Willdan Group, Inc. Form 10-Q November 03, 2016 Table of Contents
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2016
OR
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number 001-33076
WILLDAN GROUP, INC.
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 14-195112

(State or other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

2401 East Katella Avenue, Suite 300

Anaheim, California 92806 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (800) 424-9144

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of November 2, 2016, there were 8,325,365 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, of Willdan Group, Inc. issued and outstanding.

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WILLDAN GROUP, INC.

FORM 10-Q QUARTERLY REPORT

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

WILLDAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

	September 30, 2016	January 1, 2016
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,587,000	\$ 16,487,000
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$705,000 and		
\$760,000 at September 30, 2016 and January 1, 2016, respectively	26,549,000	17,929,000
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	22,887,000	13,840,000
Other receivables	2,699,000	177,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,417,000	2,082,000
Total current assets	73,139,000	50,515,000
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	4,424,000	3,684,000
Goodwill	22,264,000	16,097,000
Other intangible assets, net	6,489,000	1,545,000
Other assets	482,000	504,000
Total assets	\$ 106,798,000	\$ 72,345,000
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 18,949,000	\$ 5,561,000
Accrued liabilities	15,886,000	10,334,000
Contingent consideration payable	1,925,000	1,420,000
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	8,687,000	6,218,000
Notes payable	5,210,000	4,039,000
Capital lease obligations	289,000	444,000
Total current liabilities	50,946,000	28,016,000
Contingent consideration payable	2,376,000	4,305,000
Notes payable	1,400,000	1,085,000
Capital lease obligations, less current portion	179,000	255,000
Deferred lease obligations	728,000	737,000
Deferred income taxes, net	3,490,000	331,000
Total liabilities	59,119,000	34,729,000

Commitments and contingencies

Stockholders' equity	7:	
Preferred stock, \$0.0	1 par value, 10,000,000	shares authoriz

zed, no shares issued and outstanding Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 40,000,000 shares authorized; 8,323,000 and

7,904,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2016 and January 1, 2016, respectively 83,000 79,000 Additional paid-in capital 41,706,000 38,377,000 Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) 5,890,000 (840,000)Total stockholders' equity 47,679,000 37,616,000 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 106,798,000 \$ 72,345,000

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

WILLDAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September		Nine Months Ended	
	30, 2016	October 2, 2015	September 30, 2016	October 2, 2015
Contract revenue	\$ 58,660,000	\$ 33,511,000	\$ 151,516,000	\$ 103,581,000
Direct costs of contract revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below):				
Salaries and wages	10,421,000	7,745,000	28,753,000	23,940,000
Subcontractor services and other direct costs	32,134,000	13,206,000	75,161,000	39,712,000
Total direct costs of contract revenue	42,555,000	20,951,000	103,914,000	63,652,000
General and administrative expenses: Salaries and wages, payroll taxes and				
employee benefits	7,825,000	6,070,000	23,035,000	18,993,000
Facilities and facility related	1,039,000	1,207,000	2,978,000	3,203,000
Stock-based compensation	268,000	190,000	732,000	468,000
Depreciation and amortization	742,000	349,000	2,308,000	1,276,000
Other	3,178,000	3,103,000	9,694,000	8,915,000
Total general and administrative expenses	13,052,000	10,919,000	38,747,000	32,855,000
Income from operations	3,053,000	1,641,000	8,855,000	7,074,000
Other (expense) income:				
Interest income	_	1,000	_	1,000
Interest expense	(43,000)	(234,000)	(137,000)	(342,000)
Other, net			2,000	18,000
Total other expense, net	(43,000)	(233,000)	(135,000)	(323,000)
Income before income taxes	3,010,000	1,408,000	8,720,000	6,751,000
Income tax expense	548,000	626,000	1,990,000	2,872,000
Net income	\$ 2,462,000	\$ 782,000	\$ 6,730,000	\$ 3,879,000
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.50
Diluted	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.48
Weighted-average shares outstanding:				
Basic	8,308,000	7,862,000	8,181,000	7,817,000

