

GAIAM INC
Form ARS
April 24, 2008

2007

G A I A M

®

a lifestyle media company

LIFESTYLE MEDIA

Lifestyle media describes how our vision intersects our core media business. Our programs empower people to make the lifestyle choices we stand for choices that improve the well-being of people and the planet. Through our DVDs, streaming online video, inspirational films and other media content, we have established Gaiam as the leading media brand in the \$200 billion Lifestyles of Health and Sustainability (LOHAS) market. From our fitness/wellness instruction programs, DVDs, audio CDs and books to our meaningful film, education and entertainment DVDs, Gaiam Lifestyle Media resonates with consumers because it speaks to a deep longing for life experiences that are more meaningful, more fulfilling and more connected with the natural world and our global community.

In 2007, we solidified our positioning as a premier global lifestyle media source in several ways:

GREW OUR MARKET SHARE in fitness/wellness DVDs in the U.S. to 50%.

EXPANDED OUR CONTENT LIBRARY to more than 2,500 titles and enhanced our depth of offerings in categories including mass market fitness, inspirational media, personal development, family entertainment and children's edutainment.

ACQUIRED MEDIA CONTENT and licensing rights that broaden our appeal and further expand our media offerings beyond the wellness category, while remaining true to our core values and our mission.

FORGED STRATEGIC ALIGNMENTS with key media organizations and channels from broadcast, film and DVD to some of today's most exciting emerging media channels including Comcast, Yahoo and Google.

ENRICHED OUR VERTICALLY INTEGRATED PRODUCTION and post-production media capabilities with additional leading-edge technologies, facilities and expertise.

LOHAS values and issues are featured more and more frequently in mass media.

BUSINESS MODEL

Original media content is at the center of our business model. Our content drives demand for our proprietary products and services by engaging people in our brand and the lifestyle values we promote. We believe the originality of our content and the authenticity of our information give us a significant competitive advantage in our target markets. By utilizing a multichannel approach, we are able to reach consumers however they choose to view content or shop for media and products. This multichannel approach also allows us to leverage our production expenses across all channels of distribution.

CONTENT. We develop and produce original, branded media programming that informs, entertains, instructs, inspires and engages people in facets of the LOHAS lifestyle. These commitments drive the authenticity that builds customer relationships and communities based on trust and confidence in our brand. Our content-centric strategy gives us a significant competitive advantage. Through our content, we have successfully built significant customer loyalty and continuity that drive incremental revenue, customer lifetime value and brand preference. During 2007, we partnered with Mayo Clinic to produce 10 condition specific DVDs on wellness, furthering our authenticity in the category. These DVDs will be the basis for a full launch of store-within-store wellness displays in 2008.

OFFERINGS. We support our content with products and services relevant to LOHAS, presenting a consistent branded vision in all Gaiam offerings. In addition to our media offerings, our products include mind-body fitness and wellness solutions, organic cotton apparel and home textiles, and renewable energy solutions.

CHANNELS. Our business model enables us to connect with our customers when and where they have a contextual need and desire for our offerings. We bring our media and products to our customers through an integrated multichannel system of 1) media channels including broadcast and direct response television; 2) approximately 70,000 retail doors in the U.S. including Target, Whole Foods Market, Barnes & Noble and Best Buy that offer Gaiam media titles; 3) store-within-store presentations that engage people in the Gaiam lifestyle experience in over 7,000 retail doors in the U.S.; 4) 19 million catalogs and the Internet; 5) subscription and continuity clubs and other community-building programs; and 6) lifestyle services and corporate accounts.

CONTENT

AUTHENTICITY. Creating our own content is one of the most important ways we build confidence in our brand, a significant competitive advantage in our key markets. We work together with top professionals and experts to create programs that have earned us a reputation for the highest quality. Our experts have been featured by leading media including *The Oprah Winfrey Show*, *Time* and *People* magazines, *Entertainment Tonight*, and *USA Today*. During 2007 we expanded our content categories into wellness through a partnership with Mayo Clinic; and into personal development, producing content in conjunction with Deepak Chopra and PBS.

CAPABILITIES. Our in-house team of media experts creates our proprietary content, from conceiving new programs and leading field production to post-production in our leading-edge facilities. Our media development assets include high-definition technology; a new state-of-the-art high-definition editing suite; 5.1 surround sound audio production suite; complete filming, editorial and graphics studios; in-house finishing, color correction and up-rezing technology; digital asset management; and Web-based media systems including RSS feed production capabilities. We also license media content that reflects our core commitments, and we maintain careful creative control over our content via our vertically integrated content production teams. Our in-house capabilities allow us to produce cost-effective programming and have it available for webcasting in a matter of hours.

AWARDS. Gaiam programs earn national and international honors every year for production quality and creative content. We have received more than 160 awards including Tellys, Aegis Awards and New York International Film Festival medals. We have also earned *Parenting* magazine and Parents' Choice Awards for our children's media content.

Actress and filmmaker Mariel Hemingway, co-host for our Spiritual Cinema Circle film club,
on the set in our studio with SCC's co-founder and co-host, film producer Stephen Simon.

OFFERINGS

Our offerings help people live healthier, happier, and lighter on the planet. Gaiam-branded media and products empower people to improve their fitness and wellness, explore their spirituality, expand their minds, and minimize their impact on the environment. Our offerings build our brand recognition as the trusted, unifying symbol for consumers who value these pursuits.

MEDIA DEVELOPMENT. Our media programming is the most important and powerful way we engage people in our brand, the lifestyle choices we promote, and our global community. Our media ranges from fitness and wellness DVDs to inspirational films, eco-living programs and children's edutainment. In 2007 we continued to increase our emphasis on media, creating more than 100 new DVDs and adding 150 titles to our DVD library through acquisitions and remakes, as well as new streaming-video segments for our websites. We expanded our DVD distribution into thousands of new retail locations, and we forged new partnerships to distribute our content via digital media channels. After acquiring the balance of Newmark Media in late 2006, we grew our media racking division by offering complete racking services for fitness and wellness. Our media content is an integral part of our product offerings and carries higher margins; we continue to grow overall margins by shifting more of our focus to media.

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND STANDARDS. Our branded lifestyle products augment our media by enabling and supporting a healthier, greener and more fulfilling lifestyle. From our wellness solutions and mind-body fitness tools to our eco-friendly apparel and home furnishings, all of our proprietary products are competitively priced yet also carry higher margins and promote the Gaiam brand. In 2007, our proprietary products grew to 75% of our business. We believe a core commitment to responsible business practices increasingly determines the brands that build affinity among 21st-century consumers. Our One World by Gaiam fair trade initiative is empowering people in developing countries to earn livable wages and overcome the cycle of poverty; our Minimum Social Accountability standards set forth our expectation that our suppliers uphold responsible standards to help end unfair and inhumane labor practices; and our organic cotton meets standards set by top-recognized, internationally accredited organizations including SKAL and IMO. Our best customers tell us consistently that these factors engender their continuing relationships with us.

PROPRIETARY PRODUCT PERCENT OF BUSINESS

DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS: MEDIA

Our media offerings introduce new customers to us and help maintain Gaiam's authority in the LOHAS market. In 2007 we produced more than 100 new DVDs and grew our media library to more than 2,500 titles including our new wellness media series created with Mayo Clinic, as well as DVD and audio programs with Deepak Chopra and PBS. Our new releases expand our range of programming that also includes fitness, wellness, green living, personal growth, family entertainment, children's edutainment, and inspirational films. In 2007, based on Nielsen VideoScan rankings, we continued to grow our media market share.

FITNESS AND WELLNESS. We grew our share of the market for the third year and maintained our #1 ranking. We increased our market share from 45% to 50%, more than four times greater than our nearest competitor. Our top fitness media title has sold more than 3 million units. Sales in this category are continually led by our award-winning programs in yoga, Pilates, fitness walking, dance workouts, cross-training, cardio, Tae Bo® and more. In 2008 we intend to take on the role of category manager for fitness, bringing competitive product into our mix. While this may temporarily lower our market share, it will add to revenue and profits and maintain our category leadership.

NON-THEATRICAL. We rank ahead of Universal, 20th Century Fox and Sony. We are committed to building our market share in non-theatrical films by expanding our line of children's edutainment, inspirational family films and docudramas rounding out our assortment of conscious media. We believe our market share is higher than these rankings indicate. Industry reports are limited by the reach of specialized third-party scanning technology not yet utilized by many unique, niche retail chains through which we distribute DVDs.

We also continued to distribute our media via streaming video on Brightcove and our websites; by download to own or rent via Google Video; on-demand via Comcast; in-room through hotel/resort video network LodgeNet; and on DVD by mail via our inspirational-film subscription club Spiritual Cinema Circle.

U.S. DVD MARKET SHARE
(FITNESS/WELLNESS) NIELSEN REPORT

DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS: RETAIL

Our retail business drives exceptional exposure of our proprietary products, building awareness of the Gaiam brand as a unifying symbol of healthier, more conscious lifestyle choices. Growth in our retail channel continues at a robust pace; in 2007 we expanded our retail presence into approximately 70,000 stores in the U.S.

Our expanded brand assortment, including Gaiam, Tae Bo® and The FIRM® fitness brands, allows us to reach all classes of trade and strategically differentiate our offerings in various retailers. Our mass-market brand The FIRM was placed in more than 1,500 retail locations by year-end 2007.

We continued our emphasis on category management to strategically and efficiently merchandise retail shelf space in the grocery and drugstore channel based on individual retailers' needs and goals. The growing sales volume of our media is also allowing us to serve large retailers directly at better margins than we realized previously via third-party distribution.

In 2007 we continued leveraging our leadership in the growing wellness market via Zen Zone wellness shopping environments positioned in pharmacy areas in Safeway stores, and in health-conscious retailers such as Jenny Craig and Pharmaca. Our branded media products are also sold in major retailers including Best Buy, Blockbuster, Barnes & Noble, Borders, Whole Foods Market, REI, ABC Carpet & Home, Target and Wal-Mart. We also expanded our retail presence across clicks-and-mortar channels deepening our merchandise array and extending our branded environments at e-tailers including Amazon.com and BarnesandNoble.com.

We continue to place strong emphasis on our branded store-within-store (SWIS) presentations now in more than 7,000 retail doors and all our retail channels to build our brand and customer loyalty. Our SWIS presentations include our branded, custom-designed fixtures that best showcase our products.

RETAIL STORE PENETRATION

STORE-WITHIN-STORE PENETRATION

DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS: INTERNATIONAL

In 2007 we continued to replicate our domestic success by expanding our presence in more international markets. Gaiam-branded products are now sold in Canada, the United Kingdom, Europe, Asia and Australia through licensing agreements, strategic joint ventures, distributor arrangements, and acquisitions in key territories. Among our significant 2007 milestones in International:

Expanded the reach of our retail distribution network, partnering with select retailers in international markets and growing our international distribution to more than 5,000 retail locations. Our international partners help us present a consistent brand identity while appealing to the unique lifestyles and cultures in each country and market.

Built brand awareness via our direct response television (DRTV) programs that feature our branded media content, including our top-selling Tae Bo® brand. In 2007 our Billy Blanks BootCamp DRTV program was very successful in Japan.

Grew our Gaiam branded store-within-store displays in Australia and expanded our total retail presence in Australia to over 200 stores, including BIG W department stores and Rebel Sport, Australia's leading sporting goods retailer.

Leveraged our proven content-centric business model emphasizing our media as it builds a connection with our brand, drives demand for our other product offerings, and carries higher margins.

Selectively translated our media titles and kit packaging into Spanish, French, Dutch, Italian and Japanese, and distributed some of our best-selling media titles and kits in dual-language packaging.

Began shifting our model toward licensing. We intend to continue to seek new licensees for our brand internationally and to move all of our current distribution agreements to licensing agreements. While licensing the rights to manufacture and distribute some of our media lowers recognized revenue, it improves contribution margins and branding.

Three of more than a dozen awards Gaiam earned in 2007, recognizing our brand's innovation and impact in the Japanese market. Our media programs and membership communities have been key drivers of Japan's growing trend toward fitness and wellness lifestyle choices.

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DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS: DRTV

Our direct response television programs introduce our exclusive media content and proprietary brands to millions of viewers on channels including Lifetime, CNBC and Discovery Channel; as well as on QVC using its unique and highly successful format.

A cost-effective customer acquisition channel, DRTV grows our direct customer file and drives branding and retail sales. DRTV also seeds some of our membership programs, strengthens relationships with our brand and builds customer lifetime value. Our DRTV team has been successful at engaging buyers in relationships that extend beyond one-time transactions. A customer responding to one of our fitness-based DRTV programs, for example, may be invited to receive additional workout DVDs every month to add variety and motivation to their fitness routine.

In 2007 we built on the longtime success of our brand The FIRM,[®] launching successful new DRTV programs that feature our media content and get new customers started with The FIRM's proven formula for lifetime fitness and weight management. Products include a membership in The FIRM Believers Club, one of our members-only online communities. Members gain access to a host of tools and support that are proven to improve weight loss success including blogs and Q&As with our FIRM Master Instructors, healthy recipes, how-to articles and tips, and online conversations with fellow members.

Our multichannel strategy earned Gaiam the 2007
Multichannel Marketer of the Year award from Electronic Retailer.

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DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS: INTERNET & CATALOG

In 2007 we focused on building long-term customer relationships and brand loyalty in our direct-to-customer channels.

E-COMMERCE. In late 2007 we relaunched Gaiam.com on a new best-in-class e-commerce platform that realizes years of enhancements to the customer shopping experience. Offering nearly 10,000 SKUs, the new site also introduced our One World by Gaiam Fair Trade Marketplace, featuring products that support better quality of life for artisans and communities around the world. We forged partnerships with key players in the LOHAS space as part of leveraging our new e-commerce system. We also began highlighting our original educational content in our e-commerce site a strategy aimed at continuing to build customer confidence in Gaiam as the authoritative LOHAS brand and the go-to resource for solutions, not just products. We expect these accomplishments to support continued gains in organic search traffic, conversion, customer retention and incremental sales.

CATALOGS. Our catalogs target key segments of the LOHAS market with products that help people make green, healthy and fulfilling lifestyle choices. In 2007 we refined our circulation targeting and significantly reduced our virgin-fiber and overall paper usage while still reaching best-performing segments with 19 million catalogs. We also continued to increase our ratio of proprietary product offerings and to leverage our catalogs to drive customers to our expanded e-commerce selections.

