

WisdomTree Trust
Form 497
September 01, 2009
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WISDOMTREE® TRUST

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

September 1, 2009

This Statement of Additional Information (SAI) is not a Prospectus. It should be read in conjunction with the current Prospectus (Prospectus) for the following separate investment portfolios (each, a Fund) of WisdomTree Trust (the Trust), as each such Prospectus may be revised from time to time:

WISDOMTREE DOMESTIC EQUITY FUNDS

WisdomTree Total Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Equity Income Fund

WisdomTree Dividend ex-Financials Fund

WisdomTree LargeCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree MidCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree SmallCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Total Earnings Fund

WisdomTree Earnings 500 Fund

WisdomTree Earnings Top 100 Fund

WisdomTree MidCap Earnings Fund

WisdomTree SmallCap Earnings Fund

WisdomTree LargeCap Value Fund

WisdomTree LargeCap Growth Fund

WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUNDS

WisdomTree DEFA Fund

WisdomTree DEFA Equity Income Fund

WisdomTree International Dividend ex-Financials Fund

WisdomTree International LargeCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree International MidCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree International SmallCap Dividend Fund

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WisdomTree Europe Total Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Europe SmallCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Global Equity Income Fund

WisdomTree Japan Total Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Japan SmallCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Fund

WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Total Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Equity Income Fund

WisdomTree Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund

WisdomTree Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Middle East Dividend Fund

WisdomTree India Earnings Fund

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WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL SECTOR FUNDS

- WisdomTree International Basic Materials Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Communications Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Consumer Discretionary Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Consumer Staples Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Energy Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Financial Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Health Care Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Industrial Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Technology Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Utilities Sector Fund
- WisdomTree International Real Estate Fund

The current Prospectus for each of the Funds is dated July 29, 2009. The LargeCap Growth Fund and LargeCap Value Fund are considered part of the Domestic Earnings Fund family. The World ex-U.S. Growth Fund is considered part of the International Dividend Fund family. The Domestic Dividend Funds and the Domestic Earnings Funds are sometimes referred to as the Domestic Funds. The International Dividend Funds, International Earnings Funds and International Sector Funds are sometimes referred to as the International Funds. Capitalized terms used herein that are not defined have the same meaning as in the Prospectus, unless otherwise noted. The Funds' audited financial statements for the most recent fiscal year are incorporated in this SAI by reference to the Funds' most recent Annual Reports to Shareholders (File No. 811-21864). You may obtain a copy of the Funds' Annual Reports at no charge by request to the Fund at the address or phone number noted below.

A copy of the Prospectus for each Fund may be obtained, without charge, by calling 1-866-909-9473 or visiting www.wisdomtree.com, or writing to WisdomTree Trust, c/o ALPS Distributors, Inc., 1290 Broadway, Suite 1100, Denver, Colorado 80203.

SAI dated September 1, 2009

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE TRUST AND THE FUNDS

The Trust was organized as a Delaware statutory trust on December 15, 2005 and is authorized to have multiple series or portfolios. The Trust is an open-end, non-diversified management investment company, registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). The offering of the Trust's shares is registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). This SAI relates to the following Funds:

WISDOMTREE DOMESTIC EQUITY FUNDS

WisdomTree Total Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Equity Income Fund*

WisdomTree Dividend ex-Financials Fund**

WisdomTree LargeCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree MidCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree SmallCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Total Earnings Fund

WisdomTree Earnings 500 Fund

WisdomTree Earnings Top 100 Fund

WisdomTree MidCap Earnings Fund

WisdomTree SmallCap Earnings Fund

WisdomTree LargeCap Value***

Wisdom Tree LargeCap Growth Fund

WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUNDS

WisdomTree DEFA Fund

WisdomTree DEFA Equity Income Fund*

WisdomTree International Dividend ex-Financials Fund**

WisdomTree International LargeCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree International MidCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree International SmallCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Europe Total Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Europe SmallCap Dividend Fund

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WisdomTree Global Equity Income Fund***

WisdomTree Japan Total Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Japan SmallCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Fund***

WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Total Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Equity Income Fund*

WisdomTree Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund*

WisdomTree Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Fund

WisdomTree Middle East Dividend Fund

WisdomTree India Earnings Fund

WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL SECTOR FUNDS

WisdomTree International Basic Materials Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Communications Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Consumer Discretionary Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Consumer Staples Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Energy Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Financial Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Health Care Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Industrial Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Technology Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Utilities Sector Fund

WisdomTree International Real Estate Fund

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- * Effective January 20, 2009, the WisdomTree High-Yielding Equity Fund was renamed the WisdomTree Equity Income Fund, the WisdomTree DEFA High-Yielding Equity Fund was renamed the WisdomTree DEFA Equity Income Fund, the WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan High-Yielding Equity Fund was renamed the WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Equity Income Fund and the WisdomTree Emerging Markets High-Yielding Equity Fund was renamed the WisdomTree Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund.
- ** Effective May 7, 2009, the WisdomTree Dividend Top 100 Fund was renamed the WisdomTree Dividend ex-Financials Fund. Effective May 8, 2009, the WisdomTree International Dividend Top 100 Fund was renamed the WisdomTree International Dividend ex-Financials Fund.
- *** Effective June 19, 2009, the WisdomTree Low P/E Fund was renamed the WisdomTree LargeCap Value Fund, the WisdomTree Europe Equity Income Fund was renamed the WisdomTree Global Equity Income Fund and the WisdomTree Japan Equity Income Fund was renamed the WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Fund.

Each Fund described in this SAI seeks investment returns that closely correspond to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of a particular index (Index) that defines a specific segment of the U.S. or international stock markets. The Indexes are created using proprietary methodology developed by WisdomTree Investments, Inc. (WisdomTree Investments). WisdomTree Investments is the parent company of WisdomTree Asset Management, Inc. (WisdomTree Asset Management), the investment adviser to each Fund. Mellon Capital Management Corporation (Mellon Capital) is the investment sub-adviser (Sub-Adviser) to each Fund. ALPS Distributors, Inc. is the distributor (the Distributor) of the shares of each Fund.

Each Fund issues and redeems shares at net asset value per share (NAV) only in large blocks of shares, typically 50,000 shares or more (Creation Units). These transactions are usually in exchange for a basket of securities and an amount of cash. As a practical matter, only institutions or large investors purchase or redeem Creation Units. Except when aggregated in Creation Units, shares of each Fund are not redeemable securities.

Shares of each Fund are listed on a national securities exchange, such as NYSE Arca or the NASDAQ Stock Market (NASDAQ) (each, a Listing Exchange), and trade throughout the day on the Listing Exchange and other secondary markets at market prices that may differ from NAV. As in the case of other publicly traded securities, brokers' commissions on transactions will be based on negotiated commission rates at customary levels.

The Trust reserves the right to adjust the prices of shares in the future to maintain convenient trading ranges for investors. Any adjustments would be accomplished through stock splits or reverse stock splits, which would have no effect on the net assets of the applicable Fund.

WisdomTree is a registered mark of WisdomTree Investments and has been licensed for use by the Trust. WisdomTree Investments has patent applications pending on the methodology and operation of its Indexes and the Funds.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISKS

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY. Each Fund seeks investment returns that closely correspond to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of a particular Index developed by WisdomTree Investments. The Funds do not try to beat the Indexes that they track and do not seek temporary defensive positions when equity markets decline or appear to be overvalued.

This investment strategy, known as indexing, may eliminate some of the risks of active portfolio management, such as poor security selection. In addition, indexing may also help increase after-tax investment performance by keeping portfolio turnover low in comparison to actively managed investment companies.

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Under normal circumstances, at least 95% of a Fund's total assets (exclusive of collateral held from securities lending) will be invested in the component securities of its Index. Each Fund generally may invest up to 5% of its total assets in securities not included in its underlying Index but which the Fund believes will help it track its Index. For example, a Fund may invest in securities that are not components of the relevant Index in order to reflect various corporate actions and other changes to its relevant Index (such as reconstitutions, additions and deletions). Under normal circumstances, as long as a Fund invests at least 95% of its total assets in the stocks of its Index, it also may invest its other assets in cash and cash equivalents, as well as in other investment companies, futures contracts, options on futures contracts, options, and swaps. The International Funds, from time to time, may have less than 95% of their assets invested in securities of their respective underlying Indexes in order to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, to meet regulatory requirements in non-U.S. jurisdictions or to manage major Index changes. In these situations, which are expected to be infrequent and of limited duration, an International Fund may not have less than 90% of its total assets invested in securities of its underlying Index. WisdomTree Asset Management expects that, over time, the correlation between each Fund's performance and that of its underlying Index, before fees and expenses, will be 95% or better.

As a matter of general policy, each Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in the types of securities suggested by its name. If, subsequent to an investment, the 80% requirement is no longer met, a Fund's future investments will be made in a manner that will bring the Fund into compliance with this policy. The Trust will provide shareholders with sixty (60) days prior notice of any change to this policy for a Fund.

The WisdomTree India Earnings Fund attempts to achieve its investment objective by investing in securities through the WisdomTree India Investment Portfolio, Inc. (the "Portfolio"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the WisdomTree India Earnings Fund. References to the investment strategies and other policies of the India Earnings Fund should be understood to also refer to the strategies and policies of the Portfolio. The Portfolio is advised by WisdomTree Asset Management and sub-advised by Mellon Capital.

The WisdomTree DEFA Fund and the WisdomTree Global Equity Income Fund each seek to achieve its respective investment objectives by investing primarily in other WisdomTree exchange traded funds ("ETFs"). References to the investments and risks of the WisdomTree DEFA Fund and the WisdomTree Global Equity Income Fund should be understood, unless otherwise indicated, as references to the investments and risks of the underlying WisdomTree ETFs.

GENERAL RISKS. An investment in a Fund should be made with an understanding that the value of a Fund's portfolio securities may fluctuate in accordance with changes in the financial condition of an issuer or counterparty, changes in specific economic or political conditions that affect a particular security or issuer and changes in general economic or political conditions. An investor in a Fund could lose money over short or even long periods of time.

An investment in a Fund should also be made with an understanding of the risks inherent in an investment in equity securities, including the risk that the financial condition of issuers may become impaired or that the general condition of the stock market may deteriorate (either of which may cause a decrease in the value of the portfolio securities and thus in the value of shares of the Trust). Common stocks are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value as market confidence and perceptions of their issuers change. These investor perceptions are based on various and unpredictable factors, including expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies, inflation and interest rates, economic expansion or contraction, and global or regional political, economic or banking crises.

Holder of common stocks incur more risk than holders of preferred stocks and debt obligations because common stockholders, as owners of the issuer, generally have inferior rights to receive payments from the issuer in comparison with the rights of creditors, or holders of debt obligations or preferred stocks. Further, unlike debt securities, which typically have a stated principal amount payable at maturity (whose value, however, is subject to market fluctuations prior thereto), or preferred stocks, which typically have a liquidation preference and which may have stated optional or mandatory redemption provisions, common stocks have neither a fixed principal amount nor a maturity. Common stock values are subject to market fluctuations as long as the common stock remains outstanding.

Although all of the securities in the Indexes are listed on major U.S. or non-U.S. stock exchanges, there can be no guarantees that a liquid market for such securities will be maintained. The existence of a liquid trading market for certain securities may depend on whether dealers will make a market in such securities. There can be no assurance that a market will be made or maintained or that any such market will be or remain liquid. The price at which securities may be sold and the value of a Fund's shares will be adversely affected if trading markets for a Fund's portfolio securities are limited or absent, or if bid/ask spreads are wide.

Recent events in the financial sector have resulted, and may continue to result, in an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign. Both domestic and foreign fixed income and equity markets have been experiencing extreme volatility and turmoil. Issuers that have exposure to the real estate, mortgage and credit markets have been particularly affected and well-known financial institutions have experienced significant liquidity and other problems. Some of these institutions have declared bankruptcy or defaulted on their debt. It is uncertain whether or for how long these conditions will continue. These events and possible continuing market turbulence may have an adverse

effect on Fund performance.

LACK OF DIVERSIFICATION. Each Fund is considered to be non-diversified. A non-diversified classification means that a Fund is not limited by the 1940 Act with regard to the percentage of its assets that may be invested in the securities of a single issuer. As a result, each of the Funds may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were classified as a diversified fund. Therefore, each Fund may be more exposed to the risks associated with and developments affecting an individual issuer or a small number of issuers than a fund that invests more widely, which may have a greater impact on the Fund's volatility and performance.

Each Fund does, however, intend to maintain the level of diversification necessary to qualify as a regulated investment company (RIC) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). The Subchapter M diversification tests generally require that (i) a Fund invest no more than 25% of its total assets in securities (other than securities of the U.S. government or other RICs) of any one issuer or two or more issuers that are controlled by a Fund and that are engaged in the same, similar or related trades or businesses, and (ii) at least 50% of a Fund's total assets consist of cash and cash items, U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs and other securities, with investments in such other securities limited in respect of any one issuer to an amount not greater than 5% of the value of a Fund's total assets and 10% of the outstanding voting securities of such issuer. These tax requirements are generally applied at the end of each quarter of a Fund's taxable year.

A discussion of some of the other risks associated with an investment in a Fund is contained in each Fund's Prospectus.

SPECIFIC INVESTMENT STRATEGIES. A description of certain investment strategies and types of investments used by some or all of the Funds is set forth below.

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CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS. The International Funds may enter into foreign currency forward and foreign currency futures contracts to facilitate local securities settlements or to protect against currency exposure in connection with distributions to shareholders. The Funds do not expect to engage in currency transactions for the purpose of hedging against declines in the value of a Fund's assets that are denominated in one or more foreign currencies. The Funds may not enter into such contracts for speculative purposes.

DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS. To the extent a Fund invests in stocks of foreign corporations, a Fund's investment in such stocks may also be in the form of Depositary Receipts or other securities convertible into securities of foreign issuers. Depositary Receipts may not necessarily be denominated in the same currency as the underlying securities into which they may be converted. American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) are receipts typically issued by an American bank or trust company that evidence ownership of underlying securities issued by a foreign corporation. European Depositary Receipts (EDRs) are receipts issued in Europe that evidence a similar ownership arrangement. Global Depositary Receipts (GDRs) are receipts issued throughout the world that evidence a similar arrangement. Generally, ADRs, in registered form, are designed for use in the U.S. securities markets, and EDRs, in bearer form, are designed for use in European securities markets. GDRs are tradable both in the United States and in Europe and are designed for use throughout the world. Depositary Receipts will not necessarily be denominated in the same currency as their underlying securities.

A Fund will not invest in any unlisted Depositary Receipts or any Depositary Receipt that WisdomTree Asset Management or the Sub-Adviser deems to be illiquid or for which pricing information is not readily available. In addition, all Depositary Receipts generally must be sponsored. However, a Fund may invest in unsponsored Depositary Receipts under certain limited circumstances. The issuers of unsponsored Depositary Receipts are not obligated to disclose material information in the United States, and, therefore, there may be less information available regarding such issuers and there may not be a correlation between such information and the market value of the Depositary Receipts. The use of Depositary Receipts may increase tracking error relative to an underlying Index.