Diluted 8,720,000 8,102,000 8,516,000 8,087,000

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

WILLDAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

			Additional		
	Common St	tock	Paid-in	Retained Earnings (Accumulated	
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2016	7,904,000	\$ 79,000	\$ 38,377,000	\$ (840,000)	\$ 37,616,000
Shares of common stock issued in					
connection with employee stock					
purchase plan	23,000		209,000		209,000
Shares of common stock issued in					
connection with incentive stock plan	140,000	2,000	162,000	_	164,000
Stock issued to acquire business	256,000	2,000	2,226,000	_	2,228,000
Stock-based compensation expense	_		732,000	_	732,000
Net income	_			6,730,000	6,730,000
Balance at September 30, 2016	8,323,000	\$ 83,000	\$ 41,706,000	\$ 5,890,000	\$ 47,679,000



WILLDAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	October 2,
	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:	2010	2010
Net income	\$ 6,730,000	\$ 3,879,000
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating	. , ,	. , ,
activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,314,000	1,276,000
Deferred income taxes	2,556,000	2,480,000
Loss on sale/disposal of equipment	3,000	8,000
Provision for doubtful accounts	92,000	431,000
Stock-based compensation	732,000	468,000
Accretion and fair value adjustments of contingent consideration	(139,000)	182,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from business		
acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable	5,148,000	(1,321,000)
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	(7,956,000)	(5,645,000)
Other receivables	(1,918,000)	63,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(335,000)	583,000
Other assets	56,000	75,000
Accounts payable	1,760,000	2,697,000
Accrued liabilities	5,246,000	(1,857,000)
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	2,469,000	2,290,000
Deferred lease obligations	(9,000)	114,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	16,749,000	5,723,000
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of equipment and leasehold improvements	(1,386,000)	(1,678,000)
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(8,857,000)	(8,168,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,243,000)	(9,846,000)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments on contingent consideration	(1,285,000)	
Payments on notes payable	(3,083,000)	(1,628,000)
Proceeds from notes payable	_	2,000,000
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(411,000)	(218,000)
Proceeds from stock option exercise	164,000	369,000
Proceeds from sales of common stock under employee stock purchase plan	209,000	78,000
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(4,406,000)	601,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,100,000	(3,522,000)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	16,487,000	18,173,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 18,587,000	\$ 14,651,000

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the period for:

Interest	\$ 137,000	\$ 156,000
Income taxes	2,046,000	951,000
Supplemental disclosures of noncash investing and financing activities:		
Issuance of notes payable related to business acquisitions	\$ 4,569,000	4,250,000
Issuance of common stock related to business acquisitions	2,228,000	1,485,000
Contingent consideration related to business acquisitions	_	6,110,000
Other receivable for working capital adjustment	604,000	
Equipment acquired under capital leases	186,000	139,000

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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WILLDAN GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

1.BASIS OF PRESENTATION, ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and reflect all adjustments, which consist of only normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated results for the interim periods presented. The Company operates and reports its quarterly financial results based on the 13-week period ending on the Friday closest to March 31, June 30 and September 30 and the 13 or 14-week period ending on the Friday closest to December 31, as applicable, with consideration of business days. Results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with Willdan Group, Inc.'s 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 15, 2016.

Nature of Business

Willdan Group, Inc. and subsidiaries ("Willdan Group" or the "Company") is a provider of professional technical and consulting services, including comprehensive energy efficiency solutions, for utilities, private industry, and public agencies at all levels of government, primarily in California and New York. The Company also has operations in Arizona, Colorado, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Washington and Washington, D.C. The Company enables its clients to provide a wide range of specialized services without having to incur and maintain the overhead necessary to develop staffing in-house. The Company provides a broad range of complementary services including energy efficiency, engineering and planning, economic and financial consulting, and national preparedness and interoperability. The Company's clients primarily consist of public and governmental agencies, including cities, counties, public utilities, redevelopment agencies, water districts, school districts and universities, state agencies, federal agencies, a variety of other special districts and agencies, private utilities and industry and tribal governments.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Willdan Group, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Willdan Energy Solutions, Willdan Engineering, Public Agency Resources, Willdan Financial Services and Willdan Homeland Solutions and their respective subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Accounting for Contracts

The Company enters into contracts with its clients that contain various types of pricing provisions, including fixed price, time-and-materials, unit-based and service related provisions. The following table reflects the Company's four reportable segments and the types of contracts that each most commonly enters into for revenue generating activities.