CUSTOMER DATABASE. In 2007 we grew our direct buyer database to 8 million people. This robust house file makes our direct business a cost-effective testing ground, helping us pinpoint products that will resonate in our retail channel. We also test ideas among our Gaiam Customer Panel, which has grown to more than 10,000 members and generates survey response rates as high as 50% within a few hours of deployment.

Gaiam.com lets customers conveniently shop 10,000 SKUs.

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DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS: COMMUNITY

In 2007 we created Gaia Community, connecting like-minded people who have a passion for the LOHAS lifestyle. We launched a beta of Gaia Community website (Gaia.com) and acquired three online communities: Zadz, the leading social networking site in the LOHAS space; Lime, a green/healthy lifestyle media company; and a majority ownership in Conscious Enlightenment, an online and offline community with a socially conscious credit card.

Gaia.com is a vibrant hub where members engage in discussions, ideas, advice, experiences and shared interests around topics including personal growth, holistic well-being and environmentally responsible choices. Members share a sense of belonging and their desire to live with more meaningful purpose and to make a world a better place.

The social networking aspect of community allows dialogue and content to be driven primarily by the community members themselves. Gaia Community creates a unifying space that engages a broader range of LOHAS topics at a highly personal level.

In 2008 we plan to continue developing features and tools that enrich the member experience and connect our members with expertise, services, events and networking tailored to their shared values and interests.

Gaia Community also includes informational articles and streaming video on topics that inspire our members to connect with each other and with brands that share their values.

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DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS: MEMBERSHIPS

Our membership clubs turn one-time transactions into lasting relationships with customers. They deliver exclusive content, expertise and benefits that are highly targeted to member interests; and connect subscribers with others who share those interests. These programs produce competitive margins by leveraging our extensive content library, media production capabilities, 8 million direct customers, experts lineup, and brand equity to build customer lifetime value.

In 2007 we continued extending the scope of our paid membership communities across the Gaiam lifestyle spectrum. We created a dedicated Subscription Services group; invested in infrastructure and new technology to support a robust range of Web 2.0 services, subscriber tools, and social networking features; and began work on several additional paid membership programs including Illumination University and the Gaiam Yoga Club with Rodney Yee.

Our fitness clubs and inspirational film communities continue as strong performers in our portfolio of subscription services. We strengthened our leadership in the inspirational films genre by signing Mariel Hemingway as co-host of our Spiritual Cinema Circle film club along with film producer Stephen Simon; integrated SCC subscription and fulfillment processes into our operations; and launched Earth Cinema Circle with Ed Begley, Jr., as host. In 2008 we plan to further refine the membership experience, produce targeted new media content and products, and introduce new subscriber tools designed to grow member retention and incremental revenue.

Our Billy Blanks Club online membership community features streaming video, Billy's blog and more to help members achieve mind-body well-being.

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DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS: LIFESTYLE SERVICES/SOLAR

As demand for power grows, global warming concerns intensify, and tax incentives for buying green power expand, the global solar energy market is expected to grow to between \$19 billion and \$32 billion by 2011. Our wholly owned subsidiary, Real Goods, is a leading provider of solutions to these challenges.

Real Goods offers turnkey solar electric system design and integration services for homes and businesses. With our acquisition of two competitors in late 2007 and early 2008, Real Goods is now one of the top two solar electric system integrators in California, which comprises approximately two-thirds of the total U.S. market for grid-connected solar energy systems.

Real Goods' 30 years of experience in residential solar energy began when the company sold one of the first solar photovoltaic, or PV, panels in the United States. We believe that we have integrated more residential solar energy systems in the U.S. than any other company, including more than 2,400 residential and small commercial solar energy systems in California and Colorado, as well as sold solar power components and products to more than 30,000 customers. Our commercial clients have included The White House, NASA, the U.S. Department of Energy, the government of Brazil. Real Goods also consults on renewable energy solutions, including wind and hydroelectric power systems.

In 2007, Real Goods Founder and President John Schaeffer was honored with the prestigious Green Power Pioneer Award, part of the Green Power Leadership Awards sponsored by the EPA and the U.S. Department of Energy.

Real Goods generates leads for its solar business and provides renewable energy and green living products through our Gaiam Real Goods consumer catalog.

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DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS: LIFESTYLE SERVICES/CORPORATE ACCOUNTS

ECO-TRAVEL EXPERIENCES. Through our majority ownership interest in Natural Habitat Adventures, we provide individual and group eco-travel services, allowing people to experience first-hand our planet's wildlife, wild places and natural wonders and imparting an understanding of the critical work needed to preserve them. Popular trips include Tundra Buggy excursions that educate travelers about polar bears and their melting habitats.

Natural Habitat Adventures is now the World Wildlife Fund's designated Conservation Travel Provider. All of our travelers are made WWF members, and our guides and travelers are educated about WWF's conservation projects and initiatives around the world. Natural Habitat also offers clients the opportunity to offset the carbon-emissions impact of their travel.

HOSPITALITY INDUSTRY SERVICES. We have also forged partnerships with hospitality leaders who share our core values, including guest-wellness experiences exclusively featuring our instructional programs in yoga, meditation, tai chi and more. Our instructional programs are currently offered in Kimpton hotel rooms and Hilton Garden Inn properties, as well as via the LodgeNet hospitality industry in-room video-on-demand network.

FITNESS/WELLNESS SERVICES. Jenny Craig centers feature custom co-branded Gaiam fixtures at several hundred locations across the U.S., showcasing our media programs and fitness/weight loss solutions.

CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY

GLOBAL COMMUNITY. In late 2007 we launched our One World by Gaiam Fair Trade Marketplace, supporting 30 organizations that are creating a way out of the cycle of poverty. Our fair trade initiative supports livable wages, vocational training, schools for children and more, rewriting life stories for families and communities in 20 countries around the globe, from Thailand to Ethiopia, Nicaragua to Tibet.

We took our successful Thoughtful Tees program to the next level in 2007, adding more 100% organic cotton message tees and donating proceeds to carefully selected nonprofits supporting important social causes including Action Against Hunger, Doctors Without Borders, Heifer International,[®] and Rebuilding Together[®]. We also donated to more than 300 other causes and organizations during 2007, from Donna Karan's groundbreaking Urban Zen integrative wellness initiative to school programs in Nepal to the Solar Living Institute's Earth Day for Kids field trip for inner-city school kids.

ENVIRONMENT. In 2007 we introduced advanced new eco-packaging in select new Gaiam DVD titles converting approximately 200,000 units from traditional DVD cases to packages made with 100% post-consumer recycled paper and 100% recyclable materials. In 2008 we plan to expand this test into additional titles. We are committed to leading the media industry toward a new packaging standard that substantially reduces the use of virgin and non-recyclable materials. We also increased the post-consumer waste content of our recycled catalog paper to 30% PCW and maintained our elite Forest Stewardship Council certification. Our use of non-virgin fibers has saved nearly 60,000 trees and 11 million pounds of greenhouse gases.

Through our pioneering Go ZeroSM carbon-offset program created with The Conservation Fund, Gaiam and our customers have prevented the emission of nearly 150,000 pounds of greenhouse gasses by funding the planting of nearly 100,000 trees in deforested areas and wildlife preserves across the country. Our employees also kept more than 7,000 pounds of refuse out of landfills and prevented the release of 300 cubic feet of methane gas and 2,000 pounds of air pollutants into the atmosphere during 2007 by composting and recycling through our Zero Waste program at our Colorado headquarters.

Our one-of-a-kind Solar Living Center in Hopland, Calif.

GAIAM, INC.

ANNUAL REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

For The Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2007

Business and Financial Overview

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This report contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. When used in this discussion, we intend the words "anticipate," "believe," "plan," "estimate," "expect," "strive," "future," "intend" and similar expressions as they relate to us to identify such forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from the results anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors set forth under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Market Risk" and elsewhere in this report. Risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ include, without limitation, general economic conditions, competition, loss of key personnel, pricing, brand reputation, acquisitions, new initiatives we undertake, security and information systems, legal liability for website content, merchandise supply problems, failure of third parties to provide adequate service, reliance on centralized customer service, overstocks and merchandise returns, our reliance on a centralized fulfillment center, increases in postage and shipping costs, E-commerce trends, future Internet related taxes, our founder's control of us, fluctuations in quarterly operating results, consumer trends, customer interest in our products, the effect of government regulation and programs and other risks and uncertainties included in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We caution you that no forward-looking statement is a guarantee of future performance, and you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements which reflect our views only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking information.

Business

Our Business

We are a lifestyle media company providing a broad selection of information, media, products and services to customers who value personal development, wellness, ecological lifestyles, responsible media and conscious community. We offer our customers the ability to make purchasing decisions and find responsible content based on these values while providing quality offerings at a price comparable to mainstream alternatives. We market our content, media and products through a multi-channel approach including traditional media channels, direct to consumers via catalogs, the Internet, direct response television, broadband, subscriptions and communities. At the end of 2007, our home media was carried by approximately 70,000 retail stores in the United States alone, and we had approximately 8 million direct customers.

We have established ourselves as a lifestyle media brand, content producer and licensor, information resource and authority in the Lifestyles of Health and Sustainability (LOHAS) market including the emerging Conscious Media market. We seek to become a unifying symbol of these emerging media and lifestyle genres. Our lifestyle brand is built around our ability to develop and offer media content, products, lifestyle solutions and community to consumers in the LOHAS and Conscious Media markets. Our content forms the basis of our proprietary offerings, on which we realize our highest margins, which then drive demand for parallel product and service offerings. Our operations are vertically integrated from content creation, through product development and sourcing, to customer service and distribution. We market our products and services across two segments, business and direct-to-consumer. We distribute our products in each of these sales segments from a single fulfillment center.

Our Business Segments

We separate our business into two business segments: the business segment which includes sales to businesses, retailers, international licenses, corporate accounts and media outlets; and the direct to consumer segment, which includes DRTV, catalogs, E-commerce, and subscription community services.

In our business segment, we continue to expand our presence in national retailers and currently have placements in approximately 70,000 retail points in the United States, up from 68,000 at the end of 2006 and 50,000 at the end of 2005. We also continue to expand our store-within-store concept in a variety of stores, including Whole Foods Market, Barnes & Noble Bookstores, Borders, Target, Ulta, Dick's Sporting Goods, REI, ABC Carpet and Home and other national retailers. We currently have over 7,000 store within store concepts under the Gaiam and The Firm brands.

In our direct to consumer business we are open 24 hours a day, offering approximately 10,000 stock keeping units on our Internet site. As we increase the depth of media and community functionality available to our consumers, our Internet presence will transform from being merely a place to order product to a place to consume it, in real-time.

The business segment represented 42.4% of 2007 net revenues, while the direct to consumer segment represented 57.6% of net revenues. Our business segment is dependent upon a few major customers for a significant portion of its revenues. See Note 12 to our consolidated financial statements for further information on our segments.

Market for registrant's common equity and related stockholder matters

Stock Price History

Our Class A common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol GAIA. On March 13, 2008, we had 7,872 shareholders of record and 19,735,074 shares of \$.0001 par value Class A common stock outstanding. We have 5,400,000 shares of \$.0001 par value Class B common stock outstanding, held by one shareholder.

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The following table sets forth certain sales price and trading volume data for our Class A common stock for the period indicated:

| | High Bid | Low Bid | Close | Average Daily Volume |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------------------------|
| Fiscal 2007: | | | | |
| Fourth Quarter | \$ 30.73 | \$ 19.50 | \$ 29.68 | 227,383 |
| Third Quarter | \$ 24.14 | \$ 14.67 | \$ 24.03 | 213,300 |
| Second Quarter | \$ 18.50 | \$ 14.15 | \$ 18.23 | 200,805 |
| First Quarter | \$ 15.85 | \$ 11.65 | \$ 15.74 | 195,993 |
| Fiscal 2006: | | | | |
| Fourth Quarter | \$ 15.20 | \$ 11.98 | \$ 13.68 | 144,163 |
| Third Quarter | \$ 14.50 | \$ 9.80 | \$ 12.91 | 168,695 |
| Second Quarter | \$ 19.98 | \$ 13.88 | \$ 14.02 | 140,701 |
| First Quarter | \$ 16.49 | \$ 12.18 | \$ 16.11 | 59,677 |

Dividend Policy

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our capital stock. Our bank line of credit agreement permits, upon advance notification and maintaining of certain financial ratios, payment of dividends to our shareholders.

Selected financial data

We derived the selected consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 and consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 set forth below from our audited consolidated financial statements which are included elsewhere in this Annual Report to Shareholders. We derived the selected consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 and consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003 set forth below from our audited consolidated financial statements which are not included in this Annual Report to Shareholders. The historical operating results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any other period. You should read the data set forth below in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our consolidated financial statements and related notes, included elsewhere in this Annual Report to Shareholders.

| <i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i> | Years ended December 31, | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 | 2003 |
| Consolidated Statements of Operations Data: | | | | | |
| Net revenues | \$ 262,943 | \$ 219,480 | \$ 142,492 | \$ 96,657 | \$ 102,000 |
| Cost of goods sold | 94,565 | 79,150 | 61,977 | 48,646 | 48,927 |
| Gross profit | 168,378 | 140,330 | 80,515 | 48,011 | 53,073 |
| Expenses: | | | | | |
| Selling and operating | 141,749 | 119,700 | 67,639 | 46,060 | 45,184 |
| Corporate, general and administration | 16,176 | 14,989 | 9,790 | 8,241 | 9,171 |
| Total expenses | 157,925 | 134,689 | 77,429 | 54,301 | 54,355 |
| Income from operations | 10,453 | 5,641 | 3,086 | (6,290) | (1,282) |
| Other income (expense) | 256 | 645 | (533) | (51) | 472 |

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| | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|----------|------------|-----------|
| Interest income | 3,892 | 3,260 | 358 | 160 | 74 |
| Other income (loss) | 4,148 | 3,905 | (175) | 109 | 546 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interest | 14,601 | 9,546 | 2,911 | (6,181) | (736) |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | 5,767 | 3,774 | 974 | (2,440) | (461) |
| Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiary, net of tax | (310) | (128) | (601) | (897) | (697) |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 8,524 | \$ 5,644 | \$ 1,336 | \$ (4,638) | \$ (972) |
| Net income (loss) per share: | | | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.34 | \$ 0.23 | \$ 0.08 | \$ (0.32) | \$ (0.07) |
| Diluted | \$ 0.34 | \$ 0.23 | \$ 0.08 | \$ (0.32) | \$ (0.07) |
| Shares outstanding: | | | | | |
| Basic | 24,962 | 24,349 | 17,140 | 14,684 | 14,594 |
| Diluted | 25,214 | 24,617 | 17,354 | 14,684 | 14,594 |

As of December 31,

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 | 2003 |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Consolidated Balance Sheet Data: | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 66,258 | \$ 104,876 | \$ 15,028 | \$ 10,439 | \$ 8,384 |
| Working capital | 106,815 | 140,147 | 37,216 | 31,488 | 29,531 |
| Total assets | 240,712 | 250,968 | 156,101 | 88,287 | 91,860 |
| Total liabilities | 34,251 | 26,700 | 40,716 | 17,472 | 18,347 |
| Shareholders equity | 200,388 | 218,606 | 107,286 | 66,346 | 69,485 |

Management s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this document. This section is designed to provide information that will assist readers in understanding our consolidated financial statements, changes in certain items in those statements from year to year, the primary factors that caused those changes and how certain accounting principles, policies and estimates affect the consolidated financial statements.

