

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORP

Form 497

September 06, 2016

The information in this preliminary pricing supplement is not complete and may be changed. This preliminary pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus are not offers to sell these securities and are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to completion

Preliminary Pricing Supplement dated

September 6, 2016

Prospect Capital Corporation

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

5.250% Notes due 2021 (the "Notes")

Filed under Rule 497, Registration Statement No. 333-206661

Preliminary Pricing Supplement No. 439 — Dated Tuesday, September 6, 2016

(To: Prospectus Dated November 3, 2015, and Prospectus Supplement Dated September 1, 2016)

| CUSIP Number | ISIN Number | Principal Amount | Selling Price | Gross Concession | Net Proceeds | Coupon Type | Coupon Rate | Coupon Frequency | Maturity Date | 1st Coupon Date | 1st Coupon Amount |
|--------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 74348YUD1 | US74348YUD1 | \$100,000,000 | 100.000% | 1.250% | \$ | Fixed | 5.250% | Semi-Annual | 9/15/2021 | 3/15/2017 | \$26,000,000 |

Redemption Information: Callable at 100.000% on 9/15/2017 and every coupon date thereafter.

Trade Date: Monday, September 12, 2016 @ 12:00 PM ET

Settle Date: Thursday, September 15, 2016

Minimum Denomination/Increments: \$1,000.00/\$1,000.00

Initial trades settle flat and clear SDFS: DTC Book Entry only

The Notes will be issued pursuant to the Indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and supplemented by that certain Four Hundred Thirty-Ninth Supplemental Indenture dated as of September 15, 2016.

The date from which interest shall accrue on the Notes is Thursday, September 15, 2016. The "Interest Payment Dates" for the Notes shall be March 15 and September 15 of each year, commencing March 15, 2017; the interest payable on any Interest Payment Date, will be paid to the Person in whose name the Notes (or one or more predecessor Notes) is registered at the close of business on the Regular Record Date (as defined in the Indenture) for such interest, which shall be March 1 or September 1, as the case may be, next preceding such Interest Payment Date.

The Notes will be redeemable in whole or in part at any time or from time to time, at the option of Prospect Capital Corporation, on or after September 15, 2017 at a redemption price of \$1,000 per Note plus accrued and unpaid interest payments otherwise payable for the then-current semi-annual interest period accrued to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption and upon not less than 30 days nor more that 60 days prior notice to the noteholder and the trustee, as described in the prospectus.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that lends to and invests in middle market, privately-held companies. We are organized as an externally-managed, non-diversified closed-end management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Prospect Capital Management L.P. manages our investments and Prospect Administration LLC provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

This preliminary pricing supplement relates only to the securities described in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, is only a summary of changes and should be read together with the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, including among other things the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-7 of such prospectus supplement and page 10 of such prospectus. This preliminary pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the "SEC." This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information

is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this preliminary pricing supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America.

InterNotes[®] is a registered trademark of Incapital Holdings LLC.

Filed pursuant to Rule 497
File No. 333-206661

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To Prospectus dated November 3, 2015)

Prospect Capital Corporation

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

We may offer to sell our Prospect Capital InterNotes® from time to time. The specific terms of the notes will be set prior to the time of sale and described in a pricing supplement. You should read this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement carefully before you invest. We may offer other debt securities from time to time other than the notes under our Registration Statement or in private placements.

We may offer the notes to or through agents for resale. The applicable pricing supplement will specify the purchase price, agent discounts and net proceeds of any particular offering of notes. The agents are not required to sell any specific amount of notes but will use their reasonable best efforts to sell the notes. We also may offer the notes directly. We have not set a date for termination of our offering.

The agents have advised us that from time to time they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market, but they are not obligated to make a market in the notes and may suspend or completely stop that activity at any time. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we do not intend to list the notes on any stock exchange.

Investing in the notes involves certain risks, including those described in the “Risk Factors” section beginning on page S-7 of this prospectus supplement and page 10 of the accompanying prospectus.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information you should know before investing in our securities. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information about us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the “SEC.” This information is available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd Floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at (212) 448-0702. The SEC maintains a website at www.sec.gov where such information is available without charge upon written or oral request. Our internet website address is www.prospectstreet.com.

Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. Obligations of Prospect Capital Corporation and any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Neither Prospect Capital Corporation nor any subsidiary of Prospect Capital Corporation is a government-sponsored enterprise or an instrumentality of the United States of America.

We may sell the notes to or through one or more agents or dealers, including the agents listed below.

Incapital LLC BofA Merrill Lynch Citigroup RBC Capital Markets

Prospectus Supplement dated September 1, 2016.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the “Exchange Act,” which involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements predict or describe our future operations, business plans, business and investment strategies and portfolio management and the performance of our investments and our investment management business. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as “intends,” “intend,” “intended,” “goal,” “estimate,” “estimates,” “expects,” “expect,” “expected,” “project,” “projected,” “projects,” “seeks,” “anticipates,” “anticipated,” “should,” “could,” “may,” “will,” “designed to,” “foreseeable future,” “believe,” “believe in,” “scheduled” and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results or outcomes may differ materially from those anticipated. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- our future operating results,
- our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies,
- the impact of investments that we expect to make,
- our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties,
- the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest,
- the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives,
- difficulty in obtaining financing or raising capital, especially in the current credit and equity environment,
- the level and volatility of prevailing interest rates and credit spreads, magnified by the current turmoil in the credit markets,
- adverse developments in the availability of desirable loan and investment opportunities whether they are due to competition, regulation or otherwise,
- a compression of the yield on our investments and the cost of our liabilities, as well as the level of leverage available to us,
- our regulatory structure and tax treatment, including our ability to operate as a business development company and a regulated investment company,
- the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital,
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies,
- the ability of our investment adviser to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments,
- authoritative generally accepted accounting principles or policy changes from such standard-setting bodies as the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the SEC, Internal Revenue Service, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, and other authorities that we are subject to, as well as their counterparts in any foreign jurisdictions where we might do business, and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in “Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, ability to obtain certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively, should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in “Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, respectively. You should not

place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply

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only as of the date of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, as applicable. These forward-looking statements do not meet the safe harbor for forward-looking statements pursuant to Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the “Securities Act.”

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and the agent(s) or dealer(s) has not, authorized any other person to provide you with information that is different from that contained in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the agents are not, making an offer of these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, and the accompanying prospectus is accurate only as of their respective dates and we assume no obligation to update any such information. Our business, financial condition and results of operations may have changed since those dates. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

This prospectus supplement, including any pricing supplement included hereto, supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information that is different from or in addition to the information in that prospectus.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This section summarizes the legal and financial terms of the notes that are described in more detail in “Description of Notes” beginning on page S-11. Final terms of any particular notes will be determined at the time of sale and will be contained in the pricing supplement, which will be included with this prospectus supplement, relating to those notes. The terms in that pricing supplement may vary from and supersede the terms contained in this summary and in “Description of Notes.” In addition, you should read the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in that pricing supplement.

The terms “we,” “us,” “our” and “Company” refer to Prospect Capital Corporation; “Prospect Capital Management,” “Investment Adviser” and “PCM” refer to Prospect Capital Management L.P., formerly Prospect Capital Management LLC; and “Prospect Administration” and the “Administrator” refer to Prospect Administration LLC.

The Company

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company (“BDC”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “Code”). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004. We are one of the largest BDCs with approximately \$6.3 billion of total assets as of June 30, 2016.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management. Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC (“PCF”), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC (“PSBL”) was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc. (“OnDeck”). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC (“PYC”) and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations (“CLOs”). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

We currently have nine origination strategies in which we make investments: (1) lending in private equity sponsored transactions, (2) lending directly to companies not owned by private equity firms, (3) control investments in corporate operating companies, (4) control investments in financial companies, (5) investments in structured credit, (6) real estate investments, (7) investments in syndicated debt, (8) aircraft leasing and (9) online lending. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific tops-down allocation to any single origination strategy.

Lending in Private Equity Sponsored Transactions – We make loans to companies which are controlled by leading private equity firms. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. In making these investments, we look for a diversified customer base, recurring demand for the product or service, barriers to entry, strong historical cash flow and experienced management teams. These loans typically have significant equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 50%-60% of our business, but more recently it is less than 50% of our business.

Lending Directly to Companies – We provide debt financing to companies owned by non-private equity firms, the company founder, a management team or a family. Here, in addition to the strengths we look for in a sponsored transaction, we also look for the alignment with the management team with significant invested capital. This strategy often has less competition than the private equity sponsor strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. Direct lending can result in higher returns and lower leverage than sponsor transactions and may include warrants or equity to us. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business, but more recently it is less than 5% of our business.

Control Investments in Corporate Operating Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in non-financial operating companies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. We provide enhanced certainty of closure to our counterparties, give the seller

personal liquidity and generally look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-15% of our business.

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Control Investments in Financial Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in financial companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. These investments are often structured in a tax-efficient RIC-compliant partnership, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business.

Investments in Structured Credit – We make investments in CLOs, generally taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) of the CLOs. The CLOs include a diversified portfolio of broadly syndicated loans and do not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, debt or consumer based debt. The CLOs in which we invest are managed by top-tier collateral managers that have been thoroughly diligenced prior to investment. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our business.

Real Estate Investments – We make investments in real estate through our wholly-owned tax-efficient real estate investment trust (“REIT”) National Property REIT Corp. (“NPRC”), the surviving entity of the May 23, 2016 merger with APRC and UPRC. Our real estate investments are in various classes of fully developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields. We seek to identify properties that have historically high occupancy and steady cash flow generation. NPRC co-invests with established and experienced property managers that manage such properties after acquisition. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Investments in Syndicated Debt – On an opportunistic basis, we make investments in loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a syndicate of buyers. Here we look for investments with attractive risk-adjusted returns after we have completed a fundamental credit analysis. These investments are purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook and we look to provide significant structuring input by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Aircraft Leasing – We invest in debt as well as equity in aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to credit-worthy airlines across the globe. These investments present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-lived assets coupled with hard asset collateral. We seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across the spectrum of aircraft types of all vintages. Our target portfolio includes both in-production and out-of-production jet and turboprop aircraft and engines, operated by airlines across the globe. This strategy comprised approximately 1% of our business.

Online Lending – We make investments in loans originated by certain consumer loan and small and medium sized business (“SME”) loan facilitators. We purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a “whole loan”). The borrowers are consumers and SMEs. The loans are typically serviced by the facilitators of the loans. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 4%-7% of our business.

We invest primarily in first and second lien secured loans and unsecured debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of unsecured debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Our investments in CLOs are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B.

We hold many of our control investments in a two-tier structure consisting of a holding company and one or more related operating companies for tax purposes. These holding companies serve various business purposes including concentration of management teams, optimization of third party borrowing costs, improvement of supplier, customer, and insurance terms, and enhancement of co-investments by the management teams. In these cases, our investment in the holding company, generally as equity, its equity investment in the operating company and along with any debt from us directly to the operating company structure represents our total exposure for the investment. As of June 30, 2016, as shown in our Consolidated Schedule of Investments, the cost basis and fair value of our investments in controlled companies were each \$1.8 billion. This structure gives rise to several of the risks described in our public documents and highlighted elsewhere in this Annual Report. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating all wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us for the purpose of holding our controlled investments in operating companies. There were no significant effects of consolidating these holding

companies as they hold minimal assets other than their investments in the controlled operating companies. Investment company accounting prohibits the consolidation of any operating companies.

As of June 30, 2016, we had investments in 125 portfolio companies. The aggregate fair value as of June 30, 2016 of investments in these portfolio companies held on that date is approximately \$5.9 billion. Our portfolio across all our performing interest-bearing investments had an annualized current yield of 13.2% as of June 30, 2016.

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Recent Developments

Investment Transactions

On July 1, 2016, we made an investment of \$7.3 million to purchase 19.7% of the subordinated notes in Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd.

On July 22, 2016, we made a \$32.5 million Senior Secured Term Loan A and a \$32.5 million Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investment in Universal Turbine Parts, LLC, an independent supplier of aftermarket turboprop engines and parts.

On August 9, 2016, JHH Holdings, Inc. repaid the \$35.5 million loan receivable to us.

On August 9, 2016, we made an investment of \$29.6 million to purchase 71.9% of the subordinated notes in Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2016-3, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management L.P.

During the period from July 1, 2016 through August 31, 2016, we made seven follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$55.7 million to support the online consumer lending initiative.

Debt

On August 14, 2016, we announced the then current conversion rate on the 2018 Notes as 84.1497 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the 2018 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.88.

On August 15, 2016, the 5.50% unsecured convertible notes (the "2016 Notes"), which had an outstanding principal balance of \$167.5 million, matured and were repaid in full with cash on hand, primarily from the Harbortouch sale proceeds.

On August 22, 2016, our credit facility was amended to eliminate some of the restrictions in the definition of an eligible loan for pledging to the facility and increase to our overall borrowing base.

During the period from July 1, 2016 through August 25, 2016 we issued \$28.8 million aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$28.5 million.

During the period from July 1, 2016 through August 24, 2016, we issued \$37.9 million in aggregate principal amount of our 2024 Notes for net proceeds of \$37.1 million.

Dividends

On August 25, 2016, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

\$0.08333 per share for September 2016 to holders of record on September 30, 2016 with a payment date of October 20, 2016;

\$0.08333 per share for October 2016 to holders of record on October 31, 2016 with a payment date of November 17, 2016.

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| The Offering Issuer | Prospect Capital Corporation |
| Purchasing Agent | Incapital LLC |
| Agents | Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and RBC Capital Markets, LLC. From time to time, we may sell the notes to or through additional agents. |
| Title of Notes | Prospect Capital InterNotes® |
| Amount | We may issue notes from time to time in various offerings up to \$1.5 billion, the aggregate principal amount authorized by our board of directors for notes. As of September 1, 2016, \$1.1 billion aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of September 1, 2016, \$936.2 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding. There are no limitations on our ability to issue additional indebtedness in the form of Prospect Capital InterNotes® or otherwise other than under the 1940 Act and the marginally more restrictive 175% asset coverage requirement under our credit facility. |
| Denominations | The notes will be issued and sold in denominations of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000 (unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement). |
| Status | The notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding. |
| Maturities | Each note will mature 12 months or more from its date of original issuance. |
| Interest | Notes may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; a floating interest rate note will be based on the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”). Interest on each fixed or floating interest rate note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and on the stated maturity date. Interest also will be paid on the date of redemption or repayment if a note is redeemed or repaid prior to its stated maturity in accordance with its terms. Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months, often referred to as the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention. |
| Principal | The principal amount of each note will be payable on its stated maturity date at the corporate trust office of the paying agent or at any other place we may designate. |
| Redemption and Repayment | Unless otherwise stated in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable at our option or be repayable at the option of the holder prior to its stated maturity date. The notes will not be subject to any sinking fund. |
| Survivor’s Option | Specific notes may contain a provision permitting the optional repayment of those notes prior to stated maturity, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of those notes, following the death of the beneficial owner of the notes, so long as the notes were owned by the beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request. This feature is referred to as a “Survivor’s Option.” Your notes will not be repaid in this manner unless the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor’s Option. If the pricing supplement for your notes provides for the Survivor’s Option, your right to exercise the Survivor’s Option will be subject to limits set by us on (1) the permitted dollar amount of total exercises by all holders of notes in any calendar year, and |

(2) the permitted dollar amount of an individual exercise by a holder of a note in any calendar year. Additional details on the Survivor's Option are described in the section entitled "Description of Notes—Survivor's Option."

Sale and
Clearance

We will sell notes in the United States only. Notes will be issued in book-entry only form and will clear through The Depository Trust Company. We do not intend to issue notes in certificated form.

Trustee

The trustee for the notes is U.S. Bank National Association, under an indenture dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time.

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Selling Group The agents and dealers comprising the selling group are broker-dealers and securities firms. Each of the Purchasing Agent, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and RBC Capital Markets, LLC entered into a Fifth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement with us dated November 6, 2015 (as amended, the “Selling Agent Agreement”). Additional agents appointed by us from time to time in connection with the offering of the notes contemplated by this prospectus supplement will become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. The agents and the dealers have agreed to market and sell the notes in accordance with the terms of those respective agreements and all other applicable laws and regulations. You may contact the Purchasing Agent at info@incapital.com for a list of selling group members.

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SELECTED CONDENSED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the condensed consolidated financial information below with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Financial information below for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012 has been derived from the financial statements that were audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period financial information to conform to the current period presentation. See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” starting on page S-20 for more information.

| | Year Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | |
| | (in thousands except data relating to shares, per share and number of portfolio companies) | | | | | |
| Summary of Operations | | | | | | |
| Total investment income | \$791,973 | \$791,084 | \$712,291 | \$576,336 | \$320,910 | |
| Total operating expenses | 420,845 | 428,337 | 355,068 | 251,412 | 134,226 | |
| Net investment income | 371,128 | 362,747 | 357,223 | 324,924 | 186,684 | |
| Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investments | (267,990) | (12,458) | (38,203) | (104,068) | 4,220 | |
| Net realized gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt | 224 | (3,950) | — | — | — | |
| Net increase in net assets resulting from operations | 103,362 | 346,339 | 319,020 | 220,856 | 190,904 | |
| Per Share Data | | | | | | |
| Net investment income(1) | \$1.04 | \$1.03 | \$1.19 | \$1.57 | \$1.63 | |
| Net increase in net assets resulting from operations(1) | 0.29 | 0.98 | 1.06 | 1.07 | 1.67 | |
| Dividends to shareholders | (1.00) | (1.19) | (1.32) | (1.28) | (1.22) | |
| Net asset value at end of year | 9.62 | 10.31 | 10.56 | 10.72 | 10.83 | |
| Balance Sheet Data | | | | | | |
| Total assets | \$6,276,707 | \$6,798,054 | \$6,477,269 | \$4,448,217 | \$2,255,254 | |
| Total debt outstanding | 2,707,465 | 2,983,736 | 2,773,051 | 1,683,002 | 664,138 | |
| Net assets | 3,435,917 | 3,703,049 | 3,618,182 | 2,656,494 | 1,511,974 | |
| Other Data | | | | | | |
| Investment purchases for the year | \$979,102 | \$1,867,477 | \$2,933,365 | \$3,103,217 | \$1,120,659 | |
| Investment sales and repayments for the year | \$1,338,875 | \$1,411,562 | \$767,978 | \$931,534 | \$500,952 | |
| Number of portfolio companies at year end | 125 | 131 | 142 | 124 | 85 | |
| Total return based on market value(2) | 21.8 | % (20.8 | %) 10.9 | % 6.2 | % 27.2 | % |
| Total return based on net asset value(2) | 7.2 | % 11.5 | % 11.0 | % 10.9 | % 18.0 | % |
| Weighted average yield on debt portfolio at year end(3) | 13.2 | % 12.7 | % 12.1 | % 13.6 | % 13.9 | % |

(1) Per share data is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented (except for dividends to shareholders which is based on actual rate per share).

(2) Total return based on market value is based on the change in market price per share between the opening and ending market prices per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our

dividend reinvestment plan. Total return based on net asset value is based upon the change in net asset value per share between the opening and ending net asset values per share in each period and assumes that dividends are reinvested in accordance with our dividend reinvestment plan.

(3) Excludes equity investments and non-performing loans.

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RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the notes will involve certain risks. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not describe all of those risks.

You should, in consultation with your own financial and legal advisors, carefully consider the following discussion of risks before deciding whether an investment in the notes is suitable for you. The notes will not be an appropriate investment for you if you are not knowledgeable about significant features of the notes or financial matters in general. You should not purchase the notes unless you understand, and know that you can bear, these investment risks.

Our amount of debt outstanding will increase as a result of this offering. Our current indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

As of September 1, 2016, we and our subsidiaries had approximately \$2.6 billion of unsecured senior indebtedness outstanding and as our credit facility was undrawn, no secured indebtedness outstanding.

The use of debt could have significant consequences on our future operations, including:

- making it more difficult for us to meet our payment and other obligations under the notes and our other outstanding debt;

- resulting in an event of default if we fail to comply with the financial and other restrictive covenants contained in our debt agreements, which event of default could result in all of our debt becoming immediately due and payable;

- reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund investments, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, and limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for these purposes;

- subjecting us to the risk of increased sensitivity to interest rate increases on our indebtedness with variable interest rates, including borrowings under our amended senior credit facility; and

- limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, and increasing our vulnerability to, changes in our business, the industry in which we operate and the general economy.

Any of the above-listed factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

Our ability to meet our payment and other obligations under our debt instruments depends on our ability to generate significant cash flow in the future. This, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us under our existing or amended senior credit facility or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to enable us to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt and to fund other liquidity needs. If we are not able to generate sufficient cash flow to service our debt obligations, we may need to refinance or restructure our debt, including any notes sold, sell assets, reduce or delay capital investments, or seek to raise additional capital. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the notes and our other debt.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the rating assigned by a rating agency to us or the notes, if any, could cause the liquidity or market value of the notes to decline significantly.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. Neither we nor the underwriters undertake any obligation to maintain the ratings or to advise holders of notes of any changes in ratings.

The notes will be rated by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, or "S&P," and Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc., or "Kroll."

There can be no assurance that their rating will remain for any given period of time or that such rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by S&P or Kroll if in their respective judgment future circumstances relating to the basis of the rating, such as adverse changes in our company, so warrant.

The notes will be effectively subordinated to any existing and future secured indebtedness and structurally subordinated to existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries.

The notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsubordinated, unsecured indebtedness, including without limitation, the \$129.5 million aggregate

principal amount of 5.375% Convertible Notes due 2017 (the “2017 Notes”), the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.75% Convertible

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Notes due 2018 (the “2018 Notes”), the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Convertible Notes due 2019 (the “2019 Notes”), the \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Unsecured Notes due 2019 (the “5.00% 2019 Notes”), the \$392.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.75% Convertible Notes due 2020 (the “2020 Notes”), the \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.875% Unsecured Notes due 2023 (the “2023 Notes”) and the \$199.3 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Unsecured Notes due 2024 (the “2024 Notes”). The 2016 Notes were repaid on maturity of August 15, 2016. As a result, the notes will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness (including indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries. Effective subordination means that in any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors. Structural subordination means that creditors of a parent entity are subordinate to creditors of a subsidiary entity with respect to the subsidiary’s assets. These liabilities may include indebtedness, trade payables, guarantees, lease obligations and letter of credit obligations. The notes do not restrict us or our subsidiaries from incurring indebtedness, including senior secured indebtedness in the future, nor do they limit the amount of indebtedness we can issue that is equal in right of payment to the notes. As of September 1, 2016, our credit facility was undrawn. Our credit facility is secured by certain of our assets and the indebtedness thereunder is therefore effectively senior to the notes to the extent of the value of such assets.

Each of the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 2023 Notes and the 2024 Notes may be due prior to their maturities. We do not currently know whether we will be able to replace any of the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 2023 Notes or the 2024 Notes upon their respective maturities, or if we do, whether we will be able to do so on terms that are as favorable as such notes. In the event that we are not able to replace the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the 2023 Notes or the 2024 Notes at the time of their respective maturities, this could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and ability to fund new investments, our ability to make distributions to our stockholders, our ability to repay the notes and our ability to qualify as a regulated investment company, or “RIC.”

The indenture and supplemental indentures under which the notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the notes.

The indenture and supplemental indentures (collectively, the “indenture”) under which the notes will be issued offer limited protection to holders of the notes. The terms of the indenture and the notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries’ ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the notes. In particular, the terms of the indenture and the notes will not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries’ ability to:

issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions;

pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the notes;

sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);

enter into transactions with affiliates;

create liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;

make investments; or

create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

In addition, the indenture will not require us to offer to purchase the notes in connection with a change of control or any other event.

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the notes do not protect holders of the notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, as they do not require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash

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flow, or liquidity other than certain limited restrictions on dividends and certain board structures or default provisions mandated by the 1940 Act.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the notes.

Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the indenture and the notes. See in the accompanying prospectus “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to Our Business—The Notes present other risks to holders of our common stock, including the possibility that the Notes could discourage an acquisition of the Company by a third party and accounting uncertainty” and “—In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.” In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the indenture and the notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the notes.

We may choose to redeem notes when prevailing interest rates are relatively low.

If your notes will be redeemable at our option, we may choose to redeem your notes from time to time, especially when prevailing interest rates are lower than the rate borne by the notes. If prevailing rates are lower at the time of redemption, you would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the notes being redeemed. Our redemption right also may adversely impact your ability to sell your notes as the optional redemption date or period approaches.

Survivor’s Option may be limited in amount.

We will have a discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor’s Option that may be exercised in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2.0 million or 2% of the outstanding principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of notes subject to the Survivor’s Option that may be exercised in such calendar year on behalf of any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that exercise of the Survivor’s Option for the desired amount will be permitted in any single calendar year.

We cannot assure that a trading market for your notes will ever develop or be maintained.

In evaluating the notes, you should assume that you will be holding the notes until their stated maturity. The notes are a new issue of securities. We cannot assure you that a trading market for your notes will ever develop, be liquid or be maintained. Many factors independent of our creditworthiness affect the trading market for and market value of your notes. Those factors include, without limitation:

• the method of calculating the principal and interest for the notes;

• the time remaining to the stated maturity of the notes;

• the outstanding amount of the notes;

• the redemption or repayment features of the notes; and

• the level, direction and volatility of interest rates generally.

There may be a limited number of buyers when you decide to sell your notes. This may affect the price you receive for your notes or your ability to sell your notes at all.

Your investment in the floating rate notes will involve certain risks not associated with an investment in conventional debt securities. You should consider carefully the following discussion of risks before you decide that an investment in the floating rate notes is suitable for you.

Floating rate notes present different investment considerations than fixed rate notes. For notes with only floating rates, the rate of interest paid by us on the notes for each applicable interest period is not fixed, but will vary depending on LIBOR and accordingly could be substantially less than the rates of interest we would pay on fixed rate notes of the same maturity. Additionally, the notes may change the interest rate or interest rate formula in relation to LIBOR at one or more points during the term of such notes (often referred to as a “step up” feature) or may switch from floating to

fixed rate or from a fixed to a floating rate during the term of the notes. Consequently, the return on the notes may be less than returns otherwise payable on fixed rate debt securities issued by us with similar maturities whose interest rates cannot change. The variable interest rate on the notes, while determined, in part, by reference to LIBOR, may not actually pay at such rates. Furthermore, we have no control over any fluctuations in LIBOR.

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If the relevant pricing supplement specifies a maximum rate, the interest rate for any interest period will be limited by the maximum rate. The maximum rate will limit the amount of interest you may receive for each such interest period, even if the fixed or floating rate component, as adjusted by any spread factor, if applicable, and/or a spread, if applicable, would have otherwise resulted in an interest rate greater than the maximum rate. As a result, if the interest rate for any interest period without taking into consideration the maximum rate would have been greater than the maximum rate, the notes will provide you less interest income than an investment in a similar instrument that is not subject to a maximum interest rate.

Volatility in the global financial markets resulting from relapse of the Eurozone crisis, geopolitical developments in Eastern Europe, turbulence in the Chinese stock markets and global commodity markets, the United Kingdom's vote to leave the European Union or otherwise could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Volatility in the global financial markets could have an adverse effect on the economic recovery in the United States and could result from a number of causes, including a relapse in the Eurozone crisis, geopolitical developments in Eastern Europe, turbulence in the Chinese stock markets and global commodity markets or otherwise. The effects of the Eurozone crisis, which began in late 2009 as part of the global economic and financial crisis, continued to impact the global financial markets through 2015. Numerous factors continued to fuel the Eurozone crisis, including continued high levels of government debt, the undercapitalization and liquidity problems of many banks in the Eurozone and relatively low levels of economic growth. These factors made it difficult or impossible for some countries in the Eurozone, including Greece, Ireland and Portugal, to repay or refinance their debt without the assistance of third parties. As a combination of austerity programs, debt write-downs and the European Central Bank's commitment to restore financial stability to the Eurozone and the finalization of the primary European Stability Mechanism bailout fund, in 2013 and into 2014 interest rates began to fall and stock prices began to increase.

Although these trends helped to stabilize the effects of the Eurozone crisis in the first half of 2014, the underlying causes of the crisis were not completely eliminated. As a result, the financial markets relapsed toward the end of 2014. In particular, Greece's newly elected government, which campaigned against austerity measures, has been unable to reach an acceptable solution to the country's debt crisis with the European Union, and in June 2015, Greece failed to make a scheduled debt repayment to the International Monetary Fund, falling into arrears. Following further unsuccessful negotiations between the government of Greece and the European Union to solve the Greek debt crisis, on July 5, 2015, Greek voters rejected a bailout package submitted by the European Commission, the European Central Bank and the International Monetary Fund, and while the European Central Bank continues to extend credit to Greece, it is uncertain how long such support will last, whether Greece will receive and accept any future bailout packages and whether Greece will default on future payments. The result of continued defaults and the removal of credit support for Greek banks may cause Greece to exit the European Union, which could lead to significant economic uncertainty and abandonment of the Euro common currency, resulting in destabilization in the financial markets. Continued financial instability in Greece and in other similarly situated Eurozone countries could have a continued contagion effect on the financial markets. Stock prices in China have experienced a significant drop in the second quarter of 2015, resulting primarily from continued sell-off of shares trading in Chinese markets. The volatility has been followed by volatility in stock markets around the world, including in the United States, as well as increased turbulence in commodity markets, such as reductions in prices of crude oil. Although the Chinese government has already taken steps to halt the collapse, it is uncertain what effect such measures will have, if any. Continued sell-off and price drops in the Chinese stock markets may have a contagion effect across the financial markets. In addition, Russian intervention in Ukraine during 2014 significantly increased regional geopolitical tensions. In response to Russian actions, U.S. and European governments have imposed sanctions on a limited number of Russian individuals and business entities. The situation remains fluid with potential for further escalation of geopolitical tensions, increased severity of sanctions against Russian interests, and possible Russian counter-measures. Further economic sanctions could destabilize the economic environment and result in increased volatility. On June 23, 2016, voters in the United Kingdom referendum (the "Referendum") on the question of whether to remain or leave the European Union voted in a majority in favor of leaving the European Union ("Brexit"). This historic event is widely expected to have consequences that are both profound and uncertain for the economic and political future of the United Kingdom and the European Union, and those consequences include significant legal and business uncertainties pertaining to our

investments. Due to the very recent occurrence of Brexit, the full scope and nature of the consequences are not at this time known and are unlikely to be known for a significant period of time. However, Brexit has led to significant uncertainty in the business, legal and political environment. Risks associated with the outcome of the Referendum include short and long term market volatility and currency volatility (including volatility of the value of the British pound sterling relative to the United States dollar and other currencies and volatility in global currency markets generally), macroeconomic risk to the United Kingdom and European economies, impetus for further disintegration of the European Union and related political stresses (including those related to sentiment against cross border capital movements and activities of investors like us), prejudice to financial services businesses that are conducting business in the European Union and which are based in the United Kingdom, legal uncertainty regarding achievement of compliance with applicable financial and commercial laws and regulations in view of the expected steps to be taken pursuant to or in contemplation of Article 50 of the Treaty on European Union and negotiations undertaken under Article 218 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and the unavailability of timely information as to expected legal,

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tax and other regimes. Should the economic recovery in the United States be adversely impacted by increased volatility in the global financial markets caused by continued contagion from the Eurozone crisis, developments in respect of the Russian sanctions, further turbulence in Chinese stock markets and global commodity markets, Brexit or for any other reason, loan and asset growth and liquidity conditions at U.S. financial institutions, including us, may deteriorate.

Our most recent NAV was calculated on June 30, 2016 and our NAV when calculated effective September 30, 2016 and thereafter may be higher or lower.

Our NAV per share is \$9.62 as of June 30, 2016. NAV per share as of September 30, 2016 may be higher or lower than \$9.62 based on potential changes in valuations, issuances of securities, repurchases of securities, dividends paid and earnings for the quarter then ended. Our Board of Directors has not yet determined the fair value of portfolio investments at any date subsequent to June 30, 2016. Our Board of Directors determines the fair value of our portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in connection with the preparation of quarterly financial statements and based on input from independent valuation firms, the Investment Adviser, the Administrator and the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

The effects of compliance with the Volcker Rule may affect the CLO market in ways that we cannot currently anticipate.

Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Act added a provision, commonly referred to as the “Volcker Rule,” to federal banking laws to prohibit covered banking entities from engaging in proprietary trading or acquiring or retaining an ownership interest in, sponsoring or having certain relationships with “covered funds.” Generally, a covered fund would include a hedge fund or a private equity fund; however, the definition is sufficiently broad that it may include certain CLOs.

The Volcker Rule provides that certain loan securitization vehicles are not considered “covered funds” for purposes of the prohibitions. In order to meet the definition of a loan securitization, the assets or holdings of the fund must, among other things, consist solely of loans and cannot include securities, such as bonds. In an effort to qualify for this “loan securitization” exclusion, many current CLOs are undertaking amendments to their related transaction documents that restrict the ability of the issuer to acquire bonds and certain other securities. Such an amendment may have the effect of reducing the return available to holders of CLO equity securities because bonds are generally higher yielding assets than are loans. In addition, the costs associated with such an amendment are typically paid out of the cash flow of the CLO, which could impact the return on our investment in any CLO equity securities. In addition, as a result of the uncertainty regarding the implementation and interpretation of the Volcker Rule, it is likely that many future CLOs will contain similar restrictions on the acquisition of bonds and certain other securities, which may have the effect of lowering returns on CLO equity securities. Our CLO equity portfolio is comprised principally of non-Volcker Rule compliant CLOs.

Generally, due to the lack of clarity as to the application of the Volcker Rule and the availability of certain exemptions, certain investors that are subject to the Volcker Rule may not be as interested in CLO investments in the future. Any decline in interest may adversely affect the market value or liquidity of any or all of the CLO investments we hold. Similarly, it is possible that uncertainty regarding the treatment of CLOs may adversely affect the volume of CLO issuance.

With respect to our online consumer lending initiative, we are dependent on the business performance and competitiveness of marketplace lending facilitators and our ability to assess loan underwriting performance and, if the marketplace lending facilitators from which we currently purchase consumer loans are unable to maintain or increase consumer loan originations, or if such marketplace lending facilitators do not continue to sell consumer loans to us, or we are unable to otherwise purchase additional loans, our business and results of operations will be adversely affected. With respect to our online consumer lending initiative, we invest primarily in marketplace loans through marketplace lending facilitators. We do not conduct loan origination activities ourselves. Therefore, our ability to purchase consumer loans, and our ability to grow our portfolio of consumer loans, is directly influenced by the business performance and competitiveness of the marketplace loan origination business of the marketplace lending facilitators from which we purchase consumer loans.

In addition, our ability to analyze the risk-return profile of consumer loans is significantly dependent on the marketplace facilitator's ability to effectively evaluate a borrower's credit profile and likelihood of default. The platforms from which we purchase such loans utilize credit decisioning and scoring models that assign each such loan

offered a corresponding interest rate and origination fee. Our returns are a function of the assigned interest rate for each such particular loan purchased less any defaults over the term of the applicable loan. We evaluate the credit decisioning and scoring models implemented by each platform on a regular basis and leverage the additional data on loan history experience, borrower behavior, economic factors and prepayment trends that we accumulate to continually improve our own decisioning model. If we are unable to effectively evaluate borrowers' credit profiles or the credit decisioning and scoring models implemented by each platform, we may incur unanticipated losses which could adversely impact our operating results. Further, if the interest rates for consumer loans available through marketplace lending platforms are set too high or too low, it may adversely impact our ability to receive returns on our investment that are commensurate with the risks we incur in purchasing the loans.

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With respect to our online consumer lending initiative, we rely on the marketplace lending facilitators to service loans including pursuing collections against borrowers. Personal loans facilitated through the marketplace lending facilitators are not secured by any collateral, are not guaranteed or insured by any third-party and are not backed by any governmental authority in any way. Marketplace lending facilitators are therefore limited in their ability to collect on the loans if a borrower is unwilling or unable to repay. A borrower's ability to repay can be negatively impacted by increases in their payment obligations to other lenders under mortgage, credit card and other loans, including student loans and home equity lines of credit. These changes can result from increases in base lending rates or structured increases in payment obligations and could reduce the ability of the borrowers to meet their payment obligations to other lenders and under the loans purchased by us. If a borrower defaults on a loan, the marketplace lending facilitators may outsource subsequent servicing efforts to third-party collection agencies, which may be unsuccessful in their efforts to collect the amount of the loan. Marketplace lending facilitators make payments ratably on an investor's investment only if they receive the borrower's payments on the corresponding loan. If they do not receive payments on the corresponding loan related to an investment, we are not entitled to any payments under the terms of the investment.

As servicers of the loans we purchase as part of our online consumer lending initiative, the marketplace lending facilitators have the authority to waive or modify the terms of a consumer loan without our consent or allow the postponement of strict compliance with any such term or in any manner grant any other indulgence to any borrower. If the marketplace lending facilitators approve a modification to the terms of any consumer loan it may adversely impact our revenues.

To continue to grow our online consumer lending initiative business, we rely on marketplace lending facilitators from which we purchase loans to maintain or increase their consumer loan originations and to agree to sell their consumer loans to us. However, we do not have any exclusive arrangements with any of the marketplace lending facilitators and have no agreements with them to provide us with a guaranteed source of supply. There can be no assurance that such marketplace lending facilitators will be able to maintain or increase consumer loan originations or will continue to sell their consumer loans to us, or that we will be able to otherwise purchase additional loans and, consequently, there can be no assurance that we will be able to grow our business through investment in additional loans. The consumer marketplace lending facilitators could elect to become investors in their own marketplace loans which would limit the amount of supply available for our own investments. An inability to expand our business through investments in additional consumer loans would reduce the return on investment that we might otherwise be able to realize from an increased portfolio of such investments. If we are unable to expand our business relating to our online consumer lending initiative, this may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Additionally, if marketplace lending facilitators are unable to attract qualified borrowers and sufficient investor commitments or borrowers and investors do not continue to participate in marketplace lending at current rates, the growth of loan originations will slow or loan originations will decrease. As a result of any of these factors, we may be unable to increase our consumer loan investments and our revenue may grow more slowly than expected or decline, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Marketplace lending facilitators on which we rely as part of our online consumer lending initiative depend on issuing banks to originate all loans and to comply with various federal, state and other laws.

Typically, the contracts between marketplace lending facilitators and their loan issuing banks are non-exclusive and do not prohibit the issuing banks from working with other marketplace lending facilitators or from offering competing services. Issuing banks could decide that working with marketplace lending facilitators is not in their interests, could make working with marketplace lending facilitators cost prohibitive or could decide to enter into exclusive or more favorable relationships with other marketplace lending facilitators that do not provide consumer loans to us. In addition, issuing banks may not perform as expected under their agreements. Marketplace lending facilitators could in the future have disagreements or disputes with their issuing banks. Any of these factors could negatively impact or threaten our ability to obtain consumer loans and consequently could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Issuing banks are subject to oversight by the FDIC and the states where they are organized and operate and must comply with complex rules and regulations, as well as licensing and examination requirements, including

requirements to maintain a certain amount of regulatory capital relative to their outstanding loans. If issuing banks were to suspend, limit or cease their operations or the relationship between the marketplace lending facilitators and the issuing bank were to otherwise terminate, the marketplace lending facilitators would need to implement a substantially similar arrangement with another issuing bank, obtain additional state licenses or curtail their operations. If the marketplace lending facilitators are required to enter into alternative arrangements with a different issuing bank to replace their existing arrangements, they may not be able to negotiate a comparable alternative arrangement. This may result in their inability to facilitate loans through their platform and accordingly our inability to operate the business of our online consumer lending initiative. If the marketplace lending facilitators were unable to enter into an alternative arrangement with a different issuing bank, they would need to obtain a state license in each

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state in which they operate in order to enable them to originate loans, as well as comply with other state and federal laws, which would be costly and time-consuming and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. If the marketplace lending facilitators are unsuccessful in maintaining their relationships with the issuing banks, their ability to provide loan products could be materially impaired and our operating results could suffer.

Credit and other information that is received about a borrower may be inaccurate or may not accurately reflect the borrower's creditworthiness, which may cause the loans to be inaccurately priced.

The marketplace lending facilitators obtain borrower credit information from consumer reporting agencies, such as TransUnion, Experian or Equifax, and assign loan grades to loan requests based on credit decisioning and scoring models that take into account reported credit scores and the requested loan amount, in addition to a variety of other factors. A credit score or loan grade assigned to a borrower may not reflect that borrower's actual creditworthiness because the credit score may be based on incomplete or inaccurate consumer reporting data, and typically, the marketplace lending facilitators do not verify the information obtained from the borrower's credit report. Additionally, there is a risk that, following the date of the credit report that the models are based on, a borrower may have:

• become delinquent in the payment of an outstanding obligation;

• defaulted on a pre-existing debt obligation;

• taken on additional debt; or

• sustained other adverse financial events.

Borrowers supply a variety of information to the marketplace lending facilitators based on which the facilitators price the loans. In a number of cases, marketplace lending facilitators do not verify all of this information, and it may be inaccurate or incomplete. For example, marketplace lending facilitators do not always verify a borrower's stated tenure, job title, home ownership status or intention for the use of loan proceeds. Moreover, we do not, and will not, have access to financial statements of borrowers or to other detailed financial information about the borrowers. If we invest in loans through the marketplace provided by the marketplace lending facilitators based on information supplied by borrowers or third parties that is inaccurate, misleading or incomplete, we may not receive expected returns on our investments and this could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects and our reputation may be harmed.

Marketplace lending is a relatively new lending method and the platforms of marketplace lending facilitators have a limited operating history relative to established consumer banks. Borrowers may not view or treat their obligations under any such loans we purchase as having the same significance as loans from traditional lending sources, such as bank loans.