EQUITY SECURITIES. Equity securities, such as the common stocks of an issuer, are subject to stock market fluctuations and therefore may experience volatile changes in value as market conditions, consumer sentiment or the financial condition of the issuers change. A decrease in value of the equity securities in a Fund's portfolio may cause the value of a Fund's shares to also decline.

FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS. A forward foreign currency exchange contract (forward contract) involves an obligation to purchase or sell a specific currency at a future date, which may be any fixed number of days from the date of the contract agreed upon by the parties, at a price set at the time of the contract. These contracts are principally traded in the interbank market conducted directly between currency traders (usually large, commercial banks) and their customers. A forward contract generally has no margin deposit requirement, and no commissions are charged at any stage for trades.

FOREIGN CURRENCY FUTURES CONTRACTS. A foreign currency futures contract is a contract involving an obligation to deliver or acquire the specified amount of a specific currency, at a specified price and at a specified future time. Futures contracts may be settled on a net cash payment basis rather than by the sale and delivery of the underlying currency.

Foreign exchange transactions involve a significant degree of risk and the markets in which foreign exchange transactions are effected are highly volatile, highly specialized and highly technical. Significant changes, including changes in liquidity and prices, can occur in such markets within very short periods of time, often within minutes. Foreign exchange trading risks include, but are not limited to, exchange rate risk, maturity gap, interest rate risk, and potential interference by foreign governments through regulation of local exchange markets, foreign investment or particular transactions in foreign currency. If a Fund utilizes foreign exchange transactions at an inappropriate time, such transactions may not serve their intended purpose of improving the correlation of a Fund's return with the performance of its underlying Index and may lower the Fund's return. A Fund could experience losses if the value of any currency forwards, options and futures positions is poorly correlated with its other investments or if it could not close out its positions because of an illiquid market. In addition, each Fund will incur transaction costs, including trading commissions, in connection with certain foreign currency transactions.

FUTURES, OPTIONS AND OPTIONS ON FUTURES CONTRACTS. Each Fund may enter into U.S. or foreign futures contracts and options and options on futures contracts. When a Fund purchases a futures contract, it agrees to purchase a specified underlying instrument at a specified future date. When a Fund sells a futures contract, it agrees to sell the underlying instrument at a specified future date. The price at which the purchase and sale will take place is fixed when the Fund enters into the contract. Futures can be held until their delivery dates, or can be closed out before then if a liquid secondary market is available. To the extent a Fund uses futures and options, it will do so only in accordance with Rule 4.5 of the Commodity Exchange Act (CEA). The Trust, on behalf of each Fund, has filed a notice of eligibility for exclusion from the definition of the term commodity pool operator in accordance with Rule 4.5 so that each Fund is not subject to registration or regulation as a commodity pool operator under the CEA.

The risk of loss in trading futures contracts or uncovered call options in some strategies (e.g., selling uncovered stock index futures contracts) is potentially unlimited. The Funds do not plan to use futures and options contracts in this way. The risk of a futures position may still be large as

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traditionally measured due to the low margin deposits required. In many cases, a relatively small price movement in a futures contract may result in immediate and substantial loss or gain to the investor relative to the size of a required margin deposit. The Funds, however, intend to utilize futures and options contracts in a manner designed to limit their risk exposure to levels comparable to direct investment in stocks.

Utilization of futures and options on futures by a Fund involves the risk of imperfect or even negative correlation to the underlying Index if the index underlying the futures contract differs from the underlying Index. There is also the risk of loss by a Fund of margin deposits in the event of bankruptcy of a broker with whom a Fund has an open position in the futures contract or option. The purchase of put or call options will be based upon predictions by the Fund as to anticipated trends, which predictions could prove to be incorrect.

The potential for loss related to the purchase of an option on a futures contract is limited to the premium paid for the option plus transaction costs. Because the value of the option is fixed at the point of sale, there are no daily cash payments by the purchaser to reflect changes in the value of the underlying contract; however, the value of the option changes daily and that change would be reflected in the NAV of each Fund. The potential for loss related to writing options is unlimited.

Although each Fund intends to enter into futures contracts only if there is an active market for such contracts, there is no assurance that an active market will exist for the contracts at any particular time.

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ILLIQUID SECURITIES. Each Fund may invest up to an aggregate amount of 15% of its net assets in illiquid securities. Illiquid securities include securities subject to contractual or other restrictions on resale and other instruments that lack readily available markets. The inability of a Fund to dispose of illiquid or not readily marketable investments readily or at a reasonable price could impair a Fund's ability to raise cash for redemptions or other purposes. The liquidity of securities purchased by a Fund which are eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A will be monitored by each Fund on an ongoing basis. In the event that such a security is deemed to be no longer liquid, a Fund's holdings will be reviewed to determine what action, if any, is required to ensure that the retention of such security does not result in a Fund having more than 15% of its assets invested in illiquid or not readily marketable securities.

INVESTMENT COMPANY SECURITIES. Each Fund may invest in the securities of other investment companies. The 1940 Act generally prohibits a fund from acquiring more than 3% of the outstanding voting shares of an investment company and limits such investments to no more than 5% of the fund's total assets in any single investment company and no more than 10% in any combination of two or more investment companies. Each Fund may purchase or otherwise invest in shares of affiliated exchange traded funds. Each Fund may invest in affiliated money market funds.

MONEY MARKET INSTRUMENTS. Each Fund may invest a portion of its assets in high-quality money market instruments on an ongoing basis to provide liquidity or for other reasons. The instruments in which a Fund may invest include: (i) short-term obligations issued by the U.S. government; (ii) negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs), fixed time deposits and bankers' acceptances of U.S. and foreign banks and similar institutions; (iii) commercial paper rated at the date of purchase Prime-1 by Moody's or A-1+ or A-1 by Standard & Poor's (S&P) or, if unrated, of comparable quality as determined by the Fund; and (iv) repurchase agreements. CDs are short-term negotiable obligations of commercial banks. Time deposits are non-negotiable deposits maintained in banking institutions for specified periods of time at stated interest rates. Bankers' acceptances are time drafts drawn on commercial banks by borrowers, usually in connection with international transactions.

NON-U.S. SECURITIES. The International Funds invest a significant portion of their assets in non-U.S. equity securities. Investments in non-U.S. equity securities involve certain risks that may not be present in investments in U.S. securities. For example, non-U.S. securities may be subject to currency risks or to foreign government taxes. There may be less information publicly available about a non-U.S. issuer than about a U.S. issuer, and a foreign issuer may or may not be subject to uniform accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and practices comparable to those in the U.S. Other risks of investing in such securities include political or economic instability in the country involved, the difficulty of predicting international trade patterns and the possibility of imposition of exchange controls. The prices of such securities may be more volatile than those of domestic securities. With respect to certain foreign countries, there is a possibility of expropriation of assets or nationalization, imposition of withholding taxes on dividend or interest payments, difficulty in obtaining and enforcing judgments against foreign entities or diplomatic developments which could affect investment in these countries. Losses and other expenses may be incurred in converting between various currencies in connection with purchases and sales of foreign securities.

Non-U.S. stock markets may not be as developed or efficient as, and may be more volatile than, those in the U.S. While the volume of shares traded on non-U.S. stock markets generally has been growing, such markets usually have substantially less volume than U.S. markets. Therefore, a Fund's investment in non-U.S. equity securities may be less liquid and subject to more rapid and erratic price movements than comparable securities listed for trading on U.S. exchanges. Non-U.S. equity securities may trade at price/earnings multiples higher than comparable U.S. securities and such levels may not be sustainable. There may be less government supervision and regulation of foreign stock exchanges, brokers, banks and listed companies abroad than in the U.S. Moreover, settlement practices for transactions in foreign markets may differ from those in U.S. markets. Such differences may include delays beyond periods customary in the U.S. and practices, such as delivery of securities prior to receipt of payment, which increase the likelihood of a failed settlement, which can result in losses to a Fund. The value of non-U.S. investments and the investment income derived from them may also be affected unfavorably by changes in currency exchange control regulations. Foreign brokerage commissions, custodial expenses and other fees are also generally higher than for securities traded in the U.S. This may cause the International Funds to incur higher portfolio transaction costs than domestic equity funds. Fluctuations in exchange rates may also affect the earning power and asset value of the foreign entity issuing a security, even one denominated in U.S. dollars. Dividend and interest payments may be repatriated based on the exchange rate at the time of disbursement, and restrictions on capital flows may be imposed.

Certain non-U.S. issuers in which the Funds, and in particular the International Real Estate Fund, may invest may be treated as passive foreign investment companies (PFICs). Investments in PFICs may decrease the tax efficiency of a Fund. For a more detailed discussion of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of a Fund's investment in PFICs, please see the section titled "Taxes."

Set forth below for certain markets in which the Funds may invest are brief descriptions of some of the conditions and risks in each such market.

INVESTMENTS IN EMERGING MARKETS SECURITIES. The Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend, Emerging Markets Equity Income, India Earnings and Middle East Dividend Funds invest substantially all of their assets in markets that are considered to be emerging. WisdomTree Global Equity Income and World ex-U.S. Growth Funds also invest a portion of their assets in emerging market securities. Investing in securities listed and traded in emerging markets may be subject to additional risks associated with emerging market economies.

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Such risks may include: (i) greater market volatility; (ii) lower trading volume; (iii) greater social, political and economic uncertainty; (iv) governmental controls on foreign investments and limitations on repatriation of invested capital; (v) the risk that companies may be held to lower disclosure, corporate governance, auditing and financial reporting standards than companies in more developed markets; and (vi) the risk that there may be less protection of property rights than in other countries. Emerging markets are generally less liquid and less efficient than developed securities markets.

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INVESTMENTS IN FRONTIER MARKETS SECURITIES. The Middle East Dividend Fund invests in countries that are generally considered to be frontier markets. The economies of frontier markets included in the WisdomTree Middle East Dividend Index (i.e., Bahrain, Egypt, Jordan, Kuwait, Morocco, Oman, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates) generally have lower trading volumes and greater potential for illiquidity and price volatility than more developed markets. These markets have a smaller number of issuers and participants and therefore may also be affected to a greater extent by the actions of a small number of issuers and investors. A significant change in cash flows investing in these markets could have a substantial effect on local stock prices and, therefore, prices of Fund shares. Investments in certain frontier market countries are restricted or controlled to varying extents. At times, these restrictions or controls may limit or prevent foreign investment and/or increase the investment costs and expenses of the Fund. Frontier markets may be subject to greater political instability, threat of war or terrorism and government intervention than more developed markets, including many emerging market economies. Frontier markets generally are not as correlated to global economic cycles as those of more developed countries. These and other factors make investing in the frontier market countries significantly riskier than investing in developed market and emerging market countries.

Certain frontier countries impose additional restrictions, such as requiring governmental approval prior to investments by foreign persons, limiting the amount of investments by foreign persons in a particular issuer, limiting investments by foreign persons to a particular class of securities of an issuer that may have less advantageous rights than other classes, and imposing additional taxes. For countries that require prior government approval, delays in obtaining such approval would delay investments, and consequently the Fund may be unable to invest in all of the securities included in the Index until such approval is final. This could increase Index tracking error. Some frontier countries may also limit investment in issuers in industries considered essential to national interests and may require governmental approval for the repatriation of investment income, capital or the proceeds of security sales by foreign investors, including the Fund. Some frontier country governments may levy certain taxes on dividend and interest income. Although in some countries a portion of these taxes are recoverable, the non-recovered portion of foreign withholding taxes will decrease the income generated from investments in such countries.

Some banks that are eligible foreign sub-custodians in frontier markets may have been organized only recently or may otherwise not have extensive operating experience. There may also be legal restrictions or limitations on the ability of the Fund to recover assets held in custody by a foreign sub-custodian, such as in cases where the sub-custodian becomes bankrupt. Settlement systems may not be as established as in developed markets or even emerging markets. As a result, settlements may be delayed and cash or Fund securities may be jeopardized because of system defects. In addition, the laws of certain countries in which the Fund invests may require the Fund to release local shares before receiving cash payment, or to make cash payment before receiving local shares. This increases the risk of loss to the Fund.

The Fund invests in some frontier countries that use share blocking. Share blocking refers to the practice of predicating voting rights related to an issuer's securities on those securities being blocked from trading at the custodian or sub-custodian level for a period of time near the date of a shareholder meeting. Such restrictions have the potential to effectively prevent securities from being voted and from trading within a specified number of days before, and in some cases after, the shareholder meeting. Share blocking may preclude the Fund from purchasing or selling securities for a period of time. During the time that shares are blocked, trades in such securities will not settle. Although practices may vary by market, a blocking period may last from one day to several weeks. Once blocked, the block may be removed only by withdrawing a previously cast vote or abstaining from voting completely, a process that may be burdensome. In certain countries, the block cannot be removed. Share blocking may impose operational difficulties on the Fund, including the potential effect that a block would have on pending trades. Share blocking may cause pending trades to fail or remain unsettled for an extended period of time. Trade failures may also expose the transfer agent and the Fund to situations in which a counterparty may have the right to go to market, buy a security at the current market price and have any additional expense borne by the Fund or transfer agent if the counterparty is unable to deliver shares after a certain period of time. The Adviser, on behalf of the Fund, reserves the right to abstain from voting proxies in share blocking proxy markets. These and other factors could have a negative impact on Fund performance.

