

WADDELL & REED FINANCIAL INC
Form 10-Q
April 29, 2016
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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-13913

OR

WADDELL & REED FINANCIAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

51-0261715
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

6300 Lamar Avenue
Overland Park, Kansas 66202
(Address, including zip code, of Registrant's principal executive offices)

(913) 236-2000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No .

Shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date:

Class	Outstanding as of April 15, 2016
Class A common stock, \$.01 par value	81,489,802

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WADDELL & REED FINANCIAL, INC.

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Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands)

	March 31, 2016 (unaudited)	December 31, 2015
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 447,112	558,495
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	39,341	66,880
Investment securities	372,777	291,743
Receivables:		
Funds and separate accounts	28,509	34,399
Customers and other	190,176	220,660
Income taxes receivable		10,594
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	36,912	34,800
Total current assets	1,114,827	1,217,571
Property and equipment, net	106,776	105,434
Deferred sales commissions, net	17,888	24,262
Goodwill and identifiable intangible assets	158,318	158,118
Deferred income taxes	29,723	32,692
Other non-current assets	17,181	17,074
Total assets	\$ 1,444,713	1,555,151
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 20,717	32,858
Payable to investment companies for securities	74,958	113,648
Payable to third party brokers	39,506	49,848
Payable to customers	87,497	120,420
Accrued compensation	63,706	69,335
Other current liabilities	61,644	57,104
Income taxes payable	3,873	
Total current liabilities	351,901	443,213
Long-term debt	189,475	189,432
Accrued pension and postretirement costs	30,982	48,810
Other non-current liabilities	25,634	27,241
Total liabilities	597,992	708,696
Commitments and contingencies		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	11,521	

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Stockholders' equity:

Preferred stock-\$1.00 par value: 5,000 shares authorized; none issued		
Class A Common stock-\$0.01 par value: 250,000 shares authorized; 99,701 shares issued; 81,758 shares outstanding (82,850 at December 31, 2015)	997	997
Additional paid-in capital	344,302	331,611
Retained earnings	1,140,964	1,141,608
Cost of 17,943 common shares in treasury (16,851 at December 31, 2015)	(590,711)	(566,256)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(60,352)	(61,505)
Total stockholders' equity	835,200	846,455
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interests and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,444,713	1,555,151

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**WADDELL & REED FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

Consolidated Statements of Income

(Unaudited, in thousands, except for per share data)

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Revenues:		
Investment management fees	\$ 144,778	182,105
Underwriting and distribution fees	146,658	166,978
Shareholder service fees	32,380	36,375
Total	323,816	385,458
Operating expenses:		
Underwriting and distribution	173,836	195,420
Compensation and related costs (including share-based compensation of \$13,522 and \$12,473, respectively)	52,940	53,495
General and administrative	19,152	25,678
Subadvisory fees	2,093	2,387
Depreciation	4,362	4,034
Total	252,383	281,014
Operating income	71,433	104,444
Investment and other income (loss)	(10,218)	3,972
Interest expense	(2,768)	(2,766)
Income before provision for income taxes	58,447	105,650
Provision for income taxes	20,978	38,537
Net income	37,469	67,113
Net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	501	
Net income attributable to Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc.	\$ 36,968	67,113
Net income per share attributable to Waddell and Reed Financial, Inc. common shareholders, basic and diluted:	\$ 0.45	0.80
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted:	82,104	83,581

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Net income	\$ 37,469	67,113
Other comprehensive income:		
Unrealized appreciation of available for sale investment securities during the period, net of income tax expense of \$0 and \$13, respectively	76	1,810
Pension and postretirement benefits, net of income tax expense of \$619 and \$555, respectively	1,077	943
Comprehensive income	38,622	69,866
Comprehensive income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	501	
Comprehensive income attributable to Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc.	\$ 38,121	69,866

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**WADDELL & REED FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity and redeemable noncontrolling interests

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders Equity	Redeemable Non Controlling Interests
Balance at December 31, 2015	99,701	\$ 997	331,611	1,141,608	(566,256)	(61,505)	846,455	
Adoption of consolidation guidance on January 1, 2016 - redeemable noncontrolling interests in sponsored funds								14,330
Net income				36,968			36,968	501
Net redemption of redeemable noncontrolling interests in sponsored funds								(3,310)
Recognition of equity compensation			13,522				13,522	
Net issuance/forfeiture of nonvested shares			(1,143)		1,143			
Dividends accrued, \$0.46 per share				(37,612)			(37,612)	
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements			312				312	
Repurchase of common stock					(25,598)		(25,598)	
Other comprehensive income						1,153	1,153	
Balance at March 31, 2016	99,701	\$ 997	344,302	1,140,964	(590,711)	(60,352)	835,200	11,521

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**WADDELL & REED FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 37,469	67,113
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	4,367	4,035
Amortization of deferred sales commissions	7,635	13,084
Share-based compensation	13,522	12,473
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements	(312)	(747)
Investments gain, net	(5,144)	(3,275)
Net purchases and sales or maturities of trading securities	(25,000)	54
Deferred income taxes	2,350	230
Net change in trading securities held by consolidated sponsored funds	(43,991)	
Other	118	18
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	27,539	(3,504)
Customer and other receivables	30,484	69,464
Payable to investment companies for securities and payable to customers	(71,613)	(64,793)
Receivables from funds and separate accounts	5,890	5,539
Other assets	(3,304)	(3,845)
Deferred sales commissions	(1,261)	(3,374)
Accounts payable and payable to third party brokers	(22,483)	(11,319)
Other liabilities	(3,547)	9,118
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (47,281)	90,271
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of available for sale and equity method securities	(100)	(25,890)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of available for sale and equity method securities	100	28,835
Additions to property and equipment	(5,741)	(9,159)
Net cash of sponsored funds on consolidation	6,887	
Other	(198)	
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ 948	(6,214)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Dividends paid	(38,115)	(35,979)
Repurchase of common stock	(25,598)	(4,599)
Net subscriptions from (redemptions and distributions to) redeemable noncontrolling interests in sponsored funds	(1,692)	
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements	312	747
Other	43	
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (65,050)	(39,831)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(111,383)	44,226
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	558,495	566,621
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 447,112	610,847

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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WADDELL & REED FINANCIAL, INC.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Description of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc. and subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the Company, we, our and us) derive revenues from investment management and advisory services, investment product underwriting and distribution, and/or shareholder services administration provided to the Waddell & Reed Advisors group of mutual funds (the Advisors Funds), Ivy Funds (the Ivy Funds), Ivy Funds Variable Insurance Portfolios (the Ivy Funds VIP) and InvestEd Portfolios (InvestEd) (collectively, the Advisors Funds, Ivy Funds, Ivy Funds VIP and InvestEd are referred to as the Funds), the Ivy Global Investors Fund SICAV (the SICAV) and its sub-funds (the IGI Funds), and institutional and separately managed accounts. The Funds and the institutional and separately managed accounts operate under various rules and regulations set forth by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). The IGI Funds are regulated by Luxembourg 's Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier as an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS). Services to the Funds are provided under investment management agreements, underwriting agreements, and shareholder servicing and accounting service agreements that set forth the fees to be charged for these services. Services to the IGI Funds are provided under investment management and distribution agreements. The majority of these agreements are subject to annual review and approval by each Fund 's board of trustees. Our revenues are largely dependent on the total value and composition of assets under management. Accordingly, fluctuations in financial markets and composition of assets under management can significantly impact our revenues and results of operations.

Basis of Presentation

We have prepared the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although we believe that the disclosures are adequate to enable a reasonable understanding of the information presented. The information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with Part I, Item 2 Management 's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our audited financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (the 2015 Form 10-K). Certain amounts in the prior years ' financial statements have been reclassified for consistent presentation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements are prepared consistent with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements included in our 2015 Form 10-K except as noted below. In our opinion, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of only a normal and recurring nature) necessary to present fairly our financial position at March 31, 2016, the results of operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Investments Securities and Investments in Sponsored Funds

Sponsored funds, which include the Funds, the IGI Funds and privately offered funds structured in the form of limited liability companies, are investments we have made for general corporate investment purposes and to provide seed capital for new investment products. The Company's initial investment in a new investment product typically represents 100% ownership in that product. Sponsored funds are initially consolidated and are accounted for as trading securities. The Company has classified its investments in certain sponsored funds as either equity method investments (when the Company owns between 20% and 50% of the fund) or as available for sale investments (when the Company owns less than 20% of the fund) as described in Note 4. Investments held by our broker-dealer entities or certain investments that are anticipated to be purchased and sold on a more frequent basis are classified as trading.

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2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short-term investments. We consider all highly liquid investments with maturities upon acquisition of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents restricted represents cash held for the benefit of customers segregated in compliance with federal and other regulations.

3. New Accounting Guidance

Accounting Guidance Adopted During First Quarter of 2016

During the first quarter of 2016, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2015-02, *Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis*, which affects all companies required to evaluate consolidation of another entity. The Company determined that this ASU did not have a material impact on its previous consolidation analysis for its seeded investments in the Advisors and Ivy Funds, an open-end mutual fund organized in Canada, and limited liability companies. This ASU did impact the consolidation analysis for its seeded investments in the IGI Funds. Prior to ASU 2015-02, the amount of ownership interest held by the Company was determined at the SICAV legal entity level. Under ASU 2015-02, the ownership percentage and consolidation analysis of the IGI Funds is evaluated at each individual sub-fund. To the extent material, the Company is required to consolidate any of its seeded investments if ownership, directly or indirectly, represents more than 50%.

During the first quarter of 2016, the Company adopted ASU 2015-03, *Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs*. This ASU requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. Prior to the implementation of this ASU, the Company classified its debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability as either current or non-current assets. Previously, the Company reported \$0.2 million of debt issuance costs as current assets and \$0.4 million of debt issuance costs as non-current assets on the balance sheet for the period ended December 31, 2015. After implementation of ASU 2015-03, the debt issuance costs have been netted with long-term debt, so that long-term debt is presented as \$189.4 million on the balance sheet as of December 31, 2015, to be consistent with the presentation of the March 31, 2016 balance.

New Accounting Guidance Not Yet Adopted

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. ASU 2014-09 requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. This standard also specifies the accounting for certain costs to obtain or fulfill a contract with a customer. This ASU will supersede much of the existing revenue recognition guidance in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period; early application is permitted for the first interim period within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. ASU 2014-09 permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. The Company is evaluating which transition method to apply and the estimated impact the adoption of this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

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In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, *Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. ASU 2016-01 provides updated guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of certain financial assets and financial liabilities. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is evaluating the estimated impact the adoption of this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. ASU 2016-02 increases transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. This ASU will be presented using a modified retrospective approach, which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect to apply. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim

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periods within those fiscal years, with early application permitted. The Company is evaluating the estimated impact the adoption of this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-07, *Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting*. The amendments in this ASU eliminate the requirement that when an investment qualifies for the use of equity method as a result of an increase in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence, an investor must adjust the investment, results of operations, and retained earnings retroactively as if the equity method had been in effect during all previous periods that the investment had been held. ASU 2016-07 also requires that an entity that has an available for sale equity security that becomes qualified for the equity method recognize through earnings the unrealized holding gain or loss in accumulated other comprehensive income at the date the investment becomes qualified for use of the equity method. ASU 2016-07 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is evaluating the estimated impact the adoption of this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. This ASU recognizes all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement, with classifying excess tax benefits along with other income tax cash flows as an operating activity; allows an entity to either estimate the number of awards that are expected to vest or account for forfeitures when they occur; and permits withholding up to the maximum statutory tax rates in the applicable jurisdictions. ASU 2016-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the estimated impact the adoption of this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

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Investment securities at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

March 31, 2016

(in thousands)

Available for sale securities:

Sponsored funds	\$	72,572
Sponsored privately offered funds		826
Total available for sale securities		73,398

Trading securities:

Mortgage-backed securities		19
Corporate bond		4
Common stock		99
Consolidated sponsored funds		110,339
Sponsored funds		29,429
Total trading securities		139,890

Equity method securities:

Sponsored funds		156,420
Sponsored privately offered funds		3,069
Total equity method securities		159,489
Total securities	\$	372,777

The following is a summary of the gross unrealized gains (losses) related to securities classified as available for sale at March 31, 2016:

	Amortized cost	Unrealized gains (in thousands)	Unrealized losses	Fair value
Available for sale securities:				
Sponsored funds	\$ 78,745	1,054	(7,227)	72,572
Sponsored privately offered funds	500	326		826
	\$ 79,245	1,380	(7,227)	73,398

Table of Contents**December 31, 2015****(in thousands)****Available for sale securities:**

Sponsored funds	\$	40,552
Sponsored privately offered funds		825
Total available for sale securities		41,377

Trading securities:

Mortgage-backed securities	20
Corporate bond	5
Common stock	87
Sponsored funds	29,701
Total trading securities	29,813

Equity method securities:

Sponsored funds	217,380
Sponsored privately offered funds	3,173
Total equity method securities	220,553
Total securities	\$ 291,743

The following is a summary of the gross unrealized gains (losses) related to securities classified as available for sale at December 31, 2015:

	Amortized cost	Unrealized gains	Unrealized losses	Fair value
	(in thousands)			
Available for sale securities:				
Sponsored funds	\$ 46,800	434	(6,682)	40,552
Sponsored privately offered funds	500	325		825
	\$ 47,300	759	(6,682)	41,377

A summary of available for sale sponsored funds with fair values below carrying values at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is as follows:

	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Fair value	Total Unrealized losses
	Fair value	Unrealized losses	Fair value	Unrealized losses		
March 31, 2016	(in thousands)					
Sponsored funds	\$ 10,193	(354)	33,013	(6,873)	43,206	(7,227)
December 31, 2015	Fair value	Unrealized losses	Fair value	Unrealized losses	Fair value	Total Unrealized losses
Sponsored funds	\$ 3,476	(166)	33,619	(6,516)	37,095	(6,682)

Based upon our assessment of these sponsored funds, the time frame the investments have been in a loss position and our intent to hold sponsored funds until they have recovered, we determined that a write-down was not necessary at March 31, 2016.

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The corporate bond accounted for as trading matures in 2018. Mortgage-backed securities accounted for as trading and held as of March 31, 2016 mature in 2022.

Table of Contents*Sponsored funds*

The Company has classified its investments in the Advisor Funds, Ivy Funds and IGI Funds as either trading, equity method investments (when the Company owns between 20% and 50% of the fund) or as available for sale investments (when the Company owns less than 20% of the fund). These entities do not meet the criteria of a variable interest entity and are considered to be voting interest entities.

Sponsored privately offered funds

The Company holds interests in privately offered funds structured in the form of limited liability companies. The members of these entities have the substantive ability to remove the Company as managing member or dissolve the entity upon a simple majority vote. These entities do not meet the criteria of a variable interest entity and are considered to be voting interest entities.

Consolidated sponsored funds

The following table details the balances related to consolidated sponsored funds at March 31, 2016, as well as the Company's net interest in these funds:

	March 31, 2016 (in thousands)	
Cash	\$	7,275
Investments		110,339
Other assets		3,539
Other liabilities		(1,270)
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		(11,521)
Net interest in consolidated sponsored funds	\$	108,362

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, we consolidated Advisor Funds, Ivy Funds and IGI Funds in which we provided initial seed capital at the time of its formation. When we no longer have a controlling financial interest in a sponsored fund, it is deconsolidated from our financial statements. We deconsolidated \$44.2 million of these investments from our consolidated balance sheet during the first quarter of 2016. There was no impact to the consolidated statement of income as a result of this deconsolidation.

Accounting standards establish a framework for measuring fair value and a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of the asset. Inputs may be observable or unobservable and refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset. An individual investment's fair value measurement is assigned a level based upon the observability of the inputs that are significant to the overall valuation. The three-level hierarchy of inputs is summarized as follows:

- Level 1 Investments are valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2 Investments are valued using other significant observable inputs, including quoted prices in active markets for similar securities.
- Level 3 Investments are valued using significant unobservable inputs, including the Company's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments.

Assets classified as Level 2 can have a variety of observable inputs. These observable inputs are collected and utilized, primarily by an independent pricing service, in different evaluated pricing approaches depending upon the specific asset to determine a value. The fair value of municipal bonds is measured based on pricing models that take into account, among other factors, information received from market makers and broker-dealers, current trades, bid-wants lists, offerings, market movements, the callability of the bond, state of issuance and benchmark yield curves. The fair value of corporate bonds is measured using various techniques, which consider recently executed trades in securities of the issuer or comparable issuers, market price quotations (where observable), bond spreads and fundamental data relating to the issuer.

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Securities values classified as Level 3 are primarily determined through the use of a single quote (or multiple quotes) from dealers in the securities using proprietary valuation models. These quotes involve significant unobservable inputs, and thus, the related securities are classified as Level 3 securities.

The following tables summarize our investment securities as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 that are recognized in our consolidated balance sheets using fair value measurements based on the differing levels of inputs.

March 31, 2016	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousands)	Level 3	Total
Available for sale securities:				
Sponsored funds	\$ 72,572			72,572
Sponsored privately offered funds measured at net asset value (2)				826
Trading securities:				
Mortgage-backed securities		19		19
Corporate bonds		4		4
Common stock	99			99
Consolidated sponsored funds (2)				110,339
Sponsored funds	29,429			29,429
Equity method securities: (1)				
Sponsored funds	156,420			156,420
Sponsored privately offered funds measured at net asset value (2)				3,069
Total	\$ 258,520	23		372,777

December 31, 2015	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousands)	Level 3	Total
Available for sale securities:				
Sponsored funds	\$ 40,552			40,552
Sponsored privately offered funds measured at net asset value (2)				825
Trading securities:				
Mortgage-backed securities		20		20
Corporate bonds		5		5
Common stock	87			87
Sponsored funds	29,701			29,701
Equity method securities: (1)				
Sponsored funds	217,380			217,380
Sponsored privately offered funds measured at net asset value (2)				3,173
Total	\$ 287,720	25		291,743

(1) Substantially all of the Company's equity method investments are investment companies that record their underlying investments at fair value. Fair value is measured using the Company's share of the investee's underlying net income or loss, which is predominantly representative of fair value adjustments in the investments held by the investee.

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(2) Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the consolidated balance sheets.

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In January 2016, the Company implemented an economic hedge program that uses total return swap contracts to hedge market risk with its investments in certain sponsored funds. As of March 31, 2016, we had 84% of our investments in sponsored funds, excluding our available for sale portfolio, hedged with total return swap contracts. Certain of the consolidated sponsored funds may utilize derivative financial instruments within their portfolios in pursuit of their stated investment objectives. We do not hedge for speculative purposes.

As of March 31, 2016, excluding derivative financial instruments held in certain consolidated sponsored funds, the Company was party to two total return swap contracts with a combined notional value of \$225.6 million. These derivative instruments are not designated as a hedge for accounting purposes. Changes in fair value of the total return swap contracts are recognized in investment and other income (loss), net on the Company's consolidated statement of income.

The Company posted \$11.2 million in cash collateral with the counterparties of the total return swap contracts as of March 31, 2016. The cash collateral is included in customers and other receivables on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. The company does not record its fair value in derivative transactions against the posted collateral.

The following table presents the fair value of the derivative financial instruments, excluding derivative financial instruments held in certain consolidated sponsored funds as of March 31, 2016:

	Balance sheet location	March 31, 2016	
			Fair value (in thousands)
Total return swap contracts	Other current liabilities	\$	3,874

The following is a summary of net gains (losses) recognized in income for the three months ended March 31, 2016:

	Income statement location	Three months ended March 31, 2016 (in thousands)	
Total return swap contracts	Investment and other income (loss)	\$	(15,222)

Table of Contents**6. Goodwill and Identifiable Intangible Assets**

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price over the tangible assets and identifiable intangible assets of an acquired business. Our goodwill is not deductible for tax purposes. Goodwill and identifiable intangible assets (all considered indefinite lived) at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(in thousands)	
Goodwill	\$ 106,970	106,970
Mutual fund management advisory contracts	42,748	42,748
Mutual fund management subadvisory contracts	8,400	8,400
Other	200	
Total identifiable intangible assets	51,348	51,148
Total	\$ 158,318	158,118

7. Indebtedness

Debt is reported at its carrying amount in the consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the Company's outstanding indebtedness is approximately \$203.3 million at March 31, 2016 compared to the carrying value net of debt issuance costs of \$189.5 million. Fair value is calculated based on Level 2 inputs.

8. Income Tax Uncertainties

As of January 1, 2016 and March 31, 2016, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits, including penalties and interest, of \$11.9 million (\$8.7 million net of federal benefit) and \$12.1 million (\$8.9 million net of federal benefit), respectively, that if recognized, would impact the Company's effective tax rate. In the accompanying consolidated balance sheet, unrecognized tax benefits that are not expected to be settled within the next 12 months are included in other liabilities; unrecognized tax benefits that are expected to be settled within the next 12 months are included in income taxes payable; unrecognized tax benefits that reduce a net operating loss, similar tax loss, or tax credit carryforward are presented as a reduction to noncurrent deferred income taxes.

The Company's accounting policy with respect to interest and penalties related to income tax uncertainties is to classify these amounts as income taxes. As of January 1, 2016, the total amount of accrued interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions recognized in the consolidated balance sheet was \$3.4 million (\$2.8 million net of federal benefit). The total amount of penalties and interest, net of federal benefit, related to income tax uncertainties recognized in the statement of income for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was \$0.1 million. The total amount of accrued penalties and interest related to uncertain tax positions at March 31, 2016 of \$3.6 million (\$2.9 million net of federal benefit) is included in the total unrecognized tax benefits described above.

In the ordinary course of business, many transactions occur for which the ultimate tax outcome is uncertain. In addition, respective tax authorities periodically audit our income tax returns. These audits examine our significant tax filing positions, including the timing and amounts of deductions and the allocation of income among tax jurisdictions. The 2012 through 2015 federal income tax returns are open tax years that remain subject to potential future audit. State income tax returns for all years after 2011 and, in certain states, income tax returns for 2011, are subject to potential future audit by tax authorities in the Company's major state tax jurisdictions.

9. Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pension

We provide a non-contributory retirement plan that covers substantially all employees and certain vested employees of our former parent company (the Pension Plan). Benefits payable under the Pension Plan are based on employees' years of service and compensation during the final 10 years of employment. We also sponsor an unfunded defined benefit postretirement medical plan that covers substantially all employees, as well

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as our advisors, who are independent contractors. The medical plan is contributory with participant contributions adjusted annually. The medical plan does not provide for post age 65 benefits with the exception of a small group of employees that were grandfathered when such plan was established.

The components of net periodic pension and other postretirement costs related to these plans were as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
	Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(in thousands)			
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				
Service cost	\$ 2,993	3,047	185	228
Interest cost	2,439	2,154	92	99
Expected return on plan assets	(3,536)	(3,691)		
Actuarial (gain) loss amortization	1,638	1,377	(39)	
Prior service cost amortization	94	115	1	5
Transition obligation amortization	1	1		
Total(1)	\$ 3,629	3,003	239	332

(1) Approximately 60% of net periodic pension and other postretirement benefit costs are included in compensation and related costs on the consolidated statements of income, while the remainder is included in underwriting and distribution expense.

During the first quarter of 2016, we contributed \$20.0 million to the Pension Plan.

10. Stockholders Equity

Earnings per Share

The components of basic and diluted earnings per share were as follows:

Three months ended

Table of Contents*Common Stock Repurchases*

The Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of our common stock in the open market and/or private purchases. The acquired shares may be used for corporate purposes, including shares issued to employees in our stock-based compensation programs.

There were 1,125,671 shares and 106,058 shares repurchased in the open market or privately during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, which includes 3,671 shares and 5,558 shares, respectively, repurchased from employees who tendered shares to cover their minimum income tax withholdings with respect to vesting of stock awards during these same reporting periods.

In April 2016, the Company repurchased 258,675 shares from employees who tendered shares to cover their minimum income tax withholdings with respect to vesting of stock awards during April 2016.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following tables summarize other comprehensive income (loss) activity for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015.

Three months ended March 31, 2016	Unrealized (gains) losses on investment securities	Change in valuation allowance for unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities	Pension and postretirement benefits	Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)
		(in thousands)		
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ (3,729)	(3,240)	(54,536)	(61,505)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassification	(4)	(1)		(5)
Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	51	30	1,077	1,158
Net current period other comprehensive income	47	29	1,077	1,153
Balance at March 31, 2016	\$ (3,682)	(3,211)	(53,459)	(60,352)

Three months ended March 31, 2015	Unrealized (gains) losses on investment securities	Change in valuation allowance for unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities	Pension and postretirement benefits	Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)
		(in thousands)		
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ (727)	(1,471)	(48,245)	(50,443)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassification	(327)	(189)		(516)

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Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	1,475	851	943	3,269
Net current period other comprehensive income	1,148	662	943	2,753
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$ 421	(809)	(47,302)	(47,690)

Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and included in net income are summarized in the tables that follow.

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For the three months ended March 31, 2016				
	Pre-tax	Tax (expense) benefit (in thousands)	Net of tax	Statement of income line item
Reclassifications included in net income:				
Sponsored funds investment losses	\$ (81)	30	(51)	Investment and other income (loss)
Valuation allowance		(30)	(30)	Provision for income taxes
Amortization of pension and postretirement benefits	\$ (1,696)	619	(1,077)	Underwriting and distribution expense and Compensation and related costs
Total	\$ (1,777)	619	(1,158)	

For the three months ended March 31, 2015				
	Pre-tax	Tax (expense) benefit (in thousands)	Net of tax	Statement of income line item
Reclassifications included in net income:				
Sponsored funds investment losses	\$ (2,345)	870	(1,475)	Investment and other income (loss)
Valuation allowance		(851)	(851)	Provision for income taxes
Amortization of pension and postretirement benefits	(1,498)	555	(943)	Underwriting and distribution expense and Compensation and related costs
Total	\$ (3,843)	574	(3,269)	

11. Redeemable noncontrolling Interests

Redeemable noncontrolling interests in net income for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$0.5 million.

Noncontrolling interests in consolidated sponsored funds may fluctuate from period to period and are impacted by changes in the Company's percentage of ownership in sponsored funds, changes in third party investment in sponsored funds and market volatility in the sponsored funds underlying investments.

The following table details a rollforward of redeemable noncontrolling interests in consolidated sponsored funds for the three months ended March 31, 2016:

	Three months ended March 31, 2016 (in thousands)
Redeemable noncontrolling interests in sponsored funds upon adoption of new consolidation accounting guidance on January 1, 2016	\$ 14,330
Redeemable noncontrolling interests in sponsored funds consolidated during the period	18,249
Redeemable noncontrolling interests ownership change during the period	22,675
Redeemable noncontrolling interests deconsolidation	(44,234)

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Net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		501
Ending balance of redeemable noncontrolling interest in consolidated sponsored funds	\$	11,521

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12. Share-Based Compensation

In the first quarter of 2016, we granted 39,065 shares of restricted stock with an average fair value of \$27.47 per share under the Company's 1998 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated (the "SI Plan"). The value of those shares at the grant date, aggregating to \$1.1 million, will generally be amortized to expense over a four-year vesting period.

At our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders held on April 13, 2016, our stockholders approved amendments to the SI Plan to, among other things, increase the number of shares available for awards by 5,600,000 shares and modify the share counting provisions to allow for the recycling of shares withheld or surrendered for taxes with respect to full value awards.

On April 18, 2016, we granted 2,209,135 shares of restricted stock with a fair value of \$22.27 per share under the SI Plan. The value of those shares at the grant date, aggregating to \$49.2 million, will generally be amortized to expense over a four-year vesting period.

13. Contingencies

The Company is involved from time to time in various legal proceedings, regulatory investigations and claims incident to the normal conduct of business, which may include proceedings that are specific to us and others generally applicable to business practices within the industries in which we operate. A substantial legal liability or a significant regulatory action against us could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and on the results of operations in a particular quarter or year.

The Company establishes reserves for litigation and similar matters when those matters present material loss contingencies that management determines to be both probable and reasonably estimable in accordance with ASC 450, Contingencies. These amounts are not reduced by amounts that may be recovered under insurance or claims against third parties, but undiscounted receivables from insurers or other third parties may be accrued separately. The Company regularly revises such accruals in light of new information. The Company discloses the nature of the contingency when management believes it is reasonably possible the outcome may be significant to the Company's consolidated financial statements and, where feasible, an estimate of the possible loss. For purposes of our litigation contingency disclosures, significant includes material matters as well as other items that management believes should be disclosed. Management's judgment is required related to contingent liabilities because the outcomes are difficult to predict.

In an action filed on February 18, 2016 in the United States District Court for the District of Kansas, Saket Kapur (sic), Peter Brockett and Hieu Phan v. Ivy Investment Management Company, et. al. (Case No. 2:16-cv-02106-JWL-TJJ), the Company's registered investment advisor subsidiaries, the trustees of two of the Company's affiliated mutual funds, and an officer of a Company subsidiary were sued in a putative derivative action by three mutual fund shareholders alleging breach of fiduciary duty and breach of contract claims relating to investments held in the affiliated mutual funds. On behalf of the mutual funds, Plaintiffs seek monetary damages and demand a jury trial. On April 18, 2016, Plaintiff's dismissed the complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Kansas and filed a similar complaint against the same Plaintiff's, regarding the same substantive allegations and causes of action, in the District Court of Johnson County, Kansas (Case No. I6CV02338 Div. 4). To date, no responsive pleading has been filed and no discovery has taken place.

In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution and outcome of this matter is uncertain. Given the preliminary nature of the proceedings and the Company's dispute over the merits of the claims, the Company is unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss, if any, that such matter may represent. While the ultimate resolution of this matter is uncertain, an adverse determination against the Company could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

14. Subsequent Events

As a part of the Company's previously announced cost cutting efforts, on April 4, 2016, the period concluded for employees to elect to voluntarily terminate their employment with the Company pursuant to a voluntary separation offering (the "VSO"). In addition, on April 22, 2016, the Company began to notify affected employees regarding an involuntary separation program (the "ISP") to further reduce its workforce. Affected employees, who represent approximately 10% of the Company's workforce, will receive a lump sum payment, accelerated vesting of restricted stock and outplacement services. In connection with the VSO and ISP, the Company expects to record a pre-tax restructuring charge in a range of approximately \$16 - \$17 million in the second quarter of 2016 related to employee-termination benefits. The Company expects the VSO and ISP to be substantially completed during the second quarter of 2016. These amounts are estimates,

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and the actual amounts may vary based on a number of factors, including timing and valuation of certain benefit-related payments.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report. Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires all references to the Company, we, our or is refer to Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which reflect the current views and assumptions of management with respect to future events regarding our business and industry in general. These forward-looking statements include all statements, other than statements of historical fact, regarding our financial position, business strategy and other plans and objectives for future operations, including statements with respect to revenues and earnings, the amount and composition of assets under management, distribution sources, expense levels, redemption rates and the financial markets and other conditions. These statements are generally identified by the use of such words as may, could, should, would, believe, anticipate, forecast, estimate, expect, intend, plan, project, outlook, statements of a future or forward-looking nature. Readers are cautioned that any forward-looking information provided by us or on our behalf is not a guarantee of future performance. Actual results may differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including but not limited to those discussed below. If one or more events related to these or other risks, contingencies or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may differ materially from those forecasted or expected. Certain important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations are disclosed in the Risk Factors section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, which include, without limitation:

- *The loss of existing distribution channels or inability to access new distribution channels;*

- *A reduction in assets under our management on short notice, through increased redemptions in our distribution channels or our Funds, particularly those Funds with a high concentration of assets, or investors terminating their relationship with us or shifting their funds to other types of accounts with different rate structures;*

- *The adverse ruling or resolution of any litigation, regulatory investigations and proceedings, or securities arbitrations by a federal or state court or regulatory body;*

- *The introduction of legislative or regulatory proposals or judicial rulings that change the independent contractor classification of our financial advisors at the federal or state level for employment tax or other employee benefit purposes;*

- *A decline in the securities markets or in the relative investment performance of our Funds and other investment portfolios and products as compared to competing funds;*
- *The ability of mutual fund and other investors to redeem their investments without prior notice or on short notice;*
- *Our inability to reduce expenses rapidly enough to align with declines in our revenues, the level of our assets under management or our business environment;*
- *Non-compliance with applicable laws or regulations and changes in current legal, regulatory, accounting, tax or compliance requirements or governmental policies;*
- *Our inability to attract and retain senior executive management and other key personnel to conduct our broker-dealer, fund management and investment management advisory business;*

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- *A failure in, or breach of, our operational or security systems or our technology infrastructure, or those of third parties on which we rely; and*
- *Our inability to implement new information technology and systems, or our inability to complete such implementation in a timely or cost effective manner.*

The foregoing factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read together with other cautionary statements included in this and other reports and filings we make with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including the information in Item 1 "Business" and Item 1A "Risk Factors" of Part I and Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of Part II to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and as updated in our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the year ending December 31, 2016. All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made and we undertake no duty to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent required by law.

Overview

Founded in 1937, we are one of the oldest mutual fund and asset management firms in the country, with expertise in a broad range of investment styles and across a variety of market environments. Our earnings and cash flows are heavily dependent on financial market conditions. Significant increases or decreases in the various securities markets can have a material impact on our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

We derive our revenues from providing investment management and advisory services, investment product underwriting and distribution, and shareholder services administration to the Funds, the IGI Funds, and institutional and separately managed accounts. Investment management and/or advisory fees are based on the amount of average assets under management and are affected by sales levels, financial market conditions, redemptions and the composition of assets. Our underwriting and distribution revenues consist of Rule 12b-1 asset-based service and distribution fees, fees earned on fee-based asset allocation products and related advisory services, distribution fees on certain variable products, and commissions derived from sales of investment and insurance products. The products sold have various commission structures and the revenues received from those sales vary based on the type and dollar amount sold. Shareholder service fee revenue includes transfer agency fees, custodian fees from retirement plan accounts and portfolio accounting and administration fees, and is earned based on assets under management or number of client accounts. Our major expenses are for commissions, employee compensation, field support, dealer services and information technology.

One of our distinctive qualities is that we distribute our investment products through a balanced distribution network. Our retail products are distributed through our Retail Unaffiliated Distribution channel, which includes third parties such as other broker-dealers, registered investment advisors and various retirement platforms, or through our Retail Broker-Dealer channel sales force of independent financial advisors. Through our Institutional channel, we distribute a variety of investment styles for a variety of types of institutions.

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Company Developments

- In January 2016, we launched the Ivy Targeted Return Bond fund, subadvised by Pictet Asset Management. This fund seeks to provide a positive total return over the long-term across all market environments by investing in any form of debt security issued in the U.S or internationally.
- We continue to make progress on modernization of our brokerage and product platform that will include restructuring of our share classes. We believe that these initiatives, referred to internally as Project E, positions the Retail Broker-Dealer channel for long-term competitiveness. These initiatives move us from a paper-based, labor intensive environment to one utilizing innovative brokerage platform technology, including significant enhancements to our investment advisory programs, financial planning capabilities and client experience.
- We have completed efforts to identify cost reductions of approximately 10%, or \$40.0 million on an annual run-rate basis by 2017, with approximately two-thirds of those savings realized in 2016. These efforts include a reduction in general and administrative costs and indirect underwriting and distribution costs and an employee headcount reduction of approximately 10%.
- In April 2016, the U.S. Department of Labor released its final rule that, among other things, expands the scope of a fiduciary under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The final rule has a phased in implementation from April 10, 2017 through January 1, 2018. We are in the process of reviewing the final rule to determine its impact on our business.
- Our assets under management decreased 23% from \$122.9 billion at March 31, 2015 to \$95.2 billion at March 31, 2016 driven by net outflows of \$16.5 billion and market depreciation of \$11.2 billion. Our average assets under management decreased 22% from \$123.3 billion for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 to \$95.7 billion for the quarter ended March 31, 2016.
- Operating revenues of \$323.8 million in the first quarter of 2016 decreased \$61.6 million, or 16%, compared to the first quarter of 2015.
- Operating income of \$71.4 million in the first quarter of 2016 decreased \$33.0 million, or 32%, compared to the first quarter of 2015. Our operating margin of 22.1% for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 declined from 27.1% for the quarter ended March 31, 2015. Net income attributable to Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc. of \$37.0 million for the first quarter of 2016 decreased \$30.1 million, or 45%, compared to this same period a year ago.

- Company-wide sales in the first quarter of 2016 decreased 33% compared to sales in the first quarter of 2015.
- During the first quarter of 2016, we returned \$63.7 million of capital to stockholders through dividends and share repurchases, compared to \$40.6 million in the same period in 2015.
- Our balance sheet remains solid, and we ended the first quarter of 2016 with cash and investments of \$810.6 million, excluding redeemable noncontrolling interests in consolidated sponsored funds.

Table of Contents**Assets Under Management**

During the first quarter of 2016, assets under management decreased 9% to \$95.2 billion from \$104.4 billion at December 31, 2015 due to outflows of \$6.3 billion and market depreciation of \$2.9 billion.

Change in Assets Under Management(1)

	First Quarter 2016			
	Retail Unaffiliated Distribution	Retail Broker-Dealer (in millions)	Institutional	Total
Beginning Assets	\$ 45,641	43,344	15,414	104,399
Sales(2)	2,144	1,068	453	3,665
Redemptions	(7,680)	(1,197)	(1,068)	(9,945)
Net Exchanges	158	(172)	14	
Net Flows	(5,378)	(301)	(601)	(6,280)
Market Action	(1,640)	(901)	(387)	(2,928)
Ending Assets	\$ 38,623	42,142	14,426	95,191

	First Quarter 2015			
	Retail Unaffiliated Distribution	Retail Broker-Dealer (in millions)	Institutional	Total
Beginning Assets	\$ 60,335	45,517	17,798	123,650
Sales(2)	3,870	1,270	300	5,440
Redemptions	(6,259)	(1,279)	(1,460)	(8,998)
Net Exchanges	224	(224)		
Net Flows	(2,165)	(233)	(1,160)	(3,558)
Market Action	1,242	1,101	459	2,802
Ending Assets	\$ 59,412	46,385	17,097	122,894

(1) Includes all activity of the Funds, the IGI Funds and institutional and separate accounts, including money market funds and transactions at net asset value, accounts for which we receive no commissions.

(2) Primarily gross sales (net of sales commission), but also includes net reinvested dividends and capital gains and investment income.

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Average assets under management, which are generally more indicative of trends in revenue for providing investment management services than the quarter over quarter change in ending assets under management, are presented below.

Average Assets Under Management

Asset Class:	First Quarter 2016			
	Retail Unaffiliated Distribution	Retail Broker-Dealer (in millions)	Institutional	Total
Equity	\$ 32,643	29,765	13,096	\$ 75,504
Fixed Income	7,262	9,465	1,284	18,011
Money Market	188	2,030		2,218
Total	\$ 40,093	41,260	14,380	\$ 95,733

Asset Class:	First Quarter 2015			
	Retail Unaffiliated Distribution	Retail Broker-Dealer (in millions)	Institutional	Total
Equity	\$ 48,628	34,188	16,551	\$ 99,367
Fixed Income	10,763	10,110	1,049	21,922
Money Market	154	1,827		1,981
Total	\$ 59,545	46,125	17,600	\$ 123,270

Results of Operations Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 as Compared with Three Months Ended March 31, 2015*Net Income*

	Three months ended			Variance
	2016	March 31, 2015		
Net income attributable to Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc. (in thousands)	\$ 36,968	67,113		-45%
Earnings per share, basic and diluted	\$ 0.45	0.80		-44%
Operating margin	22.1%	27.1%		-500 bps

Total Revenues

Total revenues decreased 16% to \$323.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015 due primarily to a decrease in average assets under management of 22% driven by net outflows and market depreciation.

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		Three months ended		
		March 31,		
		2016	2015	Variance
		(in thousands)		
Investment management fees	\$	144,778	182,105	-20%
Underwriting and distribution fees		146,658	166,978	-12%
Shareholder service fees		32,380	36,375	-11%
Total revenues	\$	323,816	385,458	-16%

Investment Management Fee Revenues

Investment management fee revenues are earned by providing investment advisory services to the Funds, the IGI Funds and to institutional and separate accounts. Investment management fee revenues for the first quarter of 2016 decreased \$37.3 million, or 20%, from last year's first quarter. The following table summarizes investment management fee revenues, related average assets under management, fee waivers and investment management fee rates for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

		(in thousands except for management fee rate and average assets)		
Retail investment management fees	\$	132,649	167,082	-21%
Retail average assets (in millions)		81,353	105,670	-23%
Retail management fee rate		0.6558%	0.6413%	
Money market fee waivers		1,453	1,809	-20%
Other fee waivers		1,123	742	51%
Total fee waivers	\$	2,576	2,551	1%
Institutional investment management fees	\$	12,129	15,023	-19%
Institutional average assets (in millions)		14,380	17,600	-18%
Institutional management fee rate		0.3392%	0.3462%	

Revenues from investment management services provided to our retail mutual funds, which are distributed through the Retail Unaffiliated Distribution and Retail Broker-Dealer channels, decreased \$34.4 million in the first quarter of 2016, compared to the first quarter of 2015. Investment management revenue declined less on a percentage basis than the related average assets under management due to an increase in the average management fee rate. A lower asset base in the Ivy Asset Strategy Fund and Ivy High Income Fund have resulted in increased management fee rates in 2016 compared to 2015, due to both funds having management fee rates less than our average management fee rate. Fee waivers for the Funds are recorded as an offset to investment management fees up to the amount of fees earned. Fee waivers for the IGI Funds are recorded as expense in general and administrative expenses.

Institutional account revenues in the first quarter of 2016 decreased \$2.9 million, compared to the first quarter of 2015. Investment management revenues declined more on a percentage basis than the related average assets under management due to a decrease in the average management fee rate.

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	Annualized long-term redemption rates (excludes money market redemptions) Three months ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Retail Unaffiliated Distribution channel	77.7%	42.9%
Retail Broker-Dealer channel	9.3%	9.0%
Institutional channel	29.9%	33.7%
Total	41.3%	29.0%

The increased redemption rate in the Retail Unaffiliated Distribution channel was driven primarily by redemptions in the Asset Strategy funds. Redemptions in the Asset Strategy funds represent over 50% of the Retail Unaffiliated Distribution channel's redemptions during the first quarter of 2016 and 2015. Prolonged redemptions in the Retail Unaffiliated Distribution channel could negatively affect revenues in future periods. In the Institutional channel, a large Asset Strategy account that we subadvise, with \$2.0 billion in assets under management, was redeemed in April of 2016. Additionally, an \$800.0 million institutional account in our municipal high income strategy was redeemed in April of 2016.

Our overall current year-to-date redemption rate of 41.3% is higher than the current year-to-date industry average of approximately 28%, based on data from the Investment Company Institute.

Underwriting and Distribution Fee Revenues and Expenses

The following tables summarize our underwriting and distribution fee revenues and expenses segregated by distribution channel:

	First Quarter 2016		
	Retail Unaffiliated Distribution	Retail Broker-Dealer (in thousands)	Total
Revenue	\$ 35,923	110,735	146,658
Expenses - Direct	(46,846)	(80,277)	(127,123)
Expenses - Indirect	(13,349)	(33,364)	(46,713)
Net Distribution (Costs)/Excess	\$ (24,272)	(2,906)	(27,178)

	First Quarter 2015		
	Retail Unaffiliated Distribution	Retail Broker-Dealer (in thousands)	Total
Revenue	\$ 52,142	114,836	166,978
Expenses - Direct	(68,595)	(82,022)	(150,617)
Expenses - Indirect	(14,029)	(30,774)	(44,803)

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Net Distribution (Costs)/Excess	\$	(30,482)	2,040	(28,442)
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The following tables summarize the significant components of underwriting and distribution fee revenues segregated by distribution channel:

	Retail Unaffiliated Distribution	First Quarter 2016 Retail Broker- Dealer (in thousands)	Total
Underwriting and distribution fee revenues			
Rule 12b-1 service and distribution fees	\$ 34,572	27,366	61,938
Fee-based asset allocation product revenues		53,670	53,670
Sales commissions on front-end load mutual fund and variable annuity products	321	16,501	16,822
Sales commissions on other products		7,964	7,964
Other revenues	1,030	5,234	6,264
Total	\$ 35,923	110,735	146,658

	Retail Unaffiliated Distribution	First Quarter 2015 Retail Broker- Dealer (in thousands)	Total
Underwriting and distribution fee revenues			
Rule 12b-1 service and distribution fees	\$ 49,925	30,336	80,261
Fee-based asset allocation product revenues		55,422	55,422
Sales commissions on front-end load mutual fund and variable annuity products	919	16,925	17,844
Sales commissions on other products		6,278	6,278
Other revenues	1,298	5,875	7,173
Total	\$ 52,142	114,836	166,978

Underwriting and distribution revenues earned in the first quarter of 2016 decreased by \$20.3 million, or 12%, compared to the first quarter of 2015. Rule 12b-1 asset based service and distribution fees across both channels decreased \$18.3 million, or 23%, quarter over quarter, driven by a decrease in average mutual fund assets under management for which we earn Rule 12b-1 revenues. Approximately 75% of Rule 12b-1 revenues earned are a pass-through to direct underwriting and distribution expenses. In our Retail Broker-Dealer channel, revenues from fee-based asset allocation products continued to be meaningful, comprising 48% of Retail Broker-Dealer channel underwriting and distribution revenues in the first quarter of 2016. Fee-based asset allocation assets under management slightly decreased from \$18.0 billion at March 31, 2015 to \$17.4 billion at March 31, 2016, producing a decrease of fee-based asset allocation revenue of \$1.8 million, or 3%.

Underwriting and distribution expenses for the first quarter of 2016 decreased by \$21.6 million, or 11%, compared to the first quarter of 2015. Direct expenses in the Retail Unaffiliated Distribution channel decreased by \$21.7 million due to decreased average Retail Unaffiliated Distribution assets under management of 33% and lower sales volume year over year, which resulted in lower dealer compensation, wholesaler commissions and Rule 12b-1 asset-based service and distribution expenses paid to third party distributors. Direct expenses in the Retail Broker-Dealer channel declined in relation to revenue. Indirect expenses across both channels increased \$1.9 million, or 4%, compared to the first quarter of 2015, primarily due to increased computer

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services and software expenses, employee compensation and benefits, and consulting expenses, partially offset by lower advertising expenses and sales meeting costs.

Shareholder Service Fee Revenue

Shareholder service fee revenue primarily includes transfer agency fees, custodian fees from retirement plan accounts, and portfolio accounting and administration fees. Transfer agency fees are asset-based and/or account-based revenues, portfolio accounting and administration fees are asset-based revenues, and custodian fees from retirement plan accounts are based on the number of client accounts.

During the first quarter of 2016, shareholder service fee revenue decreased \$4.0 million, or 11%, compared to the first quarter of 2015 primarily due to a decrease in asset-based fees. Of the decrease in asset-based fees, fees for the I, Y, R and R6 share classes of the Funds decreased \$3.8 million, or 37%, compared to the first quarter of 2015. Assets in the I, Y, R and R6 share classes of the Funds declined 36% from a quarterly average of \$27.5 billion at March 31, 2015 to an average of \$17.6 billion at March 31, 2016.

Total Operating Expenses

Operating expenses decreased \$28.6 million, or 10%, in the first quarter of 2016 compared to the first quarter of 2015, primarily due to decreased underwriting and distribution expenses and general and administrative expenses. Underwriting and distribution expenses are discussed above.

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2016	2015	Variance	
	(in thousands)			
Underwriting and distribution	\$ 173,836	195,420	-11%	
Compensation and related costs	52,940	53,495	-1%	
General and administrative	19,152	25,678	-25%	
Subadvisory fees	2,093	2,387	-12%	
Depreciation	4,362	4,034	8%	
Total operating expenses	\$ 252,383	281,014	-10%	

Cost Reduction Efforts

As previously announced, the Company worked to complete significant cost reduction efforts to offset the projected decrease in 2016 operating income related to lower assets under management and the implementation of Project E - the modernization of our brokerage and product platform that will include the restructuring of our share classes. We have completed the process to identify cost reductions of approximately 10% or \$40.0 million on an annual run-rate basis in 2017, with approximately two-thirds of these savings projected to be realized in 2016. These reductions will impact general and administrative costs, compensation costs and indirect underwriting and distribution costs. The

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Company's workforce will be reduced by approximately 10% during the second quarter of 2016 pursuant to the VSO and ISP. The company expects to record a pre-tax restructuring charge in a range of approximately \$16 - \$17 million in the second quarter of 2016 related to employee-termination benefits in connection with the VSO and ISP, including cash severance costs, the acceleration of stock-based compensation and outplacement services. These amounts are estimates, and the actual amount may vary based on a number of factors, including timing and valuation of certain benefit-related payments.

Compensation and Related Costs

Compensation and related costs during the first quarter of 2016 decreased \$0.6 million, or 1%, compared to the first quarter of 2015. Decreases in incentive compensation and miscellaneous compensation totaling \$2.3 million were the primary drivers. Partially offsetting the decreases, equity compensation and base salaries increased by a total of \$1.6 million, compared to the first quarter of 2015.

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General and Administrative Costs

General and administrative expenses decreased \$6.5 million to \$19.2 million for the first quarter of 2016, compared to the first quarter of 2015. Lower dealer servicing costs, fund reimbursements and IT contractor costs drove the decrease. A majority of dealer service costs represent pass-through account servicing costs to third party dealers and are based on lower asset levels in certain share classes.

Subadvisory Fees

Subadvisory fees represent fees paid to other asset managers for providing advisory services for certain mutual fund portfolios. Gross management fee revenues for products subadvised by others were \$3.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to \$4.4 million for the first quarter of 2015 due to an 8% decrease in subadvised average net assets under management. Gross management fee revenues for subadvised products decreased at a greater rate than the related average net assets under management due to a decrease in the average management fee rate. The decrease in the average management fee rate was driven by a mix-shift of assets into subadvised funds with lower management fee rates. Subadvisory expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2016 decreased in relation to revenue when compared to the same period in 2015.

Subadvised average assets under management at March 31, 2016 were \$2.4 billion compared to an average of \$2.6 billion at March 31, 2015.

Investment and Other Income (Loss) and Taxes

Investment and other losses were \$10.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016, compared to investment and other income of \$4.0 million for the same period in 2015. The majority of the decrease is related to mark-to-market unrealized losses on our sponsored funds prior to implementing a hedging program. Prior to executing the total return swap contracts in the first part of January 2016, we recognized \$9.6 million of unrealized losses related to our portfolio of consolidated sponsored funds and sponsored funds held as trading and equity method. With our hedge program implemented, we recognized \$2.5 million of net losses related to our seed capital investments and associated hedges for the remainder of the quarter. During the first quarter of 2015, we recognized \$0.9 million of gains related to our portfolio of sponsored funds held as trading securities, and realized \$2.3 million of gains on the sale of securities held as available for sale. Interest, dividends and other income in the first quarter of 2016 increased to \$1.2 million, as compared to \$0.7 million for the same period a year ago. The first quarter of 2016 also included \$0.5 million of gains attributable to noncontrolling interests in sponsored funds for the period in which the Company held majority ownership.

Our effective income tax rate was 35.9% for the first quarter of 2016, as compared to 36.5% for the first quarter of 2015. The Company has a deferred tax asset related to a capital loss carryforward that is available to offset current and future capital gains. Further, the Company has deferred tax assets for unrealized losses in investment securities and partnerships. Due to the character of the losses and the limited carryforward permitted upon realization, the Company has a valuation allowance recorded against these deferred tax assets. During the first quarter of 2016, an increase in the fair value of equity method investments decreased the valuation allowance, thereby reducing income tax expense by \$1.1 million. During the first quarter of 2015, an increase in the fair value of the Company's trading securities portfolio and realized capital gains on securities classified as available for sale in the first quarter of 2015 allowed for a decrease in the valuation allowance, thereby reducing income tax expense by \$1.3 million.

The first quarter 2016 and 2015 effective income tax rates, removing the effects of the valuation allowance, would have been 37.8% and 37.7%, respectively. The adjusted effective tax rate in the first quarter of 2016 was higher primarily due to lower income before taxes in the first quarter of 2016, which increased the impact of non-deductible expenses on the effective income tax rate.

The Company expects its future effective tax rate, exclusive of any increases or reductions to the valuation allowance, state tax incentives, unanticipated state tax legislative changes, and unanticipated fluctuations in earnings to range from 37% to 39%.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our operations provide much of the cash necessary to fund our priorities, as follows:

- Finance internal growth
- Pay dividends
- Repurchase our stock

Finance Internal Growth

We use cash to fund growth in our distribution channels. Our Retail Unaffiliated Distribution channel requires cash outlays for wholesaler commissions and commissions to third parties on deferred load product sales. We continue to invest in our Retail Broker-Dealer channel by providing additional support to our advisors through home office resources, wholesaling efforts and enhanced technology tools, including the modernization of our brokerage and product platform associated with Project E. Across both channels, we provide seed money for new products.

Pay Dividends

We paid quarterly dividends on our Class A common stock that resulted in financing cash outflows of \$38.1 million and \$36.0 million for the first quarter of 2016 and 2015, respectively. The Company's Board of Directors approved an increase in the quarterly dividend on our common stock from \$0.43 per share to \$0.46 per share beginning with the dividend we declared in the fourth quarter of 2015 and paid on February 1, 2016, to shareholders of record on January 11, 2016. The total dividend to be paid on May 2, 2016, to stockholders of record on April 18, 2016 is approximately \$38.5 million.

Repurchase Our Stock

We repurchased 1,125,671 shares and 106,058 shares of our Class A common stock in the open market or privately during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, resulting in cash outflows of \$25.6 million and \$4.6 million, respectively.

In April 2016, the Company repurchased 258,675 shares from employees who tendered shares to cover their minimum income tax withholdings with respect to vesting of restricted stock awards during April 2016.

Operating Cash Flows

Cash from operations, our primary source of funds, decreased \$137.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease is primarily due to \$67.2 million related to seeding new investment products and lower net income of \$29.6 million.

The payable to investment companies for securities, payable to customers and other receivables accounts can fluctuate significantly based on trading activity at the end of a reporting period. Changes in these accounts result in variances within cash from operations on the statement of cash flows; however, there is no impact to the Company's liquidity and operations for the variances in these accounts.

During the first quarter of 2016, we contributed \$20.0 million to our pension plan. We do not expect to make additional contributions for the remainder of the year.

Investing Cash Flows

Investing activities consist primarily of the consolidation of sponsored investment securities, as well as capital expenditures. We expect our 2016 capital expenditures to be in the range of \$15.0 to \$25.0 million.

Financing Cash Flows

As noted previously, dividends and stock repurchases accounted for a majority of our financing cash outflows in the first three months of 2016 and 2015.

Future Capital Requirements

Management believes its available cash, marketable securities and expected cash flow from operations will be sufficient to fund its short-term operating and capital requirements during 2016. Expected short-term uses of cash include dividend payments, interest payments on outstanding debt, income tax payments, seed money for

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new products, capital expenditures including those related to the Project E initiatives, share repurchases, payment of deferred commissions to our financial advisors and third parties, pension funding, restructuring costs and home office leasehold and building improvements, and could include strategic acquisitions.

In 2016, the Company plans to offer terminated, vested pension plan participants a one-time voluntary lump sum window distribution equal to the present value of the participant's pension benefit, in an effort to reduce pension obligations and ongoing annual pension expense. This offer may result in a noncash charge in the fourth quarter of 2016, in accordance with the relevant accounting standards, dependent on the number of plan participants who elect to take the lump sum distribution and the total amount of such distributions.