Types of Contract

Segment (Revenue Recognition Method)

Energy Efficiency Services Unit-based and time-and-materials (percentage-of-completion method)

Engineering Services Time-and-materials, unit-based and fixed price (percentage-of-completion method)

Public Finance Services Service related contracts (proportional performance method)
Homeland Security Services Service related contracts (proportional performance method)

Revenue on fixed price contracts is recognized on the percentage-of-completion method based generally on the ratio of direct costs (primarily exclusive of depreciation and amortization costs) incurred to date to estimated total direct costs at completion. Revenue on time-and-materials and unit-based contracts is recognized as the work is performed in accordance with the specific terms of the contract. The Company recognizes revenues for time-and-material contracts based upon the actual hours incurred during a reporting period at contractually agreed upon rates per hour and also includes in revenue all reimbursable costs incurred during a reporting period for which the Company has risk or on which the fee was based at the time of bid or negotiation. Certain of the Company's time-and-material contracts are subject to maximum contract values and, accordingly, revenue under these contracts is generally recognized under the percentage-of-completion method, consistent with fixed priced contracts, Revenue on contracts that are not subject to maximum contract values is recognized based on the actual number of hours the Company spends on the projects plus any actual out-of-pocket costs of materials and other direct incidental expenditures that the Company incurs on the projects. In addition, revenue from overhead percentage recoveries and earned fees are included in revenue. Revenue is recognized as the related costs are incurred. For unit-based contracts, the Company recognizes the contract price of units of a basic production product as revenue when the production product is delivered during a period. Revenue for amounts that have been billed but not earned is deferred and such deferred revenue is referred to as billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Adjustments to contract cost estimates are made in the periods in which the facts requiring such revisions become known. When the revised estimate, for contracts that are recognized under the percentage-of-completion method, indicates a loss, such loss is provided for currently in its entirety. Claims revenue is recognized only upon resolution of the claim. Change orders in dispute are evaluated as claims. Costs related to un-priced change orders are expensed when incurred and recognition of the related contract revenue is based on an evaluation of the probability of recovery of the costs. Estimated profit is recognized for un-priced change orders if realization of the expected price of the change order is probable.

The Company considers whether its contracts require combining for revenue recognition purposes. If certain criteria are met, revenues for related contracts may be recognized on a combined basis. With respect to the Company's contracts, it is rare that such criteria are present. The Company may enter into certain contracts which include separate phases or elements. If each phase or element is negotiated separately based on the technical resources required and/or the supply and demand for the services being provided, the Company evaluates if the contracts should be segmented. If certain criteria are met, the contracts would be segmented which could result in revenues being assigned to the different elements or phases with different rates of profitability based on the relative value of each element or phase to the estimated total contract revenue.

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Applying the percentage-of-completion method of recognizing revenue requires the Company to estimate the outcome of its long-term contracts. The Company forecasts such outcomes to the best of its knowledge and belief of current and expected conditions and its expected course of action. Differences between the Company's estimates and actual results often occur resulting in changes to reported revenue and earnings. Such changes could have a material effect on future consolidated financial statements. The Company did not have material revisions in estimates for contracts recognized using the percentage-of-completion method for any of the periods presented in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

Service-related contracts, including operations and maintenance services and a variety of technical assistance services, are accounted for over the period of performance, in proportion to the costs of performance. Award and incentive fees are recorded when they are fixed and determinable and consider customer contract terms.

Direct costs of contract revenue consist primarily of that portion of technical and nontechnical salaries and wages that has been incurred in connection with revenue producing projects. Direct costs of contract revenue also include production expenses, subcontractor services and other expenses that are incurred in connection with revenue producing projects.

Direct costs of contract revenue exclude that portion of technical and nontechnical salaries and wages related to marketing efforts, vacations, holidays and other time not spent directly generating revenue under existing contracts. Such costs are included in general and administrative expenses. Additionally, payroll taxes, bonuses and employee benefit costs for all Company personnel are included in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations since no allocation of these costs is made to direct costs of contract revenue. No allocation of facilities costs is made to direct costs of contract revenue of the costs that the Company classifies as general and administrative costs. The Company expenses direct costs of contract revenue when incurred.

