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Sound Financial Bancorp, Inc.
Form 424B3
July 09, 2012
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Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)3

Registration No. 333-180385

July 9, 2012

Dear Fellow Shareholder:

You are cordially invited to attend the annual meeting of shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. The meeting will be held on August 15, 2012 at 2:30 p.m., Pacific time, in Sound Community Bank's offices located at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington.

This proxy statement/prospectus is being furnished to you in connection with the solicitation by the Board of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc. of proxies to be voted at the annual meeting of shareholders. The purpose of the annual meeting is to consider and vote upon:

- The Plan of Conversion and Reorganization of Sound Community MHC (the plan of conversion), pursuant to which our organization will convert from a partially public company to a fully public company. Currently, Sound Community Bank is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sound Financial, Inc., and Sound Community MHC owns approximately 54.8% of Sound Financial, Inc.'s common stock. The remaining 45.2% of Sound Financial, Inc.'s common stock is owned by public shareholders. As a result of the conversion, a newly formed company, Sound Financial Bancorp, Inc. (Sound Financial Bancorp), will become the parent of Sound Community Bank. Each share of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock owned by the public will be exchanged for shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp so that our existing public shareholders will own the same percentage of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock as they owned of our common stock immediately prior to the conversion;
- The election of three directors of Sound Financial, Inc., each for a three year term; and
- The ratification of the appointment of Moss Adams, LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2012.

In addition, shareholders will vote on a proposal to approve the adjournment of the annual meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in the event that there are not sufficient votes at the time of the annual meeting to approve the plan of conversion. Shareholders also will vote on informational proposals with respect to the articles of incorporation of Sound Financial Bancorp.

The Proxy Vote Your Vote Is Very Important

We have received conditional regulatory approval to implement the plan of conversion; however, we must also receive the approval of our shareholders. Enclosed is a proxy statement/prospectus describing the proposals before our shareholders. **Please promptly vote the enclosed Proxy Card. Our Board of Directors urges you to vote FOR each of the proposals set forth in the attached proxy statement/prospectus.**

The Exchange

At the conclusion of the conversion, your shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock will be exchanged for shares of Sound Financial Bancorp. The number of shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock that you receive will be based on an exchange ratio that is described in the proxy statement/prospectus. Shortly after the completion of the conversion, our exchange agent will send a transmittal form to each shareholder of Sound Financial, Inc. who holds stock certificates. The transmittal form will explain the procedure to follow to exchange your shares. Please do not deliver your certificate(s) before you receive the transmittal form. Shares of Sound Financial, Inc. that are held in street name (e.g. in a brokerage account) will be converted automatically at the conclusion of the conversion; no action or documentation is required of you.

The Stock Offering

We are offering the shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp for sale at \$10.00 per share. The shares are being offered in a Subscription Offering to eligible customers of Sound Community Bank. If all shares are not subscribed for in the Subscription Offering, shares are expected to be available in a Community Offering, to Sound Financial, Inc. public shareholders and others not eligible to place orders in the Subscription Offering. **If you are interested in purchasing shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock, you may request a stock order form and prospectus by calling our information hotline at (877) 860-2091 to speak to a representative of Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. Representatives are available by telephone Monday through Friday,**

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7:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m., Pacific time. You may also meet in person with a representative by visiting our Stock Information Center located in our office at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington, between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Pacific time, beginning on Wednesday, July 25, 2012 until Monday, July 30, 2012, and between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and noon, Pacific time, on Tuesday, July 31, 2012. The Stock Information Center will be closed on weekends and bank holidays. The stock offering period is expected to expire on July 31, 2012.

Should you have any questions, please refer to the Questions & Answers section herein.