INVESTMENTS IN AUSTRALIA. Certain of the International Funds may invest in companies organized and listed in Australia. The Pacific ex-Japan Total Dividend Fund and the Pacific ex-Japan Equity Income Fund generally invest a relatively large percentage of their assets in companies organized in Australia. The economy of Australia is heavily dependent on the demand for natural resources and agricultural products. Conditions that weaken demand for such products worldwide could have a negative impact on the Australian economy as a whole. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

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INVESTMENTS IN BRAZIL. Certain of the International Funds may invest in companies organized and listed in Brazil. Investing in securities of Brazilian companies involves certain considerations not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. companies or the U.S. government, including (i) investment and repatriation controls, which could affect the Fund's ability to operate, and to qualify for, the favorable tax treatment afforded to regulated investment companies for U.S. Federal income tax purposes; (ii) fluctuations in the rate of exchange between the Brazilian Real and the U.S. Dollar; (iii) the generally greater price volatility and lesser liquidity that characterize Brazilian securities markets, as compared with U.S. markets; (iv) the effect that a trade deficit could have on economic stability and the Brazilian government's economic policy; (v) high rates of inflation; (vi) governmental involvement in and influence on the private sector; (vii) Brazilian accounting, auditing and financial standards and requirements, which differ from those in the United States; and (viii) political and other considerations, including changes in applicable Brazilian tax laws. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

INVESTMENTS IN CANADA. Certain of the International Funds may invest in companies organized and listed in Canada. The U.S. is Canada's largest trading partner and foreign investor. As a result, changes to the U.S. economy may significantly affect the Canadian economy. The economy of Canada is also heavily dependent on the demand for natural resources and agricultural products. Conditions that weaken demand for such products worldwide could have a negative impact on the Canadian economy as a whole. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

INVESTMENTS IN CHINA AND HONG KONG. Certain of the International Funds may invest in securities listed and traded on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. In addition to the aforementioned risks of investing in non-U.S. securities, investing in securities listed and traded in Hong Kong involves special considerations not typically associated with investing in countries with more democratic governments or more established economies or securities markets. Such risks may include: (i) the risk of nationalization or expropriation of assets or confiscatory taxation; (ii) greater social, economic and political uncertainty (including the risk of war); (iii) dependency on exports and the corresponding importance of international trade; (iv) the increasing competition from Asia's other low-cost emerging economies; (v) currency exchange rate fluctuations and the lack of available currency hedging instruments; (vi) higher rates of inflation; (vii) controls on foreign investment and limitations on repatriation of invested capital and on the Fund's ability to exchange local currencies for U.S. dollars; (viii) greater governmental involvement in and control over the economy; (ix) the risk that the Chinese government may decide not to continue to support the economic reform programs implemented since 1978 and could return to the prior, completely centrally planned, economy; (x) the fact that Chinese companies, particularly those located in China, may be smaller, less seasoned and newly-organized; (xi) the differences in, or lack of, auditing and financial reporting standards which may result in unavailability of material information about issuers, particularly in China; (xii) the fact that statistical information regarding the economy of China may be inaccurate or not comparable to statistical information regarding the U.S. or other economies; (xiii) the less extensive, and still developing, regulation of the securities markets, business entities and commercial transactions; (xiv) the fact that the settlement period of securities transactions in foreign markets may be longer; (xv) the willingness and ability of the Chinese government to support the Chinese and Hong Kong economies and markets is uncertain; (xvi) the risk that it may be more difficult, or impossible, to obtain and/or enforce a judgment than in other countries; (xvii) the rapidity and erratic nature of growth, particularly in China, resulting in inefficiencies and dislocations; (xviii) the risk that, because of the degree of interconnectivity between the economies and financial markets of China and Hong Kong, any sizable reduction in the demand for goods from China, or an economic downturn in China, could negatively affect the economy and financial market of Hong Kong as well; and (xix) the risk that certain companies in the Fund's Index may have dealings with countries subject to sanctions or embargoes imposed by the U.S. government or identified as state sponsors of terrorism.

Investments in Hong Kong are also subject to certain political risks. Following the establishment of the People's Republic of China by the Communist Party in 1949, the Chinese government renounced various debt obligations incurred by China's predecessor governments, which obligations remain in default, and expropriated assets without compensation. There can be no assurance that the Chinese government will not take similar action in the future. An investment in the Fund involves risk of a total loss. China has committed by treaty to preserve Hong Kong's autonomy and its economic, political and social freedoms for 50 years from the July 1, 1997 transfer of sovereignty from Great Britain to China. However, if China would exert its authority so as to alter the economic, political or legal structures or the existing social policy of Hong Kong, investor and business confidence in Hong Kong could be negatively affected, which in turn could negatively affect markets and business performance. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

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INVESTMENTS IN FRANCE. Certain of the International Funds may invest in companies organized and listed in France. France is a member of the European Economic and Monetary Union (EMU). EMU member countries share coordinated economic policies and a common currency. As a result, the economy of France may be significantly affected by changes in the economies of the EMU members or other European countries. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund s performance.

INVESTMENTS IN GERMANY. Certain of the International Funds may invest in companies organized and listed in Germany. Germany is a member of the EMU. EMU member countries share coordinated economic policies and a common currency. As a result, the economy of Germany may be significantly affected by changes in the economies of the EMU members or other European countries. Challenges related to the rebuilding of infrastructure and unemployment in the former area of East Germany may also impact the economy of Germany. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund s performance.

INVESTMENTS IN INDIA. The India Earnings Fund, Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Fund, Global Equity Income Fund and World ex-U.S. Growth Fund invest in securities listed and traded in India. Investments in India may be more volatile and less liquid and may offer higher potential for gains and losses than investments in more developed markets. Economic and political structures in India may lack the stability of those of more developed nations. Unanticipated political or social developments in India and surrounding regions may affect the value of a Fund s investments and the value of Fund shares. Although the government has recently begun to institute economic reform policies, there can be no assurance that it will continue to pursue such policies or, if it does, that such policies will succeed. Monsoons and other natural disasters in India and surrounding regions also can affect the value of Fund investments.

The laws relating to limited liability of corporate shareholders, fiduciary duties of officers and directors, and the bankruptcy of state enterprises are generally less well developed than or different from such laws in the United States. It may be more difficult to obtain a judgment in Indian courts than it is in the United States.

The market for securities in India may be less liquid and transparent than the markets in more developed countries. In addition, strict restrictions on foreign investment may decrease the liquidity of a Fund s portfolio or inhibit the Fund s ability to achieve its investment objective. A Fund may be unable to buy or sell securities or receive full value for such securities. Settlement of securities transactions in the Indian subcontinent are subject to risk of loss, may be delayed and are generally less efficient than in the United States. In addition, disruptions due to work stoppages and trading improprieties in these securities markets have caused such markets to close. If extended closings were to occur in stock markets where the Fund was heavily invested, a Fund s ability to redeem Fund shares could become correspondingly impaired. Each of these events could have a negative impact on the liquidity and value of the Fund s investments. To mitigate these risks, a Fund may maintain a higher cash position than it otherwise would, or a Fund may have to sell more liquid securities which it would not otherwise choose to sell, possibly diluting its return and inhibiting its ability to track its Index.

In recent years, exchange-listed companies in the technology sector and related sectors (such as software) have grown so as to represent a significant portion of the total capitalization of the Indian market. The value of these companies will generally fluctuate in response to technological and regulatory developments. The stock markets in the region are undergoing a period of growth and change, which may result in trading or price volatility and difficulties in the settlement and recording of transactions, and in interpreting and applying the relevant laws and regulations. The securities industries in these countries are comparatively underdeveloped, and stockbrokers and other intermediaries may not perform as well as their counterparts in the United States and other more developed securities markets. In some cases, physical delivery of securities in small lots has been required in India and a shortage of vault capacity and trained personnel has existed among qualified custodial Indian banks. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund s performance.

INVESTMENTS IN JAPAN. Certain of the international Funds may invest in companies organized and listed in Japan. The Japanese economy is characterized by government intervention and protectionism, an unstable financial services sector, and relatively high unemployment. Economic growth is heavily dependent on international trade, government support and consistent government policy. Slowdowns in the economies of key trading partners such as the United States, China and countries in Southeast Asia could have a negative impact on the Japanese economy as a whole. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund s performance.

INVESTMENTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST. The Middle East Dividend Fund invests in companies organized and listed in Bahrain, Egypt, Jordan, Kuwait, Morocco, Oman, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates. Countries in the Middle East may be affected by political instability, war or the threat of war, regional instability, terrorist activities and religious, ethnic and/or socioeconomic unrest. Markets in the Middle East generally have lower trading volumes and greater potential for illiquidity and price volatility than more developed markets. These markets also have a smaller number of issuers and participants and therefore may also be affected to a greater extent by the actions of a small number of issuers and investors. A significant change in cash flows investing in these markets could have a substantial effect on local stock prices. Some Middle Eastern countries prohibit or impose substantial restrictions on investments in their capital markets, particularly their equity markets, by foreign entities such as the Fund. For example, certain countries may require governmental approval prior to investment by foreign persons or limit the amount of investment by foreign persons in a particular issuer. They may also limit the investment by foreign persons to only a specific

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class of securities of an issuer that may have less advantageous terms (including price) than securities of the issuer available for purchase by nationals. The manner in which foreign investors may invest in companies in certain Middle Eastern countries, as well as limitations on those investments, may have an adverse impact on the operations of the Fund. For example, the Fund may be required in certain of these countries to invest initially through a local broker or other entity and then have the shares that were purchased re-registered in the name of the Fund. Re-registration in some instances may not be possible on a timely basis. This may result in a delay during which the Fund may be denied certain of its rights as an investor, including rights as to dividends or to be made aware of certain corporate actions. The legal systems in certain Middle Eastern countries may have an adverse impact on the Fund. For example, the potential liability of a shareholder in a U.S. corporation with respect to acts of the corporation generally is limited to the amount of the shareholder's investment. However, the notion of limited liability is less clear in certain Middle Eastern countries. The Fund therefore may be liable

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in certain Middle Eastern countries for the acts of a corporation in which it invests for an amount greater than the Fund's actual investment in that corporation. Similarly, the rights of investors in Middle Eastern issuers may be more limited than those of shareholders of a U.S. corporation. It may be difficult or impossible to obtain and/or enforce a judgment in a Middle Eastern country. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

INVESTMENTS IN SINGAPORE. Certain of the International Funds may invest in companies organized and listed in Singapore. The economy of Singapore is heavily dependent on international trade and export. Conditions that weaken demand for such products worldwide or in the Asian region could have a negative and significant impact on the Singaporean economy as a whole. In addition, the economy of Singapore may be particularly vulnerable to external market changes because of its smaller size. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

INVESTMENTS IN SOUTH AFRICA. The Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Fund, Global Equity Income Fund and World ex-U.S. Growth Fund may invest in companies organized and listed in South Africa. Although South Africa is a developing country with a solid economic infrastructure (in some regards rivaling other developed countries) certain issues, such as unemployment, access to health care, limited economic opportunity, and other financial constraints, continue to present obstacles to full economic development. There can be no assurance that initiatives by the government to address these issues will achieve the desired results. South Africa's currency may be vulnerable to devaluation. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

INVESTMENTS IN SOUTH KOREA. The Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Fund, Global Equity Income Fund and World ex-U.S. Growth Fund may invest in companies organized and listed in South Korea. The economy of South Korea is heavily dependent on exports and the demand for certain finished goods. South Korea's main industries include electronics, automobile production, chemicals, shipbuilding, steel, textiles, clothing, footwear, and food processing. Conditions that weaken demand for such products worldwide or in other Asian countries could have a negative impact on the South Korean economy as a whole. Relations with North Korea could also have a significant impact on the economy of South Korea. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

INVESTMENTS IN TAIWAN. The Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Fund, Global Equity Income Fund and World ex-U.S. Growth Fund may invest in companies organized and listed in Taiwan. The economy of Taiwan is heavily dependent on exports. Currency fluctuations, increasing competition from Asia's other emerging economies, and conditions that weaken demand for Taiwan's export products worldwide could have a negative impact on the Taiwanese economy as a whole. Concerns over Taiwan's history of political contention and its current relationship with China may also have a significant impact on the economy of Taiwan. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

INVESTMENTS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM. Certain of the International Funds invest in companies organized and listed in the United Kingdom. The United Kingdom has one of the largest economies in Europe and trades heavily with other European countries. The economy of the United Kingdom may be impacted by changes to the economic health of other European countries. These and other factors could have a negative impact on a Fund's performance.

PARTICIPATION CERTIFICATES. The Middle East Dividend Fund, India Earnings Fund, Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund, Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Fund, Global Equity Income Fund and World ex-U.S. Growth Fund may invest in participation certificates (Participation Certificates) as a substitute for investing directly in securities included in their respective WisdomTree Indexes. These instruments are also referred to as Participation Notes. Participation Certificates are certificates or notes issued by banks or broker-dealers and are designed to provide returns corresponding to the performance of an underlying equity security or market. Participation Certificates are subject to the risk that the issuer of the note will default on its obligation, in which case the Fund could lose the entire value of its investment. The use of Participation Certificates can increase tracking error relative to the Index. A holder of a Participation Certificate that is linked to an underlying security may receive any dividends paid in connection with the underlying security. However, a holder of a Participation Certificate does not have voting rights, as the holder would if it owned the underlying security directly. Investing in a Participation Certificate may subject the Funds to counterparty risk. In addition, there can be no assurance that the trading price of a Participation Certificate will be equal to the underlying value of the company or market that it seeks to replicate. The Fund will be relying on the creditworthiness of the counterparty issuing the Participation Certificate and would lose its investment if such counterparty became insolvent. The Fund will have no rights against the issuer of the underlying security. A Participation Certificate may also include transaction costs in addition to those applicable to a direct investment in securities. The markets on which the Participation Certificates are traded may be less liquid than the markets for other securities due to liquidity and transfer restrictions. The markets for Participation Certificates typically are over the counter and may be less transparent than the markets for listed securities. This may limit the availability of pricing information and may make it more difficult for the Fund to accurately value its investments in Participation Certificates. This may increase tracking error relative to the Index.

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REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS. Each Fund may invest in the securities of real estate investment trusts (REITs) to the extent allowed by law. Risks associated with investments in securities of REITs include: decline in the value of real estate, risks related to general and local economic conditions, overbuilding and increased competition, increases in property taxes and operating expenses, changes in zoning laws, casualty or condemnation losses, variations in rental income, changes in neighborhood values, the appeal of properties to tenants, and increases in interest rates. In addition, equity REITs may be affected by changes in the values of the underlying property owned by the trusts, while mortgage REITs may be affected by the quality of credit extended. REITs are dependent upon management skills, may not be diversified and are subject to the risks of financing projects. REITs are also subject to heavy cash-flow dependency, defaults by borrowers, self liquidation and the possibility of failing to qualify for tax-free pass-through of income and net gains under the Code, and to maintain exemption from the 1940 Act. If an issuer of debt securities collateralized by real estate defaults, it is conceivable that the REITs could end up holding the underlying real estate.

REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS. Each Fund may enter into repurchase agreements with counterparties that are deemed to present acceptable credit risks. A repurchase agreement is a transaction in which a Fund purchases securities or other obligations from a bank or securities dealer (or its affiliate) and simultaneously commits to resell them to a counterparty at an agreed-upon date or upon demand and at a price reflecting a market rate of interest unrelated to the coupon rate or maturity of the purchased obligations. A Fund maintains custody of the underlying obligations prior to their repurchase, either through its regular custodian or through a special triparty custodian or sub-custodian that maintains separate accounts for both the Fund and its counterparty. Thus, the obligation of the counterparty to pay the repurchase price on the date agreed to or upon demand is, in effect, secured by such obligations.

Repurchase agreements carry certain risks not associated with direct investments in securities, including a possible decline in the market value of the underlying obligations. If their value becomes less than the repurchase price, plus any agreed upon additional amount, the counterparty must provide additional collateral so that at all times the collateral is at least equal to the repurchase price plus any agreed upon additional amount. The difference between the total amount to be received upon repurchase of the obligations and the price that was paid by a Fund upon acquisition is accrued as interest and included in its net investment income. Repurchase agreements involving obligations other than U.S. government securities (such as commercial paper and corporate bonds) may be subject to special risks and may not have the benefit of certain protections in the event of the counterparty's insolvency. If the seller or guarantor becomes insolvent, the Fund may suffer delays, costs and possible losses in connection with the disposition of collateral.

REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS. Each Fund may enter into reverse repurchase agreements, which involve the sale of securities held by a Fund subject to its agreement to repurchase the securities at an agreed upon date or upon demand and at a price reflecting a market rate of interest. Reverse repurchase agreements are subject to each Fund's limitation on borrowings and may be entered into only with banks or securities dealers or their affiliates. While a reverse repurchase agreement is outstanding, a Fund will maintain the segregation, either on its records or with the Trust's custodian, of cash or other liquid securities, marked to market daily, in an amount at least equal to its obligations under the reverse repurchase agreement.