Included in revenue and costs are all reimbursable costs for which the Company has the risk or on which the fee was based at the time of bid or negotiation. No revenue or cost is recorded for costs in which the Company acts solely in the capacity of an agent and has no risks associated with such costs.

Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful accounts based upon a review of all outstanding amounts on a quarterly basis. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by identifying troubled accounts and by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts. Credit risk is generally minimal with governmental entities, but disputes may arise related to these receivable amounts. Accounts receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts receivables previously written off are recorded when received.

Retainage is included in accounts receivable in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Retainage represents the billed amount that is retained by the customer, in accordance with the terms of the contract, generally until performance is substantially complete. At September 30, 2016 and January 1, 2016, the Company had retained accounts receivable of approximately \$5.1 million and \$748,000, respectively.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of costs over the fair value of the assets acquired. Goodwill, which has an indefinite useful life, is not amortized, but instead tested for impairment at least annually or more frequently if events and circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired.

The Company tests goodwill at least annually for possible impairment. The Company completes annual testing of goodwill as of the last day of the first month of its fourth fiscal quarter each year to evaluate possible impairment. In addition to the annual test, the Company regularly evaluates whether events and circumstances have occurred that may indicate a potential impairment of goodwill. As of September 30, 2016, the Company had \$22.3 million of goodwill, which primarily relates to its Energy Efficiency Services reporting segment and the acquisition of the assets of Genesys, and the acquisitions of Abacus Resource Management Company ("Abacus") and 360 Energy Engineers, LLC ("360

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Energy") and also relates to its Public Finance Services reporting segment and the acquisition of Economists.com, LLC ("Economists, LLC").

The Company tests goodwill for impairment at the level of its reporting units, which are components of its operating segments. The process of testing goodwill for impairment involves an optional qualitative assessment on goodwill impairment of its reporting units to determine whether a quantitative assessment is necessary. If a quantitative assessment is warranted, the Company will then determine the fair value of the applicable reporting units. To estimate the fair value of its reporting units, the Company uses both an income approach based on management's estimates of future cash flows and other market data and a market approach based upon multiples of EBITDA earned by similar public companies.

Once the fair value is determined, the Company then compares the fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying value, including goodwill. If the fair value of the reporting unit is determined to be less than the carrying value, the Company performs an additional assessment to determine the extent of the impairment based on the implied fair value of goodwill compared with the carrying amount of the goodwill. In the event that the current implied fair value of the goodwill is less than the carrying value, an impairment charge is recognized.

Inherent in such fair value determinations are significant judgments and estimates, including but not limited to assumptions about future revenue, profitability and cash flows, operational plans and interpretation of current economic indicators and market valuations. To the extent these assumptions are incorrect or economic conditions that would impact the future operations of the reporting units change, any goodwill may be deemed to be impaired, and an impairment charge could result in a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts, other receivables, prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, contingent consideration and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts, and approximate their fair values because of the relatively short period of time between the origination of these instruments and their expected realization or payment. The carrying amounts of debt obligations and contingent consideration approximate their fair values since the terms are comparable to terms currently offered by local lending institutions for loans of similar terms to companies with comparable credit risk.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Liquidity

The Company had \$18.6 million of cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2016. The Company's primary source of liquidity is cash generated from operations. The Company also has a revolving line of credit with BMO Harris Bank, National Association ("BMO"), which matures on March 24, 2017 (see Note 7). The Company intends to refinance its revolving line of credit prior to its maturity next year. The Company believes that its cash and cash equivalents on hand, cash generated by operating activities and funds available under its line of credit (if needed and if available) will be sufficient to finance its operating activities for at least the next 12 months.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations.