Overview and Outlook

We are a lifestyle media company providing a broad selection of information, media, products and services to customers who value personal development, wellness, ecological lifestyles, responsible media and conscious community. Our media brand is built around our ability to develop and offer media content, products, lifestyle solutions and community to consumers in the LOHAS and the emerging Conscious Media markets.

We offer our customers the ability to make purchasing decisions and find responsible content based on these values while providing quality offerings at a price comparable to mainstream alternatives. We market our media and products through a multi-channel approach including traditional media channels, direct to consumers via the Internet, direct response marketing, community, subscriptions, catalog, and through national retailers and corporate accounts.

Our content forms the basis of our proprietary offerings, which then drive demand for parallel product and service offerings. Our operations are vertically integrated from content creations, through product development and sourcing, to customer service and distribution. We market our products and services across two segments, business and direct to consumer. We distribute products in each of these sales segments from a single fulfillment center or drop-ship products directly to customers.

Our business segment sells directly to retailers, both domestically and abroad with our products now available in approximately 70,000 retail doors in the United States. During 2007, this segment generated revenues of \$111.5 million, up from \$93.8 million during 2006, reflecting an 18.9% increase. This increase reflects our successful entrance into the international market and store within store expansion. During the year we expanded our store-within-store presence to over 7,000 lifestyle presentations, which are custom fixtures that we design.

Through its diverse media reach, the direct to consumer segment provides an opportunity to launch and support new media releases, a sounding board for new product testing, promotional opportunities, a growing community, and customer feedback on us and the LOHAS industry s focus and future. During 2007, this segment generated revenues of \$151.4 million, up from \$125.7 million during 2006. This increase reflects growth of 20.5% with the continued investment into branded direct response marketing, membership programs and solar energy integrations.

During 2007, we completed several acquisitions targeted towards expanding and enhancing our media content and community reach. These acquisitions included Zaadz, a social networking site in the LOHAS space; Lime, a multimedia lifestyle company; Conscious Enlightenment, an on-line and off-line community; and a solar energy integration company.

We believe our growth will be driven by information, media content, products, and community delivered to the consumer via broadcast, catalog, Internet, retailers, international licensing, electronic downloads and subscription systems. We have increased our focus on our media content creation and distribution, which strategically provides increased branding opportunities, significantly higher operating contribution and greater mainstream penetration. We plan to invest in our community and membership businesses over the next two years to better capitalize on strong relationships with our loyal consumer audience and growing broadband. This

will allow us to focus on better leveraging our content.

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We believe a number of factors are important to our long-term success, including building our brands, increasing international growth by expanding into new markets primarily through license arrangements, extending our product lines into wellness and children's programs, and enhancing our multimedia platform community through new media opportunities, new membership programs, initiatives and acquisitions.

Critical Accounting Policies

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which requires us to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in this Annual Report to Shareholders summarizes the significant accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

We believe the following to be critical accounting policies whose application has a material impact on our financial presentation, and involve a higher degree of complexity, as they require us to make judgments and estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts and Product Returns

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. We make estimates of the collectibility of our accounts receivable by analyzing historical bad debts, specific customer creditworthiness, and current economic trends. If the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate such that their ability to make payments to us was impaired, additional allowances could be required.

We record allowances for product returns to be received in future periods at the time we recognize the original sale. We base the amounts of the returns allowances upon historical experience and future expectations.

Inventory

Inventory consists primarily of finished goods held for sale and is stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. We identify the inventory items to be written down for obsolescence based on the item's current sales status and condition. We write down discontinued or slow moving inventories based on an estimate of the markdown to retail price needed to sell through our current stock level of the inventories.

Goodwill and Other Intangibles

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase consideration over the estimated fair value of assets acquired less liabilities assumed in a business acquisition. Our other intangibles mainly consist of customer and marketing related assets. We no longer amortize goodwill, but instead we review it for impairment annually or more frequently if impairment indicators arise, on a reporting unit level. We compare the estimated fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill. If the estimated fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying amount, we consider the goodwill of the reporting unit not impaired. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, we perform the goodwill impairment test to measure the amount of impairment loss. We have allocated goodwill to two reporting units, and we use a market value method for the purposes of testing for potential impairment. The annual process of evaluating the potential impairment of goodwill is highly subjective and requires significant judgment at many points during the analysis. Application of alternative assumptions and definitions could yield significantly different results.

Investments

We account for investments in limited liability companies in which we have the ability to exercise significant influence or control, or in which we hold a five percent or more membership interest, under the equity method. We account for investments in corporations in which we have the ability to exercise significant influence or control, or in which we hold a twenty percent or more ownership, under the equity method. Under the equity method, we record our share of the income or losses of the investment by increasing or decreasing the carrying value of our investment and recording the income or expense through the consolidated statement of operations. Under the cost method of accounting, we carry investments in private companies at cost and adjust them only for other-than-temporary declines in fair value. Determining whether we have the ability to exercise significant influence or control over a company is highly subjective and requires a high degree of judgment.

Purchase Accounting

We account for the acquisition of a controlling interest in a business using the purchase method. In determining the estimated fair value of certain acquired assets and liabilities, we make assumptions based upon many difference factors, such as historical and other relevant information and analysis performed by independent parties. Assumptions may be incomplete, and unanticipated events and circumstances may occur that could affect the validity of such assumptions, estimates, or actual results.

Media Library

The media library asset represents the fair value of the library of produced videos acquired through business combinations, the purchase price of media rights to both video and audio titles, and the capitalized cost to produce media products, all of which we market to retailers and to direct-mail and online customers. We amortize the fair value of acquired or purchased media titles and content on a straight-line basis over succeeding periods on the basis of their estimated useful lives. We defer capitalized production costs for financial reporting purposes until the media is released and, then, we amortize these costs over succeeding periods on the basis of estimated sales. Historical sales statistics are the principal factor used in estimating the amortization rate.

Share-Based Compensation

As of January 1, 2006, we adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, which requires companies to recognize compensation cost for share-based awards based on the estimated fair value of the award on date of grant. We measure compensation cost at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and recognize compensation cost upon the probable attainment of a specified performance condition or over a service period. We use the Black-Scholes option valuation model to calculate the fair value disclosures under SFAS 123(R). In calculating this fair value, there are certain assumptions that we use, as disclosed in Note 11, Share-Based Compensation, consisting of the expected life of the option, risk-free interest rate, dividend yield, and volatility. The use of a different estimate for any one of these components could have a material impact on the amount of calculated compensation expense.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain financial data as a percentage of revenues for the periods indicated:

| | Years ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------|--------|
| | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Net revenue | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Cost of goods sold | 36.0% | 36.1% | 43.5% |
| Gross profit | 64.0% | 63.9% | 56.5% |
| Expenses: | | | |
| Selling and operating | 53.9% | 54.6% | 47.6% |
| Corporate, general and administration | 6.1% | 6.8% | 6.9% |
| Total expenses | 60.0% | 61.4% | 54.4% |
| Income from operations | 4.0% | 2.5% | 2.1% |
| Other income (expense), net | 1.5% | 1.8% | -0.1% |
| Income before income taxes and minority interest | 5.5% | 4.3% | 2.0% |
| Income tax expense | 2.2% | 1.7% | 0.7% |
| Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiary, net of tax | -0.1% | % | -0.4% |
| Net income | 3.2% | 2.6% | 0.9% |

Year Ended December 31, 2007 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2006

Net revenue. Net revenue increased \$43.5 million, or 19.8%, to \$262.9 million during 2007 from \$219.5 million during 2006. During the year, we added distribution to over 2,000 new retail doors, bringing the total number of retail doors in the United States to approximately 70,000. Net revenue in our direct to consumer segment increased \$25.8 million, or 20.5%, to \$151.5 million during 2007 from \$125.7 million during 2006. This increase in the direct to consumer segment net revenue primarily reflects the continued success of our direct response marketing revenues and increased revenues from businesses acquired over the last year. Net revenue in our business segment increased \$17.7 million, or 18.9%, to \$111.5 million during 2007 from \$93.8 million during 2006, primarily reflecting our success in the international market.

Gross profit. Gross profit increased \$28.0 million, or 20.0%, to \$168.4 million during 2007 from \$140.3 million during 2006. As a percentage of net revenue, gross profit increased slightly to 64.0% during 2007 from 63.9% during 2006. Gross profit in our direct to consumer segment increased \$15.4 million, or 18.9%, to \$97.1 million during 2007 from \$81.7 million during 2006 and, as a percentage of net revenue, decreased to 64.1% during 2007 from 65.0% during 2006, primarily reflecting increased revenues in our solar operations which produce lower margins. Gross profit in our business segment increased \$12.6 million, or 21.5%, to \$71.2 million during 2007 from \$58.6 million during 2006 and, as a percentage of net revenue, increased to 63.9% during 2007 from 62.5% during 2006.

Selling and operating expenses. Selling and operating expenses increased \$22.0 million, or 18.4%, to \$141.7 million during 2007 from \$119.7 million during 2006, resulting primarily from increased sales and investments made in community, branding, personnel, advertising, and marketing programs. As a percentage of net revenue, selling and operating expenses decreased to 53.9% during 2007 from 54.6% during 2006.

Corporate, general and administration expenses. Corporate, general and administration expenses increased \$1.2 million, or 7.9%, to \$16.2 million during 2007 from \$15.0 million during 2006, primarily due to our planned investments to support the increased revenue base. As of percentage of net revenue, corporate, general and administration expenses decreased to 6.1% during 2007 from 6.8% during 2006, primarily reflecting the leverage on the higher revenue base.

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Other income. Other income increased \$0.2 million, or 6.2%, to \$4.1 million during 2007 from \$3.9 million during 2006. As a percentage of net revenue, other income decreased to 1.5% during 2007 from 1.8% during 2006. The increase reflects the interest earnings from proceeds of our sale of our Class A common stock in the secondary offering during May 2006, partially offset by our use of cash to repurchase 2.5 million shares of our Class A common stock during 2007.

Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries, net of income taxes. Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries, net of income taxes, increased by \$0.2 million, or 142.2%, to \$0.3 million during 2007 from \$0.1 million during 2006.

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Net income. Net income increased \$2.9 million, or 51.0%, to \$8.5 million during 2007 from \$5.6 million during 2006. Earnings per share increased 47.8% to \$0.34 per share during 2007 from \$0.23 per share during 2006. The above factors improved our financial performance over 2006.

Year Ended December 31, 2006 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2005

Net revenue. Net revenue increased \$77.0 million, or 54.0%, to \$219.5 million during 2006 from \$142.5 million during 2005. Our increase in revenue reflects the sales of media titles acquired from GoodTimes, coupled with strong performance in our direct marketing programs, continued penetration into existing retail stores, and the addition of new retail distribution outlets. During the year, we added distribution to over 18,000 new retail doors, bringing the total number of retail doors in the United States to 68,000. Net revenue in our direct to consumer segment increased by \$53.4 million, or 73.8%, to \$125.7 million during 2006 from \$72.3 million during 2005, primarily reflecting strong performance in our direct marketing programs and revenue from the Spiritual Cinema acquisition in August 2006. Our direct response marketing programs continue to be a strong revenue source for this segment while providing a test marketing platform for new brands and products. Net revenue in our business segment increased by \$23.6 million, or 33.7%, to \$93.8 million during 2006 from \$70.2 million during 2005.

Gross profit. Gross profit increased by \$59.8 million, or 74.3%, to \$140.3 million during 2006 from \$80.5 million during 2005. As a percentage of net revenue, gross profit increased 740 basis points to 63.9% during 2006 from 56.5% during 2005. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to strong sales of media and direct marketing products which carry higher margins, but also carry higher selling and operating expenses. The increased media sales have allowed us to leverage our purchasing volume to receive improved buying discounts. We also continued to benefit from the elimination of fees previously paid for third party distribution following the GoodTimes transaction. Additionally, our strong cash position allowed us to take advantage of prompt pay vendor discounts. The business segment's gross profit increased to 62.5% in 2006 from 57.3% in 2005. The direct to consumer segment's gross profit increased to 65.0% in 2006, up from 55.7% in 2005.

Selling and operating expenses. Selling and operating expenses increased by \$52.1 million, or 77.0%, to \$119.7 million during 2006 from \$67.6 million during 2005, primarily resulting from increased sales and operating expenses to support the revenue increases described above and the additional amortization expense associated with our purchase of GoodTimes' media library. As a percentage of net revenue, selling and operating expenses increased to 54.6% during 2006 from 47.6% during 2005, reflecting a change in revenue mix toward increased media and direct marketing products that carry higher selling and operating expenses, such as merchandising fees and advertising costs, along with higher gross margins.

Corporate, general and administration expenses. Corporate, general and administration expenses increased by \$5.2 million, or 53.1%, to \$15.0 million during 2006 from \$9.8 million during 2005, primarily due to planned investments in our business to support the increased revenue base. As a percentage of net revenue, corporate, general and administration expenses decreased slightly to 6.8% during 2006 from 6.9% during 2005.

Other income (expense). Other income increased by \$4.1 million to \$3.9 million during 2006 from \$0.2 million expense during 2005. As a percentage of net revenue, other income increased to 1.8% during 2006 from 0.1% expense during 2005. The increase in other income (expense) primarily consisted of interest on cash generated by the secondary offering of our Class A common stock and a gain of \$0.5 million on the sale of a portion of our Series A Preferred Units of Life Balance Media Holdings LLC. We acquired this investment in August 2005 which originally represented a 19.9% ownership interest. In 2005, we recorded a \$0.6 million loss on this investment for the period from August 22, 2005 through December 31, 2005, which was partially offset by interest income of \$0.4 million.

Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries, net of income taxes. Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries, net of income taxes, decreased by \$0.5 million, or 78.7%, to \$0.1 million during 2006 from \$0.6 million during 2005.

Net income. Net income increased \$4.3 million to \$5.6 million during 2006 from \$1.3 million during 2005. Earnings per share increased to \$0.23 per share during 2006 from \$0.08 per share during 2005. The above factors improved our financial performance over 2005.

Quarterly and Seasonal Fluctuations

The following table sets forth our unaudited results of operations for each of the quarters in 2007 and 2006. In our opinion, this unaudited financial information includes all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals and adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the quarters presented. You should read this financial information in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Annual Report to Shareholders. The results of operations for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of future results of operations.

| | Fiscal Year 2007 Quarters Ended | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| <i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i> | March 31 | June 30 | September 30 | December 31 |
| Net revenue | \$ 58,458 | \$ 52,361 | \$ 70,318 | \$ 81,806 |
| Gross profit | 37,476 | 33,631 | 46,144 | 51,127 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests | 2,828 | (783) | 5,224 | 7,332 |
| Net income (loss) | 1,752 | (346) | 2,918 | 4,200 |
| Diluted net income (loss) per share | \$ 0.07 | \$ (0.01) | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.17 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted | 25,813 | 24,655 | 24,970 | 25,154 |

| | Fiscal Year 2006 Quarters Ended | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| <i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i> | March 31 | June 30 | September 30 | December 31 |
| Net revenue | \$ 51,752 | \$ 43,161 | \$ 51,786 | \$ 72,781 |
| Gross profit | 33,162 | 26,891 | 32,629 | 47,648 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests | 1,587 | (2,125) | 2,522 | 7,562 |
| Net income (loss) | 890 | (1,166) | 1,653 | 4,267 |
| Diluted net income (loss) per share | \$ 0.04 | \$ (0.05) | \$ 0.06 | \$ 0.16 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted | 20,795 | 23,140 | 26,864 | 27,211 |

Quarterly fluctuations in our revenues and operating results are due to a number of factors, including the timing of new product introductions and mailings to customers, advertising, acquisitions (including costs of acquisitions and expenses related to integration of acquisitions), competition, pricing of products by vendors and expenditures on our systems and infrastructure. The impact on revenue and operating results due to the timing and extent of these factors can be significant. Our sales are also affected by seasonal influences. On an aggregate basis, we generate our strongest revenues and net income in the fourth quarter due to increased holiday spending and retailer fitness purchases.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our capital needs arise from working capital required to fund operations, capital expenditures related to acquisition and development of media content, development of our Internet and community platforms and new products, acquisitions of new businesses, replacements, expansions and improvements to our infrastructure, and future growth. These capital requirements depend on numerous factors, including the rate of market acceptance of our product offerings, the ability to expand our customer base, the cost of ongoing upgrades to our product offerings, the level of expenditures for sales and marketing, the level of investment in distribution systems and facilities and other factors. The timing and amount of these capital requirements are variable and we cannot accurately predict them. Additionally, we will continue to pursue opportunities to expand our media libraries, evaluate possible investments in businesses, products and technologies, and increase our sales and marketing programs and brand promotions as needed.

We have a revolving line of credit agreement with a financial institution that expires on October 22, 2009. The credit agreement permits borrowings up to the lesser of \$15 million or our borrowing base which is calculated based upon the collateral value of our accounts receivable, inventory, and certain property and equipment. Borrowings under this agreement bear interest at the lower of prime rate less 75 basis points or LIBO plus 275 basis points. Borrowings are secured by a pledge of certain of our assets, and the agreement contains various financial covenants, including those requiring compliance with certain financial ratios. At December 31, 2007, we had no amounts outstanding under this agreement; however, \$1.2 million was reserved for outstanding letters of credit. We believe we have complied with all of the financial covenants under this credit agreement.

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our primary sources (uses) of cash during the periods presented:

| (in thousands) | Years ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Net cash provided by (used in): | | | |
| Operating activities | \$ 13,445 | \$ (504) | \$ 6,734 |
| Investing activities | (22,787) | (9,742) | (40,393) |
| Financing activities | (29,432) | 99,270 | 38,708 |
| Effects of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents | 156 | 824 | (460) |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | \$ (38,618) | \$ 89,848 | \$ 4,589 |

Operating activities. Our operating activities provided net cash of \$13.4 million during 2007 and used cash of \$0.5 million during 2006. Our net cash generated from operating activities during 2007 was primarily attributable to net income of \$8.5 million, net non-cash expenses of \$13.1 million, and increases to accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$2.7 million, partially offset by uses of funds resulting from increased inventory, accounts receivable, and deferred advertising costs of \$5.5 million, \$3.3 million, and \$1.2 million, respectively. The increase in inventory reflects the additional products necessary to support the increased sales levels. Our net cash used in operating activities during 2006 was primarily attributable to an increase in inventory of \$5.4 million, reduced payables and other liabilities of \$10.8 million, and net other uses of \$1.8 million, partially offset by net income of \$5.6 million, net non-cash expenses of \$8.6 million and decreases to accounts receivable of \$3.3 million. The reduction in accounts payable of \$6.9 million reflects our decision to buy direct from overseas factories which require payment upon shipment versus going through distributors with payment terms. This change in buying strategy, coupled with other cost saving initiatives, increased our gross profit margin to 63.9% in 2006 from 56.5% in 2005.

Investing activities. Our investing activities used net cash of \$22.8 million during 2007 and \$9.7 million during 2006. The net cash used in investing activities during 2007 was used primarily to acquire businesses, property, equipment and other investments for \$20.3 million and purchase media for \$6.3 million, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of the Life Balance Media Holdings LLC (LIME) investment for \$1.4 million and prepayment of a related promissory note of \$2.4 million. We used our net cash in investing activities during 2006 primarily to increase our ownership interest in Conscious Media and Newmark Media and acquire an 85% ownership interest in Spiritual Cinema, resulting in net cash outlay of \$7.0 million. Additionally, we acquired or produced additional media content and rights as well as sold other property and equipment for a net cash outlay of \$2.7 million.

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Financing activities. Our financing activities used net cash of \$29.4 million during 2007 and provided net cash of \$99.3 million during 2006. We used net cash in financing activities during 2007 primarily to repurchase 2.5 million shares of our Class A common stock for \$32.9 million, which was partially offset by net proceeds and income tax benefits of \$3.5 million from the exercise of stock options under our 1999 Long Term Incentive Plan. We generated our net cash provided by financing activities during 2006 primarily from our sale of 5,000,000 shares of our Class A common stock on May 24, 2006 and the sale of an additional 690,000 shares of our Class A common stock on June 13, 2006. The remaining 2006 net cash provided by financing activities resulted mainly from the exercise of stock options under our 1999 Long Term Incentive Program.

On November 8, 2007, we filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission for 5,000,000 shares of our Class A common stock. As of December 31, 2007, none of these shelf shares had been sold. On April 7, 2006, we filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission for our Class A common stock with a total offering price not to exceed \$100,000,000. On May 24, 2006, we sold 5,000,000 shares of Class A common stock and on June 13, 2006 we sold 690,000 shares of our Class A common stock in underwritten offerings under the registration statement. The combined stock sales in 2006 generated gross proceeds of \$99.6 million.

We believe our available cash, cash expected to be generated from operations, cash generated by the sale of our Class A common stock, and borrowing capabilities should be sufficient to fund our operations on both a short-term and long-term basis. However, our projected cash needs may change as a result of acquisitions, product development, unforeseen operational difficulties or other factors.

In the normal course of our business, we investigate, evaluate and discuss acquisition, joint venture, minority investment, strategic relationship and other business combination opportunities in the LOHAS and Conscious Media markets. For any future investment, acquisition or joint venture opportunities, we may consider using then-available liquidity, issuing equity securities or incurring additional indebtedness.

Contractual Obligations

We have commitments pursuant to lease agreements, but do not have any outstanding commitments pursuant to long-term debt obligations or purchase obligations. The following table shows our commitments to make future payments under operating leases:

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | Total | 1 year | 1-3 years | 3-5 years | > 5 years |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Operating lease obligations | \$12,336 | \$3,455 | \$4,146 | \$2,328 | \$2,407 |

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not participate in transactions that generate relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as special purpose entities or variable interest entities, which have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other limited purposes.

Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk

We are exposed to market risks, which include changes in U.S. interest rates and foreign exchange rates. We do not engage in financial transactions for trading or speculative purposes.

Any borrowings we might make under our bank credit facility would bear interest at the lower of prime rate less 75 basis points or LIBOR plus 275 basis points. We do not have any amounts outstanding under our credit line, so any unfavorable change in interest rates would not have a material impact on our results from operations or cash flows unless we make borrowings in the future.

We purchase a significant amount of inventory from vendors outside of the U.S. in transactions that are primarily U.S. dollar denominated transactions. Since the percentage of our international purchases denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar is small, any currency risks related to these transactions are immaterial to us. However, a decline in the relative value of the U.S. dollar to other foreign currencies could lead to increased purchasing costs. In order to mitigate this exposure, we make virtually all of our purchase commitments in U.S. dollars.

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In 2003, we purchased a 50.1% interest in Gaiam Limited, formerly known as Leisure Systems International Limited, a U.K. based distributor. Since Gaiam Limited's revenues are primarily denominated in foreign currencies, this investment exposes us to accounting risk associated with foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. However, we have determined that there was no material market risk exposure to our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows as of December 31, 2007 as a result of this investment.

Stock Performance Graph

The graph below shows, for the five years ended December 31, 2007, the cumulative total return on an investment of \$100 in our Class A common stock, assumed to have been made on December 31, 2002 and the relative stock performances from Gaiam's commencement on the market, October 29, 1999, until December 31, 2002. The graph compares such return with that of comparable investments assumed to have been made on the same date in (a) the NASDAQ Stock Market (U.S. Companies) Index and (b) a media peer group, comprised of Martha Stewart Living Omnimedia, Inc.; The Walt Disney Company; and Lions Gate Entertainment Corp. Although total return for the assumed investment reflects a reinvestment of all dividends on December 31st of the year in which such dividends are paid, no cash dividends were paid on our common stock during the periods presented. Our Class A common stock is quoted by The NASDAQ Stock Market's National Market under the trading symbol GAIA.

COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN*
Among Gaiam, Inc., The NASDAQ Composite Index
And A Media Peer Group

* \$100 invested on 12/31/02 in stock or index-including reinvestment of dividends. On October 29, 1999, Gaiam commenced trading on the NASDAQ stock exchange at \$5.00 per share. The closing price of Gaiam's stock on December 31, 2007 was \$29.68. Gaiam's fiscal year ends on December 31.

This Stock Performance Graph shall not be deemed incorporated by reference by any general statement incorporating by reference of this annual report to shareholders into any filing under the Securities Act or under the Exchange Act, except to the extent that Gaiam specifically incorporates this information by reference, and shall not otherwise be deemed filed under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act and is not to be deemed to be soliciting material.

Financial statements and supplementary data

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Report of independent registered public accounting firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of
Gaiam, Inc.
Broomfield, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Gaiam Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2007. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule II for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2007. We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007, based on criteria established in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting included in Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, in 2006, Gaiam, Inc. and subsidiaries changed its method of accounting for share-based payments in accordance with the guidance provided in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment. As discussed in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, in 2007, Gaiam, Inc. and subsidiaries adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Gaiam Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2007 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule II for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2007, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein. Also in our opinion, Gaiam Inc. and subsidiaries maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007, based on criteria established in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

/s/ Ehrhardt Keefe Steiner & Hottman PC

March 12, 2008
Denver, colorado

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GAIAM, INC.
Consolidated balance sheets

| | As of December 31, | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|
| | 2007 | 2006 |
| <i>(in thousands, except share and per share data)</i> | | |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 66,258 | \$ 104,876 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 30,157 | 25,324 |
| Inventory, less allowances | 29,839 | 24,313 |
| Deferred advertising costs | 3,602 | 3,965 |
| Deferred tax assets | 6,005 | 3,404 |
| Other current assets | 5,205 | 4,965 |
| Total current assets | 141,066 | 166,847 |
| Property and equipment, net | 9,509 | 7,784 |
| Media library, net | 37,566 | 37,201 |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 4,057 | 5,958 |
| Goodwill and other intangibles, net | 44,410 | 28,879 |
| Notes receivable and other assets | 4,104 | 4,299 |
| Total assets | \$ 240,712 | \$ 250,968 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 23,620 | \$ 21,464 |
| Accrued liabilities | 10,631 | 5,236 |
| Total current liabilities | 34,251 | 26,700 |
| Minority interest | 6,073 | 5,662 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| Shareholders equity: | | |
| Class A common stock, \$.0001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized, 19,553,631 and 21,749,936 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively | 2 | 2 |
| Class B common stock, \$.0001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 5,400,000 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2007 and 2006 | 1 | 1 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 174,046 | 200,906 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 991 | 873 |
| Retained earnings | 25,348 | 16,824 |
| Total shareholders equity | 200,388 | 218,606 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders equity | \$ 240,712 | \$ 250,968 |

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

GAIAM, INC.
Consolidated statements of operations

| | Years ended December 31, | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| <i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i> | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Net revenue | \$ 262,943 | \$ 219,480 | \$ 142,492 |
| Cost of goods sold | 94,565 | 79,150 | 61,977 |
| Gross profit | 168,378 | 140,330 | 80,515 |
| Expenses: | | | |
| Selling and operating | 141,749 | 119,700 | 67,639 |
| Corporate, general and administration | 16,176 | 14,989 | 9,790 |
| Total expenses | 157,925 | 134,689 | 77,429 |
| Income from operations | 10,453 | 5,641 | 3,086 |
| Other income (expense) | 256 | 645 | (533) |
| Interest income | 3,892 | 3,260 | 358 |
| Other income (expense) | 4,148 | 3,905 | (175) |
| Income before income taxes and minority interest | 14,601 | 9,546 | 2,911 |
| Income tax expense | 5,767 | 3,774 | 974 |
| Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries, net of income taxes | (310) | (128) | (601) |
| Net income | \$ 8,524 | \$ 5,644 | \$ 1,336 |
| Net income per share: | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.34 | \$ 0.23 | \$ 0.08 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.34 | \$ 0.23 | \$ 0.08 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: | | | |
| Basic | 24,962 | 24,349 | 17,140 |
| Diluted | 25,214 | 24,617 | 17,354 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