Reverse repurchase agreements involve the risk that the buyer of the securities sold by a Fund might be unable to deliver them when that Fund seeks to repurchase. If the buyer of securities under a reverse repurchase agreement files for bankruptcy or becomes insolvent, the buyer or trustee or receiver may receive an extension of time to determine whether to enforce a Fund's obligation to repurchase the securities, and the Fund's use of the proceeds of the reverse repurchase agreement may effectively be restricted pending such decision.

SECURITIES LENDING. Each Fund may lend portfolio securities to certain creditworthy borrowers, including the Funds' securities lending agent. Loans of portfolio securities provide the Funds with the opportunity to earn additional income on the Fund's portfolio securities. All securities loans will be made pursuant to agreements requiring the loans to be continuously secured by collateral in cash, or money market instruments, or money market funds at least equal at all times to the market value of the loaned securities. The borrower pays to the Funds an amount equal to any dividends or interest received on loaned securities. The Funds retain all or a portion of the interest received on investment of cash collateral or receive a fee from the borrower. Lending portfolio securities involves risks of delay in recovery of the loaned securities or in some cases loss of rights in the collateral should the borrower fail financially. Furthermore, because of the risks of delay in recovery, the Fund may lose the opportunity to sell the securities at a desirable price. A Fund will generally not have the right to vote securities while they are being loaned.

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SWAP AGREEMENTS. Each Fund may engage in swap transactions. Swap agreements can be individually negotiated and structured to include exposure to a variety of different types of investments or market factors. Depending on their structure, swap agreements may increase or decrease a Fund's exposure to long or short-term interest rates (in the United States or abroad), foreign currency values, mortgage securities, corporate borrowing rates, or other factors such as security prices or inflation rates. Swap agreements can take many different forms and are known by a variety of names.

Swap agreements will tend to shift a Fund's investment exposure from one type of investment to another. For example, if the Fund agreed to exchange payments in dollars for payments in foreign currency, the swap agreement would tend to decrease the Fund's exposure to U.S. interest rates and increase its exposure to foreign currency and interest rates. Caps and floors have an effect similar to buying or writing options. Depending on how they are used, swap agreements may increase or decrease the overall volatility of a Fund's investments and its share price.

Swap agreements also may allow a Fund to acquire or reduce credit exposure to a particular issuer. The most significant factor in the performance of swap agreements is the change in the factors that determine the amounts of payments due to and from a Fund. If a swap agreement calls for payments by the Fund, the Fund must be prepared to make such payments when due. If a swap counterparty's creditworthiness declines, the risk that such counterparty may not perform may increase, potentially resulting in a loss to the Fund. A Fund may be able to reduce or eliminate its exposure under a swap agreement either by assignment or other disposition, or by entering into an offsetting swap agreement with the same party or a similarly creditworthy party. There is no guarantee these strategies will be successful.

TRACKING STOCKS. Each Fund may invest in tracking stocks. A tracking stock is a separate class of common stock whose value is linked to a specific business unit or operating division within a larger company and which is designed to track the performance of such business unit or division. The tracking stock may pay dividends to shareholders independent of the parent company. The parent company, rather than the business unit or division, generally is the issuer of tracking stock. However, holders of the tracking stock may not have the same rights as holders of the company's common stock.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS. The Board may, in the future, authorize each Fund to invest in securities contracts and investments other than those listed in this SAI and in each Fund's Prospectus, provided they are consistent with the Fund's investment objective and do not violate any investment restrictions or policies.

PROXY VOTING POLICY

The Trust has adopted as its proxy voting policies for each Fund the proxy voting guidelines of Mellon Capital. The Trust has delegated to Mellon Capital the authority and responsibility for voting proxies on the portfolio securities held by each Fund. The remainder of this section discusses each Fund's proxy voting guidelines and Mellon Capital's role in implementing such guidelines.

Mellon Capital, through its participation on The Bank of New York Mellon (BNY Mellon) Corporation's Proxy Policy Committee (PPC), has adopted a Proxy Voting Policy, related procedures, and voting guidelines which are applied to those client accounts over which it has been delegated the authority to vote proxies. In voting proxies, Mellon Capital seeks to act solely in the best financial and economic interest of the applicable client. Mellon Capital will carefully review proposals that would limit shareholder control or could affect the value of a client's investment. It will generally oppose proposals designed to insulate an issuer's management unnecessarily from the wishes of a majority of shareholders. It will generally support proposals designed to provide management with short-term insulation from outside influences so as to enable management to negotiate effectively and otherwise achieve long-term

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goals. On questions of social responsibility where economic performance does not appear to be an issue, Mellon Capital will attempt to ensure that management reasonably responds to the social issues. Responsiveness will be measured by management's efforts to address the proposal including, where appropriate, assessment of the implications of the proposal to the ongoing operations of the company. The PPC will pay particular attention to repeat issues where management has failed in its commitment in the intervening period to take actions on issues. Mellon Capital recognizes its duty to vote proxies in the best interests of its clients. Mellon Capital seeks to avoid material conflicts of interest through its participation in the PPC, which applies detailed, pre-determined proxy voting guidelines (the Voting Guidelines) in an objective and consistent manner across client accounts, based on internal and external research and recommendations provided by a third party vendor, and without consideration of any client relationship factors. Further, Mellon Capital and its affiliates engage a third party as an independent fiduciary to vote all proxies for BNY Mellon securities and affiliated mutual fund securities.

Proxy voting proposals are reviewed, categorized, analyzed and voted in accordance with the Voting Guidelines. These guidelines are reviewed periodically and updated as necessary to reflect new issues and any changes in our policies on specific issues. Items that can be categorized under the Voting Guidelines will be voted in accordance with any applicable guidelines or referred to the PPC, if the applicable guidelines so require. Proposals that cannot be categorized under the Voting Guidelines will be referred to the PPC for discussion and vote. Additionally, the PPC may review any proposal where it has identified a particular company, industry or issue for special scrutiny. With regard to voting proxies of foreign companies, Mellon Capital may weigh the cost of voting, and potential inability to sell the securities (which may occur during the voting process) against the benefit of voting the proxies to determine whether or not to vote.

In evaluating proposals regarding incentive plans and restricted stock plans, the PPC typically employs a shareholder value transfer model. This model seeks to assess the amount of shareholder equity flowing out of the company to executives as options are exercised. After determining the cost of the plan, the PPC evaluates whether the cost is reasonable based on a number of factors, including industry classification and historical performance information. The PPC generally votes against proposals that permit the repricing or replacement of stock options without shareholder approval.

A complete copy of the Proxy Voting Policy may be obtained by writing or calling: ALPS Distributors, Inc., 1290 Broadway, Suite 1100, Denver, Colorado 80203; 1-866-909-9473.

The Trust is required to disclose annually the Funds' complete proxy voting record on Form N-PX covering the period from July 1 of one year through June 30 of the next and to file Form N-PX with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) no later than August 31 of each year. The current Form N-PX for the Funds is available at no charge upon request by calling 866-909-9473 or through the Trust's website at www.wisdomtree.com. The Funds' Form N-PX is also available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

PORTFOLIO HOLDING DISCLOSURE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Trust has adopted a Portfolio Holdings Policy (the Policy) designed to govern the disclosure of Fund portfolio holdings and the use of material non-public information about Fund holdings. The Policy applies to all officers, employees, and agents of the Funds, including the WisdomTree Asset Management and Mellon Capital (together, the Advisers). The Policy is designed to ensure that the disclosure of information about each Fund's portfolio holdings is consistent with applicable legal requirements and otherwise in the best interest of each Fund.

As exchange traded funds, information about each Fund's portfolio holdings is made available on a daily basis in accordance with the provisions of any Order of the SEC applicable to the Funds, regulations of the Funds' Listing Exchange and other applicable SEC regulations, orders and no-action relief. Such information typically reflects all or a portion of a Fund's anticipated portfolio holdings as of the next Business Day. A Business Day with respect to each Fund is any day on which the national securities exchange on which the Fund is listed for trading (each a Listing Exchange) is open for business. This information is used in connection with the Creation and Redemption process and is disseminated on a daily basis through the facilities of the Listing Exchange, the National Securities Clearing Corporation (NSCC) and/or third party service providers.

Each Fund may disclose on the Funds' website at the start of each Business Day the identities and quantities of the securities and other assets held by each Fund that will form the basis of the Fund's calculation of its NAV on that Business Day. The portfolio holdings so disclosed will be based on information as of the close of business on the prior Business Day and/or trades that have been completed prior to the opening of business on that Business Day and that are expected to settle on that Business Day.

Daily access to each Fund's portfolio holdings is permitted to personnel of the Advisers, the Funds' distributor and the Funds' administrator, custodian and accountant and other agents or service providers of the Trust who have need of such information in connection with the ordinary course of their respective duties to the Funds. The Funds' Chief Compliance Officer may authorize disclosure of portfolio holdings.

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Each Fund may disclose its complete portfolio holdings or a portion of its portfolio holdings online at www.wisdomtree.com. Online disclosure of such holdings is publicly available at no charge.

Each Fund will disclose its complete portfolio holdings schedule in public filings with the SEC on a quarterly basis, based on the Fund's fiscal year, within sixty (60) days of the end of the quarter, and will provide that information to shareholders, as required by federal securities laws and regulations thereunder.

No person is authorized to disclose a Fund's portfolio holdings or other investment positions except in accordance with the Policy. The Trust's Board reviews the implementation of the Policy on a periodic basis.

DESCRIPTION OF THE WISDOMTREE INDEXES

Brief descriptions of the Indexes on which the Funds are based and the equity markets in which the Funds invest are provided below. Additional information about each Index, including the components and weightings of the Indexes, as well as the rules that govern inclusion and weighting in each of the Indexes is available at www.wisdomtree.com.

Component Selection Criteria. In order to be included in one of the WisdomTree Dividend Indexes, a company must pay regular cash dividends on shares of its common stock. Companies must also meet certain liquidity requirements. For example, a company generally must have a minimum market capitalization of \$100 million as of the Index measurement date (defined below) and have an average daily dollar volume traded of at least \$100,000 for the three months prior to the Index measurement date. Some Indexes have higher minimum capitalization and liquidity requirements. To be included in one of the U.S. Dividend Indexes, a company must be incorporated in the United States (including Puerto Rico), and must list its shares on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), or the NASDAQ. To be included in one of the non-U.S. Indexes, a company must list its shares on a major non-U.S. stock exchange and be organized outside of the United States. Common stocks, real estate investment trusts, tracking stocks, and holding companies are eligible for inclusion in each Index. Limited partnerships, limited liability companies, mortgage REITS, royalty trusts, preferred stocks, closed-end funds, ETFs, PFICs and derivative securities, such as warrants and rights, are not eligible (though PFICs are eligible to be included in the International Real Estate Fund).

In order to be included in one of the WisdomTree Domestic Earnings Indexes, a company must: (i) be incorporated in the United States (including Puerto Rico), (ii) be listed on the NYSE, NASDAQ, (iii) have generated positive earnings on a cumulative basis in its most recent four fiscal quarters preceding the Index measurement date, (iv) have a market capitalization of at least \$100 million on the Index measurement date, (v) have an average daily dollar volume of at least \$200,000 for each of the six months prior to the Index measurement date, and (vi) have a price to earnings ratio (P/E ratio) of at least two as of the Index measurement date. Companies are weighted in the Index based on their earnings over their most recent four fiscal quarters preceding the Index measurement date. For these purposes, earnings are determined using a company's

Core Earnings. Core Earnings is a standardized calculation of earnings developed by S&P that is designed to include expenses, incomes and activities that reflect the actual profitability of a company's ongoing operations. Common stocks, tracking stocks, and holding companies are eligible for inclusion. REITS, ADRs, GDRs and EDRs are excluded, as are limited partnerships, limited liability companies, royalty trusts, preferred stocks, closed-end funds, ETFs and derivative securities, such as warrants and rights, are not eligible.

The WisdomTree India Earnings Index, the WisdomTree LargeCap Growth Index and the LargeCap Value Index each use a slightly different approach from the indexes described above. These three indexes are described in more detail below.

Annual Index Reconstitution. The WisdomTree Indexes are reconstituted on an annual basis. New securities are added to the Indexes only during the annual reconstitution. The annual reconstitution of the Domestic Dividend and Earnings Indexes takes place at the end of November and the beginning of December each year, except that the annual reconstitution of the WisdomTree LargeCap Growth and LargeCap Value Indexes takes place in March. The annual reconstitution of the International Indexes takes place at the end of May and the beginning of June each year, except that the annual reconstitution of the WisdomTree India Earnings Index takes place at the end of August and the beginning of September each year.

During the annual reconstitution, securities are screened to determine whether they comply with WisdomTree's proprietary Index methodology and are eligible to be included in an Index. This date is sometimes referred to as the Index measurement date or the Screening Point. Based on this screening, securities that meet Index requirements are added to the applicable Index and securities that do not meet such requirements are dropped from the applicable Index. A preliminary Index is made publicly available based on this information. The Weighting Date is the date when the final weights of each component security of each Index are established. This is determined after the close of trading on the third Wednesday of December for the Domestic Dividend and Earnings Indexes and after the close of trading on the third Wednesday of June for the International Indexes. The final index constituents and their respective weightings are made publicly available at this time. The final Index constituents and final constituent weightings go into effect immediately before the opening of trading on the Monday following the Weighting

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Date. This is sometimes referred to as the Reconstitution Date.

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Index Maintenance. Index maintenance occurs throughout the year and includes monitoring and implementing the adjustments for company additions and deletions, stock splits, corporate restructurings and other corporate actions. Corporate actions are generally implemented after the close of trading on the day prior to the ex-date of such corporate actions. To the extent reasonably practicable, such changes will be announced at least two days prior to their implementation.

Should any company achieve a weighting equal to or greater than 24% of an Index, its weighting will be reduced at the close of the current calendar quarter and other components in the Index will be rebalanced. Moreover, should the collective weight of Index component securities whose individual current weights equal or exceed 5% of an Index, when added together, exceed 50% of such Index, the weightings in those component securities will be reduced so that their collective weight equals 40% of the Index as of the close of the current calendar quarter, and other components in the Index will be rebalanced.

Index Availability. Each WisdomTree Index is calculated and disseminated throughout each day the NYSE is open for trading.

Changes to the Index Methodology. The WisdomTree Indexes are governed by a published, rules-based methodology. Changes to the methodology will be publicly disclosed at www.wisdomtreeindexes.com prior to implementation. Sixty (60) days prior notice will be given prior to the implementation of any such change.