As President and Chief Executive Officer, I want to express my appreciation for your confidence and support.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Laura Lee Stewart
Laura Lee Stewart
President and Chief Executive Officer

This letter is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy shares of common stock. The offer is made only by the prospectus. These securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

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**PROSPECTUS OF SOUND FINANCIAL BANCORP, INC.
PROXY STATEMENT OF SOUND FINANCIAL, INC.**

Sound Community Bank is converting from a mutual holding company structure to a fully-public stock holding company structure. Currently, Sound Community Bank is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sound Financial, Inc., and Sound Community MHC owns approximately 54.8% of Sound Financial, Inc.'s common stock. The remaining 45.2% of Sound Financial, Inc.'s common stock is owned by public shareholders. As a result of the conversion, a newly formed company, Sound Financial Bancorp, Inc. (which we refer to as "Sound Financial Bancorp" in this document), will become the parent of Sound Community Bank. Each share of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock owned by the public will be exchanged for shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp so that Sound Financial, Inc.'s existing public shareholders will own the same percentage of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock as they owned of Sound Financial, Inc.'s common stock immediately prior to the conversion, excluding any new shares purchased by them in the offering and their receipt of cash in lieu of fractional exchange shares. The actual number of shares that you will receive will depend on the percentage of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock held by the public at the completion of the conversion, the final independent appraisal of Sound Financial Bancorp and the number of shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock sold in the offering described in the following paragraph. The exchange ratio will not depend on the market price of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock. See "Proposal 1 Approval of the Plan of Conversion and Reorganization Share Exchange Ratio for Current Shareholders" for a discussion of the exchange ratio. Based on the \$7.70 per share closing price of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock as of the last trading day prior to the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, unless at least 1,248,500 shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock are sold in the offering (which is between the minimum and the midpoint of the offering range), the initial value of the Sound Financial Bancorp common stock you receive in the share exchange would be less than the market value of the Sound Financial, Inc. common stock you currently own. See "Risk Factors" The market value of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock received in the share exchange may be less than the market value of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock exchanged.

Concurrently with the exchange offer, we are offering up to 1,552,500 shares of common stock (subject to increase to 1,785,375 shares) for sale on a best efforts basis, subject to certain conditions. We must sell a minimum of 1,147,500 shares to complete the offering. All shares are offered at a price of \$10.00 per share. The shares we are offering represent the 54.8% ownership interest in Sound Financial, Inc., a federal corporation, now owned by Sound Community MHC. We are offering the shares of common stock in a subscription offering to eligible depositors of Sound Community Bank. Shares of common stock not purchased in the subscription offering may be offered for sale to the general public in a community offering, with a preference given to natural persons and trusts of natural persons residing in the Washington counties of Clallam, King, Pierce and Snohomish and then to our existing public shareholders and to the general public.

The conversion of Sound Community MHC and the offering and exchange of common stock by Sound Financial Bancorp is referred to herein as the "conversion and offering." After the conversion and offering are completed, Sound Community Bank will be a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sound Financial Bancorp, and 100% of the common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp will be owned by public shareholders. As a result of the conversion and offering, Sound Financial, Inc. and Sound Community MHC will cease to exist.

Sound Financial, Inc.'s common stock is currently traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "SNFL." We expect that Sound Financial Bancorp's shares of common stock will trade on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the trading symbol "SFBC."

The conversion and offering will be conducted pursuant to the plan of conversion and reorganization (the "plan of conversion") of Sound Community MHC. The conversion and offering cannot be completed unless the shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. approve the plan of conversion. For us to implement the plan of conversion, we must receive the affirmative vote of (1) the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock, including shares held by Sound Community MHC and (2) the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock entitled to vote at the annual meeting, excluding shares held by Sound Community MHC. Shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. will consider and vote upon the plan of conversion at Sound Financial, Inc.'s annual

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meeting of shareholders to be held Sound Community Bank's offices located at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington, on August 15, 2012, at 2:30 p.m., Pacific time. Shareholders also will consider and vote upon (1) the election of Sound Financial, Inc. directors, (2) ratification of the appointment of Sound Financial, Inc.'s independent registered public accounting firm and (3) the other proposals

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detailed in this proxy statement/prospectus. **Sound Financial, Inc. s Board of Directors unanimously recommends that shareholders vote FOR the plan of conversion and FOR each of the other proposals set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus.**

This document serves as the proxy statement for the annual meeting of shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. and the prospectus for the shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock to be issued in exchange for shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock. We urge you to read this entire document carefully. You can also obtain information about us from documents that we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Federal Reserve Board. **This document does not serve as the prospectus relating to the offering by Sound Financial Bancorp of its shares of common stock in the offering, which will be made pursuant to a separate prospectus.** Shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. are not required to participate in the stock offering.