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Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Statement of Cash Flows

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows: Clarification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments ("ASU 2016-15"), which eliminates the diversity in practice related to the classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows, by adding or clarifying guidance on eight specific cash flow issues. ASU 2016-15 is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and early adoption is permitted. ASU 2016-15 provides for retrospective application for all periods presented. The Company does not believe the guidance will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2014-09"), which clarifies existing accounting literature relating to how and when revenue is recognized by an entity. ASU 2014-09 affects any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets and supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance. ASU 2014-09 requires an entity to recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In doing so, an entity will need to exercise a greater degree of judgment and make more estimates than under the current guidance. These may include identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price, and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. ASU 2014-09 also supersedes some cost guidance included in Subtopic 605-35, Revenue Recognition-Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts. In August 2015, the FASB issued Update 2015-14, which deferred the implementation of ASU 2014-09 for one year from the initial effective date. ASU 2014-09 is effective for public companies for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and is to be applied either retrospectively or using the cumulative effect transition method, with early adoption not permitted. The Company has not yet selected a transition method, and is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of ASU 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Consolidations

In February 2015, the FASB issued Update 2015-02, which amends the consolidation requirements in Accounting Standards Codification 810 and changes the consolidation analysis required under GAAP. The standard became effective for the Company on January 2, 2016. The impact of the new standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements was not material.

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases" (Topic 842). The FASB issued this update to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. The updated guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of the update is permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact of the adoption of this update on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Stock Compensation

On March 30, 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting," which amends the current stock compensation guidance. The amendments simplify the accounting for the taxes related to stock based compensation, including adjustments to

how excess tax benefits and a company's payments for tax withholdings should be classified. The standard is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Company has elected to early adopt ASU 2016-09 on a prospective basis, which did not have a material impact for the quarter ended September 30, 2016.

Proposed Accounting Standards

A variety of proposed or otherwise potential accounting standards are currently being studied by standard-setting organizations and certain regulatory agencies. Because of the tentative and preliminary nature of such proposed standards, the Company has not yet determined the effect, if any, that the implementation of such proposed standards would have on its consolidated financial statements.

2.BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

On March 4, 2016, the Company and the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Willdan Energy Solutions ("WES") acquired substantially all of the assets of Genesys Engineering P.C. ("Genesys") and assumed certain specified liabilities of Genesys (collectively, the "Purchase") pursuant to an Asset Purchase and Merger Agreement, dated as of February 26, 2016 (the "Agreement"), by and among the Company, WES, WESGEN (as defined below), Genesys and Ronald W. Mineo ("Mineo") and Robert J. Braun ("Braun" and, together with Mineo, the "Genesys Shareholders"). On March 5, 2016, pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, WESGEN, Inc., a non-affiliated corporation ("WESGEN"), merged (the "Merger" and, together with the Purchase, the "Acquisition") with Genesys, with Genesys remaining as the surviving corporation. Genesys was acquired to strengthen our power engineering capability in the northeastern U.S., and also to increase client exposure and experience with universities.

Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, WES or WESGEN, as applicable, paid the Genesys Shareholders an aggregate purchase price (the "Purchase Price") of approximately \$15.1 million, including post-closing working capital and tax adjustments. The Purchase Price consisted of (i) \$6.0 million in cash, paid at closing, and \$2.9 million paid in cash after closing for working capital and tax adjustments, (ii) a \$0.6 million receivable payable to WES for working capital adjustments, (iii) 255,808 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company (the "Common Stock"), with a fair value on the date of closing of \$2.2 million, and (iv) \$4.6 million in cash, payable in twenty-four (24) equal monthly installments beginning on March 26, 2016 (the "Installment Payments"). Until the third anniversary of the Closing Date (the "Closing Date"), the Genesys Shareholders are prohibited from transferring or disposing of any Common Stock received in connection with the Acquisition.

The Agreement contains customary representations and warranties regarding the Company, WES, WESGEN, Genesys and the Genesys Shareholders, indemnification provisions and other provisions customary for transactions of this nature. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, the Company and WES also provided guarantees to the Genesys Shareholders which guarantee certain of WESGEN's and Genesys' obligations under the Agreement, including the Installment Payments.

The Company used cash on hand to pay the \$8.9 million due to the Genesys Shareholders.