Index Calculation Agent. In order to minimize any potential for conflicts caused by the fact that WisdomTree Investments and its affiliates act as Index provider and investment adviser to the Funds, WisdomTree Investments has retained an unaffiliated third party to calculate each Index (the Calculation Agent). The Calculation Agent, using the rules-based methodology, will calculate, maintain and disseminate the Indexes on a daily basis. WisdomTree Investments will monitor the results produced by the Calculation Agent to help ensure that the Indexes are being calculated in accordance with the rules-based methodology. In addition, WisdomTree Investments and WisdomTree Asset Management have established policies and procedures designed to prevent non-public information about pending changes to the Indexes from being used or disseminated in an improper manner. Furthermore, WisdomTree Investments and WisdomTree Asset Management have established policies and procedures designed to prevent improper use and dissemination of non-public information about the Funds' portfolio strategies and to prevent the Funds' portfolio managers from having any influence on the construction of the Index methodology.

WISDOMTREE DOMESTIC DIVIDEND INDEXES

WisdomTree Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 1,122

Index Description. The WisdomTree Dividend Index measures the performance of U.S. companies that pay regular cash dividends on shares of their common stock. Each Domestic Dividend Index is derived from the WisdomTree Dividend Index.

WisdomTree Equity Income Index

Number of Components: approximately 289

Index Description. The WisdomTree Equity Income Index measures the performance of the highest yielding stocks within the WisdomTree Dividend Index that meet specified requirements as of the Index measurement date. The Index is created by selecting from the WisdomTree Dividend Index those companies with market capitalizations of at least \$200 million and average daily trading volumes of at least \$200,000 for the three months prior to the Index measurement date. The top 30% of these companies ranked by dividend yield are included in the Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on their projected cash dividends as of the Index measurement date. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree Dividend ex-Financials Index

Number of Components: approximately 87

Index Description. The WisdomTree Dividend ex-Financials Index measures the performance of high dividend-yielding U.S. stocks outside the financial sector. Stocks selected for the Index are chosen from the 300 largest non-financial companies listed on major U.S. stock exchanges. To ensure that no one sector dominates the weight of the portfolio, the 10 highest dividend-yielding stocks from each of the remaining sectors are selected for inclusion. Components in the Index are weighted annually, based on dividend yield. The Index includes large-capitalization and

mid-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree LargeCap Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 289

Index Description. The WisdomTree LargeCap Dividend Index measures performance of companies that pay regular cash dividends from the large-capitalization segment of the WisdomTree Dividend Index. The Index consists of the 300 companies in the WisdomTree Dividend Index with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date. Companies in the Index are weighted based on their projected cash dividends as of the Index measurement date. The Index consists of large-capitalization securities.

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WisdomTree MidCap Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 350

Index Description. The WisdomTree MidCap Dividend Index measures the performance of companies that pay regular cash dividends from the mid-capitalization segment of the WisdomTree Dividend Index. The Index is created by first removing the 300 companies with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date from the WisdomTree Dividend Index. Those companies that comprise the top 75% of the remaining market capitalization of the WisdomTree Dividend Index as of the Index measurement date are included in the WisdomTree MidCap Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on their projected cash dividends as of the Index measurement date. The Index includes primarily mid-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree SmallCap Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 483

Index Description. The WisdomTree SmallCap Dividend Index measures the performance of companies that pay regular cash dividends from the small-capitalization segment of the WisdomTree Dividend Index. The Index is created by first removing the 300 companies with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date from the WisdomTree Dividend Index. Those companies that comprise the bottom 25% of the remaining market capitalization of the Dividend Index as of the Index measurement date are included in the WisdomTree SmallCap Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on their projected cash dividends as of the Index measurement date. The Index includes primarily small-capitalization securities.

WISDOMTREE EARNINGS INDEXES

WisdomTree Earnings Index

Number of Components: approximately 1,957

Index Description. The WisdomTree Earnings Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of earnings-generating companies within the broad U.S. stock market. The Index consists of companies that: (i) are incorporated in the United States (including Puerto Rico), (ii) are listed on the NYSE, NASDAQ Global Select, or NASDAQ Global Market (the "NASDAQ Market"), (iii) have generated positive earnings on a cumulative basis in their most recent four fiscal quarters preceding the Index measurement date, (iv) have a market capitalization of at least \$100 million on the Index measurement date, (v) have an average daily dollar volume of at least \$200,000 for each of the six months prior to the Index measurement date, and (vi) have a price to earnings ratio ("P/E ratio") of at least 2 as of the Index measurement date. Companies are weighted in the Index based on their earnings over their most recent four fiscal quarters preceding the Index measurement date. For these purposes, earnings are determined using a company's Core Earnings. Core Earnings is a standardized calculation of earnings developed by S&P that is designed to include expenses, incomes and activities that reflect the actual profitability of a company's ongoing operations. Companies are weighted in the Index based on their earnings over the four quarters preceding the Index measurement date. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities and is, in this sense, an earnings-weighted index for the broad U.S. market.

WisdomTree Earnings 500 Index

Number of Components: approximately 494

Index Description. The WisdomTree Earnings 500 Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of earnings-generating companies within the large-capitalization segment of the U.S. stock market. The Index consists of the 500 largest companies ranked by market capitalization in the WisdomTree Earnings Index as of the Index measurement date. Companies are weighted in the Index based on their earnings over their most recent four fiscal quarters preceding the Index measurement date. For these purposes, earnings are determined using a company's Core Earnings. Core Earnings is a standardized calculation of earnings developed by Standard & Poor's that is designed to include expenses, incomes and activities that reflect the actual profitability of a company's ongoing operations. The Index includes primarily large-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree Earnings Top 100 Index

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Number of Components: approximately 100

Index Description. The WisdomTree Earnings Top 100 Index is a fundamentally weighted Index that measures the performance of 100 large-capitalization companies with relatively high earnings yields. The Index is created by selecting the 100 companies with the highest earnings yields from the 300 largest companies within the WisdomTree Earnings 500 Index. Unlike the other Earnings Indexes which weight companies based on aggregate earnings, the Index is weighted by earnings yield. A component company's weight in the Index at the Index measurement date is determined by its earnings yield. Earnings yield is calculated by dividing a company's trailing 12 months earnings by its market capitalization. This amount is then divided by the sum of all earnings yields for all the component companies in the Index. For these purposes, earnings are determined using a company's Core Earnings. Core Earnings is a standardized calculation of earnings developed by Standard & Poor's that is designed to include expenses, incomes and activities that reflect the actual profitability of a company's ongoing operations. The Index includes primarily large-capitalization securities.

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WisdomTree MidCap Earnings Index

Number of Components: approximately 635

Index Description. The WisdomTree MidCap Earnings Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of earnings-generating companies within the mid-capitalization segment of the U.S. stock market. The Index is created by first removing the 500 companies with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date from the WisdomTree Earnings Index. Those companies that comprise the top 75% of the remaining market capitalization of the WisdomTree Earnings Index are included in the WisdomTree MidCap Earnings Index. For these purposes, Companies are weighted in the Index based on their earnings over their most recent four fiscal quarters preceding the Index measurement date. For these purposes, earnings are determined using a company's Core Earnings. Core Earnings is a standardized calculation of earnings developed by Standard & Poor's that is designed to include expenses, incomes and activities that reflect the actual profitability of a company's ongoing operations. The Index includes primarily mid-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree SmallCap Earnings Index

Number of Components: approximately 828

Index Description. The WisdomTree SmallCap Earnings Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of earnings-generating companies within the small-capitalization segment of the U.S. stock market. The Index is created by first removing the 500 companies with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date from the WisdomTree Earnings Index. Those companies that comprise the bottom 25% of the remaining market capitalization of the WisdomTree Earnings Index are included in the WisdomTree SmallCap Earnings Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on their earnings over their most recent four fiscal quarters preceding the Index measurement date. For these purposes, earnings are determined using a company's Core Earnings. Core Earnings is a standardized calculation of earnings developed by Standard & Poor's that is designed to include expenses, incomes and activities that reflect the actual profitability of a company's ongoing operations. The Index includes primarily small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree LargeCap Value Index

Number of Components: approximately 299

Index Description. The WisdomTree LargeCap Value Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of large-capitalization value companies. The WisdomTree LargeCap Value Index consists of U.S. companies that have positive cumulative earnings over the past four fiscal quarters and that meet WisdomTree Investments' market capitalization, liquidity, and other requirements as of the Index measurement date. For these purposes, earnings are determined using a company's reported net income, excluding special items, applicable to common shareholders. WisdomTree Investments creates a value score for each company based on the company's Price to Earnings Ratio, Price to Sales Ratio, and Price to Book Value and 1-year change in stock price. The top 30% of companies with the highest value scores within the 1000 largest companies by market capitalization are included in the WisdomTree LargeCap Value Index. Companies are weighted in the WisdomTree LargeCap Value Index annually based on earnings.

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WisdomTree LargeCap Growth Index

Number of Components: approximately 299

Index Description: The WisdomTree LargeCap Growth Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of growth companies within the broad U.S. stock market. The Index consists of companies that are listed on major exchanges in the United States and that pass WisdomTree Investments' market capitalization, liquidity and selection requirements. To be included in the Index, companies must have generated earnings on a cumulative basis in their prior four fiscal quarters. Of the eligible companies, the 1000 largest by market capitalization are ranked based on a score comprised of four growth metrics, which include: annual earnings per share growth; annual sales per share growth; annual book value per share growth; and annual stock price growth. The top 30% ranked by a composite of these four growth metrics are selected for inclusion. Companies are weighted in the Index based on their earnings over their most recent four fiscal quarters prior to the index measurement date, which occurs at the end of March. For these purposes, earnings are determined using a company's reported net income, excluding special items, applicable to common shareholders over their four most recent fiscal quarters.

WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL DIVIDEND INDEXES

WisdomTree DEFA Index

Number of Components: approximately 2,015

Index Description. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside of the U.S. and Canada that pay regular cash dividends on shares of common stock and that meet certain other requirements. To be included in the WisdomTree DEFA Index, companies must be incorporated in one of 16 developed-market European countries (Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, or the United Kingdom), Japan, Hong Kong, Singapore, Australia, or New Zealand, and must be listed on a major securities exchange in one of those countries. Companies must have paid at least \$5 million in cash dividends on their common stock as of the most recent Index measurement date and must also satisfy specified liquidity and other requirements. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree DEFA Equity Income Index

Number of Components: approximately 574

Index Description. The WisdomTree DEFA Equity Income Index measures the performance of the highest dividend yielding stocks within the WisdomTree DEFA Index that meet specified requirements as of the Index measurement date. The Index is created by selecting from the WisdomTree DEFA Index those companies with market capitalizations of at least \$200 million and average daily dollar trading volumes of at least \$200,000 for the three months prior to the Index measurement date. The top 30% of these companies ranked by dividend yield are included in the Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Dividend ex-Financials Index

Number of Components: approximately 89

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Dividend ex-Financials Index measures the performance of high dividend-yielding stocks in the developed world ex-U.S. and Canada, outside the financial sector. Stocks selected for the Index are chosen from the 300 largest non-financial companies listed on major developed world stock exchanges. To ensure that no one sector dominates the weight of the portfolio, the 10 highest dividend-yielding stocks from each of the remaining sectors are selected for inclusion. Components in the Index are weighted annually, based on dividend yield. The Index includes large-capitalization and mid-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International LargeCap Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 300

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Index Description. The WisdomTree International LargeCap Dividend Index measures the performance of companies that pay regular cash dividends from the large-capitalization segment of Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia. The Index is created by selecting from the WisdomTree DEFA Index the 300 companies in the Index with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes primarily large-capitalization securities.

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WisdomTree International MidCap Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 615

Index Description. The WisdomTree International MidCap Dividend Index measures the performance of companies that pay regular cash dividends from the mid-capitalization segment of markets in Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia. The Index is created by first removing from the WisdomTree DEFA Index the 300 companies with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date. Those companies that comprise the top 75% of the remaining market capitalization of this group are included in the WisdomTree International MidCap Dividend Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes primarily mid-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International SmallCap Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 1,100

Index Description. The WisdomTree International SmallCap Dividend Index measures the performance of companies that pay regular cash dividends from the small-capitalization segment of markets in Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia. The Index is created by first removing from the WisdomTree DEFA Index the 300 companies with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date. Those companies that comprise the bottom 25% of the remaining market capitalization of this group are included in the WisdomTree International SmallCap Dividend Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes primarily small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree Europe Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 891

Index Description. The WisdomTree Europe Dividend Index measures the performance of companies incorporated in 16 developed-market European countries that pay regular cash dividends on shares of common stock and meet certain other requirements. The Index is comprised of companies that are incorporated in and have their shares of common stock listed on a major stock exchange in one of the following countries: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, or the United Kingdom. Companies must have paid at least \$5 million in cash dividends on shares of their common stock as of the most recent Index measurement date and must also satisfy specified liquidity and other requirements. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree Europe SmallCap Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 327

Index Description. The WisdomTree Europe SmallCap Dividend Index measures the performance of small-capitalization companies incorporated in Western Europe that pay regular cash dividends on shares of common stock and meet specified requirements as of the Index measurement date. The Index is created by first removing from the WisdomTree Europe Dividend Index the 300 companies with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date. Those companies that comprise the bottom 25% of the remaining market capitalization of this group are included in the WisdomTree Europe SmallCap Dividend Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes primarily small-capitalization securities. In this sense, it is a dividend-weighted small-cap index for the dividend-paying segment of Western Europe.

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WisdomTree Global Equity Income Index

Number of Components: approximately 502

Index Description. The WisdomTree Global Equity Income Index, also referred to as the Global High-Yielding Equity Index, is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of high dividend-yielding companies in the U.S., developed and emerging markets. Companies in the WisdomTree Global Equity Income Index must pass WisdomTree Investments' market capitalization, liquidity, and other requirements. At the Global Equity Income Index measurement date, companies with market capitalizations of at least \$2 billion are ranked by dividend yield and those companies in the top 30% by dividend yield are selected for inclusion in the Index. Companies are weighted in the Index annually based on annual cash dividends paid. The Index is composed of primarily large-capitalization and mid-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree Japan Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 821

Index Description. The WisdomTree Japan Dividend Index measures the performance of companies incorporated in Japan that pay regular cash dividends on shares of common stock and meet certain other requirements. The Index is comprised of companies incorporated in Japan that list their shares on the Tokyo Stock Exchange. Companies must have paid at least \$5 million in cash dividends on their common stock as of the most recent Index measurement date and must also satisfy specified liquidity and other requirements. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree Japan SmallCap Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 521

Index Description. The WisdomTree Japan SmallCap Dividend Index measures the performance of small-capitalization companies incorporated in Japan that pay regular cash dividends on shares of common stock and meet specified requirements as of the Index measurement date. The Index is created by first removing the 300 companies with the highest market capitalizations as of the Index measurement date from the WisdomTree Japan Dividend Index. The remaining companies are then weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes primarily small-capitalization securities. In this sense, it is a dividend-weighted small-cap index for the dividend-paying segment of Japan.

WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Index

Number of Components: approximately 300

Index Description. The WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of growth companies in the developed and emerging markets outside of the United States. The WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Index consists of dividend paying companies that pass WisdomTree Investments' market capitalization, liquidity, and other requirements. WisdomTree Investments creates a growth score for each company based on the company's earnings per share, sales per share, book value per share and price per share. The top 30% of companies with the highest growth scores within the 1000 largest companies by market capitalization are included in the WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Index. Companies are weighted in the WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Index annually based on annual cash dividends paid.

WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Equity Income Index

Number of Components: approximately 83

Index Description. The WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Equity Income Index measures the performance of the highest dividend paying stocks within the WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Dividend Index that meet specified requirements as of the Index measurement date. The Index is created by selecting from the WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Dividend Index those companies with market capitalizations of at least \$200 million and average daily trading volumes of at least \$200,000 for the three months prior to the measurement date. The top 30% of these companies ranked by dividend yield are included in the Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

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WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 303

Index Description. The WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Dividend Index measures the performance of companies in Hong Kong, Singapore, Australia and New Zealand that pay regular cash dividends on shares of common stock and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Dividend Index is comprised of companies that are incorporated in and have their shares listed on a major stock exchange in Hong Kong, Singapore, Australia or New Zealand. Companies must have paid at least \$5 million in cash dividends on their common stock as of the most recent Index measurement date and must also satisfy specified liquidity and other requirements. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree Emerging Markets Equity Income Index

Number of Components: approximately 232

Index Description. The WisdomTree Emerging Markets Equity Income Index measures the performance of emerging market stocks with relatively high dividend yields. Companies in the Index must meet specified liquidity and other requirements as of the Index measurement date. The Index is created by selecting the top 30% of Index constituents ranked by dividend yield from the WisdomTree Emerging Markets Dividend Index. Companies eligible for inclusion in the Index must be incorporated in and have their shares listed on a major stock exchange in Argentina, Brazil, Chile, China, Czech Republic, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Israel, Malaysia, Mexico, Philippines, Poland, Russia, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand or Turkey. Companies must have paid at least \$5 million in cash dividends on their common stock in the 12 months prior to the most recent Index measurement date. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 417

Index Description. The WisdomTree Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of primarily small-capitalization stocks selected from the WisdomTree Emerging Markets Dividend Index. Companies included in the Index fall within the bottom 10% of total market capitalization of the WisdomTree Emerging Markets Dividend Index as of the annual Index measurement date. Companies eligible for inclusion in the Index must be incorporated in and have their shares listed on a major stock exchange in Argentina, Brazil, Chile, China, Czech Republic, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Israel, Malaysia, Mexico, Philippines, Poland, Russia, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand or Turkey. Companies must have paid at least \$5 million in cash dividends on their common stock in the 12 months prior to the most recent Index measurement date. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index is composed of primarily small-capitalization stocks.

WisdomTree Middle East Dividend Index

Number of Components: approximately 76

Index Description. The WisdomTree Middle East Dividend Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of companies in the Middle East region that pay regular cash dividends on shares of their common stock and that meet specified requirements as of the Index measurement date. Companies eligible for inclusion in the Index must be incorporated in and have their shares listed on a major stock exchange in Bahrain, Egypt, Jordan, Kuwait, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, or the United Arab Emirates (including Abu Dhabi and Dubai). As of the Index measurement date, shares of companies must be eligible to be purchased by foreign investors. Companies must have paid at least \$5 million in cash dividends on their common stock in the annual cycle prior to the most recent Index measurement date. Companies are ranked by market capitalization and the 100 largest companies by market capitalization are selected for inclusion. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid in the annual cycle prior to the Index measurement date. Country weights are capped so that no country's weight in the Index exceeds 33% at the annual Index measurement date.

WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL EARNINGS INDEX

WisdomTree India Earnings Index

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Number of Components: approximately 142

Index Description. The WisdomTree India Earnings Index is a fundamentally weighted index that measures the performance of profitable companies incorporated and traded in India that are eligible to be purchased by foreign investors and that meet specific other criteria developed by WisdomTree Investments. The Index consists of companies that: (i) are incorporated in India, (ii) are listed on a major stock exchange in India, (iii) have generated at least \$5 million in earnings in their fiscal year prior to the Index measurement date, (iv) have a market capitalization of at least \$200 million on the Index measurement date, (v) have an average daily dollar volume of at least \$200,000 for each of the six months prior to the Index measurement date, (vi) have traded at least 250,000 shares per month for

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each of the six months prior to the index measurement date, and (vii) have a price to earnings ratio (P/E ratio) of at least 2 as of the Index measurement date. Companies are weighted in the Index based on earnings in their fiscal year prior to the Index measurement date adjusted for a factor that takes into account shares available to foreign investors. Earnings are determined using a company's reported net income. Only common stocks and holding companies, including real estate holding companies, are eligible for inclusion in the Index. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WISDOMTREE INTERNATIONAL SECTOR INDEXES

WisdomTree International Basic Materials Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 175

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Basic Materials Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Basic Materials Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Basic Materials sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: chemicals, forest products and paper, iron/steel, and mining. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Communications Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 35

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Communications Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Communications Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Communications sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: advertising, internet, media, and telecom. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Consumer Discretionary Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 346

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Consumer Discretionary Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Consumer Discretionary Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Consumer Discretionary sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: airlines, apparel, automobiles and parts, entertainment, food service, home builders, housewares, leisure time, lodging, office furnishings, retail, textiles, and toys/games. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Consumer Staples Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 191

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Consumer Staples Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Consumer Staples Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Consumer Staples sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: agriculture, tobacco, beverages, biotechnology, commercial services, cosmetics/personal care, food, health care, pharmaceuticals, and household products. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Energy Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 54

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Energy Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia

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and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Energy Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Energy sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: oil and gas producers, oil and gas services, pipelines, alternative energy sources, and coal. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Financial Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 355

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Financial Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Financial Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Financial sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: banks, savings and loans, insurance companies, investment companies, real estate companies, and diversified financial service companies. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Health Care Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 95

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Health Care Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Health Care Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Health Care sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: health care products, health care services, pharmaceuticals, and biotechnology. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

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WisdomTree International Industrial Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 554

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Industrial Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Industrial Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Industrial sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: aerospace and defense, building materials, electronic components and equipment, engineering and construction, hand and machine tools, machinery, metal fabrication, packaging and containers, shipbuilding, transportation, and trucking and leasing. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Technology Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 139

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Technology Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Technology Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Technology sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: computers, office and business equipment, semiconductors, and software. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Utilities Sector Index

Number of Components: approximately 71

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Utilities Sector Index is derived from the WisdomTree DEFA Index. The WisdomTree DEFA Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside the U.S. (i.e., Europe, Far East Asia and Australasia) that pay regular cash dividends and meet certain other requirements. The WisdomTree International Utilities Sector Index measures the performance of companies that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being in the Utilities sector of the WisdomTree DEFA Index. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: gas, electric, and water. The Index includes large-capitalization, mid-capitalization and small-capitalization securities.

WisdomTree International Real Estate Index

Number of Components: approximately 158

Index Description. The WisdomTree International Real Estate Index measures the performance of companies in developed markets outside of the U.S. and Canada that pay regular cash dividends on shares of common stock that WisdomTree Investments classifies as being part of the International Real Estate sector. Companies in the Index must meet specified requirements as of the Index measurement date. To be included in the Index, companies must be incorporated in one of 16 developed-market European countries, Japan, Hong Kong, Singapore, Australia, or New Zealand, and must be listed on a major securities exchange in one of those countries. Companies must have paid at least \$5 million in cash dividends on their common stock in the 12 months prior to the most recent Index measurement date and must also satisfy specified liquidity and other requirements. Companies are weighted in the Index based on regular cash dividends paid. The Index includes the following types of companies: real estate operating companies, real estate development companies, and diversified REITs. The Index also includes companies that may be classified as PFICs.

INVESTMENT LIMITATIONS

The following fundamental investment policies and limitations supplement those set forth in each Fund's Prospectus. Unless otherwise noted, whenever a fundamental investment policy or limitation states a maximum percentage of a Fund's assets that may be invested in any security or other asset, or sets forth a policy regarding quality standards, such standard or percentage limitation will be determined immediately after and as a result of the Fund's acquisition of such security or other asset. Accordingly, other than with respect to a Fund's limitations on borrowings, any

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subsequent change in values, net assets, or other circumstances will not be considered when determining whether the investment complies with a Fund's investment policies and limitations.

Each Fund's fundamental investment policies cannot be changed without the approval of the holders of a majority of that Fund's outstanding voting securities as defined under the 1940 Act. Each Fund, however, may change the non-fundamental investment policies described below, its investment objective, and its underlying Index without a shareholder vote provided that it obtains Board approval and notifies its shareholders with at least sixty (60) days prior written notice of any such change.

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Fundamental Policies. The following investment policies and limitations are fundamental and may NOT be changed without shareholder approval.

Each Fund, as a fundamental investment policy, may not:

Senior Securities

Issue senior securities, except as permitted under the 1940 Act.

Borrowing

Borrow money, except as permitted under the 1940 Act.

Underwriting

Act as an underwriter of another issuer's securities, except to the extent that each Fund may be considered an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 in the disposition of portfolio securities.

Concentration

Purchase the securities of any issuer (other than securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies or instrumentalities) if, as a result, more than 25% of the Fund's total assets would be invested in the securities of companies whose principal business activities are in the same industry, except that each Fund will invest more than 25% of its total assets in securities of the same industry to approximately the same extent that each Fund's underlying Index concentrates in the securities of a particular industry or group of industries.

Real Estate

Purchase or sell real estate unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments (but this shall not prevent the Fund from investing in securities or other instruments backed by real estate, real estate investment trusts or securities of companies engaged in the real estate business).

Commodities

Purchase or sell physical commodities unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments (but this shall not prevent each Fund from purchasing or selling options and futures contracts or from investing in securities or other instruments backed by physical commodities).

Loans

Lend any security or make any other loan except as permitted under the 1940 Act.

This means that no more than 33¹/₃% of its total assets would be lent to other parties. This limitation does not apply to purchases of debt securities or to repurchase agreements, or to acquisitions of loans, loan participations or other forms of debt instruments, permissible under each Fund's investment policies.

Non-Fundamental Policies. The following investment policy is not fundamental and may be changed without shareholder approval.

Each Fund has adopted a non-fundamental investment policy in accordance with Rule 35d-1 under the 1940 Act to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in the types of securities suggested by the Fund's name, including investments that are tied economically to the particular country or geographic region suggested by the Fund's name. If, subsequent to an investment, the 80% requirement is no longer met, a Fund's future investments will be made in a manner that will bring the Fund into compliance with this policy.

CONTINUOUS OFFERING

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The method by which Creation Unit Aggregations of shares are created and traded may raise certain issues under applicable securities laws. Because new Creation Unit Aggregations of shares are issued and sold by the Funds on an ongoing basis, at any point a distribution, as such term is used in the Securities Act, may occur. Broker-dealers and other persons are cautioned that some activities on their part may, depending on the circumstances, result in their being deemed participants in a distribution in a manner which could render them statutory underwriters and subject them to the prospectus delivery requirement and liability provisions of the Securities Act.

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For example, a broker-dealer firm or its client may be deemed a statutory underwriter if it takes Creation Unit Aggregations after placing an order with the Funds distributor, breaks them down into constituent shares, and sells such shares directly to customers, or if it chooses to couple the creation of a supply of new shares with an active selling effort involving solicitation of secondary market demand for shares. A determination of whether one is an underwriter for purposes of the Securities Act must take into account all the facts and circumstances pertaining to the activities of the broker-dealer or its client in the particular case, and the examples mentioned above should not be considered a complete description of all the activities that could lead to a categorization as an underwriter.

Broker-dealer firms should also note that dealers who are not underwriters but are effecting transactions in shares, whether or not participating in the distribution of shares, generally are required to deliver a prospectus. This is because the prospectus delivery exemption in Section 4(3) of the Securities Act is not available in respect of such transactions as a result of Section 24(d) of the 1940 Act. Firms that incur a prospectus delivery obligation with respect to shares of the Funds are reminded that, pursuant to Rule 153 under the Securities Act, a prospectus delivery obligation under Section 5(b)(2) of the Securities Act owed to an exchange member in connection with the sale on the Listing Exchange is satisfied by the fact that the prospectus is available at the Listing Exchange upon request. The prospectus delivery mechanism provided in Rule 153 is only available with respect to transactions on an exchange.

MANAGEMENT OF THE TRUST**Trustees and Officers**

The Board of Trustees has responsibility for the overall management and operations of the Funds, including general supervision of the duties performed by WisdomTree Asset Management and other service providers. The Board of Trustees elects the officers of the Trust who are responsible for administering the Trust's day-to-day operations. Each Trustee serves until his or her successor is duly elected or appointed and qualified.

The address of each Trustee and Officer is c/o WisdomTree Asset Management, Inc., 380 Madison Avenue, 21st Floor, New York, NY 10017.

Interested Trustee and Officers

Name (year of birth)	Position	Term of	Principal Occupation(s) During	Number of	Other
		office			
		and			
		Length		Portfolios	Held by
		of Time		in Fund	Trustee and
			the Past 5 Years	Complex	Officers
		Served		Overseen	
		Trustee and		by Trustee	
		Officer since		and Officers+	
Jonathan Steinberg (1964)	Trustee, President*	Trustee and Officer since 2005	Chief Executive Officer of WisdomTree Investments, Inc. and Director of WisdomTree Investments, Inc. since 1989.	51	None.
Amit Muni (1969)	Treasurer, Assistant Secretary*	Officer since 2008	Chief Financial Officer and Assistant Secretary of WisdomTree Investments, Inc. since March 2008; Controller and Chief Accounting Officer of International Securities Exchange Holdings, Inc. (ISE), from 2003 to 2008.	51	None.
Richard Morris	Secretary,	Officer since 2005	Deputy General Counsel of WisdomTree Investments, Inc.	51	None.

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(1967)

Chief
Legal

since 2005; Senior Counsel at
Barclays Global Investors, N.A.
from 2002 to 2005.

Officer*

+ As of May 27, 2009.

* Elected by and serves at the pleasure of the Board of Trustees.

Table of Contents**Independent Trustees**

Name (year of birth)	Position	Term of office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During the Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee+	Other Directorships Held by Trustee
Gregory Barton (1961)**	Trustee	Trustee since 2006	Executive Vice President of Legal and Business Affairs and General Counsel and Secretary of TheStreet.com, 2009 to present; General Counsel and Secretary of Martha Stewart Living Omnimedia, Inc. 2007-2008; Executive Vice President of Licensing and Legal Affairs, General Counsel and Secretary of Ziff Davis Media Inc. 2003 to 2007; Executive Vice President of Legal Affairs, General Counsel and Secretary of Ziff Davis Media Inc. from 2002 to 2003; President (2001 to 2002), Chief Financial Officer (2000 to 2002), Vice President of Business Development (1999 to 2001) and General Counsel and Secretary (1998 to 2002) of WisdomTree Investments, Inc.	51	None.
Toni Massaro (1955)***	Trustee	Trustee since 2006	Dean Emerita (2009 Present), Regents Professor (2006 Present), Dean (1999 2009), and Milton O. Riepe Chair in Constitutional Law (1997 Present), at University of Arizona James E. Rogers College of Law; Professor at University of Arizona James E. Rogers College of Law since 1990.	51	None.
Victor Ugolyn (1947)	Trustee, Chairman of the Board of Trustees	Trustee since 2006	Private Investor 2005 to present; President and Chief Executive Officer of William D. Witter, Inc. 2005 to August 2006; Consultant to AXA Enterprise in 2004; Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Enterprise Capital Management (subsidiary	51	Trustee on Board of Trustees of Naismith Memorial Basketball Hall of Fame;

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of The MONY Group, Inc.) and Enterprise Group of Funds, Chairman of MONY Securities Corporation, and Chairman of the Fund Board of Enterprise Group of Funds from 1991 to 2004.