This proxy statement/prospectus contains information that you should consider in evaluating the plan of conversion. **In particular, you should carefully read the section captioned Risk Factors beginning on page 18 for a discussion of certain risk factors relating to the conversion and offering.**

These securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or any state securities regulator has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this proxy statement/prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this proxy statement/prospectus is June 29, 2012, and it is first being mailed to shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. on or about July 9, 2012.

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**SOUND FINANCIAL, INC.
2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200**

Seattle, Washington 98121

(206) 448-0884

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

On August 15, 2012, Sound Financial, Inc. will hold an annual meeting of shareholders in Sound Community Bank's offices located at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington. The meeting will begin at 2:30 p.m., Pacific time. At the meeting, shareholders will consider and act on the following:

1. Approval of a Plan of Conversion and Reorganization (referred to herein as the "plan of conversion") pursuant to which: (a) Sound Community MHC, which currently owns approximately 54.8% of the common stock of Sound Financial, Inc., will merge with and into Sound Financial, Inc., with Sound Financial, Inc. being the surviving entity, (b) Sound Financial, Inc. will merge with and into Sound Financial Bancorp, Inc. ("Sound Financial Bancorp"), a Maryland corporation recently formed to be the holding company for Sound Community Bank, with Sound Financial Bancorp being the surviving entity, (c) the outstanding shares of Sound Financial, Inc., other than those held by Sound Community MHC, will be converted into shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp, and (d) Sound Financial Bancorp will offer shares of its common stock for sale in a subscription offering and, if necessary, a community offering and a syndicated community offering;
2. Election of three directors of Sound Financial, Inc., each for a three year term;
3. Ratification of the appointment of Moss Adams, LLP as Sound Financial, Inc.'s independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2012;
4. Approval of the adjournment of the annual meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in the event that there are not sufficient votes at the time of the annual meeting to approve the plan of conversion;
5. The following informational proposals:
 - 5a. Approval of a provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation requiring a super-majority vote to approve certain amendments to Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation;

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5b. Approval of a provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation to limit the voting rights of shares beneficially owned in excess of 10% of Sound Financial Bancorp's outstanding voting stock; and

6. Such other business that may properly come before the meeting.

NOTE: The Board of Directors is not aware of any other business to come before the meeting.

The provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation which are summarized as informational proposals 5a and 5b were approved as part of the process in which our Board of Directors approved the plan of conversion. These proposals are informational in nature only, because the Federal Reserve Board's regulations governing mutual-to-stock conversions do not provide for a separate vote on these matters apart from the vote on the plan of conversion. While we are asking you to vote with respect to each of the informational proposals listed above, the proposed provisions for which an informational vote is requested will become effective if shareholders approve the plan of conversion, regardless of whether shareholders vote to approve any or all of the informational proposals.

The Board of Directors has fixed June 22, 2012, as the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the annual meeting and at an adjournment or postponement thereof.

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON AUGUST 15, 2012: This Notice of Annual Meeting, and the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus dated June 29, 2012 and the plan of conversion are available on the Internet at <http://www.proxyvote.com>. In addition, upon written request

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addressed to the Corporate Secretary of Sound Financial, Inc. at the address given above, shareholders may obtain an additional copy of this proxy statement/prospectus and/or a copy of the plan of conversion. In order to assure timely receipt of the additional copy of the proxy statement/prospectus and/or the plan of conversion, the written request should be received by Sound Financial, Inc. by August 15, 2012.