Genesys continues to be a professional corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, wholly-owned by one or more licensed engineers. Pursuant to New York law, the Company does not own capital stock of Genesys. The Company has entered into an agreement with the post-Closing Date owners of Genesys pursuant to which such

owners will be prohibited from selling, transferring or encumbering their ownership interest in Genesys without the Company's consent. Notwithstanding the Company's rights regarding the transfer of Genesys' stock, the Company does not have control over the professional decision making of Genesys. The Company has entered into an administrative services agreement with Genesys pursuant to which WES will provide Genesys with ongoing administrative, operational and other non-professional support services.

The acquisition was accounted for as business combinations in accordance with ASC 805. Under ASC 805, the Company recorded the acquired assets and assumed liabilities at their estimated fair value with the excess allocated to goodwill. Goodwill represents the value the Company expects to achieve through the operational synergies and the

expansion of the Company into new markets. The Company estimates that the entire \$6.2 million of goodwill resulting from the acquisition will be tax deductible. Consideration for the acquisition includes the following:

	Genesys
Cash paid, net of cash acquired	\$ 8,857,000
Other receivable for working capital adjustment	(604,000)
Issuance of common stock	2,228,000
Deferred purchase price, payable in 24 monthly installments	4,569,000
Total consideration	\$ 15,050,000

The following table summarizes the preliminary amounts for the acquired assets recorded at their estimated fair value as of the acquisition date:

	Genesys
Current assets	\$ 14,952,000
Non-current assets	36,000
Cash	101,000
Property, plant and equipment	117,000
Liabilities	(12,643,000)
Customer relationships	3,260,000
Backlog	1,050,000
Tradename	1,690,000
Non-compete agreements	320,000
Goodwill	6,167,000
Net assets acquired	\$ 15,050,000

As of September 30, 2016, the Company obtained further information on the valuation of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed related to the Genesys acquisition and, in accordance with the authoritative guidance for business combinations, recorded purchase price adjustments as of the acquisition date to increase the fair values of intangible assets by \$3.3 million and decrease other receivables by \$0.3 million. These adjustments to the provisional purchase price allocations decreased goodwill by \$3.0 million. As of September 30, 2016, the Company has not completed its final estimate of fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed due to the timing of the transaction and incomplete information necessary to finalize such estimates of fair value. Therefore, the Company has preliminarily estimated the fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and October 2, 2015 assumes the acquisition of the assets of Genesys occurred on January 2, 2015 as follows:

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	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September	October	September	
	30,	2,	30,	October 2,
In thousands (except per share data)	2016	2015	2016	2015
Pro forma revenue	\$ 58,660	\$ 41,220	\$ 160,328	\$ 124,289
Pro forma income from operations	3,053	1,734	9,676	7,014
Pro forma net income	\$ 2,462	\$ 963	\$ 7,254	\$ 4,020

This pro forms supplemental information does not purport to be indicative of what the company's operating results would have been had these transactions occurred on January 2, 2015 and may not be indicative of future operating results.

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During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the acquisition of the assets of Genesys contributed \$16.2 million and \$35.6 million in revenue and \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million of income from operations, respectively.

Acquisition related costs of \$165,000 were expensed as incurred in general and administrative expenses, of which \$56,000 was recorded by the Company during the nine month period ended September 30, 2016. There were no acquisition costs recorded during the three month period ended September 30, 2016.

On January 15, 2015, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Willdan Energy Solutions ("WES") completed two separate acquisitions. The Company and WES acquired all of the outstanding shares of Abacus, an Oregon-based energy engineering company. In addition, the Company and WES separately acquired substantially all of the assets of 360 Energy, a Kansas-based energy and engineering energy management consulting company. Cash payments based on the achievement of certain financial targets were included in the purchase price for each of the acquisitions. The Company has amended its Asset Purchase Agreement with 360 Energy to extend the term of the three-year performance goal for an additional year to the end of the Company's 2018 fiscal year to allow 360 Energy to expand into additional geographical territories. As a result of this amendment, the Company has increased contingent consideration by \$0.3 million. Additionally, the Company has evaluated the total contingent consideration and has determined that certain financial targets will not be met and, as a result, \$0.4 million, net has been reversed out of short term contingent consideration.

