

WACHOVIA CORP NEW
Form 424B5
October 03, 2006
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PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5)

(To prospectus dated May 13, 2005)

Registration No. 333-123311

\$10,027,650

Wachovia Corporation

Principal Protected Notes

Linked to a Basket

of Emerging Market Currencies

due April 6, 2008

Offering 100% Principal Protection

Issuer:	Wachovia Corporation
Principal Amount:	Each note will have a principal amount of \$10. Each note will be offered at an initial public offering price of \$10.
Maturity Date:	April 6, 2008.
Interest:	Wachovia will not pay you interest during the term of your notes.
Underlying Basket:	The return on the notes, in excess of the principal amount, is linked to the performance of an equally-weighted basket (the basket) of the following four currencies relative to the U.S. Dollar: the Brazilian Real, the Russian Ruble, the Indian Rupee and the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan) (each, a basket currency, and collectively, the basket currencies).
Maturity Payment Amount:	At maturity, for each note you own, you will receive a cash payment equal to the sum of \$10 and the basket performance amount. The basket performance amount per note will equal the greater of (i) \$0, and (ii) the product of the principal amount of the note, the average currency appreciation and a participation rate of 155%. The average currency appreciation will equal the arithmetic mean of the percentage change in the value of the exchange rate of each basket currency relative to the U.S. Dollar. <i>If the average currency appreciation is less than or equal to zero, the basket performance amount will be \$0, and the maturity payment amount will be \$10.</i>
Listing:	The notes have been approved for listing on the American Stock Exchange under the symbol ECN.
Pricing Date:	September 29, 2006
Expected Settlement Date:	October 6, 2006
CUSIP Number:	929903524

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For a detailed description of the terms of the notes, see [Summary Information](#) beginning on page S-1 and [Specific Terms of the Securities](#) beginning on page S-13.

Investing in the securities involves risks. See [Risk Factors](#) beginning on page S-6.

	<u>Per Note</u>	<u>Total</u>
Public Offering Price	100.00%	\$ 10,027,650.00
Underwriting Discount and Commission	1.60%	\$ 160,442.40
Proceeds to Wachovia Corporation	98.40%	\$ 9,867,207.60

The notes solely represent senior, unsecured debt obligations of Wachovia and are not the obligation of, or guaranteed by, any other entity. The notes are not deposits or accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Wachovia may use this prospectus supplement in the initial sale of the notes. In addition, Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC or any other broker-dealer affiliate of Wachovia may use this prospectus supplement in a market-making or other transaction in any note after its initial sale. *Unless Wachovia or its agent informs the purchaser otherwise in the confirmation of sale, this prospectus supplement is being used in a market-making transaction.*

Wachovia Securities

The date of this prospectus supplement is September 29, 2006.

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Unless otherwise indicated, you may rely on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriter has authorized anyone to provide information different from that contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. When you make a decision about whether to invest in the notes, you should not rely upon any information other than the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither the delivery of this prospectus supplement nor sale of the notes means that information contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is correct after their respective dates. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are not an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy the notes in any circumstances under which the offer or solicitation is unlawful.

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SUMMARY INFORMATION

This summary includes questions and answers that highlight selected information from this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus to help you understand the Principal Protected Notes Linked to a Basket of Emerging Market Currencies due April 6, 2008 Offering 100% Principal Protection (the "notes"). You should carefully read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus to fully understand the terms of the notes, the exchange rate of each basket currency relative to the U.S. Dollar and the tax and other considerations that are important to you in making a decision about whether to invest in the notes. You should carefully review the section "Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, which highlights certain risks associated with an investment in the notes, to determine whether an investment in the notes is appropriate for you.

Unless otherwise mentioned or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this prospectus supplement to Wachovia, we, us and our or similar references mean Wachovia Corporation and its subsidiaries. Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC is an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Wachovia Corporation. Wachovia Corporation conducts its investment banking, capital markets and retail brokerage activities through its various broker-dealer, bank and non-bank subsidiaries, including Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, under the trade name Wachovia Securities. Any reference to Wachovia Securities in this prospectus supplement does not, however, refer to Wachovia Securities, LLC, member of the New York Stock Exchange and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation or Wachovia Securities Financial Network, LLC, member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, broker-dealer affiliates of Wachovia Corporation and Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC. Unless otherwise mentioned or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this prospectus supplement to WBNA mean Wachovia Bank, National Association. All references to this prospectus supplement mean the pricing supplement contemplated in the accompanying prospectus.

What are the notes?

The notes offered by this prospectus supplement will be issued by Wachovia Corporation and will mature on April 6, 2008. The maturity payment amount, in excess of the principal amount of the notes, if any, will be linked to the performance of the basket, which is in turn based on the performance of the basket currencies. The notes will not bear interest and no other payments will be made until maturity.

Each basket currency will represent 25% of the basket. The basket currencies, with their respective symbols as used by Bloomberg Financial Markets and recognized by the Foreign Exchange Committee of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and certain currency traders associations (the "currency symbols"), are set forth below:

Brazilian Real (symbol BRL) the lawful currency of the Federative Republic of Brazil;

Russian Ruble (symbol RUB), the lawful currency of the Russian Federation;

Indian Rupee (symbol INR), the lawful currency of the Republic of India; and

Chinese Renminbi (Yuan) (symbol CNY), the lawful currency of the People's Republic of China.

The weighting of each basket currency is fixed and will not change during the term of the notes. Similarly, the basket currencies that compose the basket will not change, except as described under "Specific Terms of the Notes - Adjustments to the Basket" on page S-15.

As discussed in the accompanying prospectus, the notes are debt securities and are part of a series of debt securities entitled "Medium-Term Notes, Series G" that Wachovia Corporation may issue from time to time. The notes will rank equally with all other unsecured and unsubordinated debt of Wachovia Corporation. For more details, see "Specific Terms of the Notes" beginning on page S-13.

Each note will have a principal amount of \$10. Each note will be offered at an initial public offering price of \$10. You may transfer only whole notes. Wachovia Corporation will issue the notes in the form of a global

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certificate, which will be held by The Depository Trust Company, also known as DTC, or its nominee. Direct and indirect participants in DTC will record your ownership of the notes.

Are the notes principal protected?

The notes are fully principal protected and will pay 100% of the principal amount of your notes at maturity, subject to our ability to pay our obligations.

What will I receive upon maturity of the notes?

On the maturity date, for each note you own, you will receive a cash payment equal to the sum of \$10 and the basket performance amount.

Determination of the basket performance amount

The basket performance amount per note will be determined by the calculation agent and will equal the greater of:

(i) \$0, and

(ii) \$10 x average currency appreciation x participation rate.

The participation rate is 155%.

The average currency appreciation will be determined by the calculation agent and will equal the arithmetic mean of the currency appreciation of each basket currency.

The currency appreciation of each basket currency will be determined by the calculation agent as follows:

$$\text{currency appreciation} = \left(\frac{\text{initial basket currency exchange rate} - \text{final basket currency exchange rate}}{\text{initial basket currency exchange rate}} \right)$$

The initial basket currency exchange rate for each basket currency is the basket currency exchange rate for that basket currency on the pricing date.

The final basket currency exchange rate for each basket currency will be the basket currency exchange rate for that basket currency on the valuation date.

The basket currency exchange rate for each basket currency on any given date will be determined by the calculation agent and will equal the basket currency/U.S. Dollar exchange rate as reported by Reuters Group PLC (Reuters), as follows:

For the Brazilian Real, the Brazilian Real/U.S. Dollar exchange rate as determined by reference to Reuters page BRBZ , or any successor page, published at approximately 6:00 p.m., Sao Paulo time, on the relevant date;

For the Russian Ruble, a Russian Ruble/U.S. Dollar exchange rate determined by multiplying the Russian Ruble/Euro exchange rate and the Euro/U.S. Dollar exchange rates, which are determined by reference to Reuters page EMTA , or any successor page, published at approximately 9:30 a.m., London time, on the relevant date;

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For the Indian Rupee, the Indian Rupee/U.S. Dollar exchange rate, as determined by reference to Reuters page RBIB , or any successor page, published at approximately 12:00 p.m., Mumbai time, on the relevant date; and

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For the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan), the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan)/U.S. Dollar exchange rate, as determined by reference to Reuters page SAEC, or any successor page, published at approximately 9:15 a.m., Beijing time, on the relevant date.

If the calculation agent is unable to determine a basket currency exchange rate by reference to the applicable Reuters page listed above or the corresponding successor page, then the calculation agent will select a similar source in a commercially reasonable manner in accordance with general market practice.

The following table shows the basket currencies, their respective currency symbols, their initial basket currency exchange rates and their applicable currency business days:

Basket Currency	Currency Symbol	Initial Basket	Applicable Currency Business Day
		Currency Exchange Rate	
Brazilian Real	BRL	2.1623	São Paulo
Russian Ruble	RUB	26.8025	London
Indian Rupee	INR	45.8400	Mumbai
Chinese Renminbi (Yuan)	CNY	7.9087	Beijing

A business day means a day that is a Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City generally are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close.

The currency business day for each basket currency is any day, other than a Saturday or a Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which commercial banks are authorized or required by law, regulation or executive order to close (including for dealings in foreign exchange in accordance with the practice of the foreign exchange market) in the city listed in the table above under Applicable Currency Business Day for that basket currency.

The valuation date, with respect to each basket currency, means the fifth business day before the maturity date. However, if that day occurs on a day on which the calculation agent has determined that a market disruption event has occurred or is continuing with respect to one or more basket currencies, then the valuation date for the affected basket currency or basket currencies will be postponed until the next succeeding currency business day for such basket currency or basket currencies on which the calculation agent determines that a market disruption event does not occur or is not continuing with respect to such basket currency or basket currencies; provided that in no event will the valuation date with respect to any basket currency be postponed by more than twenty calendar days. The determination of the final basket currency exchange rate for any basket currency with respect to which a market disruption event does not occur or is not continuing on the valuation date will not be postponed for the purpose of calculating the maturity payment amount. *If the valuation date with respect to any basket currency is postponed, then the maturity date of the notes will be postponed by an equal number of business days.*

If the average currency appreciation is less than or equal to zero, the basket performance amount will be \$0, and the maturity payment amount will be \$10.

Hypothetical Examples

Set forth below are three hypothetical examples of the calculation of the maturity payment amount.

Example 1

The hypothetical average currency appreciation is -50%, reflecting a 50% decrease in the value of the basket:

Basket performance amount (per note) is the greater of:

- (i) \$0, and

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$$(ii) \quad \left(\$10 \times -50\% \times 155\% \right) = -\$7.75.$$

Maturity payment amount = \$10 + \$0 = \$10.

Since the hypothetical currency appreciation is *less* than zero, the basket performance amount would equal \$0 and the maturity payment amount would equal the principal amount of your note.

Example 2

The hypothetical average currency appreciation is 5%, reflecting a 5% increase in the value of the basket:

Basket performance amount (per note) is the greater of:

(i) \$0, and

$$(ii) \quad \left(\$10 \times 5\% \times 155\% \right) = \$0.78$$

Maturity payment amount = \$10 + \$0.78 = \$10.78.

Since the hypothetical average currency appreciation is *greater* than zero, the basket performance amount would equal \$0.78 and the maturity payment amount would be greater than the principal amount of your note.

Example 3

The hypothetical average currency appreciation is 50%, reflecting a 50% increase in the value of the basket:

Basket performance amount (per note) is the greater of:

(i) \$0, and

$$(ii) \quad \left(\$10 \times 50\% \times 155\% \right) = \$7.75$$

Maturity payment amount = \$10 + \$7.75 = \$17.75

Since the hypothetical average currency appreciation is *greater* than zero, the basket performance amount would equal \$7.75 and the maturity payment amount would be greater than the principal amount of your note.

Who should or should not consider an investment in the notes?

We have designed the notes for investors who are willing to hold the notes to maturity; who seek an investment with a return linked to the basket currency exchange rates and who believe that the basket currency exchange rates, when averaged together, will decrease over the term of the notes (*i.e.*, that over the term of the notes, when averaged together, *fewer* units of the basket currencies will be needed to buy a given amount of U.S. Dollars and the basket currencies will, when averaged together, *appreciate* in value against the U.S. Dollar); and who seek to protect their investment by receiving at least 100% of the principal amount of their investment at maturity.