Expected long-term capital requirements include indebtedness, operating leases and purchase obligations, and potential settlement of tax liabilities. Other possible long-term discretionary uses of cash could include capital expenditures for enhancement of technology infrastructure and home office expansion, strategic acquisitions, payment of dividends, income tax payments, seed money for new products, pension funding, share repurchases and payment of upfront fund commissions for Class C shares and certain fee-based asset allocation products. We expect payment of upfront fund commissions for certain fee-based asset allocation products will decline in future years due to a change in our advisor compensation plan whereby a smaller population of advisors are eligible for upfront commissions on the sale of these products.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management believes certain critical accounting policies affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements. The Company's critical accounting policies and estimates are disclosed in the Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates section of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (the 2015 Form 10-K).

Table of Contents**Supplemental Information**

	First Quarter 2016	First Quarter 2015	Variance
<u>Asset Manager (in millions)</u>			
Retail Unaffiliated Distribution			
AUM	\$ 38,623	59,412	(35.0)%
Net flows	\$ (5,378)	(2,165)	148.4%
Organic growth (decay) annualized	(47.1)%	(14.4)%	
Redemption rate	77.7%	42.9%	
Retail Broker-Dealer			
AUM	\$ 42,142	46,385	(9.1)%
Net flows	\$ (301)	(233)	29.2%
Organic growth (decay) annualized	(2.8)%	(2.0)%	
Redemption rate	9.3%	9.0%	
Institutional			
AUM	\$ 14,426	17,097	(15.6)%
Net flows	\$ (601)	(1,160)	(48.2)%
Organic growth (decay) annualized	(15.6)%	(26.1)%	
Redemption rate	29.9%	33.7%	
<u>Broker-Dealer</u>			
AUA(1) (in billions)	\$ 49.9	53.7	(7.1)%
AUA fee based accounts (in billions)	\$ 17.4	18.0	(3.3)%
Number of advisors	1,803	1,745	3%
Advisor productivity(2) (in thousands)	\$ 61.3	65.9	(7.0)%
U&D revenues (in thousands)	\$ 110,735	114,836	(3.6)%

(1) Assets under administration

(2) Advisors productivity is calculated by dividing underwriting and distribution revenues for the Retail Broker-Dealer channel by the average number of advisors during the period.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are primarily exposed to market risk associated with unfavorable movements in interest rates and securities prices. Except as described below, the Company has had no material changes in its market risk policies or its market risk sensitive instruments and positions since December 31, 2015. As further described in Note 5 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements, in January 2016, the Company implemented an economic hedge program that uses total return swap contracts to hedge market risk with its investments in sponsored funds.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures that is designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of March 31, 2016, have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2016.

The Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. However, because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected.

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved from time to time in various legal proceedings, regulatory investigations and claims incident to the normal conduct of business, which may include proceedings that are specific to us and others generally applicable to the business practices within the industries in which we operate. A substantial legal liability or a significant regulatory action against us could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations in a particular quarter or year.

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In an action filed on February 18, 2016 in the United States District Court for the District of Kansas, Saket Kapor (sic), Peter Brockett and Hieu Phan v. Ivy Investment Management Company, et. al. (Case No. 2:16-cv-02106-JWL-TJJ), the Company's registered investment advisor subsidiaries, the trustees of two of the Company's affiliated mutual funds, and an officer of a Company subsidiary were sued in a putative derivative action by three mutual fund shareholders alleging breach of fiduciary duty and breach of contract claims relating to investments held in the affiliated mutual funds. On behalf of the mutual funds, Plaintiffs seek monetary damages and demand a jury trial. On April 18, 2016, Plaintiff's dismissed the complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Kansas and filed a similar complaint against the same Plaintiff's, regarding the same substantive allegations and causes of action, in the District Court of Johnson County, Kansas (Case No. I6CV02338 Div. 4). To date, no responsive pleading has been filed and no discovery has taken place.

In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution and outcome of this matter is uncertain. Given the preliminary nature of the proceedings and the Company's dispute over the merits of the claims, the Company is unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss, if any, that such matter may represent. While the ultimate resolution of this matter is uncertain, an adverse determination against the Company could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Table of Contents**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

The Company has had no material changes to its Risk Factors from those previously reported in the Company's 2015 Form 10-K, except as follows:

Regulatory Risk Is Substantial In Our Business And Non-Compliance With Regulations, Or Changes In Regulations, Could Have A Significant Impact On The Conduct Of Our Business, Reputation And Prospects. Our investment advisory and broker/dealer businesses are heavily regulated, primarily at the federal level. Non-compliance with applicable laws or regulations could result in sanctions being levied against us, including fines and censures, suspension or expulsion from a certain jurisdiction or market, or the revocation of licenses. Non-compliance with applicable laws or regulations could also adversely affect our business, reputation and prospects. In addition, changes in current legal, regulatory, accounting, tax or compliance requirements or in governmental policies could adversely affect our operations, revenues and earnings by, among other things, increasing expenses and reducing investor interest in certain products we offer. Distribution fees paid to mutual fund distributors in accordance with Rule 12b-1 promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (Rule 12b-1), are an important element of the distribution of the mutual funds we manage. In 2010, the SEC proposed replacing Rule 12b-1 with a new regulation that would significantly change current fund distribution practices in the industry. If this proposed regulation is adopted, it may have a material impact on the compensation we pay to distributors for distributing the mutual funds we manage and/or our ability to recover expenses related to the distribution of our funds, and thus could materially affect our business. In April 2016, the U.S. Department of Labor (the DOL) released its final rule that, among other things, expands the scope of a fiduciary under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), and Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). The DOL rule also creates new exemptions and amends existing exemptions from the prohibited transaction rules applicable to fiduciaries under ERISA and the Code that allows broker/dealers, investment advisers and others to continue to receive a variety of common forms of compensation that otherwise would be prohibited as conflicts of interest. The DOL rule may have a material impact on the provision of investment services to retirement accounts, including imposing additional compliance, reporting and operational requirements, which could negatively affect our business. Additionally, our profitability could be affected by rules and regulations that impact the business and financial communities generally, including changes to the laws governing state and federal taxation.

Table of Contents**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

The following table sets forth certain information about the shares of Class A common stock we repurchased during the first quarter of 2016.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program
January 1 - January 31	215,000	\$ 25.07	215,000	n/a(1)
February 1 - February 29	910,421	22.19	907,000	n/a(1)
March 1 - March 31	250	23.64		n/a(1)
Total	1,125,671	\$ 22.74	1,122,000	

(1) On August 31, 1998, we announced that our Board of Directors approved a program to repurchase shares of our common stock on the open market. Under the repurchase program, we are authorized to repurchase, in any seven-day period, the greater of (i) 3% of our outstanding common stock or (ii) \$50 million of our common stock. We may repurchase our common stock in privately negotiated transactions or through the New York Stock Exchange, other national or regional market systems, electronic communication networks or alternative trading systems. Our stock repurchase program does not have an expiration date or an aggregate maximum number or dollar value of shares that may be repurchased. Our Board of Directors reviewed and ratified the stock repurchase program in October 2012. During the first quarter of 2016, 1,122,000 shares of our common stock were repurchased pursuant to the repurchase program and 3,671 shares, reflected in the table above, were purchased in connection with funding employee income tax withholding obligations arising from the vesting of restricted shares.

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Item 6. Exhibits

10.1 Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated. Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, File No. 001-13913, on April 14, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference.

10.2 Employment Retention Agreement, dated February 1, 2016, by and between Michael L. Avery and Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc. Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, File No. 001-13913, on February 2, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference.

31.1* Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer

31.2* Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

32.1** Section 906 Certification of Chief Executive Officer

32.2** Section 906 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

101* Materials from the Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016, formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity, (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) related Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged in detail.

* Filed herewith

** Furnished herewith

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, this 29th day of April 2016.

WADDELL & REED FINANCIAL, INC.

By: /s/ Henry J. Herrmann
**Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board
and Director**
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Brent K. Bloss
**Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and
Treasurer**
(Principal Financial Officer)

By: /s/ Benjamin R. Clouse
Vice President
(Principal Accounting Officer)