3.GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As of September 30, 2016, the Company had \$22.3 million of goodwill, which primarily relates to the Energy Efficiency Services reporting segment and the acquisition of the assets of Genesys and the acquisitions of Abacus and 360 Energy and also relates to the Public Finance Services reporting segment and the acquisition of Economists LLC. The changes in the carrying value of goodwill by reporting unit for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were as follows:

			September
	January 1,		30,
	2016	Additions	2016
Reporting Unit:			
Energy Efficiency Services	\$ 15,348,000	\$ 6,167,000	\$ 21,515,000

Financial Services	749,000		749,000
	\$ 16.097.000	\$ 6,167,000	\$ 22.264.000

The gross amounts and accumulated amortization of the Company's acquired identifiable intangible assets with finite useful lives as of September 30, 2016 included in other intangible assets, net in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets, were as follows:

	September 30	, 2016	January 1, 201	16	
	Gross	Accumulated	Gross	Accumulated	Amortization
	Amount	Amortization	Amount	Amortization	Period (yrs)
Backlog	\$ 1,398,000	\$ 551,000	\$ 348,000	\$ 340,000	5.0
Tradename	2,739,000	916,000	1,049,000	329,000	2.5 - 3.5
Non-compete agreements	1,331,000	392,000	1,011,000	194,000	4.0
Customer relationships	3,260,000	380,000	_	_	5.0
_	\$ 8,728,000	\$ 2,239,000	\$ 2,408,000	\$ 863,000	

The Company's amortization expense for acquired identifiable intangible assets with finite useful lives was \$0.4 million and \$1.4 million for the fiscal three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively as compared to

\$0.2 million and \$0.7 million for the fiscal three and nine months ended October 2, 2015. Estimated amortization expense for acquired identifiable intangible assets for the remainder of fiscal 2016 is \$0.5 million and the succeeding years are as follows:

Fiscal year:	
2017	\$ 2,121,000
2018	1,951,000
2019	1,087,000
2020	674,000
2021	109,000
	\$ 5,942,000

As of September 30, 2016, the Company obtained further information on the valuation of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed related to the Genesys acquisition and in accordance with the authoritative guidance for business combinations, recorded purchase price adjustments as of the acquisition date to increase the fair values of intangible assets by \$3.3 million and decrease other receivables by \$0.3 million. These adjustments to the provisional purchase price allocations decreased goodwill by \$3.0 million. As of September 30, 2016, the Company has not completed its final estimate of fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed due to the timing of the transaction and incomplete information necessary to finalize such estimates of fair value. Therefore, the Company has preliminarily estimated the fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

4.EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding and dilutive potential common shares for the period. Potential common shares include the weighted-average dilutive effects of outstanding stock options using the treasury stock method.

The following table sets forth the number of weighted-average shares used to compute basic and diluted EPS:

Three months ended		Nine months ended		
September		September	•	
30,	October 2,	30,	October 2,	
2016	2015	2016	2015	

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Net income	\$ 2,462,000	\$ 782,000	\$ 6,730,000	\$ 3,879,000
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	8,308,000	7,862,000	8,181,000	7,817,000
Effect of dilutive stock options and restricted stock				
awards	412,000	240,000	335,000	270,000
Weighted-average common stock				
outstanding-diluted	8,720,000	8,102,000	8,516,000	8,087,000
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.50
Diluted	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.48

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, 412,000 and 335,000 options were excluded from the calculation of dilutive potential common shares, respectively, as compared to 240,000 and 270,000 options for each of the same periods last year. These options were not included in the computation of dilutive potential common shares because the assumed proceeds per share exceeded the average market price per share for the 2016 and 2015 periods. Accordingly, the inclusion of these options would have been anti-dilutive.

5.EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

Equipment and leasehold improvements consist of the following:

	September	
	30,	January 1,
	2016	2016
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 2,322,000	\$ 2,270,000
Computer hardware and software	7,543,000	6,496,000
Leasehold improvements	1,094,000	1,072,000
Equipment under capital leases	935,000	1,266,000
Automobiles, trucks, and field equipment	1,400,000	984,000
	13,294,000	12,088,000
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(8,870,000)	(8,404,000)
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	\$ 4,424,000	\$ 3,684,000

6.ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities consist of the following: