1,079,617	500,096	92,122	16,111	4,493,760
Out of Scope of Topic 606 Revenue:						
Commercial mortgage origination	83,607					83,607
Loan servicing	36,021	2,315			_	38,336
Other revenue	14,190	6,767	1,936			22,893
Total Out of Scope of Topic 606						
Revenue	133,818	9,082	1,936	_	_	144,836
Total revenue	\$2,939,632	\$1,088,699	\$502,032	\$ 92,122	\$ 16,111	\$4,638,596

<sup>(1)</sup> We earn fees for arranging financing for borrowers with third-party lender contacts. Such fees are in scope of Topic 606.

<sup>(2)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information. 26

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018

Global

Investment Development

					20 (Clopinon	
	Americas	<b>EMEA</b>	APAC	Management	Services	Consolidated
Topic 606 Revenue:						
Occupier outsourcing	\$5,682,409	\$2,882,350	\$787,667	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ —	\$9,352,426
Leasing	1,535,242	330,223	271,181	_	2,861	2,139,507
Sales	832,195	279,985	202,115	_	513	1,314,808
Property management	517,995	178,376	208,965	_	6,379	911,715
Valuation	187,997	127,529	83,598	<del></del>	_	399,124
Commercial mortgage origination						
(1)	77,211	2,953	1,223	_	<u>—</u>	81,387
Investment management		_		315,698		315,698
Development services	<u> </u>	_	_	_	57,733	57,733
Topic 606 Revenue	8,833,049	3,801,416	1,554,749	315,698	67,486	14,572,398
Out of Scope of Topic 606						
Revenue:						
Commercial mortgage origination	277,508	_	_	_		277,508
Loan servicing	124,746	7,035	407	_	_	132,188
Other revenue	36,070	19,691	8,485	_		64,246
Total Out of Scope of Topic 606						
Revenue	438,324	26,726	8,892	_	_	473,942
Total revenue	\$9,271,373	\$3,828,142	\$1,563,641	\$ 315,698	\$ 67,486	\$15,046,340

# Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (As Adjusted) (2) Global

Investment Development

	Americas	EMEA	APAC	Management	Services	Consolidated
Topic 606 Revenue:				_		
Occupier outsourcing	\$5,170,579	\$2,181,050	\$683,366	\$ —	\$ —	\$8,034,995
Leasing	1,350,439	268,375	230,640	_	739	1,850,193
Sales	785,674	245,292	211,437		965	1,243,368
Property management	485,183	176,595	172,146	_	7,345	841,269
Valuation	177,789	109,200	86,220		_	373,209

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Commercial mortgage origination						
(1)	73,199	4,583	1,989	_	_	79,771
Investment management	_	_	_	274,451	<del></del>	274,451
Development services	_	_	_	_	38,245	38,245
Topic 606 Revenue	8,042,863	2,985,095	1,385,798	274,451	47,294	12,735,501
Out of Scope of Topic 606						
Revenue:						
Commercial mortgage origination	217,881	_	_		<del></del>	217,881
Loan servicing	106,745	7,873	_	_	<del>_</del>	114,618
Other revenue	38,272	16,382	6,479	_	_	61,133
Total Out of Scope of Topic 606						
Revenue	362,898	24,255	6,479	_	_	393,632
Total revenue	\$8,405,761	\$3,009,350	\$1,392,277	\$ 274,451	\$ 47,294	\$13,129,133

- (1) We earn fees for arranging financing for borrowers with third-party lender contacts. Such fees are in scope of Topic 606.
- (2) We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information. Contract Assets and Liabilities

We had contract assets totaling \$220.8 million (\$159.9 million of which was current) and \$330.9 million (\$273.1 million of which was current) as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, our contract assets decreased by \$110.1 million, primarily due to contract assets moving to accounts receivable in our occupier outsourcing business (due to at-risk and incentive fees becoming billable per the contract terms) and in our leasing business (billing of commissions).

We had contract liabilities totaling \$97.3 million (\$86.8 million of which was current) and \$100.6 million (all of which was current) as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we recognized revenue of \$78.1 million that was included in the contract liability balance at December 31, 2017.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### **Contract Costs**

Within our Occupier Outsourcing business line, we incur transition costs to fulfil contracts prior to services being rendered. We capitalized \$10.5 million and \$33.5 million, respectively, of transition costs during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, and \$6.9 million and \$21.6 million, respectively, of transition costs during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017. We recorded amortization of transition costs of \$5.4 million and \$17.6 million, respectively, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and \$5.2 million and \$12.4 million, respectively, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017. No impairment loss in relation to the costs capitalized was recorded during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 or 2017.

#### 13. Segments

We report our operations through the following segments: (1) Americas; (2) Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA); (3) Asia Pacific; (4) Global Investment Management; and (5) Development Services.

Summarized financial information by segment is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
		(As Adjusted) (1)		(As Adjusted) (1)
Revenue				
Americas	\$3,280,722	\$ 2,939,632	\$9,271,373	\$ 8,405,761
EMEA	1,331,436	1,088,699	3,828,142	3,009,350
Asia Pacific	529,982	502,032	1,563,641	1,392,277
Global Investment Management	93,061	92,122	315,698	274,451
Development Services	25,753	16,111	67,486	47,294
Total revenue	\$5,260,954	\$ 4,638,596	\$15,046,340	\$ 13,129,133
Adjusted EBITDA				
Americas	\$255,813	\$ 239,061	\$740,009	\$ 697,997
EMEA	78,671	72,145	182,136	177,893
Asia Pacific	41,393	43,307	118,134	111,139
Global Investment Management	10,555	23,202	56,148	72,971
Development Services	76,976	37,524	154,095	87,102
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$463,408	\$ 415,239	\$1,250,522	\$ 1,147,102

<sup>(1)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information.

Adjusted EBITDA is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for purposes of making decisions about allocating resources to each segment and assessing performance of each segment. EBITDA represents earnings before net interest expense, write-off of financing costs on extinguished debt, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Amounts shown for adjusted EBITDA further remove (from EBITDA) the impact of certain cash and non-cash items related to acquisitions, costs associated with our planned reorganization, certain carried interest incentive compensation reversal to align with the timing of associated revenue and other non-recurring costs.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as follows (dollars in thousands):

Net income attributable to CBRE Group, Inc. Add: Depreciation and amortization	Three Mor September 2018 \$290,469	nths Ended 30, 2017 (As Adjusted) ( \$ 199,088	Nine Months September 3 2018 1) \$669,424	
Interest expense	26,651	34,483	82,394	103,923
Write-off of financing costs on extinguished debt	20,031	J <del>1</del> ,103	27,982	103,723
Provision for income taxes	94,963	77,072	211,446	200,778
Less:	74,703	77,072	211,440	200,770
Interest income	1,231	3,129	6,341	6,967
EBITDA	524,336	410,105	1,319,953	1,132,633
Adjustments:	,	, , , ,	, ,	, - ,
One-time gain associated with remeasuring an				
investment in an unconsolidated subsidiary to fair value as of the date the				
remaining controlling interest was acquired	(92,624)	<u> </u>	(92,624)	_
Reorganization costs (2)	12,768	_	12,768	_
Costs incurred in connection with litigation settlement	8,868	<u> </u>	8,868	_
Integration and other costs related to acquisitions	6,100	_	6,100	27,351
Carried interest incentive compensation expense (reversal) to align				
with the timing of associated revenue	3,960	5,134	(4,543)	(12,882)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$463,408	\$ 415,239	\$1,250,522	\$ 1,147,102

<sup>(1)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information.

Geographic Information

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents severance costs related to headcount reductions in connection with our planned reorganization announced in the third quarter of 2018 that will become effective January 1, 2019.

Revenue in the table below is allocated based upon the country in which services are performed (dollars in thousands):

			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
		(As Adjusted) (1)		(As Adjusted) (1)	
Revenue					
United States	\$3,063,616	\$ 2,699,197	\$8,646,018	\$ 7,816,048	
United Kingdom	638,018	561,356	1,852,799	1,552,499	
All other countries	1,559,320	1,378,043	4,547,523	3,760,586	
Total revenue	\$5,260,954	\$ 4,638,596	\$15,046,340	\$ 13,129,133	

(1) We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information.

On August 17, 2018, we announced a new organization structure that will become effective on January 1, 2019. Under the new structure, we will organize our operations around, and publicly report our financial results on, three global business segments: Advisory Services, Global Workplace Solutions and Real Estate Investments. For the remainder of 2018, we will continue to report our financial results under our existing business segments.

CBRE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### 14. Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements

The following condensed consolidating financial information (dollars in thousands) includes condensed consolidating balance sheets as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 and condensed consolidating statements of operations and condensed consolidating statements of comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 and condensed consolidating statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 of:

CBRE Group, Inc., as the parent; CBRE Services, as the subsidiary issuer; the guarantor subsidiaries; the nonguarantor subsidiaries;

Elimination entries necessary to consolidate CBRE Group, Inc., as the parent, with CBRE Services and its guarantor and nonguarantor subsidiaries; and

CBRE Group, Inc., on a consolidated basis.