The notes are not designed for, and may not be a suitable investment for, investors who are unable or unwilling to hold the notes to maturity; who require an investment that yields regular returns; who believe that

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the basket currency exchange rates, when averaged together, are likely to increase or remain unchanged over the term of the notes (*i.e.*, that over the term of the notes, when averaged together, *more* or the same number of units of the basket currencies will be needed to buy a given amount of U.S. Dollars and the basket currencies will, when averaged together, *depreciate* or remain unchanged in value against the U.S. Dollar); or who seek a more aggressive leveraged investment with exposure to both the full upside performance as well as the full downside performance risk of the basket currency exchange rates.

What will I receive if I sell the notes prior to maturity?

The market value of the notes may fluctuate during the term of the notes. Several factors and their interrelationship will influence the market value of the notes, including the level of the basket currency exchange rates; the time remaining to the maturity date; the Brazilian Real, Russian Ruble, Indian Rupee, Chinese Renminbi (Yuan) and U.S. Dollar interest rates; and the volatility of the basket currency exchange rates. The notes are 100% principal protected only if held to maturity. If you sell your notes before maturity, you may have to sell them at a discount and you will not have principal protection. Depending on the impact of these factors, you may receive less than the principal amount in any sale of your notes before the maturity date and less than what you would have received had you held the notes until maturity. For more details, see **Risk Factors** Many factors affect the market value of the notes .

How have the basket currency exchange rates performed historically?

You can find a table with the published high and low levels in the interbank market of each of the basket currency exchange rates as well as the basket currency exchange rates at the end of each calendar quarter from calendar year 2003 to present in the section entitled **The Basket Historical Basket Currency Exchange Rates** in this prospectus supplement. We have provided this historical information to help you evaluate the behavior of the basket currency exchange rates in the recent past; however, past performance of the basket currency exchange rates does not indicate how they will perform in the future.

What about taxes?

The notes will be treated for United States federal income tax purposes as debt instruments subject to special rules governing contingent payment obligations. If you are a U.S. individual or taxable entity, you generally will be required to pay taxes on ordinary income from the notes over their term based on the comparable yield for the notes, even though you will not receive any payments from us until maturity. This comparable yield is determined solely to calculate the amount on which you will be taxed prior to maturity and is neither a prediction nor a guarantee of what the actual yield will be. In addition, any gain you may recognize on the sale or maturity of the notes will be taxed as ordinary interest income. If you purchase the notes at a time other than the original issue date, the tax consequences to you may be different.

For further discussion, see **Supplemental Tax Considerations** beginning on page S-23.

Will the notes be listed on a stock exchange?

The notes have been approved for listing on the American Stock Exchange under the symbol **ECN** . You should be aware that the listing of the notes on the American Stock Exchange will not necessarily ensure that a liquid trading market will develop for the notes. Accordingly, if you sell your notes before maturity, you may have to sell them at a substantial loss. You should review the section entitled **Risk Factors** There may not be an active trading market for the notes in this prospectus supplement.

Are there any risks associated with my investment?

Yes, an investment in the notes is subject to significant risks. We urge you to read the detailed explanation of risks in **Risk Factors** beginning on page S-7.

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How to reach us

You may reach us by calling (704) 715-8400 and asking for Structured Notes.

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RISK FACTORS

An investment in the notes is subject to the risks described below, as well as the risks described under Risk Factors Risks Relating to Indexed Notes in the accompanying prospectus. Your notes are a riskier investment than ordinary debt securities. Also, your notes are not equivalent to investing directly in the currencies, i.e., the basket currencies and the U.S. Dollar underlying the basket currency exchange rates to which your notes are linked. You should carefully consider whether the notes are suited to your particular circumstances.

The notes are intended to be held to maturity. Your principal is only protected if you hold your notes to maturity

You will receive at least 100% of the principal amount of your notes if you hold your notes to maturity, subject to our ability to pay our obligations. If you sell your notes in the secondary market before maturity, you will not receive principal protection on the notes you sell. You should be willing to hold your notes to maturity.

You will not receive interest payments on the notes

You will not receive any periodic interest payments on the notes or any interest payment at maturity. At maturity, you may not receive any return in excess of the principal amount of your notes.

Your yield on the notes may be lower than the yield on a standard senior debt security of comparable maturity

The yield that you will receive on your notes, which could be zero, may be less than the return you could earn on other investments. Even if your yield is positive, your yield may be less than the yield you would earn if you bought a standard senior non-callable debt security of Wachovia with the same maturity date. Your investment may not reflect the full opportunity cost to you when you take into account factors that affect the time value of money. In addition, no interest will be paid during the term of your notes.

If the average currency appreciation is less than or equal to zero, the maturity payment amount for each note will be limited to the principal amount of the note. This will be true even if the value of the basket, as measured by the average currency appreciation, on some date or dates before the valuation date is greater than the value of the basket on the pricing date, because the maturity payment amount will be calculated only on the basis of the basket currency exchange rates on the valuation date (or as otherwise determined by the calculation agent, in the case of a market disruption event). You should, therefore, be prepared to realize no return at maturity over the principal amount of your notes.

Owning the notes is not the same as owning the basket currencies

The return on your notes will not reflect the return you would realize if you actually purchased any or all of the basket currencies and converted them into U.S. Dollars on the valuation date. Even if the average currency appreciation increases above zero during the term of the notes, the market value of the notes may not increase by the same amount. It is also possible for the average currency appreciation to increase while the market value of the notes declines.

There may not be an active trading market for the notes

The notes have been approved for listing on the American Stock Exchange under the symbol ECN . You should be aware that the listing of the notes on the American Stock Exchange will not necessarily ensure that a liquid trading will develop for the notes. The development of a trading market for the notes will depend on our financial performance and other factors such as the increase, if any, in the value of the basket. Even if a secondary market for the notes develops, it may not provide significant liquidity and we expect that transaction costs in any secondary market would be high. As a result, the difference between bid and asked prices for your notes in any secondary market could be substantial. If you sell your notes before maturity, you may have to do so at a discount from the initial public offering price, and, as a result, you may suffer substantial losses.

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Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC and other broker-dealer affiliates of Wachovia currently intend to make a market for the notes, although they are not required to do so and may stop any such market-making activities at anytime. As market makers, trading of the notes may cause Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC or any other broker-dealer affiliates of Wachovia to have long or short positions of the notes in their inventory. The supply and demand for the notes, including inventory positions of market makers, may affect the secondary market for the notes.

Even though the basket currencies and U.S. Dollar are traded around-the-clock, if a secondary market develops, the notes may trade only during regular trading hours in the United States

The interbank market for the basket currencies and the U.S. Dollar is a global, around-the-clock market. Therefore, the hours of trading for the notes may not conform to the hours during which the basket currencies and the U.S. Dollar are traded. To the extent that U.S. markets are closed while the markets for any of the basket currencies remain open, significant price and rate movements may take place in the underlying foreign exchange markets that will not be reflected immediately in the price of the notes.

There is no systematic reporting of last-sale information for foreign currencies. Reasonable current bid and offer information is available in certain brokers' offices, in bank foreign currency trading offices, and to others who wish to subscribe for this information, but this information will not necessarily reflect the basket currency exchange rates relevant for determining the value of the notes. The absence of last-sale information and the limited availability of quotations to individual investors make it difficult for many investors to obtain timely, accurate data about the state of the underlying foreign exchange markets.

Many factors affect the market value of the notes

The market value of the notes will be affected by factors that interrelate in complex ways. It is important for you to understand that the effect of one factor may offset the increase in the market value of the notes caused by another factor and that the effect of one factor may exacerbate the decrease in the market value of the notes caused by another factor. For example, a change in the volatility of any or all of the basket currency exchange rates may offset some or all of any increase in the market value of the notes attributable to another factor, such as an increase in the trading value of the basket currencies relative to the U.S. Dollar. In addition, a change in interest rates may offset other factors that would otherwise change the trading value of any or all of the basket currencies relative to the U.S. Dollar and, therefore, may change the market value of the notes.

We expect that the market value of the notes will depend substantially on the amount, if any, by which the value of the basket, as measured by the change in the average currency appreciation, increases during the term of the notes. If you choose to sell your notes when the average currency appreciation has increased above zero, you may receive substantially less than the amount that would be payable at maturity based on this increase because of the expectation that the average currency appreciation will continue to fluctuate until the valuation date. We believe that other factors that may influence the value of the notes include:

the volatility (the frequency and magnitude of changes in level) of the basket currency exchange rates and in particular market expectations regarding the volatility of the basket currency exchange rates;

interest rates in the U.S. market and in the markets of each of the basket currencies;

our creditworthiness, as represented by our credit ratings and as otherwise perceived in the market;

changes in the correlation (the extent to which the basket currency exchange rates increase or decrease to the same degree at the same time) between the basket currency exchange rates;

suspension or disruption of market trading in any or all of the basket currencies

the time remaining to maturity; and

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geopolitical, economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events as well as other conditions may affect the basket currency exchange rates.

The basket currency exchange rates will be influenced by unpredictable factors that interrelate in complex ways

The basket currency exchange rates are a result of the supply of and demand for each currency, and changes in foreign exchange rates may result from the interactions of many factors including economic, financial, social and political conditions in the United States, Brazil, Russia, India and China. These conditions include, for example, the overall growth and performance of the economies of the United States, Brazil, Russia, India and China; the trade and current account balances between the U.S. on the one hand and Brazil, Russia, India and China on the other; the financing and capital account balances between the U.S. on the one hand and Brazil, Russia, India and China on the other; market interventions by the Federal Reserve Board or the respective governmental and banking authorities responsible for setting foreign exchange policies in Brazil, Russia, India and China; inflation, interest rate levels, the performance of stock markets, and the stability of the governments and banking systems in the United States, Brazil, Russia, India and China; wars that any of the United States, Brazil, Russia, India and China are directly or indirectly involved in or wars that occur anywhere in the world; major natural disasters in the United States, Brazil, Russia, India and China; and other foreseeable and unforeseeable events.

Certain relevant information relating to Brazil, Russia, India and China may not be as well known or as rapidly or thoroughly reported in the United States as comparable United States developments. Prospective purchasers of the notes should be aware of the possible lack of availability of important information that can affect the value of the basket currencies relative to the U.S. Dollar and must be prepared to make special efforts to obtain that information on a timely basis.

The liquidity, market value and maturity payment amount of the notes could be affected by the actions of the governments of Brazil, Russia, India and China

Exchange rates of the currencies of most economically developed nations and of many other nations, including Brazil, Russia and India, are floating, meaning they are permitted to fluctuate in value relative to the U.S. Dollar. However, governments of many nations, from time to time, do not allow their currencies to float freely in response to economic forces. (The Chinese Renminbi (Yuan) exchange rate is not floating and will be described further below.) Governments, including the governments of Brazil, Russia and India, use a variety of techniques, such as intervention by their central banks or imposition of regulatory controls or taxes, to affect the exchange rates of their respective currencies. Governments may also issue a new currency to replace an existing currency or alter its exchange rate or relative exchange characteristics by devaluing or revaluing the currency. Thus, a special risk in purchasing the notes is that their liquidity, trading value and amounts payable could be affected by the actions of the governments of Brazil, Russia and India that could change or interfere with currency valuations that are currently determined primarily by the markets, by fluctuations in response to other market forces, and the movement of currencies across borders. There will be no adjustment or change in the terms of the notes if exchange rates become fixed, if there is any devaluation or revaluation or imposition of exchange or other regulatory controls or taxes, if there is an issuance of a replacement currency, or if other developments affect any or all of the basket currencies, the U.S. Dollar, or any other currency.

There are specific risks related to the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan)

The exchange rate of the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan) is currently managed by the Chinese government. On July 21, 2005, the People's Bank of China, with the authorization of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, announced that the Renminbi (Yuan) exchange rate would no longer be pegged to the U.S. Dollar and instead would be pegged to a basket of currencies (the Renminbi basket) and allowed to float within a narrow band around the value of the Renminbi basket. According to public reports, the governor of the People's Bank of China has stated that the Renminbi basket is composed mainly of the U.S. Dollar, the European Union Euro, the Japanese Yen, and the Korean Won. Also considered, but playing smaller roles, are the currencies of Singapore, the United Kingdom, Malaysia, Russia, Australia, Canada and Thailand. The weight of each currency within the Renminbi basket has not been announced.