The return on our investment in consumer loans depends on borrowers fulfilling their payment obligations in a timely and complete manner under the corresponding consumer loan. Borrowers may not view their obligations originated on the lending platforms that the marketplace lending facilitators provide as having the same significance as other credit obligations arising under more traditional circumstances, such as loans from banks or other commercial financial institutions. If a borrower neglects his or her payment obligations on a consumer loan or chooses not to repay his or her consumer loan entirely, we may not be able to recover any portion of our investment in the consumer loans. This will adversely impact our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

In addition to regulatory restrictions that restrict our ability to raise capital, our credit facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

The agreement governing our credit facility requires us to comply with certain financial and operational covenants.

These covenants include:

• Restrictions on the level of indebtedness that we are permitted to incur in relation to the value of our assets;

• Restrictions on our ability to incur liens; and

• Maintenance of a minimum level of stockholders' equity.

As of June 30, 2016, we were in compliance with these covenants. However, our continued compliance with these covenants depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control. Accordingly, there are no assurances that we will continue to comply with the covenants in our credit facility. Failure to comply with these covenants would result in a default

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under this facility which, if we were unable to obtain a waiver from the lenders thereunder, could result in an acceleration of repayments under the facility and thereby have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we sell shares of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of our common stock at a discount to our net asset value per share, stockholders who do not participate in such sale will experience immediate dilution in an amount that may be material.

At our 2015 annual meeting of stockholders held on December 4, 2015 and continued until January 8, 2016, our stockholders approved our ability, subject to the condition that the maximum number of shares salable below net asset value pursuant to this authority in any particular offering that could result in such dilution is limited to 25% of our then outstanding common stock immediately prior to each such offering, to sell shares of our common stock at any level of discount from net asset value per share during the 12 month period following January 8, 2016. The issuance or sale by us of shares of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or are convertible into shares of our common stock at a discount to net asset value poses a risk of dilution to our stockholders. In particular, stockholders who do not purchase additional shares of common stock at or below the discounted price in proportion to their current ownership will experience an immediate decrease in net asset value per share (as well as in the aggregate net asset value of their shares of common stock if they do not participate at all). These stockholders will also experience a disproportionately greater decrease in their participation in our earnings and assets and their voting power than the increase we experience in our assets, potential earning power and voting interests from such issuance or sale. In addition, such sales may adversely affect the price at which our common stock trades. We have sold shares of our common stock at prices below net asset value per share in the past and may do so to the future. We have not sold any shares of our common stock at prices below net asset value per share since December 3, 2014.

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The following description of the particular terms of the notes being offered supplements and, to the extent inconsistent with or otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, replaces the description of the general terms and provisions of the debt securities set forth under the heading "Description of Our Debt Securities" in the accompanying prospectus. Unless otherwise specified in an applicable pricing supplement, the notes will have the terms described below. Capitalized terms used but not defined below have the meanings given to them in the accompanying prospectus and in the indenture relating to the notes.

The notes being offered by this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will be issued under an indenture, dated as of February 16, 2012, as amended and as supplemented from time to time. U.S. Bank National Association was appointed as trustee, as successor to American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, pursuant to an Agreement of Resignation, Appointment and Acceptance dated as of March 9, 2012. The indenture is more fully described in the accompanying prospectus. The indenture does not limit the aggregate amount of debt securities that may be issued under it and provides that the debt securities may be issued under it from time to time in one or more series. The following statements are summaries of the material provisions of the indenture and the notes. These summaries do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to the indenture, including for the definitions of certain terms. From time to time we may offer other debt securities either publicly or through private placement having maturities, interest rates, covenants and other terms that may differ materially from the terms of the notes described herein and in any pricing supplement.

The notes constitute a single series of debt securities for purposes of the indenture and are unlimited in aggregate principal amount under the terms of the indenture. Our board of directors has authorized the issuance and sale of the notes from time to time, up to an aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion. As of September 1, 2016, \$1.1 billion aggregate principal amount of notes has been issued. We have, from time to time, repurchased certain notes and, therefore, as of September 1 2016, \$936.2 million aggregate principal amount of notes were outstanding.

Notes issued in accordance with this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the applicable pricing supplement will have the following general characteristics:

- the notes will be our direct unsecured senior obligations and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured senior indebtedness from time to time outstanding;
- the notes may be offered from time to time by us through the Purchasing Agent and each note will mature on a day that is at least 12 months from its date of original issuance;
- each note may be issued with a fixed or floating interest rate; any floating interest rate will be based on LIBOR;
- the notes will not be subject to any sinking fund; and
- the minimum denomination of the notes will be \$1,000 (unless otherwise stated in the pricing supplement).

In addition, the pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will describe specific terms of the notes, including but not limited to:

- the stated maturity;
- the denomination of your notes;
- the price at which we originally issue your notes, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount, and the original issue date;
- whether your notes are fixed rate notes or floating rate notes;
- if your notes are fixed rate notes, the annual rate at which your notes will bear interest, or the periodic rates in the case of notes that bear different rates at different times during the term of the notes, and the interest payment dates, if different from those stated below under "—Interest Rates—Fixed Rate Notes;"
- if your notes are floating rate notes, the interest rate, spread or spread multiplier or initial base rate, maximum rate and/or minimum rate; if there is more than one spread to be applied at different times during the term of the notes for your interest rate, which spread during which periods applies to your notes; and the interest reset, determination, calculation and payment dates, all of which we describe under "—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes" below;
- if applicable, the circumstances under which your notes may be redeemed at our option or repaid at the holder's option before the stated maturity, including any redemption commencement date, repayment date(s), redemption price(s) and redemption period(s), all of which we describe under "—Redemption and Repayment" below;

whether the authorized representative of the holder of a beneficial interest in the notes will have the right to seek repayment upon the death of the holder as described under “—Survivor’s Option;”
any special U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes; and
any other significant terms of your notes, which could be different from those described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, but in no event inconsistent with the indenture.

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We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. Notes so purchased by us may, at our discretion, be held, resold or surrendered to the trustee for cancellation.

Types of Notes

We may issue either of the two types of notes described below. Notes may have elements of each of the two types of notes described below. For example, notes may bear interest at a fixed rate for some periods and at a floating rate in others.

Fixed Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at one or more fixed rates described in your pricing supplement.

Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed rate or rates per annum stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention) unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under “—Payments of Principal and Interest.” Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Floating Rate Notes. Notes of this type will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. The various interest rate formulas and these other features are described below in “—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes.” If your notes are floating rate notes, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Floating rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of floating rate notes at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below “—Payments of Principal and Interest.” Notes may be offered that switch from a fixed rate to a floating rate or from a floating rate to a fixed rate during the term of the notes.

Interest Rates

This subsection describes the different kinds of interest rates that may apply to your notes, as specified in your pricing supplement.

Fixed Rate Notes. Fixed rate notes will bear interest from their original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the notes has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of fixed rate notes at the fixed yearly rate or rates stated in your pricing supplement during the applicable time periods as stated in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. Your pricing supplement will describe the interest periods and relevant interest payment dates on which interest on fixed rate notes will be payable. Each payment of interest due on an interest payment date or the maturity will include interest accrued from and including the last date to which interest has been paid, or made available for payment, or from the issue date if none has been paid or made available for payment, to but excluding the interest payment date or the maturity. We will compute interest on fixed rate notes on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months (the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention), unless your pricing supplement provides that we will compute interest on a different basis. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under “—Payments of Principal and Interest.”

Floating Rate Notes. Floating rate notes will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula based on LIBOR. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread in relation to LIBOR or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate and/or a maximum rate. If your

note is a floating rate note, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in your pricing supplement.

Each floating rate note will bear interest from its original issue date or from the most recent date to which interest on the note has been paid or made available for payment. Interest will accrue on the principal of a floating rate note at a rate per annum determined according to the interest rate formula stated in the pricing supplement during the applicable interest rate period specified in your pricing supplement, until the principal is paid or made available for payment. We will pay interest on each interest payment date and at maturity as described below under “—Payment of Principal and Interest.”

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In addition, the following will apply to floating rate notes.

Initial Base Rate

Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, for floating rate notes, the initial base rate will be the applicable LIBOR base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the initial interest reset date. We will specify the initial LIBOR base rate in your pricing supplement.

Spread or Spread Multiplier

In some cases, the base rate for floating rate notes may be adjusted:

• by adding or subtracting a specified number of basis points, called the spread, with one basis point being 0.01%; or

• by multiplying the base rate by a specified percentage, called the spread multiplier.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a spread or spread multiplier will apply to your notes and, if so, the amount of the applicable spread or spread multiplier and any increases or decreases in the spread or spread multiplier during the term of your notes.

Maximum and Minimum Rates

The actual interest rate, after being adjusted by the spread or spread multiplier, may also be subject to either or both of the following limits:

• a maximum rate—i.e., a specified upper limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not exceed; and/or

• a minimum rate—i.e., a specified lower limit that the actual interest rate in effect at any time may not fall below.

If you purchase floating rate notes, your pricing supplement will specify whether a maximum rate and/or minimum rate will apply to your notes and, if so, what those rates are.

Whether or not a maximum rate applies, the interest rate on floating rate notes will in no event be higher than the maximum rate permitted by New York law, as it may be modified by U.S. law of general application. Under current New York law, the maximum rate of interest, with some exceptions, for any loan in an amount less than \$250,000 is 16% and for any loan in the amount of \$250,000 or more but less than \$2,500,000 is 25%, per year on a simple interest basis. These limits do not apply to loans of \$2,500,000 or more.

The rest of this subsection describes how the interest rate and the interest payment dates will be determined, and how interest will be calculated, on floating rate notes.

Interest Reset Dates

Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the rate of interest on floating rate notes will be reset, by the calculation agent described below, daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually (each, an “interest reset period”). The date on which the interest rate resets and the reset rate becomes effective is called the interest reset date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest reset date will be as follows:

• for floating rate notes that reset daily, each London business day (as defined below);

• for floating rate notes that reset weekly, the Wednesday of each week;

• for floating rate notes that reset monthly, the third Wednesday of each month;

• for floating rate notes that reset quarterly, the third Wednesday of each of four months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement;

• for floating rate notes that reset semi-annually, the third Wednesday of each of two months of each year as specified in your pricing supplement; and

• for floating rate notes that reset annually, the third Wednesday of one month of each year as specified in your pricing supplement.

For floating rate notes, the interest rate in effect on any particular day will be the interest rate determined with respect to the latest interest reset date that occurs on or before that day. There are several exceptions, however, to the reset provisions described above.

Interest reset dates are subject to adjustment, as described below under “—Business Day Conventions.”

The base rate in effect from and including the original issue date to but excluding the first interest reset date will be the initial base rate. For floating rate notes that reset daily or weekly, the base rate in effect for each day following the fifth business

day before an interest payment date to, but excluding, the interest payment date, and for each day following the fifth business day before the maturity to, but excluding, the maturity, will be the base rate in effect on that fifth business day.

Interest Determination Dates

The interest rate that takes effect on an interest reset date will be determined by the calculation agent for the LIBOR base rates by reference to a particular date called an interest determination date. Except as otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest determination date relating to a particular interest reset date will be the second London business day preceding the interest reset date. We refer to an interest determination date for LIBOR notes as a LIBOR interest determination date.

Interest Calculation Date

The interest rate that takes effect on a particular interest reset date will be determined by reference to the corresponding interest determination date or interest reset date, as applicable. For some notes, however, the calculation agent will set the rate on a day no later than the corresponding interest calculation date. Unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement, the interest calculation date for rates to which a calculation date applies will be the business day immediately preceding the date on which interest will next be paid (on an interest payment date or the maturity, as the case may be). The calculation agent need not wait until the relevant interest calculation date to determine the interest rate if the rate information it needs to make the determination is available from the relevant sources sooner.

Interest Rate Calculations

Interest payable on floating rate notes for any particular interest period will be calculated as described below using an interest factor, expressed as a decimal, applicable to each day during the applicable interest period, unless otherwise specified in your pricing supplement.

Calculations relating to floating rate notes will be made by the calculation agent, an institution that we appoint as our agent for this purpose. We have initially appointed U.S. Bank National Association as our calculation agent for any floating rate notes. We may specify a different calculation agent in your pricing supplement. The applicable pricing supplement for your floating rate note will name the institution that we have appointed to act as the calculation agent for that note as of its original issue date. We may appoint a different institution to serve as calculation agent from time to time after the original issue date of your floating rate note without your consent and without notifying you of the change. Absent manifest error, all determinations of the calculation agent will be final and binding on you and us, without any liability on the part of the calculation agent.

For floating rate notes, the calculation agent will determine, on the corresponding interest calculation date or interest determination date, as described below, the interest rate that takes effect on each interest reset date. In addition, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of interest that has accrued during each interest period—i.e., the period from and including the original issue date, or the last date to which interest has accrued (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention), to but excluding the next date to which interest will accrue (which may be the interest payment date or any interest reset date in accordance with the business day convention). For each interest period, the calculation agent will calculate the amount of accrued interest by multiplying the face amount of the floating rate note by an accrued interest factor for the interest period. Such accrued interest rate factor is determined by multiplying the applicable interest rate for the period by the day count fraction. The day count fraction will be determined in accordance with the 30/360 (ISDA) day count convention, where the number of days in the interest period in respect of which payment is being made is divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

where:

“Y1” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;

“Y2” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;

“M1” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the interest period falls;

“M2” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the interest period falls;

“D1” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the interest period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D1 will be 30; and

“D2” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the interest period, unless such number would be 31 and D1 is greater than 29, in which case D2 will be 30.

Upon the request of the holder of any floating rate note, the calculation agent will provide the interest rate then in effect, and, if determined, the interest rate that will become effective on the next interest reset date with respect to such floating rate note.

All percentages resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward, as appropriate, to the next higher or lower one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point, e.g., 9.876541% (or .09876541) being rounded down to 9.87654% (or .0987654) and 9.876545% (or .09876545) being rounded up to 9.87655% (or .0987655). All amounts used in or resulting from any calculation relating to any note will be rounded upward or downward to the nearest cent.

Sources and Corrections

If we refer to a rate as set forth on a display page, other published source, information vendor or other vendor officially designated by the sponsor of that rate, if there is a successor source for the display page, other published source, information vendor or other official vendor, we refer to that successor source as applicable as determined by the calculation agent. When we refer to a particular heading or headings on any of those sources, those references include any successor or replacement heading or headings as determined by the calculation agent.

If the applicable rate is based on information obtained from a Reuters screen, that rate will be subject to the corrections, if any, published on that Reuters screen within one hour of the time that rate was first displayed on such source.

LIBOR Calculation

LIBOR, with respect to the base rate and any interest reset date, will be the London interbank offered rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for the index maturity specified in your pricing supplement, appearing on the Reuters screen LIBOR page as of approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date.

If the rate described above does not so appear on the Reuters screen LIBOR page, then LIBOR will be determined on the basis of the rates at which deposits in U.S. dollars are offered by four major banks in the London interbank market selected by the calculation agent at approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant LIBOR interest determination date, to prime banks in the London interbank market for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount. The calculation agent will request the principal London office of each of these major banks to provide a quotation of its rate. If at least two quotations are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the quotations.

If fewer than two of the requested quotations described above are provided, LIBOR for the relevant interest reset date will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted by major banks in New York City selected by the calculation agent, at approximately 11:00 A.M., New York City time (or the time in the relevant principal financial center), on the relevant interest reset date, for loans in U.S. dollars (or the index currency) to leading European banks for a period of the specified index maturity, beginning on the relevant interest reset date, and in a representative amount.

If no quotation is provided as described in the preceding paragraph, then the calculation agent, after consulting such sources as it deems comparable to any of the foregoing quotations or display page, or any such source as it deems reasonable from which to estimate LIBOR or any of the foregoing lending rates, shall determine LIBOR for that interest reset date in its sole discretion.

For the purpose of this section, we define the term “index maturity” as the interest rate period of LIBOR on which the interest rate formula is based as specified in your pricing supplement.

In all cases, if the stated maturity or any earlier redemption date or repayment date with respect to any note falls on a day that is not a business day, any payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest otherwise due on such day will be made on the next succeeding business day, and no interest on such payment shall accrue for the period from and after such stated maturity, redemption date or repayment date, as the case may be.

Business Days

The term “London business day” will apply to your floating rate notes, as specified in your pricing supplement, and it means each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in London generally are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close and is also a day on which dealings in the applicable index currency are transacted in the London interbank market.

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Business Day Convention

The business day convention that will apply to your notes is the “following business day convention.” The “following business day convention” means, for any interest payment date or interest reset date, other than the maturity, if such date would otherwise fall on a day that is not a business day, then such date will be postponed to the next day that is a business day.

Payment of Principal and Interest

Principal of and interest on beneficial interests in the notes will be made in accordance with the arrangements then in place between the paying agent and The Depository Trust Company (referred to as “DTC”) and its participants as described under “Registration and Settlement—The Depository Trust Company.” Payments in respect of any notes in certificated form will be made as described under “Registration and Settlement—Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes.”

Interest on each note will be payable either monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually on each interest payment date and at the note’s stated maturity or on the date of redemption or repayment if a note is redeemed or repaid prior to maturity. Interest is payable to the person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date before each interest payment date. Interest due at a note’s stated maturity or on a date of redemption or repayment will be payable to the person to whom principal is payable.

We will pay any administrative costs imposed by banks in connection with making payments in immediately available funds, but any tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon any payments on a note, including, without limitation, any withholding tax, is the responsibility of the holders of beneficial interests in the note in respect of which such payments are made.

Payment and Record Dates for Interest

Interest on the notes will be paid as follows:

| Interest Payment Frequency | Interest Payment Dates |
|----------------------------|--|
| Monthly | Fifteenth day of each calendar month, beginning in the first calendar month following the month the note was issued. |
| Quarterly | Fifteenth day of every third month, beginning in the third calendar month following the month the note was issued. |
| Semi-annually | Fifteenth day of every sixth month, beginning in the sixth calendar month following the month the note was issued. |
| Annually | Fifteenth day of every twelfth month, beginning in the twelfth calendar month following the month the note was issued. |

The regular record date for any interest payment date will be the first day of the calendar month in which the interest payment date occurs, except that the regular record date for interest due on the note’s stated maturity date or date of earlier redemption or repayment will be that particular date. For the purpose of determining the holder at the close of business on a regular record date when business is not being conducted, the close of business will mean 5:00 P.M., New York City time, on that day.

Interest on a note will be payable beginning on the first interest payment date after its date of original issuance to holders of record on the corresponding regular record date.

“Business day” means any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions are authorized or required by law or regulation to close in The City of New York.

Redemption and Repayment

Unless we otherwise provide in the applicable pricing supplement, a note will not be redeemable or repayable prior to its stated maturity date.

If the pricing supplement states that the note will be redeemable at our option prior to its stated maturity date, then on such date or dates specified in the pricing supplement, we may redeem those notes at our option either in whole or from time to time in part, upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days’ written notice to the holder of those notes.

If the pricing supplement states that your note will be repayable at your option prior to its stated maturity date, we will require receipt of notice of the request for repayment at least 30 but not more than 60 days prior to the date or dates specified in

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the pricing supplement. We also must receive the completed form entitled “Option to Elect Repayment.” Exercise of the repayment option by the holder of a note is irrevocable.

Since the notes will be represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee will be treated as the holder of the notes; therefore DTC or its nominee will be the only entity that receives notices of redemption of notes from us, in the case of our redemption of notes, and will be the only entity that can exercise the right to repayment of notes, in the case of optional repayment. See “Registration and Settlement.”

To ensure that DTC or its nominee will timely exercise a right to repayment with respect to a particular beneficial interest in a note, the beneficial owner of the interest in that note must instruct the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds the beneficial interest to notify DTC or its nominee of its desire to exercise a right to repayment. Because different firms have different cut-off times for accepting instructions from their customers, each beneficial owner should consult the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in a note to determine the cut-off time by which the instruction must be given for timely notice to be delivered to DTC or its nominee. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC or its nominee to participants, by participants to indirect participants and by participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners of the notes will be governed by agreements among them and any applicable statutory or regulatory requirements.

The redemption or repayment of a note normally will occur on the interest payment date or dates following receipt of a valid notice. Unless otherwise specified in the pricing supplement, the redemption or repayment price will equal 100% of the principal amount of the note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date or dates of redemption or repayment. We may at any time purchase notes at any price or prices in the open market or otherwise. We may also purchase notes otherwise tendered for repayment by a holder or tendered by a holder’s duly authorized representative through exercise of the Survivor’s Option described below. If we purchase the notes in this manner, we have the discretion to either hold, resell or surrender the notes to the trustee for cancellation.

Survivor’s Option

The “Survivor’s Option” is a provision in a note pursuant to which we agree to repay that note, if requested by the authorized representative of the beneficial owner of that note, following the death of the beneficial owner of the note, so long as the note was owned by that beneficial owner or the estate of that beneficial owner at least six months prior to the request. The pricing supplement relating to each offering of notes will state whether the Survivor’s Option applies to those notes.

If a note is entitled to a Survivor’s Option, upon the valid exercise of the Survivor’s Option and the proper tender of that note for repayment, we will, at our option, repay or repurchase that note, in whole or in part, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the deceased beneficial owner’s interest in that note plus unpaid interest accrued to the date of repayment.

To be valid, the Survivor’s Option must be exercised by or on behalf of the person who has authority to act on behalf of the deceased beneficial owner of the note (including, without limitation, the personal representative or executor of the deceased beneficial owner or the surviving joint owner with the deceased beneficial owner) under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction.

The death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as a joint tenant or tenant by the entirety with another person, or as a tenant in common with the deceased holder’s spouse, will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner of that note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held will be subject to repayment by us upon request. However, the death of a person holding a beneficial ownership interest in a note as tenant in common with a person other than such deceased holder’s spouse will be deemed the death of a beneficial owner only with respect to such deceased person’s interest in the note.

The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial ownership interests in a note will be deemed the death of the beneficial owner of that note for purposes of the Survivor’s Option, regardless of whether that beneficial owner was the registered holder of that note, if entitlement to those interests can be established to the satisfaction of the trustee. A beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife. In addition, a beneficial ownership interest will be deemed to exist in custodial and trust arrangements where one person has all of the beneficial ownership interests in the applicable note during his or her lifetime.

We have the discretionary right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from authorized representatives of all deceased beneficial owners in any calendar year to an amount equal to the greater of \$2,000,000 or 2% of the principal amount of all notes outstanding as of the end of the most recent calendar year. We also have the discretionary right to limit to \$250,000 in any calendar year the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option shall be accepted by us from the authorized representative of

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any individual deceased beneficial owner of notes in such calendar year. In addition, we will not permit the exercise of the Survivor's Option except in principal amounts of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000.

An otherwise valid election to exercise the Survivor's Option may not be withdrawn. Each election to exercise the Survivor's Option will be accepted in the order that elections are received by the trustee, except for any note the acceptance of which would contravene any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph. Notes accepted for repayment through the exercise of the Survivor's Option normally will be repaid on the first interest payment date that occurs 20 or more calendar days after the date of the acceptance. For example, if the acceptance date of a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is September 1, 2016, and interest on that note is paid monthly, we would normally, at our option, repay that note on the interest payment date occurring on October 15, 2016, because the September 15, 2016 interest payment date would occur less than 20 days from the date of acceptance. Each tendered note that is not accepted in any calendar year due to the application of any of the limitations described in the preceding paragraph will be deemed to be tendered in the following calendar year in the order in which all such notes were originally tendered. If a note tendered through a valid exercise of the Survivor's Option is not accepted, the trustee will deliver a notice by first-class mail to the registered holder, at that holder's last known address as indicated in the note register, that states the reason that note has not been accepted for repayment. With respect to notes represented by a global note, DTC or its nominee is treated as the holder of the notes and will be the only entity that can exercise the Survivor's Option for such notes. To obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option for a note, the deceased beneficial owner's authorized representative must provide the following items to the broker or other entity through which the beneficial interest in the note is held by the deceased beneficial owner:

- a written instruction to such broker or other entity to notify DTC of the authorized representative's desire to obtain repayment pursuant to exercise of the Survivor's Option;
- appropriate evidence satisfactory to the trustee (a) that the deceased was the beneficial owner of the note at the time of death and his or her interest in the note was owned by the deceased beneficial owner or his or her estate at least six months prior to the request for repayment, (b) that the death of the beneficial owner has occurred, (c) of the date of death of the beneficial owner, and (d) that the representative has authority to act on behalf of the beneficial owner;
- if the interest in the note is held by a nominee of the deceased beneficial owner, a certificate satisfactory to the trustee from the nominee attesting to the deceased's beneficial ownership of such note;
- written request for repayment signed by the authorized representative of the deceased beneficial owner with the signature guaranteed by a member firm of a registered national securities exchange or of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. or a commercial bank or trust company having an office or correspondent in the United States;
- if applicable, a properly executed assignment or endorsement;
- tax waivers and any other instruments or documents that the trustee reasonably requires in order to establish the validity of the beneficial ownership of the note and the claimant's entitlement to payment; and
- any additional information the trustee reasonably requires to evidence satisfaction of any conditions to the exercise of the Survivor's Option or to document beneficial ownership or authority to make the election and to cause the repayment of the note.

In turn, the broker or other entity will deliver each of these items to the trustee, together with evidence satisfactory to the trustee from the broker or other entity stating that it represents the deceased beneficial owner.

The death of a person owning a note in joint tenancy or tenancy by the entirety with another or others shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment, together with interest accrued thereon to the repayment date. The death of a person owning a note by tenancy in common shall be deemed the death of a holder of a note only with respect to the deceased holder's interest in the note so held by tenancy in common; except that in the event a note is held by husband and wife as tenants in common, the death of either shall be deemed the death of the holder of the note, and the entire principal amount of the note so held shall be subject to repayment. The death of a person who, during his or her lifetime, was entitled to substantially all of the beneficial interests of ownership of a note, shall be deemed the death of the holder thereof for purposes of this provision, regardless of the registered holder, if such beneficial interest can be established to the satisfaction of the trustee and us. Such beneficial interest shall be deemed to exist in typical cases of nominee ownership, ownership

under the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act, community property or other joint ownership arrangements between a husband and wife and trust arrangements where one person has substantially all of the beneficial ownership interest in the note during his or her lifetime.

We retain the right to limit the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which exercises of the Survivor's Option applicable to the notes will be accepted in any one calendar year as described above. All other questions regarding the eligibility or validity of any exercise of the Survivor's Option will be determined by the trustee, in its sole discretion, which determination will be final and binding on all parties.

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The broker or other entity will be responsible for disbursing payments received from the trustee to the authorized representative. See “Registration and Settlement.”

Forms for the exercise of the Survivor’s Option may be obtained from the Trustee at 100 Wall Street, Suite 1600, New York, NY 10005, Attention: General Counsel.

If applicable, we will comply with the requirements of Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act, and the rules promulgated thereunder, and any other securities laws or regulations in connection with any repayment of notes at the option of the registered holders or beneficial owners thereof.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(All figures in this item are in thousands except share, per share and other data.)

References herein to "we," "us" or "our" refer to Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiary unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. Historical results set forth are not necessarily indicative of our future financial position and results of operations.

Overview

The terms "Prospect," "we," "us" and "our" mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise.

Prospect Capital Corporation is a financial services company that primarily lends to and invests in middle market privately-held companies. We are a closed-end investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC"), under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). We were organized on April 13, 2004 and were funded in an initial public offering completed on July 27, 2004.

On May 15, 2007, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Capital Funding LLC ("PCF"), a Delaware limited liability company and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, which holds certain of our portfolio loan investments that are used as collateral for the revolving credit facility at PCF. Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC ("PSBL") was formed on January 27, 2014 and purchases small business whole loans on a recurring basis from online small business loan originators, including OnDeck Capital, Inc. ("OnDeck"). On September 30, 2014, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Yield Corporation, LLC ("PYC") and effective October 23, 2014, PYC holds our investments in collateralized loan obligations ("CLOs"). Each of these subsidiaries have been consolidated since operations commenced.

Effective July 1, 2014, we began consolidating certain of our wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us in order to facilitate our investment strategy. The following companies have been included in our consolidated financial statements since July 1, 2014: AMU Holdings Inc. ("Airmall"); APH Property Holdings, LLC ("APH"); Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc.; CCPI Holdings Inc.; CP Holdings of Delaware LLC; Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC; Energy Solutions Holdings Inc.; First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC ("First Tower Delaware"); Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc.; MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc.; Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC; NMMB Holdings, Inc.; NPH Property Holdings, LLC ("NPH"); STI Holding, Inc.; UPH Property Holdings, LLC ("UPH"); Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc.; Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc.; and Wolf Energy Holdings Inc. On October 10, 2014, concurrent with the sale of the operating company, our ownership increased to 100% of the outstanding equity of ARRM Services, Inc. which was renamed SB Forging Company, Inc. ("SB Forging"). As such, we began consolidating SB Forging on October 11, 2014. Effective May 23, 2016, in connection with the merger of American Property REIT Corp. ("APRC") and United Property REIT Corp. ("UPRC") with and into National Property REIT Corp. ("NPRC"), APH and UPH merged with and into NPH, and dissolved. We collectively refer to these entities as the "Consolidated Holding Companies."

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. ("Prospect Capital Management" or the "Investment Adviser"). Prospect Administration LLC ("Prospect Administration"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Investment Adviser, provides administrative services and facilities necessary for us to operate. Our investment objective is to generate both current income and long-term capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in senior and subordinated debt and equity of private companies in need of capital for acquisitions, divestitures, growth, development, recapitalizations and other purposes. We work with the management teams or financial sponsors to seek investments with historical cash flows, asset collateral or contracted pro-forma cash flows.

We currently have nine origination strategies in which we make investments: (1) lending in private equity sponsored transactions, (2) lending directly to companies not owned by private equity firms, (3) control investments in corporate operating companies, (4) control investments in financial companies, (5) investments in structured credit, (6) real estate investments, (7) investments in syndicated debt, (8) aircraft leasing and (9) online lending. We continue to evaluate other origination strategies in the ordinary course of business with no specific top-down allocation to any single origination strategy.

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Lending in Private Equity Sponsored Transactions – We make loans to companies which are controlled by leading private equity firms. This debt can take the form of first lien, second lien, unitranche or unsecured loans. In making these investments, we look for a diversified customer base, recurring demand for the product or service, barriers to entry, strong historical cash flow and experienced management teams. These loans typically have significant equity subordinate to our loan position. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 50%-60% of our business, but more recently it is less than 50% of our business.

Lending Directly to Companies – We provide debt financing to companies owned by non-private equity firms, the company founder, a management team or a family. Here, in addition to the strengths we look for in a sponsored transaction, we also look for the alignment with the management team with significant invested capital. This strategy often has less competition than the private equity sponsor strategy because such company financing needs are not easily addressed by banks and often require more diligence preparation. Direct lending can result in higher returns and lower leverage than sponsor transactions and may include warrants or equity to us. Historically, this strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business, but more recently it is less than 5% of our business.

Control Investments in Corporate Operating Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in non-financial operating companies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. We provide enhanced certainty of closure to our counterparties, give the seller personal liquidity and generally look for management to continue on in their current roles. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-15% of our business.

Control Investments in Financial Companies – This strategy involves acquiring controlling stakes in financial companies, including consumer direct lending, sub-prime auto lending and other strategies. Our investments in these companies are generally structured as a combination of yield-producing debt and equity. These investments are often structured in a tax-efficient RIC-compliant partnership, enhancing returns. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-15% of our business.

Investments in Structured Credit – We make investments in CLOs, generally taking a significant position in the subordinated interests (equity) of the CLOs. The CLOs include a diversified portfolio of broadly syndicated loans and do not have direct exposure to real estate, mortgages, debt or consumer based debt. The CLOs in which we invest are managed by top-tier collateral managers that have been thoroughly diligenced prior to investment. This strategy has comprised approximately 10%-20% of our business.

Real Estate Investments – We make investments in real estate through our wholly-owned tax-efficient real estate investment trust (“REIT”) NPRC, the surviving entity of the May 23, 2016 merger with APRC and UPRC. Our real estate investments are in various classes of fully developed and occupied real estate properties that generate current yields. We seek to identify properties that have historically high occupancy and steady cash flow generation. NPRC co-invests with established and experienced property managers that manage such properties after acquisition. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Investments in Syndicated Debt – On an opportunistic basis, we make investments in loans and high yield bonds that have been sold to a syndicate of buyers. Here we look for investments with attractive risk-adjusted returns after we have completed a fundamental credit analysis. These investments are purchased with a long term, buy-and-hold outlook and we look to provide significant structuring input by providing anchoring orders. This strategy has comprised approximately 5%-10% of our business.

Aircraft Leasing – We invest in debt as well as equity in aircraft assets subject to commercial leases to credit-worthy airlines across the globe. These investments present attractive return opportunities due to cash flow consistency from long-lived assets coupled with hard asset collateral. We seek to deliver risk-adjusted returns with strong downside protection by analyzing relative value characteristics across the spectrum of aircraft types of all vintages. Our target portfolio includes both in-production and out-of-production jet and turboprop aircraft and engines, operated by airlines across the globe. This strategy comprised approximately 1% of our business.

Online Lending – We make investments in loans originated by certain consumer loan and small and medium sized business (“SME”) loan facilitators. We purchase each loan in its entirety (i.e., a “whole loan”). The borrowers are consumers and SMEs. The loans are typically serviced by the facilitators of the loans. This investment strategy has comprised approximately 4%-7% of our business.

We invest primarily in first and second lien secured loans and unsecured debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of unsecured debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Our investments in CLOs are subordinated to senior loans and are generally unsecured. We invest in debt and equity positions of CLOs which are a form of securitization in which the cash flows of a portfolio of loans are pooled and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. Our CLO investments are derived from portfolios of corporate debt securities which are generally risk rated from BB to B.

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We hold many of our control investments in a two-tier structure consisting of a holding company and one or more related operating companies for tax purposes. These holding companies serve various business purposes including concentration of management teams, optimization of third party borrowing costs, improvement of supplier, customer, and insurance terms, and enhancement of co-investments by the management teams. In these cases, our investment in the holding company, generally as equity, its equity investment in the operating company and along with any debt from us directly to the operating company structure represents our total exposure for the investment. As of June 30, 2016, as shown in our Consolidated Schedule of Investments, the cost basis and fair value of our investments in controlled companies was \$1,768,220 and \$1,752,449, respectively. This structure gives rise to several of the risks described in our public documents and highlighted elsewhere in this Annual Report. On July 1, 2014, we began consolidating all wholly-owned and substantially wholly-owned holding companies formed by us for the purpose of holding our controlled investments in operating companies. There were no significant effects of consolidating these holding companies as they hold minimal assets other than their investments in the controlled operating companies. Investment company accounting prohibits the consolidation of any operating companies.

Fourth Quarter Highlights

Investment Transactions

We seek to be a long-term investor with our portfolio companies. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we acquired \$62,930 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$214,370, funded \$3,682 of revolver advances, and recorded paid in kind (“PIK”) interest of \$13,056, resulting in gross investment originations of \$294,038. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we sold our investment in Harbortouch and sold down two investments to lower retained amounts, and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$383,460, including realized losses totaling \$6,180. The more significant of these transactions are discussed in “Portfolio Investment Activity.”

Debt Issuances and Redemptions

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we issued \$13,573 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$13,403. These notes were issued with stated interest rates of 5.50% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.50%. These notes mature between April 15, 2021 and June 15, 2021. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the three months ended June 30, 2016.

| Tenor at Origination (in years) | Principal Amount | Interest Rate Range | Weighted Average Interest Rate | Maturity Date Range |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 5 | \$ 13,573 | 5.50% | 5.50 % | April 15, 2021 – June 15, 2021 |

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we repaid \$3,300 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor’s Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net gain on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the three months ended June 30, 2016 was \$310.

On June 16, 2016, we entered into an at-the-market program with FBR Capital Markets & Co. through which we could sell, by means of at-the-market offerings, from time to time, up to \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of our existing 2024 Notes. During the period from June 28, 2016 to June 30, 2016, we issued \$1,380 in aggregate principal amount of our 2024 Notes for net proceeds of \$1,247 after commissions and offering costs.

Equity Issuances

On April 21, 2016, May 19, 2016 and June 23, 2016, we issued 324,060, 338,027 and 331,367 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan, respectively.

“Spin-Offs” of Certain Business Strategies

We previously announced that we intend to unlock value by “spinning off” three “pure play” business strategies - our consumer online lending business, real estate business and structured credit business - to our shareholders in conjunction with rights offering capital raises in which existing Prospect shareholders could elect to participate in each offering or sell their rights. The goals of these “spin-offs” include leverage and earnings neutrality for Prospect. Our primary objective is to maximize the valuation of each offering (declining to proceed with any offering if we find any valuation not to be attractive). The size and likelihood of each of these dispositions, some of which are expected to be partial rather than complete spin-offs, remain to be determined, but we currently expect the collective size of these three dispositions, if any, to be 10% or less of our asset base. Any such dispositions cannot occur unless and until our application for exemptive relief is granted by the SEC. Should the SEC not grant our application for exemptive relief, these dispositions will not occur as initially planned. The consummation of any of the dispositions also depends upon, among other things: market conditions, regulatory and exchange listing approval, and sufficient investor demand. There can be no assurance that we will consummate any of these dispositions.

Investment Holdings

As of June 30, 2016, we continue to pursue our investment strategy. At June 30, 2016, approximately \$5,897,708, or 171.6%, of our net assets are invested in 125 long-term portfolio investments and CLOs.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we originated \$979,102 of new investments, primarily composed of \$570,338 of debt and equity financing to non-controlled portfolio investments, \$312,144 of debt and equity financing to controlled investments, and \$96,620 of subordinated notes in CLOs. Our origination efforts are focused primarily on secured lending to non-control investments to reduce the risk in the portfolio by investing primarily in first lien loans, though we also continue to close select junior debt and equity investments. Our annualized current yield was 12.7% and 13.2% as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016, respectively, across all performing interest bearing investments. The increase in our current yield is primarily due to market fluctuations and the resulting decline in our portfolio value. Monetization of equity positions that we hold and loans on non-accrual status are not included in this yield calculation. In many of our portfolio companies we hold equity positions, ranging from minority interests to majority stakes, which we expect over time to contribute to our investment returns. Some of these equity positions include features such as contractual minimum internal rates of returns, preferred distributions, flip structures and other features expected to generate additional investment returns, as well as contractual protections and preferences over junior equity, in addition to the yield and security offered by our cash flow and collateral debt protections.

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, “Control Investments” are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of 25% or more of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, “Affiliate Investments” are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. “Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments” are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

As of June 30, 2016, we own controlling interests in the following portfolio companies: Arctic Energy Services, LLC (“Arctic Energy”); CCPI Inc. (“CCPI”); CP Energy Services Inc. (“CP Energy”); Credit Central Loan Company, LLC (“Credit Central”); Echelon Aviation LLC (“Echelon”); Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC (“Edmentum”); First Tower Finance Company LLC (“First Tower Finance”); Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC (“Freedom Marine”); Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company (“Gulf Coast”); MITY, Inc. (“MITY”); NPRC; Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC) (“Nationwide”); NMMB, Inc.; R-V Industries, Inc. (“R-V”); USES Corp. (“USES”); Valley Electric Company, Inc. (“Valley Electric”); and Wolf Energy, LLC. We also own an affiliated interest in BNN Holdings Corp and Targus International, LLC (“Targus”).

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by level of control as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

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| Level of Control | June 30, 2016 | | | | June 30, 2015 | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio |
| Control Investments | \$ 1,768,220 | 29.0% | \$ 1,752,449 | 29.7% | \$ 1,894,644 | 28.9% | \$ 1,974,202 | 29.9% |
| Affiliate Investments | 10,758 | 0.2% | 11,320 | 0.2% | 45,150 | 0.7% | 45,945 | 0.7% |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments | 4,312,122 | 70.8% | 4,133,939 | 70.1% | 4,619,582 | 70.4% | 4,589,411 | 69.4% |
| Total Investments | \$ 6,091,100 | 100.0% | \$ 5,897,708 | 100.0% | \$ 6,559,376 | 100.0% | \$ 6,609,558 | 100.0% |

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by type of investment as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

| Type of Investment | June 30, 2016 | | | | June 30, 2015 | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio |
| Revolving Line of Credit | \$ 13,274 | 0.2 % | \$ 13,274 | 0.2 % | \$ 30,546 | 0.5 % | \$ 30,546 | 0.5 % |
| Senior Secured Debt | 3,072,839 | 50.4 % | 2,941,722 | 50.0 % | 3,617,111 | 55.1 % | 3,533,447 | 53.5 % |
| Subordinated Secured Debt | 1,228,598 | 20.2 % | 1,209,604 | 20.5 % | 1,234,701 | 18.8 % | 1,205,303 | 18.2 % |
| Subordinated Unsecured Debt | 75,878 | 1.2 % | 68,358 | 1.2 % | 145,644 | 2.2 % | 144,271 | 2.2 % |
| Small Business Loans | 14,603 | 0.2 % | 14,215 | 0.2 % | 50,558 | 0.8 % | 50,892 | 0.8 % |
| CLO Debt | — | — % | — | — % | 28,613 | 0.4 % | 32,398 | 0.5 % |
| CLO Residual Interest | 1,083,540 | 17.9 % | 1,009,696 | 17.1 % | 1,072,734 | 16.4 % | 1,113,023 | 16.8 % |
| Preferred Stock | 139,320 | 2.3 % | 78,922 | 1.3 % | 41,047 | 0.6 % | 4,361 | 0.1 % |
| Common Stock | 298,033 | 4.9 % | 315,587 | 5.4 % | 181,404 | 2.8 % | 164,984 | 2.5 % |
| Membership Interest | 159,417 | 2.6 % | 167,389 | 2.8 % | 148,192 | 2.3 % | 278,537 | 4.2 % |
| Participating Interest(1) | — | — % | 70,609 | 1.2 % | — | — % | 42,787 | 0.6 % |
| Escrow Receivable | 3,916 | 0.1 % | 6,116 | 0.1 % | 7,144 | 0.1 % | 5,984 | 0.1 % |
| Warrants | 1,682 | 0.0 % | 2,216 | — % | 1,682 | — % | 3,025 | — % |
| Total Investments | \$ 6,091,100 | 100.0 % | \$ 5,897,708 | 100.0 % | \$ 6,559,376 | 100.0 % | \$ 6,609,558 | 100.0 % |

(1) Participating Interest includes our participating equity investments, such as net profits interests, net operating income interests, net revenue interests, and overriding royalty interests.