Please complete and sign the enclosed proxy, which is solicited by the Board of Directors, and mail it promptly in the enclosed envelope. If you prefer, you may vote by using the telephone or Internet. For information on submitting your proxy or voting by telephone or Internet, please refer to instructions on the enclosed proxy card. The proxy will not be used if you attend the meeting and vote in person.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

/s/ LAURA LEE STEWART
LAURA LEE STEWART
PRESIDENT AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Seattle, Washington
July 9, 2012

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**QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS
ABOUT THE PLAN OF CONVERSION AND REORGANIZATION
AND THE ANNUAL MEETING**

You should read this document for more information about the conversion and reorganization, as well as the annual meeting of shareholders. The plan of conversion described in this document has been conditionally approved by our primary federal regulator, the Federal Reserve Board; however, such approval does not constitute a recommendation or endorsement of the plan of conversion by that agency.

Q. WHAT AM I BEING ASKED TO APPROVE?

A. Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders as of June 22, 2012 are being asked to vote on the plan of conversion pursuant to which Sound Community MHC will convert from the mutual to the stock form of organization. As part of the conversion, a newly formed Maryland corporation, Sound Financial Bancorp, is offering its common stock to eligible depositors of Sound Community Bank, to shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. as of June 22, 2012 and to the public. The shares offered represent Sound Community MHC's current 54.8% ownership interest in Sound Financial, Inc. Voting for approval of the plan of conversion will also include approval of the exchange ratio and the articles of incorporation and bylaws of Sound Financial Bancorp (including the anti-takeover provisions and provisions limiting shareholder rights). **Your vote is important. Without sufficient votes FOR its adoption, we cannot implement the plan of conversion.**

Shareholders are also being asked to vote on the election of three director nominees, ratify the appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm and approve a proposal to adjourn the annual meeting if necessary to solicit additional proxies in the event that there are not sufficient votes at the time of the annual meeting to approve the plan of conversion.

In addition, shareholders are being asked to vote on the following informational proposals with respect to the articles of incorporation of Sound Financial Bancorp:

- Approval of a provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation requiring a super-majority vote to approve certain amendments to Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation; and
- Approval of a provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation to limit the voting rights of shares beneficially owned in excess of 10% of Sound Financial Bancorp's outstanding voting stock.

The provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation that are included as informational proposals were approved as part of the process in which our Board of Directors approved the plan of conversion. These proposals are informational in nature only, because the Federal Reserve Board's regulations governing mutual-to-stock conversions do not provide for a separate vote on these matters apart from the vote on the plan of conversion. While we are asking you to vote with respect to each of the informational proposals listed above, the proposed provisions for which an informational vote is requested will become effective if shareholders approve the plan of conversion, regardless of whether

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shareholders vote to approve any or all of the informational proposals. The provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation which are summarized above as informational proposals may have the effect of deterring, or rendering more difficult, attempts by third parties to obtain control of Sound Financial Bancorp if such attempts are not approved by the Board of Directors, or may make the removal of the Board of Directors or management, or the appointment of new directors, more difficult.

Q. WHAT ARE THE REASONS FOR THE CONVERSION AND RELATED OFFERING?

A. Our primary reasons for converting and raising additional capital through the offering are:

- to support organic growth by increasing our lending in the communities we serve;
- to improve our capital position during a period of significant economic uncertainty, especially for the financial services industry (although, as of March 31, 2012, Sound Community Bank was considered

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well capitalized for regulatory purposes and is not subject to any directive or recommendation from the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) or the FDIC to raise capital);

- to finance the possible acquisition of branches from other financial institutions or build or lease new branch facilities in, or adjacent to, our market areas, although we do not currently have any agreements or understandings regarding any specific acquisition transaction;
- to enhance existing products and services, and support the development of new products and services, by investing, for example, in technology to support growth and enhanced customer service;
- the stock holding company structure is a more familiar form of organization, which we believe will make our common stock more appealing to investors, and will give us greater flexibility to access the capital markets through possible future equity and debt offerings, although we have no current plans, agreements or understandings regarding any additional capital raising efforts; and
- to seek to improve the liquidity of our shares of common stock and shareholder returns through higher earnings and more flexible capital management strategies.