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The initial adjustment of the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan) exchange rate was an approximate 2% revaluation from an exchange rate of 8.28 Yuan per U.S. Dollar to 8.11 Yuan per U.S. Dollar. The People's Bank of China has also announced that the daily trading price of the U.S. Dollar against the Renminbi (Yuan) in the inter-bank foreign exchange market will continue to be allowed to float within a band of 0.3 percent around the central parity published by the People's Bank of China, while the trading prices of the non-U.S. Dollar currencies against the Renminbi (Yuan) will be allowed to move within a certain band announced by the People's Bank of China. The People's Bank of China will announce the closing price of a foreign currency such as the U.S. Dollar traded against the Renminbi (Yuan) in the inter-bank foreign exchange market after the closing of the market on each working day, and will make it the central parity for the trading against the Renminbi (Yuan) on the following working day. The People's Bank of China has stated that it will make adjustments of the Renminbi (Yuan) exchange rate band when necessary according to market developments as well as the economic and financial situation.

Despite the recent change in their exchange rate regime, the Chinese government continues to manage the valuation of the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan), and, as currently managed, its price movements are unlikely to contribute significantly to either an increase or decrease in the value of the basket. However, further changes in the Chinese government's management of the Renminbi (Yuan) could result in a significant movement in the U.S. Dollar/Chinese Renminbi (Yuan) exchange rate. Assuming the values of all other basket currencies remain constant, a decrease in the value of the Renminbi (Yuan), whether because of a change in the government's management of the currency or for other reasons, would result in a decrease in the value of the basket.

Historical levels of the basket currency exchange rates should not be taken as indications of the future levels of the basket currency exchange rates during the term of the notes

The basket currency exchange rates will be influenced by complex and interrelated political, economic, financial and other factors. As a result, it is impossible to predict whether the basket currency exchange rates will appreciate or depreciate over the term of the notes.

The basket is not a recognized market index and may not accurately reflect global market performance

The basket is not a recognized market index. The basket was created solely for purposes of the offering of the notes and will be calculated solely during the term of the notes. The value of the basket and, therefore, the basket performance amount, however, will not be published during the term of the notes. The basket does not reflect the performance of all major securities or currency markets, and may not reflect actual global market performance.

Purchases and sales by us and our affiliates may affect the return on the notes

As described below under "Use of Proceeds and Hedging" on page S-27, we or one or more affiliates may hedge our obligations under the notes by purchasing basket currencies, futures or options on basket currencies or other derivative instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the performance of the basket currencies, and we may adjust these hedges by, among other things, purchasing or selling basket currencies, futures, options or other derivative instruments at any time.

Although they are not expected to, any of these hedging activities may adversely affect the levels of the basket currency exchange rates and the basket performance amount. It is possible that we or one or more of our affiliates could receive substantial returns from these hedging activities while the market value of the notes declines.

Potential conflicts of interest could arise

Our subsidiary, WBNA, is our agent for the purposes of calculating the average currency appreciation and the maturity payment amount. Under certain circumstances, WBNA's role as our subsidiary and its responsibilities as calculation agent for the notes could give rise to conflicts of interest. These conflicts could occur, for instance, in connection with its determination of whether any or all of the basket currency exchange rates can be calculated on a particular business day. See "Specific Terms of the Notes - Market Disruption Event" on page S-25. WBNA is required to carry out its duties as calculation agent in good faith and using its reasonable judgment.

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Wachovia and its affiliates may engage in trading activities related to the basket currencies and the U.S. Dollar that are not for the account of holders of the notes or on their behalf. These trading activities may present a conflict between the holders' interest in the notes and the interests we and our affiliates will have in their proprietary accounts, in facilitating transactions, including options and other derivatives transactions, for their customers and in accounts under their management. These trading activities, if they influence the basket currency exchange rates, could be adverse to the interests of the holders of the notes.

We or one or more of our affiliates have published and may in the future publish research on foreign exchange markets, exchange rates and other matters that may have an influence on currency exchange rates. This research may be modified from time to time without notice and may express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the notes. This research should not be viewed as a recommendation or endorsement of the notes in any way, and investors must make their own independent investigation of the merits of this investment. Any of these activities by us or our other affiliates may affect the levels of the basket currency exchange rates and, therefore, the market value of the notes.

The calculation agent may postpone the determination of the average currency appreciation and the maturity date if a market disruption event occurs on the valuation date

The determination of one or more final basket currency exchange rates may be postponed if the calculation agent determines that a market disruption event has occurred or is continuing on the valuation date with respect to one or more basket currencies. If a postponement occurs, then for each basket currency with respect to which a market disruption event has occurred or is continuing, the calculation agent will use the final basket currency exchange rate on the next succeeding business day on which no market disruption event occurs or is continuing with respect to that basket currency for the calculation of the average currency appreciation. As a result, the maturity date for the notes would be postponed. You will not be entitled to compensation from us or the calculation agent for any loss suffered because of a market disruption event or any resulting delay in payment. See [Specific Terms of the Notes - Market Disruption Event](#) beginning on page S-15.

The inclusion of commissions and projected profits from hedging in the initial public offering price is likely to adversely affect secondary market prices

Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which Wachovia is willing to purchase the notes in secondary market transactions will likely be lower than the initial public offering price, since the initial public offering price included, and secondary market prices are likely to exclude, commissions paid with respect to the notes, as well as the projected profit included in the cost of hedging our obligations under the notes. In addition, any such prices may differ from values determined by pricing models used by Wachovia, as a result of dealer discounts, mark-ups or other transactions.

U.S. taxpayers will be required to pay taxes on the notes each year

The notes will be treated for United States federal income tax purposes as debt instruments subject to special rules governing contingent payment obligations. If you are a U.S. person, you generally will be required to pay taxes on ordinary income from the notes over their term based upon the comparable yield for the notes, even though you will not receive any payments from us until maturity. The comparable yield is determined solely to calculate the amounts you will be taxed on prior to maturity and is neither a prediction nor a guarantee of what the actual yield will be. In addition, any gain you may recognize upon the sale or maturity of the notes will be taxed as ordinary income. Any loss you may recognize upon the sale of the notes will be ordinary loss to the extent of interest you included as income in the current or previous taxable years in respect of the notes and thereafter, capital loss. If you hold your notes until maturity and the maturity payment is less than the projected payment at maturity, the difference will first reduce interest that would otherwise accrue in respect of the notes in such taxable year, and any remainder will be ordinary loss to the extent you previously accrued interest income in respect of the notes, and thereafter will be capital loss. If you purchase the notes at a time other than the original issue date, the tax consequences may be different. You should consult your tax advisor about your own tax situation.

For further information, see [Supplemental Tax Considerations](#) on page S-23.

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Certain considerations for insurance companies and employee benefit plans

A fiduciary of a pension plan or other employee benefit plan that is subject to the prohibited transaction rules of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, which we call "ERISA", or the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and that is considering purchasing the notes with the assets of a plan, should consult with its counsel regarding whether the purchase or holding of the notes could become a prohibited transaction under ERISA, the Internal Revenue Code or any substantially similar prohibition. These prohibitions are discussed in further detail under "Employee Retirement Income Security Act" on page S-25.

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SPECIFIC TERMS OF THE NOTES

*Please note that in this section entitled **Specific Terms of the Notes**, references to **holders** mean those who own notes registered in their own names, on the books that we or the trustee maintain for this purpose, and not indirect holders who own beneficial interests in notes registered in street name or in notes issued in book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company. Please review the special considerations that apply to indirect holders in the accompanying prospectus, under **Legal Ownership**.*

The notes are part of a series of debt notes, entitled **Medium-Term Notes, Series G**, that we may issue under the indenture from time to time as described in the accompanying prospectus. The notes are also **Indexed Notes** and **Senior Notes**, each as described in the accompanying prospectus.

This prospectus supplement summarizes specific financial and other terms that apply to the notes. Terms that apply generally to all **Medium-Term Notes, Series G**, are described in **Description of the Notes We May Offer** in the accompanying prospectus. The terms described here supplement those described in the accompanying prospectus and, if the terms described there are inconsistent with those described here, the terms described here are controlling.

We describe the terms of the notes in more detail below.

No Interest

There will be no interest payments, periodic or otherwise, on the notes.

Denominations

Wachovia will issue the notes in principal amounts of \$10 per note and integral multiples thereof.

Offering Price

Each note will be offered at an initial public offering price equal to \$10.

Maturity Payment Amount

On the maturity date, for each note you own, you will receive a cash payment equal to the sum of \$10 and the basket performance amount.

Determination of the basket performance amount

The basket performance amount per note will be determined by the calculation agent and will equal the greater of:

(i) \$0, and

(ii) \$10 x average currency appreciation x participation rate.

The participation rate is 155%.

The average currency appreciation will be determined by the calculation agent and will equal the arithmetic mean of the currency appreciation of each basket currency.

The currency appreciation of each basket currency will be determined by the calculation agent as follows:

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$$\text{currency appreciation} = \left(\frac{\text{initial basket currency exchange rate} \times \text{final basket currency exchange rate}}{\text{initial basket currency exchange rate}} \right)$$

The initial basket currency exchange rate for each basket currency is the basket currency exchange rate for that basket currency on the pricing date.

The final basket currency exchange rate for each basket currency will be the basket currency exchange rate for that basket currency on the valuation date.

The basket currency exchange rate for each basket currency on any given date will be determined by the calculation agent and will equal the basket currency/U.S. Dollar exchange rate as reported by Reuters Group PLC (Reuters), as follows:

For the Brazilian Real, the Brazilian Real/U.S. Dollar exchange rate as determined by reference to Reuters page BRBZ , or any successor page, published at approximately 6:00 p.m., Sao Paulo time, on the relevant date;

For the Russian Ruble, a Russian Ruble/U.S. Dollar exchange rate determined by multiplying the Russian Ruble/Euro exchange rate and the Euro/U.S. Dollar exchange rates, which are determined by reference to Reuters page EMTA , or any successor page, published at approximately 9:30 a.m., London time, on the relevant date;

For the Indian Rupee, the Indian Rupee/U.S. Dollar exchange rate, as determined by reference to Reuters page RBIB , or any successor page, published at approximately 12:00 p.m., Mumbai time, on the relevant date; and

For the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan), the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan)/U.S. Dollar exchange rate, as determined by reference to Reuters page SAEC , or any successor page, published at approximately 9:15 a.m., Beijing time, on the relevant date.

If the calculation agent is unable to determine a basket currency exchange rate by reference to the applicable Reuters page listed above or the corresponding successor page, then the calculation agent will select a similar source in a commercially reasonable manner in accordance with general market practice.

The following table shows the basket currencies, their respective currency symbols, their initial basket currency exchange rates and their applicable currency business days:

Basket Currency	Currency Symbol	Initial Basket Currency Exchange Rate	Applicable Currency Business Day
Brazilian Real	BRL	2.1623	São Paulo
Russian Ruble	RUB	26.8025	London
Indian Rupee	INR	45.8400	Mumbai
Chinese Renminbi (Yuan)	CNY	7.9087	Beijing

A business day means a day that is a Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City generally are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close.

The currency business day for each basket currency is any day, other than a Saturday or a Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which commercial banks are authorized or required by law, regulation or executive order to close (including for dealings in foreign exchange in accordance with the practice of the foreign exchange market) in the city listed in the table above under Applicable Currency Business Day for that basket currency.

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The valuation date, with respect to each basket currency, means the fifth business day before the maturity date. However, if that day occurs on a day on which the calculation agent has determined that a market disruption event has occurred or is continuing with respect to one or more basket currencies, then the valuation date for the affected basket currency or basket currencies will be postponed until the next succeeding currency business day for such basket currency or basket currencies on which the calculation agent determines that a market disruption event does not occur or is not continuing with respect to such basket currency or basket currencies; provided that in no event will the valuation date with respect to any basket currency be postponed by more than twenty calendar days. The determination of the final basket currency exchange rate for any basket currency with respect to which a market disruption event does not occur or is not continuing on the valuation date will not be postponed for the purpose of calculating the maturity payment amount. *If the valuation date with respect to any basket currency is postponed, then the maturity date of the notes will be postponed by an equal number of business days.*

If the average currency appreciation is less than or equal to zero, the basket performance amount will be \$0, and the maturity payment amount will be \$10.

If any payment is due on the notes on a day which is not a day on which commercial banks settle payments in New York City, then that payment may be made on the next succeeding day that is a day on which commercial banks settle payments in New York City, in the same amount and with the same effect as if paid on the original due date.

WBNA, our subsidiary, will serve as the calculation agent. All determinations made by the calculation agent shall be at the sole discretion of the calculation agent and, absent a determination of a manifest error, shall be conclusive for all purposes and binding on Wachovia and the holders and beneficial owners of the notes. Wachovia may at any time change the calculation agent without notice to holders of notes.

U.S. Bank National Association will serve as the U.S. registrar and domestic paying agent.

Market Disruption Event

A market disruption event with respect to a basket currency, as determined by the calculation agent in its sole discretion, means (i) a currency business day on which it becomes impossible to obtain the relevant basket currency exchange rate on the applicable Reuters page, the corresponding successor page, or a similar source, as described above; or (ii) a day that is declared not to be a currency business day for that basket currency, without prior public announcement or other public notice that that day will not be a currency business day.

If a market disruption event occurs with respect to a basket currency, the valuation date for the affected basket currency exchange rate will be postponed to the next succeeding currency business day for that basket currency on which the calculation agent determines that a market disruption event does not occur or is not continuing; provided that in no event will the valuation date with respect to any basket currency be postponed by more than twenty calendar days. If the final basket currency exchange rate for that basket currency cannot be calculated as of the twentieth calendar day following the originally scheduled valuation date, then the calculation agent will determine the final basket currency exchange rate for that basket currency in a commercially reasonable manner in accordance with general market practice, taking into consideration all available information that in good faith it deems relevant.

Adjustments to the Basket

Each basket currency of the respective country (the issuing country) listed under *What are the notes?* on page S-1 will also include any lawful successor currency (a successor currency) of that issuing country. If, after the pricing date and on or before the valuation date, any of the issuing countries has lawfully eliminated, converted, redenominated or exchanged for a successor currency its lawful currency that was in effect on the pricing date (an original currency), then for the purpose of calculating the corresponding final basket currency exchange rate, any original currency amounts will be converted into successor currency amounts by multiplying the amount of original currency by a ratio of successor currency to original currency. This ratio will be the exchange ratio set by the issuing country for converting the original currency into the successor currency on the date that the elimination, conversion, redenomination or exchange occurred. If there is more than one such date, the date closest to the valuation date will be selected.

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Events of Default and Acceleration

In case an event of default with respect to any notes has occurred and is continuing, the amount payable to a beneficial owner of a note upon any acceleration permitted by the notes, with respect to the principal amount of each note will be equal to the maturity payment amount, calculated as though the date of early repayment were the maturity date of the notes. If a bankruptcy proceeding is commenced in respect of Wachovia, the claim of the beneficial owner of a note may be limited, under Section 502(b)(2) of Title 11 of the United States Code, to the principal amount of the note plus an additional amount of contingent interest calculated as though the date of the commencement of the proceeding were the maturity date of the notes.

In case of default in payment of the notes, whether at their maturity or upon acceleration, the notes will not bear a default interest rate.

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THE BASKET

The basket is an equally-weighted basket of the following four currencies: the Brazilian Real, the Russian Ruble, the Indian Rupee and the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan). The basket currency exchange rate for each of the basket currencies is a foreign exchange spot price that measures the relative value of that basket currency against the U.S. Dollar. The Brazilian Real is the official currency of the Federative Republic of Brazil. The Russian Ruble is the official currency of the Russian Federation. The Indian Rupee is the official currency of the Republic of India. The Chinese Renminbi (Yuan) is the official currency of the People's Republic of China. Each basket currency exchange rate measures the number of units of that basket currency that can be exchanged for one U.S. Dollar. A basket currency exchange rate decreases when the that basket currency appreciates relative to the U.S. Dollar, and increases when that basket currency depreciates relative to the U.S. Dollar. The basket currency exchange rate for any basket currency on any date of determination means the trading price in that basket currency of one U.S. Dollar in the interbank market. U.S. Dollars and the basket currencies are traded by all major foreign exchange traders around the world. We have obtained all information on the basket currencies and the basket currency exchange rates from public sources, without independent verification.

Historical Basket Currency Exchange Rates

Any historical upward or downward trend in any of the basket currency exchange rates during any period shown below is not an indication that that basket currency exchange rate is more or less likely to increase or decrease at any time during the term of the notes. The historical basket currency exchange rates do not indicate future performance of the basket currency exchange rates. We cannot make any assurance that the future levels of the basket currency exchange rates will result in holders of the notes receiving a maturity payment amount greater than the principal amount of their notes on the maturity date. We do not make any representation to you regarding the change in the value of the basket over the term of the notes or the average currency appreciation.

We obtained each of the basket currency exchange rates listed below from Bloomberg Financial Markets without independent verification. The actual basket currency exchange rates on or near the valuation date may bear little relation to the historical values shown below.

The following tables set forth the published high and low levels in the interbank market of the each of the basket currency exchange rates in each calendar quarter from January 1, 2003 through September 30, 2006. On September 29, 2006, the Brazilian Real/U.S. Dollar exchange rate was 2.1690, the Russian Ruble/U.S. Dollar exchange rate was 26.7958, the Indian Rupee/U.S. Dollar exchange rate was 45.9250 and the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan)/U.S. Dollar exchange rate was 7.9041. Historical performances of the basket currency exchange rates do not indicate future performance.

Table of Contents**Quarterly High, Low and Close of the Brazilian Real/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate**

Quarter-Start Date	Quarter-End Date	High	Low	Quarter-End Close
1/1/2003	3/31/2003	3.6650	3.2610	3.3525
4/1/2003	6/30/2003	3.3135	2.8385	2.8440
7/1/2003	9/30/2003	3.0675	2.8155	2.9000
10/1/2003	12/31/2003	2.9475	2.8310	2.8915
1/1/2004	3/31/2004	2.9645	2.7820	2.8953
4/1/2004	6/30/2004	3.2118	2.8755	3.0850
7/1/2004	9/30/2004	3.0782	2.8505	2.8608
10/1/2004	12/31/2004	2.8800	2.6530	2.6560
1/1/2005	3/31/2005	2.7640	2.5665	2.6790
4/1/2005	6/30/2005	2.6588	2.3325	2.3325
7/1/2005	9/30/2005	2.4870	2.2140	2.2275
10/1/2005	12/31/2005	2.3800	2.1615	2.3355
1/1/2006	3/31/2006	2.3364	2.1040	2.1640
4/1/2006	6/30/2006	2.3525	2.0555	2.1650
7/1/2006	9/30/2006	2.2244	2.1230	2.1690

Quarterly High, Low and Close of the Russian Ruble/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate

Quarter-Start Date	Quarter-End Date	High	Low	Quarter-End Close
1/1/2003	3/31/2003	31.9550	31.3722	31.3862
4/1/2003	6/30/2003	31.2865	30.3215	30.3655
7/1/2003	9/30/2003	30.7254	30.2428	30.5870
10/1/2003	12/31/2003	30.5212	29.2390	29.2425
1/1/2004	3/31/2004	29.2425	28.4375	28.5190
4/1/2004	6/30/2004	29.0825	28.5075	29.0697
7/1/2004	9/30/2004	29.2755	28.9900	29.2229
10/1/2004	12/31/2004	29.2210	27.7200	27.7200
1/1/2005	3/31/2005	28.1950	27.4487	27.8621
4/1/2005	6/30/2005	28.6800	27.7080	28.6300
7/1/2005	9/30/2005	28.8312	28.1600	28.4977
10/1/2005	12/31/2005	28.9814	28.4295	28.7414
1/1/2006	3/31/2006	28.7414	27.6651	27.7049
4/1/2006	6/30/2006	27.7165	26.7316	26.8455
7/1/2006	9/30/2006	27.0500	26.6660	26.7958

Table of Contents**Quarterly High, Low and Close of the Indian Rupee/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate**

Quarter-Start Date	Quarter-End Date	High	Low	Quarter-End Close
1/1/2003	3/31/2003	48.0100	47.4700	47.4700
4/1/2003	6/30/2003	47.4675	46.4025	46.4875
7/1/2003	9/30/2003	46.4350	45.6950	45.7600
10/1/2003	12/31/2003	45.9250	45.2150	45.6250
1/1/2004	3/31/2004	45.6400	43.6000	43.6000
4/1/2004	6/30/2004	46.2500	43.5375	46.0600
7/1/2004	9/30/2004	46.4713	45.6650	45.9500
10/1/2004	12/31/2004	45.9000	43.4600	43.4600
1/1/2005	3/31/2005	43.9300	43.4200	43.7450
4/1/2005	6/30/2005	43.8300	43.2900	43.4850
7/1/2005	9/30/2005	44.1500	43.1750	44.0150
10/1/2005	12/31/2005	46.3100	44.1275	45.0500
1/1/2006	3/31/2006	45.0925	44.1175	44.6225
4/1/2006	6/30/2006	46.3900	44.6012	46.0400
7/1/2006	9/30/2006	46.9950	45.7700	45.9250

Quarterly High, Low and Close of the Chinese Renminbi (Yuan)/U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate

Quarter-Start Date	Quarter-End Date	High	Low	Quarter-End Close
1/1/2003	3/31/2003	8.2778	8.2766	8.2774
4/1/2003	6/30/2003	8.2775	8.2768	8.2775
7/1/2003	9/30/2003	8.2776	8.2766	8.2770
10/1/2003	12/31/2003	8.2772	8.2765	8.2767
1/1/2004	3/31/2004	8.2775	8.2766	8.2770
4/1/2004	6/30/2004	8.2773	8.2765	8.2766
7/1/2004	9/30/2004	8.2771	8.2765	8.2765
10/1/2004	12/31/2004	8.2768	8.2763	8.2765
1/1/2005	3/31/2005	8.2766	8.2763	8.2764
4/1/2005	6/30/2005	8.2767	8.2763	8.2764
7/1/2005	9/30/2005	8.2765	8.0871	8.0920
10/1/2005	12/31/2005	8.0920	8.0702	8.0702
1/1/2006	3/31/2006	8.0702	8.0172	8.0172
4/1/2006	6/30/2006	8.0265	7.9943	7.9943
7/1/2006	9/30/2006	8.0048	7.8965	7.9041

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Although the basket is not a recognized market index, the following graph depicts the historical performance of the basket as it would have occurred from January 1, 2000 to September 29, 2006, as though the basket had been in existence since January 1, 2000 with a starting level of \$10 and initial basket currency exchange rates for the basket currencies determined as of that date. An increase in the level of the basket corresponds to a decrease in the basket currency exchange rates, and a decrease in the level of the basket corresponds to an increase in the basket currency exchange rates. Any historical upward or downward trend in the level of the basket during any period shown below is not an indication that the level of the basket is more or less likely to increase or decrease at any time during the term of the securities. The historical values of the basket do not give any indication of the future performance of the basket and Wachovia cannot make any assurance regarding the future performance of the basket.

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Table of Contents**HYPOTHETICAL RETURNS**

The following table illustrates, for a range of hypothetical average currency appreciations representing equivalent percentage changes in the value of the basket:

the hypothetical basket performance amount;

the hypothetical maturity payment amount per note;

the hypothetical pre-tax annualized rate of return to beneficial owners of the notes as more fully described below.

The figures below are for purposes of illustration only. The actual maturity payment amount and the resulting total and pre-tax annualized rate of return will depend on the actual average currency appreciation determined by the calculation agent as described in this prospectus supplement.

Hypothetical average currency appreciation	Hypothetical basket performance amount	Hypothetical maturity payment amount per note	Hypothetical pre-tax annualized rate of return on the notes (1)
-50.00%	\$ 0.00	\$ 10.00	0.00%
-45.00	0.00	10.00	0.00
-40.00	0.00	10.00	0.00
-35.00	0.00	10.00	0.00
-30.00	0.00	10.00	0.00
-25.00	0.00	10.00	0.00
-20.00	0.00	10.00	0.00
-15.00	0.00	10.00	0.00
-10.00	0.00	10.00	0.00
-5.00	0.00	10.00	0.00
0.00(2)	0.00	10.00	0.00
5.00	0.78	10.78	5.04
10.00	1.55	11.55	9.84
15.00	2.33	12.33	14.43
20.00	3.10	13.10	18.84
25.00	3.88	13.88	23.07
30.00	4.65	14.65	27.15
35.00	5.43	15.43	31.08
40.00	6.20	16.20	34.89
45.00	6.98	16.98	38.58
50.00	7.75	17.75	42.16

(1) The hypothetical pre-tax annualized rate of return is based on semi-annual compounding and a 30/360 day count.

(2) This is also the average currency appreciation corresponding to the value of the basket on the pricing date.

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The following graph sets forth the return at maturity for a range of hypothetical average currency appreciations.

Return Profile of Principal Protected Notes vs. Basket

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SUPPLEMENTAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a general description of certain United States federal income tax considerations relating to the notes. The following does not purport to be a complete analysis of all tax considerations relating to the notes. Prospective purchasers of the notes should consult their tax advisors as to the consequences under the tax laws of the country of which they are resident for tax purposes and the tax laws of the United States of acquiring, holding and disposing of the notes and receiving payments of interest, principal and/or other amounts under the notes. This summary is based on the law as in effect on the date of this prospectus supplement and is subject to any change in law that may take effect after such date. This summary does not address all aspects of United States federal income taxation of the notes that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances, nor does it address all of your tax consequences if you are a holder of notes who is subject to special treatment under the United States federal income tax laws.

Supplemental U.S. Tax Considerations

The discussion below supplements the discussion under **United States Taxation** in the accompanying prospectus and is subject to the limitations and exceptions set forth therein. Except as otherwise noted under **United States Alien Holders** below, this discussion is only applicable to you if you are a United States holder (as defined in the accompanying prospectus).

In the opinion of Sullivan & Cromwell LLP, the notes will be treated for United States federal income tax purposes as debt instruments subject to special rules governing contingent payment obligations. Under those rules, the amount of interest you are required to take into account for each accrual period will be determined by constructing a projected payment schedule for the notes, and applying the rules similar to those for accruing original issue discount on a hypothetical noncontingent debt instrument with that projected payment schedule. This method is applied by first determining the yield at which we would issue a noncontingent fixed rate debt instrument with terms and conditions similar to the notes (the **comparable yield**) and then determining a payment schedule as of the issue date that would produce the comparable yield. We have determined that the predominant currency of the notes is the U.S. Dollar and that the notes should therefore be treated as denominated in U.S. Dollars (the **denomination currency**) for purposes of applying these rules. These rules will generally have the effect of requiring you to include amounts in income in respect of the notes prior to your receipt of cash attributable to that income.

You may obtain the comparable yield and projected payment schedule from us by contacting Structured Notes at 1-704-715-8400.

You are required to use the comparable yield and projected payment schedule that may be obtained from us at the above telephone number and the denomination currency as indicated above in determining your interest accruals in respect of the notes, unless you timely disclose and justify on your federal income tax return the use of a different comparable yield, projected payment schedule, or denomination currency.

The comparable yield and projected payment schedule are not provided to you for any purpose other than the determination of your interest accruals in respect of the notes, and we make no representations regarding the amount of contingent payments with respect to the notes. Any Form 1099-OID interest will be based on such comparable yield and projected payment schedule.

The amount of interest that you will be required to include in income in each accrual period for the notes will equal the product of the adjusted issue price for the notes at the beginning of the accrual period and the comparable yield for the notes. The adjusted issue price of the notes will equal the original offering price for the notes plus any interest that has accrued on the notes (under the rules governing contingent payment obligations).

If you purchase the notes for an amount that differs from the notes' adjusted issue price at the time of the purchase, you must determine the extent to which the difference between the price you paid for your notes and their adjusted issue price is attributable to a change in expectations as to the projected payment schedule, a change in interest rates, or both, and allocate the difference accordingly. If, as expected, the notes are listed on the American Stock Exchange, you may (but are not required to) allocate the difference pro rata to interest accruals over the remaining term of the notes to the extent that the yield on the notes, determined after taking into account

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amounts allocated to interest, is not less than the U.S. federal short-term rate. This rate is determined monthly by the U.S. Secretary of Treasury and is intended to approximate the average yield on short-term U.S. government obligations.

If you purchase the notes for an amount that is less than the adjusted issue price of the notes, you must (a) make positive adjustments increasing the amount of interest that you would otherwise accrue and include in income each year to the extent of amounts allocated to a change in interest rates under the preceding paragraph and (b) make positive adjustments increasing the amount of ordinary income (or decreasing the amount of ordinary loss) that you would otherwise recognize on the maturity of the notes to the extent of amounts allocated to a change in expectations as to the projected payment schedule under the preceding paragraph. If you purchase the notes for an amount that is greater than the adjusted issue price of the notes, you must (a) make negative adjustments decreasing the amount of interest that you would otherwise accrue and include in income each year to the extent of amounts allocated to a change in interest rates under the preceding paragraph and (b) make negative adjustments decreasing the amount of ordinary income (or increasing the amount of ordinary loss) that you would otherwise recognize on the maturity of the notes to the extent of amounts allocated to a change in expectations as to the projected payment schedule under the preceding paragraph. Adjustments allocated to the interest amount are not made until the date the daily portion of interest accrues.

Because any Form 1099-OID that you receive will not reflect the effects of positive or negative adjustments resulting from your purchase of the notes at a price other than the adjusted issue price determined for tax purposes, you are urged to consult with your tax advisor as to whether and how adjustments should be made to the amounts reported on any Form 1099-OID.

You will recognize gain or loss on the sale or maturity of the notes in an amount equal to the difference, if any, between the amount of cash you receive at that time and your adjusted basis in the notes. In general, your adjusted basis in the notes will equal the amount you paid for the notes, increased by the amount of interest you previously accrued with respect to the notes (in accordance with the comparable yield for the notes) and increased or decreased by the amount of any positive or negative adjustment that you are required to make with respect to your notes under the rules set forth above.

Any gain you may recognize on the sale or maturity of the notes will be ordinary interest income. Any loss you may recognize upon the sale of the notes will be ordinary loss to the extent of interest you included as income in the current or previous taxable years in respect of the notes, and thereafter, capital loss. If you hold your notes until maturity and the maturity payment is less than the projected payment at maturity, the difference will first reduce interest that would otherwise accrue in respect of the notes in such taxable year, and any remainder will be ordinary loss to the extent you previously accrued interest income in respect of the notes and thereafter will be capital loss. The deductibility of capital losses is limited.

United States Alien Holders. If you are a United States alien holder, you generally will not be subject to United States withholding tax or to generally applicable information reporting and backup withholding requirements with respect to payments on your notes as long as you comply with certain certification and identification requirements as to your foreign status. Please see the discussion under *United States Taxation* *United States Alien Holders* in the accompanying prospectus.

Table of Contents**EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT**

A fiduciary of a pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan (a plan) subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), should consider the fiduciary standards of ERISA in the context of the plan's particular circumstances before authorizing an investment in the notes. Accordingly, among other factors, the fiduciary should consider whether the investment would satisfy the prudence and diversification requirements of ERISA and would be consistent with the documents and instruments governing the plan, and whether the investment would involve a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code).

Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code prohibit plans, as well as individual retirement accounts and Keogh plans subject to Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code (also plans), from engaging in certain transactions involving plan assets with persons who are parties in interest under ERISA or disqualified persons under the Code (parties in interest) with respect to the plan or account. A violation of these prohibited transaction rules may result in civil penalties or other liabilities under ERISA and/or an excise tax under Section 4975 of the Code for those persons, unless exemptive relief is available under an applicable statutory, regulatory or administrative exemption. Certain employee benefit plans and arrangements including those that are governmental plans (as defined in section 3(32) of ERISA), certain church plans (as defined in Section 3(33) of ERISA) and foreign plans (as described in Section 4(b)(4) of ERISA) (non-ERISA arrangements) are not subject to the requirements of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code but may be subject to similar provisions under applicable federal, state, local, foreign or other regulations, rules or laws (similar laws).

The acquisition of the notes by a plan with respect to which Wachovia, Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC or certain of our affiliates is or becomes a party in interest may constitute or result in a prohibited transaction under ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, unless those notes are acquired pursuant to and in accordance with an applicable exemption. The U.S. Department of Labor has issued five prohibited transaction class exemptions, or PTCEs, that may provide exemptive relief if required for direct or indirect prohibited transactions that may arise from the purchase or holding of the notes. These exemptions are:

PTCE 84-14, an exemption for certain transactions determined or effected by independent qualified professional asset managers;

PTCE 90-1, an exemption for certain transactions involving insurance company pooled separate accounts;

PTCE 91-38, an exemption for certain transactions involving bank collective investment funds;

PTCE 95-60, an exemption for transactions involving certain insurance company general accounts; and

PTCE 96-23, an exemption for plan asset transactions managed by in-house asset managers.

The notes may not be purchased or held by (1) any plan, (2) any entity whose underlying assets include plan assets by reason of any plan's investment in the entity (a plan asset entity) or (3) any person investing in plan assets of any plan, unless in each case the purchaser or holder is eligible for the exemptive relief available under one or more of the PTCEs listed above or another applicable similar exemption. Any purchaser or holder of the notes or any interest in the notes will be deemed to have represented by its purchase and holding of the notes that it either (1) is not a plan or a plan asset entity and is not purchasing those notes on behalf of or with plan assets of any plan or plan asset entity or (2) with respect to the purchase or holding, is eligible for the exemptive relief available under any of the PTCEs listed above or another applicable exemption. In addition, any purchaser or holder of the notes or any interest in the notes which is a non-ERISA arrangement will be deemed to have represented by its purchase and holding of the notes that its purchase and holding will not violate the provisions of any similar law.

Due to the complexity of these rules and the penalties that may be imposed upon persons involved in non-exempt prohibited transactions, it is important that fiduciaries or other persons considering purchasing the notes on behalf of or with plan assets of any plan, plan asset entity or non-ERISA arrangement consult with their counsel regarding the availability of exemptive relief under any of the PTCEs listed above or any other applicable exemption, or the potential consequences of any purchase or holding under similar laws, as applicable.

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If you are an insurance company or the fiduciary of a pension plan or an employee benefit plan, and propose to invest in the notes, you should consult your legal counsel.

USE OF PROCEEDS AND HEDGING

The net proceeds from the sale of the notes will be used as described under **Use of Proceeds** in the accompanying prospectus and to hedge market risks of Wachovia associated with its obligation to pay the maturity payment amount of the notes.

The hedging activity discussed above may adversely affect the market value of the notes from time to time and the maturity payment amount you will receive on the notes at maturity. See **Risk Factors** **Trading and other transactions by Wachovia or its affiliates in the foreign exchange and currency derivative markets may impair the value of the notes** and **Risk Factors** **Potential conflicts of interest could arise** for a discussion of these adverse effects.

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SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC has agreed, subject to the terms and conditions of the distribution agreement and a terms agreement, to purchase from Wachovia as principal \$10,027,650 aggregate principal amount of notes less an underwriting discount and commission of \$0.16 per note.

The distribution agreement provides that the obligations of Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC are subject to certain conditions and that Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC is obligated to purchase the notes. Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC has advised Wachovia that it proposes initially to offer part of the notes directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement and part of the notes to dealers at the public offering price less a concession not to exceed \$0.15 per note. Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC may allow, and the dealers may reallocate, a discount not to exceed \$0.15 per note on sales to other dealers. If all the notes are not sold to the public at the initial public offering price, the underwriters may change the public offering price and other selling terms. Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC is offering the notes subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to its right to reject any order in whole or in part.

Proceeds to be received by Wachovia in this offering will be net of the underwriting discount, commission and expenses payable by Wachovia.

Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC or any broker-dealer affiliate of Wachovia may use this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for offers and sales related to market-making transactions in the notes. Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC or any broker-dealer affiliate of Wachovia may act as principal or agent in these transactions, and the sales will be made at prices related to prevailing market prices at the time of sale.

Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC is an affiliate of Wachovia. Rule 2720 of the Conduct Rules of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (the "NASD") imposes certain requirements when an NASD member such as Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC distributes an affiliated company's debt securities. Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC has advised Wachovia that this offering will comply with the applicable requirements of Rule 2720. No NASD member participating in this offering will confirm initial sales to accounts over which it exercises discretionary authority without the prior written approval of the customer.

We expect to deliver the notes against payment therefor in The City of New York, New York on or about the expected settlement date specified on the coverage page of this prospectus supplement, which will be the fifth business day following the date of this prospectus supplement and of the pricing of the notes. Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Exchange Act, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade notes on the pricing date or the next succeeding business day will be required, by virtue of the fact that the notes initially will settle in five business days (T+5), to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement.

No action has been or will be taken by Wachovia, Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC or any other broker-dealer affiliate of Wachovia that would permit a public offering of the notes or possession or distribution of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus in any jurisdiction, other than the United States, where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of the notes, or distribution of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations and will not impose any obligations on Wachovia, Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC or any other broker-dealer affiliate of Wachovia. In respect of specific jurisdictions, please note the following:

The notes, and the offer to sell notes, do not constitute a public offering in Argentina. Consequently, no public offering approval has been requested or granted by the Comisión Nacional de Valores, nor has any listing authorization of the notes been requested on any stock market in Argentina.

The notes will not be offered or sold to any persons who are residents of the Bahamas within the meaning of the Exchange Control Regulations of 1956 issued by the Central Bank of the Bahamas.

The notes may not be offered or sold to the public in Brazil. Accordingly, the notes have not been submitted to the Comissão de Valores Mobiliários for approval. Documents relating to this offering may not be supplied to the

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public as a public offering in Brazil or be used in connection with any offer for subscription or sale to the public in Brazil.

Neither the notes nor Wachovia Corporation are registered in the Securities Registry of the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance in Chile.

The notes have not been registered with the National Registry of Securities maintained by the Mexican National Banking and Securities Commission and may not be offered or sold publicly in Mexico. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may not be publicly distributed in Mexico.

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RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

On May 7, 2006, Wachovia and Golden West Financial Corporation (Golden West) announced that they had entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of May 7, 2006 (the Merger Agreement), that provides, among other things, for Golden West to be merged with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary of Wachovia (the Merger). As a result of the Merger, the outstanding shares of Golden West common stock, with respect to each shareholder of record of Golden West common stock, will be converted into the right to receive (A) a number of shares of Wachovia common stock equal to the product of (i) 1.365 times (ii) the number of shares of Golden West common stock held by such holder of record times (iii) 77%, and (B) an amount in cash equal to the product of (i) \$81.07 times (ii) the number of shares of Golden West common stock held by such holder of record times (iii) 23%. Wachovia also entered into Voting Agreements, dated as of May 7, 2006 (the Voting Agreements), with the co-chairman and chief executive officers of Golden West, Marion Sandler and Herbert Sandler, and with one other director, Bernard Osher. Under the Voting Agreements, the Sandlers and Mr. Osher gave Wachovia an irrevocable proxy to vote, and they agreed to vote, their Golden West shares in favor of the Merger and agreed that they will not vote those shares in favor of another acquisition transaction. In the Merger Agreement, Golden West agreed to pay Wachovia a termination fee of \$995 million under certain circumstances generally arising if Golden West or a third party takes certain actions that could prevent or impede consummation of the Merger. Wachovia agreed to elect two current Golden West directors to its board of directors upon consummation of the Merger.

The Merger is intended to be treated as a tax-free reorganization to Wachovia and Golden West and otherwise tax free to Golden West s shareholders, except to the extent they receive cash, and is to be accounted for as a purchase. Consummation of the Merger is subject to various conditions, including: (i) receipt of the approvals of Wachovia s and Golden West s shareholders; (ii) receipt of requisite regulatory approvals from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and other regulatory authorities; (iii) receipt of legal opinions as to the tax treatment of the Merger; (iv) listing on the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., subject to notice of issuance, of Wachovia s common stock to be issued in the Merger; and (v) satisfaction of certain other conditions.

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\$9,100,000,000

WACHOVIA CORPORATION

Senior Global Medium-Term Notes, Series G

and

Subordinated Global Medium-Term Notes, Series H

Terms of Sale

Wachovia Corporation may from time to time offer and sell notes with various terms, including the following:

stated maturity of 9 months or longer	amount of principal or interest may be determined by reference to an index or formula
fixed or floating interest rate, zero-coupon or issued with original issue discount; a floating interest rate may be based on:	book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company, Euroclear, Clearstream or any other clearing system or financial institution named in the applicable pricing supplement
commercial paper rate	redemption at the option of Wachovia or repayment at the option of the holder
prime rate	interest on notes paid monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually
LIBOR	denominations of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000
EURIBOR	denominated in U.S. dollars, a currency other than U.S dollars or in a composite currency
treasury rate	settlement in immediately available funds
CMT rate	
CD rate	

CPI rate

federal funds rate

ranked as senior or subordinated indebtedness
of Wachovia

The final terms of each note will be included in a pricing supplement. Wachovia will receive between \$9,090,000,000 and \$8,372,000,000 of the proceeds from the sale of the notes, after paying the agents' commissions of between \$10,000,000 and \$728,000,000, unless otherwise agreed with the agents.

Wachovia has filed an application to list notes issued under this prospectus on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. The Luxembourg Stock Exchange has advised us that with respect to notes so listed, this prospectus is valid for one year from the date of this prospectus.

Investing in the notes involves risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page 5.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or the Commissioner of Insurance of the state of North Carolina has approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

These securities will be our unsecured obligations and will not be savings accounts, deposits or other obligations of any bank or non-bank subsidiary of ours and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Bank Insurance Fund or any other governmental agency.

Wachovia may sell the notes directly or through one or more agents or dealers, including the agents listed below. The agents are not required to sell any particular amount of the notes.

Wachovia may use this prospectus in the initial sale of any notes. In addition, Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, or any other affiliate of Wachovia may use this prospectus in a market-making or other transaction in any note after its initial sale. *Unless Wachovia or its agent informs the purchaser otherwise in the confirmation of sale or pricing supplement, this prospectus is being used in a market-making transaction.*

Wachovia Securities

This prospectus is dated May 13, 2005

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

General

This document is called a prospectus and is part of a registration statement that we filed with the SEC using a shelf registration or continuous offering process. Under this shelf registration, we may from time to time sell any combination of the securities described in this prospectus in one or more offerings up to a total aggregate initial offering price of \$9,100,000,000 or the equivalent amount in one or more other currencies or composite currencies.

This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we sell securities we will provide a pricing supplement containing specific information about the terms of the securities being offered. That pricing supplement may include a discussion of any risk factors or other special considerations that apply to those securities. The pricing supplement may also add, update or change the information in this prospectus. If there is any inconsistency between the information in this prospectus and any pricing supplement, you should rely on the information in that pricing supplement. You should read both this prospectus and any pricing supplement together with additional information described under the heading **Where You Can Find More Information**.

The registration statement containing this prospectus, including exhibits to the registration statement, provides additional information about us and the securities offered under this prospectus. The registration statement can be read at the SEC web site or at the SEC offices mentioned under the heading **Where You Can Find More Information**.

When acquiring any securities discussed in this prospectus, you should rely only on the information provided in this prospectus and in any pricing supplement, including the information incorporated by reference. Neither we nor any underwriters or agents have authorized anyone to provide you with different information. We are not offering the securities in any state where the offer is prohibited. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus, any pricing supplement or any document incorporated by reference is truthful or complete at any date other than the date mentioned on the cover page of these documents.

We may sell securities to underwriters who will sell the securities to the public on terms fixed at the time of sale. In addition, the securities may be sold by us directly or through dealers or agents designated from time to time, which agents may be our affiliates. If we, directly or through agents, solicit offers to purchase the securities, we reserve the sole right to accept and, together with our agents, to reject, in whole or in part, any of those offers.

The pricing supplement will contain the names of the underwriters, brokers, dealers or agents, if any, together with the terms of offering, the compensation of those persons and the net proceeds to us. Any underwriters, brokers, dealers or agents participating in the offering may be deemed underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 (the **Securities Act**).

One or more of our subsidiaries, including Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC may buy and sell any of the securities after the securities are issued as part of their business as a broker-dealer. Those subsidiaries may use this prospectus and the related pricing supplement in those transactions. Any sale by a subsidiary will be made at the prevailing market price at the time of sale. Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC and Wachovia Securities, LLC another of our subsidiaries, each conduct business under the name **Wachovia Securities**. Any reference in this prospectus to **Wachovia Securities** means Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC, unless otherwise mentioned or unless the context requires otherwise.

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Unless otherwise mentioned or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this prospectus to Wachovia , we , us , our or similar references mean Wachovia Corporation and its subsidiaries.

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Selling Restrictions Outside the United States

Offers and sales of the notes are subject to restrictions in the United Kingdom. The distribution of this prospectus and the offering of the notes in certain other jurisdictions may also be restricted by law. This prospectus does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation on Wachovia's behalf or on behalf of the agents or any of them to subscribe to or purchase, any of the notes. This prospectus may not be used for or in connection with an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorized or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. Please refer to the section entitled "Plan of Distribution".

As long as the notes are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, a supplemental prospectus will be prepared and filed with the Luxembourg Stock Exchange in the event of a material change in the financial condition of Wachovia that is not reflected in this prospectus, for the use in connection with any subsequent issue of debt securities to be listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. As long as the notes are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, if the terms and conditions of the notes are modified or amended in a manner which would make this prospectus materially inaccurate or misleading, a new prospectus or supplemental prospectus will be prepared.

Wachovia accepts responsibility for the information contained in this prospectus. The Luxembourg Stock Exchange takes no responsibility for the contents of this document, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss no matter how arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this prospectus.

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WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any document we file at the SEC's public reference room in Washington, D.C. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference rooms. In addition, our SEC filings are available to the public at the SEC's web site at <http://www.sec.gov>. You can also inspect reports, proxy statements and other information about us at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference into this prospectus the information in documents we file with it. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus and should be read with the same care. When we update the information contained in documents that have been incorporated by reference by making future filings with the SEC the information incorporated by reference in this prospectus is considered to be automatically updated and superseded. In other words, in the case of a conflict or inconsistency between information contained in this prospectus and information incorporated by reference into this prospectus, you should rely on the information contained in the document that was filed later. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any documents we file with the SEC in the future under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14, or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) until the offering of securities by means of this prospectus is completed:

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004;

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2005; and

Current Reports on Form 8-K dated January 5, 2005, January 14, 2005, January 19, 2005, April 15, 2005 and May 2, 2005.

You may request a copy of these filings, other than an exhibit to a filing unless that exhibit is specifically incorporated by reference into that filing, at no cost, by writing to or telephoning us at the following address:

Corporate Relations

Wachovia Corporation

One Wachovia Center

301 South College Street

Charlotte, North Carolina 28288-0206

(704) 374-6782

As long as the notes are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, you may also obtain documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus free of charge from the Luxembourg Listing Agent or the Luxembourg Paying Agent and Transfer Agent.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus and applicable pricing supplements contain or incorporate statements that are forward-looking statements. These statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking language such as will likely result, may, are expected to, is anticipated, estimate, projected, intend, or other similar words. Our actual results, performance or achievements could be significantly different from the results expressed in or implied by these forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to certain risks described in the pricing supplement or the documents incorporated by reference. When considering these forward-looking statements, you should keep in mind these risks, uncertainties and other cautionary statements made in this prospectus and the pricing supplements. You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement, which speaks only as of the date made. You should refer to our periodic and current reports filed with the SEC for specific risks which could cause actual results to be significantly different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

WACHOVIA CORPORATION

Wachovia was incorporated under the laws of North Carolina in 1967. We are registered as a financial holding company and a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, and are supervised and regulated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Our banking and securities subsidiaries are supervised and regulated by various federal and state banking and securities regulatory authorities. On September 1, 2001, the former Wachovia Corporation merged with and into First Union Corporation, and First Union Corporation changed its name to Wachovia Corporation.

In addition to North Carolina, Wachovia's full-service banking subsidiaries operate in Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and Washington, D.C. These full-service banking subsidiaries provide a wide range of commercial and retail banking and trust services. Wachovia also provides various other financial services, including mortgage banking, home equity lending, leasing, investment banking, insurance and securities brokerage services through other subsidiaries.

In 1985, the Supreme Court upheld regional interstate banking legislation. Since then, Wachovia has concentrated its efforts on building a large regional banking organization in what it perceives to be some of the better banking markets in the eastern United States. Since November 1985, Wachovia has completed over 100 banking-related acquisitions.

Wachovia continually evaluates its business operations and organizational structures to ensure they are aligned closely with its goal of maximizing performance in its core business lines, Capital Management, Wealth Management, the General Bank and Corporate and Investment Banking. When consistent with our overall business strategy, we may consider the disposition of certain of our assets, branches, subsidiaries or lines of business. We continue to routinely explore acquisition opportunities, particularly in areas that would complement our core business lines, and frequently conduct due diligence activities in connection with possible acquisitions. As a result, acquisition discussions and, in some cases, negotiations frequently take place, and future acquisitions involving cash, debt or equity securities can be expected.

Wachovia is a separate and distinct legal entity from its banking and other subsidiaries. Dividends received from our subsidiaries are our principal source of funds to pay dividends on our common and preferred stock and debt service on our debt. Various federal and state statutes and regulations limit the amount of dividends that our banking and other subsidiaries may pay to us without regulatory approval.

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RISK FACTORS

Our Credit Ratings May Not Reflect All Risks of An Investment in the Notes

The credit ratings of our medium-term note program may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure and other factors on any trading market for, or trading value of, your notes. In addition, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally effect any trading market for, or trading value of, your notes.

Risks Relating to Indexed Notes

We use the term *indexed notes* to mean notes whose value is linked to an underlying property or index. Indexed notes may present a high level of risk, and those who invest in indexed notes may lose their entire investment. In addition, the treatment of indexed notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes is often unclear due to the absence of any authority specifically addressing the issues presented by any particular indexed note. Thus, if you propose to invest in indexed notes, you should independently evaluate the federal income tax consequences of purchasing an indexed note that apply in your particular circumstances. You should also read *United States Taxation* for a discussion of U.S. tax matters.

Investors in Indexed Notes Could Lose Their Investment

The amount of principal and/or interest payable on an indexed note and the cash value or physical settlement value of a physically settled note will be determined by reference to the price, value or level of one or more securities, currencies, commodities or other properties, any other financial, economic or other measure or instrument, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any event or circumstance, and/or one or more indices or baskets of any of these items. We refer to each of these as an *index*. The direction and magnitude of the change in the price, value or level of the relevant index will determine the amount of principal and/or interest payable on the indexed note, and the cash value or physical settlement value of a physically settled note. The terms of a particular indexed note may or may not include a guaranteed return of a percentage of the face amount at maturity or a minimum interest rate. Thus, if you purchase an indexed note, you may lose all or a portion of the principal or other amount you invest and may receive no interest on your investment.

The Issuer of a Security or Currency That Serves as an Index Could Take Actions That May Adversely Affect an Indexed Note

The issuer of a security that serves as an index or part of an index for an indexed note will have no involvement in the offer and sale of the indexed note and no obligations to the holder of the indexed note. The issuer may take actions, such as a merger or sale of assets, without regard to the interests of the holder. Any of these actions could adversely affect the value of a note indexed to that security or to an index of which that security is a component.

If the index for an indexed note includes a non-U.S. dollar currency or other asset denominated in a non-U.S. dollar currency, the government that issues that currency will also have no involvement in the offer and sale of the indexed note and no obligations to the holder of the indexed note. That government may take actions that could adversely affect the value of the note. See *Risks Relating to Notes Denominated or Payable*

in or Linked to a Non-U.S. Dollar Currency below for more information about these kinds of government actions.

An Indexed Note May Be Linked to a Volatile Index, Which Could Hurt Your Investment

Some indices are highly volatile, which means that their value may change significantly, up or down, over a short period of time. The amount of principal or interest that can be expected to become payable on an

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indexed note may vary substantially from time to time. Because the amounts payable with respect to an indexed note are generally calculated based on the value or level of the relevant index on a specified date or over a limited period of time, volatility in the index increases the risk that the return on the indexed note may be adversely affected by a fluctuation in the level of the relevant index.

The volatility of an index may be affected by political or economic events, including governmental actions, or by the activities of participants in the relevant markets. Any of these events or activities could adversely affect the value of an indexed note.

An Index to Which a Note Is Linked Could Be Changed or Become Unavailable

Some indices compiled by us or our affiliates or third parties may consist of or refer to several or many different securities, commodities or currencies or other instruments or measures. The compiler of such an index typically reserves the right to alter the composition of the index and the manner in which the value or level of the index is calculated. An alteration may result in a decrease in the value of or return on an indexed note that is linked to the index. The indices for our indexed notes may include published indices of this kind or customized indices developed by us or our affiliates in connection with particular issues of indexed notes.

A published index may become unavailable, or a customized index may become impossible to calculate in the normal manner, due to events such as war, natural disasters, cessation of publication of the index or a suspension or disruption of trading in one or more securities, commodities or currencies or other instruments or measures on which the index is based. If an index becomes unavailable or impossible to calculate in the normal manner, the terms of a particular indexed note may allow us to delay determining the amount payable as principal or interest on an indexed note, or we may use an alternative method to determine the value of the unavailable index. Alternative methods of valuation are generally intended to produce a value similar to the value resulting from reference to the relevant index. However, it is unlikely that any alternative method of valuation we use will produce a value identical to the value that the actual index would produce. If we use an alternative method of valuation for a note linked to an index of this kind, the value of the note, or the rate of return on it, may be lower than it otherwise would be.

Some indexed notes are linked to indices that are not commonly used or that have been developed only recently. The lack of a trading history may make it difficult to anticipate the volatility or other risks associated with an indexed note of this kind. In addition, trading in these indices or their underlying stocks, commodities or currencies or other instruments or measures, or options or futures contracts on these stocks, commodities or currencies or other instruments or measures, may be limited, which could increase their volatility and decrease the value of the related indexed notes or the rates of return on them.

We May Engage in Hedging Activities that Could Adversely Affect an Indexed Note

In order to hedge an exposure on a particular indexed note, we may, directly or through our affiliates, enter into transactions involving the securities, commodities or currencies or other instruments or measures that underlie the index for the note, or involving derivative instruments, such as swaps, options or futures, on the index or any of its component items. By engaging in transactions of this kind, we could adversely affect the value of an indexed note. It is possible that we could achieve substantial returns from our hedging transactions while the value of the indexed note may decline.

Information About Indices May Not Be Indicative of Future Performance

If we issue an indexed note, we may include historical information about the relevant index in the relevant pricing supplement. Any information about indices that we may provide will be furnished as a matter of information only, and you should not regard the information as indicative of the range of, or trends in, fluctuations in the relevant index that may occur in the future.

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We May Have Conflicts of Interest Regarding an Indexed Note

Wachovia Securities and our other affiliates may have conflicts of interest with respect to some indexed notes. Wachovia Securities and our other affiliates may engage in trading, including trading for hedging purposes, for their proprietary accounts or for other accounts under their management, in indexed notes and in the securities, commodities or currencies or other instruments or measures on which the index is based or in other derivative instruments related to the index or its component items. These trading activities could adversely affect the value of indexed notes. We and our affiliates may also issue or underwrite securities or derivative instruments that are linked to the same index as one or more indexed notes. By introducing competing products into the marketplace in this manner, we could adversely affect the value of an indexed note.

Wachovia Bank, National Association or another of our affiliates may serve as calculation agent for the indexed notes and may have considerable discretion in calculating the amounts payable in respect of the notes. To the extent that Wachovia Bank, National Association or another of our affiliates calculates or compiles a particular index, it may also have considerable discretion in performing the calculation or compilation of the index. Exercising discretion in this manner could adversely affect the value of an indexed note based on the index or the rate of return on the security.

Risks Relating to Notes Denominated or Payable in or Linked to a Non-U.S. Dollar Currency

If you intend to invest in a non-U.S. dollar note e.g., a note whose principal and/or interest is payable in a currency other than U.S. dollars or that may be settled by delivery of or reference to a non-U.S. dollar currency or property denominated in or otherwise linked to a non-U.S. dollar currency you should consult your own financial and legal advisors as to the currency risks entailed by your investment. Notes of this kind may not be an appropriate investment for investors who are unsophisticated with respect to non-U.S. dollar currency transactions.

An Investment in a Non-U.S. Dollar Note Involves Currency-Related Risks

An investment in a non-U.S. dollar note entails significant risks that are not associated with a similar investment in a note that is payable solely in U.S. dollars and where settlement value is not otherwise based on a non-U.S. dollar currency. These risks include the possibility of significant changes in rates of exchange between the U.S. dollar and the various non-U.S. dollar currencies or composite currencies and the possibility of the imposition or modification of foreign exchange controls or other conditions by either the United States or non-U.S. governments. These risks generally depend on factors over which we have no control, such as economic and political events and the supply of and demand for the relevant currencies in the global markets.

Changes in Currency Exchange Rates Can Be Volatile and Unpredictable

Rates of exchange between the U.S. dollar and many other currencies have been highly volatile, and this volatility may continue and perhaps spread to other currencies in the future. Fluctuations in currency exchange rates could adversely affect an investment in a note denominated in, or where value is otherwise linked to, a specified currency other than U.S. dollars. Depreciation of the specified currency against the U.S. dollar could result in a decrease in the U.S. dollar-equivalent value of payments on the note, including the principal payable at maturity. That in turn could cause the market value of the note to fall. Depreciation of the specified currency against the U.S. dollar could result in a loss to the investor on a U.S. dollar basis.

In courts outside of New York, investors may not be able to obtain judgment in a specified currency other than U.S. dollars. For example, a judgment for money in an action based on a non-U.S. dollar note in many other U.S. federal or state courts ordinarily would be enforced in the United States only in U.S. dollars.

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The date used to determine the rate of conversion of the currency in which any particular note is denominated into U.S. dollars will depend upon various factors, including which court renders the judgment.

Information About Exchange Rates May Not Be Indicative of Future Performance

If we issue a non-U.S. dollar note, we may include in the relevant pricing supplement a currency supplement that provides information about historical exchange rates for the relevant non-U.S. dollar currency or currencies. Any information about exchange rates that we may provide will be furnished as a matter of information only, and you should not regard the information as indicative of the range of, or trends in, fluctuations in currency exchange rates that may occur in the future. That rate will likely differ from the exchange rate used under the terms that apply to a particular note.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

Wachovia currently intends to use the net proceeds from the sale of any notes for general corporate purposes, which may include:

reducing debt;

investments at the holding company level;

investing in, or extending credit to, our operating subsidiaries;

acquisitions;

stock repurchases; and

other purposes as mentioned in any pricing supplement.

Pending such use, we may temporarily invest the net proceeds. The precise amounts and timing of the application of proceeds will depend upon our funding requirements and the availability of other funds. Except as mentioned in any pricing supplement, specific allocations of the proceeds to such purposes will not have been made at the date of that pricing supplement.

Based upon our historical and anticipated future growth and our financial needs, we may engage in additional financings of a character and amount that we determine as the need arises.

CONSOLIDATED EARNINGS RATIOS

The following table provides Wachovia's consolidated ratios of earnings to fixed charges and preferred stock dividends:

Three Months	Years Ended December 31,				
Ended					
March 31,					
2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000

Consolidated Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock

Dividends

Excluding interest on deposits	3.31x	3.83	3.63	2.91	1.61	1.13
Including interest on deposits	2.16x	2.37	2.30	1.79	1.27	1.06

For purposes of computing these ratios

earnings represent income from continuing operations before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of a change in accounting principles, plus income taxes and fixed charges (excluding capitalized interest);

fixed charges, excluding interest on deposits, represent interest (including capitalized interest), one-third of rents and all amortization of debt issuance costs; and

fixed charges, including interest on deposits, represent all interest (including capitalized interest), one-third of rents and all amortization of debt issuance costs.

One-third of rents is used because it is the proportion deemed representative of the interest factor.

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The following is selected unaudited consolidated condensed financial information for Wachovia for the three months ended March 31, 2005, and the year ended December 31, 2004. The summary below should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Wachovia, and the related notes thereto, and the other detailed information contained in Wachovia's 2005 First Quarter Report on Form 10-Q and in Wachovia's 2004 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

	Three Months	
	Ended March 31, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
(In millions, except per share data)		
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED SUMMARIES OF INCOME		
Interest income	\$ 5,453	17,288
Interest expense	2,040	5,327
Net interest income	3,413	11,961
Provision for credit losses	36	257
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	3,377	11,704
Securities losses	(2)	(10)
Fee and other income	2,997	10,789
Merger-related and restructuring expenses	61	444
Other noninterest expense	3,811	14,222
Minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries	64	184
Income before income taxes	2,436	7,633
Income taxes	815	2,419
Net income	\$ 1,621	5,214
PER COMMON SHARE DATA		
Basic earnings	\$ 1.03	3.87
Diluted earnings	1.01	3.81
Cash dividends	\$ 0.46	1.66
Average common shares Basic	1,571	1,346
Average common shares Diluted	1,603	1,370
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED PERIOD-END BALANCE SHEET		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,227	38,591
Trading account assets	47,149	45,932
Securities	116,731	110,597
Loans, net of unearned income	227,266	223,840
Allowance for loan losses	(2,732)	(2,757)
Loans, net	224,534	221,083
Loans held for sale	14,173	12,988
Goodwill	21,635	21,526
Other intangible assets	1,428	1,581
Other assets	42,956	41,026

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Total assets	\$ 506,833	493,324
	<hr/>	<hr/>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Deposits	297,657	295,053
Short-term borrowings	73,401	63,406
Trading account liabilities	22,418	21,709
Other liabilities	16,147	16,262
Long-term debt	47,932	46,759
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities	457,555	443,189
Minority interest in net assets of consolidated subsidiaries	2,811	2,818
Stockholders equity	46,467	47,317
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 506,833	493,324
	<hr/>	<hr/>

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The following table sets forth the unaudited capitalization of Wachovia at March 31, 2005.

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>March 31, 2005</u>
Long-term Debt	
Total long-term debt	\$ 47,932
Stockholders Equity	
Dividend Equalization Preferred shares, issued 97 million shares	
Common stock, authorized 3 billion shares, issued 1.576 billion shares	5,255
Paid-in capital	30,976
Retained earnings	10,319
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net	(83)
Total stockholders equity	46,467
Total long-term debt and stockholders equity	\$ 94,399

As of the date of this prospectus, there has been no material change in the capitalization of Wachovia since March 31, 2005.

REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS

As a financial holding company and a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act, the Federal Reserve Board regulates, supervises and examines Wachovia. For a discussion of the material elements of the regulatory framework applicable to financial holding companies, bank holding companies and their subsidiaries and specific information relevant to Wachovia, please refer to Wachovia's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004, and any subsequent reports we file with the SEC, which are incorporated by reference in this prospectus. This regulatory framework is intended primarily for the protection of depositors and the federal deposit insurance funds and not for the protection of security holders. As a result of this regulatory framework, Wachovia's earnings are affected by actions of the Federal Reserve Board, the Office of Comptroller of the Currency, that regulates our banking subsidiaries, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, that insures the deposits of our banking subsidiaries within certain limits, and the SEC, that regulates the activities of certain subsidiaries engaged in the securities business.

Wachovia's earnings are also affected by general economic conditions, our management policies and legislative action.

In addition, there are numerous governmental requirements and regulations that affect our business activities. A change in applicable statutes, regulations or regulatory policy may have a material effect on Wachovia's business.

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Depository institutions, like Wachovia's bank subsidiaries, are also affected by various federal laws, including those relating to consumer protection and similar matters. Wachovia also has other financial services subsidiaries regulated, supervised and examined by the Federal Reserve Board, as well as other relevant state and federal regulatory agencies and self-regulatory organizations. Wachovia's non-bank subsidiaries may be subject to other laws and regulations of the federal government or the various states in which they are authorized to do business.

Table of Contents**DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES WE MAY OFFER**

The following information outlines some of the provisions of the indentures and the notes. This information may not be complete in all respects, and is qualified entirely by reference to the indenture under which the notes are issued. These indentures are incorporated by reference as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. This information relates to certain terms and conditions that generally apply to the notes. The specific terms of any series of notes will be described in the relevant pricing supplement. As you read this section, please remember that the specific terms of your note as described in your pricing supplement will supplement and, if applicable, may modify or replace the general terms described in this section. If your pricing supplement is inconsistent with this prospectus, your pricing supplement will control with regard to your note. Thus, the statements we make in this section may not apply to your note.

General

Senior notes will be issued under an indenture, dated as of April 1, 1983, as amended and supplemented, between Wachovia and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, (formerly known as The Chase Manhattan Bank) as trustee. Subordinated notes will be issued under an indenture, dated as of March 15, 1986, as amended and supplemented, between Wachovia and J.P. Morgan Trust Company, National Association (formerly known as Bank One Trust Company, N.A.), as trustee. Each of the senior and the subordinated notes constitutes a single series of debt securities of Wachovia issued under the senior and the subordinated indenture, respectively. The provisions of each indenture allow us not only to issue debt securities with terms different from those of debt securities previously issued under that indenture, but also to reopen a previously issued series of debt securities and issue additional debt securities of that series. The term debt securities, as used in this prospectus, refers to all debt securities, including the notes, issued and issuable from time to time under the relevant indenture. The indentures are subject to, and governed by, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. These indentures are more fully described below in this section. Whenever we refer to specific provisions or defined terms in one or both of the indentures, those provisions or defined terms are incorporated in this prospectus by reference. Section references used in this discussion are references to the relevant indenture. Capitalized terms which are not otherwise defined shall have the meaning given to them in the relevant indenture. As long as the notes are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, the indentures will be available for inspection at the offices of the Luxembourg Listing Agent and Luxembourg Paying Agent and Transfer Agent.

The notes will be limited to an aggregate initial offering price of \$9,100,000,000, or at Wachovia's option if so specified in the relevant pricing supplement, the equivalent of this amount in any other currency or currency unit, and will be Wachovia's direct, unsecured obligations. The notes will not be deposits or other bank obligations and will not be FDIC insured.

The notes are being offered on a continuous basis by Wachovia through one or more agents listed under Plan of Distribution. The indentures do not limit the aggregate principal amount of senior or subordinated notes that we may issue. We may, from time to time, without the consent of the holders of the notes, provide for the issuance of notes or other debt securities under the indentures in addition to the \$9,100,000,000 aggregate initial offering price of notes noted on the cover of this prospectus. Each note issued under this prospectus will mature nine months or more from its date of issue, as selected by the purchaser and agreed to by Wachovia and may be subject to redemption or repayment before its stated maturity. Notes may be issued at significant discounts from their principal amount due on the stated maturity (or on any prior date on which the principal or an installment of principal of a note becomes due and payable, whether by the declaration of acceleration, call for redemption at the option of Wachovia, repayment at the option of the holder or otherwise), and some notes may not bear interest. Wachovia may from time to time, without the consent of the existing holders of the relevant notes, create and issue further notes having the same terms and conditions as such notes in all respects, except for the issue date, issue price and, if applicable, the first payment of interest thereon. Additional notes issued in this manner will be consolidated with, and will form a single series with, the previously outstanding notes.

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Unless we specify otherwise in the relevant pricing supplement, currency amounts in this prospectus are expressed in United States dollars.
Unless we specify otherwise in any note and pricing supplement, the notes

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will be denominated in U.S. dollars and payments of principal, premium, if any, and any interest on the notes will be made in U.S. dollars. If any note is to be denominated other than exclusively in U.S. dollars, or if the principal of, premium, if any, or any interest on the note is to be paid in one or more currencies (or currency units or in amounts determined by reference to an index or indices) other than that in which that note is denominated, additional information (including authorized denominations and related exchange rate information) will be provided in the relevant pricing supplement. Unless we specify otherwise in any pricing supplement, notes denominated in U.S. dollars will be issued in denominations of \$1,000 or any integral multiple of \$1,000.

Interest rates that we offer on the notes may differ depending upon, among other factors, the aggregate principal amount of notes purchased in any single transaction. Notes with different variable terms other than interest rates may also be offered concurrently to different investors. We may change interest rates or formulas and other terms of notes from time to time, but no change of terms will affect any note we have previously issued or as to which we have accepted an offer to purchase.

Each note will be issued as a book-entry note in fully registered form without coupons. Each note issued in book-entry form will be represented by a global note that we deposit with and register in the name of a financial institution or its nominee, that we select. The financial institution that we select for this purpose is called the depository. Unless we specify otherwise in the applicable pricing supplement, The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, will be the depository for all notes in global form. Except as discussed below under "Global Notes", owners of beneficial interests in book-entry notes will not be entitled to physical delivery of notes in certificated form. We will make payments of principal of, and premium, if any and interest, if any, on the notes through the applicable trustee to the depository for the notes. See "Global Notes".

The indentures do not limit the aggregate principal amount of debt securities or of any particular series of debt securities which may be issued under the indentures and provide that these debt securities may be issued at various times in one or more series, in each case with the same or various maturities, at par or at a discount. (*Section 301*) The indentures provide that there may be more than one trustee under the indentures with respect to different series of debt securities. As of March 31, 2005, \$16.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior debt securities was outstanding under the senior indenture. The senior trustee is trustee for such series. As of March 31, 2005, \$31.9 billion aggregate principal amount of subordinated debt securities was outstanding under the subordinated indenture. The subordinated trustee is trustee for such series.

The indentures do not limit the amount of other debt that Wachovia may issue and do not contain financial or similar restrictive covenants. As of March 31, 2005, Wachovia had an aggregate of \$27.4 billion of short-term senior indebtedness outstanding which consisted primarily of commercial paper and other borrowed money. Wachovia expects from time to time to incur additional senior indebtedness and Other Financial Obligations (as defined below). The indentures do not prohibit or limit additional senior indebtedness or Other Financial Obligations.

Because Wachovia is a holding company and a legal entity separate and distinct from its subsidiaries, Wachovia's rights to participate in any distribution of assets of any subsidiary upon its liquidation, reorganization or otherwise, and the holders of notes' ability to benefit indirectly from such distribution, would be subject to prior creditor's claims, except to the extent that Wachovia itself may be a creditor of that subsidiary with recognized claims. Claims on Wachovia's subsidiary banks by creditors other than Wachovia include long-term debt and substantial obligations with respect to deposit liabilities and federal funds purchased, securities sold under repurchase agreements, other short-term borrowings and various other financial obligations. The indentures do not contain any covenants designed to afford holders of notes protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction involving Wachovia.

Legal Ownership

Street Name and Other Indirect Holders

Investors who hold their notes in accounts at banks or brokers will generally not be recognized by us as legal holders of notes. This is called holding in street name. Instead, we would recognize only the bank or

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broker, or the financial institution the bank or broker uses to hold its notes. These intermediary banks, brokers and other financial institutions pass along principal, interest and other payments on the notes, either because they agree to do so in their customer agreements or because they are legally required to do so. If you hold your notes in street name, you should check with your own institution to find out:

how it handles note payments and notices;

whether it imposes fees or charges;

how it would handle voting if it were ever required;

whether and how you can instruct it to send you notes registered in your own name so you can be a direct holder as described below; and

how it would pursue rights under the notes if there were a default or other event triggering the need for holders to act to protect their interests.

Direct Holders

Our obligations, as well as the obligations of the trustee and those of any third parties employed by us or the trustee, under the notes run only to persons who are registered as holders of notes. As noted above, we do not have obligations to you if you hold in street name or other indirect means, either because you choose to hold your notes in that manner or because the notes are issued in the form of global securities as described below. For example, once we make payment to the registered holder we have no further responsibility for the payment even if that holder is legally required to pass the payment along to you as a street name customer but does not do so.

Global Notes

A global note is a special type of indirectly held security, as described above under **Street Name and Other Indirect Holders**. If we choose to issue notes in the form of global notes, the ultimate beneficial owners of global notes can only be indirect holders. We require that the global note be registered in the name of a financial institution we select.

We also require that the notes included in the global note not be transferred to the name of any other direct holder except in the special circumstances described in the section **Global Notes**. The financial institution that acts as the sole direct holder of the global note is called the depositary. Any person wishing to own a global note must do so indirectly by virtue of an account with a broker, bank or other financial institution that in turn has an account with the depositary. The pricing supplement indicates whether your series of notes will be issued only in the form of global notes.

Further details of legal ownership are discussed in the section **GI**