Member of the Board of Overseers of the Hoover Institution at Stanford University.

- + As of May 27, 2009.
- ** Chair of the Audit Committee.
- *** Chair of the Governance and Nominating Committee.

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The following table sets forth, as of December 31, 2008 the dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by each Trustee in the Funds and in other registered investment companies overseen by the Trustee within the same family of investment companies as the Trust.

Name of Trustee	Dollar Range of Equity Securities in the Funds	Aggregate Dollar Range of Equity Securities in All Registered Investment Companies Overseen by Trustee in Family of Investment Companies			
Interested Trustee:					
Jonathan Steinberg	Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	\$10,001	\$50,000	\$50,001	\$100,000
	DEFA Equity Income Fund	\$10,001	\$50,000		
	SmallCap Earnings Fund	\$10,001	\$50,000		
Independent Trustees:					
Gregory Barton	Total Dividend Fund	\$50,001	\$100,000	Over \$100,000	
	DEFA Fund	\$1	\$10,000		
Toni Massaro	International Dividend ex-Financials	\$1	\$10,000	\$1	\$10,000
	Japan SmallCap Dividend Fund	\$1	\$10,000		
	Dividend ex-Financials Fund	\$1	\$10,000		
Victor Ugolyn	LargeCap Dividend Fund	\$10,001	\$50,000	\$50,001	\$100,000
	International LargeCap Dividend Fund	\$10,001	\$50,000		

As of December 31, 2008 none of the Trustees who are not interested persons (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Trust (Independent Trustees) or their immediate family members owned beneficially or of record any securities of WisdomTree Asset Management, the Sub-Adviser, the Funds Distributor, or any person controlling, controlled by or under control with WisdomTree Asset Management, the Sub-Adviser or the Funds Distributor.

The Board of Trustees of the Trust met eight times during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009.

Committees of the Board of Trustees

Audit Committee. Each Independent Trustee is a member of the Trust's Audit Committee (the Audit Committee). The principal responsibilities of the Audit Committee are the appointment, compensation and oversight of the Trust's independent auditors, including the resolution of disagreements regarding financial reporting between Trust management and such independent auditors. The Audit Committee's responsibilities include, without limitation, to (i) oversee the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Trust and its internal control over financial reporting and, as the Committee deems appropriate, to inquire into the internal control over financial reporting of certain third-party service providers; (ii) oversee the quality and integrity of the Funds' financial statements and the independent audits thereof; (iii) oversee, or, as appropriate, assist Board oversight of, the Trust's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements that relate to the Trust's accounting and financial reporting, internal control over financial reporting and independent audits; (iv) approve prior to appointment the engagement of the Trust's independent auditors and, in connection therewith, to review and evaluate the qualifications, independence and performance of the Trust's independent auditors; and (v) act as a liaison between the Trust's independent auditors and the full Board. The Board of the Trust has adopted a written charter for the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has retained independent legal counsel to assist it in connection with these duties. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009, the Audit Committee held five meetings.

Governance and Nominating Committee. Each Independent Trustee is also a member of the Trust's Governance and Nominating Committee. The principal responsibilities of the Governance and Nominating Committee are to (i) oversee Fund governance matters and (ii) identify individuals qualified to serve as Independent Trustees of the Trust and to recommend its nominees for consideration by the full Board. While the Governance and Nominating Committee is solely responsible for the selection and nomination of the Trust's Independent Trustees, the

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Nominating Committee may consider nominations for the office of Trustee made by Trust stockholders as it deems appropriate. The Governance and Nominating Committee considers nominees recommended by shareholders if such nominees are submitted in accordance with Rule 14a-8 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the 1934 Act), in conjunction with a shareholder meeting to consider the election of Trustees. Trust stockholders who wish to recommend a nominee should send nominations to the Secretary of the Trust that include biographical information and set forth the qualifications of the proposed nominee. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009, the Nominating Committee held one meeting.

Remuneration of Trustees. Pursuant to its Investment Advisory Agreement with the Trust, WisdomTree Asset Management pays all compensation of officers and employees of the Trust as well as the fees of all Trustees of the Trust who are affiliated persons of WisdomTree Investments or its subsidiaries.

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Each Independent Trustee receives annual compensation of \$100,000. The Audit Committee Chairman will be paid an additional 10% and the Independent Chairman of the Board will be paid an additional 50% of this amount. The Trust also reimburses each Trustee for travel and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred by him/her in connection with attending meetings.

The following table sets forth the fees paid to each Trustee for the fiscal year-ended March 31, 2009.

Name of Interested Trustee	Aggregate Compensation from the Trust	Pension or Retirement Benefits Accrued as Part of Company Expenses	Estimated Annual Benefits upon Retirement	Total Compensation from the Funds and Fund Complex
Jonathan Steinberg	None	None	None	None

Name of Independent Trustee	Aggregate Compensation from the Trust	Pension or Retirement Benefits Accrued as Part of Company Expenses	Estimated Annual Benefits upon Retirement	Total Compensation from the Funds and Fund Complex
Gregory Barton	\$ 123,200	None	None	\$ 123,200
Toni Massaro	\$ 113,478	None	None	\$ 113,478
Victor Ugolyn	\$ 171,497	None	None	\$ 171,497

Trustees and officers of the Trust collectively owned less than 1% of each of the Trust's outstanding shares as of June 30, 2009.

Control Persons and Principal Holders of Securities.

Although the Trust does not have information concerning the beneficial ownership of shares held in the names of Depository Trust Company participants (DTC Participants), as of June 30, 2009, the name and percentage ownership of each DTC Participant that owned of record 5% or more of the outstanding shares of a Fund is set forth in the table below:

Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree DEFA Fund	TD AMERITRADE	25.62%
	C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES	
	51 MERCEDES WAY	
	EDGEWOOD NY 11717	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	12.74%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	CURIAN LLC	8.61%
	PO BOX 173919	
	DENVER, CO 80217-3919	
	ML SFKPG	6.21%

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101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL

JERSEY CITY NJ 07302

NFS LLC

6.79%

200 LIBERTY STREET

NEW YORK NY 10281

UBS FINANCIAL

6.64%

1200 HARBOR BLVD

WEEHAWKEN NJ 07086

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree DEFA Equity Income Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	22.49%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	BONY/SPDR	12.68%
	101 BARCLAY ST.	
	NEW YORK NY 10286	
	NFS LLC	8.42%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	ML SFKPG	7.41%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	TD AMERITRADE	6.36%
	C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES	
	51 MERCEDES WAY	
	EDGEWOOD NY 11717	
	CITIGROUP	5.60%
	333 W. 34TH STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
	PERSHING	5.34%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Equity Income Fund	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
	MERRILL LYNCH	24.81%
	101 HUDSON ST. 9TH FL.	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	NFS LLC	10.89%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	

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NEW YORK NY 10281	
CHARLES SCHWAB	10.39%
ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
211 MAIN STREET	
SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
ML SFKPG	7.69%
101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
CITIGROUP	6.99%
333 W. 34TH STREET	
NEW YORK NY 10001	
GOLDMAN LP	6.41%
30 HUDSON STREET	
JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
PERSHING	5.92%
1 PERSHING PLAZA	
JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Total Dividend Fund	BONY/SPDR	52.36%
	101 BARCLAY ST	
	NEW YORK NY 10286	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	10.14%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	ML SFKPG	6.23%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	PERSHING	6.06%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
	NFS LLC	5.27%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
WisdomTree Europe Total Dividend Fund	BONY/SPDR	92.08%
	101 BARCLAY ST.	
	NEW YORK NY 10286	
WisdomTree Global Equity Income Fund	MSC RETAIL	47.95%
	MORGAN STANLEY RETAIL	
	HARBOURSIDE FINANCIAL CENTER	
	PLAZA 3, 1ST FLOOR	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07311	
	NFS LLC	6.36%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	5.02%

ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT

211 MAIN STREET

SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree Europe SmallCap Dividend Fund	NFS LLC	17.46%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	PERSHING	13.20%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	13.05%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	GOLDMAN	10.55%
	30 HUDSON STREET	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
WisdomTree Japan Total Dividend Fund	CITIGROUP	73.35%
	333 W. 34th STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	27.92%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	ML SFKPG	11.21%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	JPMORGAN CHASE (JPMC) CLEAR	10.41%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
	GOLDMAN SKPG	6.54%
	30 HUDSON STREET	

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JERSEY CITY NJ 07302

NFS LLC

5.70%

200 LIBERTY STREET

NEW YORK NY 10281

GS (GOLDMAN SACHS) INT L

5.34%

85 BROAD ST.

NEW YORK NY 10004

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree Japan SmallCap Dividend Fund	ML SFKPG	41.53%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	10.44%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	NFS LLC	5.31%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
WisdomTree International LargeCap Dividend Fund	WILMING TRUST	11.28%
	RODNEY SQUARE NORTH	
	1100 NORTH MARKET STREET	
	WILMINGTON DE 19890-2212	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	10.98%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	PERSHING	10.70%
	101 BARCLAY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10286	
	BANK OF NEW YORK	10.34%
	101 BARCLAY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10286	
	ML SFKPG	8.57%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	NFS LLC	8.21%

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200 LIBERTY STREET

NEW YORK NY 10281

GOLDMAN

6.43%

30 HUDSON STREET

JERSEY CITY NJ 07302

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree International Dividend ex-Financials Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	12.08%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	NFS LLC	11.62%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	GOLDMAN SACHS INTL	11.00%
	85 BROAD ST	
	NEW YORK NY 10004	
	ML SFKPG	10.86%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
JERSEY CITY NJ 07302		
FIRST CLEAR	9.11%	
10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024		
GLEN ALLEN VA 23060		
CITIGROUP	5.91%	
333 W. 34TH STREET		
NEW YORK NY 10001		
WisdomTree International MidCap Dividend Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	30.25%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	NFS LLC	12.74%
200 LIBERTY STREET		
NEW YORK NY 10281		
WisdomTree International SmallCap Dividend Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	25.94%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	

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211 MAIN STREET

SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105

NFS LLC

14.39%

200 LIBERTY STREET

NEW YORK NY 10281

SEI PRIVATE

8.24%

1 FREEDOM VALLEY DRIVE

OAKS PA 19456

FIDELITY TRUST

6.19%

82 DEVONSHIRE ST.

BOSTON MA 02109

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	NFS LLC	16.37%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	13.92%
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	ML SFKPG	9.64%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	PERSHING	6.90%
1 PERSHING PLAZA		
JERSEY CITY NJ 07399		
	CITIGROUP	5.50%
	333 W. 34TH STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
WisdomTree Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Fund	NFS LLC	15.58%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	14.52%
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	SEI PRIVATE	5.62%
	1 FREEDOM VALLEY DRIVE	
	OAKS PA 19456	
	TD AMERITRADE	5.94%
C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES		
51 MERCEDES WAY		
EDGEWOOD NY 11717		

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	FIRST CLEAR	5.08%
	333 W. 34TH STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
WisdomTree India Earnings Fund	NFS LLC	13.73%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	14.03%
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	MERRILL LYNCH	5.64%
	101 HUDSON ST. 9TH FL.	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	TD AMERITRADE	5.14%
	C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES	
	51 MERCEDES WAY	
	EDGEWOOD NY 11717	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree Middle East Dividend Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	25.08%
	211 MAIN ST	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	NFS LLC	13.54%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	ML SFKPG	10.87%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	MERRILL LYNCH	10.58%
101 HUDSON ST. 9TH FL.		
JERSEY CITY NJ 07302		
FIRST CLEAR	7.36%	
333 W. 34TH STREET		
NEW YORK NY 10001		
BROWN BROS	6.92%	
140 BROADWAY		
NEW YORK NY 10005		
WisdomTree Total Dividend Fund	NFS LLC	14.40%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	FIRST CLEAR	10.62%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	10.43%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	

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PERSHING 7.69%

1 PERSHING PLAZA

JERSEY CITY NJ 07399

ML SFKPG 6.87%

101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL

JERSEY CITY NJ 07302

CITIGROUP 6.16%

333 W. 34TH STREET

NEW YORK NY 10001

UBS FINANCIAL 5.72%

1200 HARBOR BLVD

WEEHAWKEN NJ 07086

LPL FINANCIAL CO. 5.58%

ONE BEACON ST., 22ND FLOOR

BOSTON MA 02108

TD AMERITRADE 5.44%

C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES

51 MERCEDES WAY

EDGEWOOD NY 11717

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree Equity Income Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	27.40%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	NFS LLC	9.70%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	MSC (MORGAN STANLEY) RETAIL	7.11%
	HARBOURSIDE FINANCIAL CENTER	
	PLAZA 3, 1ST FLOOR	
JERSEY CITY NJ 07311		
PERSHING	6.09%	
1 PERSHING PLAZA		
JERSEY CITY NJ 07399		
CITIGROUP	5.81%	
333 W. 34TH STREET		
NEW YORK NY 10001		
BANK OF NEW YORK	5.48%	
101 BARCLAY ST		
NEW YORK NY 10286		
FIRST CLEAR	5.33%	
10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024		
GLEN ALLEN VA 23060		
WisdomTree Dividend Ex-Financials Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	20.89%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	NFS LLC	18.98%

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200 LIBERTY STREET	
NEW YORK NY 10281	
ML SFKPG	8.54%
101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
PERSHING	6.62%
1 PERSHING PLAZA	
JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
CITIGROUP	5.44%
333 W. 34TH STREET	
NEW YORK NY 10001	
FIRST CLEAR	5.02%
10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree LargeCap Dividend Fund	PNC BANK	20.77%
	2600 LIBERTY AVENUE	
	PITTSBURGH PA 15222	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	18.18%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	NFS LLC	12.31%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
UBS FINANCIAL		10.14%
	1200 HARBOR BLVD	
	WEEHAWKEN NJ 07086	
	FIRST CLEAR	7.27%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
GLEN ALLEN VA 23060		
	MSC RETAIL	5.93%
	MORGAN STANLEY RETAIL	
	HARBOURSIDE FINANCIAL CENTER	
	PLAZA 3, 1ST FLOOR	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07311	
WisdomTree MidCap Dividend Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	21.61%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	NFS LLC	17.63%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
NEW YORK NY 10281		