Investments in consolidated subsidiaries are presented using the equity method of accounting. The principal elimination entries eliminate investments in consolidated subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets

	As of Septer	mber 30, 2018 CBRE	3 Guarantor	Nonguarantor		Consolidated
	Parent	Services	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$7	\$6,242	\$86,436	\$ 457,783	<b>\$</b> —	\$550,468
Restricted cash	_	_	2,052	75,418	_	77,470
Receivables, net	_	7	1,419,698	1,991,039	_	3,410,744
Warehouse receivables (1)		_	1,005,583	592,438	_	1,598,021
Prepaid expenses	_	_	111,816	146,525	<u> </u>	258,341
Contract assets	_	_	108,823	51,105	_	159,928
Income taxes receivable	5,291	1,856	14,812	39,883	(7,148	54,694
Other current assets	_	_	65,315	203,333	_	268,648
Total Current Assets	5,298	8,105	2,814,535	3,557,524	(7,148	6,378,314
Property and equipment, net	_	_	507,082	195,346	_	702,428
Goodwill	_	_	2,185,643	1,457,500	_	3,643,143
Other intangible assets, net		_	791,678	611,746		1,403,424
Investments in unconsolidated						
subsidiaries	_	_	155,254	40,068	_	195,322
Investments in consolidated						
subsidiaries	6,290,974	5,552,972	3,192,986	_	(15,036,932)	) —
Intercompany loan receivable	_	2,618,536	700,000	98,973	(3,417,509	) —
Deferred tax assets, net			5,300	79,494	(5,300	79,494
Other assets, net	_	19,448	453,493	102,050	<u> </u>	574,991
Total Assets	\$6,296,272	\$8,199,061	\$10,805,971	\$6,142,701	\$(18,466,889)	\$12,977,116
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued						
expenses	<b>\$</b> —	\$5,837	\$552,126	\$1,116,220	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,674,183
Compensation and employee						
benefits payable		626	641,866	412,086		1,054,578
Accrued bonus and profit						
sharing	_	_	522,473	320,711	_	843,184
Contract liabilities			36,995	49,776		86,771
Income taxes payable	_	_	7,148	15,371	(7,148	) 15,371
Short-term borrowings:						
Warehouse lines of credit (which fund	_	_	997,580	582,160	_	1,579,740
,						

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loans that U.S. Government Sponsored						
Enterprises have committed						
to purchase) (1)						
Revolving credit facility	_	141,000	_	_	_	141,000
Other	_	<u> </u>	16	<u>—</u>	<del></del>	16
Total short-term borrowings	_	141,000	997,596	582,160		1,720,756
Current maturities of						
long-term debt	_	_	196	3,792	_	3,988
Other current liabilities	<u> </u>	<del></del>	63,640	23,310	<del></del>	86,950
Total Current Liabilities	_	147,463	2,822,040	2,523,426	(7,148)	5,485,781
Long-Term Debt, net:						
Long-term debt, net	_	1,759,254	23	726	_	1,760,003
Intercompany loan payable	1,583,316	_	1,834,193	_	(3,417,509)	_
Total Long-Term Debt, net	1,583,316	1,759,254	1,834,216	726	(3,417,509)	1,760,003
Deferred tax liabilities, net			68,127	124,786	(5,300)	187,613
Non-current tax liabilities	_	_	136,979	2,136	_	139,115
Other liabilities	<u> </u>	1,370	391,637	239,206	<del></del>	632,213
Total Liabilities	1,583,316	1,908,087	5,252,999	2,890,280	(3,429,957)	8,204,725
Commitments and						
contingencies			_			_
Equity:						
CBRE Group, Inc.						
Stockholders' Equity	4,712,956	6,290,974	5,552,972	3,192,986	(15,036,932)	4,712,956
Non-controlling interests		_		59,435		59,435
Total Equity	4,712,956	6,290,974	5,552,972	3,252,421	(15,036,932)	4,772,391
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$6,296,272	\$8,199,061	\$10,805,971	\$6,142,701	\$(18,466,889)	\$12,977,116

<sup>(1)</sup> Although CBRE Capital Markets is included among our domestic subsidiaries that jointly and severally guarantee our 4.875% senior notes, 5.25% senior notes and our 2017 Credit Agreement, a substantial majority of warehouse receivables funded under JP Morgan, TD Bank, BofA, Capital One and Fannie Mae ASAP lines of credit are pledged to JP Morgan, TD Bank, BofA, Capital One and Fannie Mae.
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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets

As of Decem	nber 31, 2017 CBRE	(As Adjusted Guarantor			Consolidated
Parent	Services	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
\$7	\$15,604	\$112,048	\$ 624,115	\$—	\$751,774
<u> </u>	<del></del>	2,095	70,950	_	73,045
_	_	990,923	2,121,366	_	3,112,289
	_	479,628	448,410	_	928,038
_	_	81,106	134,230	_	215,336
_	_	263,756	9,297	_	273,053
2,162	_	_	49,628	(2,162	49,628
_	_	50,556	176,865		227,421
2,169	15,604	1,980,112	3,634,861	(2,162	5,630,584
_	_	431,755	185,984	_	617,739
	_	1,774,529	1,480,211	_	3,254,740
		751,930	647,182		1,399,112
_	_	197,395	40,606	_	238,001
5,551,781	4,930,109	3,066,303		(13,548,193)	) —
_	2,621,330	700,000	_	(3,321,330)	<u> </u>
	_	5,300	98,746	(5,300	98,746
_	22,810	348,191	108,473		479,474
\$5,553,950	\$7,589,853	\$9,255,515	\$ 6,196,063	\$(16,876,985)	\$11,718,396
				, , , , , ,	
<b>\$</b> —	\$29,708	\$404,367	\$ 1,139,597	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,573,672
	626	479,306	424,502	_	904,434
_	_	590,534	487,811	_	1,078,345
		42,994	57,621		100,615
_	3,314	13,704	55,778	(2,162	70,634
_	_	474,195	436,571	_	910,766
	Parent  \$7	Parent       CBRE         \$7       \$15,604         —       —         —       —         —       —         2,162       —         —       —         2,169       15,604         —       —         —       —         5,551,781       4,930,109         —       22,810         \$5,553,950       \$7,589,853         \$—       \$29,708         —       —	Parent         Services         Subsidiaries           \$7         \$15,604         \$112,048           —         2,095           —         990,923           —         479,628           —         479,628           —         263,756           2,162         —           —         50,556           2,169         15,604         1,980,112           —         431,755           —         1,774,529           751,930         —           —         197,395           5,551,781         4,930,109         3,066,303           —         2,621,330         700,000           —         5,300           —         22,810         348,191           \$5,553,950         \$7,589,853         \$9,255,515           \$         \$29,708         \$404,367           —         626         479,306           —         590,534           —         42,994           —         3,314         13,704	Parent         Services         Subsidiaries         Subsidiaries           \$7         \$15,604         \$112,048         \$624,115           —         —         2,095         70,950           —         —         990,923         2,121,366           —         —         990,923         2,121,366           —         —         479,628         448,410           —         —         81,106         134,230           —         —         263,756         9,297           2,162         —         —         49,628           —         —         50,556         176,865           2,169         15,604         1,980,112         3,634,861           —         —         431,755         185,984           —         —         431,755         185,984           —         —         1,774,529         1,480,211           —         —         197,395         40,606           5,551,781         4,930,109         3,066,303         —           —         —         5,300         98,746           —         —         5,300         98,746           —         —         5,553,950 <td>Parent         Services         Subsidiaries         Subsidiaries         Eliminations           \$7         \$15,604         \$112,048         \$624,115         \$—           —         —         2,095         70,950         —           —         —         990,923         2,121,366         —           —         —         479,628         448,410         —           —         —         479,628         448,410         —           —         —         263,756         9,297         —           2,162         —         —         49,628         (2,162         )           —         —         50,556         176,865         —         2,169         15,604         1,980,112         3,634,861         (2,162         )           —         —         —         431,755         185,984         —         —         —           —         —         1,774,529         1,480,211         —         —         —         5,551,930         647,182         —           —         —         197,395         40,606         —         —         (3,321,330         )           —         —         5,300         98,746</td>	Parent         Services         Subsidiaries         Subsidiaries         Eliminations           \$7         \$15,604         \$112,048         \$624,115         \$—           —         —         2,095         70,950         —           —         —         990,923         2,121,366         —           —         —         479,628         448,410         —           —         —         479,628         448,410         —           —         —         263,756         9,297         —           2,162         —         —         49,628         (2,162         )           —         —         50,556         176,865         —         2,169         15,604         1,980,112         3,634,861         (2,162         )           —         —         —         431,755         185,984         —         —         —           —         —         1,774,529         1,480,211         —         —         —         5,551,930         647,182         —           —         —         197,395         40,606         —         —         (3,321,330         )           —         —         5,300         98,746

loans that U.S. Government Sponsored						
Enterprises have committed						
to purchase) (2)						
Other	_	_	16	_	_	16
Total short-term borrowings	_	_	474,211	436,571	_	910,782
Current maturities of long-term						
debt	_	_	_	8	_	8
Other current liabilities	<u>—</u>	55	56,260	18,139	_	74,454
Total Current Liabilities	_	33,703	2,061,376	2,620,027	(2,162)	4,712,944
Long-Term Debt, net:						
Long-term debt, net		1,999,603	_	_		1,999,603
Intercompany loan payable	1,439,454	<u> </u>	1,798,550	83,326	(3,321,330)	_
Total Long-Term Debt, net	1,439,454	1,999,603	1,798,550	83,326	(3,321,330)	1,999,603
Deferred tax liabilities, net	<u>—</u>	<u> </u>	29,785	122,733	(5,300)	147,218
Non-current tax liabilities			135,396	5,396		140,792
Other liabilities	_	4,766	300,299	238,160	_	543,225
Total Liabilities	1,439,454	2,038,072	4,325,406	3,069,642	(3,328,792)	7,543,782
Commitments and						
contingencies	<u>—</u>	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_
Equity:						
CBRE Group, Inc.						
Stockholders' Equity	4,114,496	5,551,781	4,930,109	3,066,303	(13,548,193)	4,114,496
Non-controlling interests	_	_		60,118	_	60,118
Total Equity	4,114,496	5,551,781	4,930,109	3,126,421	(13,548,193)	4,174,614
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$5,553,950	\$7,589,853	\$9,255,515	\$6,196,063	\$(16,876,985)	\$11,718,396

<sup>(1)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information.