Q. WHAT WILL SHAREHOLDERS RECEIVE FOR THEIR EXISTING SOUND FINANCIAL, INC. SHARES?

A. As more fully described in Proposal 1 Approval of the Plan of Conversion and Reorganization Share Exchange Ratio, depending on the number of shares sold in the offering, each share of common stock that you own at the time of the completion of the conversion will be exchanged for between 0.70771 shares at the minimum and 0.95749 shares at the maximum of the offering range (or 1.10111 shares at the adjusted maximum of the offering range) of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock (cash will be paid in lieu of any fractional shares). For example, if you own 100 shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock, and the exchange ratio is 0.83260 (at the midpoint of the offering range), after the conversion you will receive 83 shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock and \$2.60 in cash, the value of the fractional share, based on the \$10.00 per share purchase price of stock in the offering.

Shareholders who hold shares in street-name at a brokerage firm or other nominee do not need to take any action to exchange their shares of common stock. Your shares will be automatically exchanged within your account. Shareholders with Sound Financial, Inc. stock certificates will receive a transmittal form from our exchange agent with instructions on how to surrender their existing stock certificates for new stock certificates after completion of the conversion. You should not submit a stock certificate until you receive a transmittal form.

Q. WHY WILL THE SHARES THAT I RECEIVE BE BASED ON A PRICE OF \$10.00 PER SHARE RATHER THAN THE TRADING PRICE OF THE COMMON STOCK PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF THE CONVERSION?

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A. The \$10.00 per share price was selected primarily because it is a commonly selected per share price for mutual-to-stock conversion offerings. The amount of common stock Sound Financial Bancorp will issue at \$10.00 per share in the offering and the exchange is based on an independent appraisal of the estimated market value of Sound Financial Bancorp and the number of shares sold in the offering, assuming the conversion and offering are completed. RP Financial, L.C., an appraisal firm experienced in appraisal of financial institutions, has estimated that, as of May 25, 2012, this market value ranged from \$20.9 million to \$28.3 million, with a midpoint of \$24.6 million. Based on this valuation, the number of shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp that existing public shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. will receive in exchange for their shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock will range from approximately 947,300 to 1.3 million, with a midpoint of 1.1 million (with a value of approximately \$9.5 million to \$12.8 million and a midpoint of \$11.1 million, at \$10.00 per share). The number of shares received by the existing public shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. is intended to maintain their existing 45.2% ownership in our organization (excluding any new shares purchased by them in the offering and their receipt of cash in lieu of fractional exchange shares). The independent appraisal is based primarily on Sound Financial, Inc.'s financial condition and results of operations, the pro forma impact of the additional capital raised by the sale of shares of common stock in the offering, and an analysis of a peer group of ten publicly traded savings bank and thrift holding companies that RP Financial considered comparable to Sound Financial, Inc.

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Q. DOES THE EXCHANGE RATIO DEPEND ON THE TRADING PRICE OF SOUND FINANCIAL, INC. COMMON STOCK?

A. No, the exchange ratio will not be based on the market price of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock. Therefore, changes in the price of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock between now and the completion of the conversion and offering will not affect the calculation of the exchange ratio.

Q. SHOULD I SUBMIT MY STOCK CERTIFICATES NOW?

A. No. If you hold stock certificate(s), instructions for exchanging the certificates will be sent to you by our exchange agent after completion of the conversion. If your shares are held in street name (e.g., in a brokerage account) rather than in certificate form, the share exchange will be reflected automatically in your account upon completion of the conversion.

Q. HOW DO I VOTE?

A. Mark your vote, sign each proxy card enclosed and return the card(s) to us, in the enclosed proxy reply envelope. If you prefer, you may vote by using the telephone or Internet. For information on submitting your proxy or voting by telephone or Internet, please refer to instructions on the enclosed proxy card. **Your vote is important! Please vote promptly.**

You may also vote in person at the annual meeting. If you plan to attend the annual meeting and wish to vote in person, we will give you a ballot at the annual meeting. However, if your shares are held in the name of your broker, bank or other nominee, you will need to obtain a proxy form from the institution that holds your shares indicating that you were the beneficial owner of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock on June 22, 2012, the record date for voting at the annual meeting.

Q. IF MY SHARES ARE HELD IN STREET NAME, WILL MY BROKER, BANK OR OTHER NOMINEE AUTOMATICALLY VOTE ON THE PLAN, THE ELECTION OF DIRECTORS AND THE RATIFICATION OF THE APPOINTMENT OF THE INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON MY BEHALF?

A. No, not in connection with the plan of conversion or the election of directors of Sound Financial, Inc. Your broker, bank or other nominee will not be able to vote your shares on these matters without instructions from you. You should instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote your shares, using the directions that they provide to you. Your broker, bank or other nominee, however, will be permitted to vote your shares with respect to the vote on the ratification of the appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm.

Q. WHAT HAPPENS IF I DON'T VOTE?

A. Your vote is very important. Not voting will have the same effect as voting *AGAINST* the plan of conversion. Without sufficient favorable votes *FOR* the plan of conversion, we will not proceed with the conversion and offering. Your failure to vote will not have any effect on the outcome of the other proposals. *Our Board of Directors unanimously recommends that you vote FOR each of the proposals set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus.*

Q. WHAT IF I DO NOT GIVE VOTING INSTRUCTIONS TO MY BROKER, BANK OR OTHER NOMINEE?

A. Your vote is important. If you do not instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote your shares, your broker, bank or other nominee may vote your shares with respect to the ratification of the appointment of auditors, but not with respect to the plan of conversion or the election of directors. The unvoted proxy will have the same effect as a vote *against* the plan of conversion and will not have any effect on the outcome of the other proposals.

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Q. MAY I PLACE AN ORDER TO PURCHASE SHARES IN THE OFFERING, IN ADDITION TO THE SHARES THAT I WILL RECEIVE IN THE EXCHANGE?

A. Yes. Eligible depositors of Sound Community Bank have priority subscription rights allowing them to purchase common stock in a subscription offering. Shares not purchased in the subscription offering are expected to be sold to the public, including Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders, in a community offering, as described herein. In the event orders for Sound Financial Bancorp common stock in a community offering, if held, exceed the number of shares available for sale, shares may be allocated (to the extent shares remain available) first to cover orders of natural persons and trusts of natural persons residing in the Washington counties of King, Snohomish, Pierce and Clallam; second to cover orders of Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders as of June 22, 2012; and thereafter to cover orders of the general public. Shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. are subject to an ownership limitation. Shares of common stock that you purchase in the offering individually and together with associates and persons acting in concert, plus any shares you and they receive in exchange for existing shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock, may not exceed 5% of the total shares of common stock to be issued and outstanding after the completion of the conversion and offering. **If you would like to receive a prospectus and stock order form, you must call our information hotline at (877) 860-2091 to speak to a representative of Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. Representatives are available by telephone Monday through Friday, 7:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m., Pacific time. You may also meet in person with a representative by visiting our Stock Information Center located in our office at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington, between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Pacific time, beginning on Wednesday, July 25, 2012 until Monday, July 30, 2012, and between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and noon, Pacific time, on Tuesday, July 31, 2012. The information center will be closed on weekends and bank holidays.**

Q. WILL THE CONVERSION HAVE ANY EFFECT ON DEPOSIT AND LOAN ACCOUNTS AT SOUND COMMUNITY BANK?

A. No. The account number, amount, interest rate and withdrawal rights of deposit accounts will remain unchanged. Deposits will continue to be federally insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to the legal limit. Loans and rights of borrowers will not be affected. Depositors will no longer have voting rights in the mutual holding company, which will cease to exist, after the conversion and offering. Only shareholders of Sound Financial Bancorp will have voting rights after the conversion and offering.

OTHER QUESTIONS?

For answers to other questions, please read this proxy statement/prospectus. Questions about voting on the plan of conversion or other matters to be considered at the annual meeting, or about the stock offering may be directed to our information hotline at the numbers and during the times set forth above. The hotline is closed weekends and bank holidays.