GAIAM, INC.
Consolidated statement of shareholders equity

| | Class A Common Stock | | Class B Common Stock | | Additional Paid-In Capital | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | Retained Earnings | Total |
|--|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|---|----------------------|------------|
| | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | | | | |
| <i>(in thousands, except share data)</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2004 | 9,411,897 | \$ 1 | 5,400,000 | \$ 1 | \$ 54,933 | \$ 850 | \$ 10,561 | \$ 66,346 |
| Issuance of common stock in conjunction with acquisitions and compensation | 5,598,839 | | | | 40,907 | | | 40,907 |
| Retained earnings adjustment to reflect Conscious Media as an equity investment from the date of initial investment through acquisition of a majority interest | | | | | | | (717) | (717) |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | | 1,336 | 1,336 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of income taxes of \$(155) | | | | | | (586) | | (586) |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | | | 750 |
| Balance at December 31, 2005 | 15,010,736 | 1 | 5,400,000 | 1 | 95,840 | 264 | 11,180 | 107,286 |
| Sale of common stock in underwritten offerings | 5,690,000 | 1 | | | 93,601 | | | 93,602 |
| Issuance of common stock in conjunction with acquisitions and compensation | 1,049,200 | | | | 11,465 | | | 11,465 |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | | 5,644 | 5,644 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of income taxes of \$393 | | | | | | 609 | | 609 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | | | 6,253 |
| Balance at December 31, 2006 | 21,749,936 | 2 | 5,400,000 | 1 | 200,906 | 873 | 16,824 | 218,606 |
| Issuance of common stock in conjunction with acquisitions and compensation | 303,695 | | | | 6,047 | | | 6,047 |
| Repurchase of stock | (2,500,000) | | | | (32,907) | | | (32,907) |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | | 8,524 | 8,524 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of income taxes of \$77 | | | | | | 118 | | 118 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | | | | 8,642 |
| Balance at December 31, 2007 | 19,553,631 | \$ 2 | 5,400,000 | \$ 1 | \$ 174,046 | \$ 991 | \$ 25,348 | \$ 200,388 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

GAIAM, INC.
Consolidated statements of cash flows

| | Years ended December 31, | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| <i>(in thousands)</i> | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Operating activities: | | | |
| Net income | \$ 8,524 | \$ 5,644 | \$ 1,336 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation | 2,120 | 1,926 | 2,146 |
| Amortization | 10,169 | 5,883 | 2,555 |
| Noncash share-based compensation | 1,024 | 623 | |
| Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries | 310 | 128 | 601 |
| Noncash loss on disposal of property | 265 | | |
| Noncash (gain) loss from equity method investment | (127) | (680) | 646 |
| Deferred and stock option income tax (benefit) expense | (701) | 730 | 472 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions: | | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | (3,330) | 3,319 | (11,066) |
| Inventory, net | (5,546) | (5,373) | 3,143 |
| Deferred advertising costs | (1,230) | (531) | (1,281) |
| Other assets | (771) | (1,413) | (1,813) |
| Accounts payable | 345 | (6,859) | 11,399 |
| Accrued liabilities | 2,393 | (3,901) | (1,404) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 13,445 | (504) | 6,734 |
| Investing activities: | | | |
| Purchase of property, equipment and media rights | (9,536) | (3,412) | (1,589) |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment | | 668 | |
| Purchase of acquisitions, investments, and note, net of cash acquired | (17,122) | (6,998) | (38,804) |
| Proceeds from sale of investments | 3,871 | | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (22,787) | (9,742) | (40,393) |
| Financing activities: | | | |
| Repurchase of Class A common stock, including related costs | (32,907) | | |
| Net proceeds from issuance of common stock and tax benefits from option exercises | 3,475 | 99,270 | 38,708 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities | (29,432) | 99,270 | 38,708 |
| Effects of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents | 156 | 824 | (460) |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (38,618) | 89,848 | 4,589 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 104,876 | 15,028 | 10,439 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ 66,258 | \$ 104,876 | \$ 15,028 |
| Supplemental cash flow information | | | |
| Interest paid | \$ 174 | \$ 23 | \$ |
| Income taxes paid | 6,746 | 949 | 1,196 |

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| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Common stock issued for acquisitions | 1,504 | 4,943 | 2,150 |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to consolidated financial statements

1. Organization, Nature of Operations, and Principles of Consolidation

References in this report to we, us, our or Gaiam refer to Gaiam, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless we indicate otherwise. We are a lifestyle media company providing a broad selection of information, media, products and services to customers who value personal development, wellness, ecological lifestyles, responsible media and conscious community. We were incorporated under the laws of the State of Colorado on July 7, 1988.

We have prepared the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, and they include our accounts and those of our subsidiaries. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposit accounts with financial institutions and highly liquid investments, which mature within three months of date of purchase. The fair value of the cash and cash equivalents approximates their carrying value due to their short maturities.

Concentration of Risk and Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

We have potential concentration of credit risk in our accounts receivable in that two of our top customers, one of which is Target, accounted for 50.3% of accounts receivable, net as of December 31, 2007. These customers are major retailers in the United States to which we made significant sales during the calendar year end holiday season.

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. We make estimates of the collectibility of our accounts receivable by analyzing historical bad debts, specific customer creditworthiness, and current economic trends. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$1.3 million and \$1.4 million as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. If the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate such that their ability to make payments to us was impaired, additional allowances could be required.

Product Returns

We record allowances for product returns to be received in future periods at the time we recognize the original sale. We base the amounts of the returns allowances upon historical experience and future expectations.

Inventory

Inventory consists primarily of finished goods held for sale and is stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. We identify the inventory items to be written down for obsolescence based on the item's current sales status and condition. We write down discontinued or slow moving inventories based on an estimate of the markdown to retail price needed to sell through our current stock level of the inventories. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, we estimated obsolete or slow-moving inventory to be \$3.5 million and \$3.6 million, respectively.

Advertising Costs

Deferred advertising costs relate to the preparation, printing, advertising and distribution of infomercials and catalogs. We defer such costs for financial reporting purposes until the catalogs and infomercials are distributed and advertised, then we amortize these costs over succeeding periods on the basis of estimated direct relationship sales. We amortize seasonal catalogs within seven months and our annual catalogs within one year. Forecasted sales statistics are the principal factor we use in estimating the amortization rate. We expense other advertising and promotional costs as incurred. Amounts recorded as advertising expense were \$39.9 million, \$35.5 million, and \$17.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005, respectively, and we include these amounts in selling and operating expense.

We record sales discounts or other sales incentives as a reduction to revenues. We identify and record as expense those cooperative advertising expenses we pay, which are for advertisements meeting the separable benefit and fair value tests, as part

of selling and operating expense.

Property and Equipment

We state property and equipment at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. We included in property and equipment the cost of internal-use software, including software used in connection with our websites. We expense all costs related to the development of internal-use software other than those incurred during the application development stage. We capitalize the costs we incur during the application development stage and amortize them over the estimated useful life of the software, which is typically three years. We compute depreciation of property and equipment on the straight-line method over estimated useful lives, generally three to ten years. We amortize leasehold and building improvements over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or the remaining term of the lease or remaining life of the building, respectively.

Investments

We account for investments in limited liability companies in which we have the ability to exercise significant influence or control, or in which we hold a five percent or more membership interest, under the equity method. We account for investments in corporations in which we have the ability to exercise significant influence or control, or in which we hold a twenty percent or more ownership, under the equity method. Under the equity method, we record our share of the income or losses of the investment by increasing or decreasing the carrying value of our investment and recording the income or expense through the consolidated statement of operations. Under the cost method of accounting, we carry investments in private companies at cost and adjust only for other-than-temporary declines in fair value. We include investments under the cost and equity methods in notes receivable and other assets.

We evaluate our long-lived assets, including investments, on at least an annual basis to test for impairment or valuation issues, and concluded that, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, no indicators of impairment were present.

Purchase Accounting

We account for the acquisition of a controlling interest in a business using the purchase method. In determining the estimated fair value of certain acquired assets and liabilities, we make assumptions based upon many different factors, such as historical and other relevant information and analysis performed by independent parties. Assumptions may be incomplete, and unanticipated events and circumstances may occur that could affect the validity of such assumptions, estimates, or actual results. The estimated fair value of assets and liabilities acquired in recent business combinations are preliminary as of December 31, 2007. We expect to obtain information necessary to finalize the estimated values during 2008.

Media Library

The media library asset represents the fair value of our library of produced videos acquired through business combinations, the purchase price of media rights to both video and audio titles, and the capitalized cost to produce media products, all of which we market to retailers and to direct-mail and online customers. We have presented the media library net of accumulated amortization of approximately \$23.2 million and \$16.2 million at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, which is being amortized over the estimated useful life of the titles, which range from five to fifteen years. Additionally, we anticipate incurring during 2008 approximately \$11.4 million in participation expenses, primarily royalties, related to acquired and produced media content.

Media library costs to produce media content consist of costs incurred to produce the media content, net of accumulated amortization. We recognize these costs, as well as participation costs, as operating expenses on an individual film basis in the ratio that the current year's gross revenues bear to our estimate of total ultimate gross revenues from all sources to be earned over a seven year period. We state capitalized production costs at the lower of unamortized cost or estimated fair value on an individual film basis. We continually review revenue forecasts, based primarily on historical sales statistics, and revise these forecasts when warranted by changing conditions. When estimates of total revenues and other events or changes in circumstances indicate that a film has a fair value that is less than its unamortized cost, we recognize an impairment loss in the current period for the amount by which the unamortized cost exceeds the film's fair value.

During 2007, capitalized production cost for released films was approximately \$1.4 million, and for those films not yet released was approximately \$4.8 million. Additionally, as of December 31, 2007, we estimate that approximately \$2.0 million or 24.1% of the unamortized costs for released films will be amortized during 2008, and approximately 69.1% of the unamortized costs for released films will be amortized within the next three years. Accumulated amortization for produced media content at December 31, 2007 and 2006 was approximately \$11.0 million and \$8.1 million, respectively. Amortization expense for produced media content for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 was \$2.9 million, \$1.4 million, and \$1.0 million, respectively.

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The acquired media rights have \$29.2 million of remaining unamortized costs as of December 31, 2007 that will be amortized on a straight-line basis over 12 to 96 months. Amortization expense for acquired and purchased media rights for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 was \$4.7 million, \$4.1 million, and \$1.5 million, respectively. Based upon the acquired media titles and rights at December 31, 2007, we expect the annual amortization expense for the next five years to approximate \$5.8 million per annum. In 2005, we added \$32.3 million in media assets from our acquisition of content and programming from GoodTimes.

Based on total media library costs at December 31, 2007 and assuming no subsequent impairment of the underlying assets or a material increase in the video productions or media acquired, we expect the amortization expense for the next five years to be approximately \$7.5 million per annum.

Goodwill and Other Intangibles

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase consideration over the estimated fair value of assets acquired less liabilities assumed in a business acquisition. Our other intangibles mainly consist of customer and marketing related assets. We no longer amortize goodwill, but instead we review it for impairment annually or more frequently if impairment indicators arise, on a reporting unit level. We compare the estimated fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill. If the estimated fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying amount, we consider the goodwill of the reporting unit not impaired. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, we perform the goodwill impairment test to measure the amount of impairment loss. We have allocated goodwill to two reporting units, and we use a market value method for the purposes of testing for potential impairment. The annual process of evaluating the potential impairment of goodwill is highly subjective and requires significant judgment at many points during the analysis. Application of alternative assumptions and definitions could yield significantly different results.

We have allocated the entire goodwill balance of \$42.9 million at December 31, 2007 to our two segments, direct to consumer and business. The following table sets forth the changes in goodwill for the period December 31, 2005 through December 31, 2007 by reportable segment.

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | Direct to Consumer Segment | Business Segment | Total |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2005 | \$ 5,708 | \$ 11,687 | \$ 17,395 |
| Additions | 5,606 | 4,919 | 10,525 |
| Foreign currency rate change | | 429 | 429 |
| Balance at December 31, 2006 | 11,314 | 17,035 | 28,349 |
| Additions | 10,568 | 3,871 | 14,439 |
| Foreign currency rate change | | 68 | 68 |
| Balance at December 31, 2007 | \$ 21,882 | \$ 20,974 | \$ 42,856 |

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The gross carrying amount of our domain name intangibles, which are not subject to amortization, at December 31, 2007 was \$0.3 million. The following table represents our other intangibles subject to amortization by major class as of December 31, 2007 and 2006:

| | As of December 31, | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| <i>(in thousands)</i> | 2007 | 2006 |
| Customer related: | | |
| Gross carrying amount | \$ 1,434 | \$ 664 |
| Accumulated amortization | 727 | 134 |
| | \$ 707 | \$ 530 |
| Marketing related: | | |
| Gross carrying amount | \$ 638 | \$ |
| Accumulated amortization | 41 | |
| | \$ 597 | \$ |

The amortization periods range from 6 to 84 months. Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 was \$0.6 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. Based on the December 31, 2007 balance of other intangibles, we estimate amortization expense to be \$0.7 million in 2008, \$0.2 million in 2009 and 2010, \$0.1 million in 2011 and 2012, and none thereafter.

Long-Lived Assets

We evaluate the carrying value of long-lived assets held and used, other than goodwill, when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. We consider the carrying value of a long-lived asset impaired when the total projected undiscounted cash flows from such asset are separately identifiable and are less than the carrying value. We recognize a loss based on the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the estimated fair value of the long-lived asset. We determine the estimated fair value primarily using the projected cash flows from the asset discounted at a rate commensurate with the risk involved.

Income Taxes

We provide for income taxes pursuant to the liability method as prescribed in SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. The liability method requires recognition of deferred income taxes based on temporary differences between financial reporting and income tax bases of assets and liabilities, using current enacted income tax rates and regulations. These differences will result in taxable income or deductions in future years when the reported amount of the asset or liability is recovered or settled, respectively. Considerable judgment is required in determining when these events may occur and whether recovery of an asset is more likely than not. Our effective tax rate remains fairly consistent.

Revenues

Revenue consists of sales of products, media licensing, and solar energy integration contract fees. We recognize revenue from the sale of products and the licensing of media when the following four basic criteria are met: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred or services rendered; (3) the seller's price to the buyer is fixed and determinable; and (4) collectibility is reasonably assured. We recognize revenue from fixed price contracts using either the completed contract or percentage-of-completion method, based on the energy size of the solar energy integration project. We had no contracts accounted for under the percentage-of-completion method for 2007, 2006, and 2005. We present revenues net of taxes collected from customers. We recognize amounts billed to customers for postage and handling as revenue at the same time we recognize the revenues arising from the product sale. We include postage and handling costs, which were approximately \$12.0 million for 2007, \$13.0 million for 2006, and \$8.3 million for 2005, in selling and operating expense along with other fulfillment costs.

Share-Based Compensation

As of January 1, 2006, we adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, which requires companies to recognize compensation cost for share-based awards based on the estimated fair value of the award on date of grant. We measure compensation cost at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and recognize compensation cost upon the probable attainment of a specified performance condition or over a service period. We use the Black-Scholes option valuation model to calculate the fair value disclosures under SFAS 123(R). In calculating this fair value, we use certain assumptions, as disclosed in Note 11, Share-Based Compensation, consisting of the expected life of the option, risk-free interest rate, dividend yield, and volatility. The use of a different estimate for any one of these components could have a material impact on the amount of calculated compensation expense. We elected the modified-prospective method, under which prior periods are not revised for comparative purposes. The valuation provisions of SFAS 123(R) apply to new grants and to grants that were outstanding as of the effective date and are subsequently modified. We will recognize estimated compensation for grants that were outstanding as of the effective date over the remaining service periods using the compensation cost estimated for the SFAS 123 pro forma disclosures.

The following table sets forth the pro forma amounts of net income and net income per share for the year ended December 31, 2005, that would have resulted if we had accounted for our share-based compensation plan under the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123 and recorded share-based compensation expense.

| <i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i> | 2005 |
|---|-------------|
| Net income as reported | \$ 1,336 |
| Add: Share-based compensation expense included in reported net income, net of related tax effects | |
| Deduct: Total share-based compensation expenses determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects | (398) |
| Pro forma | \$ 938 |
| Basic net income per share: | |
| As reported | \$ 0.08 |
| Pro forma | \$ 0.06 |
| Fully diluted net income per share: | |
| As reported | \$ 0.08 |
| Pro forma | \$ 0.05 |

Use of Estimates and Reclassifications

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements and disclosures. Although we base these estimates on our best knowledge of current events and actions that we may undertake in the future, actual results may be different from the estimates. We have made certain reclassifications to prior period amounts to conform to the current period presentations.

Defined Contribution Plan

In 1999, we adopted a defined contribution retirement plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, which covers substantially all employees. Eligible employees may contribute amounts to the plan, via payroll withholding, subject to certain limitations. The 401(k) plan permits, but does not require, us to make additional matching contributions to the 401(k) plan on behalf of all participants in the 401(k) plan. Effective June 1, 2007, we began matching 50% of an employee's contribution, up to an annual maximum matching contribution of \$1,500, and during the year ended December 31, 2007, we made matching contributions of \$0.2 million to the 401(k) plan.

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Foreign Currency Translation

Our foreign subsidiaries use their local currency as their functional currency. We translate assets and liabilities into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. We translate income and expense accounts at the average monthly exchange rates during the year. We record resulting translation adjustments, net of income taxes, as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income.

Comprehensive Income

Our accumulated other comprehensive income consists only of foreign currency translation adjustments, net of income taxes.

Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per share excludes any dilutive effects of options. We compute basic net income per share using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. We compute diluted net income per share using the weighted average number of common and common stock equivalent shares outstanding during the period. We excluded common equivalent shares of 186,000 and 262,000 from the computation of diluted net income per share for 2007 and 2006, respectively, because their effect was antidilutive.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income per share:

| | Years ended December 31, | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| <i>(In thousands, except per share data)</i> | | | |
| Numerator for basic and diluted net income per share | \$ 8,524 | \$ 5,644 | \$ 1,336 |
| Denominator: | | | |
| Weighted average shares for basic net income per share | 24,962 | 24,349 | 17,140 |
| Effect of dilutive securities: | | | |
| Weighted average of common stock and stock options | 252 | 268 | 214 |
| Denominators for diluted net income per share | 25,214 | 24,617 | 17,354 |
| | | | |
| Net income per share basic | \$ 0.34 | \$ 0.23 | \$ 0.08 |
| Net income per share diluted | \$ 0.34 | \$ 0.23 | \$ 0.08 |

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 141 (Revised 2007), *Business Combinations*. Under SFAS 141(R), an acquiring entity will be required to recognize all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition-date fair value with limited exceptions. SFAS 141(R) will change the accounting treatment for certain specific items, including the following:

acquisition costs will be generally expensed as incurred;

noncontrolling interests (formerly known as minority interests see SFAS 160 discussion below) will be valued at fair value at the acquisition date;

acquired contingent liabilities will be recorded at fair value at the acquisition date and subsequently measured at either the higher of such amount or the amount determined under existing guidance for non-acquired contingencies;

in-process research and development will be recorded at fair value as an indefinite-lived intangible asset at the acquisition date;

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restructuring costs associated with a business combination will be generally expensed subsequent to the acquisition date and

changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances and income tax uncertainties after the acquisition date generally will affect income tax expense.

Also included in SFAS 141(R) are a substantial number of new disclosure requirements. SFAS 141(R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Earlier adoption is prohibited. Accordingly, a calendar year-end company is required to record and disclose business combinations following existing GAAP until January 1, 2009. Consequently, we will adopt the provisions of SFAS 141(R) for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. We believe that SFAS 141(R) is applicable to us, but cannot yet reasonably estimate the impact of the statement.

In December 2007, FASB issued FASB Statement No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements An Amendment of ARB No. 51*. SFAS 160 establishes new accounting and reporting standards for a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. Specifically, this statement requires the recognition of a noncontrolling interest (minority interest) as equity in the consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent's equity. The amount of net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest will be included in consolidated net income on the face of the income statement. SFAS 160 clarifies that changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in deconsolidation are equity transactions if the parent retains its controlling financial interest. In addition, SFAS 160 requires that a parent recognize a gain or loss in net income when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. Such gain or loss will be measured using the fair value of the noncontrolling equity investment on the deconsolidation date. SFAS 160 also includes expanded disclosure requirements regarding the interests of the parent and its noncontrolling interest. SFAS 160 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Earlier adoption is prohibited. We will adopt SFAS 160 at the beginning of our fiscal year commencing January 1, 2009. We believe SFAS 160 will be applicable to us in that minority interest will be listed separately in shareholders' equity, but we cannot yet reasonably estimate the other impacts to our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, FASB issued FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the FASB having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, SFAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Earlier application is encouraged, provided that the reporting entity has not yet issued financial statements for that fiscal year, including financial statements for an interim period within that fiscal year. We will adopt the provisions of SFAS 157 in our fiscal year commencing January 1, 2008. We currently believe that adoption of the provisions of SFAS 157 will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Notes Receivable and Other Assets

As of December 31, 2007, our notes receivable and other assets consisted of \$2.7 million in notes, \$0.3 million in investments, and \$1.1 million in other long-term assets. On November 7, 2007, we entered into a cooperative business arrangement with Care2.com, Inc., whereby Care2 agreed that we will become the e-commerce provider for Care2 in return for a percentage of our revenue generated from such customer leads. Additionally, Care2 agreed to promote Gaiam subscriptions to Care2 customers and to not pursue subscription business. We loaned Care2 \$2.7 million, evidenced by a 6% interest bearing senior secured promissory note due November 7, 2011, purchased 254,237 shares of Care2 Series D-1 Preferred Stock for cash of \$300,000, and received warrants to subscribe for and purchase from Care2 additional stock. The warrants had no estimated fair value as of December 31, 2007.

Notes receivable and other assets as of December 31, 2006 consisted of \$1.3 million of investments, \$2.4 million in notes and related interest receivable, and \$0.6 million of other long-term assets. On January 5, 2006, we entered into an agreement with Alps Communications and Life Balance Media Holdings LLC, to sell 19,968 Series A Preferred Units of Life Balance Media Holdings to Alps, an investment that we previously accounted for using the equity method. The purchase price per unit was equal to the amount we paid for our investment during 2005. Alps assumed all unpaid Series A Capital Contribution commitments from us and executed a 7.5% interest bearing promissory note due February 28, 2009 in the principal amount of \$2.3 million. After the closing of this transaction, we owned 4,876 units, or less than 4%, of Life Balance Media Holdings. This transaction resulted in a gain of \$0.5 million which is included in other income (expense) for the year ended December 31, 2006. On February 6, 2007, we entered into a stock repurchase agreement with Revolution Living and Alps. As part of the stock repurchase agreement Alps prepaid its promissory note principal plus accrued interest in the amount of \$2.4 million and acquired our investment in Life Balance Media Holdings for \$1.4 million in cash.

On June 23, 2006, we purchased, for \$3.5 million, an approximate 34% ownership interest in Cinema Circle, the parent company of Spiritual Cinema Circle, a subscription-based DVD film club. We accounted for this investment under the equity method and we recognized the excess of the cost of the investment over the underlying equity in the net assets of Cinema Circle, \$2.3 million, as goodwill. During July 2006, we purchased an additional 29% interest in Cinema Circle for \$3.4 million. With the purchase of the additional interest, our ownership was approximately 63% and, therefore, commencing with the effective dates of the additional share purchases, Cinema Circle met the accounting criteria to be considered a business combination as outlined in SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations* and we began consolidating Cinema Circle's results of operations effective July 31, 2006. On September 30, 2006, we reduced our investment in Cinema Circle to a 15% ownership interest and changed our accounting for Cinema Circle from the consolidation to cost method. See Note 4, Mergers and Acquisitions.

4. Mergers and Acquisitions

We include results from operations of acquired companies in our consolidated financial statements from their respective effective acquisition dates. We expect that none of the goodwill resulting from acquisition of companies during 2006 will be deductible for tax purposes.

In August 2005, we entered into agreements with Revolution Living, LLC, its founder, Steve Case, and Revolution Living's Life Balance Media Holdings subsidiary. Under the terms of the Agreements, we acquired a minority interest in Life Balance Media Holdings for approximately \$7.5 million. We accounted for this investment using the equity method, so our share of the losses sustained by Life Balance Media Holdings from the date of acquisition through December 31, 2005, totaling \$0.6 million, have been reflected in our statement of operations for 2005. Effective in January 2006, we reduced our ownership in Life Balance Media Holdings to less than 4%. On February 6, 2007, we sold the last part of our interest in Life Balance Media Holdings for \$1.4 million in cash. See Note 3, Notes Receivable and Other Assets. On July 19, 2007, we acquired 100% ownership interest in Life Balance Media Holdings. See our 2007 aggregated business acquisitions discussion below.

In September 2005, we acquired a majority of the assets held by GoodTimes and certain of its affiliates for \$34.4 million in cash plus \$0.6 million in estimated acquisition, legal and accounting costs. GoodTimes' assets included entertainment programming and home video products distributed through various channels, including television, retailers and the Internet. We commenced distribution of titles and content acquired in this asset purchase on September 13, 2005. At December 31, 2005, we initially allocated the \$35.0 million purchase price as \$29.1 million to media library, \$13.2 million to tangible assets, and \$7.3 million to assumed liabilities. During 2006, we reduced the aggregate purchase price to \$34.8 million due to unrealized estimated acquisition costs and adjusted the estimated fair values by allocating \$32.3 million to the media library, \$9.4 million to tangible assets, and \$6.9 million to assumed liabilities. We based the adjustments primarily on additional facts about benefits and obligations as of the purchase date which were identified during the allocation period after the acquisition date. As a result of the adjustment to the media library, we recorded in September 2006 additional amortization expense of \$0.3 million.

In October 2005, we acquired a 53.4% ownership interest in Newmark Media, a distribution company specializing in placing wellness media products in the grocery and drugstore channels for an approximately \$0.8 million cash contribution to Newmark. We allocated the purchase price to the net tangible assets, and, as Newmark had negative net worth, we recorded \$0.9 million in goodwill. On December 31, 2006, we acquired the 46.6% minority ownership interest in Newmark for \$0.3 million cash and recorded an additional \$0.2 million in goodwill. The stock purchase agreement calls for additional consideration of up to \$0.1 million contingent upon the achievement of certain distribution and product mix goals over the next two years. During 2007 we recognized half of this contingent consideration as additional goodwill. We have not yet recognized the remainder of the contingent consideration because its amount is not determinable beyond a reasonable doubt. We believe that Newmark's expertise in product placement in these under-penetrated channels more than compensates for the goodwill recorded.

On December 30, 2005, we increased our ownership percentage in Conscious Media, Inc., a multimedia company, to 51% for an additional investment of \$3.5 million. We acquired shares directly from the Conscious Media for its \$1.5 million in notes receivable and issued 146,667 shares of our Class A common stock and promissory notes totaling \$0.2 million to certain Conscious Media shareholders. We have recorded a reduction to retained earnings and our investment of \$0.7 million to reflect our share of the results from operations of Conscious Media from the date of our original investment in 2002 to the end of 2005, when we acquired the majority ownership interest, and recognized \$6.9 million in goodwill.

On September 29, 2006, we increased our ownership percentage in Conscious Media from 51% to 86% by issuing 149,698 shares of our Class A common stock valued at \$1.9 million and recognized additional goodwill of \$1.4 million. During the fourth quarter of 2006, we invested another \$3.2 million, comprised of 220,026 shares of our Class A common stock, of which 85,526 shares were issued to two of our outside board members, and cash of \$0.2 million. As a result of this latest investment, we effectively owned all of Conscious Media's outstanding stock as of November 8, 2006 and recognized additional goodwill of \$3.3 million. We believe that Conscious Media's expertise in media programming, development and post production will complement our current businesses and future growth, at a lower cost than we could develop on our own.

On September 30, 2006, we, Cinema Circle, and Spiritual Cinema, one of our newly formed subsidiaries, entered into a Share Exchange Agreement. Prior to our original investment in Cinema Circle (see Note 3, Notes Receivable and Other Assets), Cinema Circle had two business segments, direct (primarily subscription clubs) and film production. Under the Exchange Agreement, Spiritual Cinema acquired 100% of the equity and net assets of Cinema Circle's direct segment from Cinema Circle in exchange for 76% of

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our interest in Cinema Circle and 15% of Spiritual Cinema. Of the \$6.9 million determined cost of our 85% ownership in Spiritual Cinema, we allocated \$5.6 million to goodwill, \$0.5 million to customer lists, and the remainder to net tangible assets and minority interest. We are amortizing the customer lists on a straight-line basis over 17 months. We plan to invest in our community business over the next year to better capitalize on strong relationships with our loyal consumer audience and growing broadband subscription trends. This will allow us to focus on better leveraging of our content through subscriptions and community. The films distributed to Spiritual Cinema's members are meaningful inspirational and spiritual family films that complement our product offerings.

During 2007, we acquired varying amounts of controlling ownership interest in several entities for a total cost of approximately \$17.9 million, including direct acquisition costs and other liabilities, of which \$14.5 million was paid in cash, \$1.5 million in shares of our Class A common stock, and \$1.9 million in assumed liabilities. Three of the acquisitions call for additional consideration, payable in cash or shares of our Class A common stock (up to a maximum of 50,000 shares), contingent upon the achievement of a certain membership threshold within the next two years or our sale of the acquired business or its assets, the amount of revenue generated from certain potential customers and the collection of certain rebates, or the attaining of a certain level of pre-tax profits in our community business over its first twelve months of operations. As additional consideration for the solar energy integrator, our wholly owned subsidiary, Real Goods Solar, granted to the sellers warrants to purchase 40,000 shares of Real Goods Class A common stock at an exercise price of \$3.20 per share. The warrants commence vesting only upon an initial public offering of Real Goods Class A common stock or our sale of 50% or more of the company. We have not yet recognized any of the contingent or additional consideration because the amounts are not determinable beyond a reasonable doubt. At the time any of the contingent or additional consideration becomes probable and can be estimated, we will recognize it as additional purchase price and allocate it to goodwill and other intangibles, as appropriate.

The acquired companies include Zaadz, a leading social networking site in the LOHAS space; Lime, a multimedia lifestyle company; Conscious Enlightenment, an on-line and off-line community; and a solar system integration company. With regards to the acquisitions, we assumed liabilities for severance (\$0.2 million) due to downsizing of the workforce, facility lease obligations (\$0.2 million) as a result of relocation, and a noncancellable contract (\$0.6 million) which obligated us to perform services with no future benefit to the combined companies. During 2007, we charged \$0.1 million to the severance liability, \$0.1 million to the facility lease obligation liability, and \$0.5 million to the noncancellable contract liability. As of December 31, 2007, the remaining balances were immaterial. We anticipate completing the downsizing and relocation activities by the end of the second quarter of 2008.

In connection with the acquisitions, we have preliminarily recognized \$10.5 million and \$3.8 million of direct to consumer and business segment goodwill, respectively, of which we expect \$3.8 million to be deductible for tax purposes, \$1.4 million of intangibles subject to amortization (37 month weighted-average useful life), and \$0.3 million of indefinite life domain names. The amortizable intangibles are customer related of \$0.8 million (23 month weighted-average useful life) and marketing related of \$0.6 million (53 month weighted-average useful life). We are still in the process of finalizing our assessment of the estimated fair value of the net assets acquired and, thus, the amount of goodwill and other intangibles is subject to refinement.

The following is supplemental unaudited pro forma information for the aggregated 2007 acquisitions as if we had acquired the businesses on January 1, 2006. The pro forma adjustments are based on currently available information and upon assumptions that we believe are reasonable in order to reflect, on a pro forma basis, the impact of these 2007 acquisitions on our historical financial information. The unaudited pro forma information should not be relied upon as being indicative of our results of operations had the acquisitions occurred on the dates assumed. The unaudited pro forma financial information also does not project the results of operations for any future period or date.

| | Pro Forma | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|
| | Years ended December 31, | |
| <i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i> | 2007 | 2006 |
| | (unaudited) | |
| Net revenue | \$ 273,835 | \$ 228,317 |
| Income before income taxes and minority interest | \$ 12,225 | \$ 5,160 |
| Net income | \$ 7,079 | \$ 2,973 |
| | | |
| Net income per share: | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.28 | \$ 0.12 |

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Diluted

\$ 0.28 \$ 0.12

61

5. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, stated at lower of cost or fair value, consists of the following as of December 31:

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | 2007 | 2006 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Land | \$ 3,100 | \$ 3,100 |
| Buildings | 1,587 | 1,587 |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 6,158 | 5,580 |
| Leasehold improvements | 1,754 | 1,475 |
| Website development costs | 5,962 | 4,763 |
| Studio, computer and telephone equipment | 8,842 | 7,864 |
| Warehouse and distribution equipment | 1,921 | 1,191 |
| | 29,324 | 25,560 |
| Accumulated depreciation and amortization | (19,815) | (17,776) |
| | \$ 9,509 | \$ 7,784 |

6. Leases, Commitments and Contingencies

We lease office and warehouse space through operating leases. Some of the leases have renewal clauses, which range from 1 to 10 years. The following schedule represents the annual future minimum payments, as of December 31, 2007:

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | Operating |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| 2008 | \$ 3,455 |
| 2009 | 2,447 |
| 2010 | 1,699 |
| 2011 | 1,191 |
| 2012 | 1,137 |
| 2013 | 1,137 |
| 2014 | 1,016 |
| 2015 | 254 |
| Total minimum lease payments | \$ 12,336 |

We incurred rent expense of \$4.2 million, \$4.3 million and \$2.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

On January 15, 2008, we entered into an option to purchase land, an office building, and improvements located in Colorado for approximately \$13.2 million in cash, which we estimate to be well below its replacement value.

7. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consist of the following as of December 31:

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | 2007 | 2006 |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Accrued royalties | \$ 3,242 | \$ 2,266 |
| Accrued compensation | 4,348 | 2,016 |

| | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Income taxes payable | 832 | 415 |
| Other accrued liabilities | 2,209 | 539 |
| | \$ 10,631 | \$ 5,236 |

8. Line of Credit

We have a revolving line of credit agreement with a financial institution, which expires on October 22, 2009. The credit agreement permits borrowings up to the lesser of \$15 million or our borrowing base which is calculated based upon the collateral value of our accounts receivable, inventory, and certain property and equipment. Borrowings under this agreement bear interest at the lower of prime rate less 75 basis points or LIBO plus 275 basis points. Borrowings are secured by a pledge of certain of our assets, and the agreement contains various financial covenants, including those requiring compliance with certain financial ratios. At December 31, 2007, we had no amounts outstanding under this agreement; however, \$1.2 million was reserved for outstanding letters of credit. We believe we have complied with all of the financial covenants.

9. Income Taxes

Our provision for income taxes is comprised of the following:

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | Years ended December 31, | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Current: | | | |
| Federal | \$ 5,404 | \$ 2,115 | \$ 346 |
| State | 1,196 | 474 | 48 |
| International | (132) | (362) | 301 |
| | 6,468 | 2,227 | 695 |
| Deferred: | | | |
| Federal | (624) | 916 | 232 |
| State | (138) | 207 | 47 |
| International | 61 | 424 | |
| | (701) | 1,547 | 279 |
| Total | \$ 5,767 | \$ 3,774 | \$ 974 |

Variations from the federal statutory rate are as follows:

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Expected federal income tax expense at statutory rate of 34% | \$ 4,944 | \$ 3,246 | \$ 978 |
| Effect of permanent differences | 92 | 48 | 30 |
| State income tax expense, net of federal benefit and utilization of net operating loss | 721 | 433 | 66 |
| Effect of differences between U.S. taxation and foreign taxation | 10 | 47 | (100) |
| Income tax expense | \$ 5,767 | \$ 3,774 | \$ 974 |

Deferred income taxes reflect net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The components of the net accumulated deferred income tax assets as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | As of December 31, | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------|
| | 2007 | 2006 |
| Deferred tax assets (liabilities): | | |
| Current: | | |
| Provision for doubtful accounts | \$ 491 | \$ 553 |
| Inventory-related expense | 1,322 | 456 |
| Accrued liabilities | 4,365 | 3,104 |
| Net operating loss, or NOL, carryforward | 337 | |

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| | | |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Prepaid and deferred catalog costs | (584) | (709) |
| Charitable carryforward | 44 | |
| Foreign tax credit | 30 | |
| Total current deferred tax assets | \$ 6,005 | \$ 3,404 |
| Non-current: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ 420 | \$ (578) |
| Section 181 qualified production expense | (2,770) | |
| NOL carryforward | 6,891 | 7,026 |
| Foreign exchange rate gain | (551) | (490) |
| Other | 67 | |
| Total non-current deferred tax assets | \$ 4,057 | \$ 5,958 |
| Total net deferred tax assets | \$ 10,062 | \$ 9,362 |

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At December 31, 2007, we had made no provision for U.S. federal and state income taxes on approximately \$0.3 million of undistributed foreign earnings, which are expected to remain outside of the U.S. indefinitely. Upon any future distribution of foreign earnings in the form of dividends or otherwise, we would be subject to U.S. income taxes (subject to an adjustment for foreign tax credits), state income taxes, and withholding taxes payable to the various foreign countries. Determination of the amount of unrecognized deferred U.S. income tax liability is not practicable because of the complexities associated with its hypothetical calculation. Our foreign subsidiaries generated income before minority interest and income taxes of approximately \$0.2 million during 2007 and 2006 and \$1.2 million during 2005.

At December 31, 2007 and 2006, we had NOL carryforwards of approximately \$18.7 million and \$18.0 million, respectively, associated with acquisitions completed in 2001, 2002, 2005, 2006, and 2007, which may be used to offset future taxable income. These carryforwards expire between 2019 and 2027. The Internal Revenue Code contains provisions that limit the NOL available for use in any given year upon the occurrence of certain events, including significant changes in ownership interest. A change in ownership of a company of greater than 50% within a three-year period results in an annual limitation on the utilization of NOL carryforwards from tax periods prior to the ownership changes. Our NOL carryforwards as of December 31, 2007 are subject to annual limitations due to changes in ownership.

We expect all the deferred tax assets at December 31, 2007 to be fully recoverable through the reversal of taxable temporary differences in future years as a result of normal business activities. We had no valuation allowance as of December 31, 2007 or 2006. We realized \$0.7 million and \$2.2 million in tax benefits recorded to additional paid-in capital as a result of the exercise of stock options for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Effective January 1, 2007, we adopted the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting of Uncertainty in Income Taxes An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*. Under FIN 48, we must recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. We measure the tax benefits recognized in the consolidated financial statements from such a position based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate resolution. The application of income tax law is inherently complex. Laws and regulations in this area are voluminous and are often ambiguous. As such, we are required to make many subjective assumptions and judgments regarding our income tax exposures. Interpretations of and guidance surrounding income tax law and regulations change over time and may result in changes to our subjective assumptions and judgments which can materially affect amounts recognized in our Consolidated balance sheets and Consolidated statements of operations. The result of the reassessment of our tax positions in accordance with FIN 48 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Our federal tax returns for all years after 2003 and our state tax returns after 2002 are subject to future examination by tax authorities for all our tax jurisdictions. We recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters in other income (expense) and corporate, general and administration expenses, respectively.

10. Shareholders Equity

During 2005, we issued a total of 8,221 shares of our Class A common stock to our independent directors, in lieu of cash compensation, for services rendered in 2004, and issued 62,634 shares of Class A common stock upon exercise of options granted under our 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan. On July 7, 2005, we issued and sold 2,821,317 unregistered shares of our Class A common stock for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$18.7 million to certain funds advised by Prentice Capital Management, LP. The holders of these shares have certain registration rights. On August 22, 2005, we issued and sold 2.5 million unregistered shares of our Class A common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$20 million to Revolution Living, LLC. Additionally, we issued 60,000 shares of our Class A common stock as purchase consideration for a media catalog business and issued 146,667 shares of Class A common stock to purchase shares of Conscious Media.

During 2006, we issued a total of 7,692 shares of our Class A common stock to our independent directors, in lieu of cash compensation, for services rendered in 2005 and 2006 and issued 671,784 shares of our Class A common stock upon exercise of options granted under our 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan. On May 24, 2006, we sold 5,000,000 shares of our Class A common stock and on June 13, 2006 we sold 690,000 shares of our Class A common stock in an underwritten offering. The combined sale generated gross proceeds of \$99.6 million. We issued 149,698 and 220,026 shares of our Class A common stock on September 29, 2006 and November 8, 2006, respectively, to acquire additional ownership of Conscious Media. See Note 4, Mergers and Acquisitions.

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During 2007, we issued a total of 4,955 shares of our Class A common stock to our independent directors, in lieu of cash compensation, for services rendered in 2006 and 2007; issued 1,875 restricted shares of our Class A common stock to two of our named executive officers as bonus compensation; issued 80,795 shares of our Class A common stock as part of the consideration to acquire controlling ownership interests in two businesses (see Note 4, Mergers and Acquisitions); and issued 216,070 shares of our Class A common stock upon exercise of options under our 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan.

On February 6, 2007, we entered into a stock repurchase agreement (the Agreement) with Revolution Living and Alps, whereby we repurchased 2.5 million of our Class A common stock from Revolution Living for \$13.14 per share or \$32.8 million in cash, Alps prepaid its promissory note principal plus accrued interest in the amount of \$2.4 million, Alps acquired our investment in Life Balance Media Holdings for \$1.5 million in cash, and David Golden, Chief Financial Officer of Revolution, resigned from the Board of Directors of Gaiam. Also as part of the Agreement, Jirka Rysavy, our Chairman and largest shareholder, purchased for \$7.2 million Revolution Living's option to acquire approximately 2.3 million of his Gaiam shares at \$10 per share. The price to repurchase the option was calculated as the spread between the negotiated \$13.14 share price for our purchase of the shares from Revolution Living and the \$10 option exercise price. The \$13.14 per share price agreed to by the parties was the average price over the last 90 days of our shares prior to the closing. We accounted for the re-acquired stock under the cost method. Since we have not yet decided the ultimate disposition of the re-acquired stock, we reflected its cost at December 31, 2007 as a \$32.9 million reduction to additional paid-in capital.

As of December 31, 2007, we had the following Class A common shares reserved for future issuance:

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Conversion of Class B common shares | 5,400,000 |
| Awards under the 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan: | |
| Stock options outstanding | 883,670 |
| Shares reserved for issuance to directors in lieu of cash compensation for 2007 services rendered | 513 |
| Total shares reserved for future issuance | 6,284,183 |

Each holder of shares of our Class A common stock is entitled to one vote for each share held on all matters submitted to a vote of shareholders. Each share of our Class B common stock is entitled to ten votes on all matters submitted to a vote of shareholders. There are no cumulative voting rights. All holders of shares of our Class A common stock and shares of our Class B common stock vote as a single class on all matters that are submitted to the shareholders for a vote. Accordingly, holders of a majority of the shares of our Class A common stock and shares of our Class B common stock entitled to vote in any election of directors may elect all of the directors who stand for election. Shareholders may consent to an action in writing and without a meeting under certain circumstances.