<sup>(2)</sup> Although CBRE Capital Markets is included among our domestic subsidiaries that jointly and severally guarantee our 5.00% senior notes, 4.875% senior notes, 5.25% senior notes and our 2017 Credit Agreement, a substantial majority of warehouse receivables funded under TD Bank, Fannie Mae ASAP, JP Morgan, Capital One and BofA lines of credit are pledged to TD Bank, Fannie Mae, JP Morgan, Capital One and BofA, and accordingly, are not included as collateral for these notes or our other outstanding debt.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018					
		CBRE	Guarantor	Nonguaranton	•	Consolidated
	Parent	Services	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$2,995,019	\$ 2,265,935	\$ <i>-</i>	\$5,260,954
Costs and expenses:						
Cost of services		_	2,400,812	1,698,092	<u>—</u>	4,098,904
Operating, administrative and other	8,507	215	479,982	370,381	<u>—</u>	859,085
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	69,652	43,832	<del>_</del>	113,484
Total costs and expenses	8,507	215	2,950,446	2,112,305		5,071,473
Gain on disposition of real estate	_	_	187	49	<del>_</del>	236
Operating (loss) income	(8,507)	(215)	44,760	153,679		189,717
Equity income from unconsolidated						
subsidiaries	_	_	126,423	417	<del>_</del>	126,840
Other income (loss)			95,631	(116	) —	95,515
Interest income	_	33,563	1,086	145	(33,563	1,231
Interest expense		25,769	28,651	5,794	(33,563	26,651
Royalty and management service						
expense (income)	_		3,082	(3,082	) —	_
Income from consolidated						
subsidiaries	296,858	291,167	110,417	_	(698,442	<u> </u>
Income before (benefit of) provision						
for income taxes	288,351	298,746	346,584	151,413	(698,442	386,652
(Benefit of) provision for income						
taxes	(2,118)	1,888	55,417	39,776		94,963
Net income	290,469	296,858	291,167	111,637	(698,442	291,689
Less: Net income attributable to						
non-controlling interests				1,220		1,220
Net income attributable to CBRE						
Group, Inc.	\$290,469	\$296,858	\$291,167	\$ 110,417	\$ (698,442	\$ 290,469

	Three Mo	onths Ended CBRE	<u>.</u> .	2017 (As Adju Nonguaranton		Consolidated
	Parent	Services	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
Revenue	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,641,711	\$ 1,996,885	\$ <i>—</i>	\$4,638,596

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Costs	and	expenses:	
		_	

costs and expenses.						
Cost of services	_	<del>_</del>	2,122,082	1,476,197	_	3,598,279
Operating, administrative and other	770	756	374,994	328,430	<del></del>	704,950
Depreciation and amortization	_	<del></del>	60,610	41,981	_	102,591
Total costs and expenses	770	756	2,557,686	1,846,608	<del></del>	4,405,820
Gain on disposition of real estate	_	<u> </u>	5,315	865	<del>_</del>	6,180
Operating (loss) income	(770)	(756)	89,340	151,142		238,956
Equity income from unconsolidated						
subsidiaries	_	_	65,439	2,395	_	67,834
Other income	_		455	1,313		1,768
Interest income	_	30,651	1,352	1,777	(30,651)	3,129
Interest expense	_	33,577	22,660	8,897	(30,651)	34,483
Royalty and management service						
(income) expense	_	_	(4,389	) 4,389	_	<u>—</u>
Income from consolidated						
subsidiaries	199,563	201,834	100,381	_	(501,778)	
Income before (benefit of) provision	ļ					
for income taxes	198,793	198,152	238,696	143,341	(501,778)	277,204
(Benefit of) provision for income						
taxes	(295)	(1,411 )	36,862	41,916		77,072
Net income	199,088	199,563	201,834	101,425	(501,778)	200,132
Less: Net income attributable to						
non-controlling interests	_	_	_	1,044		1,044
Net income attributable to CBRE						
Group, Inc.	\$199,088	\$199,563	\$201,834	\$ 100,381	\$ (501,778)	\$ 199,088

<sup>(1)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information. 33

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018						
		CBRE	Guarantor	Nonguaranto	r	Consolidated	
	Parent	Services	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total	
Revenue	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$8,461,567	\$6,584,773	<b>\$</b> —	\$15,046,340	
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of services	—	_	6,723,631	4,953,982	_	11,677,613	
Operating, administrative and other	21,250	946	1,282,449	1,112,957	—	2,417,602	
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	202,295	132,753	_	335,048	
Total costs and expenses	21,250	946	8,208,375	6,199,692		14,430,263	
Gain on disposition of real estate	_	_	6,637	5,928	_	12,565	
Operating (loss) income	(21,250)	(946)	259,829	391,009		628,642	
Equity income from							
unconsolidated subsidiaries	_		260,470	2,570	_	263,040	
Other income (loss)	_		98,530	(3,286	) —	95,244	
Interest income	_	101,195	4,874	1,467	(101,195)	6,341	
Interest expense	_	79,722	87,942	15,925	(101,195)	82,394	
Write-off of financing costs on							
extinguished debt	_	27,982	_	_	_	27,982	
Royalty and management service							
expense (income)	_		1,410	(1,410	) —	_	
Income from consolidated							
subsidiaries	685,383	690,982	273,061	_	(1,649,426)	_	
Income before (benefit of)							
provision for income taxes	664,133	683,527	807,412	377,245	(1,649,426)	882,891	
(Benefit of) provision for income							
taxes	(5,291)	(1,856)	116,430	102,163	_	211,446	
Net income	669,424	685,383	690,982	275,082	(1,649,426)	671,445	
Less: Net income attributable to							
non-controlling interests	_		_	2,021	_	2,021	
Net income attributable to CBRE							
Group, Inc.	\$669,424	\$685,383	\$690,982	\$ 273,061	\$(1,649,426)	\$669,424	

Nine Mon	ths Ended S	September 30,	2017 (As Adjust	ed) (1)	
Parent	<b>CBRE</b>	Guarantor	Nonguarantor	Eliminations	Consolidated

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		Services	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries		Total
Revenue	\$—	\$—	\$7,650,497	\$ 5,478,636	<b>\$</b> —	\$13,129,133
Costs and expenses:						
Cost of services	<del></del>	_	6,097,599	4,056,697	<u> </u>	10,154,296
Operating, administrative and other	1,532	1,643	1,078,754	942,262	<del>_</del>	2,024,191
Depreciation and amortization	<del></del>	_	176,035	120,979	<u> </u>	297,014
Total costs and expenses	1,532	1,643	7,352,388	5,119,938	_	12,475,501
Gain on disposition of real estate	<u> </u>	_	5,543	13,320	_	18,863
Operating (loss) income	(1,532)	(1,643)	303,652	372,018	<del>_</del>	672,495
Equity income from						
unconsolidated subsidiaries	<del></del>	_	154,769	3,467	_	158,236
Other income		1	1,481	7,587	<del>_</del>	9,069
Interest income	<del></del>	91,250	3,891	3,076	(91,250)	6,967
Interest expense	_	101,087	67,276	26,810	(91,250)	103,923
Royalty and management service						
(income) expense	_	_	(11,088)	11,088	_	_
Income from consolidated						
subsidiaries	538,830	545,910	234,098		(1,318,838)	_
Income before (benefit of)						
provision for income taxes	537,298	534,431	641,703	348,250	(1,318,838)	742,844
(Benefit of) provision for income						
taxes	(587)	(4,399)	95,793	109,971		200,778
Net income	537,885	538,830	545,910	238,279	(1,318,838)	542,066
Less: Net income attributable to						
non-controlling interests			_	4,181	_	4,181
Net income attributable to CBRE						
Group, Inc.	\$537,885	\$538,830	\$545,910	\$ 234,098	\$(1,318,838)	\$537,885

<sup>(1)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information. 34

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Comprehensive Income

	Three Mor	nths Ended CBRE	September 30 Guarantor	, 2018 Nonguaranto	r	Consolidated
	Parent	Services		Subsidiaries	Eliminations	
Net income	\$290,469	\$296,858	\$ 291,167	\$ 111,637	\$ (698,442)	\$ 291,689
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation loss	_	_	<del>_</del>	(30,985	) —	(30,985)
Amounts reclassified from						
accumulated other						
1 . 1						
comprehensive loss to interest		570				570
expense, net	<del></del>	570	<del></del>	_	<del></del>	570
Unrealized gains on interest rate		<i>(5</i>				(5
swaps, net	<del></del>	65	<del></del>	_	<del></del>	65
Unrealized holding gains on available for sale debt						
securities, net	_		22		<u> </u>	22
Other, net	_	_	(15)	<del></del>	<del>_</del>	(15)
Total other comprehensive income						
(loss)	_	635	7	(30,985	) —	(30,343)
Comprehensive income	290,469	297,493	291,174	80,652	(698,442)	261,346
Less: Comprehensive income						
attributable to						
. 11:				1 257		1 257
non-controlling interests	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>_</del>	1,357	<del>-</del>	1,357
Comprehensive income attributable to		<b>\$207.402</b>	¢ 201 174	ф <b>7</b> 0 <b>2</b> 05	ф (COO 440 )	ф <b>25</b> 0,000
CBRE Group, Inc.	\$290,469	\$297,493	\$ 291,174	\$ 79,295	\$ (698,442)	\$ 259,989
	Three Mo	nthe Endad	Sentember 20	), 2017 (As Ad	ineted) (1)	
	THICC WIO	CBRE	_	, 2017 (As Au Nonguaranto		Consolidated

	Three Mo					
	CBRE Guar		Guarantor	Guarantor Nonguarantor		Consolidated
	Parent	Services	Subsidiaries S	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
Net income	\$199,088	\$199,563	\$ 201,834	\$ 101,425	\$ (501,778)	\$ 200,132
Other comprehensive income:						
Foreign currency translation gain			_	65,035	_	65,035

Amounts reclassified from accumulated other

comprehensive loss to interest						
expense, net		1,260	_		_	1,260
Unrealized gains on interest rate						
swaps, net	_	25	_	_	_	25
Unrealized holding gains on available						
for sale debt						
securities, net			331	8	_	339
Other, net	_	_	(4	) —	_	(4)
Total other comprehensive income	_	1,285	327	65,043		66,655
Comprehensive income	199,088	200,848	202,161	166,468	(501,778)	266,787
Less: Comprehensive income						
attributable to						
non-controlling interests				1,227	_	1,227
Comprehensive income attributable to						
CBRE Group, Inc.	\$199,088	\$200,848	\$ 202,161	\$ 165,241	\$ (501,778)	\$ 265,560