The following shows our investments in interest bearing securities by type of investment as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

| Type of Investment | June 30, 2016 | | | | June 30, 2015 | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio |
| First Lien | \$ 3,079,689 | 56.1 % | \$ 2,948,572 | 56.1 % | \$ 3,642,761 | 58.9 % | \$ 3,559,097 | 58.3 % |
| Second Lien | 1,235,022 | 22.5 % | 1,216,028 | 23.1 % | 1,239,597 | 20.0 % | 1,210,199 | 19.8 % |
| Unsecured | 75,878 | 1.4 % | 68,358 | 1.3 % | 145,644 | 2.4 % | 144,271 | 2.4 % |
| Small Business Loans | 14,603 | 0.3 % | 14,215 | 0.3 % | 50,558 | 0.8 % | 50,892 | 0.8 % |
| CLO Debt | — | — % | — | — % | 28,613 | 0.5 % | 32,398 | 0.5 % |
| CLO Residual Interest | 1,083,540 | 19.7 % | 1,009,696 | 19.2 % | 1,072,734 | 17.4 % | 1,113,023 | 18.2 % |
| Total Debt Investments | \$ 5,488,732 | 100.0 % | \$ 5,256,869 | 100.0 % | \$ 6,179,907 | 100.0 % | \$ 6,109,880 | 100.0 % |

The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by geographic location as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

| Geographic Location | June 30, 2016 | | | | June 30, 2015 | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---|
| | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio | |
| Canada | \$15,000 | 0.2 | % \$8,081 | 0.1 | % \$15,000 | 0.2 | % \$15,000 | 0.2 | % |
| Cayman Islands | 1,083,540 | 17.8 | % 1,009,696 | 17.1 | % 1,101,347 | 16.8 | % 1,145,421 | 17.3 | % |
| France | 9,756 | 0.2 | % 9,015 | 0.2 | % 10,145 | 0.2 | % 9,734 | 0.2 | % |
| MidWest US | 804,515 | 13.2 | % 849,029 | 14.4 | % 749,036 | 11.4 | % 767,419 | 11.6 | % |
| NorthEast US | 838,331 | 13.8 | % 824,408 | 13.9 | % 1,085,569 | 16.6 | % 1,151,510 | 17.4 | % |
| NorthWest US | 41,317 | 0.7 | % 40,122 | 0.7 | % — | — | % — | — | % |
| Puerto Rico | 40,516 | 0.7 | % 40,516 | 0.7 | % 40,911 | 0.6 | % 37,539 | 0.6 | % |
| SouthEast US | 1,498,976 | 24.6 | % 1,531,944 | 26.0 | % 1,609,956 | 24.5 | % 1,661,477 | 25.1 | % |
| SouthWest US | 586,701 | 9.6 | % 486,695 | 8.3 | % 762,454 | 11.6 | % 693,138 | 10.5 | % |
| Western US | 1,172,448 | 19.2 | % 1,098,202 | 18.6 | % 1,184,958 | 18.1 | % 1,128,320 | 17.1 | % |
| Total Investments | \$6,091,100 | 100.0 | % \$5,897,708 | 100.0 | % \$6,559,376 | 100.0 | % \$6,609,558 | 100.0 | % |

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The following shows the composition of our investment portfolio by industry as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

| Industry | June 30, 2016 | | | | June 30, 2015 | | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---|
| | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio | Cost | % of Portfolio | Fair Value | % of Portfolio | |
| Aerospace & Defense | \$67,518 | 1.1 | % \$69,836 | 1.2 | % \$70,860 | 1.1 | % \$78,675 | 1.2 | % |
| Business Services | 249,482 | 4.1 | % 246,960 | 4.2 | % 646,021 | 9.8 | % 711,541 | 10.8 | % |
| Chemicals | 4,967 | 0.1 | % 4,819 | 0.1 | % 4,963 | 0.1 | % 5,000 | 0.1 | % |
| Commercial Services | 247,144 | 4.1 | % 219,988 | 3.7 | % 245,913 | 3.8 | % 241,620 | 3.6 | % |
| Construction & Engineering | 60,436 | 1.0 | % 31,091 | 0.5 | % 58,837 | 0.9 | % 30,497 | 0.4 | % |
| Consumer Finance | 449,203 | 7.4 | % 474,652 | 8.0 | % 426,697 | 6.5 | % 486,977 | 7.4 | % |
| Consumer Services | 194,554 | 3.1 | % 197,346 | 3.2 | % 190,037 | 2.9 | % 190,216 | 2.9 | % |
| Diversified Financial Services | 115,648 | 1.9 | % 115,648 | 2.0 | % 120,327 | 1.8 | % 119,919 | 1.8 | % |
| Durable Consumer Products | 457,075 | 7.5 | % 453,795 | 7.7 | % 439,172 | 6.7 | % 422,033 | 6.4 | % |
| Food Products | 287,626 | 4.7 | % 283,172 | 4.8 | % 282,185 | 4.3 | % 281,365 | 4.3 | % |
| Healthcare | 307,136 | 5.0 | % 308,345 | 5.2 | % 435,893 | 6.6 | % 434,446 | 6.6 | % |
| Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure | 139,813 | 2.3 | % 139,954 | 2.4 | % 177,748 | 2.7 | % 177,926 | 2.7 | % |
| Machinery | 330 | — | % 511 | — | % 376 | — | % 563 | — | % |
| Manufacturing | 219,503 | 3.6 | % 180,546 | 3.1 | % 163,380 | 2.5 | % 126,921 | 1.9 | % |
| Media | 371,440 | 6.1 | % 357,864 | 6.1 | % 361,825 | 5.5 | % 350,365 | 5.3 | % |
| Metal Services & Minerals | 9,934 | 0.2 | % 8,701 | 0.1 | % 25,670 | 0.4 | % 23,745 | 0.4 | % |
| Oil and Gas Production | 5,460 | 0.1 | % 6,138 | 0.1 | % 3,000 | — | % 22 | — | % |
| Oil and Gas Services | 286,105 | 4.7 | % 165,091 | 2.8 | % 289,803 | 4.4 | % 246,817 | 3.7 | % |
| Online Lending | 406,931 | 6.7 | % 377,385 | 6.4 | % 263,958 | 4.0 | % 260,526 | 3.9 | % |
| Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products | 213,585 | 3.5 | % 193,054 | 3.3 | % 213,796 | 3.4 | % 193,046 | 2.9 | % |
| Pharmaceuticals | 70,739 | 1.2 | % 70,739 | 1.2 | % 74,951 | 1.1 | % 74,588 | 1.1 | % |
| Property Management | 3,916 | 0.1 | % 3,900 | 0.1 | % 5,880 | 0.1 | % 3,814 | 0.1 | % |
| Real Estate | 335,048 | 5.5 | % 480,763 | 8.2 | % 412,080 | 6.3 | % 465,196 | 7.0 | % |
| Retail | — | — | % — | — | % 63 | — | % 260 | — | % |
| Software & Computer Services | 153,485 | 2.5 | % 151,192 | 2.6 | % 217,429 | 3.3 | % 217,472 | 3.3 | % |
| Telecommunication Services | 4,392 | 0.1 | % 4,392 | 0.1 | % 4,573 | 0.1 | % 4,595 | 0.1 | % |
| Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods | 278,552 | 4.5 | % 278,552 | 4.7 | % 252,200 | 3.8 | % 252,200 | 3.8 | % |
| Transportation | 67,538 | 1.1 | % 63,578 | 1.1 | % 70,392 | 1.1 | % 63,792 | 1.0 | % |
| Subtotal | \$5,007,560 | 82.2 | % \$4,888,012 | 82.9 | % \$5,458,029 | 83.2 | % \$5,464,137 | 82.7 | % |
| Structured Finance(1) | 1,083,540 | 17.8 | % 1,009,696 | 17.1 | % 1,101,347 | 16.8 | % 1,145,421 | 17.3 | % |
| Total Investments | \$6,091,100 | 100.0 | % \$5,897,708 | 100.0 | % \$6,559,376 | 100.0 | % \$6,609,558 | 100.0 | % |

(1) Our CLO investments do not have industry concentrations and as such have been separated in the table above.

Portfolio Investment Activity

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we acquired \$375,409 of new investments, completed follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies totaling approximately \$573,338, funded \$9,824 of revolver advances, and recorded PIK interest of \$20,531, resulting in gross investment originations of \$979,102. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

On July 1, 2015, we provided \$31,000 of first lien senior secured financing to Intelius, Inc. (“Intelius”), an online information commerce company, of which \$30,200 was funded at closing. On August 11, 2015, we made a \$13,500 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in Intelius, of which \$13,000 was funded at closing, to support an acquisition. The \$21,500 Term Loan A note bears interest at the greater of 6.5% or LIBOR plus 5.5% and has a final maturity of July 1, 2020. The \$21,500 Term Loan B note bears interest at the greater of 12.5% or LIBOR plus 11.5% and has a final maturity of July 1, 2020. The \$1,500 senior secured revolver, which was not funded at closing, bears interest at 9.5% or LIBOR plus 8.5% and has a final maturity of August 11, 2016.

On July 23, 2015, we made an investment of \$37,969 to purchase 80.73% of the subordinated notes issued by Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On August 6, 2015, we provided \$92,500 of first lien senior secured debt to support the refinancing of Crosman Corporation (“Crosman”). Concurrent with the refinancing, we received repayment of the \$40,000 second lien term loan previously outstanding. The \$52,500 Term Loan A note bears interest at the greater of 9.0% or LIBOR plus 8.7% and interest payment in kind of 4.0%, and has a final maturity of August 5, 2020. The \$40,000 Term Loan B note bears interest at the greater of 16.0% or LIBOR plus 15.7% and interest payment in kind of 4.0%, and has a final maturity of August 5, 2020.

On August 12, 2015, we made an investment of \$22,898 to purchase 50.04% of the subordinated notes issued by Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd.

On August 12, 2015, we sold 780 of our small business whole loans (with a cost of \$30,968) purchased from OnDeck to Jefferies Asset Funding LLC for proceeds of \$26,619, net of related transaction expenses, and a trust certificate representing a 41.54% interest in the MarketPlace Loan Trust, Series 2015-OD2. We realized a loss of \$775 on the sale.

On August 21, 2015, we committed to funding a \$16,000 second lien secured investment in Sitel Worldwide Corporation, a provider of customer care outsourcing services. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.5% or LIBOR plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of September 18, 2022.

On September 16, 2015, we made an investment of \$26,773 to purchase 75.09% of the subordinated notes issued by Apidos CLO XXII in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management.

On October 2, 2015, we provided \$17,500 of first lien senior secured debt to Easy Gardener Products, Inc., a designer, marketer, and manufacturer of branded lawn and garden products. The first lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.25% or LIBOR plus 10.0% and has a final maturity of September 30, 2020.

On October 16, 2015, we made a \$37,000 second lien secured debt investment in Universal Fiber Systems, LLC, a manufacturer of custom and specialty fiber products used in high performance applications. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.5% or LIBOR plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of October 2, 2022.

On November 2, 2015, we provided \$50,000 of first lien senior secured debt to Coverall North America, Inc. (“Coverall”), a leading franchiser of commercial cleaning businesses. We invested \$25,000 in Term Loan A and \$25,000 in Term Loan B Notes. Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 7.0% or LIBOR plus 6.0% and has a final maturity of November 2, 2020. Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 12.0% or LIBOR plus 11.0% and has a final maturity of November 2, 2020. As part of the recapitalization, we received repayment of the \$49,600 loan outstanding.

On November 6, 2015, we made a \$20,000 second lien secured debt investment in SCS Merger Sub, Inc., a value-added reseller of data center-focused hardware, software and related services. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 10.5% or LIBOR plus 9.5% and has a final maturity of October 30, 2023.

On November 9, 2015 and December 28, 2015, we made a combined \$30,100 follow-on first lien senior secured debt investment in System One Holdings, LLC (“System One”), to support an acquisition. The first lien term loan bears

interest at the greater of 11.25% or LIBOR plus 10.5% and has a final maturity of November 17, 2020.

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On December 3, 2015, we provided \$245,900 of first lien senior secured debt to Broder Bros., Co. (“Broder”), a leading distributor of imprintable sportswear and accessories in the United States. We invested \$122,950 in Term Loan A and \$122,950 in Term Loan B Notes. Term Loan A bears interest at the greater of 7.0% or LIBOR plus 5.75% and has a final maturity of June 3, 2021. Term Loan B bears interest at the greater of 13.50% or LIBOR plus 12.25% and has a final maturity of June 3, 2021. As part of the recapitalization, we sold \$5,000 and received a repayment of \$245,900 of the previous loan outstanding. We realized no gain or loss on the sale.

On February 3, 2016, lenders foreclosed on Targus Group International, Inc., and our \$21,613 first lien term loan was extinguished and exchanged for 1,262,737 common units representing 12.63% equity ownership in Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited, the parent company of Targus. On February 17, 2016, we provided additional debt financing to support the recapitalization of Targus. As part of the recapitalization, we invested an additional \$1,263 in a new senior secured Term Loan A notes and were allocated \$3,788 in new senior secured Term Loan B notes. Term Loan A and Term Loan B bear interest payment in kind of 15.0%, and have a final maturity date of December 31, 2019. During the same period, Targus was written-down for tax purposes and a loss of \$14,194 was therefore realized for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$3,479.

On April 29, 2016, we invested an additional \$25,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$25,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investments in Trinity Services Group, Inc. (“Trinity”).

On April 29, 2016, through our delayed draw term loan commitment with Instant Web, LLC, we funded \$8,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan A and \$8,000 of Senior Secured Term Loan B.

During the period from May 18, 2016 through June 22, 2016, we made \$34,726 of follow-on first lien senior secured debt investments in Empire Today, LLC.

On June 7, 2016, we made a \$19,000 second lien secured investment in Generation Brands Holdings, Inc., a leading designer and provider of lighting fixtures for commercial and residential applications. The second lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 11.0% or LIBOR plus 10.0% and has a final maturity of December 10, 2022.

On June 8, 2016, we made a \$17,000 first lien senior secured investment in Inpatient Care Management Company, LLC (“Inpatient Care”), a company providing general surgery services to hospitals with a focus on emergency care. The first lien term loan bears interest at the greater of 11.5% or LIBOR plus 10.5% and has a final maturity of June 8, 2021.

During the period from June 10, 2016 through June 29, 2016, we collectively invested an additional \$11,109 of second lien senior secured debt in NCP Finance Limited Partnership.

During the period from June 15, 2016 through June 29, 2016, we provided additional \$3,500 debt financing to USES and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt and, in connection with this debt financing, USES issued to us 268,962 shares of its common stock representing a 99.96% common equity ownership interest in USES. Therefore, USES became a controlled company on June 30, 2016.

On June 17, 2016, we made a \$25,000 follow-on second lien secured debt investment in Instant Web, LLC.

Effective May 23, 2016, APRC and UPRC merged with and into NPRC, to consolidate all of our real estate holdings, with NPRC as the surviving entity. APRC and UPRC have been dissolved. No gain or loss was recognized upon the merger.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we made 29 follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$243,584 to support the online consumer lending initiative. We invested \$41,118 of equity through NPH and \$202,466 of debt directly to NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. We also provided \$12,449 of equity financing to NPRC, \$9,017 of which was for the acquisition of Orchard Village Apartments, a multi-family property located in Aurora, Illinois, and \$3,432 to fund capital expenditures for existing properties.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through May 23, 2016, we provided \$2,268 of equity financing to APRC, and \$4,484 debt and \$3,047 of equity financing to UPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we purchased \$68,799 of small business whole loans from OnDeck.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we received full repayments on eleven investments, sold five investments in addition to five partial sales, and received several partial prepayments and amortization payments totaling \$1,338,875, net of realized losses totaling \$24,417. The more significant of these transactions are briefly described below.

On July 8, 2015, we sold 27.45% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in InterDent, Inc. (“Interdent”) for \$34,415. We realized no gain or loss on the sale.

On July 24, 2015, TB Corp. repaid the \$23,628 loan receivable to us.

On August 7, 2015, Ryan, LLC repaid the \$72,701 loan receivable to us.

On September 1, 2015, BNN Holdings Corp. repaid the \$42,922 loans receivable to us.

On September 16, 2015, GTP Operations, LLC repaid the \$116,411 loan receivable to us.

On September 22, 2015, we sold 19.4% of the outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in Instant Web, LLC for \$29,447. We realized no gain or loss on the sale.

On September 25, 2015, we sold an additional 8.39% of the total outstanding principal balance of the senior secured Term Loan A investment in InterDent for \$10,516. We realized no gain or loss on the sale.

On September 25, 2015, Therakos, Inc. repaid the \$13,000 loan receivable to us.

On September 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Arctic Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$31,640 senior secured loan and our \$20,230 subordinated loan for Class D and Class E equity in Arctic Energy.

On October 9, 2015, BAART Programs, Inc. repaid the \$42,866 loans receivable to us.

On October 21, 2015, Aderant North American, Inc. repaid the \$7,000 loan receivable to us.

On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in CP Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$86,965 senior secured loan and \$15,924 subordinated loan for Series B Redeemable Preferred Stock in CP Energy.

On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Freedom Marine. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$32,500 senior secured loans for additional membership interest in Freedom Marine.

On November 16, 2015 and November 25, 2015, we sold our \$14,755 debt investment in American Gilsonite Company (“American Gilsonite”). We realized a loss of \$4,127 on the sale.

On November 30, 2015, Tolt Solutions, Inc. repaid the \$96,382 loan receivable to us.

On December 23, 2015, Stauber Performance Ingredients, Inc. repaid the \$16,811 loan receivable to us.

On January 21, 2016, we sold 100% of our CIFIC Funding 2011-I, Ltd. Class E and Class D notes with a cost basis of \$29,004. We realized a gain of \$3,911 on the sale.

On March 22, 2016 and March 24, 2016, United Sporting Company, Inc. partially repaid the \$17,391 loan receivable to us.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we sold our \$16,100 debt investment in ICON Health and Fitness, Inc (“ICON”). We realized a loss of \$1,170 on the sale.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, our remaining investment in New Century Transportation, Inc. was written-off for tax purposes and a loss of \$187 was realized.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, our remaining investment in Wind River Resources Corporation (“Wind River”) was written-off for tax purposes and a loss of \$3,000 was realized.

During the period from May 3, 2016 through May 10, 2016, we collectively sold 72.10% of the outstanding principal balance of the Senior Secured Term Loan A investment in Trinity for \$25,000. There was no gain or loss realized on the sale.

On May 31, 2016, we sold our investment in Harbortouch Payments, LLC (“Harbortouch”) for total consideration of \$328,032, including fees and escrowed amounts. Prior to the sale, \$154,382 of Senior Secured Term Loan B loan outstanding was

converted to preferred equity. We received a repayment of \$146,989 loans receivable to us and \$157,639 of proceeds related to the equity investment. We recorded a realized loss of \$5,419 related to the sale. We also received a \$5,145 prepayment premium for early repayment of the outstanding loans, which was recorded as interest income in the year ended June 30, 2016 and a \$12,909 advisory fee for the transaction, which was recorded as other income in the year ended June 30, 2016. In addition, there is \$5,350 being held in escrow which will be recognized as additional realized gain if and when it is received. Concurrent with the sale, we made a \$27,500 second lien secured investment in Harbortouch.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we received partial repayments of \$115,532 of our loans previously outstanding and \$12,396 as a return of capital on our equity investment in NPRC.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through May 23, 2016, we received a partial repayment of \$29,703 of our loan previously outstanding with APRC and recorded \$11,016 of dividend income from APRC in connection with the sale of its Vista Palma Sola (“Vista”) property.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through May 23, 2016, we received a partial repayment of \$7,567 of our loan previously outstanding with UPRC.

The following table provides a summary of our investment activity for each quarter within the three years ending June 30, 2016:

| Quarter Ended | Acquisitions(1) | Dispositions(2) |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| September 30, 2013 | 537,851 | 145,176 |
| December 31, 2013 | 608,154 | 255,238 |
| March 31, 2014 | 1,343,256 | 197,947 |
| June 30, 2014 | 444,104 | 169,617 |
| September 30, 2014 | 714,255 | 690,194 |
| December 31, 2014 | 522,705 | 224,076 |
| March 31, 2015 | 219,111 | 108,124 |
| June 30, 2015 | 411,406 | 389,168 |
| September 30, 2015 | 345,743 | 436,919 |
| December 31, 2015 | 316,145 | 354,855 |
| March 31, 2016 | 23,176 | 163,641 |
| June 30, 2016 | 294,038 | 383,460 |

(1) Includes investments in new portfolio companies, follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies, refinancings and PIK interest.

(2) Includes sales, scheduled principal payments, prepayments and refinancings.

Investment Valuation

In determining the range of values for debt instruments, except CLOs and debt investments in controlling portfolio companies, management and the independent valuation firm estimated corporate and security credit ratings and identified corresponding yields to maturity for each loan from relevant market data. A discounted cash flow analysis was then prepared using the appropriate yield to maturity as the discount rate, to determine a range of values. In determining the range of values for debt investments of controlled companies and equity investments, the enterprise value was determined by applying earnings before income tax, depreciation and amortization (“EBITDA”) multiples, the discounted cash flow technique, net income and/or book value multiples for similar guideline public companies and/or similar recent investment transactions. For stressed equity investments, a liquidation analysis was prepared. During the year ended June 30, 2016, we changed the valuation methodology for our REITs portfolio (American Property REIT Corp. (“APRC”), National Property REIT Corp. (“NPRC”), and United Property REIT Corp. (“UPRC”)) from averaging the net asset value and dividend yield method to averaging the net asset value and discounted cash flow method utilizing capitalization rates for similar guideline companies and/or similar recent investment transactions.

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In determining the range of values for our investments in CLOs, management and the independent valuation firm used a discounted cash flow model. The valuations were accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date. For each CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach was chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. To value a CLO, both the assets and the liabilities of the CLO capital structure are modeled. Our valuation agent utilizes additional methods to validate the results from the discounted cash flow method, such as Monte Carlo simulations of key model variables, analysis of relevant data observed in the CLO market, and review of certain benchmark credit indices. A waterfall engine was used to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using proper discount rates to expected maturity or call date.

The Board of Directors looked at several factors in determining where within the range to value the asset including: recent operating and financial trends for the asset, independent ratings obtained from third parties, comparable multiples for recent sales of companies within the industry and discounted cash flow models for our investments in CLOs. The composite of all these analyses, applied to each investment, was a total valuation of \$5,897,708.

Our portfolio companies are generally lower middle market companies, outside of the financial sector, with less than \$100,000 of annual earnings before income tax, depreciation and amortization (“EBITDA”). We believe our market has experienced less volatility than others because we believe there are more buy and hold investors who own these less liquid investments.

Control investments offer increased risk and reward over straight debt investments. Operating results and changes in market multiples can result in dramatic changes in values from quarter to quarter. Significant downturns in operations can further result in our looking to recoveries on sales of assets rather than the enterprise value of the investment.

Transactions between our controlled investments and us have been detailed in Note 14 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Several control investments in our portfolio are under enhanced scrutiny by our senior management and our Board of Directors and are discussed below.

First Tower Finance Company LLC

We own 80.1% of First Tower Finance, which owns 100% of First Tower, LLC (“First Tower”), the operating company.

First Tower is a multiline specialty finance company based in Flowood, Mississippi with over 170 branch offices.

On June 15, 2012, we acquired 80.1% of First Tower businesses. As of June 30, 2016, First Tower had \$432,639 of finance receivables net of unearned charges. As of June 30, 2016, First Tower’s total debt outstanding to parties senior to us was \$365,448.

The Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in First Tower to \$352,666, representing a premium of 8% to its amortized cost basis, as of June 30, 2016, from \$365,950, representing a premium of 15% to its amortized cost basis, as of June 30, 2015. The decline in fair value was driven by higher credit losses and reserves for insurance losses, as well as an increase in operating costs. First Tower’s operating costs were higher due to growth in loan originations as the company expands in newer states.

Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of Energy Solutions, a Consolidated Holding Company. Energy Solutions owns 100% of Freedom Marine. Freedom Marine owns 100% of each of Vessel Company, LLC, Vessel Company II, LLC, and Vessel Company III, LLC. Freedom Marine owns, manages, and operates offshore supply vessels to provide transportation and support services for the oil and gas exploration and production industries in the Gulf of Mexico.

On December 29, 2014, Freedom Marine reached a settlement for and received \$5,174, net of third party obligations, related to the contingent earn-out from the sale of Gas Solutions in January 2012 which was retained by Freedom Marine. This is a final settlement and no further payments are expected from the sale.

On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Freedom Marine. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$32,500 senior secured loans for additional membership interest in Freedom Marine.

The Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in Freedom Marine to \$26,618 as of June 30, 2016, a discount of \$14,192 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$12,722 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015. The decline in fair value was driven by the challenging environment for the oil and gas industry, which in turn

decreased demand for Freedom Marine's vessels.

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Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company

We own 100% of the preferred equity of Gulf Coast. Gulf Coast is a provider of value-added forging solutions to energy and industrial end markets.

On November 8, 2013, Gulf Coast issued \$25,950 of convertible preferred stock to Prospect (representing 99.9% of the voting securities of Gulf Coast) in exchange for crediting the same amount to the first lien term loan previously outstanding, leaving a first lien loan balance of \$15,000. As of June 30, 2016, Gulf Coast's total debt outstanding to parties senior to us was \$42,865.

Due to the continued depressed energy markets coupled with lower steel prices and lower margins from increased competition in non-oil and gas forging markets, the Board of Directors slightly decreased the fair value of our investment in Gulf Coast to \$7,312 as of June 30, 2016, a discount of \$53,063 to its amortized cost, compared to the \$45,032 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

National Property REIT Corp.

NPRC is a Maryland corporation and a qualified REIT for federal income tax purposes. NPRC is held for purposes of investing, operating, financing, leasing, managing and selling a portfolio of real estate assets and engages in any and all other activities that may be necessary, incidental, or convenient to perform the foregoing. NPRC acquires real estate assets, including, but not limited to, industrial, commercial, and multi-family properties. NPRC may acquire real estate assets directly or through joint ventures by making a majority equity investment in a property-owning entity. Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans. Effective May 23, 2016, APRC and UPRC merged with and into NPRC, to consolidate all of our real estate holdings, with NPRC as the surviving entity. As of June 30, 2016, we own 100% of the fully-diluted common equity of NPRC.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through May 23, 2016, we provided \$2,268 of equity financing to APRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. In addition, during the period, we received a partial repayment of \$29,703 of our loan previously outstanding and recorded \$11,016 of dividend income in connection with the sale of Vista Palma Sola property.

During the period from July 1, 2015 through May 23, 2016, we provided \$4,484 and \$3,047 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to UPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. In addition, during the period from July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016, we received a partial repayment of \$7,567 of our loan previously outstanding.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we provided \$9,017 of equity financing to NPRC for the acquisition of real estate properties and \$3,433 of equity financing to NPRC to fund capital expenditures for existing properties. In addition, during the year ended June 30, 2016, we received partial repayments of \$63,271 of our loans previously outstanding.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we provided \$202,466 and \$41,118 of debt and equity financing, respectively, to NPRC to enable certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries to invest in online consumer loans. In addition, during the year ended June 30, 2016, we received partial repayments of \$52,260 of our loans previously outstanding with NPRC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries and \$12,396 as a return of capital on our equity investment in NPRC.

The online consumer loan investments held by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries are unsecured obligations of individual borrowers that are issued in amounts ranging from \$1 to \$50, with fixed terms ranging from 18 to 84 months. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding investment in online consumer loans by certain of NPRC's wholly-owned subsidiaries was comprised of 91,721 individual loans and had an aggregate fair value of \$674,423.

The average outstanding individual loan balance is approximately \$8 and the loans mature on dates ranging from October 31, 2016 to August 1, 2023 with a weighted- average outstanding term of 33 months as of June 30, 2016. Fixed interest rates range from 4.0% to 36.0% with a weighted-average current interest rate of 22.0%.

As of June 30, 2016, based on outstanding principal balance, 9.3% of the portfolio was invested in super prime loans (borrowers with a Fair Isaac Corporation score, "FICO score", of 720 or greater), 24.8% of the portfolio in prime loans (borrowers with a FICO score of 660 to 719) and 65.9% of the portfolio in near prime loans (borrowers with a FICO score of 580 to 659).

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| Loan Type | Outstanding Balance | Interest Rate Range | Weighted Average Interest Rate* |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| Super Prime | \$ 66,152 | 4.0% - 36.0% | 11.7% |
| Prime | 175,899 | 5.3% - 36.0% | 14.9% |
| Near Prime | 467,106 | 6.0% - 36.0% | 26.2% |

*Based on outstanding principal of the unsecured consumer loans.

As of June 30, 2016, our investment in NPRC had an amortized cost of \$727,376 and a fair value of \$843,933, including \$363,170 of fair value related to our investment in the online consumer loan subsidiary as discussed above. The remaining fair value of \$480,763 relates to NPRC's real estate portfolio was comprised of thirty eight multi-families properties, twelve self-storage units and three commercial properties. The following table shows the location, acquisition date, purchase price, and mortgage outstanding due to other parties for each of the properties held by NPRC as of June 30, 2016.

| No. | Property Name | City | Acquisition Date | Purchase Price | Mortgage Outstanding |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 1557 Terrell Mill Road, LLC | Marietta, GA | 12/28/2012 | \$ 23,500 | \$ 14,897 |
| 2 | Lofton Place, LLC | Tampa, FL | 4/30/2013 | 26,000 | 20,402 |
| 3 | Arlington Park Marietta, LLC | Marietta, GA | 5/8/2013 | 14,850 | 9,650 |
| 4 | Cordova Regency, LLC | Pensacola, FL | 11/15/2013 | 13,750 | 11,375 |
| 5 | Crestview at Oakleigh, LLC | Pensacola, FL | 11/15/2013 | 17,500 | 13,845 |
| 6 | Inverness Lakes, LLC | Mobile, AL | 11/15/2013 | 29,600 | 24,700 |
| 7 | Kings Mill Pensacola, LLC | Pensacola, FL | 11/15/2013 | 20,750 | 17,550 |
| 8 | Plantations at Pine Lake, LLC | Tallahassee, FL | 11/15/2013 | 18,000 | 14,092 |
| 9 | Verandas at Rocky Ridge, LLC | Birmingham, AL | 11/15/2013 | 15,600 | 10,205 |
| 10 | Plantations at Hillcrest, LLC | Mobile, AL | 1/17/2014 | 6,930 | 4,881 |
| 11 | Crestview at Cordova, LLC | Pensacola, FL | 1/17/2014 | 8,500 | 8,126 |
| 12 | Taco Bell, OK | Yukon, OK | 6/4/2014 | 1,719 | — |
| 13 | 146 Forest Parkway, LLC | Forest Park, GA | 10/24/2012 | 7,400 | — |
| 14 | 5100 Live Oaks Blvd, LLC | Tampa, FL | 1/17/2013 | 63,400 | 46,700 |
| 15 | NPRC Carroll Resort, LLC | Pembroke Pines, FL | 6/24/2013 | 225,000 | 181,707 |
| 16 | APH Carroll 41, LLC | Marietta, GA | 11/1/2013 | 30,600 | 32,713 |
| 17 | Matthews Reserve II, LLC | Matthews, NC | 11/19/2013 | 22,063 | 19,964 |
| 18 | City West Apartments II, LLC | Orlando, FL | 11/19/2013 | 23,562 | 23,354 |
| 19 | Vinings Corner II, LLC | Smyrna, GA | 11/19/2013 | 35,691 | 33,026 |
| 20 | Uptown Park Apartments II, LLC | Altamonte Springs, FL | 11/19/2013 | 36,590 | 29,839 |
| 21 | Mission Gate II, LLC | Plano, TX | 11/19/2013 | 47,621 | 41,711 |
| 22 | St. Marin Apartments II, LLC | Coppell, TX | 11/19/2013 | 73,078 | 62,552 |
| 23 | APH Carroll Bartram Park, LLC | Jacksonville, FL | 12/31/2013 | 38,000 | 28,100 |
| 24 | APH Carroll Atlantic Beach, LLC | Atlantic Beach, FL | 1/31/2014 | 13,025 | 8,766 |
| 25 | 23 Mile Road Self Storage, LLC | Chesterfield, MI | 8/19/2014 | 5,804 | 4,350 |
| 26 | 36th Street Self Storage, LLC | Wyoming, MI | 8/19/2014 | 4,800 | 3,600 |
| 27 | Ball Avenue Self Storage, LLC | Grand Rapids, MI | 8/19/2014 | 7,281 | 5,460 |
| 28 | Ford Road Self Storage, LLC | Westland, MI | 8/29/2014 | 4,642 | 3,480 |
| 29 | Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC | Ann Arbor, MI | 8/29/2014 | 4,458 | 3,345 |
| 30 | Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC | Scio, MI | 8/29/2014 | 8,927 | 6,695 |
| 31 | Ann Arbor Kalamazoo Self Storage, LLC | Kalamazoo, MI | 8/29/2014 | 2,363 | 1,775 |
| 32 | Jolly Road Self Storage, LLC | Okemos, MI | 1/16/2015 | 7,492 | 5,620 |
| 33 | Eaton Rapids Road Self Storage, LLC | Lansing West, MI | 1/16/2015 | 1,741 | 1,305 |
| 34 | Haggerty Road Self Storage, LLC | Novi, MI | 1/16/2015 | 6,700 | 5,025 |

| No. | Property Name | City | Acquisition Date | Purchase Price | Mortgage Outstanding |
|-----|--|----------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 35 | Waldon Road Self Storage, LLC | Lake Orion, MI | 1/16/2015 | 6,965 | 5,225 |
| 36 | Tyler Road Self Storage, LLC | Ypsilanti, MI | 1/16/2015 | 3,507 | 2,630 |
| 37 | SSIL I, LLC | Aurora, IL | 11/5/2015 | 34,500 | 26,450 |
| 38 | Atlanta Eastwood Village LLC | Stockbridge, GA | 12/12/2013 | 25,957 | 19,785 |
| 39 | Atlanta Monterey Village LLC | Jonesboro, GA | 12/12/2013 | 11,501 | 9,193 |
| 40 | Atlanta Hidden Creek LLC | Morrow, GA | 12/12/2013 | 5,098 | 3,619 |
| 41 | Atlanta Meadow Springs LLC | College Park, GA | 12/12/2013 | 13,116 | 10,180 |
| 42 | Atlanta Meadow View LLC | College Park, GA | 12/12/2013 | 14,354 | 11,141 |
| 43 | Atlanta Peachtree Landing LLC | Fairburn, GA | 12/12/2013 | 17,224 | 13,575 |
| 44 | Taco Bell, MO | Marshall, MO | 6/4/2014 | 1,405 | — |
| 45 | Canterbury Green Apartments Holdings LLC | Fort Wayne, IN | 9/29/2014 | 85,500 | 74,286 |
| 46 | Abbie Lakes OH Partners, LLC | Canal Winchester, OH | 9/30/2014 | 12,600 | 10,440 |
| 47 | Kengary Way OH Partners, LLC | Reynoldsburg, OH | 9/30/2014 | 11,500 | 11,000 |
| 48 | Lakeview Trail OH Partners, LLC | Canal Winchester, OH | 9/30/2014 | 26,500 | 20,142 |
| 49 | Lakepoint OH Partners, LLC | Pickerington, OH | 9/30/2014 | 11,000 | 10,080 |
| 50 | Sunbury OH Partners, LLC | Columbus, OH | 9/30/2014 | 13,000 | 10,480 |
| 51 | Heatherbridge OH Partners, LLC | Blacklick, OH | 9/30/2014 | 18,416 | 15,480 |
| 52 | Jefferson Chase OH Partners, LLC | Blacklick, OH | 9/30/2014 | 13,551 | 12,240 |
| 53 | Goldenstrand OH Partners, LLC | Hilliard, OH | 10/29/2014 | 7,810 | 8,040 |
| | | | | \$1,200,441 | \$ 972,796 |

The Board of Directors increased the fair value of our investment in NPRC to \$843,933 as of June 30, 2016, a premium of \$116,557 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$49,350 unrealized appreciation, inclusive of APRC and UPRC, recorded at June 30, 2015. This increase is primarily due to improved operating performance at the property level and selected cap rates, partially offset by a decline in our online lending portfolio value resulting from an increase in delinquent loans.

NMMB, Inc.

Prospect owns 100% of the equity of NMMB Holdings, Inc. (“NMMB Holdings”), a Consolidated Holding Company. NMMB Holdings owns 96.33% of the fully-diluted equity of NMMB, Inc. (f/k/a NMMB Acquisition, Inc.) (“NMMB”), with NMMB management owning the remaining 3.67% of the equity. NMMB owns 100% of Refuel Agency, Inc. (“Refuel Agency”). Refuel Agency owns 100% of Armed Forces Communications, Inc. (“Armed Forces”). NMMB is an advertising media buying business.

On May 6, 2011, Prospect initially made a \$34,450 investment (of which \$31,750 was funded at closing) in NMMB Holdings and NMMB, of which \$24,250 was a senior secured term loan to NMMB, \$3,000 was a senior secured revolver to NMMB (of which \$300 was funded at closing), \$2,800 was a senior subordinated term loan to NMMB Holdings and \$4,400 to purchase 100% of the Series A Preferred Stock of NMMB Holdings. The proceeds received by NMMB were used to purchase 100% of the equity of Refuel Agency and assets related to the business for \$30,069, pay \$1,035 of structuring fees to Prospect (which was recognized by Prospect as structuring fee income), pay \$396 for third party expenses and \$250 was retained by NMMB for working capital.

The Board of Directors decreased the fair value of our investment in NMMB to \$10,007, representing a discount of 58% to its amortized cost basis, as of June 30, 2016, from \$12,052, representing a discount of 49% to its amortized cost basis, as of June 30, 2015. The decrease in fair value was driven by declining revenues from NMMB’s print business. The impact of this decline was partially offset by increases in gross profit and EBITDA margins as well as by growth in the digital and out-of-home advertising business lines.

USES Corp.

On June 15, 2016, we provided additional \$1,300 debt financing to USES and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt and, in connection with such Term Loan A debt financing, USES issued to us 99,900 shares of its common stock.

On June 29, 2016, we provided additional \$2,200 debt financing to USES and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt and, in connection with such Term Loan A debt financing, USES issued to us 169,062 shares of its common stock. As a result of such debt financing and recapitalization, as of June 29, 2016, we held 268,962 shares of USES common stock representing a 99.96% common equity ownership interest in USES.

We own 99.96% of USES as of June 30, 2016. USES provides industrial and environmental services in the Gulf States region. The company offers industrial services, such as tank and chemical cleaning, hydro blasting, waste management, vacuum, safety training, turnaround management, and oilfield. It also offers response/remediation services, including hazardous and non-hazardous material emergency response, oil spill response, industrial fire suppression, disaster response, remediation, demolition and safety training. The company serves pulp paper, oil and gas production, utilities, transportation, refinery, petrochemical, shipping, manufacturing, government, engineering, consulting, spill management and chemical industries.

The first half of 2016 saw the company's revenue suffer due to a pull back in capital and maintenance spending across the energy sector. In addition the company did not benefit from any large emergency response projects. As a result a number of changes have been made to position the company for growth again. The Company has replaced the CEO and CFO. Under the new leadership, the company is now operating under a right sized cost structure. The company is also improving its fleet of equipment with support from Prospect and other financing sources. Management has implemented a new sales strategy that is helping build the company's revenue backlog across multiple end markets and service lines.

Due to the softening of the energy markets partially offset by increased margins on projects, the Board of Directors determined the fair value of our investment in USES to be \$40,286 as of June 30, 2016, a discount of \$21,440 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$4,293 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

Valley Electric Company, Inc.

We own 94.99% of Valley Electric as of June 30, 2016. Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. ("Valley"). Valley is a leading provider of specialty electrical services in the state of Washington and is among the top 50 electrical contractors in the U.S. The company, with its headquarters in Everett, Washington, offers a comprehensive array of contracting services, primarily for commercial, industrial, and transportation infrastructure applications, including new installation, engineering and design, design-build, traffic lighting and signalization, low to medium voltage power distribution, construction management, energy management and control systems, 24-hour electrical maintenance and testing, as well as special projects and tenant improvement services. Valley was founded in 1982 by the Ward family, who held the company until the end of 2012.

On December 31, 2012, we acquired 96.3% of the outstanding shares of Valley. On June 24, 2014, Prospect and management of Valley formed Valley Electric and contributed their shares of Valley stock to Valley Electric. Valley management made an additional equity investment in Valley Electric, reducing our ownership to 94.99%.

In early 2016, Valley's project backlog and revenue steadily improved primarily due to a more robust construction market in the state of Washington and successful project execution.

Due to the softening of the energy markets partially offset by increased project margins, the Board of Directors determined the fair value of our investment in Valley Electric to be \$31,091 as of June 30, 2016, a discount of \$29,345 from its amortized cost, compared to the \$28,340 unrealized depreciation recorded at June 30, 2015.

Equity positions in our portfolio are susceptible to potentially significant changes in value, both increases as well as decreases, due to changes in operating results and market multiples. Several of our controlled companies experienced such volatility and we recorded corresponding fluctuations in valuations during the year ended June 30, 2016. See above for discussions regarding the fluctuations in NPRC, First Tower Finance, USES, NMMB, Freedom Marine and Valley Electric. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the value of our investments in Arctic Energy, CP Energy and Gulf Coast decreased by \$22,024, \$12,188 and \$8,031, respectively, as a result of depressed earnings resulting from softness of the energy markets; Echelon decreased by \$5,166 due to aircraft sale proceeds and resulting dividend distribution; and R-V decreased by \$3,017 due to lower sales profitability. In total, ten of the controlled investments are valued at the original investment amounts or higher, and seven of the controlled investments have been valued at discounts to the original cost basis. Overall, at June 30, 2016, control investments are valued at \$15,771 below their

amortized cost.

We hold two affiliate investments at June 30, 2016. Our affiliate portfolio companies did not experience a significant change in valuation during the year ended June 30, 2016. Overall, at June 30, 2016, affiliate investments are valued at \$562 above their amortized cost.

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With the non-control/non-affiliate investments, generally, there is less volatility related to our total investments because our equity positions tend to be smaller than with our control/affiliate investments, and debt investments are generally not as susceptible to large swings in value as equity investments. For debt investments, the fair value is generally limited on the high side to each loan's par value, plus any prepayment premium that could be imposed. Many of the debt investments in this category have not experienced a significant change in value, as they were previously valued at or near par value. Non-control/non-affiliate investments did not experience significant changes and are generally performing as expected or better. Two of our non-control/non-affiliate investments, Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services ("Ark-La-Tex"), LLC and Spartan Energy Services, Inc. ("Spartan"), are valued at a discount to amortized cost of \$32,548 and \$14,240, respectively, due to a decline in operating results from softness of the energy markets. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the value of our CLO residual interest investments decreased by \$114,133 primarily due to non-credit related changes in the capital markets impacting the underlying collateral and increasing our discount rate by 404 bps inclusive of new investments. Overall, at June 30, 2016, non-control/non-affiliate investments are valued \$57,551 below their amortized cost, excluding our investments in Ark-La-Tex, Spartan, and CLO investments, as the remaining companies are generally performing as or better than expected.

Capitalization

Our investment activities are capital intensive and the availability and cost of capital is a critical component of our business. We capitalize our business with a combination of debt and equity. Our debt as of June 30, 2016 consists of: a Revolving Credit Facility availing us of the ability to borrow debt subject to borrowing base determinations; Convertible Notes which we issued in February 2011, April 2012, August 2012, December 2012 and April 2014; Public Notes which we issued in March 2013, April 2014, December 2015, and from time to time, through our Baby Bond Program; and Prospect Capital InterNotes® which we issue from time to time. Our equity capital is comprised entirely of common equity.

The following table shows the maximum draw amounts and outstanding borrowings of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

| | June 30, 2016 | | June 30, 2015 | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | Maximum Draw Amount | Outstanding | Maximum Draw Amount | Outstanding |
| Revolving Credit Facility | \$885,000 | \$— | \$885,000 | \$368,700 |
| Convertible Notes | 1,089,000 | 1,089,000 | 1,239,500 | 1,239,500 |
| Public Notes | 709,657 | 709,657 | 548,094 | 548,094 |
| Prospect Capital InterNotes® | 908,808 | 908,808 | 827,442 | 827,442 |
| Total | \$3,592,465 | \$2,707,465 | \$3,500,036 | \$2,983,736 |

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2016.

| | Payments Due by Period | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| | Total | Less than 1 Year | 1 – 3 Years | 3 – 5 Years | After 5 Years |
| Revolving Credit Facility | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Convertible Notes | 1,089,000 | 167,500 | 529,500 | 392,000 | — |
| Public Notes | 709,657 | — | — | 300,000 | 409,657 |
| Prospect Capital InterNotes® | 908,808 | 8,819 | 257,198 | 360,599 | 282,192 |
| Total Contractual Obligations | \$2,707,465 | \$176,319 | \$786,698 | \$1,052,599 | \$691,849 |

The Convertible Notes due August 15, 2016, with an outstanding balance of \$167,500 at June 30, 2016, were paid on August 15, 2016 from cash-on-hand, primarily generated from the sale of Harbortouch.

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® as of June 30, 2015.

| | Payments Due by Period | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| | Total | Less than 1 Year | 1 – 3 Years | 3 – 5 Years | After 5 Years |
| Revolving Credit Facility | \$368,700 | \$— | \$— | \$368,700 | \$— |
| Convertible Notes | 1,239,500 | 150,000 | 497,500 | 592,000 | — |
| Public Notes | 548,094 | — | — | 300,000 | 248,094 |
| Prospect Capital InterNotes® | 827,442 | — | 54,509 | 369,938 | 402,995 |
| Total Contractual Obligations | \$2,983,736 | \$150,000 | \$552,009 | \$1,630,638 | \$651,089 |

Historically, we have funded a portion of our cash needs through borrowings from banks, issuances of senior securities, including secured, unsecured and convertible debt securities, or issuances of common equity. For flexibility, we maintain a universal shelf registration statement that allows for the public offering and sale of our debt securities, common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, and warrants and units to purchase such securities in an amount up to \$5,000,000 less issuances to date. As of June 30, 2016, we can issue up to \$4,807,503 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market under this shelf registration. We may from time to time issue securities pursuant to the shelf registration statement or otherwise pursuant to private offerings. The issuance of debt or equity securities will depend on future market conditions, funding needs and other factors and there can be no assurance that any such issuance will occur or be successful.

Each of our Unsecured Notes (as defined below) are our general, unsecured obligations and rank equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured indebtedness and will be senior in right of payment to any of our subordinated indebtedness that may be issued in the future. The Unsecured Notes are effectively subordinated to our existing secured indebtedness, such as our credit facility, and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of any of our subsidiaries.

Revolving Credit Facility

On March 27, 2012, we closed on an extended and expanded credit facility with a syndicate of lenders through PCF (the “2012 Facility”). The lenders had extended commitments of \$857,500 under the 2012 Facility as of June 30, 2014, which was increased to \$877,500 in July 2014. The 2012 Facility included an accordion feature which allowed commitments to be increased up to \$1,000,000 in the aggregate. Interest on borrowings under the 2012 Facility was one-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charged a fee on the unused portion of the 2012 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least half of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise.

On August 29, 2014, we renegotiated the 2012 Facility and closed an expanded five and a half year revolving credit facility (the “2014 Facility” and collectively with the 2012 Facility, the “Revolving Credit Facility”). The lenders have extended commitments of \$885,000 under the 2014 Facility as of June 30, 2016. The 2014 Facility includes an accordion feature which allows commitments to be increased up to \$1,500,000 in the aggregate. The revolving period of the 2014 Facility extends through March 2019, with an additional one year amortization period (with distributions allowed) after the completion of the revolving period. During such one year amortization period, all principal payments on the pledged assets will be applied to reduce the balance. At the end of the one year amortization period, the remaining balance will become due, if required by the lenders.

The 2014 Facility contains restrictions pertaining to the geographic and industry concentrations of funded loans, maximum size of funded loans, interest rate payment frequency of funded loans, maturity dates of funded loans and minimum equity requirements. The 2014 Facility also contains certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, violation of which could result in the early termination of the 2014 Facility. The 2014 Facility also requires the maintenance of a minimum

liquidity requirement. As of June 30, 2016, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants. Interest on borrowings under the 2014 Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the 2014 Facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is drawn or 100 basis points otherwise. The 2014 Facility requires us to pledge assets as collateral in order to borrow under the credit facility.

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As of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we had \$538,456 and \$721,800, respectively, available to us for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility, of which the amount outstanding was \$0 and \$368,700, respectively. As additional eligible investments are transferred to PCF and pledged under the Revolving Credit Facility, PCF will generate additional availability up to the current commitment amount of \$885,000. As of June 30, 2016, the investments, including cash and money market funds, used as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility had an aggregate fair value of \$1,373,569, which represents 22.1% of our total investments, including cash and money market funds. These assets are held and owned by PCF, a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and as such, these investments are not available to our general creditors. The release of any assets from PCF requires the approval of the facility agent.

In connection with the origination and amendments of the Revolving Credit Facility, we incurred \$12,405 of new fees and \$3,539 of fees carried over for continuing participants from the previous facility, which are being amortized over the term of the facility in accordance with ASC 470-50, of which \$7,525 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2016. During the year ended June 30, 2015, in accordance with ASC 470-50, we expensed \$332 of fees relating to credit providers in the 2012 Facility who did not commit to the 2014 Facility.

During the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, we recorded \$13,213, \$14,424, and \$12,216, respectively, of interest costs, unused fees and amortization of financing costs on the Revolving Credit Facility as interest expense.

Convertible Notes

On December 21, 2010, we issued \$150,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that matured on December 15, 2015 (the "2015 Notes"). The 2015 Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning June 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2015 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$145,200. On December 15, 2015, we repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2015 Notes, plus interest. No gain or loss was realized on the transaction.

On February 18, 2011, we issued \$172,500 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on August 15, 2016 (the "2016 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2016 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.50% per year, payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2011. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2016 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$167,325. Between January 30, 2012 and February 2, 2012, we repurchased \$5,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Notes at a price of 97.5, including commissions. The transactions resulted in our recognizing \$10 of loss in the year ended June 30, 2012. The 2016 Notes were repaid on maturity of August 15, 2016, after our June 30, 2016 fiscal year end.

On April 16, 2012, we issued \$130,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on October 15, 2017 (the "2017 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2017 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.375% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning October 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2017 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$126,035. On March 28, 2016, we repurchased \$500 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes at a price of 98.25, including commissions. The transaction resulted in our recognizing a \$9 gain for the period ended March 31, 2016.

On August 14, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on March 15, 2018 (the "2018 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2018 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.75% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On December 21, 2012, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2019 (the "2019 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$193,600.

On April 11, 2014, we issued \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of convertible notes that mature on April 15, 2020 (the "2020 Notes"), unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. The 2020 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.75% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 each year, beginning October 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2020 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$387,500. On January 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes at a price of 93.0, including commissions. As a result of this transaction, we recorded a gain of \$332, in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs.

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Certain key terms related to the convertible features for the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes, the 2019 Notes and the 2020 Notes (collectively, the “Convertible Notes”) are listed below.

| | 2016 Notes | 2017 Notes | 2018 Notes | 2019 Notes | 2020 Notes |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Initial conversion rate(1) | 78.3699 | 85.8442 | 82.3451 | 79.7766 | 80.6647 |
| Initial conversion price | \$12.76 | \$11.65 | \$12.14 | \$12.54 | \$12.40 |
| Conversion rate at June 30, 2016(1)(2) | 80.2196 | 87.7516 | 84.1497 | 79.8360 | 80.6670 |
| Conversion price at June 30, 2016(2)(3) | \$12.47 | \$11.40 | \$11.88 | \$12.53 | \$12.40 |
| Last conversion price calculation date | 2/18/2016 | 4/16/2016 | 8/14/2015 | 12/21/2015 | 4/11/2016 |
| Dividend threshold amount (per share)(4) | \$0.101150 | \$0.101500 | \$0.101600 | \$0.110025 | \$0.110525 |

(1) Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.

(2) Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.

The conversion price in effect at June 30, 2016 was calculated on the last anniversary of the issuance and will be (3) adjusted again on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1% before the anniversary.

The conversion rate is increased if monthly cash dividends paid to common shares exceed the monthly dividend (4) threshold amount, subject to adjustment. Current dividend rates are below the minimum dividend threshold amount for further conversion rate adjustments for all bonds.

Upon conversion, unless a holder converts after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the holder will receive a separate cash payment with respect to the notes surrendered for conversion representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Convertible Notes.

No holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a beneficial owner (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. The 5.0% limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any fundamental change. We will not issue any shares in connection with the conversion or redemption of the Convertible Notes which would equal or exceed 20% of the shares outstanding at the time of the transaction in accordance with NASDAQ rules.

Subject to certain exceptions, holders may require us to repurchase, for cash, all or part of their Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon a fundamental change that constitutes a non-stock change of control we will also pay holders an amount in cash equal to the present value of all remaining interest payments (without duplication of the foregoing amounts) on such Convertible Notes through and including the maturity date.

In connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes, we incurred \$34,629 of fees which are being amortized over the terms of the notes, of which \$14,639 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2016.

During the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, we recorded \$68,966, \$74,365 and \$58,042, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Convertible Notes as interest expense.

Public Notes

On May 1, 2012, we issued \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that were scheduled to mature on November 15, 2022 (the “2022 Notes”). The 2022 Notes bore interest at a rate of 6.95% per year, payable quarterly on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning August 15, 2012. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2022 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$97,000. On May 15, 2015, we redeemed \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes at par. In connection with this transaction, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of the

2022 Notes in the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$2,600.

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On March 15, 2013, we issued \$250,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on March 15, 2023 (the “2023 Notes”). The 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning September 15, 2013. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$245,966.

On April 7, 2014, we issued \$300,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on July 15, 2019 (the “5.00% 2019 Notes”). Included in the issuance is \$45,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® that were exchanged for the 5.00% 2019 Notes. The 5.00% 2019 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.00% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, beginning July 15, 2014. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 5.00% 2019 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$295,998.

On December 10, 2015, we issued \$160,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on June 15, 2024 (the “2024 Notes”). The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.25% per year, payable quarterly on March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2016. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$155,043. On June 16, 2016, we entered into an at-the-market program with FBR Capital Markets & Co. through which we could sell, by means of at-the-market offerings, from time to time, up to \$100,000 in aggregate principal amount of our existing 2024 Notes. During the period from June 28, 2016 to June 30, 2016, we issued \$1,380 in aggregate principal amount of our 2024 Notes for net proceeds of \$1,247 after commissions and offering costs.

The 2022 Notes, the 2023 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, and the 2024 Notes (collectively, the “Public Notes”) are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding.

In connection with the issuance of the 2023 Notes, the 5.00% 2019 Notes, and the 2024 Notes, we incurred \$13,109 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$10,289 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2016.

During the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, we recorded \$36,859, \$37,063, and \$25,988, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Public Notes as interest expense.

Prospect Capital InterNotes®

On February 16, 2012, we entered into a selling agent agreement (the “Selling Agent Agreement”) with Incapital LLC, as purchasing agent for our issuance and sale from time to time of up to \$500,000 of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (the “InterNotes® Offering”), which was increased to \$1,500,000 in May 2014. Additional agents may be appointed by us from time to time in connection with the InterNotes® Offering and become parties to the Selling Agent Agreement.

These notes are direct unsecured obligations and rank equally with all of our unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. Each series of notes will be issued by a separate trust. These notes bear interest at fixed interest rates and offer a variety of maturities no less than twelve months from the original date of issuance.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we issued \$88,435 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$87,141. These notes were issued with stated interest rates ranging from 4.625% to 6.00% with a weighted average interest rate of 5.18%. These notes mature between July 15, 2020 and December 15, 2025. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the year ended June 30, 2016.

| Tenor at Origination (in years) | Principal Amount | Interest Rate Range | Weighted Average Interest Rate | Maturity Date Range |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 5 | \$ 51,503 | 4.625%–6.00% | 5.12 % | July 15, 2020 – June 15, 2021 |
| 6.5 | 35,155 | 5.10%–5.25% | 5.25 % | January 15, 2022 – May 15, 2022 |
| 7 | 990 | 5.625%–6.00% | 5.77 % | November 15, 2022 – December 15, 2022 |

10 787 5.125%–6.00%5.33 % November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025
\$ 88,435

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During the year ended June 30, 2015, we issued \$125,696 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$123,641. These notes were issued with a stated interest rates ranging from 3.375% to 5.10% with a weighted average interest rate of 4.65%. These notes mature between May 15, 2020 and June 15, 2022. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® issued during the year ended June 30, 2015.

| Tenor at Origination (in years) | Principal Amount | Interest Rate Range | Weighted Average Interest Rate | Maturity Date Range |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 5.25 | \$7,126 | 4.625% | 4.625 % | August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020 |
| 5.5 | 106,364 | 4.25%–4.75% | 4.63 % | May 15, 2020 – November 15, 2020 |
| 6 | 2,197 | 3.375% | 3.375 % | April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021 |
| 6.5 | 3,912 | 5.10% | 5.10 % | December 15, 2021 |
| 7 | 6,097 | 5.10% | 5.10 % | May 15, 2022 – June 15, 2022 |
| | \$125,696 | | 0.051 | |

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we repaid \$7,069 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net gain on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$215. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2016.

| Tenor at Origination (in years) | Principal Amount | Interest Rate Range | Weighted Average Interest Rate | Maturity Date Range |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 3 | \$5,710 | 4.00% | 4.00 % | October 15, 2016 |
| 3.5 | 3,109 | 4.00% | 4.00 % | April 15, 2017 |
| 4 | 45,690 | 3.75%–4.00% | 3.92 % | November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018 |
| 5 | 259,191 | 4.25%–5.75% | 4.95 % | July 15, 2018 – June 15, 2021 |
| 5.2 | 4,440 | 4.625% | 4.625 % | August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020 |
| 5.3 | 2,686 | 4.625% | 4.625 % | September 15, 2020 |
| 5.4 | 5,000 | 4.75% | 4.75 % | August 15, 2019 |
| 5.5 | 109,808 | 4.25%–5.00% | 4.65 % | February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020 |
| 6 | 2,197 | 3.375% | 3.375 % | April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021 |
| 6.5 | 40,867 | 5.10%–5.50% | 5.24 % | February 15, 2020 – May 15, 2022 |
| 7 | 192,076 | 4.00%–6.55% | 5.13 % | June 15, 2019 – December 15, 2022 |
| 7.5 | 1,996 | 5.75% | 5.75 % | February 15, 2021 |
| 10 | 37,533 | 3.62%–7.00% | 6.11 % | March 15, 2022 – December 15, 2025 |
| 12 | 2,978 | 6.00% | 6.00 % | November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025 |
| 15 | 17,325 | 5.25%–6.00% | 5.36 % | May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028 |
| 18 | 22,303 | 4.125%–6.25% | 5.53 % | December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031 |
| 20 | 4,462 | 5.625%–6.00% | 5.89 % | November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033 |
| 25 | 35,110 | 6.25%–6.50% | 6.39 % | August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039 |
| 30 | 116,327 | 5.50%–6.75% | 6.23 % | November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043 |
| | \$908,808 | | | |

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we redeemed \$76,931 aggregate principal amount of our Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par with a weighted average interest rate of 6.06% in order to replace debt with higher interest rates with debt with lower rates. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we repaid \$6,993 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at par in accordance with the Survivor's Option, as defined in the InterNotes® Offering

prospectus. As a result of these transactions, we recorded a loss in the amount of the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the notes, net of the proportionate amount of unamortized debt issuance costs. The net loss on the extinguishment of Prospect Capital InterNotes® in

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the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$1,682. The following table summarizes the Prospect Capital InterNotes® outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

| Tenor at Origination (in years) | Principal Amount | Interest Rate Range | Weighted Average Interest Rate | Maturity Date Range |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 3 | \$5,710 | 4.00% | 4.00 % | October 15, 2016 |
| 3.5 | 3,109 | 4.00% | 4.00 % | April 15, 2017 |
| 4 | 45,690 | 3.75%–4.00% | 3.92 % | November 15, 2017 – May 15, 2018 |
| 5 | 207,719 | 4.25%–5.00% | 4.92 % | July 15, 2018 – May 15, 2019 |
| 5.25 | 7,126 | 4.625% | 4.63 % | August 15, 2020 – September 15, 2020 |
| 5.5 | 115,184 | 4.25%–5.00% | 4.65 % | February 15, 2019 – November 15, 2020 |
| 6 | 2,197 | 3.375% | 3.38 % | April 15, 2021 – May 15, 2021 |
| 6.5 | 5,712 | 5.10%–5.50% | 5.23 % | February 15, 2020 – December 15, 2021 |
| 7 | 191,549 | 4.00%–5.85% | 5.13 % | September 15, 2019 – June 15, 2022 |
| 7.5 | 1,996 | 5.75% | 5.75 % | February 15, 2021 |
| 10 | 36,925 | 3.29%–7.00% | 6.11 % | March 15, 2022 – May 15, 2024 |
| 12 | 2,978 | 6.00% | 6.00 % | November 15, 2025 – December 15, 2025 |
| 15 | 17,385 | 5.00%–6.00% | 5.14 % | May 15, 2028 – November 15, 2028 |
| 18 | 22,729 | 4.125%–6.25% | 5.52 % | December 15, 2030 – August 15, 2031 |
| 20 | 4,530 | 5.75%–6.00% | 5.89 % | November 15, 2032 – October 15, 2033 |
| 25 | 36,320 | 6.25%–6.50% | 6.39 % | August 15, 2038 – May 15, 2039 |
| 30 | 120,583 | 5.50%–6.75% | 6.23 % | November 15, 2042 – October 15, 2043 |
| | \$827,442 | | | |

In connection with the issuance of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, we incurred \$22,294 of fees which are being amortized over the term of the notes, of which \$15,598 remains to be amortized and is included within deferred financing costs on the Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2016.

During the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, we recorded \$48,681, \$44,808, and \$33,857, respectively, of interest costs and amortization of financing costs on the Prospect Capital InterNotes® as interest expense.

Net Asset Value

During the year ended June 30, 2016, our net asset value decreased by \$267,132, or \$0.69 per share, resulting primarily from a decrease in net realized and unrealized gains and losses on CLOs, financial and energy related investments. Our net investment income of \$371,128, or \$1.04 per weighted average share exceeded dividends to shareholders of \$356,110, or \$1.00 per share.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we repurchased 4,708,750 shares of our common stock pursuant to our publicly announced Repurchase Program for \$34,140, or approximately \$7.25 weighted average price per share at approximately a 30% discount to net asset value as of June 30, 2015. Our NAV per share was increased by approximately \$0.02 for the year ended June 30, 2016 as a result of the share repurchases. During the year ended June 30, 2016, we issued 2,725,222 shares of our common stock in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan. The following table shows the calculation of net asset value per share as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

| | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Net assets | \$3,435,917 | \$3,703,049 |
| Shares of common stock issued and outstanding | 357,107,231 | 359,090,759 |
| Net asset value per share | \$9.62 | \$10.31 |

Results of Operations

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 was \$103,362, \$346,339 and \$319,020. During the year ended June 30, 2016 the \$242,977 decrease is primarily due to a \$255,532 unfavorable increase in net realized and unrealized losses on investments when comparing results for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. This \$255,532 is primarily due to softening of the energy markets, non-credit related changes in the capital markets and increased default rates impacting the underlying collateral of our CLO residual interest investments. These factors resulted in an unfavorable increase in net unrealized and realized losses of \$15,178 in our energy-related investments and \$88,104 in our CLO investments for the year ended June 30, 2016. The remaining \$152,250 increase in net realized and unrealized losses is primarily due to net unrealized losses for certain controlled investments, including Harbortouch, First Tower and USES, partially offset by unrealized gains related to our real estate investments.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the significant increase in the asset base resulted in an additional \$135,233 of interest income which was partially offset by increased interest costs from the leverage utilized of \$40,557 and increased base management fees of \$26,981. Also reducing the net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the year ended June 30, 2015 versus June 30, 2014 were significant declines in the dividends received from Airmall, Borgia, and Credit Central, and a decrease in other income of \$37,266. The decrease in other income is primarily from a reduction in structuring fees from lower origination levels and purchases of online consumer and commercial loans, which do not generate structuring fees. These decreases were partially offset by a \$25,745 favorable decrease in net realized and unrealized losses on investments.

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 was \$0.29, \$0.98, and \$1.06 per weighted average share, respectively. The decrease in net assets resulting from operations for the year ended June 30, 2016 compared to the year ended June 30, 2015 is primarily due to a \$0.71 per weighted average share decrease in net realized and unrealized losses primarily due to softening of the energy markets, non-credit related changes in the capital markets and increased default rates impacting the underlying collateral of our CLO residual interest investments.

The decrease in net assets resulting from operations for the year ended June 30, 2015 compared to the year ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to a \$0.14 per weighted average share decrease in other income driven by reduced structuring fees and a \$0.07 per weighted average share decrease in dividend income received from our investments in Airmall, Borgia, and Credit Central. These decreases were partially offset by a \$0.04 per weighted average share decrease in income incentive fees and a \$0.09 per weighted average share favorable decrease in net realized and unrealized losses on investments.

While we seek to maximize gains and minimize losses, our investments in portfolio companies can expose our capital to risks greater than those we may anticipate. These companies typically do not issue securities rated investment grade, and have limited resources, limited operating history, and concentrated product lines or customers. These are generally private companies with limited operating information available and are likely to depend on a small core of management talents. Changes in any of these factors can have a significant impact on the value of the portfolio company.

Investment Income

We generate revenue in the form of interest income on the debt securities that we own, dividend income on any common or preferred stock that we own, and fees generated from the structuring of new deals. Our investments, if in the form of debt securities, will typically have a term of one to ten years and bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. To the extent achievable, we will seek to collateralize our investments by obtaining security interests in our portfolio companies' assets. We also may acquire minority or majority equity interests in our portfolio companies, which may pay cash or in-kind dividends on a recurring or otherwise negotiated basis. In addition, we may generate revenue in other forms including prepayment penalties and possibly consulting fees. Any such fees generated in connection with our investments are recognized as earned.

Investment income, which consists of interest income, including accretion of loan origination fees and prepayment penalty fees, dividend income and other income, including settlement of net profits interests, overriding royalty interests and structuring fees, was \$791,973, \$791,084 and \$712,291 for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and

2014, respectively. Investment income remained relatively stable for the year ended June 30, 2016 compared to the year ended June 30, 2015 primarily due to an increase in dividend income offset by a decrease in interest income. The increases for the year ended June 30, 2015 compared to the year ended June 30, 2014 are primarily the result of a larger income producing portfolio. The following table describes the various components of investment income and the related levels of debt investments:

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| | Year Ended June 30, | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Interest income | \$731,618 | \$748,974 | \$613,741 |
| Dividend income | 26,501 | 7,663 | 26,837 |
| Other income | 33,854 | 34,447 | 71,713 |
| Total investment income | \$791,973 | \$791,084 | \$712,291 |

| | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Average debt principal of performing investments | \$6,013,754 | \$6,183,163 | \$4,886,910 |
| Weighted average interest rate earned on performing debt and equity investments | 12.17 | % 12.11 | % 12.56 |

Average interest income producing assets decreased from \$6,183,163 for the year ended June 30, 2015 to \$6,013,754 for the year ended June 30, 2016. The average interest earned on interest bearing performing assets increased from 12.11% for the year ended June 30, 2015 to 12.17% for the year ended June 30, 2016. This moderate increase is primarily due to repayments of lower yielding portfolio investments. Average interest income producing assets increased from \$4,886,910 for the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$6,183,163 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The average interest earned on interest bearing performing assets decreased from 12.56% for the year ended June 30, 2014 to 12.11% for the year ended June 30, 2015. This decrease is primarily due to originations at lower rates than our average existing portfolio yield, and to a lesser extent, a decline in prepayment penalty income. Excluding the adjustment for prepayment penalty income, our annual return would have been 12.28% for the year ended June 30, 2014, 11.97% for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Investment income is also generated from dividends and other income which is less predictable than interest income. Dividend income increased from \$7,663 for the year ended June 30, 2015 to \$26,501 for the year ended June 30, 2016. The \$18,838 increase in dividend income is primarily attributable to a \$11,016 dividend received from our investment in APRC and \$7,250 dividend received from our investment in Echelon. No such dividends were received from either APRC or Echelon during the year ended June 30, 2015. Additionally, we received dividends of \$3,196, \$3,963 and \$711 related to our investments in CCPI, Nationwide and MITY, respectively, during the year ended June 30, 2016. No such dividends were received from CCPI or MITY during the year ended June 30, 2015. The increase in dividend income was partially offset by dividends of \$4,425 and \$1,929 received from our investments in Nationwide and First Tower, respectively, during the year ended June 30, 2015. No such dividends were received from First Tower during the year ended June 30, 2016.

Dividend income decreased from \$26,837 for the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$7,663 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in dividend income is primarily attributed to a \$12,000 decrease in the level of dividends received from our investment in Airmall. We received dividends of \$12,000 from Airmall during the year ended June 30, 2014. No such dividends were received from Airmall during the year ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in dividend income is further attributed to a \$4,682 and \$3,246 decrease in the level of dividends received from our investments in Credit Central and Borga (f/k/a STI Holding, Inc.), respectively. We received dividends of \$159 and \$4,841 from Credit Central during the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. We received dividends of \$3,246 from Borga during the year ended June 30, 2014. No dividends were received from Borga during the year ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in dividend income was partially offset by dividends of \$1,929 received from our investment in First Tower during the year ended June 30, 2015. No dividends were received from First Tower during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Other income has come primarily from structuring fees, royalty interests, and settlement of net profits interests. Income from other sources decreased from \$34,447 for the year ended June 30, 2015 to \$33,854 for the year ended June 30, 2016. The decrease is primarily due to a \$2,355 decrease in structuring fees, which are generated from originations and will fluctuate as levels of originations and types of originations fluctuate. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, we elected to suspend our equity raising activities. The curtailment of capital raising activities suppressed our levels of origination. Total originations decreased from \$1,867,477 in the year ended June 30, 2015 to \$979,102 in the year ended June 30, 2016. As a result, structuring fees fell from \$28,562 in the year ended June 30, 2015 to \$26,207 in the year ended June 30, 2016. Included within the \$26,207 of structuring fees recognized during

the year ended June 30, 2016 is a \$12,909 advisory fee for the Harbortouch transaction, as well as from follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies and new originations, primarily from our investments in Crosman, Intelius, Broder, Coverall, NPRC, Inpatient Care and System One.

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Income from other sources decreased from \$71,713 for the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$34,447 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The decrease is primarily due to a \$30,965 decrease in structuring fees. Total originations decreased from \$2,933,365 in the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$1,867,477 in the year ended June 30, 2015. As a result, structuring fees fell from \$59,527 in the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$28,562 in the year ended June 30, 2015. Included within the \$28,562 of structuring fees recognized during the year ended June 30, 2015 is a \$3,000 fee from Airmall related to the sale of the operating company for which a fee was received in August 2014 and a \$2,000 fee from Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC (“Ajax”) related to the sale of the operating company for which a fee was received in October 2014. The remaining structuring fees recognized during the year ended June 30, 2015 resulted from follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies and new originations, primarily from our investments in InterDent, Instant Web, LLC, Pacific World Corporation (“Pacific World”), PrimeSport, Inc., Trinity, and UPRC, as discussed above. To a lesser extent, the decrease in other income resulted from a decrease in miscellaneous income due to the receipt of \$5,825 of legal cost reimbursement from a litigation settlement during the year ended June 30, 2014 which had been expensed in prior years. No such income was received during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Operating Expenses

Our primary operating expenses consist of investment advisory fees (base management and income incentive fees), borrowing costs, legal and professional fees and other operating and overhead-related expenses. These expenses include our allocable portion of overhead under the Administration Agreement with Prospect Administration under which Prospect Administration provides administrative services and facilities for us. Our investment advisory fees compensate the Investment Adviser for its work in identifying, evaluating, negotiating, closing and monitoring our investments. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations and transactions. Operating expenses were \$420,845, \$428,337 and \$355,068 for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The net base management fee was \$126,523, \$134,590, and \$108,990 for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively (\$0.36, \$0.38 and \$0.36 per weighted average share, respectfully). The changes are directly related to the level of our total assets.

The Investment Adviser has entered into a servicing agreement with certain institutions, where we serve as the agent and collect a servicing fee on behalf of the Investment Adviser. We received payments of \$1,893 and \$170 from these institutions for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, on behalf of the Investment Adviser for providing such services under the servicing agreement. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of base management fee payable by us to the Investment Adviser resulting in net total base management fees of \$126,523. No such credits were received during the year ended 2014. The total gross base management fee incurred to the favor of the Investment Adviser was \$128,416, \$134,760 and \$108,990 during the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, we incurred \$92,782, \$90,687 and \$89,306 of income incentive fees, respectively, (\$0.26, \$0.26, and \$0.30 per weighted average share, respectively). Income incentive fees remained stable year-over-year on a dollars basis, but the per share decreases were driven by corresponding decreases in pre-incentive fee net investment income from \$1.49 per weighted average share for the year ended June 30, 2014 to \$1.28 per weighted average share for the year ended June 30, 2015 primarily due to decreases in dividend and other income per share. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the pre-incentive fee net investment income was \$1.30 per weighted average share (\$0.02 less than the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015) due to year over year decreases in base management fees and interest expense. No capital gains incentive fee has yet been incurred pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

During the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, we incurred \$167,719, \$170,660 and \$130,103, respectively, of interest expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility, Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our “Notes”). These expenses are related directly to the leveraging capacity put into place for each of those years and the levels of indebtedness actually undertaken in those years.

The table below describes the various expenses of our Notes and the related indicators of leveraging capacity and indebtedness during these years.

| | Year Ended June 30, | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Interest on borrowings | \$146,659 | \$149,312 | \$111,900 |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs | 13,561 | 14,266 | 11,491 |
| Accretion of discount on Public Notes | 200 | 213 | 156 |
| Facility commitment fees | 7,299 | 6,869 | 6,556 |
| Total interest and credit facility expenses | \$167,719 | \$170,660 | \$130,103 |
| | | | |
| Average principal debt outstanding | \$2,807,125 | \$2,830,727 | \$1,984,164 |
| Weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings(1) | 5.22 | % 5.27 | % 5.64 |
| Weighted average interest rate on borrowings(2) | 5.97 | % 6.03 | % 6.56 |

(1) Includes only the stated interest expense.

(2) Includes the stated interest expense, amortization of deferred financing costs, accretion of discount on Public Notes and commitment fees on the undrawn portion of our Revolving Credit Facility.

Interest expense during the year ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 is relatively stable as a result of increased issuances through our InterNotes programs and increased utilization of our Revolving Credit Facility, offset by both Public and Convertible Note maturities. The weighted average stated interest rate on borrowings (excluding amortization, accretion and undrawn facility fees) decreased from 5.27% for the year ended June 30, 2015 to 5.22% for the year ended June 30, 2016. This decrease is primarily due to issuances of Prospect Capital InterNotes® at lower rates.

The allocation of gross overhead expense from Prospect Administration was \$20,090, \$21,992 and \$22,393 for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Prospect Administration received estimated payments of \$7,443, \$7,014 and \$8,020 directly from our portfolio companies and certain funds managed by the Investment Adviser for legal, tax and portfolio level accounting services during the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. We were given a credit for these payments as a reduction of the administrative services cost payable by us to Prospect Administration, resulting in net overhead expense of \$12,647, \$14,977 and 14,373 during the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Had Prospect Administration not received these payments, Prospect Administration's charges for its administrative services would have increased by these amounts. During the year ended June 30, 2016, we renegotiated the managerial assistance agreement with First Tower and reversed \$1,200 of previously accrued managerial assistance at First Tower Delaware as the fee was paid by First Tower, which decreased our overhead allocation. As our portfolio continues to grow, we expect Prospect Administration to continue to increase the size of its administrative and financial staff.

Total operating expenses, net of investment advisory fees, interest and credit facility expenses, allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration ("Other Operating Expenses") was \$21,174, \$17,423, and \$12,296 for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase of \$3,751 and \$5,127 during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, is primarily due to an increase in administrative expenses related to investor relations and the growing complexity of our business.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income represents the difference between investment income and operating expenses. Net investment income was \$371,128, \$362,747 and \$357,223 for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The \$8,381 increase during the year ended June 30, 2016 is primarily the result of a \$18,838 increase in dividend income from Echelon and APRC, and a \$5,972 decrease in base management fees from a decrease in our asset base. These results were partially offset by a \$17,356 decrease in interest income, primarily due to a decrease in our interest earning asset base.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the significant increase in the asset base resulted in an additional \$135,233 of interest income which was offset by increased interest costs from the leverage utilized of \$40,557 and increased base management fees of \$25,600. Also reducing net investment income for the year ended June 30, 2015 versus June 30, 2014 were significant declines in the dividends received from Airmall, Borga, Inc. ("Borga"), and Credit Central, and a

decrease in other income of \$37,266. The decrease in other income is primarily from a reduction in structuring fees from lower origination levels and purchases of online consumer and commercial loans, which do not generate structuring fees.

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Net investment income for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 was \$1.04, \$1.03 and \$1.19 per weighted average share, respectively. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the increase is primarily due to a \$0.02 per weighted average share decrease in base management fees. This decrease was partially offset by a \$0.07 per weighted average share decrease in interest income driven by reduced interest earning asset base and an increase of \$0.05 per weighted average share in dividend income received by our investments in APRC and Echelon.

The decrease in net investment income for the year ended June 30, 2015 compared to the year ended June 30, 2014 is primarily due to a \$0.14 per weighted average share decrease in other income driven by reduced structuring fees and a \$0.07 per weighted average share decrease in dividend income received from our investments in Airmall, Borga, and Credit Central. These decreases were partially offset by a \$0.04 per weighted average share decrease in income incentive fees.

Net Realized Gains/Losses

During the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, we recognized net realized losses on investments of \$24,417, \$180,423 and \$3,346, respectively. The net realized loss during the year ended June 30, 2016 was primarily due to the write-down of our investment in Targus of \$14,194, the sale of our investments in American Gilsonite, ICON, and Harbortouch for which we recognized total realized losses of \$10,860 and the write-off of defaulted loans in our small business lending portfolio of \$5,986. These losses were partially offset by net realized gains from the sale of two of our CLO investments for which we realized total gains of \$3,912.

The net realized loss during the year ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to the sale of our investments in Airmall, Ajax, Borga, BXC Company, Inc. ("BXC") and Vets Securing America, Inc. ("VSA") for which we recognized total realized losses of \$47,546, and the sale of four of our CLO investments for which we realized total losses of \$15,561. During the year ended June 30, 2015, we determined that the impairments of several of our investments (e.g., Appalachian Energy Holdings, LLC, Change Clean Energy Company, Coalbed LLC, Edmentum, Manx Energy Inc., NCT, Stryker Energy, LLC, The Healing Staff, Inc., Wind River, and Yatesville Coal Company) were other-than-temporary and recorded total realized losses of \$123,555 (which were previously recognized as unrealized losses) for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value. These losses were partially offset by net realized gains from the proceeds collected on warrants redeemed from Snacks Parent Corporation, litigation settlements, partial sales, and the release of escrowed amounts due to us from several portfolio companies, for which we recognized total realized gains of \$6,239.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, we repurchased \$500 aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Notes and repaid \$7,069 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (including amounts repaid in accordance with the Survivor's Option). As a result of these transactions, we recognized net realized gain on debt extinguishment of \$224 in the year ended June 30, 2016.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, we repurchased \$8,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes, redeemed \$100,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Notes, and redeemed \$83,924 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (including amounts repaid in accordance with the Survivor's Option). As a result of these transactions, we recognized net realized losses on debt extinguishment of \$3,950 in the year ended June 30, 2015. We did not recognize any gains or losses on debt extinguishment during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Net Change in Unrealized (Depreciation) Appreciation

Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation was \$(243,573), \$167,965 and \$(34,857) for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the \$(243,573) change in net unrealized depreciation was driven primarily due to softening of the energy markets, non-credit related changes in the capital markets and increased default rates impacting the underlying collateral of our CLO residual interest investments. These factors resulted in net unrealized losses of \$86,617 in our energy-related investments and \$114,131 in our CLO investments. The remaining \$42,825 increase in unrealized depreciation is primarily due to net unrealized losses for certain controlled investments - Harbortouch, First Tower and USES. Our investment in Harbortouch was sold and the previously recorded unrealized gain was reversed. Additionally, First Tower and USES experienced a decline in operating results contributing \$21,471 and \$17,148 of unrealized losses during the year ended June 30, 2016. These combined unrealized losses in certain controlled investments were partially offset by unrealized appreciation in our real estate portfolio due to improved operating performance at the property level and selected cap rates, partially offset by a decline in our online lending portfolio value resulting from an increase in delinquent loans.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the \$202,822 increase in net change in unrealized appreciation was primarily the result of realizing losses that were previously unrealized related to the sale of our investments in Airmall, Ajax, Borga, BXC and VSA, and the impairment of certain investments for which we eliminated the unrealized depreciation balances related to these investments. We also experienced significant write-ups in our investments in APRC, First Tower, Harbortouch, NPRC, and UPRC. These instances of unrealized appreciation were partially offset by unrealized depreciation related to CP Energy, Gulf Coast, Pacific World, R-V, and Valley Electric.

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Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, our operating activities provided (used) \$861,869, \$45,464, \$(1,725,231) of cash, respectively. There were no investing activities for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014. Financing activities (used) provided \$654,097, \$(69,663), and \$1,656,220 of cash during the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively, which included dividend payments of \$336,637, \$414,833 and \$377,070, respectively.

Our primary uses of funds have been to continue to invest in portfolio companies, through both debt and equity investments, repay outstanding borrowings and to make cash distributions to holders of our common stock.

Our primary sources of funds have historically been issuances of debt and equity. More recently, we have and may continue to fund a portion of our cash needs through repayments and opportunistic sales of our existing investment portfolio. We may also securitize a portion of our investments in unsecured or senior secured loans or other assets.

Our objective is to put in place such borrowings in order to enable us to expand our portfolio. During the year ended June 30, 2016, we borrowed \$615,000 and made repayments totaling \$983,700 under our Revolving Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2016, we had no outstanding balance on our Revolving Credit Facility, \$1,089,000 outstanding on the Convertible Notes, Public Notes with a carrying value of \$709,657 and \$908,808 outstanding on the Prospect Capital InterNotes®. (See “Capitalization” above.)

Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 6.00%. As of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we had \$40,560 and \$88,288, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies. The fair value of our undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans was zero as of June 30, 2016 and as of June 30, 2015.

Our shareholders’ equity accounts as of June 30, 2016, June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 reflect cumulative shares issued as of those respective dates. Our common stock has been issued through public offerings, a registered direct offering, the exercise of over-allotment options on the part of the underwriters, our dividend reinvestment plan and in connection with the acquisition of certain controlled portfolio companies. When our common stock is issued, the related offering expenses have been charged against paid-in capital in excess of par. All underwriting fees and offering expenses were borne by us.

As part of our Repurchase Program, we delivered a notice with our annual proxy mailing on September 23, 2015 and our most recent notice was delivered with a shareholder letter mailing on February 2, 2016. This notice extends for six months after the date that notice is delivered. During the year ended June 30, 2016, we repurchased 4,708,750 shares of our common stock pursuant to our publicly announced Repurchase Program for \$34,140, or approximately \$7.25 weighted average price per share at approximately a 30% discount to net asset value as of June 30, 2015. Our NAV per share was increased by approximately \$0.02 for the year ended June 30, 2016 as a result of the share repurchases. On November 3, 2015, our Registration Statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC. Under this Shelf Registration Statement, we can issue up to \$4,807,503 of additional debt and equity securities in the public market as of June 30, 2016.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of June 30, 2016, we did not have any off-balance sheet liabilities or other contractual obligations that are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition, other than those which originate from 1) the investment advisory and management agreement and the administration agreement and 2) the portfolio companies.

Recent Developments

On July 1, 2016, we made an investment of \$7,320 to purchase 19.7% of the subordinated notes in Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd.

On July 22, 2016, we made a \$32,500 Senior Secured Term Loan A and a \$32,500 Senior Secured Term Loan B debt investment in Universal Turbine Parts, LLC, an independent supplier of aftermarket turboprop engines and parts.

On August 9, 2016, JHH Holdings, Inc. repaid the \$35,507 loan receivable to us.

On August 9, 2016, we made an investment of \$29,634 to purchase 71.9% of the subordinated notes in Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2016-3, Ltd. in a co-investment transaction with Priority Income Fund, Inc., a closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Prospect Capital Management L.P.

On August 14, 2016, we announced the then current conversion rate on the 2018 Notes as 84.1497 shares of common stock per

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\$1 principal amount of the 2018 Notes converted, which is equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$11.88. On August 15, 2016, the 5.50% unsecured convertible notes, which had an outstanding principal balance of \$167,500, matured and were repaid in full with cash on hand, primarily from the Harbortouch sale proceeds.

On August 22, 2016, the 2014 Facility was amended to eliminate some of the restrictions in the definition of an eligible loan for pledging to the facility and increase our overall borrowing base.

During the period from July 1, 2016 through August 31, 2016, we made seven follow-on investments in NPRC totaling \$55,710 to support the online consumer lending initiative.

During the period from July 1, 2016 through August 25, 2016 we issued \$28,820 aggregate principal amount of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for net proceeds of \$28,464.

During the period from July 1, 2016 through August 24, 2016, we issued \$37,901 in aggregate principal amount of our 2024 Notes for net proceeds of \$37,106.

On August 25, 2016, we announced the declaration of monthly dividends in the following amounts and with the following dates:

• \$0.08333 per share for September 2016 to holders of record on September 30, 2016 with a payment date of October 20, 2016;

• \$0.08333 per share for October 2016 to holders of record on October 31, 2016 with a payment date of November 17, 2016.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-K, ASC 946, Financial Services—Investment Companies (“ASC 946”), and Articles 6, 10 and 12 of Regulation S-X. Under the 1940 Act, ASC 946, and the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services to benefit us. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Prospect, PCF, PSBL, PYC, and the Consolidated Holding Companies. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The financial results of our non-substantially wholly-owned holding companies and operating portfolio company investments are not consolidated in the financial statements. Any operating companies owned by the Consolidated Holding Companies are not consolidated.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the presentation of prior consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes to conform to the presentation as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income, expenses, and gains and losses during the reported period. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, creditworthiness of our portfolio companies and any other parameters used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ, and these differences could be material.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include funds deposited with financial institutions and short-term, highly-liquid overnight investments in money market funds. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates fair value.

Investment Classification

We are a non-diversified company within the meaning of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, we classify our investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are those where there is the ability or power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company. Control is generally deemed to exist when a company or individual possesses or has the right to acquire within 60 days or less, a beneficial ownership of more than 25% of the voting securities of an investee company. Under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" are defined by a lesser degree of influence and are deemed to exist through the possession outright or via the right to acquire within 60 days or less, beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities of another person. "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments.

Investment Transactions

Investments are recognized when we assume an obligation to acquire a financial instrument and assume the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Investments are derecognized when we assume an obligation to sell a financial instrument and forego the risks for gains or losses related to that instrument. Specifically, we record all security transactions on a trade date basis. Amounts for investments recognized or derecognized but not yet settled are reported in due to broker or as a receivable for investments sold, respectively, in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

Investment Risks

Our investments are subject to a variety of risks. Those risks include the following:

Market Risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the fair value of the financial instrument.

Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that we would incur if the counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their agreements with us.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the possibility that we may not be able to rapidly adjust the size of our investment positions in times of high volatility and financial stress at a reasonable price.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk represents a change in interest rates, which could result in an adverse change in the fair value of an interest-bearing financial instrument.

Prepayment Risk

Many of our debt investments allow for prepayment of principal without penalty. Downward changes in interest rates may cause prepayments to occur at a faster than expected rate, thereby effectively shortening the maturity of the security and making the security less likely to fully earn all of the expected income and reinvesting in a lower yielding instrument.

Structured Credit Related Risk

CLO investments may be riskier and less transparent to us than direct investments in underlying companies. CLOs typically will have no significant assets other than their underlying senior secured loans. Therefore, payments on CLO investments are and will be payable solely from the cash flows from such senior secured loans.

Online Lending Risk

With respect to our online consumer lending initiative, we invest primarily in marketplace loans through marketplace lending facilitators. We do not conduct loan origination activities ourselves. Therefore, our ability to purchase consumer and small and medium sized business loans, and our ability to grow our portfolio of consumer loans, is directly influenced by the business performance and competitiveness of the marketplace loan origination business of the marketplace lending facilitators from which we purchase consumer loans. In addition, our ability to analyze the risk-return profile of consumer loans is significantly

dependent on the marketplace facilitator's ability to effectively evaluate a borrower's credit profile and likelihood of default. If we are unable to effectively evaluate borrowers' credit profiles or the credit decisioning and scoring models implemented by each platform, we may incur unanticipated losses which could adversely impact our operating results.

Investment Valuation

To value our investments, we follow the guidance of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement (“ASC 820”), that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in conformity with GAAP, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of our investments is defined as the price that we would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market in which that investment is transacted.

ASC 820 classifies the inputs used to measure these fair values into the following hierarchy:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, accessible by us at the measurement date.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other observable inputs other than quoted prices.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In all cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment.

Our Board of Directors has established procedures for the valuation of our investment portfolio. These procedures are detailed below.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations.

For most of our investments, market quotations are not available. With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available or when such market quotations are deemed not to represent fair value, our Board of Directors has approved a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below.

1. Each portfolio company or investment is reviewed by our investment professionals with independent valuation firms engaged by our Board of Directors.

2. The independent valuation firms prepare independent valuations for each investment based on their own independent assessments and issues their report.

3. The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews and discusses with the independent valuation firms the valuation reports, and then makes a recommendation to the Board of Directors of the value for each investment.

4. The Board of Directors discusses valuations and determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith based on the input of the Investment Adviser, the respective independent valuation firm and the Audit Committee.

Our non-CLO investments are valued utilizing a yield analysis, enterprise value (“EV”) analysis, net asset value analysis, liquidation analysis, discounted cash flow analysis, or a combination of methods, as appropriate. The yield analysis uses loan spreads for loans, dividend yields for certain investments and other relevant information implied by market data involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Under the EV analysis, the EV of a portfolio company is first determined and allocated over the portfolio company’s securities in order of their preference relative to one another (i.e., “waterfall” allocation). To determine the EV, we typically use a market multiples approach that considers relevant and applicable market trading data of guideline public companies, transaction metrics from precedent merger and acquisitions transactions and/or a discounted cash flow analysis. The net asset value analysis is used to derive a value of an underlying investment (such as real estate property) by dividing a relevant earnings stream by an appropriate capitalization rate. For this purpose, we consider capitalization rates for similar properties as may be obtained from guideline public companies and/or relevant transactions. The liquidation analysis is intended to approximate the net recovery value of an investment based on, among other things, assumptions regarding liquidation proceeds based on a hypothetical liquidation of a portfolio company’s assets. The discounted cash flow analysis uses valuation techniques to convert future cash flows or earnings to a range of fair values from which a single estimate may be derived utilizing an appropriate discount rate. The measurement is based on the net present value indicated by current market expectations about those future amounts.

In applying these methodologies, additional factors that we consider in valuing our investments may include, as we deem relevant: security covenants, call protection provisions, and information rights; the nature and realizable value of any collateral; the portfolio company's ability to make payments; the principal markets in which the portfolio company does business; publicly available financial ratios of peer companies; the principal market; and enterprise values, among other factors.

Our investments in CLOs are classified as ASC 820 Level 3 securities and are valued using a discounted cash flow model. The valuations have been accomplished through the analysis of the CLO deal structures to identify the risk exposures from the modeling point of view as well as to determine an appropriate call date (i.e., expected maturity). For each CLO security, the most appropriate valuation approach has been chosen from alternative approaches to ensure the most accurate valuation for such security. To value a CLO, both the assets and the liabilities of the CLO capital structure are modeled. Our valuation agent utilizes additional methods to validate the results from the discounted cash flow method, such as Monte Carlo simulations of key model variables, analysis of relevant data observed in the CLO market, and review of certain benchmark credit indices. We use a waterfall engine to store the collateral data, generate collateral cash flows from the assets based on various assumptions for the risk factors, distribute the cash flows to the liability structure based on the payment priorities, and discount them back using appropriate market discount rates. We are not responsible for and have no influence over the asset management of the portfolios underlying the CLO investments we hold as those portfolios are managed by non-affiliated third party CLO collateral managers. The main risk factors are: default risk, interest rate risk, downgrade risk, and credit spread risk.

Valuation of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, specifically ASC 825-10-25, permits an entity to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the "Fair Value Option"). We have not elected the Fair Value Option to report selected financial assets and financial liabilities. See Note 8 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of our financial liabilities that are measured using another measurement attribute.

Convertible Notes

We have recorded the Convertible Notes at their contractual amounts. The Convertible Notes were analyzed for any features that would require bifurcation and such features were determined to be immaterial. See Note 5 in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Revenue Recognition

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are calculated using the specific identification method.

Interest income, adjusted for amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on an accrual basis.

Origination, closing and/or commitment fees associated with investments in portfolio companies are accreted into interest income over the respective terms of the applicable loans. Accretion of such purchase discounts or amortization of premiums is calculated using the effective interest method as of the purchase date and adjusted only for material amendments or prepayments. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties and unamortized loan origination, closing and commitment fees are recorded as interest income.

Loans are placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected.

Unpaid accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and in management's judgment, is likely to remain current. As of June 30, 2016, approximately 1.4% of our total assets at fair value are in non-accrual status.

Interest income from investments in the "equity" class of security of CLO funds (typically preferred shares, income notes or subordinated notes) and "equity" class of security of securitized trust is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets. We monitor the expected cash inflows from our CLO and securitized trust equity investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Structuring fees and similar fees are recognized as income is earned, usually when paid. Structuring fees, excess deal deposits, net profits interests and overriding royalty interests are included in other income.

Federal and State Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC and intend to continue to comply with the requirements of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and intend to distribute (or retain through a deemed distribution) all of our investment company taxable income and net capital gain to stockholders; therefore, we have made no provision for income taxes. The character of income and gains that we will distribute is determined in accordance with income tax regulations that may differ from GAAP. Book and tax basis differences relating to stockholder dividends and distributions and other permanent book and tax differences are reclassified to paid-in capital.

If we do not distribute (or are not deemed to have distributed) at least 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains earned in the calendar year, we will generally be required to pay an excise tax equal to 4% of the amount by which 98% of our annual ordinary income and 98.2% of our capital gains exceed the distributions from such taxable income for the year. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current calendar year taxable income will be in excess of estimated current calendar year dividend distributions from such taxable income, we accrue excise taxes, if any, on estimated excess taxable income. As of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we accrued \$1,100 and \$305, respectively, for any unpaid potential excise tax liability and have included these amounts within other liabilities on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

If we fail to satisfy the annual distribution requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate income tax rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would we be required to make distributions. Distributions would generally be taxable to our individual and other non-corporate taxable stockholders as ordinary dividend income eligible for the reduced maximum rate applicable to qualified dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, provided certain holding period and other requirements are met. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. To qualify again to be taxed as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to distribute to our shareholders our accumulated earnings and profits attributable to non-RIC years. In addition, if we failed to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, then, in order to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year, we would be required to elect to recognize and pay tax on any net built-in gain (the excess of aggregate gain, including items of income, over aggregate loss that would have been realized if we had been liquidated) or, alternatively, be subject to taxation on such built-in gain recognized for a period of ten years.

We follow ASC 740, Income Taxes (“ASC 740”). ASC 740 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. ASC 740 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are “more-likely-than-not” of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. For the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we did not record any unrecognized tax benefits or liabilities. Management’s determinations regarding ASC 740 may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, an on-going analysis of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. Although we file both federal and state income tax returns, our major tax jurisdiction is federal. Our tax returns for our federal tax years ended August 31, 2013 and thereafter remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount, if any, to be paid as a monthly dividend or distribution is approved by our Board of Directors quarterly and is generally based upon our management’s estimate of our future earnings. Net realized capital gains, if any, are distributed at least annually.

Financing Costs

We record origination expenses related to our Revolving Credit Facility and Convertible Notes, Public Notes and Prospect Capital InterNotes® (collectively, our “Unsecured Notes”) as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized as part of interest expense using the straight-line method over the stated life of the obligation which approximates the effective yield method for our Revolving Credit Facility, Baby Bond Program, and Prospect Capital InterNotes®. The effective interest method is used for our remaining Unsecured Notes over the respective

expected life or maturity. In the event that we modify or extinguish our debt before maturity, we follow the guidance in ASC 470-50, Modification and Extinguishments (“ASC 470-50”). For modifications to or exchanges of our Revolving Credit Facility, any unamortized deferred costs relating to lenders who are not part of the new lending group are expensed. For extinguishments of our Unsecured Notes, any unamortized deferred costs are deducted from the carrying amount of the debt in determining the gain or loss from the extinguishment. Effective July 1, 2016, these costs will be reclassified to the balance sheet as a deduction from the debt liability rather than an asset, in accordance with Accounting Standards Update 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs (“ASU 2015-03”).

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We may record registration expenses related to shelf filings as prepaid assets. These expenses consist principally of SEC registration fees, legal fees and accounting fees incurred. These prepaid assets are charged to capital upon the receipt of proceeds from an equity offering or charged to expense if no offering is completed. As of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, there are no prepaid assets related to registration expenses and all amounts incurred have been expensed.

Guarantees and Indemnification Agreements

We follow ASC 460, Guarantees (“ASC 460”). ASC 460 elaborates on the disclosure requirements of a guarantor in its interim and annual consolidated financial statements about its obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also requires a guarantor to recognize, at the inception of a guarantee, for those guarantees that are covered by ASC 460, the fair value of the obligation undertaken in issuing certain guarantees.

Per Share Information

Net increase or decrease in net assets resulting from operations per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period presented. In accordance with ASC 946, convertible securities are not considered in the calculation of net asset value per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncement

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs, which requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. The new guidance will make the presentation of debt issuance costs consistent with the presentation of debt discounts or premiums. ASU 2015-03 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The new guidance must be applied on a retrospective basis to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The adoption of the amended guidance in ASU 2015-03 is expected to decrease total liabilities by decreasing the carrying value of our debt, and is expected to decrease total assets by decreasing deferred financing costs of our debt, but is not expected to have any other significant effect on our consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and equity price risk. Interest rate sensitivity refers to the change in our earnings that may result from changes in the level of interest rates impacting some of the loans in our portfolio which have floating interest rates. Additionally, because we fund a portion of our investments with borrowings, our net investment income is affected by the difference between the rate at which we invest and the rate at which we borrow. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. See “Risk Factors - Risks Relating to Our Business - Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income.”

Our debt investments may be based on floating rates or fixed rates. For our floating rate loans the rates are determined from the LIBOR, EURO Interbank Offer Rate, the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate. The floating interest rate loans may be subject to a LIBOR floor. Our loans typically have durations of one to three months after which they reset to current market interest rates. As of June 30, 2016, 91.0% of the interesting earning investments in our portfolio, at fair value, bore interest at floating rates.

We also have a revolving credit facility and certain Prospect Capital InterNotes® issuances that are based on floating LIBOR rates. Interest on borrowings under the revolving credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor and there is no outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016. Interest on five Prospect Capital InterNotes® is three-month LIBOR plus a range of 350 to 300 basis points with no minimum LIBOR floor. The Convertible Notes, Public Notes and remaining Prospect Capital InterNotes® bear interest at fixed rates. The following table shows the approximate annual impact on net investment income of base rate changes in interest rates (considering interest rate flows for floating rate instruments, excluding our investments in CLO residual interests) to our loan portfolio and outstanding debt as of June 30, 2016, assuming no changes in our investment and borrowing structure:

| (in thousands) Basis Point Change | Interest Income | Interest Expense | Net Income | Net Investment Income (1) |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Up 300 basis points | \$83,879 | \$ 43 | \$83,836 | \$ 67,069 |
| Up 200 basis points | 47,172 | 29 | 47,143 | 37,714 |
| Up 100 basis points | 14,352 | 16 | 14,336 | 11,469 |
| Down 100 basis points | (219) | (10) | (209) | (251) |

(1) Includes the impact of income incentive fees. See Note 13 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended

June 30, 2016 for more information on the income incentive fees.

(2) As of June 30, 2016, one and three month LIBOR was 0.47% and 0.65%, respectively.

We may hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using standard hedging instruments such as futures, options and forward contracts subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act. While hedging activities may insulate us against adverse changes in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of higher interest rates with respect to our portfolio of investments. During the year ended June 30, 2016, we did not engage in hedging activities.

REGISTRATION AND SETTLEMENT

The Depository Trust Company

All of the notes we offer will be issued in book-entry only form. This means that we will not issue certificates for notes, except in the limited case described below. Instead, we will issue global notes in registered form. Each global note will be held through DTC and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Accordingly, Cede & Co. will be the holder of record of the notes. Each note represented by a global note evidences a beneficial interest in that global note.

Beneficial interests in a global note will be shown on, and transfers are effected through, records maintained by DTC or its participants. In order to own a beneficial interest in a note, you must be an institution that has an account with DTC or have a direct or indirect account with such an institution. Transfers of ownership interests in the notes will be accomplished by making entries in DTC participants' books acting on behalf of beneficial owners.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered holder of a global note, DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, will be the sole holder and owner of the notes represented thereby for all purposes, including payment of principal and interest, under the indenture. Except as otherwise provided below, you will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated notes and will not be considered the holder of the notes for any purpose under the indenture.

Accordingly, you must rely on the procedures of DTC and the procedures of the DTC participant through which you own your note in order to exercise any rights of a holder of a note under the indenture. The laws of some jurisdictions require that certain purchasers of notes take physical delivery of such notes in certificated form. Those limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in the notes.

Each global note representing notes will be exchangeable for certificated notes of like tenor and terms and of differing authorized denominations in a like aggregate principal amount, only if (1) DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depository for the global notes or we become aware that DTC has ceased to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and, in any such case we fail to appoint a successor to DTC within 60 calendar days, (2) we, in our sole discretion, determine that the global notes shall be exchangeable for certificated notes or (3) an event of default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the notes under the indenture. Upon any such exchange, the certificated notes shall be registered in the names of the beneficial owners of the global note representing the notes.

The following is based on information furnished by DTC:

DTC will act as securities depository for the notes. The notes will be issued as fully-registered notes registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. Generally, one fully registered global note will be issued for all of the principal amount of the notes.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 2 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments from over 85 countries that DTC's direct participants deposit with DTC.

DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among direct participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between direct participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct participants include both U.S. and non U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC, in turn, is owned by a number of direct participants of DTC and members of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, Government Securities Clearing Corporation, MBS Clearing Corporation, and Emerging Markets Clearing Corporation, as well as by The New York Stock Exchange, Inc., the American Stock Exchange LLC, and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a direct participant, either directly or indirectly. The DTC rules applicable to its participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of the notes under the DTC system must be made by or through direct participants, which will receive a credit for the notes on DTC's records. The beneficial interest of each actual purchaser of each note is in turn to be recorded on the direct and indirect participants' records. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase.

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Beneficial owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct or indirect participant through which the beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of beneficial interests in the notes are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of direct and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their beneficial interests in notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all notes deposited by direct participants with DTC will be registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co. or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the notes with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the notes; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts such notes will be credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The direct and indirect participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to direct participants, by direct participants to indirect participants, and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial owners of the notes may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the notes, such as redemption, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the security documents. For example, beneficial owners of the notes may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the notes for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to beneficial owners. In the alternative, beneficial owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar of the notes and request that copies of the notices be provided to them directly. Any such request may or may not be successful.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the notes unless authorized by a direct participant in accordance with DTC's procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to us as soon as possible after the regular record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants to whose accounts the notes are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

We will pay principal and or interest payments on the notes in same-day funds directly to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit direct participants' accounts on the applicable payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of these participants and not of DTC or any other party, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements that may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC, is our responsibility, disbursement of such payments to direct participants is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners is the responsibility of the direct or indirect participant.

We will send any redemption notices to DTC. If less than all of the notes are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each direct participant in such issue to be redeemed.

A beneficial owner, or its authorized representative, shall give notice to elect to have its notes repaid by us, through its direct or indirect participant, to the trustee, and shall effect delivery of such notes by causing the direct participant to transfer that participant's interest in the global note representing such notes, on DTC's records, to the trustee. The requirement for physical delivery of notes in connection with a demand for repayment will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the global note representing such notes are transferred by the direct participants on DTC's records.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository for the notes at any time by giving us reasonable notice. Under such circumstances, if a successor securities depository is not obtained, we will print and deliver certificated notes. We may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, we will print and deliver certificated notes.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's system has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but neither we, the Purchasing Agent nor any agent takes any responsibility for its accuracy.

Registration, Transfer and Payment of Certificated Notes

If we ever issue notes in certificated form, those notes may be presented for registration, transfer and payment at the office of the registrar or at the office of any transfer agent designated and maintained by us. We have originally designated

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American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC to act in those capacities for the notes. The registrar or transfer agent will make the transfer or registration only if it is satisfied with the documents of title and identity of the person making the request. There will not be a service charge for any exchange or registration of transfer of the notes, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with the exchange. At any time, we may change transfer agents or approve a change in the location through which any transfer agent acts. We also may designate additional transfer agents for any notes at any time. We will not be required to: (1) issue, exchange or register the transfer of any note to be redeemed for a period of 15 days after the selection of the notes to be redeemed; (2) exchange or register the transfer of any note that was selected, called or is being called for redemption, except the unredeemed portion of any note being redeemed in part; or (3) exchange or register the transfer of any note as to which an election for repayment by the holder has been made, except the unrepaid portion of any note being repaid in part.

We will pay principal of and interest on any certificated notes at the offices of the paying agents we may designate from time to time. Generally, we will pay interest on a note by check on any interest payment date other than at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment to the person in whose name the note is registered at the close of business on the regular record date for that payment. We will pay principal and interest at stated maturity or upon earlier redemption or repayment in same-day funds against presentation and surrender of the applicable notes.

SUPPLEMENT TO MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations supplements the discussion set forth under the heading “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations” in the accompanying prospectus and is subject to the qualifications and assumptions set forth therein.

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax considerations generally applicable to the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes. This discussion is based upon the Code, Treasury Regulations and judicial decisions and administrative interpretations thereof, all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect. No ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) has been or will be sought regarding any matter discussed herein. No assurance can be given that the IRS would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax aspects set forth below.

This discussion applies only to a holder of notes that acquires the notes pursuant to this offering at their “issue price” within the meaning of the applicable provisions of the Code and who holds the notes as a capital asset (generally, property held for investment) under the Code. This discussion does not address any U.S. federal estate or gift tax consequences or any state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences. In addition, this discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be applicable to investors in light of their particular circumstances, or to investors subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax law, including, but not limited to:

- banks, insurance companies or other financial institutions;
- pension plans or trusts;
- U.S. noteholders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;
- real estate investment trusts;
- regulated investment companies;
- persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;
- cooperatives;
- tax-exempt organizations;
- dealers in securities;
- expatriates;
- foreign persons or entities (except to the extent set forth below);
- persons deemed to sell the notes under the constructive sale provisions of the Code; or
- persons that hold the notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion transaction or other integrated investment.

If a partnership (including any entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) owns notes, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Partners in a partnership that owns the notes should consult their tax advisors as to the particular U.S. federal income tax consequences applicable to them.

We encourage investors to consult their tax advisors regarding the specific consequences of an investment in our notes, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of U.S. federal, state or local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws.

Consequences to U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to you if you are a U.S. noteholder. U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to non-U.S. noteholders are described under “Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders” below. For purposes of this summary, the term “U.S. noteholder” means a beneficial owner of a note that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes (i) an individual who is a citizen or resident of the U.S., (ii) a corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, that is created or organized under the laws of the U.S., any of the States or the District of Columbia, (iii) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or (iv) a trust (A) if a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of such trust, or (B) that has made a valid election to be treated as a U.S. person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Except as discussed below, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to recognize stated interest as ordinary income at the time it is paid or accrued on the notes in accordance with its regular method of accounting for U.S.

federal income tax purposes. In addition, if the notes' "issue price" (the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold to investors) is less than their "stated redemption price at maturity" (the sum of all payments to be made on the notes other than "qualified stated interest") by more than a statutorily defined de minimis threshold, the notes will be issued with original issue discount

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(“OID”) for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The term “qualified stated interest” generally means stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a single fixed rate or, if certain requirements are met (as described below), certain variable rates.

If the notes are issued with OID, a U.S. noteholder generally will be required to include the OID in gross income as ordinary interest income in advance of the receipt of cash attributable to that income and regardless of such holder’s regular method of tax accounting. Such OID will be included in gross income for each day during each taxable year in which the note is held using a constant yield-to-maturity method that reflects the compounding of interest. This means that the holder will have to include in income increasingly greater amounts of OID over time. Notice will be given in the applicable pricing supplement if we determine that a particular note will be issued with OID. We are required to provide information returns stating the amount of OID accrued on the notes held by persons of record other than certain exempt holders.

If the notes are “step-up notes” (i.e., notes with a fixed interest rate that increases at pre-determined intervals), the tax treatment described in the first sentence under “—Consequences to U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes” assumes that we will have the right to call the notes at par (plus accrued but unpaid interest) on each date that the interest rate increases. If this is not the case, interest that exceeds the lowest rate payable under the step-up note may not be treated as qualified stated interest and, depending on the amount of such excess, may thus cause the step-up note to be treated as issued with OID, in which case the notes generally would be subject to the OID rules discussed above. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the treatment of step-up notes or similar notes.

If you own a note issued with de minimis OID (i.e., discount that is not OID), you generally must include the de minimis OID in income at the time principal payments on the notes are made in proportion to the amount paid. Any amount of de minimis OID that you have included in income will be treated as capital gain.

Short-term notes

Notes that have a fixed maturity of one year or less (“short-term notes”) will be subject to the following special rules. All of the interest on a short-term note is treated as part of the short-term note’s stated redemption price at maturity, thereby giving rise to OID. Thus, all short-term notes will be OID debt securities. OID will be treated as accruing on a short-term debt instrument ratably or, at the election of a U.S. noteholder, under a constant yield method.

A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting (with certain exceptions) will generally not be required to include OID in respect of the short-term note in income on a current basis, though they may be required to include stated interest in income as the income is received. Such a U.S. noteholder may not be allowed to deduct all of the interest paid or accrued on any indebtedness incurred or maintained to purchase or carry such a short-term note until the maturity of the note or its earlier disposition in a taxable transaction. In addition, such a U.S. noteholder will be required to treat any gain realized on a disposition of the note as ordinary income to the extent of the holder’s accrued OID on the note, and short-term capital gain to the extent the gain exceeds accrued OID. A U.S. noteholder that uses the cash method of tax accounting may, however, elect to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis. In such case, the limitation on the deductibility of interest described above will not apply. A U.S. noteholder that uses the accrual method of tax accounting and certain cash method holders generally will be required to include OID on a short-term note in income on a current basis.

Floating rate notes

In the case of a note that is a floating rate note (including a note based on LIBOR), special rules apply. In general, if a note qualifies for treatment as a “variable rate debt instrument” under Treasury Regulations and provides for stated interest that is unconditionally payable at least annually at a variable rate that, subject to certain exceptions, is a single “qualified floating rate” or “objective rate,” each as defined below, all stated interest on the note is treated as qualified stated interest. In that case, both the note’s “yield to maturity” and “qualified stated interest” will be determined, for purposes of calculating the accrual of OID, if any, as though the note will bear interest in all periods throughout its term at a fixed rate generally equal to the rate that would be applicable to interest payments on the note on its issue date or, in the case of an objective rate (other than a “qualified inverse floating rate”), the rate that reflects the yield to maturity that is reasonably expected for the note. A U.S. noteholder of a variable rate debt instrument would then recognize OID, if any, that is calculated based on the note’s assumed yield to maturity. If the interest actually accrued or paid during an accrual period exceeds or is less than the assumed fixed interest, the qualified stated interest

allocable to that period is increased or decreased under rules set forth in Treasury Regulations. Special rules apply for determining the amount of OID for other variable rate debt instruments, such as instruments with more than one qualified floating rate or instruments with a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding any investment in a note that qualifies a “variable rate debt instrument.”

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A note will generally qualify as a variable rate debt instrument if (a) the note's issue price does not exceed the total noncontingent principal payments by more than the lesser of: (i) .015 multiplied by the product of the total noncontingent principal payments and the number of complete years to maturity from the issue date, or (ii) 15% of the total noncontingent principal payments; (b) the note provides for stated interest, compounded or paid at least annually, only at one or more qualified floating rates, a single fixed rate and one or more qualified floating rates, a single objective rate, or a single fixed rate and a single objective rate that is a qualified inverse floating rate; and (c) the value of the rate on any date during the term of the note is set no earlier than three months prior to the first day on which that value is in effect or no later than one year following that first day.

Generally, a rate is a qualified floating rate if variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to measure contemporaneous fluctuations in the cost of newly borrowed funds in the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated. A rate that equals LIBOR or LIBOR plus or minus a fixed spread is, in general, a qualified floating rate. However, a rate (including a rate based on LIBOR) will generally not be a qualified floating rate if, among other circumstances:

the rate is subject to one or more minimum or maximum rate floors or ceilings or one or more governors limiting the amount of increase or decrease in each case which are not fixed throughout the term of the note and which are reasonably expected as of the issue date to cause the rate in some accrual periods to be significantly higher or lower than the overall expected return on the note determined without the floor, ceiling, or governor; or

the rate is a multiple of a qualified floating rate unless the multiple is a fixed multiple that is greater than 0.65 but not more than 1.35 (provided, however, that if a multiple of a qualified floating rate is not within such limits and thus is not itself a qualified floating rate, it may nevertheless qualify as an "objective rate").

If a note provides for two or more qualified floating rates that are within 0.25 percentage points of each other on the issue date or can reasonably be expected to have approximately the same values throughout the term of the note, the qualified floating rates together constitute a single qualified floating rate.

Generally, an objective rate is a rate that is determined using a single fixed formula that is based on objective financial or economic information such as one or more qualified floating rates. An objective rate is a qualified inverse floating rate if that rate is equal to a fixed rate minus a qualified floating rate and variations in the rate can reasonably be expected to inversely reflect contemporaneous variations in the qualified floating rate. A variable rate will generally not qualify as an objective rate if, among other circumstances, it is reasonably expected that the average value of the variable rate during the first half of the term of the note will be either significantly less than or significantly greater than the average value of the rate during the final half of the term of the note.

If a floating rate note does not qualify as a "variable rate debt instrument," the note generally will be subject to taxation under special rules applicable to contingent payment debt instruments. U.S. noteholders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the specific U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding such notes.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Subject to the special rules for short-term notes discussed above, upon the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of a note, a U.S. noteholder generally will recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (1) the sum of cash plus the fair market value of all other property received on such disposition (except to the extent such cash or property is attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which, to the extent not previously included in income, generally will be taxable as ordinary income) and (2) its adjusted tax basis in the note. A U.S. noteholder's adjusted tax basis in a note generally will equal the price the U.S. noteholder paid for the note increased by OID (including with respect to a short-term note), if any, previously included in income with respect to that note, and reduced by any cash payments on the note other than qualified stated interest. Such capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if, at the time of such taxable disposition, the U.S. noteholder has held the note for more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Medicare tax

Certain U.S. noteholders who are individuals, estates or trusts and whose income exceeds certain thresholds will be required to pay a 3.8% Medicare tax on all or a portion of their "net investment income," which includes interest on the notes and capital gains from the sale or other disposition of the notes.

Information reporting and backup withholding

In general, information reporting requirements will apply to certain payments of principal and interest (including OID) and to the proceeds of sale of a note paid to a U.S. noteholder (unless such noteholder is an exempt recipient). A backup

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withholding tax may apply to such payments if a U.S. noteholder fails to provide a taxpayer identification number or certification of exempt status, or if it is otherwise subject to backup withholding.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a U.S. noteholder's United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders

The following is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences generally applicable to you if you are a non-U.S. noteholder. A beneficial owner of a note that is not a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes (including any entity or arrangement otherwise treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) or a U.S. noteholder is referred to herein as a "non-U.S. noteholder."

Stated interest and OID on the notes

Stated interest and OID, if any, paid or accrued to a non-U.S. noteholder will generally not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax if the interest or OID is not effectively connected with its conduct of a trade or business within the United States and is not considered contingent interest within the meaning of Section 871(h)(4)(A) of the Code (generally relating to interest payments that are determined by reference to the income, profits, receipts, cash flow, changes in the value of non-publicly-traded property or other attributes of, or distributions or similar payments paid by, the debtor or a related party), and the non-U.S. noteholder:

- does not own, actually or constructively, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;

- is not a "controlled foreign corporation" with respect to which we are, directly or indirectly, a "related person";

- is not a bank whose receipt of interest on the notes is described in section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and

- provides its name and address, and certifies, under penalties of perjury, that it is not a U.S. person (on a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form)), or holds its notes through certain foreign intermediaries and satisfies the certification requirements of applicable Treasury Regulations.

If a non-U.S. noteholder does not qualify for an exemption under these rules, interest income and OID, if any, from the notes may be subject to withholding tax at the rate of 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate). Stated interest and OID, if any, effectively connected with a non-U.S. noteholder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, which is attributable to a United States permanent establishment), however, would not be subject to a 30% withholding tax so long as the non-U.S. noteholder provides us or our paying agent an adequate certification (currently on IRS Form W-8ECI); such payments of interest generally would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if a non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign corporation and the stated interest and OID, if any, is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. To claim the benefit of a tax treaty, a non-U.S. noteholder must provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form) to us or our paying agent before the payment of stated interest or OID, and may be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and provide documentary evidence issued by foreign governmental authorities to prove residence in the foreign country.

Sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes

Any gain recognized by a non-U.S. noteholder on the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of the notes (except with respect to accrued and unpaid interest, which would be taxed as described under "Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes" above) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with its conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a United States permanent establishment); or

- the non-U.S. noteholder is a nonresident alien individual present in the U.S. for 183 or more days in the taxable year within which the sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition takes place and certain other requirements are met.

If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the first bullet point above, the net gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable disposition of its notes generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons generally. In addition, if such non-U.S. noteholder is a foreign corporation, it may also be subject to a 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) branch profits tax on its effectively

connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to adjustments. If a non-U.S. noteholder is a holder described in the second bullet point above, it will be subject to a flat 30% U.S. federal income tax on the gain derived from the sale, exchange, redemption or other taxable

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disposition of its notes, which may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though it is not considered a resident of the United States.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Generally, we must report to the IRS and to a non-U.S. noteholder the amount of interest (including OID) on the notes paid to a non-U.S. noteholder and the amount of tax, if any, withheld with respect to those payments if the notes are in registered form. Copies of the information returns reporting such interest payments and any withholding may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which a non-U.S. noteholder resides under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty.

In general, a non-U.S. noteholder will not be subject to backup withholding with respect to payments on the notes that we make to such noteholder provided that we do not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, and we have received from you the statement described above under the fourth bullet point under “Consequences to Non-U.S. Noteholders—Stated interest and OID on the notes.”

In addition, no information reporting requirements or backup withholding will be required regarding the proceeds of the sale of a note made within the United States or conducted through certain United States-related financial intermediaries, if the payor receives the statement described above and does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that the non-U.S. noteholder is a U.S. person as defined under the Code, or the non-U.S. noteholder otherwise establishes an exemption.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against a non-U.S. noteholder’s United States federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Other withholding rules

Withholding at a rate of 30% will be required on interest in respect of, and after December 31, 2018, on gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by or through certain foreign financial institutions (including investment funds), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the Secretary of the Treasury to report, on an annual basis, information with respect to shares in, and accounts maintained by, the institution to the extent such shares or accounts are held by certain United States persons or by certain non-U.S. entities that are wholly or partially owned by United States persons and to withhold on certain payments. Accordingly, the entity through which notes are held will affect the determination of whether such withholding is required. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and an applicable foreign country, or future guidance, may modify these requirements. Similarly, interest in respect of, and after December 31, 2018, gross proceeds from the sale of, notes held by an investor that is a non-financial non-U.S. entity will be subject to withholding at a rate of 30%, unless such entity either (i) certifies to us that such entity does not have any “substantial United States owners” or (ii) provides certain information regarding the entity’s “substantial United States owners,” which we will in turn provide to the Secretary of the Treasury. Non-U.S. noteholders are encouraged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of these requirements on their investment in notes.

Non-U.S. noteholders should consult any applicable income tax treaties that may provide for different rules. In addition, non-U.S. noteholders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes.

**CERTAIN CONSIDERATIONS APPLICABLE TO
ERISA, GOVERNMENTAL AND OTHER PLAN INVESTORS**

A fiduciary of a pension plan or other employee benefit plan (including a governmental plan, an individual retirement account or a Keogh plan) proposing to invest in the notes should consider this section carefully.

A fiduciary of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (commonly referred to as “ERISA”), should consider fiduciary standards under ERISA in the context of the particular circumstances of such plan before authorizing an investment in the notes. Such fiduciary should consider whether the investment is in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the plan.

In addition, ERISA and the Code prohibit certain transactions (referred to as “prohibited transactions”) involving the assets of a plan subject to ERISA or the assets of an individual retirement account or plan subject to Section 4975 of the Code (referred to as an “ERISA plan”), on the one hand, and persons who have certain specified relationships to the plan (“parties in interest” within the meaning of ERISA or “disqualified persons” within the meaning of the Code), on the other. If we (or an affiliate) are considered a party in interest or disqualified person with respect to an ERISA plan, then the investment in notes by the ERISA plan may give rise to a prohibited transaction. The purchase and holding of notes by an ERISA plan may be subject to one or more statutory or administrative exemptions from the prohibited transaction rules under ERISA and the Code. Even if the conditions for relief under such exemptions were satisfied, however, there can be no assurance that such exemptions would apply to all of the prohibited transactions that may be deemed to arise in connection with a plan’s investment in the notes.

By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of an ERISA plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not result in a prohibited transaction under ERISA or the Code. Therefore, an ERISA plan should not invest in the notes unless the plan fiduciary or other person acquiring securities on behalf of the ERISA plan determines that neither we nor an affiliate is a party in interest or a disqualified person or, alternatively, that an exemption from the prohibited transaction rules is available. If an ERISA plan engages in a prohibited transaction, the transaction may require “correction” and may cause the ERISA plan fiduciary to incur certain liabilities and the parties in interest or disqualified persons to be subject to excise taxes.

Employee benefit plans that are governmental plans and non-U.S. plans, and certain church plans, are not subject to ERISA requirements. However, non-U.S., federal, state or local laws or regulations governing the investment and management of the assets of such plans may contain fiduciary and prohibited transaction requirements similar to those under ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code discussed above. By purchasing and holding the notes, the person making the decision to invest on behalf of any such plan is representing that the purchase and holding of the notes will not violate any law applicable to such plan that is similar to the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA or the Code. If you are the fiduciary of an employee benefit plan, whether or not subject to ERISA, and you propose to invest in the notes with the assets of such employee benefit plan, you should consult your own legal counsel for further guidance. The sale of notes to an employee benefit plan is in no respect a representation by us, the Purchasing Agent or any other person that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan or that such an investment is appropriate for employee benefit plans generally or any particular plan.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise indicated in a pricing supplement for the notes, we expect to use the net proceeds from the sale of the notes initially to maintain balance sheet liquidity, involving repayment of debt under our credit facility, if any, and redemption of outstanding Prospect Capital InterNotes® and other debt, investments in high quality short-term debt instruments or a combination thereof, and thereafter to make long-term investments in accordance with our investment objective. We anticipate that substantially all of the net proceeds from each offering will be used for the above purposes within six months, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objective and market conditions.

As of September 1, 2016, our credit facility is undrawn, and based on the assets currently pledged as collateral on the facility, a total of approximately \$605.9 million was available to us for borrowing under our credit facility including outstanding borrowings. Interest on borrowings under the credit facility is one-month LIBOR plus 225 basis points, with no minimum LIBOR floor. Additionally, the lenders charge a fee on the unused portion of the credit facility equal to either 50 basis points if at least 35% of the credit facility is used or 100 basis points otherwise.

SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of each fiscal year ended June 30 since the Company commenced operations and as of June 30, 2016. (All figures in this item are in thousands except per unit data.)

| Credit Facility | Total Amount Outstanding(1) | Asset Coverage per Unit(2) | Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3) | Average Market Value per Unit(4) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ — | \$ — | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 368,700 | 18,136 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 92,000 | 69,470 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 124,000 | 34,996 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) | 96,000 | 22,668 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011) | 84,200 | 18,065 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2010 (as of June 30, 2010) | 100,300 | 8,093 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2009 (as of June 30, 2009) | 124,800 | 5,268 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2008 (as of June 30, 2008) | 91,167 | 5,712 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2007 (as of June 30, 2007) | — | N/A | — | — |
| 2015 Notes(5) | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ — | N/A | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 150,000 | 44,579 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 150,000 | 42,608 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 150,000 | 28,930 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) | 150,000 | 14,507 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011) | 150,000 | 10,140 | — | — |
| 2016 Notes(6) | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 167,500 | \$ 36,677 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 167,500 | 39,921 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 167,500 | 38,157 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 167,500 | 25,907 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) | 167,500 | 12,992 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2011 (as of June 30, 2011) | 172,500 | 8,818 | — | — |
| 2017 Notes | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 129,500 | \$ 47,439 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 130,000 | 51,437 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 130,000 | 49,163 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 130,000 | 33,381 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) | 130,000 | 16,739 | — | — |
| 2018 Notes | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 200,000 | \$ 30,717 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 200,000 | 33,434 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 200,000 | 31,956 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 200,000 | 21,697 | — | — |
| 2019 Notes | | | | |

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| | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------|---|---|
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 200,000 | \$ 30,717 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 200,000 | 33,434 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 200,000 | 31,956 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 200,000 | 21,697 | — | — |

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| | Total Amount Outstanding(1) | Asset Coverage per Unit(2) | Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3) | Average Market Value per Unit(4) |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 5.00% 2019 Notes | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 300,000 | \$ 20,478 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 300,000 | 22,289 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 300,000 | 21,304 | — | — |
| 2020 Notes | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 392,000 | \$ 15,672 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 392,000 | 17,058 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 400,000 | 15,978 | — | — |
| 2022 Notes(7) | | | | |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | \$ — | N/A | \$ | —N/A |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 100,000 | 63,912 | — | 1,038 |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 100,000 | 43,395 | — | 1,036 |
| Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) | 100,000 | 21,761 | — | 996 |
| 2023 Notes | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 248,293 | \$ 24,742 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 248,094 | 26,953 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 247,881 | 25,783 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 247,725 | 17,517 | — | — |
| 2024 Notes | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 161,364 | \$ 38,072 | — | \$ 951 |
| Prospect Capital InterNotes® | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 908,808 | \$ 6,760 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 827,442 | 8,081 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 785,670 | 8,135 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 363,777 | 11,929 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) | 20,638 | 105,442 | — | — |
| All Senior Securities(8) | | | | |
| Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016) | \$ 2,707,465 | \$ 2,269 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2015 (as of June 30, 2015) | 2,983,736 | 2,241 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2014 (as of June 30, 2014) | 2,773,051 | 2,305 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2013 (as of June 30, 2013) | 1,683,002 | 2,578 | — | — |
| Fiscal 2012 (as of June 30, 2012) | 664,138 | 3,277 | — | — |

(1) Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the year/period presented (in 000's).

The asset coverage ratio for a class of senior securities representing indebtedness is calculated as our consolidated total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, divided by senior securities representing indebtedness. This asset coverage ratio is multiplied by \$1,000 to determine the Asset Coverage Per Unit.

(2) This column is inapplicable.

(3) This column is inapplicable.

- (4) This column is inapplicable, except for the 2022 Notes and the 2024 Notes. The average market value per unit is calculated as an average of quarter-end prices and shown as the market value per \$1,000 of indebtedness.
- (5) We repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2015 Notes on December 15, 2015.
- (6) We repaid the outstanding principal amount of the 2016 Notes on August 15, 2016.
- (7) We redeemed the 2022 Notes on May 15, 2015.

While we do not consider commitments to fund under revolving arrangements to be Senior Securities, if we were (8) to elect to treat such unfunded commitments, which were \$40,560 as of June 30, 2016, as Senior Securities for purposes of Section 18 of the 1940 Act, our asset coverage per unit would be \$2,250.

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RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

For the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of the Company, computed as set forth below, were as follows:

| | For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 | For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 | For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 | For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 | For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Earnings to Fixed Charges(1) | 1.63 | 3.04 | 3.45 | 3.89 | 5.95 |

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in net assets resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

Earnings include the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can vary substantially from year to year. Excluding the net change in unrealized appreciation or (1) depreciation, the earnings to fixed charges ratio would be 3.08 for the year ended June 30, 2016, 2.06 for the year ended June 30, 2015, 3.72 for the year ended June 30, 2014, 4.91 for the year ended June 30, 2013, and 6.79 for the year ended June 30, 2012.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Under the terms of the Fifth Amended and Restated Selling Agent Agreement dated November 6, 2015, which we refer to as the “Selling Agent Agreement,” the notes will be offered from time to time by us to the Purchasing Agent for subsequent resale to agents, including Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, and RBC Capital Markets, LLC and other dealers who are broker-dealers and securities firms. The agents, including the Purchasing Agent, and the additional agents named from time to time pursuant to the Selling Agent Agreement, are, or will be, parties to the Selling Agent Agreement. The notes will be offered for sale in the United States only. Dealers who are members of the selling group have executed a Master Selected Dealer Agreement with the Purchasing Agent. We also may appoint additional agents to sell the notes. Any sale of the notes through those additional agents, however, will be on the same terms and conditions to which the original agents have agreed. The Purchasing Agent will purchase the notes at a discount ranging from 0.4% to 3.8% of the non-discounted price for each note sold. However, we also may sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent at a discount greater than or less than the range specified above. The discount at which we sell the notes to the Purchasing Agent will be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. The Purchasing Agent also may sell notes to dealers at a concession not in excess of the discount it received from us. In certain cases, the Purchasing Agent and the other agents and dealers may agree that the Purchasing Agent will retain the entire discount. We will disclose any particular arrangements in the applicable pricing supplement.

Following the solicitation of orders, each of the agents, severally and not jointly, may purchase notes as principal for its own account from the Purchasing Agent. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable pricing supplement, these notes will be purchased by the agents and resold by them to one or more investors at a fixed public offering price. After the initial public offering of notes, the public offering price (in the case of notes to be resold at a fixed public offering price), discount and concession may be changed.

We have the sole right to accept offers to purchase notes and may reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. Each agent also has the right, in its discretion reasonably exercised, to reject any proposed offer to purchase notes in whole or in part. We reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify any offer without notice. We also may change the terms, including the interest rate we will pay on the notes, at any time prior to our acceptance of an offer to purchase.

Each agent, including the Purchasing Agent, may be deemed to be an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act. We have agreed to indemnify the agents against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to any payments they may be required to make in respect of such liabilities. We also have agreed to reimburse the agents for certain expenses.

No note will have an established trading market when issued. We do not intend to apply for the listing of the notes on any securities exchange. However, we have been advised by the agents that they may purchase and sell notes in the secondary market as permitted by applicable laws and regulations. The agents are not obligated to make a market in the notes, and they may discontinue making a market in the notes at any time without notice. Neither we nor the agents can provide any assurance regarding the development, liquidity or maintenance of any trading market for any notes. All secondary trading in the notes will settle in same-day funds. See “Registration and Settlement.”

In connection with certain offerings of notes, the rules of the SEC permit the Purchasing Agent to engage in transactions that may stabilize the price of the notes. The Purchasing Agent will conduct these activities for the agents. These transactions may consist of short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. A short sale is the sale by the Purchasing Agent of a greater amount of notes than the amount the Purchasing Agent has agreed to purchase in connection with a specific offering of notes. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases made by the Purchasing Agent to prevent or retard a decline in the price of the notes while an offering of notes is in process. In general, these purchases or bids for the notes for the purpose of stabilization or to reduce a syndicate short position could cause the price of the notes to be higher than it might otherwise be in the absence of those purchases or bids. Neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that these transactions may have on the price of any notes. In addition, neither we nor the Purchasing Agent makes any representation that, once commenced, these transactions will not be discontinued without notice. The Purchasing Agent is not required to engage in these activities and may end any of these activities at any time.

Some of the agents and their affiliates have engaged in, and may in the future engage in, investment banking and other commercial dealings in the ordinary course of business with us or our affiliates. They have received, or may in the future receive, customary fees and commissions for these transactions.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the agents and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities

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may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. The agents and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

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DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT AND DIRECT STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan that provides for reinvestment of our dividends or distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash as provided below, and the ability to purchase additional shares by making optional cash investments. As a result, when our Board of Directors authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or distribution, then our stockholders who have not “opted out” of our dividend reinvestment and direct stock purchase plan will have their cash dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividends or distributions. If you are not a current stockholder and want to enroll or have “opted out” and wish to rejoin, you may purchase shares directly through the plan or opt in by enrolling online or submitting to the plan administrator a completed enrollment form and, if you are not a current stockholder, making an initial investment of at least \$250.

No action is required on the part of a registered stockholder to have their cash dividend or distribution reinvested in shares of our common stock. A registered stockholder may elect to receive an entire dividend or distribution in cash by notifying the plan administrator and our transfer agent and registrar, in writing so that such notice is received by the plan administrator no later than the record date for dividends to stockholders. The plan administrator will set up a dividend reinvestment account for shares acquired pursuant to the plan for each stockholder who has not so elected to receive dividends and distributions in cash or who has enrolled in the plan as described herein (each, a “Participant”). The plan administrator will hold each Participant’s shares, together with the shares of other Participants, in non-certificated form in the plan administrator’s name or that of its nominee. Upon request by a Participant to terminate their participation in the plan, received in writing, via the internet or the plan administrator’s toll free number no later than 3 business days prior to a dividend or distribution payment date, such dividend or distribution will be paid out in cash and not be reinvested. If such request is received fewer than 3 business days prior to a dividend or distribution payment date, such dividend or distribution will be reinvested but all subsequent dividends and distributions will be paid to the stockholder in cash on all balances. Upon such termination of the Participant’s participation in the plan, all whole shares owned by the Participant will be issued to the Participant in certificated form and a check will be issued to the Participant for the proceeds of fractional shares less a transaction fee of \$15.00 to be deducted from such proceeds. Those stockholders whose shares are held by a broker or other financial intermediary may receive dividends or distributions in cash by notifying their broker or other financial intermediary of their election.

We primarily use newly-issued shares to implement reinvestment of dividends and distributions under the plan, whether our shares are trading at a premium or at a discount to net asset value. However, we reserve the right to purchase shares in the open market in connection with the implementation of reinvestment of dividends or distributions under the plan. The number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend or distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on the last business day before the payment date for such dividend or distribution. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if no sale is reported for such day, at the average of their reported bid and asked prices. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the dividend or distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated. Stockholders who do not elect to receive dividends and distributions in shares of common stock may experience accretion to the net asset value of their shares if our shares are trading at a premium at the time we issue new shares under the plan and dilution if our shares are trading at a discount. The level of accretion or discount would depend on various factors, including the proportion of our stockholders who participate in the plan, the level of premium or discount at which our shares are trading and the amount of the dividend or distribution payable to a stockholder.

There are no brokerage charges or other charges to stockholders who participate in reinvestment of dividends or distributions under the plan. The plan administrator’s fees under the plan are paid by us. If a participant elects by written notice to the plan administrator to have the plan administrator sell part or all of the shares held by the plan administrator in the participant’s account and remit the proceeds to the participant, the plan administrator is authorized to deduct a \$15 transaction fee plus a \$0.10 per share brokerage commissions from the proceeds.

Stockholders who receive dividends or distributions in the form of stock are subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as are stockholders who elect to receive their dividends or distributions in cash. A stockholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a dividend or distribution from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the dividend or distribution payable to the stockholder. Any stock received in a dividend or distribution will have a new holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. Stockholder's account (as defined below).

Participants in the plan have the option of making additional cash payments to the plan administrator for investment in the shares at the then current market price. Such payments may be made in any amount from \$25 to \$10,000 per transaction.

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Participants in the plan may also elect to have funds electronically withdrawn from their checking or savings account each month. Direct debit of cash will be performed on the 10th of each month. Participants may elect this option by submitting a written authorization form or by enrolling online at the plan administrator's website. The plan administrator will use all funds received from participants since the prior investment of funds to purchase shares of our common stock in the open market. We will not use newly-issued shares of our common stock to implement such purchases. Purchase orders will be submitted daily. The Plan Administrator may, at its discretion, submit purchase orders less frequently but no later than 30 days after receipt. The plan administrator will charge each stockholder who makes such additional cash payments \$2.50, plus a \$0.10 per share brokerage commission. Cash dividends and distributions payable on all shares credited to your plan account will be automatically reinvested in additional shares pursuant to the terms of the plan. Brokerage charges for such purchases are expected to be less than the usual brokerage charge for such transactions. Instructions sent by a participant to the plan administrator in connection with such participant's cash payment may not be rescinded.

Participants may terminate their accounts under the plan by notifying the plan administrator via its website at www.amstock.com or by filling out the transaction request form located at the bottom of their statement and sending it to the plan administrator at American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, P.O. Box 922, Wall Street Station, New York, NY 10269-0560 or by calling the plan administrator's Interactive Voice Response System at (888) 888-0313. Upon termination, the stockholder will receive certificates for the full shares credited to your plan account. If you elect to receive cash, the plan administrator sells such shares and delivers a check for the proceeds, less the \$0.10 per share commission and the plan administrator's transaction fee of \$15. In every case of termination, fractional shares credited to a terminating plan account are paid in cash at the then-current market price, less any commission and transaction fee.

The plan may be terminated by us upon notice in writing mailed to each participant at least 30 days prior to any payable date for the payment of any dividend by us or distribution pursuant to any additional cash payment made. All correspondence concerning the plan should be directed to the plan administrator by mail at American Stock Transfer and Trust Company LLC, 6201 15th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11219, or by telephone at 888-888-0313.

Stockholders who purchased their shares through or hold their shares in the name of a broker or financial institution should consult with a representative of their broker or financial institution with respect to their participation in our dividend reinvestment plan and direct stock purchase plan. Such holders of our stock may not be identified as our registered stockholders with the plan administrator and may not automatically have their cash dividend or distribution reinvested in shares of our common stock by the plan administrator.

1. How do I purchase shares if I am not an existing registered holder?

To make an investment online, log on to www.amstock.com, click on “Shareholders” followed by “Invest Online,” then select “All Plans” from the left toolbar. Select “Prospect Capital Corporation” Common Stock,” followed by “Invest Now.” Follow the “Steps to Invest,” which will guide you through the six-step investment process. Follow the prompts to provide your banking account number and ABA routing number to allow for the direct debit of funds from your savings or checking account. You will receive a receipt of your transaction upon completion of the investment process, as well as a subsequent e-mail confirming the number of shares purchased and their price (generally within two business days). To invest by mail, complete an Enrollment Application, which can be obtained by calling the Plan Administrator at 1-888-888-0313, and enclose a check made payable to American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC for the value of your investment. The Enrollment Application may also be downloaded from the Plan Administrator’s website (www.amstock.com). The minimum initial investment is \$250.00. The maximum investment is \$10,000.00 per transaction. Once you are a stockholder, the minimum purchase amount is reduced to \$25.00. For purchases made with voluntary contributions, there is a transaction fee of \$2.50 per purchase and a per-share commission of \$0.10, each to be paid by the participants in the Plan. Your cash payment, less applicable service charges, fees and commissions, will be used to purchase shares on the open market for your account. Both full and fractional shares, up to three decimal places, will be credited to your Plan account. The Plan Administrator will commingle net funds (if applicable) with cash payments from all participants to purchase shares in the open market. Purchase orders will be submitted daily. The Plan Administrator may, at its discretion, submit purchase orders less frequently but no later than 30 days after receipt. No interest will be paid by the Plan Administrator pending investment. Instructions sent to the Plan Administrator may not be rescinded. You may also authorize the Plan Administrator, on the enrollment application or the Plan Administrator’s website, to make monthly purchases of a specified dollar amount, by automatic withdrawal from your bank account. Funds will be withdrawn from your bank account, via electronic funds transfer (EFT), on the 10th day of each month (or the next following day if the 10th is not a business day). To terminate monthly purchases by automatic withdrawal, please send the Plan Administrator written, signed instructions, which must be received by the Plan Administrator not less than 3 business days prior to an automatic withdrawal for such termination to take effect prior to such withdrawal. It is your responsibility to notify the Plan Administrator if your direct debit information changes. If a check or ACH withdrawal is returned to the Plan Administrator as “unpaid,” the Plan Administrator will sell shares if already purchased and liquidate additional shares, if necessary, to reimburse itself for any loss incurred, as well as a returned check fee of \$25.00. This is in addition to any other rights the Plan Administrator may have.

Stockholders who purchased their shares through or hold their shares in the name of a broker or financial institution should consult with a representative of their broker or financial institution with respect to their participation in the Plan. Such holders of common stock may not be identified as registered stockholders of Prospect Capital Corporation with the Plan Administrator.

2. How do I purchase additional shares if I am already a registered stockholder?

Additional shares may be purchased at any time. All of the terms outlined in Section #1 above apply, except the minimum investment is only \$25.00. To make an investment online, log on to www.amstock.com and select “Shareholders” followed by “Account Access and General Information,” and finally “Account Access.” You will be prompted to enter your Unique Account ID. If you do not have a Unique Account ID, register directly online and your Unique Account ID will be provided. Follow the prompts when registering for your Unique Account ID. From the left toolbar, select “Purchase Additional Shares” and complete the steps. Optional cash payments may also be mailed to the Plan Administrator using the tear-off portion of your account statement (sent in conjunction with each scheduled dividend) or purchase transaction advice, or via detailed written instructions. You may also authorize the Plan Administrator, on an enrollment application or the Plan Administrator’s website, to make monthly purchases of a specified dollar amount by automatic withdrawal from your bank account. Funds will be withdrawn from your bank account, via electronic funds transfer (EFT), on the 10th day of each month (or the next following day if the 10th is not a business day). To terminate monthly purchases by automatic withdrawal, you must send the Plan Administrator written, signed instructions. It is your responsibility to notify the Plan Administrator if your direct debit information changes. All shares will be purchased in the open market at the current market price.

LEGAL MATTERS

The legality of the notes will be passed upon for the Company by Joseph Ferraro, our General Counsel, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP (“Skadden, Arps”), New York, New York, and Venable LLP, as special Maryland counsel, Baltimore, Maryland, will pass on certain matters for the Company. Troutman Sanders LLP will pass on certain matters for the agents. Skadden, Arps and Venable LLP each have from time to time acted as counsel for us and our subsidiaries and may do so in the future.

EXPERTS

BDO USA, LLP is the independent registered public accounting firm of the Company and National Property REIT Corp. MSPC is the independent registered public accounting firm of Harbortouch Payments, LLC. Hood & Strong LLP is the independent registered public accounting firm of NPH McDowell, LLC. Tidwell Group, LLC is the independent public accounting firm of Michigan Storage, LLC.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the notes offered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the notes being registered by this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current periodic reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. This information and the information specifically regarding how we voted proxies relating to portfolio securities for the period ended June 30, 2016, are available free of charge by contacting us at 10 East 40th Street, 42nd floor, New York, NY 10016 or by telephone at toll-free (888) 748-0702. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC which are available on the SEC’s Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC’s Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

No dealer, salesperson or other individual has been authorized to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by us or the Purchasing Agent or any agent. This prospectus supplement does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. Neither the delivery of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in our affairs or that information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
Board of Directors and Stockholders
Prospect Capital Corporation
New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of assets and liabilities of Prospect Capital Corporation (the “Company”), including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2016, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended June 30, 2016. These consolidated financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 by correspondence with the custodians, online lending servicers and portfolio companies, or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies were not received. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Prospect Capital Corporation at June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the results of its operations, the changes in its net assets, and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2016, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended June 30, 2016, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Prospect Capital Corporation’s internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2016, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) and our report dated August 29, 2016 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ BDO USA, LLP

BDO USA, LLP

New York, New York

August 29, 2016

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

| | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Investments at fair value: | | |
| Control investments (amortized cost of \$1,768,220 and \$1,894,644, respectively) | \$ 1,752,449 | \$ 1,974,202 |
| Affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$10,758 and \$45,150, respectively) | 11,320 | 45,945 |
| Non-control/non-affiliate investments (amortized cost of \$4,312,122 and \$4,619,582, respectively) | 4,133,939 | 4,589,411 |
| Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$6,091,100 and \$6,559,376, respectively) | 5,897,708 | 6,609,558 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 317,798 | 110,026 |
| Receivables for: | | |
| Interest, net | 12,127 | 20,408 |
| Other | 168 | 2,885 |
| Prepaid expenses | 855 | 757 |
| Deferred financing costs | 48,051 | 54,420 |
| Total Assets | 6,276,707 | 6,798,054 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Revolving Credit Facility (Notes 4 and 8) | — | 368,700 |
| Convertible Notes (Notes 5 and 8) | 1,089,000 | 1,239,500 |
| Public Notes (Notes 6 and 8) | 709,657 | 548,094 |
| Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Notes 7 and 8) | 908,808 | 827,442 |
| Interest payable | 40,804 | 39,659 |
| Due to broker | 957 | 26,778 |
| Dividends payable | 29,758 | 29,923 |
| Due to Prospect Capital Management (Note 13) | 54,149 | 2,550 |
| Due to Prospect Administration (Note 13) | 1,765 | 4,238 |
| Accrued expenses | 2,259 | 3,408 |
| Other liabilities | 3,633 | 4,713 |
| Commitments and Contingencies (Note 3) | — | — |
| Total Liabilities | 2,840,790 | 3,095,005 |
| Net Assets | \$3,435,917 | \$3,703,049 |
| Components of Net Assets | | |
| Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (1,000,000,000 common shares authorized; 357,107,231 and 359,090,759 issued and outstanding, respectively) (Note 9) | \$357 | \$359 |
| Paid-in capital in excess of par (Note 9) | 3,967,397 | 3,975,672 |
| Accumulated overdistributed net investment income | (3,623) | (21,077) |
| Accumulated net realized loss on investments and extinguishment of debt | (334,822) | (302,087) |
| Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments | (193,392) | 50,182 |
| Net Assets | \$3,435,917 | \$3,703,049 |
| Net Asset Value Per Share (Note 16) | \$9.62 | \$10.31 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

| | Year Ended June 30, | | |
|---|---------------------|------------|-----------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Investment Income | | | |
| Interest income: | | | |
| Control investments | \$207,377 | \$200,409 | \$153,307 |
| Affiliate investments | 896 | 3,799 | 4,358 |
| Non-control/non-affiliate investments | 347,132 | 385,710 | 334,039 |
| Structured credit securities | 176,213 | 159,056 | 122,037 |
| Total interest income | 731,618 | 748,974 | 613,741 |
| Dividend income: | | | |
| Control investments | 26,435 | 6,811 | 26,687 |
| Affiliate investments | — | 778 | — |
| Non-control/non-affiliate investments | 66 | 74 | 150 |
| Total dividend income | 26,501 | 7,663 | 26,837 |
| Other income: | | | |
| Control investments | 22,528 | 12,975 | 43,671 |
| Affiliate investments | — | 226 | 17 |
| Non-control/non-affiliate investments | 11,326 | 21,246 | 28,025 |
| Total other income (Note 10) | 33,854 | 34,447 | 71,713 |
| Total Investment Income | 791,973 | 791,084 | 712,291 |
| Operating Expenses | | | |
| Investment advisory fees: | | | |
| Base management fee (Note 13) | 126,523 | 134,590 | 108,990 |
| Income incentive fee (Note 13) | 92,782 | 90,687 | 89,306 |
| Interest and credit facility expenses | 167,719 | 170,660 | 130,103 |
| Audit, compliance and tax related fees | 4,428 | 3,772 | 2,959 |
| Allocation of overhead from Prospect Administration (Note 13) | 12,647 | 14,977 | 14,373 |
| Directors' fees | 379 | 379 | 325 |
| Excise tax | 2,295 | 2,505 | (4,200) |
| Other general and administrative expenses | 14,072 | 10,767 | 13,212 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 420,845 | 428,337 | 355,068 |
| Net Investment Income | 371,128 | 362,747 | 357,223 |
| Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) | | | |
| Net realized gains (losses) | | | |
| Control investments | (5,406) | (80,640) | — |
| Affiliate investments | (14,194) | — | — |
| Non-control/non-affiliate investments | (4,817) | (99,783) | (3,346) |
| Net realized gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt | 224 | (3,950) | — |
| Net realized losses | (24,193) | (184,373) | (3,346) |
| Net change in unrealized gains (losses) | | | |
| Control investments | (88,751) | 158,346 | (20,519) |
| Affiliate investments | (233) | 503 | (4,500) |
| Non-control/non-affiliate investments | (154,589) | 9,116 | (9,838) |
| Net change in unrealized gains (losses) | (243,573) | 167,965 | (34,857) |
| Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Losses | (267,766) | (16,408) | (38,203) |
| Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations | \$103,362 | \$346,339 | \$319,020 |

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| | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Net increase in net assets resulting from operations per share | \$0.29 | \$0.98 | \$1.06 |
| Dividends declared per share | \$(1.00) | \$(1.19) | \$(1.32) |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

(in thousands, except share data)

| | Year Ended June 30, | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Operations | | | |
| Net investment income | \$371,128 | \$362,747 | \$357,223 |
| Net realized losses on investments | (24,417) | (180,423) | (3,346) |
| Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation on investments | (243,573) | 167,965 | (34,857) |
| Net realized gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt | 224 | (3,950) | — |
| Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations | 103,362 | 346,339 | 319,020 |
| Distributions to Shareholders | | | |
| Distribution from net investment income | (356,110) | (421,594) | (403,188) |
| Distribution of return of capital | — | — | — |
| Net Decrease in Net Assets Resulting from Distributions to Shareholders | (356,110) | (421,594) | (403,188) |
| Common Stock Transactions | | | |
| Issuance of common stock, net of underwriting costs | — | 146,085 | 973,832 |
| Less: Offering costs from issuance of common stock | 118 | (644) | (1,380) |
| Repurchase of common stock under stock repurchase program | (34,140) | — | — |
| Value of shares issued to acquire controlled investments | — | — | 57,830 |
| Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends | 19,638 | 14,681 | 15,574 |
| Net (Decrease) Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Common Stock Transactions | (14,384) | 160,122 | 1,045,856 |
| Total (Decrease) Increase in Net Assets | (267,132) | 84,867 | 961,688 |
| Net assets at beginning of year | 3,703,049 | 3,618,182 | 2,656,494 |
| Net Assets at End of Year | \$3,435,917 | \$3,703,049 | \$3,618,182 |
| Common Stock Activity | | | |
| Shares sold | — | 14,845,556 | 88,054,653 |
| Shares issued to acquire controlled investments | — | — | 5,326,949 |
| Shares repurchased under stock repurchase program | (4,708,750) | — | — |
| Shares issued through reinvestment of dividends | 2,725,222 | 1,618,566 | 1,408,070 |
| Net shares (repurchased) issued due to common stock activity | (1,983,528) | 16,464,122 | 94,789,672 |
| Shares issued and outstanding at beginning of year | 359,090,759 | 342,626,637 | 247,836,965 |
| Shares Issued and Outstanding at End of Year | 357,107,231 | 359,090,759 | 342,626,637 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands, except share data)

| | Year Ended June 30, | | |
|--|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Operating Activities | | | |
| Net increase in net assets resulting from operations | \$ 103,362 | \$ 346,339 | \$ 319,020 |
| Net realized (gains) losses on extinguishment of debt | (224) | 3,950 | — |
| Net realized losses on investments | 24,417 | 180,423 | 3,346 |
| Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) on investments | 243,573 | (167,965) | 34,857 |
| Amortization of discounts and premiums, net | 84,087 | 87,638 | 46,297 |
| Accretion of discount on Public Notes (Note 6) | 200 | 213 | 156 |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs | 13,561 | 14,266 | 11,491 |
| Payment-in-kind interest | (20,531) | (29,277) | (15,145) |
| Structuring fees | (9,393) | (20,916) | (45,087) |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Payments for purchases of investments | (921,679) | (1,817,284) | (2,815,303) |
| Proceeds from sale of investments and collection of investment principal | 1,311,375 | 1,411,562 | 767,978 |
| Decrease in interest receivable, net | 8,281 | 1,589 | 866 |
| Decrease (increase) in other receivables | 2,717 | (298) | 1,810 |
| (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses | (98) | 2,071 | (2,288) |
| (Decrease) increase in due to broker | (25,821) | 26,778 | (43,588) |
| Increase in interest payable | 1,145 | 2,200 | 13,075 |
| (Decrease) increase in due to Prospect Administration | (2,473) | 2,030 | 842 |
| Increase (decrease) in due to Prospect Capital Management | 51,599 | 2,547 | (5,321) |
| (Decrease) increase in accrued expenses | (1,149) | (1,382) | 2,445 |
| (Decrease) increase in other liabilities | (1,080) | 980 | (682) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | 861,869 | 45,464 | (1,725,231) |
| Financing Activities | | | |
| Borrowings under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4) | 615,000 | 1,567,000 | 1,078,500 |
| Principal payments under Revolving Credit Facility (Note 4) | (983,700) | (1,290,300) | (1,110,500) |
| Issuances of Public Notes, net of original issue discount (Note 6) | 161,364 | — | 255,000 |
| (Redemptions) and issuances of Convertible Notes (Note 5) | (150,000) | — | 400,000 |
| Repurchase of Convertible Notes, net (Note 5) | (500) | (7,668) | — |
| Redemption of Public Notes, net (Note 6) | — | (102,600) | — |
| Issuances of Prospect Capital InterNotes® (Note 7) | 88,435 | 125,696 | 473,762 |
| Redemptions of Prospect Capital InterNotes®, net (Note 7) | (7,069) | (85,606) | (6,869) |
| Financing costs paid and deferred | (6,968) | (6,793) | (29,055) |
| Cost of shares repurchased under stock repurchase program | (34,140) | — | — |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of underwriting costs | — | 146,085 | 973,832 |
| Offering costs from issuance of common stock | 118 | (644) | (1,380) |
| Dividends paid | (336,637) | (414,833) | (377,070) |
| Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities | (654,097) | (69,663) | 1,656,220 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | | | |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 207,772 | (24,199) | (69,011) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 110,026 | 134,225 | 203,236 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | \$ 317,798 | \$ 110,026 | \$ 134,225 |

Supplemental Disclosures

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| | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 152,817 | \$ 153,982 | \$ 105,410 |
| Non-Cash Financing Activities | | | |
| Value of shares issued through reinvestment of dividends | \$ 19,638 | \$ 14,681 | \$ 15,574 |
| Value of shares issued to acquire controlled investments | \$— | \$— | \$57,830 |
| Exchange of Prospect Capital InterNotes® for Public Notes | \$— | \$— | \$45,000 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

F-6

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Cost Value | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | |
| Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(48) | | | | | |
| Arctic Energy Services, LLC(18) | Wyoming / Oil & Gas Services | Class D Units (32,915 units) | \$31,640 | \$35,815 | 1.0% |
| | | Class E Units (21,080 units) | 20,230 | 2,525 | 0.1% |
| | | Class A Units (700 units) | 9,006 | — | —% |
| | | Class C Units (10 units) | — | — | —% |
| CCPI Inc.(19) | Ohio / Manufacturing | Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00%, due 12/31/2017)(3) | 60,876 | 38,340 | 1.1% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(47) | 12,313 | 12,313 | 0.4% |
| | | Common Stock (14,857 shares) | 9,320 | 9,320 | 0.3% |
| | | | 6,635 | 19,723 | 0.5% |
| CP Energy Services Inc.(20) | Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Services | Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (1,043 shares) | 28,268 | 41,356 | 1.2% |
| | | Common Stock (2,924 shares) | 15,227 | — | —% |
| | | | 113,500 | 76,002 | 2.2% |
| Credit Central Loan Company, LLC(21) | South Carolina / Consumer Finance | Subordinated Term Loan (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2019)(15)(47) | 36,931 | 36,931 | 1.1% |
| | | Class A Shares (7,500,000 shares)(15) | 11,633 | 11,707 | 0.3% |
| | | Net Revenues Interest (25% of Net Revenues)(15) | — | 3,616 | 0.1% |
| | | | 48,564 | 52,254 | 1.5% |
| Echelon Aviation LLC | New York / Aerospace & Defense | Senior Secured Term Loan (11.75% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.25% PIK, due 3/31/2022)(11)(14)(47) | 37,855 | 37,855 | 1.1% |
| | | Membership Interest (99%) | 19,907 | 22,966 | 0.7% |
| | | | 57,762 | 60,821 | 1.8% |
| Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC(22) | Minnesota / Consumer Services | Second Lien Revolving Credit Facility to Edmentum, Inc. – \$7,834 Commitment (5.00% due 6/9/2020)(16) | 6,424 | 6,424 | 0.2% |
| | | Unsecured Senior PIK Note (8.50% PIK, due 6/9/2020)(47) | 6,341 | 6,341 | 0.2% |
| | | Unsecured Junior PIK Note (10.00% PIK, due 6/9/2020)(47) | 28,837 | 25,569 | 0.7% |
| | | Class A Common Units (370,964 units) | 6,576 | 6,012 | 0.2% |
| First Tower Finance Company LLC(23) | Mississippi / Consumer Finance | | 41,678 | 44,346 | 1.3% |
| | | Subordinated Term Loan to First Tower, LLC (10.00% plus 12.00% PIK, due 6/24/2019)(15)(47) | 255,762 | 255,762 | 7.4% |

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| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|---------|-------|
| | | Class A Shares (86,711,625 shares)(15) | 70,476 | 96,904 | 2.8% |
| | | | 326,238 | 352,666 | 10.2% |
| Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC(24) | Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services | Membership Interest (100%) | 40,810 | 26,618 | 0.8% |
| | | | 40,810 | 26,618 | 0.8% |
| Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company | Texas / Manufacturing | Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2015, due 10/12/2017)(11)(13) | 38,822 | 7,312 | 0.2% |
| | | Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (99,900 shares) | 25,950 | — | —% |
| | | | 60,375 | 7,312 | 0.2% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry Investments(1) | | June 30, 2016 | | Fair | % of Net |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | Principal | Cost | Value(2) | Assets |
| | | | Value | | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(48) | | | | | | |
| | | Senior Secured Note A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/19/2019)(3)(11)(13) | \$18,250 | \$18,250 | \$18,250 | 0.5% |
| MITY, Inc.(26) | Utah / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Note B (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.00% PIK, due 3/19/2019)(3)(11)(13)(47) | 16,442 | 16,442 | 16,442 | 0.5% |
| | | Subordinated Unsecured Note to Broda Enterprises ULC (10.00%, due on demand)(15) | 7,200 | 7,200 | 5,667 | 0.2% |
| | | Common Stock (42,053 shares) | | 6,848 | 13,690 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 48,740 | 54,049 | 1.6% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 248,677 | 248,677 | 248,677 | 7.2% |
| National Property REIT Corp.(27) | Various / Real Estate | Senior Secured Term Loan E (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 212,819 | 212,819 | 212,819 | 6.2% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan C to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(15)(47) | 99,972 | 99,972 | 99,972 | 2.9% |
| | | Common Stock (1,533,899 shares) | | 165,908 | 215,491 | 6.3% |
| | | Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income) | | — | 66,974 | 2.0% |
| | | | | 727,376 | 843,933 | 24.6% |
| Nationwide Loan Company LLC(28) | Illinois / Consumer Finance | Senior Subordinated Term Loan to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(15)(47) | 16,696 | 16,696 | 16,696 | 0.5% |
| | | Class A Shares (29,343,795 shares)(15) | | 16,201 | 19,117 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 32,897 | 35,813 | 1.0% |
| | | Senior Secured Note (14.00%, due 5/6/2021) | 3,714 | 3,714 | 3,442 | 0.1% |
| NMMB, Inc.(29) | New York / Media | Senior Secured Note to Armed Forces Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2021) | 7,000 | 7,000 | 6,487 | 0.2% |

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| | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|--|--------|--------|--------|------|
| | | Series A Preferred Stock (7,200 shares) | 7,200 | 44 | —% | |
| | | Series B Preferred Stock (5,669 shares) | 5,669 | 34 | —% | |
| | | | 23,583 | 10,007 | 0.3% | |
| | | Senior Subordinated Note (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/12/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 28,622 | 28,622 | 28,622 | 0.8% |
| R-V Industries, Inc. | Pennsylvania / Manufacturing | Common Stock (545,107 shares) | 5,087 | 6,039 | 0.2% | |
| | | Warrant (to purchase 200,000 shares of Common Stock, expires 6/30/2017) | 1,682 | 2,216 | 0.1% | |
| | | | 35,391 | 36,877 | 1.1% | |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 3/31/2019)(11)(13) | 26,300 | 26,158 | 26,300 | 0.8% |
| USES Corp. (31) | Texas / Commercial Services | Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 3/31/2019)(11)(13) | 36,000 | 35,568 | 13,986 | 0.4% |
| | | Common Stock (268,962 shares) | — | — | —% | |
| | | | 61,726 | 40,286 | 1.2% | |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 Principal Cost | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(48) | | | | | | |
| Valley Electric Company, Inc.(32) | Washington / Construction & Engineering | Senior Secured Note to Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (8.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 12/31/2019)(3)(11)(13)(47) | \$ 10,430 | \$ 10,430 | \$ 10,430 | 0.3% |
| | | Senior Secured Note (10.00% plus 8.50% PIK, due 6/23/2019)(47) | 23,802 | 23,802 | 20,661 | 0.6% |
| | | Common Stock (50,000 shares) | | 26,204 | — | —% |
| | | | | 60,436 | 31,091 | 0.9% |
| Wolf Energy, LLC | Kansas / Oil & Gas Production | Senior Secured Promissory Note secured by assets formerly owned by H&M (18.00%, in non-accrual status effective 4/15/2013, due 4/15/2018) | 38,257 | — | 659 | —% |
| | | Membership Interest (100%) | | — | — | —% |
| | | Net Profits Interest (8% of Equity Distributions)(4) | | — | 19 | —% |
| | | | | — | 678 | —% |
| | | | \$ 1,768,220 | \$ 1,752,449 | 51.0% | |
| Affiliate Investments (5.00% to 24.99% voting control)(49) | | | | | | |
| BNN Holdings Corp. | Michigan / Healthcare | Series A Preferred Stock (9,925.455 shares)(8) | | | \$ 1,780 | \$ 2,270 0.1% |
| | | Series B Preferred Stock (1,753.636 shares)(8) | | | 448 | 572 —% |
| Targus International, LLC(33) | California / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan A (15.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 10/1/15, due 12/31/2019)(9) | | 1,319 | 1,263 | 1,319 —% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (15.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 10/1/15, due 12/31/2019)(9) | | 3,957 | 3,788 | 3,957 0.1% |
| | | Common Stock (1,262,737 shares) | | | 3,479 | 3,202 0.1% |
| | | | | | 8,530 | 8,478 0.2% |
| | | | | | \$ 10,758 | \$ 11,320 0.3% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | |
|--|--|--|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Cost Value | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | |
| AFI Shareholder, LLC (f/k/a Aircraft Fasteners International, LLC) | California / Machinery | Class A Units (32,500 units) | \$ 330 | \$ 511 | —% |
| | | | 330 | 511 | —% |
| Airmall Inc. | Pennsylvania / Property Management | Escrow Receivable | 3,916 | 3,900 | 0.1% |
| | | | 3,916 | 3,900 | 0.1% |
| Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC(42) | South Carolina / Manufacturing | Escrow Receivable | — | 608 | —% |
| | | | — | 608 | —% |
| ALG USA Holdings, LLC | Pennsylvania / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure | Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 2/28/2020)(9)(11)(13) | 11,630 | 11,771 | 0.3% |
| | | | 11,630 | 11,771 | 0.3% |
| American Gilsonite Company | Utah / Metal Services & Minerals | Membership Interest (1.93%)(34) | — | — | —% |
| | | | — | — | —% |
| Apidos CLO IX | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.98%)(6)(15) | 29,925 | 19,966 | 0.6% |
| | | | 19,997 | 19,966 | 0.6% |
| Apidos CLO XI | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.95%)(6)(15) | 28,368 | 26,057 | 0.8% |
| | | | 29,763 | 26,057 | 0.8% |
| Apidos CLO XII | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.39%)(6)(15) | 34,608 | 30,638 | 0.9% |
| | | | 34,598 | 30,638 | 0.9% |
| Apidos CLO XV | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.72%)(6)(15) | 36,479 | 25,335 | 0.7% |
| | | | 31,479 | 25,335 | 0.7% |
| Apidos CLO XXII | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.29%)(6)(7)(15) | 26,948 | 25,369 | 0.7% |
| | | | 26,948 | 25,369 | 0.7% |
| Arctic Glacier U.S.A., Inc. | Minnesota / Food Products | Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 11/10/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 150,000 | 145,546 | 4.2% |
| | | | 150,000 | 145,546 | 4.2% |

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| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--------|--------|------|
| Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC | Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 4/8/2019)(11)(14) | 21,028 | 11,779 | 0.3% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 4/8/2019)(11)(14) | 23,989 | — | —% |
| Armor Holding II LLC | New York / Diversified Financial Services | | 44,327 | 11,779 | 0.3% |
| | | Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/26/2020)(3)(9)(11)(13) | 6,907 | 6,907 | 0.2% |
| | | | 6,907 | 6,907 | 0.2% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | % of Net Assets | |
|--|---|--|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|------|
| | | | Principal Value | Fair Value(2) | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico), Inc. | Puerto Rico / Healthcare | Revolving Line of Credit – \$7,000 Commitment (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2017)(11)(13)(16) | \$2,350 | \$2,350 | \$2,350 | 0.1% |
| | | Senior Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/21/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 38,166 | 38,166 | 38,166 | 1.1% |
| | | | | 40,516 | 40,516 | 1.2% |
| Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.25%)(6)(7)(15) | 52,250 | 44,075 | 40,312 | 1.2% |
| | | | | 44,075 | 40,312 | 1.2% |
| Broder Bros., Co. | Pennsylvania / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 5.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/03/2021)(3)(11)(14) | 120,737 | 120,737 | 120,737 | 3.5% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/03/2021)(11)(14) | 121,475 | 121,475 | 121,475 | 3.5% |
| | | | | 242,212 | 242,212 | 7.0% |
| Brookside Mill CLO Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.44%)(6)(15) | 26,000 | 19,875 | 18,990 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 19,875 | 18,990 | 0.6% |
| Capstone Logistics Acquisition, Inc. | Georgia / Business Services | Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/7/2022)(3)(9)(11)(14) | 101,828 | 101,298 | 97,752 | 2.8% |
| | | | | 101,298 | 97,752 | 2.8% |
| Cent CLO 17 Limited | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.64%)(6)(15) | 24,870 | 18,839 | 16,695 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 18,839 | 16,695 | 0.5% |
| Cent CLO 20 Limited | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 10.19%)(6)(15) | 40,275 | 32,835 | 26,501 | 0.8% |
| | | | | 32,835 | 26,501 | 0.8% |
| Cent CLO 21 Limited | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.64%)(6)(7)(15) | 48,528 | 38,125 | 31,467 | 0.9% |

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| | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--------|--------|--------|------|
| | | | 38,125 | 31,467 | 0.9% | |
| CIFC Funding 2013-III, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.72%)(6)(15) | 44,100 | 32,338 | 29,634 | 0.9% |
| | | | 32,338 | 29,634 | 0.9% | |
| CIFC Funding 2013-IV, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.13%)(6)(15) | 45,500 | 33,414 | 32,752 | 0.9% |
| | | | 33,414 | 32,752 | 0.9% | |
| CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.05%)(6)(7)(15) | 41,500 | 31,729 | 30,378 | 0.9% |
| | | | 31,729 | 30,378 | 0.9% | |
| Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC | New York / Software & Computer Services | Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/31/2021)(11)(13)(47) | 65,990 | 65,940 | 65,990 | 1.9% |
| | | | 65,940 | 65,990 | 1.9% | |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| Coverall North America, Inc. | Florida / Commercial Services | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(11)(13) | \$24,250 | \$24,250 | \$24,250 | 0.7% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/02/2020)(3)(11)(13) | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 0.7% |
| | | | | 49,250 | 49,250 | 1.4% |
| Crosman Corporation | New York / Manufacturing | Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.16% (LIBOR + 8.70% with .30% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, due 8/5/2020)(3)(11)(14)(47) | 54,185 | 54,185 | 53,935 | 1.6% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (16.16% (LIBOR + 15.70% with .30% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, due 8/5/2020)(11)(14)(47) | 41,284 | 41,284 | 40,458 | 1.1% |
| | | | | 95,469 | 94,393 | 2.7% |
| CURO Group Holdings Corp (f/k/a Speedy Cash Holdings Corp.) | Canada / Consumer Finance | Senior Unsecured Notes (12.00%, due 11/15/2017)(9)(15) | 15,000 | 15,000 | 8,081 | 0.2% |
| | | | | 15,000 | 8,081 | 0.2% |
| Easy Gardener Products, Inc. | Texas / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan (10.63% (LIBOR + 10.00% with .25% LIBOR floor), due 09/30/2020)(3)(11)(13) | 17,369 | 17,369 | 17,369 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 17,369 | 17,369 | 0.5% |
| Empire Today, LLC | Illinois / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Note (11.375%, due 2/1/2017)(9) | 50,426 | 49,988 | 49,938 | 1.4% |
| | | | | 49,988 | 49,938 | 1.4% |
| Fleetwash, Inc. | New Jersey / Business Services | Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 23,402 | 23,402 | 23,402 | 0.7% |
| | | Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$15,000 Commitment (expires 4/30/2019)(11)(16) | — | — | — | —% |
| | | | | 23,402 | 23,402 | 0.7% |
| Focus Brands, Inc. | Georgia / Consumer | Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR | 18,000 | 17,876 | 18,000 | 0.5% |

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| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------|--------|--------|------|
| | Services | floor), due 8/21/2018)(9)(11)(14) | | 17,876 | 18,000 | 0.5% |
| Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.19%)(6)(15) | 39,275 | 29,037 | 30,452 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 29,037 | 30,452 | 0.9% |
| Galaxy XVI CLO, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.22%)(6)(15) | 24,575 | 19,195 | 18,925 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 19,195 | 18,925 | 0.5% |
| Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.77%)(6)(7)(15) | 39,905 | 31,077 | 29,820 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 31,077 | 29,820 | 0.9% |
| Generation Brands Holdings, Inc. | Illinois / Durable Consumer Products | Subordinated Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/10/2022)(9)(11)(13) | 19,000 | 18,437 | 19,000 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 18,437 | 19,000 | 0.6% |
| Global Employment Solutions, Inc. | Colorado / Business Services | Senior Secured Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/26/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 49,312 | 49,312 | 49,312 | 1.4% |
| | | | | 49,312 | 49,312 | 1.4% |

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2012-1 Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.90%)(6)(15) | \$23,188 | \$18,245 | \$18,140 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 18,245 | 18,140 | 0.5% |
| Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1 Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.01%)(6)(15) | 40,400 | 31,897 | 32,212 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 31,897 | 32,212 | 0.9% |
| Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-1 Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.66%)(6)(15) | 24,500 | 18,255 | 17,076 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 18,255 | 17,076 | 0.5% |
| Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.91%)(6)(7)(15) | 41,164 | 30,795 | 30,532 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 30,795 | 30,532 | 0.9% |
| Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-3 Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.86%)(6)(7)(15) | 39,598 | 36,746 | 35,202 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 36,746 | 35,202 | 1.0% |
| Harbortouch Payments, LLC | Pennsylvania / Business Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% PIK, due 5/31/2023)(11)(13)(47) Escrow Receivable | 27,500 | 27,500 | 27,500 | 0.8% |
| | | | | — | 1,602 | —% |
| | | | | 27,500 | 29,102 | 0.8% |
| HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.35%)(6)(7)(15) | 19,025 | 14,454 | 13,005 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 14,454 | 13,005 | 0.4% |
| Harley Marine Services, Inc. | Washington / Transportation | Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2019)(3)(9)(11)(13) | 9,000 | 8,886 | 8,886 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 8,886 | 8,886 | 0.3% |
| Hollander Sleep Products, LLC | Florida / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/21/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 21,860 | 21,860 | 21,098 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 21,860 | 21,098 | 0.6% |

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| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------|---------|--------------|
| ICV-CAS Holdings, LLC | New York / Transportation | Escrow Receivable | — | 6 | —% |
| | | | — | 6 | —% |
| Inpatient Care Management Company LLC | Florida / Healthcare | Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/8/2021(9)(11)(14) | 17,000 | 17,000 | 17,000 0.5% |
| | | | | 17,000 | 17,000 0.5% |
| Instant Web, LLC | Minnesota / Media | Senior Secured Term Loan A (5.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(11)(13) | 122,943 | 122,943 | 122,943 3.6% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 158,100 | 158,100 | 158,100 4.6% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan C-1 (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(11)(13) | 27,000 | 27,000 | 27,000 0.8% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan C-2 (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(11)(13) | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 0.7% |
| | | | | 333,043 | 333,043 9.7% |

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| InterDent, Inc. | California / Healthcare | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.25% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 0.75% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(11)(14) | \$79,538 | \$79,538 | \$79,538 | 2.3% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 0.75% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(3)(11)(14) | 131,125 | 131,125 | 130,582 | 3.8% |
| | | | | 210,663 | 210,120 | 6.1% |
| JAC Holding Corporation | Michigan / Transportation | Senior Secured Note (11.50%, due 10/1/2019)(9) | 2,868 | 2,868 | 2,868 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 2,868 | 2,868 | 0.1% |
| Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 9.75%)(6)(7)(15) | 19,500 | 16,915 | 13,072 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 16,915 | 13,072 | 0.4% |
| JHH Holdings, Inc. | Texas / Healthcare | Second Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor) plus 0.50% PIK, due 3/30/2019)(3)(11)(13)(47) | 35,477 | 35,477 | 35,477 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 35,477 | 35,477 | 1.0% |
| LaserShip, Inc. | Virginia / Transportation | Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 3/18/2019)(3)(11)(14)(47) | 34,570 | 34,570 | 32,113 | 0.9% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% PIK, due 3/18/2019)(3)(11)(14)(47) | 21,214 | 21,214 | 19,705 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 55,784 | 51,818 | 1.5% |
| LCM XIV Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.80%)(6)(15) | 30,500 | 22,890 | 23,376 | 0.7% |
| | | | | 22,890 | 23,376 | 0.7% |
| Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 21.15%)(6)(15) | 31,110 | 22,259 | 21,174 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 22,259 | 21,174 | 0.6% |
| Matrixx Initiatives, Inc. | New Jersey / Pharmaceuticals | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 30,177 | 30,177 | 30,177 | 0.9% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.50% LIBOR | 40,562 | 40,562 | 40,562 | 1.2% |

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|------------------------------------|--|---|--------|--------|--------|------|
| | | floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(11)(13) | | 70,739 | 70,739 | 2.1% |
| | | Preferred Units (1,250,000 units) | | 1,252 | 2,037 | 0.1% |
| Maverick Healthcare Equity, LLC | Arizona / Healthcare | Class A Common Units (1,250,000 units) | | — | 353 | —% |
| | | | | 1,252 | 2,390 | 0.1% |
| Mineral Fusion Natural Brands | Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products | Membership Interest (1.43%)(37) | | — | 266 | —% |
| | | | | — | 266 | —% |
| Mountain View CLO 2013-I Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.72%)(6)(15) | 43,650 | 33,156 | 30,928 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 33,156 | 30,928 | 0.9% |
| Mountain View CLO IX Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.23%)(6)(7)(15) | 47,830 | 43,088 | 40,218 | 1.2% |
| | | | | 43,088 | 40,218 | 1.2% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | | | | |
|--|--|--|------|---------------|-----------------|---------|------|
| | | Principal Value | Cost | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | | |
| Nathan's Famous, Inc. | New York / Food Products | Senior Secured Notes (10.00%, due 3/15/2020)(9) | | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | 0.1% |
| | | Subordinated Secured Term Loan | | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 0.1% |
| NCP Finance Limited Partnership(38) | Ohio / Consumer Finance | (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2018)(3)(9)(11)(14)(15) | | 27,199 | 26,504 | 25,838 | 0.7% |
| | | | | 26,504 | 25,838 | 25,838 | 0.7% |
| Nixon, Inc. | California / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan (9.50% plus 3.00% PIK, due 4/16/2018)(3)(9)(47) | | 14,311 | 14,197 | 11,776 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 14,197 | 11,776 | 11,776 | 0.3% |
| Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.54%)(6)(15) | | 32,921 | 26,213 | 24,027 | 0.7% |
| | | | | 26,213 | 24,027 | 24,027 | 0.7% |
| Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.29%)(6)(7)(15) | | 28,200 | 20,046 | 19,701 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 20,046 | 19,701 | 19,701 | 0.6% |
| Onyx Payments(39) | Texas / Diversified Financial Services | Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2016)(11)(13)(16) | | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | —% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(3)(11)(13) | | 48,352 | 48,352 | 48,352 | 1.4% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(3)(11)(13) | | 59,389 | 59,389 | 59,389 | 1.8% |
| | | | | 108,741 | 108,741 | 108,741 | 3.2% |
| Pacific World Corporation | California / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products | Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (8.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(11)(14)(16) | | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 | 0.1% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.00% LIBOR | | 97,994 | 97,994 | 93,624 | 2.7% |

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| | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| | | floor), due 9/26/2020)(11)(14) | | | | | |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.00% | | | | | |
| | | (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR | 97,994 | 97,994 | 81,567 | 2.4% | |
| | | floor), due 9/26/2020)(3)(11)(14) | | | | | |
| | | | | | 198,488 | 177,691 | 5.2% |
| Pelican Products, Inc. | California / Durable Consumer Products | Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/9/2021)(3)(9)(11)(14) | 17,500 | 17,486 | 15,744 | 0.5% | |
| | | | | | 17,486 | 15,744 | 0.5% |
| | | Revolving Line of Credit – \$1,500 Commitment (9.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/11/16)(11)(13)(16) | — | — | — | —% | |
| PeopleConnect Intermediate, LLC (f/k/a Intelius, Inc.) | Washington / Software & Computer Services | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2020)(3)(11)(13) | 20,379 | 20,379 | 19,907 | 0.6% | |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2020)(3)(11)(13) | 20,938 | 20,938 | 20,215 | 0.6% | |
| | | | | | 41,317 | 40,122 | 1.2% |
| PGX Holdings, Inc.(40) | Utah / Consumer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2021)(3)(11)(14) | 135,000 | 135,000 | 135,000 | 3.9% | |
| | | | | | 135,000 | 135,000 | 3.9% |

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | | |
|--|--|--|-----------------|---------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| Photonis Technologies SAS | France / Aerospace & Defense | First Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2019)(9)(11)(14)(15) | \$9,927 | \$9,756 | \$9,015 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 9,756 | 9,015 | 0.3% |
| Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co. Limited | Texas / Software & Computer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2020)(9)(11)(13) | 7,037 | 6,918 | 5,425 | 0.2% |
| | | | | 6,918 | 5,425 | 0.2% |
| PlayPower, Inc. | North Carolina / Durable Consumer Products | Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/23/2022)(3)(9)(11)(13) | 11,000 | 10,856 | 10,911 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 10,856 | 10,911 | 0.3% |
| Prime Security Services Borrower, LLC | Illinois / Consumer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2022)(9)(11)(14) | 10,000 | 9,870 | 10,000 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 9,870 | 10,000 | 0.3% |
| PrimeSport, Inc. | Georgia / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(11)(13) Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(11)(13) | 53,683 | 53,683 | 53,683 | 1.6% |
| | | | 74,500 | 74,500 | 74,500 | 2.1% |
| | | | | 128,183 | 128,183 | 3.7% |
| Prince Mineral Holding Corp. | New York / Metal Services & Minerals | Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%, due 12/15/2019)(9) | 10,000 | 9,934 | 8,701 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 9,934 | 8,701 | 0.3% |
| Rocket Software, Inc. | Massachusetts / Software & Computer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/8/2019)(3)(9)(11)(13) | 20,000 | 19,854 | 20,000 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 19,854 | 20,000 | 0.6% |
| Royal Holdings, Inc. | Indiana / Chemicals | Second Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/19/2023)(9)(11)(14) | 5,000 | 4,967 | 4,819 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 4,967 | 4,819 | 0.1% |
| SCS Merger Sub, Inc. | Texas / Software & Computer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/30/2023)(3)(9)(11)(14) | 20,000 | 19,456 | 19,655 | 0.6% |

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| | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--------|--------|--------|------|
| | | | 19,456 | 19,655 | 0.6% | |
| Security Alarm Financing Enterprises, L.P.(41) | California / Consumer Services | Subordinated Unsecured Notes (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/19/2020)(11)(14) | 25,000 | 25,000 | 22,700 | 0.7% |
| | | | 25,000 | 22,700 | 0.7% | |
| SESAC Holdco II LLC | Tennessee / Media | Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/22/2021)(3)(9)(11)(13) | 10,000 | 9,878 | 9,878 | 0.3% |
| | | | 9,878 | 9,878 | 0.3% | |
| SITEL Worldwide Corporation | Tennessee / Business Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2022)(9)(11)(13) | 16,000 | 15,715 | 15,715 | 0.5% |
| | | | 15,715 | 15,715 | 0.5% | |
| Small Business Whole Loan Portfolio(43) | New York / Online Lending | 741 Small Business Loans purchased from On Deck Capital, Inc. | 14,603 | 14,603 | 14,215 | 0.4% |
| | | | 14,603 | 14,215 | 0.4% | |

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 12/28/2017)(11)(14) | \$13,156 | \$12,923 | \$11,368 | 0.3% |
| Spartan Energy Services, Inc. | Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services | Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.00% (LIBOR + 12.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2016, due 12/28/2017)(11)(14) | 14,123 | 13,669 | 984 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 26,592 | 12,352 | 0.4% |
| Stryker Energy, LLC | Ohio / Oil & Gas Production | Overriding Royalty Interests(10) | — | — | — | —% |
| | | | | — | — | —% |
| Sudbury Mill CLO Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.64%)(6)(15) | 28,200 | 20,865 | 17,395 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 20,865 | 17,395 | 0.5% |
| Symphony CLO IX Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Preference Shares (Residual Interest, current yield 14.11%)(6)(15) | 45,500 | 32,629 | 29,267 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 32,629 | 29,267 | 0.9% |
| Symphony CLO XIV Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.12%)(6)(7)(15) | 49,250 | 39,602 | 35,703 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 39,602 | 35,703 | 1.0% |
| Symphony CLO XV, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.76%)(6)(15) | 50,250 | 44,141 | 39,523 | 1.2% |
| | | | | 44,141 | 39,523 | 1.2% |
| System One Holdings, LLC | Pennsylvania / Business Services | Senior Secured Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 0.75% LIBOR floor), due 11/17/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 104,553 | 104,553 | 104,553 | 3.0% |
| | | | | 104,553 | 104,553 | 3.0% |
| TouchTunes Interactive Networks, Inc. | New York / Media | Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/29/2022)(9)(11)(14) | 5,000 | 4,936 | 4,936 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 4,936 | 4,936 | 0.1% |
| Traeger Pellet Grills LLC | Oregon / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 34,519 | 34,519 | 34,519 | 1.0% |

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| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|---------|---------|---------|------|
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 36,506 | 36,506 | 36,506 | 1.1% |
| | | | | 71,025 | 71,025 | 2.1% |
| Transaction Network Services, Inc. | Virginia / Telecommunication Services | Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/14/2020)(9)(11)(13) | 4,410 | 4,392 | 4,392 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 4,392 | 4,392 | 0.1% |
| Trinity Services Group, Inc.(44) | Florida / Food Products | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/13/2019)(11)(13) | 9,626 | 9,626 | 9,626 | 0.3% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/13/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 125,000 | 125,000 | 125,000 | 3.6% |
| | | | | 134,626 | 134,626 | 3.9% |
| United Sporting Companies, Inc.(45) | South Carolina / Durable Consumer Products | Second Lien Term Loan (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75% LIBOR floor), due 5/16/2018)(3)(11)(14) | 140,847 | 140,847 | 136,668 | 4.0% |
| | | | | 140,847 | 136,668 | 4.0% |
| Universal Fiber Systems, LLC | Virginia / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods | Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/02/2022)(3)(9)(11)(14) | 37,000 | 36,340 | 36,340 | 1.1% |
| | | | | 36,340 | 36,340 | 1.1% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2016 | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|---------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| | | Revolving Line of Credit – \$2,500 Commitment (10.75% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2017)(11)(14)(16) | \$1,000 | \$1,000 | \$1,000 | —% |
| USG Intermediate, LLC | Texas / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan A (8.25% (LIBOR + 7.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 16,779 | 16,779 | 16,779 | 0.5% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.25% (LIBOR + 12.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 19,960 | 19,960 | 19,960 | 0.6% |
| | | Equity | | 1 | — | —% |
| | | | | 37,740 | 37,739 | 1.1% |
| Venio LLC | Pennsylvania / Business Services | Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.50% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, in non-accrual status effective 12/31/15, due 2/19/2020)(11)(13) | 17,000 | 17,000 | 12,876 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 17,000 | 12,876 | 0.4% |
| Voya CLO 2012-2, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.84%)(6)(15) | 38,070 | 28,112 | 28,982 | 0.8% |
| | | | | 28,112 | 28,982 | 0.8% |
| Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.51%)(6)(15) | 46,632 | 34,597 | 34,319 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 34,597 | 34,319 | 1.0% |
| Voya CLO 2012-4, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.09%)(6)(15) | 40,613 | 30,772 | 30,756 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 30,772 | 30,756 | 0.9% |
| Voya CLO 2014-1, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.32%)(6)(7)(15) | 32,383 | 26,133 | 26,741 | 0.8% |
| | | | | 26,133 | 26,741 | 0.8% |
| Washington Mill CLO Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 9.52%)(6)(7)(15) | 22,600 | 18,406 | 15,056 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 18,406 | 15,056 | 0.4% |

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| | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| Water Pik, Inc. | Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products | Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 1/8/2021)(9)(11)(13) | 15,439 | 15,097 | 15,097 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 15,097 | 15,097 | 0.4% |
| Wheel Pros, LLC | Colorado / Business Services | Senior Subordinated Secured Note (11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/29/2020)(3)(11)(13) | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 0.4% |
| | | Senior Subordinated Secured Note (11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/29/2020)(3)(11)(13) | 5,460 | 5,460 | 5,460 | 0.2% |
| | | | | 17,460 | 17,460 | 0.6% |
| Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (Level 3) | | | | \$4,312,122 | \$4,133,939 | 120.3% |
| Total Portfolio Investments | | | | \$6,091,100 | \$5,897,708 | 171.6% |

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|-----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(50) | | | | | | |
| American Property REIT Corp.(17) | Various / Real Estate | Senior Secured Term Loan (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | \$78,077 | \$78,077 | \$78,077 | 2.1% |
| | | Common Stock (301,845 shares) | — | 22,115 | 32,098 | 0.9% |
| | | Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income) | — | — | 8,081 | 0.2% |
| | | | | 100,192 | 118,256 | 3.2% |
| Arctic Energy Services, LLC(18) | Wyoming / Oil & Gas Services | Senior Secured Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/5/2019)(3)(11)(14) | 31,640 | 31,640 | 31,640 | 0.9% |
| | | Senior Subordinated Term Loan (14.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/5/2019)(3)(11)(14) | 20,230 | 20,230 | 20,230 | 0.5% |
| | | Class A Units (700 units) | — | 8,879 | 8,374 | 0.2% |
| | | Class C Units (10 units) | — | 127 | 120 | —% |
| | | | | 60,876 | 60,364 | 1.6% |
| CCPI Inc.(19) | Ohio / Manufacturing | Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.00%, due 12/31/2017)(3) | 16,763 | 16,763 | 16,763 | 0.5% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% plus 7.00% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(47) | 8,844 | 8,844 | 8,844 | 0.2% |
| | | Common Stock (14,857 shares) | — | 8,553 | 15,745 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 34,160 | 41,352 | 1.1% |
| CP Energy Services Inc.(20) | Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Services | Senior Secured Term Loan A to CP Well Testing, LLC (7.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/1/2019)(11)(13) | 11,035 | 11,035 | 11,035 | 0.3% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B to CP Well Testing, LLC (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 7.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(3)(11)(13)(47) | 74,493 | 74,493 | 74,493 | 2.0% |
| | | Second Lien Term Loan to CP Well Testing, LLC (9.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 9.00% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 15,563 | 15,563 | 5,481 | 0.2% |
| | | Common Stock (2,924 shares) | — | 15,227 | — | —% |
| | | | | 116,318 | 91,009 | 2.5% |
| | | 36,333 | 36,333 | 36,333 | 1.0% | |

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| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Credit Central Loan Company, LLC(21) | South Carolina / Consumer Finance | Subordinated Term Loan (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/26/2019)(15)(47) | — | 11,633 | 14,529 | 0.4% |
| | | Class A Shares (7,500,000 shares)(15) | — | — | 4,310 | 0.1% |
| | | Net Revenues Interest (25% of Net Revenues)(15) | | | 47,966 | 55,172 |
| Echelon Aviation LLC | New York / Aerospace & Defense | Senior Secured Term Loan (11.75% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.25% PIK, due 3/31/2022)(11)(14)(47) | 40,808 | 40,808 | 40,808 | 1.1% |
| | | Membership Interest (99%) | — | 19,907 | 28,133 | 0.8% |
| | | | | 60,715 | 68,941 | 1.9% |
| Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC(22) | Minnesota / Consumer Services | Second Lien Revolving Credit Facility to Edmentum, Inc. – \$7,834 Commitment (5.00%, due 6/9/2020)(16) | 4,896 | 4,896 | 4,896 | 0.1% |
| | | Unsecured Senior PIK Note (8.50% PIK, due 6/9/2020)(47) | 5,875 | 5,875 | 5,875 | 0.2% |
| | | Unsecured Junior PIK Note (10.00% PIK, due 6/9/2020)(47) | 19,868 | 19,868 | 19,868 | 0.5% |
| | | Class A Common Units (370,964.14 units) | — | 6,577 | 6,577 | 0.2% |
| | | | | 37,216 | 37,216 | 1.0% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 Principal Value | Cost | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------|
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(50) | | | | | | |
| First Tower Finance Company LLC(23) | Mississippi / Consumer Finance | Subordinated Term Loan to First Tower, LLC (10.00% plus 12.00% PIK, due 6/24/2019)(15)(47) | \$251,578 | \$251,578 | \$251,578 | 6.8% |
| | | Class A Shares (83,729,323 shares)(15) | | 66,473 | 114,372 | 3.1% |
| | | | | 318,051 | 365,950 | 9.9% |
| Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC(24) | Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services | Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company, LLC (18.00%, due 12/12/2016) | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,500 | 0.1% |
| | | Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company II, LLC (13.00%, due 11/25/2018) | 13,000 | 12,504 | 8,680 | 0.2% |
| | | Senior Secured Note to Vessel Company III, LLC (13.00%, due 12/3/2018) | 16,000 | 16,000 | 13,790 | 0.4% |
| | | Membership Interest (100%) | | 7,808 | 1,120 | —% |
| Gulf Coast Machine & Supply Company | Texas / Manufacturing | Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), in non-accrual status effective 1/1/2015, due 10/12/2017)(11)(13) | 26,844 | 26,000 | 6,918 | 0.2% |
| | | Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (99,900 shares) | | 25,950 | — | —% |
| | | | | 51,950 | 6,918 | 0.2% |
| Harbortouch Payments, LLC(25) | Pennsylvania / Business Services | Senior Secured Term Loan A (9.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2017)(3)(11)(13) | 128,980 | 128,980 | 128,980 | 3.5% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (5.50% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 3/31/2018)(11)(13)(47) | 144,878 | 144,878 | 144,878 | 3.9% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan C (13.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2018)(11)(13) | 22,876 | 22,876 | 22,876 | 0.6% |
| | | Class C Shares (535 shares) | | 8,725 | 80,202 | 2.2% |
| MITY, Inc.(26) | Utah / Durable Consumer | Senior Secured Note A (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR | 18,250 | 18,250 | 18,250 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 305,459 | 376,936 | 10.2% |

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| | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|---------|---------|--------|------|
| Products | | floor), due 3/19/2019)(3)(11)(13) Senior Secured Note B (10.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 10.00% PIK, due 3/19/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 16,301 | 16,301 | 16,301 | 0.4% | |
| | | Subordinated Unsecured Note to Broda Enterprises ULC (10.00%, due on demand)(15) | 7,200 | 7,200 | 5,827 | 0.2% | |
| | | Common Stock (42,053 shares) | | 6,849 | 10,417 | 0.3% | |
| | | | | 48,600 | 50,795 | 1.4% | |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 202,629 | 202,629 | 202,629 | 5.5% | |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan C (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 7.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 44,147 | 44,147 | 44,147 | 1.2% | |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan D (14.00% (LIBOR + 12.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 4.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 67,443 | 67,443 | 67,443 | 1.8% | |
| | National Property REIT Corp.(27) | Various / Real Estate | Senior Secured Term Loan A to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 7.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 20,413 | 20,413 | 20,413 | 0.6% |
| | | | Senior Secured Term Loan B to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (14.00% (LIBOR + 12.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 4.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 30,582 | 30,582 | 30,582 | 0.8% |
| | | | Common Stock (643,175 shares) | | 84,446 | 87,002 | 2.3% |
| Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income) | | | | — | 19,673 | 0.5% | |
| | | | | 449,660 | 471,889 | 12.7% | |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry Investments(1) | | June 30, 2015 Principal Value | Cost | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------|
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Control Investments (greater than 25.00% voting control)(50) | | | | | | |
| Nationwide Loan Company LLC(28) | Illinois / Consumer Finance | Senior Subordinated Term Loan to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (10.00% plus 10.00% PIK, due 6/18/2019)(15)(47) | \$ 14,820 | \$ 14,820 | \$ 14,820 | 0.4% |
| | | Class A Shares (26,974,454.27 shares)(15) | | 14,795 | 19,730 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 29,615 | 34,550 | 0.9% |
| NMMB, Inc.(29) | New York / Media | Senior Secured Note (14.00%, due 5/6/2016) | 3,714 | 3,714 | 3,714 | 0.1% |
| | | Senior Secured Note to Armed Forces Communications, Inc. (14.00%, due 5/6/2016) | 7,000 | 7,000 | 7,000 | 0.2% |
| | | Series A Preferred Stock (7,200 shares) | | 7,200 | 1,338 | —% |
| | | Series B Preferred Stock (5,669 shares) | | 5,669 | — | —% |
| | | | | 23,583 | 12,052 | 0.3% |
| R-V Industries, Inc. | Pennsylvania / Manufacturing | Senior Subordinated Note (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/12/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 29,237 | 29,237 | 29,237 | 0.8% |
| | | Common Stock (545,107 shares) | | 5,087 | 8,246 | 0.2% |
| | | Warrant (to purchase 200,000 shares of Common Stock, expires 6/30/2017) | | 1,682 | 3,025 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 36,006 | 40,508 | 1.1% |
| United Property REIT Corp.(30) | Various / Real Estate | Senior Term Loan (6.00% (LIBOR + 4.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 5.50% PIK, due 4/1/2019)(11)(13)(47) | 62,768 | 62,768 | 62,768 | 1.7% |
| | | Common Stock (74,449 shares) | | 12,860 | 11,216 | 0.3% |
| | | Net Operating Income Interest (5% of Net Operating Income) | | — | 10,701 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 75,628 | 84,685 | 2.3% |
| Valley Electric Company, Inc.(32) | Washington / Construction & Engineering | Senior Secured Note to Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (8.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 12/31/2017)(3)(11)(13)(47) | 10,340 | 10,340 | 10,340 | 0.3% |

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| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---|--------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | Senior Secured Note (10.00% plus 8.50% PIK, due 12/31/2018)(47) | 22,293 | 22,293 | 20,157 | 0.5% |
| | | Common Stock (50,000 shares) | | 26,204 | — | —% |
| | | | | 58,837 | 30,497 | 0.8% |
| | | Senior Secured Promissory Note secured by assets formerly owned by H&M (18.00%, in non-accrual status effective 4/15/2013, due 4/15/2018) | 32,112 | — | — | —% |
| Wolf Energy, LLC | Kansas / Oil & Gas Production | Membership Interest (100%) | | — | — | —% |
| | | Net Profits Interest (8% of Equity Distributions)(4) | | — | 22 | —% |
| | | | | — | 22 | —% |
| Total Control Investments | | | | \$ 1,894,644 | \$ 1,974,202 | 53.3% |
| Affiliate Investments (5.00% to 24.99% voting control)(51) | | | | | | |
| | | Senior Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/29/2019)(3)(11)(12) | | \$ 21,182 | \$ 21,182 | \$ 21,182 0.6% |
| BNN Holdings Corp. | Michigan / Healthcare | Senior Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/29/2019)(3)(11)(12) | | 21,740 | 21,740 | 21,740 0.6% |
| | | Series A Preferred Stock (9,925.455 shares)(8) | | | 1,780 | 2,569 —% |
| | | Series B Preferred Stock (1,753.636 shares)(8) | | | 448 | 454 —% |
| | | | | | 45,150 | 45,945 1.2% |
| Total Affiliate Investments | | | | \$ 45,150 | \$ 45,945 | 1.2% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 | | | |
|--|--|---|-----------------|---------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| Aderant North America, Inc. | Georgia / Software & Computer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/20/2019)(9)(11)(13) | \$7,000 | \$6,928 | \$7,000 | 0.2% |
| | | | | 6,928 | 7,000 | 0.2% |
| AFI Shareholder, LLC (f/k/a Aircraft Fasteners International, LLC) | California / Machinery | Class A Units (32,500 units) | 376 | | 563 | —% |
| | | | | 376 | 563 | —% |
| Airmall Inc. | Pennsylvania / Property Management | Escrow Receivable | 5,880 | | 3,814 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 5,880 | 3,814 | 0.1% |
| Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC(42) | South Carolina / Manufacturing | Escrow Receivable | 1,264 | | 2,170 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 1,264 | 2,170 | 0.1% |
| ALG USA Holdings, LLC | Pennsylvania / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure | Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 2/28/2020)(9)(11)(14) | 11,771 | 11,593 | 11,771 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 11,593 | 11,771 | 0.3% |
| American Gilsonite Company | Utah / Metal Services & Minerals | Second Lien Term Loan (11.50%, due 9/1/2017)(9) Membership Interest (99.9999%)(34) | 15,755 | 15,755 | 14,287 | 0.4% |
| | | | | — | — | —% |
| | | | | 15,755 | 14,287 | 0.4% |
| Apidos CLO IX | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 22.56%)(6)(15) | 23,525 | 20,644 | 22,325 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 20,644 | 22,325 | 0.6% |
| Apidos CLO XI | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.64%)(6)(15) | 38,340 | 31,485 | 32,108 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 31,485 | 32,108 | 0.9% |
| Apidos CLO XII | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.68%)(6)(15) | 44,063 | 37,751 | 38,817 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 37,751 | 38,817 | 1.0% |
| Apidos CLO XV | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.07%)(6)(15) | 36,515 | 33,958 | 30,911 | 0.8% |
| | | | | 33,958 | 30,911 | 0.8% |
| Arctic Glacier U.S.A., Inc. | Minnesota / Food Products | Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR | 150,000 | 150,000 | 149,180 | 4.0% |

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| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--|------|
| | | floor), due 11/10/2019)(3)(11)(13) | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 150,000 | 149,180 | | 4.0% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(11)(14) | 21,743 | 21,743 | 20,042 | | | | 0.5% |
| Ark-La-Tex Wireline Services, LLC | Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services | Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(11)(14) | 23,697 | 23,697 | 21,675 | | | | 0.6% |
| | | | | | | 45,440 | 41,717 | | 1.1% |
| Armor Holding II LLC | New York / Diversified Financial Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/26/2020)(3)(9)(11)(13) | 7,000 | 6,888 | 6,480 | | | | 0.2% |
| | | | | | | 6,888 | 6,480 | | 0.2% |
| | | Revolving Line of Credit – \$4,000 Commitment (13.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2016)(11)(13)(16) | 2,350 | 2,350 | 2,350 | | | | 0.1% |
| Atlantis Health Care Group (Puerto Rico), Inc. | Puerto Rico / Healthcare | Senior Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/21/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 38,561 | 38,561 | 35,189 | | | | 0.9% |
| | | | | | | 40,911 | 37,539 | | 1.0% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 | | | |
|--|--|---|-----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| | | Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (8.75% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2018)(13)(16) | \$ 1,000 | \$ 1,000 | \$ 1,000 | —% |
| BAART Programs, Inc. | California / Healthcare | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.25% (LIBOR + 5.75% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2020)(11)(13) | 21,500 | 21,500 | 21,500 | 0.6% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.75% with 0.50% LIBOR floor), due 6/30/2020)(11)(13) | 21,500 | 21,500 | 21,500 | 0.6% |
| | | Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$10,500 Commitment (expires 12/31/2015)(16) | — | — | — | —% |
| | | | | 44,000 | 44,000 | 1.2% |
| Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-III | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.25%)(6)(7)(15) | 52,250 | 47,799 | 47,148 | 1.3% |
| | | | | 47,799 | 47,148 | 1.3% |
| Broder Bros., Co. | Pennsylvania / Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods | Senior Secured Notes (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 4/8/2019)(3)(11)(14)(35) | 252,200 | 252,200 | 252,200 | 6.8% |
| | | | | 252,200 | 252,200 | 6.8% |
| Brookside Mill CLO Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.25%)(6)(15) | 26,000 | 21,432 | 24,566 | 0.7% |
| | | | | 21,432 | 24,566 | 0.7% |
| Caleel + Hayden, LLC | Colorado / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products | Membership Interest(37) | — | — | 227 | —% |
| | | | | — | 227 | —% |
| Capstone Logistics Acquisition, Inc. | Georgia / Business Services | Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/7/2022)(3)(11)(14) | 102,500 | 101,891 | 101,891 | 2.8% |
| | | | | 101,891 | 101,891 | 2.8% |
| Cent CLO 17 Limited | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.90%)(6)(15) | 24,870 | 20,309 | 20,922 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 20,309 | 20,922 | 0.6% |
| Cent CLO 20 Limited | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.49%)(6)(15) | 40,275 | 35,724 | 33,505 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 35,724 | 33,505 | 0.9% |

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| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Cent CLO 21 Limited | Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, Structured Finance current yield 13.42%)(6)(7)(15) | 48,528 | 43,038 | 41,910 | 1.1% |
| | | | | 43,038 | 41,910 |
| CIFC Funding 2011-I, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / 1/19/2023)(5)(11)(13)(15) Structured Finance Class D Senior Secured Notes (5.28% (LIBOR + 5.00%, due 1/19/2023)(5)(11)(13)(15) | 19,000 | 15,604 | 18,175 | 0.5% |
| | | | | | |
| CIFC Funding 2013-III, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, Structured Finance current yield 14.56%)(6)(15) | 44,100 | 35,412 | 35,599 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 35,412 | 35,599 |
| CIFC Funding 2013-IV, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, Structured Finance current yield 14.87%)(6)(15) | 45,500 | 36,124 | 38,265 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 36,124 | 38,265 |
| CIFC Funding 2014-IV Investor, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Income Notes (Residual Interest, current Structured Finance yield 13.83%)(6)(7)(15) | 41,500 | 34,921 | 36,195 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 34,921 | 36,195 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | Principal Value | June 30, 2015 Cost | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|---|--|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC | New York / Software & Computer Services | Senior Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.50% PIK, due 3/31/2021)(11)(13)(47) | \$67,449 | \$67,399 | \$67,449 | 1.8% |
| | | | | 67,399 | 67,449 | 1.8% |
| Coverall North America, Inc. | Florida / Commercial Services | Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 3.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/17/2017)(3)(11)(14) | 49,922 | 49,922 | 49,922 | 1.3% |
| | | | | 49,922 | 49,922 | 1.3% |
| Crosman Corporation | New York / Manufacturing | Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 12/30/2019)(3)(11)(14) | 40,000 | 40,000 | 35,973 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 40,000 | 35,973 | 1.0% |
| Diamondback Operating, LP | Oklahoma / Oil & Gas Production | Net Profits Interest (15% of Equity Distributions)(4) | — | — | — | —% |
| | | | | — | — | —% |
| Empire Today, LLC | Illinois / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Note (11.375%, due 2/1/2017)(9) | 15,700 | 15,518 | 13,070 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 15,518 | 13,070 | 0.4% |
| Fleetwash, Inc. | New Jersey / Business Services | Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/30/2019)(3)(11)(13) Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$15,000 Commitment (expires 4/30/2019)(16) | 24,446 | 24,446 | 24,446 | 0.7% |
| | | | | — | — | —% |
| | | | | 24,446 | 24,446 | 0.7% |
| Focus Brands, Inc. | Georgia / Consumer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/21/2018)(9)(11)(14) | 18,000 | 17,821 | 18,000 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 17,821 | 18,000 | 0.5% |
| Galaxy XV CLO, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.65%)(6)(15) | 35,025 | 27,762 | 29,739 | 0.8% |
| | | | | 27,762 | 29,739 | 0.8% |
| Galaxy XVI CLO, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.97%)(6)(15) | 24,575 | 20,434 | 20,849 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 20,434 | 20,849 | 0.6% |
| Galaxy XVII CLO, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 13.43%)(6)(7)(15) | 39,905 | 33,493 | 33,742 | 0.9% |
| | | | | 33,493 | 33,742 | 0.9% |

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|---|--------------------------------------|---|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Global Employment Solutions, Inc. | Colorado / Business Services | Senior Secured Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/26/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 49,567 | 49,567 | 49,567 | 1.3% |
| | | | | 49,567 | 49,567 | 1.3% |
| GTP Operations, LLC(36) | Texas / Software & Computer Services | Senior Secured Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 5.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/11/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 116,411 | 116,411 | 116,411 | 3.1% |
| | | | | 116,411 | 116,411 | 3.1% |
| Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2012-1 Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 30.89%)(6)(15) | 23,188 | 19,941 | 23,172 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 19,941 | 23,172 | 0.6% |
| Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2013-1 Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 21.41%)(6)(15) | 40,400 | 34,936 | 39,208 | 1.1% |
| | | | | 34,936 | 39,208 | 1.1% |
| Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-1 Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.17%)(6)(15) | 24,500 | 21,020 | 22,096 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 21,020 | 22,096 | 0.6% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-2 Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 18.73%)(6)(7)(15) | \$41,164 | \$34,723 | \$37,555 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 34,723 | 37,555 | 1.0% |
| HarbourView CLO VII, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 17.84%)(6)(7)(15) | 19,025 | 15,252 | 15,197 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 15,252 | 15,197 | 0.4% |
| Harley Marine Services, Inc. | Washington / Transportation | Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 12/20/2019)(3)(9)(11)(13) | 9,000 | 8,855 | 8,748 | 0.2% |
| | | | | 8,855 | 8,748 | 0.2% |
| Hollander Sleep Products, LLC | Florida / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 10/21/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 22,444 | 22,444 | 22,444 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 22,444 | 22,444 | 0.6% |
| ICON Health & Fitness, Inc. | Utah / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Note (11.875%, due 10/15/2016)(9) | 16,100 | 16,103 | 16,100 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 16,103 | 16,100 | 0.4% |
| ICV-CSI Holdings, LLC | New York / Transportation | Membership Units (1.6 units) | | 1,639 | 2,400 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 1,639 | 2,400 | 0.1% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (5.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(11)(13) | 146,363 | 146,363 | 146,363 | 4.0% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 150,100 | 150,100 | 150,100 | 4.0% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan C (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/28/2019)(11)(13) | 27,000 | 27,000 | 27,000 | 0.7% |
| | | Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$16,000 Commitment (expires 5/29/2016)(16) | — | — | — | —% |
| | | | | 323,463 | 323,463 | 8.7% |
| InterDent, Inc. | California / Healthcare | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.25% (LIBOR + 5.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(11)(14) | 125,350 | 125,350 | 125,350 | 3.4% |