Shares of our Class A common stock and shares of our Class B common stock are entitled to receive dividends, if any, as may be declared by the board of directors out of legally available funds. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our Company, the shares of our Class A common stock and shares of our Class B common stock are entitled to share ratably in our assets remaining after the payment of all of our debts and other liabilities. Holders of shares of our Class A common stock and shares of our Class B common stock have no preemptive, subscription or redemption rights, and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the shares of our Class A common stock and our Class B common stock.

Our Class B common stock may not be transferred unless converted into shares of our Class A common stock, other than certain transfers to affiliates, family members, and charitable organizations. The shares of our Class B common stock are convertible one-for-one into shares of our Class A common stock, at the option of the holder of the shares of our Class B common stock.

As part of additional consideration for the acquisition of a solar energy integrator, Real Goods issued, on November 1, 2007, seven-year warrants to purchase 40,000 shares of Real Goods' Class A common stock at an exercise price of \$3.20 per share. See Note 4, Mergers and Acquisitions.

11. Share-Based Compensation

Our share-based compensation program is a long-term retention program that is intended to attract, retain and provide incentives for talented employees, officers, and directors, and to align shareholder and employee interests. We grant options under our 1999 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which provides for the granting of options to purchase up to 3 million shares of our Class A common stock and terminates no later than June 1, 2009. We generally grant options under our Plan with an exercise price equal to the closing market price of our stock at the date of the grant and the options normally vest and become exercisable at 2% per month for the 50 months beginning in the eleventh month after date of grant. We recognize the compensation expense related to share-based payment awards on a straight-line basis over the requisite service periods of the awards, which are generally five years for employees and two years for Board members and named executive officers' restricted stock awards. Grants typically expire seven years from the date of grant.

The determination of the fair value of share-based payment awards on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model is affected by our stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of complex and subjective variables. We derive the expected terms from the historical behavior of participant groupings. We base expected volatilities on the historically realized volatility of our stock over the expected term. Our use of historically realized volatilities is based upon the expectation that future volatility over the expected term is not likely to differ from historical results. We base the risk-free interest rate used in the option valuation model on U.S. Treasury zero-coupon issues with remaining terms similar to the expected term on the options. We do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future and, therefore, we use an expected dividend yield of zero in the option valuation model. In accordance with SFAS No. 123(R), we are required to estimate forfeitures at the time of grant and revise those estimates in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. We use historical data by participant groupings to estimate option forfeitures and record share-based compensation expense only for those awards that are expected to vest.

| | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Expected volatility | 49% - 59% | 51% - 61% | 38.4% - 46.9% |
| Weighted-average volatility | 57% | 59% | 42% |
| Expected dividends | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Expected term (in years) | 2.0 5.8 | 1.5 5.9 | 5 |
| Risk-free rate | 4.13% - 4.88% | 4.27% - 5.13% | 2.28% - 4.39% |

The table below presents a summary of option activity under the Plan as of December 31, 2007, and changes during the year then ended:

| | Shares | Weighted-Average Exercise Price | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Outstanding at January 1, 2007 | 1,027,740 | \$ 10.59 | | |
| Granted | 333,000 | 15.64 | | |
| Exercised | (216,070) | 12.59 | | |
| Forfeited or expired | (261,000) | 13.91 | | |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2007 | 883,670 | \$ 11.02 | 4.0 | \$ 15,692,126 |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2007 | 403,200 | \$ 8.18 | 2.2 | \$ 8,305,221 |

We issue new shares upon the exercise of options. We received \$2.7 million and \$3.9 million in cash from stock options exercised during 2007 and 2006, respectively. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the years 2007, 2006, and 2005 was \$8.28, \$8.06, and \$4.37, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005, was \$2.1 million, \$6.3 million, and \$0.3 million, respectively. The total fair value of shares vested during the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005 was \$0.7 million, \$0.4 million, and \$1.4 million, respectively.

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The share-based compensation cost charged against income was \$1.1 million, \$0.7 million, and none during 2007, 2006, and 2005, respectively, and is shown in corporate, general and administration expenses. The total income tax benefit recognized for share-based compensation was \$0.4 million, \$0.3 million, and none for 2007, 2006, and 2005, respectively. As of December 31, 2007, there was \$3.0 million of unrecognized cost related to nonvested shared-based compensation arrangements granted under the Plan. We expect that cost to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.5 years.

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During 2007, we extended the post-termination exercise grace period from 30 days to approximately six months for vested options belonging to a former employee. This modification had an immaterial effect on compensation expense for the year ended December 31, 2007.

During 2007, our subsidiary, Gaiam Energy Tech granted 300,000 options at \$0.20 per share under its 2007 Long-Term Incentive Plan, which provides for the granting of up to 1,000,000 common shares. Under this plan, options are typically granted with an exercise price equal to the estimated market price of Gaiam Energy Tech's stock at the date of grant, vest based on performance or service conditions, and expire seven years from the date of grant. Expected volatilities are based on a value calculated using the historical volatility of comparable public companies in Gaiam Energy Tech's industry. Expected life is based on the specific vesting terms of the option, anticipated changes to market value and expected employee exercise behavior. The risk-free interest rate used in the option valuation model is based on U.S. Treasury zero-coupon issues with remaining terms similar to the expected term on the options. Gaiam Energy Tech's successor, Real Goods, assumed these options on January 31, 2008, at an exercise price of \$3.20 per share. We valued these options using an expected volatility of 67%, expected term of 4.0 years, a risk-free interest rate of 4.875%, and no expected dividends. In determining the fair value of Real Goods' common stock at the date of grant of stock options, we set the market value based on a combination of many different factors, such as an independent offer to purchase a portion of Real Goods in exchange for preferred stock, the value of recent Gaiam Energy Tech acquisitions, and an evaluation performed by an independent firm retained for that purpose. The options assumed are for Real Goods' Class A common stock and vest only upon the initial public offering of Real Goods' Class A common stock or our sale of 50% or more of the company, (50% vest upon an initial public offering and thereafter vest approximately 2.0% per month during the 25-month period subsequent to the completion of Real Goods' initial public offering). The performance of this condition was not probable as of December 31, 2007; therefore, we have recognized no compensation expense related to these options. As of December 31, 2007, there was \$0.5 million of unrecognized cost related to these nonvested share-based compensation arrangements. The ultimate recognition of compensation cost, if any, is dependent on the Real Goods initial public offering, the occurrence or timing of which cannot accurately be predicted.

12. Segment and Geographic Information

We manage our business and aggregate our operational and financial information in accordance with two reportable segments. The direct to consumer segment contains the direct response marketing programs, catalog, Internet, solar, and subscription community sales channels, while the business segment comprises the retailers, media and corporate account channels.

Although we are able to track revenues by sales channel, the management, allocation of resources and analysis and reporting of expenses is solely on a combined basis, at the reportable segment level.

Contribution margin is defined as net sales, less cost of goods sold and direct expenses. Financial information for our segments is as follows:

Segment Information

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | Years ended December 31, | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Net revenue: | | | |
| Direct to consumer | \$ 151,462 | \$ 125,708 | \$ 72,337 |
| Business | 111,481 | 93,772 | 70,155 |
| Consolidated net revenue | 262,943 | 219,480 | 142,492 |
| Contribution margin (loss): | | | |
| Direct to consumer | (2,904) | (2,291) | (781) |
| Business | 13,357 | 7,932 | 3,867 |
| Consolidated contribution margin | 10,453 | 5,641 | 3,086 |
| Reconciliation of contribution margin to net income: | | | |
| Other income (expense) | 4,148 | 3,905 | (175) |
| Income tax expense | 5,767 | 3,774 | 974 |
| Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiary, net of income taxes | (310) | (128) | (601) |

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Net income \$ 8,524 \$ 5,644 \$ 1,336

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The direct to consumer and business segments had total assets as follows:

| | As of December 31, | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <i>(in thousands)</i> | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Total assets: | | | |
| Direct to consumer | \$ 95,146 | \$ 89,507 | \$ 33,565 |
| Business | 145,566 | 161,461 | 122,536 |
| | \$240,712 | \$ 250,968 | \$ 156,101 |

Major Customer

Sales to our largest customer for 2007, 2006 and 2005 accounted for less than 10%, 10.1% and 12.1% of total revenue, respectively, during these periods and are reported in our business segment.

Geographic Information

We sell and distribute essentially the same products in the United States and several foreign countries. The major geographic territories are the U.S., Canada, Japan, and the U.K. and are based on the location of the customer. The following represents geographical data for our operations as of and for the year ended December 31:

| | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <i>(in thousands)</i> | | | |
| Revenue: | | | |
| United States | \$ 229,279 | \$ 206,584 | \$ 128,034 |
| International | 33,664 | 12,896 | 14,458 |
| | \$ 262,943 | \$ 219,480 | \$ 142,492 |
| Long-Lived Assets: | | | |
| United States | \$ 47,794 | \$ 44,172 | \$ 46,466 |
| International | 1,521 | 1,750 | 1,729 |
| | \$ 49,315 | \$ 45,922 | \$ 48,195 |

| | As of December 31, | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <i>(in thousands)</i> | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Components of Long-Lived Assets (1): | | | |
| Property and equipment, net | \$ 9,509 | \$ 7,784 | \$ 9,428 |
| Media Library, net | 37,566 | 37,201 | 38,339 |
| Other Intangibles, net | 1,554 | 530 | 146 |
| Notes receivable and other assets | 686 | 407 | 282 |
| | \$ 49,315 | \$ 45,922 | \$ 48,195 |

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- (1) Excludes other non-current assets (non-current deferred tax assets, net, goodwill, investments, notes receivable, and security deposits) of \$50,331, \$38,199, and \$31,637 for 2007, 2006, and 2005, respectively.

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13. Quarterly Results of Operations (Unaudited)

The following is a summary of the quarterly results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006:

| <i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i> | Fiscal Year 2007 Quarters Ended | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | March 31 | June 30 | September 30 | December 31 |
| Net revenue | \$ 58,458 | \$ 52,361 | \$ 70,318 | \$ 81,806 |
| Gross profit | 37,476 | 33,631 | 46,144 | 51,127 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests | 2,828 | (783) | 5,224 | 7,332 |
| Net income (loss) | 1,752 | (346) | 2,918 | 4,200 |
| Diluted net income (loss) per share | \$ 0.07 | \$ (0.01) | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.17 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted | 25,813 | 24,655 | 24,970 | 25,154 |

| <i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i> | Fiscal Year 2006 Quarters Ended | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | March 31 | June 30 | September 30 | December 31 |
| Net revenue | \$ 51,752 | \$ 43,161 | \$ 51,786 | \$ 72,781 |
| Gross profit | 33,162 | 26,891 | 32,629 | 47,648 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests | 1,587 | (2,125) | 2,522 | 7,562 |
| Net income (loss) | 890 | (1,166) | 1,653 | 4,267 |
| Diluted net income (loss) per share | \$ 0.04 | \$ (0.05) | \$ 0.06 | \$ 0.16 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted | 20,795 | 23,140 | 26,864 | 27,211 |

14. Subsequent Events

On February 7, 2008, Real Goods filed a preliminary registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to a proposed initial public offering of a minority interest of its Class A common stock.

On February 1, 2008, we sold our investment in the non-LOHAS business newspapers that were previously acquired as part of the Conscious Media acquisition.

On March 17, 2008, we re-acquired 75,800 shares of our Class A common stock for an average price of \$17.55 per share in the open market.

Schedule II Consolidated valuation and qualifying accounts

| <i>(in thousands)</i> | Balance at Beginning of Year | Additions Charged to Costs and Expenses (1) | Deductions | Balance at End of Year (1) |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|

Allowance for doubtful accounts:

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| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----|-------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-------|
| 2007 | \$ | 1,443 | \$ | 312 | \$ | 476 | \$ | 1,279 |
| 2006 | \$ | 826 | \$ | 2,917 | \$ | 2,300 | \$ | 1,443 |
| 2005 | \$ | 642 | \$ | 952 | \$ | 768 | \$ | 826 |
| Allowance for product returns: | | | | | | | | |
| 2007 | \$ | 6,891 | \$ | 30,216 | \$ | 30,348 | \$ | 6,759 |
| 2006 | \$ | 4,819 | \$ | 17,457 | \$ | 15,385 | \$ | 6,891 |
| 2005 | \$ | 1,814 | \$ | 6,350 | \$ | 3,345 | \$ | 4,819 |

(1) Includes reserves associated with acquired assets/companies.

Changes in and disagreements with accountants on accounting and financial disclosures

Not applicable.

Directors and executive officers

The information required by this section is incorporated herein by reference to Gaiam's Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Shareholders, to be held on June 3, 2008, to be filed with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A.

GENERAL INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Jirka Rysavy

Founder, Chairman of Gaiam

Lynn Powers

President of Gaiam

James Argyropoulos

Founder and former Chairman of
The Cherokee Group

Barnet M. Feinblum

CEO of Organic Vintners;
Former CEO of Horizon Organic and
Celestial Seasonings

Barbara Mowry

CEO of Silver Creek Systems;
Former CEO of Requisite Technology

Ted Nark

Former CEO and Chairman of
White Cap Industries;
Former CEO of Corporate Express Australia

Paul H. Ray

Author of The Integral Culture
Survey, a study that first identified
Cultural Creatives

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Vilia Valentine

Chief Financial Officer
and Treasurer

John Jackson

Secretary and Vice President
of Corporate Development

DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never paid cash dividends
on our common stock.

Ordering Financial Statements

A copy of our annual report
or form 10-K may be obtained
without charge upon written request to:

Gaiam, Inc. Investor Relations
360 Interlocken Blvd.
Broomfield, CO 80021
investorrelations@gaiam.com

We do not mail quarterly
financial reports to shareholders.
This information is available
on our website: www.gaiam.com.

ANNUAL MEETING

Tuesday, June 3, 2008
4:30 p.m. (MST)
Marriott Courtyard Boulder Louisville
948 West Dillon Road
Louisville, Colorado 80027

TRANSFER AGENT & REGISTRAR

Information about stock
certificates, address changes,
and shareholding matters
can be obtained from:

Computershare Trust Company, N.A.
250 Royall Street
Canton, MA 02021
Tel: 303.262.0600
www.computershare.com

Trading information

The common stock of Gaiam, Inc. is traded on
the NASDAQ Stock Market (symbol: GAIA). If
you wish to become a shareholder, please
contact a stockbroker.