<sup>(1)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

#### Condensed Consolidating Statements of Comprehensive Income

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018									
		CBRE	Guarantor	Nonguarantor		Consolidated	1			
	Parent	Services		Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total				
Net income	\$669,424	\$685,383	\$ 690,982	\$ 275,082	\$(1,649,426)	\$ 671,445				
Other comprehensive income (loss):										
Foreign currency translation loss	_	_	_	(130,879)	_	(130,879	)			
Adoption of Accounting Standards										
Update 2016-01,										
net		_	(3,964)	<del></del>		(3,964	)			
Amounts reclassified from										
accumulated other										
comprehensive loss to interest										
expense, net	_	1,953	_	_	_	1,953				
Unrealized gains on interest rate		,				ŕ				
swaps, net		882				882				
Unrealized holding losses on										
available for sale debt										
securities, net	_	_	(605)	<u> </u>	_	(605	)			
Other, net	_	_	5	5,508	_	5,513	,			
Total other comprehensive income				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		2,0 20				
(loss)	_	2,835	(4,564)	(125,371)	_	(127,100	)			
Comprehensive income	669,424	688,218	686,418	149,711	(1,649,426)	544,345	,			
Less: Comprehensive income				,,,	(-,- :- , := - )	,				
attributable to										
non-controlling interests				1,479		1,479				
Comprehensive income attributable				1,117		1,177				
to CBRE Group, Inc.	\$669 424	\$688,218	\$ 686,418	\$ 148,232	\$(1,649,426)	\$ 542 866				
to CDRE Group, Inc.	Ψ002,724	ψ000,210	ψ 000, τιο	Ψ 170,232	ψ(1,07),720 )	ψ 374,000				

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (As Adjusted) (1)
Parent CBRE Guarantor Nonguarantor Eliminations Consolidated

		Services	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries		Total
Net income	\$537,885	\$538,830	\$ 545,910	\$ 238,279	\$(1,318,838)	\$ 542,066
Other comprehensive (loss) income:						
Foreign currency translation gain	_	_	<u> </u>	204,872	_	204,872
Amounts reclassified from						
accumulated other						
comprehensive loss to interest						
expense, net	_	4,148	_	_	_	4,148
Unrealized gains on interest rate						
swaps, net	_	102	_	_	_	102
Unrealized holding gains on available						
for sale debt						
securities, net	_	_	2,056	183	_	2,239
Other, net	(2)	_	(18)	<del></del>	<del>_</del>	(20)
Total other comprehensive (loss)						
income	(2)	4,250	2,038	205,055	_	211,341
Comprehensive income	537,883	543,080	547,948	443,334	(1,318,838)	753,407
Less: Comprehensive income						
attributable to						
non-controlling interests	_	_	_	4,544	_	4,544
Comprehensive income attributable						
to CBRE Group, Inc.	\$537,883	\$543,080	\$ 547,948	\$ 438,790	\$(1,318,838)	\$ 748,863

<sup>(1)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information. 36

## CBRE GROUP, INC.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows

	Nine Mon	ths Ended Sept CBRE	ember 30, 20 Guarantor		Consolidated
	Parent	Services	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Total
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING	Turcin	Services	Substantes	Substatuties	Total
ACTIVITIES:	\$77,947	\$(1,315)	\$ 300,163	\$ 125,516	\$502,311
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Capital expenditures	_	_	(96,412)	(55,481	(151,893)
Acquisition of businesses, including net assets acquired,					
intangibles and goodwill, net of cash acquired			(297,370)	(16,190	(313,560)
Contributions to unconsolidated subsidiaries	_	_	(26,866)	(4,160	(31,026)
Distributions from unconsolidated subsidiaries	_	_	49,767	3,953	53,720
Net proceeds from disposition of real estate					
held for investment	_	_	_	14,174	14,174
Purchase of equity securities	_	_	(15,931)	_	(15,931)
Proceeds from sale of equity securities	_	_	11,402	_	11,402
Purchase of available for sale debt securities	_	_	(20,860)		(20,860)
Proceeds from the sale of available for sale debt securities	_	_	5,432	_	5,432
Other investing activities, net	_		(5,631)	74	(5,557)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	_	(396,469)	(57,630	(454,099)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from senior term loans	_	550,000	_	_	550,000
Proceeds from revolving credit facility	_	2,913,000			2,913,000
Repayment of revolving credit facility	_	(2,772,000)	<u> </u>	<u>—</u>	(2,772,000)
Repayment of 5.00% senior notes (including premium)	_	(820,000 )		_	(820,000 )
Proceeds from notes payable on real estate held for investment	_	_	_	83	83
Repayment of notes payable on real estate held					
for investment		<del></del>	<del>_</del>	(13,028	(13,028)
Proceeds from notes payable on real estate held for sale and	_	_	_	3,156	3,156

under development									
Repayment of notes payable on real estate held									
for sale and									
under development	_	_		_		(2,991	)	(2,991	)
Acquisition of businesses (cash (paid) received									
for acquisitions									
more than three months after purchase date)	_	_		(16,774	)	1,804		(14,970	)
Repayment of debt assumed in acquisition of									
FacilitySource	_	_		(26,295	)			(26,295	)
Units repurchased for payment of taxes on									
equity awards	(27,696)	_		_		_		(27,696	)
Non-controlling interest contributions	_	_		_		9,558		9,558	
Non-controlling interest distributions	_	_		_		(11,382	)	(11,382	)
(Increase) decrease in intercompany									
receivables, net	(50,622)	121,152		113,720		(184,250	)	_	
Other financing activities, net	371	(199	)	_		(1,087	)	(915	)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing									
activities	(77,947)	(8,047	)	70,651		(198,137	)	(213,480	)
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on									
cash and cash									
equivalents and restricted cash	_	_		_		(31,613	)	(31,613	)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH							ĺ	,	
EQUIVALENTS									
-									
AND RESTRICTED CASH		(9,362	)	(25,655	)	(161,864	)	(196,881	)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND									
RESTRICTED									
CASH, AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	7	15,604		114,143		695,065		824,819	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND		,		•		,		,	
RESTRICTED									
CASH, AT END OF PERIOD	\$7	\$6,242	9	\$88,488		\$ 533,201		\$627,938	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH		. ,		,					
FLOW									
INFORMATION:									
Cash paid during the period for:									
Interest	\$—	\$94,751	•	\$—		\$ 1,071		\$95,822	
Income taxes, net	\$—	\$—		\$ 118,070		\$ 117,235		\$235,305	
37	4	*		+ 110,070		¥ 111, <b>2</b> 00		¥ <b>2</b> 00,000	

## CBRE GROUP, INC.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows

	Nine Mon	ths Ended Se CBRE	eptember 30, 2 Guarantor	017 (As Adjus Nonguarantor	ted) (1) Consolidated
	Parent	Services	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Total
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING	Turent	Services	Sucordianies	ou o statuti e s	Total
ACTIVITIES:	\$69,358	\$(7,513)	\$ 268,352	\$ 55,396	\$385,593
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	,		Í	,	,
Capital expenditures	_	_	(68,566)	(33,040	(101,606)
Acquisition of businesses, including net assets acquired,					
intangibles and goodwill, net of cash acquired			(20,579)	(15,484)	(36,063)
Contributions to unconsolidated subsidiaries	_	<u>—</u>	(33,582)	(3,077)	(36,659)
Distributions from unconsolidated subsidiaries		_	34,544	4,637	39,181
Purchase of equity securities	_	_	(12,167)	<u>—</u>	(12,167)
Proceeds from sale of equity securities	_	_	11,959	<del></del>	11,959
Purchase of available for sale debt securities	_	_	(17,241)	_	(17,241)
Proceeds from the sale of available for sale debt					
securities			13,659		13,659
Other investing activities, net	_	_	892	264	1,156
Net cash used in investing activities			(91,081)	(46,700	(137,781)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from revolving credit facility		911,000	_	_	911,000
Repayment of revolving credit facility	_	(911,000)		_	(911,000)
Proceeds from notes payable on real estate held					
for investment				79	79
Repayment of notes payable on real estate held for					
investment	_	_	_	(1,324	(1,324)
Proceeds from notes payable on real estate held					
for sale and					
under development	_	_		3,341	3,341
Repayment of notes payable on real estate held for sale and	_	_	_	(10,777)	(10,777)

under development									
Acquisition of businesses (cash paid for									
acquisitions more than									
three months after purchase date)	_	_		(19,358	)	(3,973	)	(23,331	)
Units repurchased for payment of taxes on equity									
awards	(29,549)	_		_		_		(29,549	)
Non-controlling interest contributions	_	_		_		3,410		3,410	
Non-controlling interest distributions	_	_		_		(6,643	)	(6,643	)
(Increase) decrease in intercompany receivables,									
net	(40,288)	(1,655	)	22,315		19,628		_	
Other financing activities, net	479	_		(3,145	)	(28	)	(2,694	)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(69,358)	(1,655	)	(188	)	3,713		(67,488	)
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash									
and cash									
equivalents and restricted cash	_	_		_		28,663		28,663	
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND									
CASH									
EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	_	(9,168	)	177,083		41,072		208,987	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND									
RESTRICTED									
CASH, AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	7	16,889		271,088		543,428		831,412	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND									
RESTRICTED									
CASH, AT END OF PERIOD	\$7	\$7,721		\$ 448,171	5	\$ 584,500		\$ 1,040,399	)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH									
FLOW									
INFORMATION:									
Cash paid during the period for:	φ.	<b></b>		Φ.		h 0.1		h 4 4 4 2 2 2	
Interest	\$—	\$111,795		\$-		\$ 31		\$111,826	
Income taxes, net	\$—	\$—		\$ 80,156	5	\$ 124,072		\$ 204,228	

<sup>(1)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 for more information.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (Quarterly Report) for CBRE Group, Inc. for the three months ended September 30, 2018 represents an update to the more detailed and comprehensive disclosures included in our Annual Report on Form 10 K for the year ended December 31, 2017. Accordingly, you should read the following discussion in conjunction with the information included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 as well as the unaudited financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

In addition, the statements and assumptions in this Quarterly Report that are not statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each as amended, including, in particular, statements about our plans, strategies and prospects as well as estimates of industry growth for the next quarter and beyond. For important information regarding these forward-looking statements, please see the discussion below under the caption "Cautionary Note on Forward-Looking Statements."