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BANK OF NEW YORK	8.71%
101 BARCLAY ST	
NEW YORK NY 10286	
CITIGROUP	7.57%
333 W. 34TH STREET	
NEW YORK NY 10001	
FIRST CLEAR	6.52%
10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
PERSHING	5.11%
1 PERSHING PLAZA	
JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree SmallCap Dividend Fund	NFS LLC	19.34%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	11.66%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	CITIGROUP	9.78%
	333 W. 34TH STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
	ML SFKPG	7.53%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	BANK OF NEW YORK	6.56%
	101 BARCLAY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10286	
	FIRST CLEAR	6.07%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
	TD AMERITRADE	5.67%
	C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES	
	51 MERCEDES WAY	
	EDGEWOOD NY 11717	
	PERSHING	5.37%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
	LPL FINANCIAL CO.	5.27%
	ONE BEACON ST., 22ND FLOOR	

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	BOSTON MA 02108	
WisdomTree Total Earnings Fund	BANK OF NEW YORK	23.09%
	101 BARCLAY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10286	
	NFS LLC	18.53%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	PERSHING	13.40%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
	TD AMERITRADE	9.27%
	C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES	
	51 MERCEDES WAY	
	EDGEWOOD NY 11717	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	6.81%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	JPMORGAN CHASE (JPMC) CLEAR	5.47%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree Earnings 500 Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	35.26%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	NFS LLC	14.35%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	TD AMERITRADE	8.56%
	C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES	
	51 MERCEDES WAY	
EDGEWOOD NY 11717		
MERRILL LYNCH	6.34%	
101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL		
JERSEY CITY NJ 07302		
PERSHING	5.00%	
1 PERSHING PLAZA		
JERSEY CITY NJ 07399		
WisdomTree MidCap Earnings Fund	MERRILL LYNCH	24.46%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	14.02%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	FIRST CLEAR	7.38%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
NFS LLC	6.62%	

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	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	UBS	6.36%
	1200 HARBOR BLVD	
	WEEHAWKEN NJ 07086	
WisdomTree SmallCap Earnings Fund	NFS LLC	18.89%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	FIRST CLEAR	15.23%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	12.78%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	PENSION FINANCIAL SERVICES	12.32%
	1301 YORK RD	
	LUTHERVILLE MD 21093	
	PERSHING SECURITIES CORPORATION	8.57%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree Earnings Top 100 Fund	NFS LLC	18.49%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	MERRILL LYNCH	15.85%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	FIRST CLEAR	10.46%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
	BANK OF NEW YORK	7.74%
ONE WALL STREET		
NEW YORK NY 10286		
WisdomTree LargeCap Value Fund	ML SFKPG	6.43%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	5.52%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
211 MAIN STREET		
SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105		
WisdomTree LargeCap Value Fund	MERRILL LYNCH	23.93%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	PERSHING	14.98%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
WisdomTree LargeCap Value Fund	NFS LLC	13.04%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	

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	CHARLES SCHWAB	8.06%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	CITIGROUP	6.27%
	333 W. 34TH STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
WisdomTree LargeCap Growth Fund	BARCLAYS BANK	36.36%
	200 PARK AVE.	
	NEW YORK NY 10166	
	FIRST CLEAR	22.66%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
	NFS LLC	7.84%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	UBS	7.28%
	1200 HARBOR BLVD	
	WEEHAWKEN NJ 07086	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree International Basic Materials Sector Fund	NFS LLC	22.17%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	12.20%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	ML SFKPG	8.19%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	TD AMERITRADE	6.77%
	C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES	
	51 MERCEDES WAY	
	EDGEWOOD NY 11717	
	CITIGROUP	6.35%
	333 W. 34TH STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
	FIRST CLEAR	5.66%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
WisdomTree International Communications Sector Fund	JPMORGAN CHASE	53.38%
	PROXY SERVICES	
	14201 DALLAS PKWAY	
	DALLAS TX 75254	
	ML SFKPG	6.07%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	GOLDMAN	5.81%

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	30 HUDSON STREET	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	NFS LLC	5.22%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
WisdomTree International Consumer Discretionary Sector Fund	NFS LLC	37.05%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	ML SFKPG	22.53%
	101 HUDSON ST, 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	JPMORGAN CHASE (JPMC) CLEAR	8.50%
	PROXY SERVICES	
	14201 DALLAS PKWAY	
	DALLAS TX 75254	
	CIBC WORLD	7.39%
	425 LEXINGTON AVE.	
	NEW YORK NY 10017	
	FIRST CLEAR	6.35%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree International Consumer Staples Sector Fund	GOLDMAN	20.56%
	30 HUDSON STREET	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	ML SFKPG	19.39%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	NFS LLC	10.69%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	CITIGROUP	6.07%
	333 W. 34TH STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
	FIRST CLEAR	5.83%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
	MERRILL LYNCH	5.60%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	CIBC WORLD	5.01%
	425 LEXINGTON AVE.	
	NEW YORK NY 10017	
WisdomTree International Energy Sector Fund	NFS LLC	24.59%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	15.04%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	
	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	

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	ML SFKPG	10.54%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	FIRST CLEAR	6.03%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
	PERSHING	5.74%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
WisdomTree International Industrial Sector Fund	UBS FINANCIAL	41.26%
	1200 HARBOR BLVD	
	WEEHAWKEN NJ 07086	
	BROWN BROTHERS	14.97%
	140 BROADWAY	
	NEW YORK NY 10005	
	GOLDMAN	5.47%
	30 HUDSON STREET	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	NFS LLC	5.05%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	JPMORGAN CHASE (JPMC) CLEAR	5.03%
	1 PERSHING PLAZA	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
	FIRST CLEAR	5.01%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree International Financial Sector Fund	NFS LLC	19.08%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	ML SFKPG	10.23%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	BROWN BROTHERS	8.94%
	140 BROADWAY	
	NEW YORK NY 10005	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	7.94%
ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT		
211 MAIN STREET		
SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105		
FIRST CLEAR	7.53%	
10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024		
GLEN ALLEN VA 23060		
GOLDMAN	7.46%	
30 HUDSON STREET		
JERSEY CITY NJ 07302		
CITIGROUP	6.51%	
333 W. 34TH STREET		
NEW YORK NY 10001		
CIBC WORLD	5.54%	
425 LEXINGTON AVE.		
NEW YORK NY 10017		
WisdomTree International Technology Sector Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	23.87%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	

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	SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
	ML SFKPG	16.60%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	CITIGROUP	10.73%
	333 W. 34TH STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
	FIRST CLEAR	7.34%
	10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
	GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
	CIBC WORLD	7.32%
	425 LEXINGTON AVE.	
	NEW YORK NY 10017	
	CURIAN LLC	5.45%
	PO BOX 173919	
	DENVER CO 80217-3919	
WisdomTree International Utilities Sector Fund	NFS LLC	14.19%
	200 LIBERTY STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10281	
	GOLDMAN	10.26%
	30 HUDSON STREET	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	ML SFKPG	10.24%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	BROWN BROTHERS	9.15%
	140 BROADWAY	
	NEW YORK NY 10005	
	TD AMERITRADE	7.97%
	C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES	
	51 MERCEDES WAY	

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EDGEWOOD NY 11717	
CHARLES SCHWAB	6.89%
ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
211 MAIN STREET	
SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105	
FIRST CLEAR	6.64%
10700 WHEAT FIRST DRIVE, WS 1024	
GLEN ALLEN VA 23060	
PERSHING	5.96%
1 PERSHING PLAZA	
JERSEY CITY NJ 07399	
CITIGROUP	5.46%
333 W. 34TH STREET	
NEW YORK NY 10001	

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Name	DTC Participant Name	Percentage of Ownership
WisdomTree International Health Care Sector Fund	CITIGROUP	10.55%
	333 W. 34TH STREET	
	NEW YORK NY 10001	
	MERRILL LYNCH	10.54%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	ML SFKPG	10.33%
	101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL	
	JERSEY CITY NJ 07302	
	CHARLES SCHWAB	9.85%
ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT		
211 MAIN STREET		
SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105		
PERSHING	8.18%	
1 PERSHING PLAZA		
JERSEY CITY NJ 07399		
GOLDMAN	8.07%	
30 HUDSON STREET		
JERSEY CITY NJ 07302		
CURIAN LLC	6.81%	
PO BOX 173919		
DENVER CO 80217-3919		
NFS LLC	6.31%	
200 LIBERTY STREET		
NEW YORK NY 10281		
WisdomTree International Real Estate Fund	CHARLES SCHWAB	18.98%
	ATTN PROXY DEPARTMENT	
	211 MAIN STREET	

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SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105		
NFS LLC		12.84%
200 LIBERTY STREET		
NEW YORK NY 10281		
FIDELITY TRUST		
		9.99%
82 DEVONSHIRE ST.		
BOSTON MA 02109		
TD AMERITRADE		6.87%
C/O ADP PROXY SERVICES		
51 MERCEDES WAY		
EDGEWOOD NY 11717		
CITIGROUP		
		6.65%
333 W. 34TH STREET		
NEW YORK NY 10001		
ML SFKPG		5.39%
101 HUDSON ST 9TH FL		
JERSEY CITY NJ 07302		

Investment Adviser. WisdomTree Asset Management serves as investment adviser to each Fund pursuant to an Investment Advisory Agreement between the Trust and WisdomTree Asset Management. WisdomTree Asset Management is a Delaware corporation registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the Advisers Act), and has offices located at 380 Madison Avenue, 21st Floor, New York, NY 10017.

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Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, WisdomTree Asset Management has overall responsibility for the general management and administration of the Trust. WisdomTree Asset Management provides an investment program for each Fund. WisdomTree Asset Management also arranges for sub-advisory, transfer agency, custody, fund administration and all other non-distribution related services necessary for the Funds to operate.

Each Fund pays WisdomTree Asset Management the Management Fee indicated below.

Name of Fund	Management Fee
WisdomTree Total Dividend Fund	0.28%
WisdomTree Equity Income Fund	0.38%
WisdomTree Dividend ex-Financials Fund	0.38%
WisdomTree LargeCap Dividend Fund	0.28%
WisdomTree MidCap Dividend Fund	0.38%
WisdomTree SmallCap Dividend Fund	0.38%
WisdomTree Total Earnings Fund	0.28%
WisdomTree Earnings 500 Fund	0.28%
WisdomTree Earnings Top 100 Fund	0.38%
WisdomTree MidCap Earnings Fund	0.38%
WisdomTree SmallCap Earnings Fund	0.38%
WisdomTree LargeCap Value Fund	0.38%
WisdomTree LargeCap Growth Fund	0.38%
WisdomTree DEFA Fund	0.48%
WisdomTree DEFA Equity Income Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Dividend ex-Financials Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International LargeCap Dividend Fund	0.48%
WisdomTree International MidCap Dividend Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International SmallCap Dividend Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree Europe Total Dividend Fund	0.48%
WisdomTree Europe SmallCap Dividend Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree Global Equity Income Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree Japan Total Dividend Fund	0.48%
WisdomTree Japan SmallCap Dividend Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Equity Income Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Total Dividend Fund	0.48%
WisdomTree Emerging Markets Equity Income Fund	0.63%
WisdomTree Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Fund	0.63%
WisdomTree Middle East Dividend Fund	0.68%
WisdomTree India Earnings Fund	0.68%
WisdomTree International Basic Materials Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Communications Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Consumer Discretionary Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Consumer Staples Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Energy Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Financial Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Health Care Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Industrial Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Technology Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Utilities Sector Fund	0.58%
WisdomTree International Real Estate Fund	0.58%

With respect to each Fund (other than the India Earnings Fund and the Middle East Dividend Fund) WisdomTree Asset Management has agreed to pay all expenses of the Trust, except for: (i) brokerage expenses and other expenses (such as stamp taxes) connected with the execution of portfolio transactions or in connection with creation and redemption transactions; (ii) legal fees or expenses in connection with any arbitration, litigation or pending or threatened arbitration or litigation, including any settlements in connection therewith; (iii) compensation and expenses of each Independent Trustee; (iv) compensation and expenses of counsel to the Independent Trustees; (v) compensation and expenses of the Trust's chief compliance officer; (vi) extraordinary expenses;

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(vii) distribution fees and expenses paid by the Trust under any distribution plan adopted pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act; and (viii) the advisory fee payable to WisdomTree Asset Management. WisdomTree Asset Management has contractually agreed to cap the operating expenses of the India Earnings Fund and Middle East Dividend Fund through March 31, 2010 as described in each Fund's prospectus. Pursuant to a separate contractual arrangement with respect to each Fund through March 31, 2010, WisdomTree Asset Management arranges for the provision of chief compliance officer (CCO) services and is liable and responsible for, and administers, payments to the CCO, the Independent Trustees and counsel to the Independent Trustees, in exchange for a fee paid by each Fund of up to 0.0044% of the Fund's average daily net assets.

The Portfolio is advised by WisdomTree Asset Management. WisdomTree Asset Management does not receive any additional compensation for advising the Portfolio.

For the following periods, the Adviser received the following fees:

Name	Commencement of Operations	Advisory Fee Period Ended March 31, 2007	Advisory Fee Period Ended March 31, 2008	Advisory Fee Period Ended March 31, 2009
WisdomTree Total Dividend Fund	6/16/06	\$ 113,719	\$ 269,768	\$ 239,125
WisdomTree Equity Income Fund	6/16/06	295,809	736,971	455,969
WisdomTree DEFA Fund	6/16/06	199,673	1,415,559	1,848,890
WisdomTree DEFA Equity Income Fund	6/16/06	317,496	1,445,109	953,597
WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Equity Income Fund	6/16/06	160,899	584,781	237,509
WisdomTree Pacific ex-Japan Total Dividend Fund	6/16/06	105,496	774,010	412,230
WisdomTree Europe Total Dividend Fund	6/16/06	67,833	237,566	149,014
WisdomTree Global Equity Income Fund	6/16/06	122,153	312,747	196,526
WisdomTree Europe SmallCap Dividend Fund	6/16/06	221,137	595,194	166,054
WisdomTree Japan Total Dividend Fund	6/16/06	103,330	214,941	138,164
WisdomTree World ex-U.S. Growth Fund	6/16/06	133,841	304,862	165,967
WisdomTree Japan SmallCap Dividend Fund	6/16/06	128,531	465,970	444,535
WisdomTree Dividend ex-Financials Fund	6/16/06	233,421	773,212	525,849
WisdomTree LargeCap Dividend Fund	6/16/06	326,902	887,614	816,625
WisdomTree MidCap Dividend Fund	6/16/06	103,769	373,656	287,660
WisdomTree SmallCap Dividend Fund	6/16/06	152,022	410,425	310,449
WisdomTree International LargeCap Dividend Fund	6/16/06	156,254	688,454	565,944
WisdomTree International Dividend ex-Financials Fund	6/16/06	469,927	2,391,354	1,419,403
WisdomTree International MidCap Dividend Fund	6/16/06	230,677	1,481,831	904,766
WisdomTree International SmallCap Dividend Fund	6/16/06	398,322	3,016,342	2,152,738
WisdomTree International Basic Materials Sector Fund	10/13/06	15,338	480,261	350,673
WisdomTree International Communications Sector Fund	10/13/06	32,387	172,291	144,384
WisdomTree International Consumer Discretionary Sector Fund	10/13/06	15,129	34,905	22,411
WisdomTree International Consumer Staples Sector Fund	10/13/06	42,549	153,549	131,670
WisdomTree International Energy Sector Fund	10/13/06	41,504	250,529	