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| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------|---------|---------|------|
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2017)(3)(11)(14) | 131,125 | 131,125 | 131,125 | 3.5% |
| | | | | 256,475 | 256,475 | 6.9% |
| JAC Holding Corporation | Michigan / Transportation | Senior Secured Note (11.50%, due 10/1/2019)(9) | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 3,000 | 3,000 | 0.1% |
| Jefferson Mill CLO Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.65%)(6)(7)(15) | 19,500 | 16,928 | 16,928 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 16,928 | 16,928 | 0.5% |
| JHH Holdings, Inc. | Texas / Healthcare | Second Lien Term Loan (11.25% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.25% LIBOR floor) plus 0.50% PIK, due 3/30/2019)(3)(11)(13)(47) | 35,297 | 35,297 | 35,297 | 1.0% |
| | | | | 35,297 | 35,297 | 1.0% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|------------------------------|--|-----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/18/2019)(3)(11)(14) | \$35,156 | \$35,156 | \$30,778 | 0.8% |
| LaserShip, Inc. | Virginia / Transportation | Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/18/2019)(3)(11)(14) | 21,555 | 21,555 | 18,866 | 0.5% |
| | | Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$6,000 Commitment (expires 12/31/2016)(16) | — | — | — | —% |
| | | | | 56,711 | 49,644 | 1.3% |
| LCM XIV Ltd. | Cayman Islands / | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current Structured Finance yield 16.70%)(6)(15) | 26,500 | 22,636 | 23,163 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 22,636 | 23,163 | 0.6% |
| Madison Park Funding IX, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, Structured Finance current yield 21.64%)(6)(15) | 31,110 | 23,663 | 25,804 | 0.7% |
| | | | | 23,663 | 25,804 | 0.7% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 34,389 | 34,389 | 34,026 | 0.9% |
| Matrixx Initiatives, Inc. | New Jersey / Pharmaceuticals | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 8/9/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 40,562 | 40,562 | 40,562 | 1.1% |
| | | | | 74,951 | 74,588 | 2.0% |
| Maverick Healthcare Equity, LLC | Arizona / Healthcare | Preferred Units (1,250,000 units) Class A Common Units (1,250,000 units) | — | 1,252 | 2,190 | 0.1% |
| | | | | — | — | —% |
| | | | | 1,252 | 2,190 | 0.1% |
| Mountain View CLO 2013-I Ltd. | Cayman Islands / | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, Structured Finance current yield 18.47%)(6)(15) | 43,650 | 37,168 | 40,480 | 1.1% |
| | | | | 37,168 | 40,480 | 1.1% |
| Mountain View CLO IX Ltd. | Cayman Islands / | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, Structured Finance current yield 15.43%)(6)(7)(15) | 47,830 | 44,739 | 44,666 | 1.2% |
| | | | | 44,739 | 44,666 | 1.2% |
| Nathan's Famous, Inc. | New York / Food Products | Senior Secured Notes (10.00%, due 3/15/2020)(9) | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 3,000 | 3,000 | 0.1% |
| NCP Finance Limited | Ohio / Consumer Finance | Subordinated Secured Term Loan (11.00% (LIBOR + 9.75% with 1.25% | 16,305 | 16,065 | 16,305 | 0.4% |

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| | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--------|--------|--------|------|
| Partnership(38) | | LIBOR floor), due 9/30/2018)(3)(9)(11)(14)(15) | | 16,065 | 16,305 | 0.4% |
| New Century Transportation, Inc. | New Jersey / Transportation | Senior Subordinated Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 2.00% LIBOR floor) plus 4.00% PIK, in non-accrual status effective 4/1/2014, due 2/3/2018)(11)(14)(47) | 187 | 187 | — | —% |
| | | | | 187 | — | —% |
| Nixon, Inc. | California / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan (8.75% plus 2.75% PIK, due 4/16/2018)(3)(9)(47) | 13,925 | 13,749 | 13,616 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 13,749 | 13,616 | 0.4% |
| Octagon Investment Partners XV, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 20.72%)(6)(15) | 28,571 | 24,515 | 26,461 | 0.7% |
| | | | | 24,515 | 26,461 | 0.7% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 | | | |
|--|--|---|-----------------|---------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| Onyx Payments(39) | Texas / Diversified Financial Services | Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2015)(11)(13)(16) | \$2,000 | \$2,000 | \$2,000 | 0.1% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 52,050 | 52,050 | 52,050 | 1.4% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (13.50% (LIBOR + 12.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/10/2019)(11)(13) | 59,389 | 59,389 | 59,389 | 1.6% |
| | | | | 113,439 | 113,439 | 3.1% |
| Pacific World Corporation | California / Personal & Nondurable Consumer Products | Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (8.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(11)(14)(16) | 6,500 | 6,500 | 6,500 | 0.2% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.00% (LIBOR + 5.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(11)(14) | 99,250 | 99,250 | 95,400 | 2.6% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/26/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 99,250 | 99,250 | 81,772 | 2.2% |
| | | | | 205,000 | 183,672 | 5.0% |
| Pelican Products, Inc. | California / Durable Consumer Products | Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/9/2021)(9)(11)(14) | 17,500 | 17,484 | 17,500 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 17,484 | 17,500 | 0.5% |
| PGX Holdings, Inc.(40) | Utah / Consumer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/29/2021)(3)(11)(14) | 135,000 | 135,000 | 135,000 | 3.6% |
| Photonis Technologies SAS | France / Aerospace & Defense | First Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 9/18/2019)(9)(11)(14)(15) | 10,369 | 10,145 | 9,734 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 10,145 | 9,734 | 0.3% |
| Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co. Limited | Texas / Software & Computer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.25% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 8/3/2020)(9)(11)(13) | 7,037 | 6,890 | 6,612 | 0.2% |
| | | | 6,890 | 6,612 | 0.2% | |

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| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---------|---------|--------|
| PlayPower, Inc. | North Carolina / Durable Consumer Products | Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/23/2022)(9)(11)(13) | 10,000 | 9,850 | 9,850 | 0.3% | |
| | | | | 9,850 | 9,850 | 0.3% | |
| Prime Security Services Borrower, LLC | Illinois / Consumer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/1/2022)(9)(11)(14) | 10,000 | 9,850 | 9,850 | 0.3% | |
| | | | | 9,850 | 9,850 | 0.3% | |
| PrimeSport, Inc. | Georgia / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure | Revolving Line of Credit – \$15,000 Commitment (9.50% (LIBOR + 8.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 7/31/2015)(11)(13)(16) | 13,800 | 13,800 | 13,800 | 0.4% | |
| | | | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(11)(13) | 54,227 | 54,227 | 54,227 | 1.4% |
| | | | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 2/11/2021)(3)(11) | 74,500 | 74,500 | 74,500 |
| | | | | | 142,527 | 142,527 | 3.8% |
| Prince Mineral Holding Corp. | New York / Metal Services & Minerals | Senior Secured Term Loan (11.50%, due 12/15/2019)(9) | 10,000 | 9,915 | 9,458 | 0.3% | |
| | | | | 9,915 | 9,458 | 0.3% | |

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|--|--|-----------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| Rocket Software, Inc. | Massachusetts / Software & Computer Services | Second Lien Term Loan (10.25% (LIBOR + 8.75% with 1.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/8/2019)(3)(9)(11)(13) | \$ 20,000 | \$ 19,801 | \$ 20,000 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 19,801 | 20,000 | 0.5% |
| Royal Holdings, Inc. | Indiana / Chemicals | Second Lien Term Loan (8.50% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/19/2023)(9)(11)(14) | 5,000 | 4,963 | 5,000 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 4,963 | 5,000 | 0.1% |
| Ryan, LLC | Texas / Business Services | Subordinated Unsecured Notes (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 3.00% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% PIK, due 6/30/2018)(11)(13)(47) | 72,701 | 72,701 | 72,701 | 2.0% |
| | | | | 72,701 | 72,701 | 2.0% |
| Security Alarm Financing Enterprises, L.P.(41) | California / Consumer Services | Subordinated Unsecured Notes (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/19/2020)(11)(14) | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 0.7% |
| | | | | 25,000 | 25,000 | 0.7% |
| SESAC Holdco II LLC | Tennessee / Media | Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/22/2021)(3)(9)(11)(13) | 10,000 | 9,854 | 9,925 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 9,854 | 9,925 | 0.3% |
| Small Business Whole Loan Portfolio(43) | New York / Online Lending | 40 small business loans purchased from Direct Capital Corporation 2,306 small business loans purchased from On Deck Capital, Inc. | 492 | 492 | 362 | —% |
| | | | 50,066 | 50,066 | 50,530 | 1.4% |
| | | | | 50,558 | 50,892 | 1.4% |
| Spartan Energy Services, Inc. | Louisiana / Oil & Gas Services | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2017)(3)(11)(14) Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.00% (LIBOR + 10.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 12/28/2017)(3)(11)(14) | 13,422 | 13,422 | 12,973 | 0.3% |
| | | | 13,935 | 13,935 | 13,664 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 27,357 | 26,637 | 0.7% |
| Speedy Group Holdings Corp. | Canada / Consumer Finance | Senior Unsecured Notes (12.00%, due 11/15/2017)(9)(15) | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 15,000 | 15,000 | 0.4% |
| | | | 9,561 | 9,561 | 9,561 | 0.2% |

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| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|------|
| Stauber Performance Ingredients, Inc. | California / Food Products | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/25/2019)(3)(11)(13) | | | | |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/25/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 9,799 | 9,799 | 9,799 | 0.3% |
| | | | | 19,360 | 19,360 | 0.5% |
| Stryker Energy, LLC | Ohio / Oil & Gas Production | Overriding Royalty Interests(10) | | — | — | —% |
| | | | | — | — | —% |
| Sudbury Mill CLO Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.92%)(6)(15) | 28,200 | 22,562 | 24,425 | 0.7% |
| | | | | 22,562 | 24,425 | 0.7% |
| Symphony CLO IX Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Preference Shares (Residual Interest, current yield 20.76%)(6)(15) | 45,500 | 34,797 | 40,034 | 1.1% |
| | | | | 34,797 | 40,034 | 1.1% |
| Symphony CLO XIV Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 12.24%)(6)(7)(15) | 49,250 | 44,018 | 45,641 | 1.2% |
| | | | | 44,018 | 45,641 | 1.2% |
| Symphony CLO XV, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 11.72%)(6)(15) | 50,250 | 46,994 | 46,452 | 1.3% |
| | | | | 46,994 | 46,452 | 1.3% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 | | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|--|---|-----------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | | |
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | | |
| System One Holdings, LLC | Pennsylvania / Business Services | Senior Secured Term Loan (10.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 11/17/2020)(3)(11)(14) | \$68,146 | \$68,146 | \$68,146 | 1.8% |
| | | Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$11,500 Commitment (expires 12/31/2015)(16) | — | — | — | —% |
| | | | | 68,146 | 68,146 | 1.8% |
| Targus Group International, Inc. | California / Durable Consumer Products | First Lien Term Loan (11.75% (PRIME + 8.50%) plus 1.00% PIK and 2.00% default interest, due 5/24/2016)(9)(11)(47) | 21,487 | 21,378 | 17,233 | 0.5% |
| | | | | 21,378 | 17,233 | 0.5% |
| TB Corp. | Texas / Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure | Senior Subordinated Note (12.00% plus 1.50% PIK, due 12/19/2018)(3)(47) | 23,628 | 23,628 | 23,628 | 0.6% |
| | | | | 23,628 | 23,628 | 0.6% |
| Therakos, Inc. | New Jersey / Healthcare | Second Lien Term Loan (10.75% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 1.25% LIBOR floor), due 6/27/2018)(9)(11)(13) | 13,000 | 12,808 | 13,000 | 0.4% |
| | | | | 12,808 | 13,000 | 0.4% |
| Tolt Solutions, Inc. | South Carolina / Business Services | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.00% (LIBOR + 6.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/7/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 47,802 | 47,802 | 45,548 | 1.2% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.00% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 3/7/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 48,900 | 48,900 | 46,155 | 1.2% |
| | | | | 96,702 | 91,703 | 2.4% |
| TouchTunes Interactive Networks, Inc. | New York / Media | Second Lien Term Loan (9.25% (LIBOR + 8.25% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 5/29/2022)(9)(11)(14) | 5,000 | 4,925 | 4,925 | 0.1% |
| | | | | 4,925 | 4,925 | 0.1% |
| Traeger Pellet Grills LLC | Oregon / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 4.50% with | 35,644 | 35,644 | 35,644 | 1.0% |

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| | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| | | 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(11)(13) Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/18/2018)(3)(11)(13) | 36,881 | 36,881 | 36,881 | 1.0% | |
| | | | | 72,525 | 72,525 | 2.0% | |
| Transaction Network Services, Inc. | Virginia / Telecommunication Services | Second Lien Term Loan (9.00% (LIBOR + 8.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/14/2020)(9)(11)(14) | 4,595 | 4,573 | 4,595 | 0.1% | |
| | | | | 4,573 | 4,595 | 0.1% | |
| Trinity Services Group, Inc.(44) | Florida / Food Products | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/13/2019)(11)(13) Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 8/13/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 9,825 | 9,825 | 9,825 | 0.3% | |
| | | | | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 2.7% |
| | | | | 109,825 | 109,825 | 3.0% | |
| United Sporting Companies, Inc.(45) | South Carolina / Durable Consumer Products | Second Lien Term Loan (12.75% (LIBOR + 11.00% with 1.75% LIBOR floor), due 5/16/2018)(3)(11)(14) | 158,238 | 158,238 | 145,618 | 3.9% | |
| | | | | 158,238 | 145,618 | 3.9% | |
| United States Environmental Services, LLC | Texas / Commercial Services | Senior Secured Term Loan A (6.50% (LIBOR + 5.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/31/2019)(3)(11)(13) Senior Secured Term Loan B (11.50% (LIBOR + 10.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor) plus 2.00% default interest, due 3/31/2019)(3)(11)(13) | 23,250 | 23,250 | 21,551 | 0.6% | |
| | | | 36,000 | 36,000 | 33,406 | 0.9% | |
| | | | | 59,250 | 54,957 | 1.5% | |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry Investments(1) | | June 30, 2015 Principal Cost Value | Fair Value(2) | % of Net Assets |
|--|---|---|---|------------------|--------------------|
| LEVEL 3 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | |
| | | Revolving Line of Credit – \$5,000 Commitment (10.00% (LIBOR + 9.00% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2016)(11)(14)(16) | \$— | \$— | —% |
| USG Intermediate, LLC | Texas / Durable Consumer Products | Senior Secured Term Loan A (7.50% (LIBOR + 6.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 21,587 | 21,587 | 0.6% |
| | | Senior Secured Term Loan B (12.50% (LIBOR + 11.50% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due 4/15/2020)(3)(11)(14) | 21,695 | 21,695 | 0.6% |
| | | Equity | — | — | —% |
| | | | 43,283 | 43,282 | 1.2% |
| Venio LLC | Pennsylvania / Business Services | Second Lien Term Loan (12.00% (LIBOR + 9.50% with 2.50% LIBOR floor), due 2/19/2020)(3)(11)(13) | 17,000 | 16,042 | 0.4% |
| | | | 17,000 | 16,042 | 0.4% |
| Voya CLO 2012-2, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.32%)(6)(15) | 38,307 | 32,391 | 0.9% |
| | | | 30,002 | 32,391 | 0.9% |
| Voya CLO 2012-3, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 16.87%)(6)(15) | 46,373 | 38,465 | 1.0% |
| | | | 37,208 | 38,465 | 1.0% |
| Voya CLO 2012-4, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Income Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 19.40%)(6)(15) | 40,371 | 34,977 | 0.9% |
| | | | 32,918 | 34,977 | 0.9% |
| Voya CLO 2014-1, Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 15.25%)(6)(7)(15) | 32,288 | 29,170 | 0.8% |
| | | | 28,886 | 29,170 | 0.8% |
| Washington Mill CLO Ltd. | Cayman Islands / Structured Finance | Subordinated Notes (Residual Interest, current yield 14.28%)(6)(7)(15) | 22,100 | 20,137 | 0.5% |
| | | | 19,542 | 20,137 | 0.5% |
| Water Pik, Inc. | Colorado / Personal & | Second Lien Term Loan (9.75% (LIBOR + 9, 8.75% with 1.00% LIBOR floor), due | 18,796 | 9,147 | 0.2% |

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| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|-------------|-------------|--------|
| | Nondurable Consumer Products | 1/8/2021)(9)(11)(13) | 8,796 | 9,147 | 0.2% |
| | | Senior Subordinated Secured Note (11.00% (LIBOR + 7.00% with 4.00% LIBOR floor), due 6/29/2020)(3)(11)(13) | 12,000 | 12,000 | 0.3% |
| Wheel Pros, LLC | Colorado / Business Services | Delayed Draw Term Loan – \$3,000 Commitment (expires 12/30/2015)(16) | — | — | —% |
| | | | 12,000 | 12,000 | 0.3% |
| | | Senior Secured Note (13.00% (LIBOR + 7.50% with 5.50% LIBOR floor) plus 3.00% default interest on principal and 16.00% default interest on past due interest, in non-accrual status effective 12/1/2008, past due)(11) | 3,000 | — | —% |
| Wind River Resources Corporation(46) | Utah / Oil & Gas Production | Net Profits Interest (5% of Equity Distributions)(4) | — | — | —% |
| | | | 3,000 | — | —% |
| | Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (Level 3) | | \$4,619,519 | \$4,589,151 | 124.0% |
| | Total Level 3 Portfolio Investments | | \$6,559,313 | \$6,609,298 | 178.5% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

| Portfolio Company | Locale / Industry | Investments(1) | June 30, 2015 (Audited) | | % of Net Assets |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | | | Principal Value | Cost | |
| LEVEL 1 PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS | | | | | |
| Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (less than 5.00% voting control) | | | | | |
| Dover Saddlery, Inc. | Massachusetts / Retail | Common Stock (30,974 shares) | \$63 | \$260 | —% |
| | | | 63 | 260 | —% |
| Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (Level 1) | | | \$63 | \$260 | —% |
| Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments | | | \$4,619,582 | \$4,589,411 | 124.0% |
| Total Portfolio Investments | | | \$6,559,376 | \$6,609,558 | 178.5% |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS – (CONTINUED)
 (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015

The terms “Prospect,” “we,” “us” and “our” mean Prospect Capital Corporation and its subsidiaries unless the context specifically requires otherwise. The securities in which Prospect has invested were acquired in transactions that were exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”). These securities may be resold only in transactions that are exempt from registration under the Securities Act.

Fair value is determined by or under the direction of our Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2015, one of our portfolio investments, Dover Saddlery, Inc. (“Dover”), was publicly traded and classified as Level 1 within the valuation hierarchy established by ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement (“ASC 820”). On July 1, 2015 we redeemed our investment in Dover and realized a gain of \$200. As of June 30, 2015, the fair value of our remaining portfolio investments was determined using significant unobservable inputs. As of June 30, 2016, all of our investments were classified as Level 3. ASC 820 classifies such unobservable inputs used to measure fair value as Level 3 within the valuation hierarchy. See Notes 2 and 3 within the accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

Security, or a portion thereof, is held by Prospect Capital Funding LLC (“PCF”), our wholly-owned subsidiary and a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, and is pledged as collateral for the Revolving Credit Facility and such security is not available as collateral to our general creditors (see Note 4). The fair values of the investments held by PCF at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$1,348,577 and \$1,511,585, respectively, representing 22.9% and 22.9% of our total investments, respectively.

In addition to the stated returns, the net profits interest held will be realized upon sale of the borrower or a sale of the interests.

This investment is in the debt class of a CLO security.

This investment is in the equity class of a CLO security. The CLO equity investments are entitled to recurring distributions which are generally equal to the excess cash flow generated from the underlying investments after payment of the contractual payments to debt holders and fund expenses. The current estimated yield is based on the current projections of this excess cash flow taking into account assumptions which have been made regarding expected prepayments, losses and future reinvestment rates. These assumptions are periodically reviewed and adjusted. Ultimately, the actual yield may be higher or lower than the estimated yield if actual results differ from those used for the assumptions.

Co-investment with another fund managed by an affiliate of our investment adviser, Prospect Capital Management L.P. See Note 13 for further discussion.

On a fully diluted basis represents 10.00% of voting common shares.

Syndicated investment which was originated by a financial institution and broadly distributed.

The overriding royalty interests held receive payments at the stated rates based upon operations of the borrower.

Security, or a portion thereof, has a floating interest rate which may be subject to a LIBOR or PRIME floor. The interest rate was in effect at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 6-Month LIBOR, which was 0.44% at June 30, 2015. No loans utilized a base rate of 6 month LIBOR at June 30, 2016. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on June 30, 2015.

The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 3-Month LIBOR, which was 0.65% and 0.28% at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

The interest rate on these investments is subject to the base rate of 1-Month LIBOR, which was 0.47% and 0.19% at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. The current base rate for each investment may be different from the reference rate on June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Investment has been designated as an investment not “qualifying” under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”). Under the 1940 Act, we may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time (15) such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of our total assets. As of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, our qualifying assets as a percentage of total assets, stood at 74.58% and 75.1%, respectively. We monitor the status of these assets on an ongoing basis.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
 (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Undrawn committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans to our portfolio companies incur commitment and (16) unused fees ranging from 0.00% to 6.00%. As of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we had \$40,560 and \$88,288, respectively, of undrawn revolver and delayed draw term loan commitments to our portfolio companies.

APH Property Holdings, LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 100% of the common equity of American Property REIT Corp. (f/k/a American Property Holdings Corp.

(17) (“APRC”), a qualified Real Estate Investment Trust (“REIT”) which holds investments in several real estate properties. See Note 3 for further discussion of the properties held by APRC. Effective May 23, 2016, APRC merged with and into National Property REIT Corp. (“NPRC”), with NPRC as the surviving entity.

Arctic Oilfield Equipment USA, Inc. (“Arctic Oilfield”), a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common equity, owns 70% of the equity units of Arctic Energy Services, LLC (“Arctic Energy”), the operating company. We report Arctic Energy as a separate controlled company. On September 30, 2015, we restructured (18) our investment in Arctic Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$31,640 senior secured loan and our \$20,230 subordinated loan for Class D and Class E Units in Arctic Energy. Our ownership of Arctic Oilfield includes a preferred interest in their holdings of all the Class D, Class E, Class C, and Class A Units (in order of priority returns). These unit classes are senior to management’s interests in the F and B Units.

CCPI Holdings Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 94.59% and (19) 94.95% of CCPI Inc. (“CCPI”), the operating company, as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. We report CCPI as a separate controlled company.

CP Holdings of Delaware LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 82.3% of CP Energy Services Inc. (“CP Energy”) as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. As of June 30, 2015, CP Energy owned directly or indirectly 100% of each of CP Well Testing, LLC (“CP Well”); Wright (20) Foster Disposals, LLC; Foster Testing Co., Inc.; ProHaul Transports, LLC; and Wright Trucking, Inc. We report CP Energy as a separate controlled company. Effective December 31, 2014, CP Energy underwent a corporate reorganization in order to consolidate certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries. On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in CP Energy. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$86,965 senior secured loan and \$15,924 subordinated loan for Series B Redeemable Preferred Stock in CP Energy.

Credit Central Holdings of Delaware, LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 74.93% of Credit Central Loan Company, LLC (f/k/a Credit Central Holdings, LLC (“Credit (21) Central”)) as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, Credit Central owns 100% of each of Credit Central, LLC; Credit Central South, LLC; Credit Central of Texas, LLC; and Credit Central of Tennessee, LLC, the operating companies. We report Credit Central as a separate controlled company.

On June 9, 2015, we provided additional debt and equity financing to support the recapitalization of Edmentum, Inc. (“Edmentum”). As part of the recapitalization, we exchanged 100% of the \$50,000 second lien term loan previously outstanding for \$26,365 of junior PIK notes and 370,964.14 Class A common units representing (22) 37.1% equity ownership in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC. In addition, we invested \$5,875 in senior PIK notes and committed \$7,834 as part of a second lien revolving credit facility, of which \$4,896 was funded at closing. On June 9, 2015, we determined that Edmentum was impaired and recorded a realized loss of \$22,116 for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value, reducing the amortized cost to \$37,216.

First Tower Holdings of Delaware LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 80.1% of First Tower Finance Company LLC (“First Tower Finance”), which owns 100% of First (23) Tower, LLC, the operating company as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. We report First Tower Finance as a separate controlled company.

(24) Energy Solutions Holdings Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of equity, owns 100% of Freedom Marine Solutions, LLC (“Freedom Marine”), which owns Vessel Company, LLC, Vessel Company II, LLC and

Vessel Company III, LLC. We report Freedom Marine as a separate controlled company. On October 30, 2015, we restructured our investment in Freedom Marine. Concurrent with the restructuring, we exchanged our \$32,500 senior secured loans for additional membership interest in Freedom Marine.

(25) Harbortouch Holdings of Delaware Inc., a consolidated entity in which we owned 100% of the common stock, owned 100% of the Class C voting units of Harbortouch Payments, LLC (“Harbortouch”), which provide for a 53.5% residual profits allocation. Harbortouch management owns 100% of the Class B and Class D voting units of Harbortouch, which provide for a 46.5% residual profits allocation. Harbortouch owns 100% of Credit Card Processing USA, LLC. We reported Harbortouch as a separate controlled company as of June 30, 2015. On May 31, 2016, we sold our investment in Harbortouch for total consideration of \$328,032, including fees and escrowed amounts. Prior to the sale, \$154,382 of Senior Secured Term Loan B loan outstanding was converted to preferred equity. We received a repayment of \$146,989 loans receivable to us and \$157,639 of proceeds related

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
 (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

to the equity investment. We recorded a realized loss of \$5,419 related to the sale. We also received a \$5,145 prepayment premium for early repayment of the outstanding loans, which was recorded as interest income in the year ended June 30, 2016 and a \$12,909 advisory fee for the transaction, which was recorded as other income in the year ended June 30, 2016. In addition, there is \$5,350 being held in escrow which will be recognized as additional realized gain if and when it is received. Concurrent with the sale, we made a \$27,500 second lien secured investment in Harbortouch.

- MITY Holdings of Delaware Inc. (“MITY Delaware”), a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 95.83% and 94.99% of the equity of MITY, Inc. (f/k/a MITY Enterprises, Inc.) (“MITY”), as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. MITY owns 100% of each of MITY-Lite, Inc.; Broda Enterprises USA, Inc.; and Broda Enterprises ULC (“Broda Canada”). We report MITY as a separate controlled company.
- (26) MITY Delaware has a subordinated unsecured note issued and outstanding to Broda Canada that is denominated in Canadian Dollars (CAD). As of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, the principal balance of this note was CAD 7,371. In accordance with ASC 830, Foreign Currency Matters (“ASC 830”), this note was remeasured into our functional currency, US Dollars (USD), and is presented on our Consolidated Schedule of Investments in USD. NPH Property Holdings, LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 100% of the common equity of NPRC (f/k/a National Property Holdings Corp.), a property REIT which holds investments in several real estate properties. Additionally, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NPRC invests in online consumer loans. We report NPRC as a separate controlled company. See Note 3 for further discussion of the properties held by NPRC. On March 17, 2015, we entered into a new credit agreement with ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. (“ACLLH”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of NPRC, to form two new tranches of senior secured term loans, Term Loan A and Term Loan B, with the same terms as the then existing NPRC Term Loan A and Term Loan B due to us. That agreement was effective as of June 30, 2014. On June 30, 2014, ACLLH made a non-cash return of capital distribution of \$22,390 to NPRC and NPRC transferred and assigned to ACLLH a senior secured
- (27) Term Loan A due to us. On June 2, 2015, we amended the credit agreement with NPRC to form two new tranches of senior secured term loans, Term Loan C and Term Loan D, with the same terms as the then existing ACLLH Term Loan A and Term Loan B due to us. That amendment was effective as of April 1, 2015. On August 18, 2015, we amended the credit agreement with NPRC to form a new tranche of senior secured term loans, Term Loan E. The amendment was effective as of July 1, 2015, and the outstanding Term Loan C and Term Loan D balances were converted to Term Loan E. On August 12, 2015, we also amended the credit agreement with ACLLH to form a new tranche of senior secured term loans, Term Loan C. The amendment was effective as of July 1, 2015, and the outstanding Term Loan A and Term Loan B balances were converted to Term Loan C. Effective May 23, 2016, APRC and United Property REIT Corp. (“UPRC”) merged with and into NPRC, with NPRC as the surviving entity. APRC and UPRC have been dissolved.
- Nationwide Acceptance Holdings LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 93.79% of Nationwide Loan Company LLC (f/k/a Nationwide Acceptance LLC (“Nationwide”)), the operating company, as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. We report Nationwide as a separate controlled company. On June 1, 2015, Nationwide completed a corporate reorganization. As part of a reorganization,
- (28) Nationwide Acceptance LLC was renamed Nationwide Loan Company LLC (continues as “Nationwide”) and formed two new wholly-owned subsidiaries: Pelican Loan Company LLC (“Pelican”) and Nationwide Consumer Loans LLC. Nationwide assigned 100% of the equity interests in its other subsidiaries to Pelican which, in turn, assigned these interests to Nationwide Acceptance LLC (“New Nationwide”), the new operating company wholly-owned by Pelican. New Nationwide also assumed the existing senior subordinated term loan due to Prospect.
- (29)

NMMB Holdings, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the equity, owns 96.33% of the fully diluted equity of NMMB, Inc. (“NMMB”) as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. NMMB owns 100% of Refuel Agency, Inc., which owns 100% of Armed Forces Communications, Inc. We report NMMB as a separate controlled company.

(30) UPH Property Holdings, LLC, a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the membership interests, owns 100% of the common equity of UPRC (f/k/a United Property Holdings Corp.), a property REIT which holds investments in several real estate properties. We report UPRC as a separate controlled company. See Note 3 for further discussion of the properties held by UPRC. Effective May 23, 2016, UPRC merged with and into NPRC, with NPRC as the surviving entity.

(31) During the period from June 15, 2016 through June 29, 2016, we provided additional \$3,500 debt financing to USES Corp. (“USES”) and its subsidiaries in the form of additional Term Loan A debt and, in connection with this debt financing, USES issued to us 268,962 shares of its common stock representing a 99.96% common equity ownership interest in USES. Therefore, USES became a controlled company on June 30, 2016.

(32) Valley Electric Holdings I, Inc., a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the common stock, owns 100% of Valley Electric Holdings II, Inc. (“Valley Holdings II”), another consolidated entity. Valley Holdings II owns 94.99% of Valley Electric Company, Inc. (“Valley Electric”). Valley Electric owns 100% of the equity of VE Company, Inc., which owns 100% of the equity of Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. (“Valley”). We report Valley Electric as a separate controlled company.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
 (in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

- On February 3, 2016, lenders foreclosed on Targus Group International, Inc., and our \$21,613 first lien term loan was extinguished and exchanged for 1,262,737 common units representing 12.63% equity ownership in Targus Cayman HoldCo Limited, the parent company of Targus International LLC (“Targus”). On February 17, 2016, we
- (33) provided additional debt financing to support the recapitalization of Targus. As part of the recapitalization, we invested an additional \$1,263 in a new senior secured Term Loan A notes and were allocated \$3,788 in new senior secured Term Loan B notes. During the same period, Targus was written-down for tax purposes and a realized loss of \$14,194 therefore was realized for the amount that the amortized cost exceeded the fair value. We own 99.9999% of AGC/PEP, LLC. AGC/PEP, LLC owns 2,038 out of a total of 93,485 shares (including
- (34) 7,456 vested and unvested management options) of American Gilsonite Holding Company which owns 100% of American Gilsonite Company.
- A portion of the senior secured note is denominated in Canadian Dollars (CAD). As of June 30, 2015, the
- (35) principal balance of this note was CAD 36,666. In accordance with ASC 830, this note was remeasured into our functional currency, US Dollars (USD), and is presented on our Consolidated Schedules of Investments in USD. GTP Operations, LLC, Transplace, LLC, CI (Transplace) International, LLC, Transplace Freight Services, LLC,
- (36) Transplace Texas, LP, Transplace Stuttgart, LP, Transplace International, Inc., Celtic International, LLC, and Treetop Merger Sub, LLC are joint borrowers on the senior secured term loan.
- (37) As of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we own 1.43% (13,220 shares) of Mineral Fusion Natural, LLC, a subsidiary of Caleel + Hayden, LLC, common and preferred interest.
- (38) NCP Finance Limited Partnership, NCP Finance Ohio, LLC, and certain affiliates thereof are joint borrowers on the subordinated secured term loan
- Pegasus Business Intelligence, LP, Paycom Acquisition, LLC, and Paycom Acquisition Corp. are joint borrowers
- (39) on the senior secured loan facilities. Paycom Intermediate Holdings, Inc. is the parent guarantor of this debt investment. These entities transact business internationally under the trade name Onyx Payments.
- As of June 30, 2015, Progrexion Marketing, Inc., Progrexion Teleservices, Inc., Progrexion ASG, Inc.,
- (40) Progrexion IP, Inc., Creditrepair.com, Inc., and eFolks, LLC were joint borrowers on the senior secured term loan. PGX Holdings, Inc. (“PGX”) was the parent guarantor of this debt investment. As of June 30, 2016, PGX is the sole borrower on the second lien term loan.
- (41) Security Alarm Financing Enterprises, L.P. and California Security Alarms, Inc. are joint borrowers on the senior subordinated note.
- SB Forging Company, Inc. (“SB Forging”), a consolidated entity in which we own 100% of the equity, owned
- (42) 100% of Ajax Rolled Ring & Machine, LLC, the operating company, which was sold on October 10, 2014. As part of the sale there is \$3,000 being held in escrow of which \$802 and \$1,750 was received on May 6, 2015 and May 31, 2016, respectively, for which Prospect realized a gain of the same amount.
- (43) Our wholly-owned subsidiary Prospect Small Business Lending, LLC purchases small business whole loans from small business loan originators, including On Deck Capital, Inc., and Direct Capital Corporation.
- (44) Trinity Services Group, Inc. and Trinity Services I, LLC are joint borrowers on the senior secured loan facility.
- Ellett Brothers, LLC, Evans Sports, Inc., Jerry’s Sports, Inc., Simmons Gun Specialties, Inc., Bonitz Brothers, Inc.,
- (45) and Outdoor Sports Headquarters, Inc. are joint borrowers on the second lien term loan. United Sporting Companies, Inc. is a parent guarantor of this debt investment.
- Wind River Resources Corporation and Wind River II Corporation are joint borrowers on the senior secured note.
- (46) The interest rate for this investment is subject to the base rate of 12-Month LIBOR, which was 0.77% at June 30, 2015.
- (47) The interest rate on these investments contains a paid in kind (“PIK”) provision, whereby the issuer has either the option or the obligation to make interest payments with the issuance of additional securities. The interest rate in

the schedule represents the current interest rate in effect for these investments.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

The following table provides additional details on these PIK investments, including the maximum annual PIK interest rate allowed under the existing credit agreements, as of and for three months ended June 30, 2016:

| Security Name | PIK Rate - Capitalized | PIK Rate - Paid as cash | Maximum Current PIK Rate | |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| CCPI Inc. | —% | 7.00% | 7.00% | |
| Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC | —% | 2.50% | 2.50% | |
| Credit Central Loan Company | 6.49% | 3.51% | 10.00% | |
| Crosman Corporation - Senior Secured Term Loan A | 4.00% | —% | 4.00% | |
| Crosman Corporation - Senior Secured Term Loan B | 4.00% | —% | 4.00% | |
| Echelon Aviation LLC | —% | 2.25% | 2.25% | |
| Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC - Unsecured Senior PIK Note | 8.50% | —% | 8.50% | |
| Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC - Unsecured Junior PIK Note | 10.00% | —% | 10.00% | |
| First Tower Finance Company LLC | 0.80% | 11.20% | 12.00% | |
| Harbortouch Payments, LLC | N/A | N/A | 3.00% | (A) |
| JHH Holdings, Inc. | 0.50% | —% | 0.50% | |
| LaserShip, Inc. - Term Loan A | 2.00% | —% | 2.00% | |
| LaserShip, Inc. - Term Loan B | 2.00% | —% | 2.00% | |
| Mity, Inc. | —% | 10.00% | 10.00% | |
| National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan A | —% | 5.50% | 5.50% | |
| National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan E | —% | 5.00% | 5.00% | |
| National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan C to ACL Holdings, Inc. | —% | 5.00% | 5.00% | |
| Nationwide Loan Company LLC | —% | 10.00% | 10.00% | |
| Nixon, Inc. | 3.00% | —% | 3.00% | |
| Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. | —% | 2.50% | 2.50% | |
| Valley Electric Company, Inc. | 3.42% | 5.08% | 8.50% | |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

The following table provides additional details on these PIK investments, including the maximum annual PIK interest rate allowed under the existing credit agreements, as of and for the three months ended June 30, 2015:

| Security Name | PIK Rate - Capitalized | PIK Rate - Paid as cash | Maximum Current PIK Rate | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| American Property REIT Corp. | —% | 5.50% | 5.50% | |
| CCPI Inc. | 7.00% | —% | 7.00% | |
| Cinedigm DC Holdings, LLC | 2.50% | —% | 2.50% | |
| CP Energy Services Inc. - Second Lien Term Loan | 9.00% | —% | 9.00% | |
| CP Energy Services Inc. - Senior Secured Term Loan B | 7.50% | —% | 7.50% | |
| Credit Central Loan Company, LLC | —% | 10.00% | 10.00% | |
| Echelon Aviation LLC | N/A | N/A | 2.25% | (B) |
| Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC - Unsecured Senior PIK Note | N/A | N/A | 8.50% | (B) |
| Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC - Unsecured Junior PIK Note | N/A | N/A | 10.00% | (B) |
| First Tower Finance Company LLC | 1.64% | 10.36% | 12.00% | |
| Harbortouch Payments, LLC | 5.50% | —% | 5.50% | (C) |
| JHH Holdings, Inc. | 0.50% | —% | 0.50% | |
| Mity, Inc. | 10.00% | —% | 10.00% | |
| National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan A | —% | 5.50% | 5.50% | |
| National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan C | —% | 7.50% | 7.50% | |
| National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan D | —% | 4.50% | 4.50% | |
| National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan A to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. | —% | 7.50% | 7.50% | |
| National Property REIT Corp. - Senior Secured Term Loan B to ACL Loan Holdings, Inc. | —% | 4.50% | 4.50% | |
| Nationwide Loan Company LLC | —% | 10.00% | 10.00% | |
| Nixon, Inc. | 2.75% | —% | 2.75% | |
| Ryan, LLC | 3.00% | —% | 3.00% | |
| TB Corp. | —% | 1.50% | 1.50% | |
| Targus Group International, Inc. | 1.00% | —% | 1.00% | |
| United Property REIT Corp. | —% | 5.50% | 5.50% | |
| Valley Electric Co. of Mt. Vernon, Inc. | 2.50% | —% | 2.50% | |
| Valley Electric Company, Inc. | 8.50% | —% | 8.50% | |

(A) PIK is capitalized quarterly; next PIK payment/capitalization date at June 30, 2016 is August 31, 2016.

(B) PIK is capitalized quarterly; next PIK payment date at June 30, 2015 was July 31, 2015.

(C) PIK is capitalized annually; next PIK payment/capitalization date at June 30, 2015 was April 1, 2016.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PROSPECT CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)
(in thousands, except share data)

Endnote Explanations as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 (Continued)

As defined in the 1940 Act, we are deemed to “Control” these portfolio companies because we own more than 25% (48) of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended June 30, 2016 with these controlled investments were as follows:

| Portfolio Company | Fair Value at June 30, 2015 | Gross Additions (Cost)* | Gross Reductions (Cost)** | Net unrealized gains (losses) | Fair Value at June 30, 2016 | Interest income | Dividend income | Other income | Net realized gains (losses) |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| American Property REIT Corp.*** | \$ 118,256 | \$ 2,826 | \$ (103,017) | \$ (18,065) | \$ — | -\$7,306 | \$ 11,016 | \$ 899 | \$ — |
| Arctic Energy Services, LLC | 60,364 | — | — | (22,024) | 38,340 | 1,123 | — | — | — |
| CCPI Inc. | 41,352 | 475 | (6,368) | 5,897 | 41,356 | 3,123 | 3,196 | — | — |
| CP Energy Services Inc. | 91,009 | (2,819) | — | (12,188) | 76,002 | (390) | — | — | — |
| Credit Central Loan Company, LLC | 55,172 | 921 | (323) | (3,516) | 52,254 | 7,398 | — | 2,067 | — |
| Echelon Aviation LLC | 68,941 | — | (2,954) | (5,166) | 60,821 | 5,700 | 7,250 | — | — |
| Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC | 37,216 | 9,358 | (4,896) | 2,668 | 44,346 | 3,650 | — | — | — |
| First Tower Finance Company LLC | 365,950 | 8,866 | (679) | (21,471) | 352,666 | — | — | — | — |