#### Overview

CBRE Group, Inc. is a Delaware corporation. References to "the company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to CBRE Group, Inc. and include all of its consolidated subsidiaries, unless otherwise indicated or the context requires otherwise.

We are the world's largest commercial real estate services and investment firm, based on 2017 revenue, with leading global market positions in our leasing, property sales, occupier outsourcing and valuation businesses. As of December 31, 2017, we operated in more than 450 offices worldwide with over 80,000 employees, excluding independent affiliates.

Our business is focused on providing services to both occupiers of and investors in real estate. For occupiers, we provide facilities management, project management, transaction (both property sales and leasing) and consulting services, among others. For investors, we provide capital markets (property sales, commercial mortgage brokerage, loan origination and servicing), leasing, investment management, property management, valuation and development services, among others. We provide commercial real estate services under the "CBRE" brand name, investment management services under the "CBRE Global Investors" brand name and development services under the "Trammell Crow Company" brand name.

Our revenue mix has shifted in recent years toward more contractual revenue as occupiers and investors increasingly prefer to purchase integrated, account-based services from firms that meet the full spectrum of their needs nationally and globally. We believe we are well-positioned to capture a growing share of this business. We generate revenue from both management fees (large multi-year portfolio and per-project contracts) and commissions on transactions. Our contractual, fee-for-services businesses generally involve occupier outsourcing (including facilities and project management), property management, investment management, appraisal/valuation and loan servicing). In addition, our leasing services business line is largely recurring in nature over time.

In 2017, we generated revenue from a highly diversified base of clients, including more than 90 of the Fortune 100 companies. We have been an S&P 500 company since 2006 and in 2018 we were ranked #207 on the Fortune 500. We have been voted the most recognized commercial real estate brand in a Lipsey Company survey for 17 years in a row (including 2018). We have also been rated a World's Most Ethical Company by the Ethisphere Institute for five consecutive years.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, which require us to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and on other factors that we believe to be reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Critical accounting policies represent the areas where more significant judgments and estimates are used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. A discussion of such critical accounting policies, which include revenue recognition, goodwill and other intangible assets, and income taxes can be found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. There have been no material changes to these policies as of September 30, 2018, except for the adoption of new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018 and an update to our estimate of the U.S. federal and state tax impact of the transition tax related to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the Tax Act). For a detailed discussion of our new revenue recognition policies and updates to income taxes, see Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) set forth in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) set forth in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report.

#### Seasonality

A significant portion of our revenue is seasonal, which an investor should keep in mind when comparing our financial condition and results of operations on a quarter-by-quarter basis. Historically, our revenue, operating income, net income and cash flow from operating activities tend to be lowest in the first quarter, and highest in the fourth quarter of each year. Revenue, earnings and cash flow have generally been concentrated in the fourth calendar quarter due to the focus on completing sales, financing and leasing transactions prior to year-end.

#### Inflation

Our commissions and other variable costs related to revenue are primarily affected by commercial real estate market supply and demand, which may be affected by inflation. However, to date, we do not believe that general inflation has had a material impact upon our operations.

### Items Affecting Comparability

When you read our financial statements and the information included in this Quarterly Report, you should consider that we have experienced, and continue to experience, several material trends and uncertainties that have affected our financial condition and results of operations that make it challenging to predict our future performance based on our historical results. We believe that the following material trends and uncertainties are crucial to an understanding of the variability in our historical earnings and cash flows and the potential for continued variability in the future.

### Macroeconomic Conditions

Economic trends and government policies affect global and regional commercial real estate markets as well as our operations directly. These include: overall economic activity and employment growth; interest rate levels and changes in interest rates; the cost and availability of credit; and the impact of tax and regulatory policies. Periods of economic weakness or recession, significantly rising interest rates, fiscal uncertainty, declining employment levels, decreasing demand for commercial real estate, falling real estate values, disruption to the global capital or credit markets, or the public perception that any of these events may occur, will negatively affect the performance of our business.

Compensation is our largest expense and our sales and leasing professionals generally are paid on a commission and/or bonus basis that correlates with their revenue production. As a result, the negative effect of difficult market conditions on our operating margins is partially mitigated by the inherent variability of our compensation cost structure. In addition, when negative economic conditions have been particularly severe, we have moved decisively to lower operating expenses to improve financial performance, and then have restored certain expenses as economic conditions improved. Nevertheless, adverse global and regional economic trends could pose significant risks to the performance of our operations and our financial condition.

Commercial real estate markets in the United States have generally been marked by increased demand for space, falling vacancies and higher rents since 2010. During this time, healthy U.S. property sales activity has been sustained by gradually improving market fundamentals, including higher occupancy rates and rents, broad, low-cost credit availability and increased institutional capital allocations to commercial real estate. Following years of strong growth, U.S. property sales volumes slowed in 2016 and 2017, but have improved modestly thus far in 2018 as significant capital continues to target commercial real estate, and the availability of relatively low-cost financing remains plentiful. The market for commercial real estate leasing has also remained strong, reflecting healthy economic growth.

European countries began to emerge from recession in 2013, with economic growth improving in 2017 and 2018. Sales and leasing activity have also improved steadily across most of continental Europe for more than three years. Leasing demand has remained strong, though sales market volumes have been relatively flat thus far in 2018. Since the United Kingdom's June 2016 referendum to leave the European Union (EU), sentiment in that country has improved. While steady progress continues to be made regarding the United Kingdom's long-term relationship with the EU, the absence of an agreement as the March 2019 deadline draws closer has contributed to uncertainty more recently.

In Asia Pacific, real estate leasing and investment markets have been active since late 2016. Leasing activity has continued to grow solidly in 2018, while investment levels have cooled as investors became more cautious. However, Asia Pacific investors remain a significant source of real estate investment both in the region and across other parts of the world.

Real estate investment management and property development markets have been generally favorable with abundant debt and equity capital flows into commercial real estate. Actively managed real estate equity strategies have been pressured by a shift in investor preferences from active to passive portfolio strategies and concerns about higher interest rates.

The performance of our global real estate services and real estate investment businesses depends on sustained economic growth and job creation; stable, healthy global credit markets; and continued positive business and investor sentiment.

### Effects of Acquisitions

We historically have made significant use of strategic acquisitions to add and enhance service competencies around the world. On June 12, 2018, CBRE Jason Acquisition LLC (Merger Sub), our wholly-owned subsidiary, and FacilitySource Holdings, LLC (FacilitySource), WP X Finance, LP and Warburg Pincus X Partners, LP (collectively, the Stockholders) entered into a stock purchase agreement and plan of merger (the Merger Agreement). As part of the Merger Agreement, (i) we purchased from the Stockholders all the outstanding shares of capital stock of FS WP Holdco, Inc (Blocker Corp), which owned 1,686,013 Class A units (the Blocker Units) and (ii) immediately following the acquisition of Blocker Corp, Merger Sub merged with FacilitySource, with FacilitySource continuing as the surviving company and our wholly-owned subsidiary within our Americas segment (the FacilitySource Acquisition), with the remaining Blocker Units not held by Blocker Corp. cancelled and converted into the right to receive cash

consideration as set forth in the Merger Agreement. The estimated net initial purchase price was approximately \$265.5 million, with \$262.0 million paid in cash, plus adjustments for working capital and other items. We financed the transaction with cash on hand and borrowings under our revolving credit facility. We completed the FacilitySource Acquisition to help us (i) build a tech-enabled supply chain capability that is unique for the occupier outsourcing industry and (ii) drive meaningfully differentiated outcomes for leading occupiers of real estate.

Strategic in-fill acquisitions have also played a key role in strengthening our service offerings. The companies we acquired have generally been regional or specialty firms that complement our existing platform, or independent affiliates in which, in some cases, we held a small equity interest. During 2017, we completed 11 in-fill acquisitions, including two leading Software as a Service (SaaS) platforms – one that produces scalable interactive visualization technologies for commercial real estate and one that provides technology solutions for facilities management operations, a healthcare-focused project manager in Australia, a full-service brokerage and management boutique in South Florida, a technology-enabled national boutique commercial real estate finance and consulting firm in the United States, a retail consultancy in France, a majority interest in a Toronto-based investment management business specializing in private infrastructure and private equity investments, a San Francisco-based technology-focused boutique real estate brokerage firm, a project management and design engineering firm operating across the United States, a Washington, D.C.-based retail brokerage operation and a leading technical engineering services provider in Italy. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we acquired a retail leasing and property management firm in Australia, two firms in Israel (our former affiliate and a majority interest in a local facilities management provider), a commercial real estate services provider in San Antonio, a provider of real estate and facilities consulting services to healthcare companies across the United States and the remaining 50% equity interest in our longstanding New England joint venture.

We believe that strategic acquisitions can significantly decrease the cost, time and commitment of management resources necessary to attain a meaningful competitive position within targeted markets or to expand our presence within our current markets. In general, however, most acquisitions will initially have an adverse impact on our operating and net income as a result of transaction-related expenditures. These include severance, lease termination, transaction and deferred financing costs, among others, and the charges and costs of integrating the acquired business and its financial and accounting systems into our own.

Our acquisition structures often include deferred and/or contingent purchase price payments in future periods that are subject to the passage of time or achievement of certain performance metrics and other conditions. As of September 30, 2018, we have accrued deferred consideration totaling \$148.2 million, which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses and in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets set forth in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report.

#### **International Operations**

We are monitoring the economic and political developments related to the United Kingdom's referendum to leave the European Union and the potential impact on our businesses in the United Kingdom and the rest of Europe, including, in particular, sales and leasing activity in the United Kingdom, as well as any associated currency volatility impact on our results of operations.

As we continue to increase our international operations through either acquisitions or organic growth, fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the other currencies in which we may generate earnings could adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results. Our Global Investment Management business has a significant amount of euro-denominated assets under management, or AUM, as well as associated revenue and earnings in Europe. In addition, our Global Workplace Solutions business also has a significant amount of its revenue and earnings denominated in foreign currencies, such as the euro and the British pound sterling. Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates have resulted and may continue to result in corresponding fluctuations in our AUM, revenue and earnings.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, approximately 43% of our business was transacted in non-U.S. dollar currencies, the majority of which included the Australian dollar, Brazilian real, British pound sterling, Canadian dollar, Chinese yuan, Danish krone, euro, Hong Kong dollar, Indian rupee, Japanese yen, Korean won, Mexican peso, New Zealand dollar, Polish zloty, Singapore dollar, Swedish krona, Swiss franc and Thai baht. The following table sets forth our revenue derived from our most significant currencies (U.S. dollars in thousands):

		ree Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2018			2017			2018			2017			
				(As Adjusted	d) (1)					(As Adjusted)	(1)		
United States dollar	\$3,063,616	58.3	%	\$2,699,197	58.2	%	\$8,646,018	57.4	%	\$7,816,048	59.6	%	
British pound sterling	638,018	12.1	%	561,356	12.1	%	1,852,799	12.3	%	1,552,499	11.8	%	
Euro	548,688	10.4	%	430,581	9.3	%	1,604,986	10.7	%	1,185,416	9.0	%	
Canadian dollar	175,629	3.3	%	160,790	3.4	%	517,586	3.4	%	431,044	3.3	%	
Australian dollar	117,557	2.2	%	118,549	2.6	%	347,490	2.3	%	330,426	2.6	%	
Indian rupee	99,135	1.9	%	90,893	2.0	%	306,380	2.0	%	263,059	2.0	%	
Chinese yuan	77,740	1.5	%	64,722	1.4	%	209,399	1.4	%	172,848	1.3	%	
Singapore dollar	67,311	1.3	%	60,510	1.3	%	195,817	1.3	%	182,480	1.4	%	
Japanese yen	55,904	1.1	%	69,039	1.5	%	183,563	1.2	%	182,884	1.4	%	
Hong Kong dollar	43,100	0.8	%	39,283	0.8	%	117,455	0.8	%	104,780	0.8	%	
Brazilian real	42,835	0.8	%	66,089	1.4	%	127,986	0.9	%	135,305	1.0	%	
Swiss franc	42,235	0.8	%	37,750	0.8	%	129,549	0.9	%	109,334	0.8	%	
Mexican peso	32,835	0.6	%	31,199	0.7	%	99,833	0.7	%	80,654	0.6	%	
Polish zloty	20,886	0.4	%	20,277	0.4	%	59,833	0.4	%	47,396	0.4	%	
Danish krone	18,842	0.4	%	19,199	0.4	%	60,773	0.4	%	56,364	0.4	%	
Thai baht	18,081	0.3	%	17,652	0.4	%	56,444	0.4	%	45,718	0.3	%	
Swedish krona	15,955	0.3	%	14,508	0.3	%	52,049	0.3	%	45,616	0.3	%	
New Zealand dollar	15,784	0.3	%	11,729	0.3	%	43,912	0.3	%	32,805	0.3	%	
Korean won	14,059	0.3	%	11,992	0.3	%	40,144	0.3	%	34,620	0.3	%	
Other currencies	152,744	2.9	%	113,281	2.4	%	394,324	2.6	%	319,837	2.4	%	
Total revenue	\$5,260,954	100.0	)%	\$4,638,596	100.0	0%	\$15,046,340	100.0	)%	\$13,129,133	100.0	0%	

(1) We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) set forth in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report for more information. Although we operate globally, we report our results in U.S. dollars. As a result, the strengthening or weakening of the U.S. dollar may positively or negatively impact our reported results. For example, we estimate that had the British pound sterling-to-U.S. dollar exchange rates been 10% higher during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the net impact would have been an increase in pre-tax income of \$4.3 million. Had the euro-to-U.S. dollar exchange rates been 10% higher during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the net impact would have been an increase in pre-tax income of \$8.7 million. These hypothetical calculations estimate the impact of translating results into U.S. dollars and do not include an estimate of the impact that a 10% change in the U.S. dollar against other currencies would have had on our foreign operations.

Due to the constantly changing currency exposures to which we are subject and the volatility of currency exchange rates, we cannot predict the effect of exchange rate fluctuations upon future operating results. In addition, fluctuations in currencies relative to the U.S. dollar may make it more difficult to perform period-to-period comparisons of our

reported results of operations. Our international operations also are subject to, among other things, political instability and changing regulatory environments, which affects the currency markets and which as a result may adversely affect our future financial condition and results of operations. We routinely monitor these risks and related costs and evaluate the appropriate amount of oversight to allocate towards business activities in foreign countries where such risks and costs are particularly significant.

# Results of Operations

The following table sets forth items derived from our consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Month 2018	ns Ende	ed S	eptember 30, 2017 (As Adjusted			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 2017 (As Adjusted) (					
Revenue:				(	-) (-)					( <b>)</b>	(-)	
Fee revenue:												
Occupier outsourcing	\$730,061	13.9	%	\$632,256	13.6	%	\$2,204,755	14.7	%	\$1,812,968	13.8	%
Property management	148,246	2.8	%	138,265	3.0	%	446,556	3.0	%	397,327	3.0	%
Valuation	134,539	2.6	%	126,986	2.7	%	399,124	2.7	%	373,209	2.8	%
Loan servicing	46,466	0.9	%	38,336	0.8	%	132,188	0.9	%	114,618	0.9	%
Investment												
management	93,061	1.8	%	92,122	2.0	%	315,698	2.1	%	274,451	2.1	%
Leasing	823,041	15.6		700,799	15.1	%	2,139,507	14.2		1,850,193	14.1	%
Capital Markets:	,-			,			, ,			, ,		
Sales	472,640	9.0	%	455,341	9.8	%	1,314,808	8.7	%	1,243,368	9.5	%
Commercial mortgage	, , , , ,			)-			,- ,			, -,		
origination	131,787	2.5	%	108,418	2.3	%	358,895	2.4	%	297,652	2.3	%
Other:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			,			,			,		
Development services	21,038	0.4	%	12,945	0.3	%	57,733	0.4	%	38,245	0.3	%
Other	20,132	0.3	%	22,893	0.6	%	64,246	0.3	%	61,133	0.4	%
Total fee revenue	2,621,011	49.8		2,328,361	50.2		7,433,510	49.4		6,463,164	49.2	
Pass through costs also				,,			., ,			-,, -		
recognized as revenue	2,639,943	50.2	%	2,310,235	49.8	%	7,612,830	50.6	%	6,665,969	50.8	%
Total revenue	5,260,954	100.0		4,638,596	100.0		15,046,340	100.0		13,129,133	100.0	
Costs and expenses:	, ,			, ,			, ,			, ,		
Cost of services	4,098,904	77.9	%	3,598,279	77.6	%	11,677,613	77.6	%	10,154,296	77.3	%
Operating,	, ,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			, , , , , , , ,			., . ,		
administrative and												
other	859,085	16.3	%	704,950	15.2	%	2,417,602	16.1	%	2,024,191	15.4	%
Depreciation and												
amortization	113,484	2.2	%	102,591	2.2	%	335,048	2.2	%	297,014	2.3	%
Total costs and	,			,			,			,		
expenses	5,071,473	96.4	%	4,405,820	95.0	%	14,430,263	95.9	%	12,475,501	95.0	%
Gain on disposition of	, ,			, ,			, ,			, ,		
real estate	236	0.0	%	6,180	0.2	%	12,565	0.1	%	18,863	0.1	%
Operating income	189,717	3.6	%	238,956	5.2	%	628,642	4.2	%	672,495	5.1	%
Equity income from	,			,			,			,		
unconsolidated												
subsidiaries	126,840	2.4	%	67,834	1.5	%	263,040	1.7	%	158,236	1.2	%
Other income	95,515	1.8	%	1,768	0.0	%	95,244	0.6	%	9,069	0.1	%
Interest income	1,231	0.0	%	3,129	0.1	%	6,341	0.0	%	6,967	0.1	%
Interest expense	26,651	0.5	%	34,483	0.7	%	82,394	0.5	%	103,923	0.8	%
•	_	0.0	%		0.0	%	27,982	0.1	%		0.0	%

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Write-off of financing costs on extinguished debt												
Income before provision for income												
taxes	386,652	7.3	%	277,204	6.1	%	882,891	5.9	%	742,844	5.7	%
Provision for income												
taxes	94,963	1.8	%	77,072	1.8	%	211,446	1.4	%	200,778	1.6	%
Net income	291,689	5.5	%	200,132	4.3	%	671,445	4.5	%	542,066	4.1	%
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling												
interests	1,220	0.0	%	1,044	0.0	%	2,021	0.1	%	4,181	0.0	%
Net income attributable to CBRE	·			·			,			,		
Group, Inc.	\$290,469	5.5	%	\$199,088	4.3	%	\$669,424	4.4	%	\$537,885	4.1	%
EBITDA	\$524,336	10.0	%	\$410,105	8.8	%	\$1,319,953	8.8	%	\$1,132,633	8.6	%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$463,408	8.8	%	\$415,239	9.0	%	\$1,250,522	8.3	%	\$1,147,102	8.7	%

(1) We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) set forth in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report for more information. Fee revenue, EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not recognized measurements under GAAP. When analyzing our operating performance, investors should use these measures in addition to, and not as an alternative for, their most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. We generally use these non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate operating performance and for other discretionary purposes. We believe these measures provide a more complete understanding of ongoing operations, enhance comparability of current results to prior periods and may be useful for investors to analyze our financial performance because they eliminate the impact of selected charges that may obscure trends in the underlying performance of our business. Because not all companies use identical calculations, our presentation of fee revenue, EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Fee revenue is gross revenue less both client reimbursed costs largely associated with employees that are dedicated to client facilities and subcontracted vendor work performed for clients. We believe that investors may find this measure useful to analyze the company's overall financial performance because it excludes costs reimbursable by clients, and as such provides greater visibility into the underlying performance of our business.

EBITDA represents earnings before net interest expense, write-off of financing costs on extinguished debt, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Amounts shown for adjusted EBITDA further remove (from EBITDA) the impact of certain cash and non-cash items related to acquisitions, costs associated with our planned reorganization, certain carried interest incentive compensation reversal to align with the timing of associated revenue and other non-recurring costs. We believe that investors may find these measures useful in evaluating our operating performance compared to that of other companies in our industry because their calculations generally eliminate the effects of acquisitions, which would include impairment charges of goodwill and intangibles created from acquisitions, the effects of financings and income taxes and the accounting effects of capital spending.

EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not intended to be measures of free cash flow for our discretionary use because they do not consider certain cash requirements such as tax and debt service payments. These measures may also differ from the amounts calculated under similarly titled definitions in our debt instruments, which amounts are further adjusted to reflect certain other cash and non-cash charges and are used by us to determine compliance with financial covenants therein and our ability to engage in certain activities, such as incurring additional debt and making certain restricted payments. We also use adjusted EBITDA as a significant component when measuring our operating performance under our employee incentive compensation programs.

EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are calculated as follows (dollars in thousands):

Three Mor	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended				
September	30,	September 3	0,			
2018	2017	2018	2017			
	(As Adjusted) (	1)	(As Adjusted) (1)			
\$290,469	\$ 199,088	\$669,424	\$ 537,885			
113,484	102,591	335,048	297,014			
26,651	34,483	82,394	103,923			
_	_	27,982	_			
94,963	77,072	211,446	200,778			
1,231	3,129	6,341	6,967			
524,336	410,105	1,319,953	1,132,633			
(92,624)	_	(92,624)	_			
12,768		12,768				
8,868	<del></del>	8,868				
	September 2018  \$290,469  113,484 26,651 — 94,963  1,231 524,336  (92,624) 12,768	(As Adjusted) ( \$290,469 \$ 199,088 113,484 102,591 26,651 34,483 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	September 30,       September 3         2018       2017       2018         (As Adjusted) (1)       \$290,469 \$ 199,088       \$669,424         113,484       102,591       335,048         26,651       34,483       82,394         —       —       27,982         94,963       77,072       211,446         1,231       3,129       6,341         524,336       410,105       1,319,953         (92,624)       —       (92,624 )         12,768       —       12,768			

Integration and other costs related to acquisitions	6,100		6,100 27,351	
Carried interest incentive compensation expense				
(reversal) to align				
with the timing of associated revenue	3,960	5,134	(4,543 ) (12,882	)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$463,408	\$ 415,239	\$1,250,522 \$ 1,147,10	)2

- (1) We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) set forth in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report for more information.
- (2) Represents severance costs related to headcount reductions in connection with our planned reorganization announced in the third quarter of 2018 that will become effective January 1, 2019.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

We reported consolidated net income of \$290.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 on revenue of \$5.3 billion as compared to consolidated net income of \$199.1 million on revenue of \$4.6 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Our revenue on a consolidated basis for the three months ended September 30, 2018 increased by \$622.4 million, or 13.4%, as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017. The revenue increase reflects strong organic growth fueled by higher occupier outsourcing revenue (up 16.3%) and property management revenue (up 6.6%) as well as increased leasing (up 18.4%), sales (up 5.0%) and commercial mortgage origination activity (up 21.6%). Foreign currency translation had a \$51.4 million negative impact on total revenue during the three months ended September 30, 2018, primarily driven by weakness in the Argentine peso, Australian dollar, Brazilian real, Canadian dollar and Indian rupee.

Our cost of services on a consolidated basis increased by \$500.6 million, or 13.9%, during the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017. This increase was primarily due to higher costs associated with our occupier outsourcing business. In addition, our sales professionals generally are paid on a commission basis, which substantially correlates with our transaction revenue performance. Accordingly, the increase in sales and lease transaction revenue led to a corresponding increase in commission expense. These items were partially offset by the impact of foreign currency translation, which had a \$41.1 million positive impact on total cost of services during the three months ended September 30, 2018. Cost of services as a percentage of revenue was relatively consistent at 77.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2018 versus 77.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Our operating, administrative and other expenses on a consolidated basis increased by \$154.1 million, or 21.9%, during the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017. The increase was mostly driven by higher payroll-related costs (including increases in bonus and stock compensation expense) as well as increases in consulting, marketing and occupancy costs. During the third quarter of 2018, we also incurred \$12.8 million of severance costs in connection with our planned reorganization and \$8.9 million of costs as a result of a litigation settlement, which partially contributed to operating expenses as a percentage of revenue increasing to 16.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2018 versus 15.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2017. Higher bonus expense in our Development Services segment with no corresponding increase in revenue (as bonus expense was attributable to an increase in equity income from unconsolidated subsidiaries) also led to operating expenses as a percentage of revenue being higher in the current year. Foreign currency translation had a \$7.2 million positive impact on total operating expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Our depreciation and amortization expense on a consolidated basis increased by \$10.9 million, or 10.6%, during the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017. This increase was primarily attributable to a rise in depreciation expense of \$7.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2018 driven by technology-related capital expenditures. Higher amortization expense associated with mortgage servicing rights also contributed to the increase.

Our equity income from unconsolidated subsidiaries on a consolidated basis increased by \$59.0 million, or 87.0%, during the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017, primarily driven by higher equity earnings associated with gains on property sales reported in our Development Services segment.

Our other income on a consolidated basis was \$95.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to \$1.8 million for the same period in 2017. Included in other income for the three months ended September 30, 2018 was a one-time gain of \$92.6 million associated with remeasuring our investment in a previously

unconsolidated subsidiary in New England to fair value as of the date we acquired the remaining controlling interest.

Our consolidated interest expense decreased by \$7.8 million, or 22.7%, for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017. This decrease was primarily driven by the early redemption, in full, of the \$800.0 million aggregate outstanding principal amount of our 5.00% senior notes in the first quarter of 2018.

Our provision for income taxes on a consolidated basis was \$95.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to \$77.1 million for the same period in 2017. Our effective tax rate, after adjusting pre-tax income to remove the portion attributable to non-controlling interests, decreased to 24.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to 27.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2017. We benefited from a lower U.S. corporate tax rate, with such rate being 35% in 2017 versus 21% in 2018. The effect of the decrease in the U.S. corporate tax rate was partially offset by discrete tax benefits for the three months ended September 30, 2017 from the re-measurement of income tax exposures relating to prior periods with no similar items for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

We reported consolidated net income of \$669.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 on revenue of \$15.0 billion as compared to consolidated net income of \$537.9 million on revenue of \$13.1 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Our revenue on a consolidated basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 increased by \$1.9 billion, or 14.6%, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The revenue increase reflects strong organic growth fueled by higher occupier outsourcing revenue (up 14.4%) and property management revenue (up 6.7%), increased leasing (up 14.6%), sales (up 4.4%) and commercial mortgage origination activity (up 20.5%) and higher revenue from our Global Investment Management segment (up 10.7%). In addition, foreign currency translation had a \$229.8 million positive impact on total revenue during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, primarily driven by strength in the British pound sterling and euro.

Our cost of services on a consolidated basis increased by \$1.5 billion, or 15.0%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017. This increase was primarily due to higher costs associated with our occupier outsourcing business. In addition, as previously mentioned, our sales professionals generally are paid on a commission basis, which substantially correlates with our transaction revenue performance. Accordingly, the increase in sales and lease transaction revenue led to a corresponding increase in commission expense. Lastly, foreign currency translation had a \$174.2 million negative impact on total cost of services during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Cost of services as a percentage of revenue was relatively consistent at 77.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 versus 77.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Our operating, administrative and other expenses on a consolidated basis increased by \$393.4 million, or 19.4%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017. The increase was mostly driven by higher payroll-related costs (including increases in bonus and stock compensation expense), higher carried interest expense and increases in consulting, marketing and occupancy costs. During the first nine months of 2018, we also incurred \$12.8 million of severance costs in connection with our planned reorganization and \$8.9 million of costs as a result of a litigation settlement, the impact of which was mostly offset by lower integration and other costs associated with acquisitions. Foreign currency translation also had a \$43.6 million negative impact on total operating expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Operating expenses as a percentage of revenue increased from 15.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to 16.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, partially driven by higher bonus expense in our Development Services segment with no corresponding increase in revenue (as bonus expense was attributable to an increase in equity income from unconsolidated subsidiaries).

Our depreciation and amortization expense on a consolidated basis increased by \$38.0 million, or 12.8%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017. This increase was primarily attributable to a rise in depreciation expense of \$20.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 driven by technology-related capital expenditures. Higher amortization expense associated with mortgage servicing rights and intangibles acquired in acquisitions also contributed to the increase.

Our equity income from unconsolidated subsidiaries on a consolidated basis increased by \$104.8 million, or 66.2%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017, primarily driven by higher equity earnings associated with gains on property sales reported in our Development Services segment.

Our other income on a consolidated basis was \$95.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to \$9.1 million for the same period in 2017. Included in other income for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was a one-time gain of \$92.6 million associated with remeasuring our investment in a previously unconsolidated subsidiary in New England to fair value as of the date we acquired the remaining controlling interest.

Our consolidated interest expense decreased by \$21.5 million, or 20.7%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017. This decrease was primarily driven by the early redemption, in full, of the \$800.0 million aggregate outstanding principal amount of our 5.00% senior notes in the first quarter of 2018.

Our write-off of financing costs on extinguished debt on a consolidated basis was \$28.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. These costs included a \$20.0 million premium paid and the write-off of \$8.0 million of unamortized deferred financing costs in connection with the early redemption, in full, of the \$800.0 million aggregate outstanding principal amount of our 5.00% senior notes.

Our provision for income taxes on a consolidated basis was \$211.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to \$200.8 million for the same period in 2017. Our effective tax rate, after adjusting pre-tax income to remove the portion attributable to non-controlling interests, decreased to 24.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to 27.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. We benefited from a lower U.S. corporate tax rate, with such rate being 35% in 2017 versus 21% in 2018. The effect of the decrease in the U.S. corporate tax rate was partially offset by discrete tax benefits for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 from the re-measurement of income tax exposures relating to prior periods with no similar items for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

### **Segment Operations**

On August 17, 2018, we announced a new organization structure that will become effective on January 1, 2019. Under the new structure, we will organize our operations around, and publicly report our financial results on, three global business segments: Advisory Services, Global Workplace Solutions and Real Estate Investments. For the remainder of 2018, we will continue to report our financial results under our existing business segments.

As of September 30, 2018, we report our operations through the following segments: (1) Americas; (2) Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA); (3) Asia Pacific; (4) Global Investment Management; and (5) Development Services. The Americas consists of operations located in the United States, Canada and key markets in Latin America. EMEA mainly consists of operations in Europe, while Asia Pacific includes operations in Asia, Australia and New Zealand. The Global Investment Management business consists of investment management operations in North America, Europe and Asia Pacific. The Development Services business consists of real estate development and investment activities primarily in the United States.

#### Americas

The following table summarizes our results of operations for our Americas operating segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Month 2018	is End	ed S	September 30, 2017 (As Adjusted			Nine Months 2018	Ende	d S	eptember 30, 2017 (As Adjusted	d) (1)	
Revenue:				` 3	, , ,					` 3	, ( )	
Fee revenue:												
Occupier outsourcing	\$320,580	9.8	%	\$274,098	9.3	%	\$939,866	10.1	%	\$798,758	9.5	%
Property management	78,684	2.4	%	70,381	2.4	%	234,217	2.5	%	207,831	2.5	%
Valuation	64,585	2.0	%	59,009	2.0	%	187,997	2.0	%	177,789	2.1	%
Loan servicing	43,893	1.3	%	36,021	1.2	%	124,746	1.3	%	106,745	1.3	%
Leasing	598,384	18.2	%	506,366	17.2	%	1,535,242	16.6	%	1,350,439	16.1	%
Capital Markets:												
Sales	294,884	9.0	%	290,168	9.9	%	832,195	9.0	%	785,674	9.3	%
Commercial mortgage origination	130,442	4.0	%	107,105	3.6	%	354,719	3.8	%	291,080	3.5	%
Other	12,033	0.3	%	14,190	0.6	%	36,070	0.5	%	38,272	0.4	%
Total fee revenue	1,543,485	47.0	%	1,357,338	46.2	%	4,245,052	45.8	%	3,756,588	44.7	%
Pass through costs also												
recognized as												
revenue	1,737,237	53.0	%	1,582,294	53.8	%	5,026,321	54.2	%	4,649,173	55.3	%
Total revenue	3,280,722	100.0	0%	2,939,632	100.0	)%	9,271,373	100.0	0%	8,405,761	100.0	0%
Costs and expenses:												
Cost of services	2,628,119	80.1	%	2,364,102	80.4	%	7,409,141	79.9	%	6,726,030	80.0	%
Operating, administrative and												
other	427,959	13.0	%	340,219	11.6	%	1,167,856	12.6	%	1,013,524		%
Depreciation and amortization	84,825	2.6	%	73,768	2.5	%	243,499	2.6	%	214,061	2.5	%
Operating income	139,819	4.3	%	161,543	5.5	%	450,877	4.9	%	452,146	5.4	%
Equity income from												
unconsolidated												
subsidiaries	2,621	0.0	%	3,295	0.1	%	14,154	0.1	%	13,157	0.2	%
Other income	95,630	2.9	%	455	0.0	%	98,561	1.1	%	1,494	0.0	%
Add-back: Depreciation and												
amortization	84,825	2.6	%	73,768	2.5	%		2.6	%	,	2.5	%
EBITDA	\$322,895	9.8	%	\$239,061	8.1	%	\$807,091	8.7	%	\$680,858	8.1	%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$255,813	7.8	%	\$239,061	8.1	%	\$740,009	8.0	%	\$697,997	8.3	%

<sup>(1)</sup> We adopted new revenue recognition guidance in the first quarter of 2018. Certain restatements have been made to the 2017 financial statements to conform with the 2018 presentation. See Notes 2 and 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) set forth in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report for more information. Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Revenue increased by \$341.1 million, or 11.6%, for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017. The revenue increase reflects strong organic growth fueled by higher occupier outsourcing and property management revenue as well as improved sales, leasing and commercial mortgage origination activity. Foreign currency translation had a \$23.6 million negative impact on total revenue during the three months ended September 30, 2018, primarily driven by weakness in the Argentine peso, Brazilian real and Canadian dollar.

Cost of services increased by \$264.0 million, or 11.2%, for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to higher costs associated with our occupier outsourcing business. Also contributing to the variance was higher commission expense resulting from improved sales and lease transaction revenue. Foreign currency translation had a \$19.2 million positive impact on total cost of services during the three months ended September 30, 2018. Cost of services as a percentage of revenue was relatively consistent at 80.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2018 versus 80.4% for the same period in 2017.

Operating, administrative and other expenses increased by \$87.7 million, or 25.8%, for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017. The increase was partly driven by higher payroll-related costs (including increases in bonus and stock compensation expense) as well as increases in consulting, marketing and occupancy costs. During the third quarter of 2018, we also incurred \$10.6 million of severance costs in connection with our planned reorganization and \$8.9 million of costs as a result of a litigation settlement. Foreign currency translation had a \$3.3 million positive impact on total operating expenses during the three months ended September 30, 2018.

We earn fees from the origination and sale of commercial mortgage loans for which the company retains the servicing rights. Upon origination of a mortgage loan held for sale, the fair value of the mortgage servicing rights (MSR) to be retained is included in the forecasted proceeds from the anticipated loan sale and results in a net gain (which is reflected in revenue). Upon sale, we record a servicing asset or liability based on the fair value of the retained MSR associated with the transferred loan. Subsequent to the initial recording, MSRs are amortized (within amortization expense) and carried at the lower of amortized cost or fair value in other intangible assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. They are amortized in proportion to and over the estimated period that the servicing income is expected to be received. For the three months ended September 30, 2018, MSRs contributed to operating income \$45.6 million of gains recognized in conjunction with the origination and sale of mortgage loans, offset by \$30.3 million of amortization of related intangible assets. For the three months ended September 30, 2017, MSRs contributed to operating income \$35.4 million of gains recognized in conjunction with the origination and sale of mortgage loans, offset by \$25.8 million of amortization of related intangible assets.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Revenue increased by \$865.6 million, or 10.3%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The revenue increase reflects strong organic growth fueled by higher occupier outsourcing and property management revenue as well as improved sales, leasing and commercial mortgage origination activity. Foreign currency translation had a \$15.4 million negative impact on total revenue during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, primarily driven by weakness in the Argentine peso and Brazilian real, partially offset by strength in the Canadian dollar.

Cost of services increased by \$683.1 million, or 10.2%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in 2017, primarily due to higher costs associated with our occupier outsourcing business. Also contributing to the variance was higher commission expense resulting from improved sales and lease transaction revenue. Foreign currency translation had a \$13.2 million positive impact on total cost of services during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Cost of services as a percentage of revenue was consistent at 79.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 versus 80.0% for the same period in 2017.

Operating, administrative and other expenses increased by \$154.3 million, or 15.2%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The increase was partly driven by higher payroll-related costs (including increases in bonus and stock compensation expense) as well as increases in consulting, marketing and occupancy costs. During the first nine months of 2018, we also incurred \$10.6 million of severance costs in connection with our planned reorganization and \$8.9 million of costs as a result of a litigation settlement, the impact of which was partly offset by lower integration and other costs associated with acquisitions. Foreign currency translation had a \$2.6 million positive impact on total operating expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, MSRs contributed to operating income \$117.0 million of gains recognized in conjunction with the origination and sale of mortgage loans, offset by \$83.8 million of amortization of related intangible assets. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, MSRs contributed to operating income

\$96.0 million of gains recognized in conjunction with the origination and sale of mortgage loans, offset by \$72.5 million of amortization of related intangible assets.

**EMEA** 

The following table summarizes our results of operations for our EMEA operating segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Mon	ths Ende	d Septembe	er 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2018		2017		2018		2017		
			(As Adjust	ed) (1)			(As Adjusted	d) (1)	
Revenue:							·		
Fee revenue:									
Occupier outsourcing	\$337,627	25.4%	\$294,772	27.1%	\$1,050,092	27.4%	\$834,769	27.7%	
Property management	44,181	3.3 %	43,428	4.0 %	136,996	3.6 %	120,251	4.0 %	
Valuation	43,210	3.2 %	39,462	3.6 %	127,529	3.3 %	109,200	3.6 %	
Loan servicing	2,387	0.2 %	2,315	0.2 %	7,035	0.2 %	7,873	0.3 %	
Leasing	123,339	9.3 %	105,368	9.7 %	330,223	8.6 %	268,375	8.9 %	
Capital Markets:									
Sales	103,664	7.8 %	83,937	7.7 %	279,985	7.3 %	245,292	8.2 %	
Commercial mortgage origination	516	0.0 %	778	0.1 %	2,953	0.1 %	4,583	0.2 %	
Other	5,593	0.4 %	6,767	0.6 %	19,691	0.6 %	16,382	0.5 %	
Total fee revenue	660,517	49.6%	576,827	53.0%	1,954,504	51.1%	1,606,725		