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SUMMARY

This summary highlights material information from this proxy statement/prospectus and may not contain all the information that is important to you. To understand the conversion and other proposals fully, you should read this entire document carefully, including the sections entitled Risk Factors, Proposal 1 Approval of The Plan of Conversion and Reorganization, Proposal 2 Election of Directors, Proposal 3 Ratification of the Appointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, Proposal 4 Adjournment of the Annual Meeting, Proposals 5a and 5b Informational Proposals Related to the Articles of Incorporation of Sound Financial Bancorp and the consolidated financial statements and the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Sound Financial, Inc. Annual Meeting

Date, Time and Place. Sound Financial, Inc. will hold its annual meeting of shareholders in Sound Community Bank's offices located at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington, on August 15, 2012, at 2:30 p.m., Pacific time.

The Proposals. Shareholders will be voting on the following proposals at the annual meeting:

1. Approval of a plan of conversion pursuant to which: (a) Sound Community MHC, which currently owns approximately 54.8% of the common stock of Sound Financial, Inc., will merge with and into Sound Financial, Inc., with Sound Financial, Inc. being the surviving entity, (b) Sound Financial, Inc. will merge with and into Sound Financial Bancorp, a Maryland corporation recently formed to be the holding company for Sound Community Bank, with Sound Financial Bancorp being the surviving entity, (c) the outstanding shares of Sound Financial, Inc., other than those held by Sound Community MHC, will be converted into shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp, and (d) Sound Financial Bancorp will offer shares of its common stock for sale in a subscription offering and community offering, and, if necessary, a syndicated community offering;
2. Election of three directors of Sound Financial, Inc., each for a three year term;
3. Ratification of the appointment of Moss Adams, LLP as Sound Financial, Inc.'s independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2012;
4. Approval of the adjournment of the annual meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in the event that there are not sufficient votes at the time of the annual meeting to approve the plan of conversion;
5. The following informational proposals:

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- 5a. Approval of a provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation requiring a super-majority vote to approve certain amendments to Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation;
- 5b. Approval of a provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation to limit the voting rights of shares beneficially owned in excess of 10% of Sound Financial Bancorp's outstanding voting stock; and
6. Such other business that may properly come before the meeting.

The provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation which are summarized as informational proposals 5a and 5b were approved as part of the process in which our Board of Directors approved the plan of conversion. These proposals are informational in nature only, because the Federal Reserve Board's regulations governing mutual-to-stock conversions do not provide for a separate vote on these matters apart from the vote on the plan of conversion. While we are asking you to vote with respect to each of the informational proposals listed above, the proposed provisions for which an informational vote is requested will become effective if shareholders approve the plan of conversion, regardless of whether shareholders vote to approve any or all of the informational proposals. The provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation which are summarized as informational proposals may have the effect of deterring or rendering more difficult attempts by third parties to obtain control of Sound Financial Bancorp, if such attempts are not approved by the Board of Directors, or

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may make the removal of the Board of Directors or management, or the appointment of new directors, more difficult.

Vote Required for Approval of Proposals by the Shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc.

Proposal 1: Approval of the Plan of Conversion. We must obtain the affirmative vote of (i) two-thirds of the total number of votes entitled to be cast by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders at the annual meeting, including shares held by Sound Community MHC, and (ii) a majority of the total number of votes entitled to be cast by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders at the annual meeting other than Sound Community MHC.

Proposal 2: Election of Directors. Directors are elected by a plurality of the votes cast by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders at the annual meeting.

Proposal 3: Ratification of the Appointment of Our Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. We must obtain the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of votes cast by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders at the annual meeting to approve the ratification of our appointment of Moss Adams, LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2012.

Proposal 4: Approval of the adjournment of the annual meeting. We must obtain the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of votes cast at the annual meeting by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders to adjourn the annual meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in the event that there are not sufficient votes at the time of the annual meeting to approve the proposal to approve the plan of conversion.

Informational Proposals 5a and 5b. The provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation which are summarized as informational proposals were approved as part of the process in which the Board of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc. approved the plan of conversion. While we are asking you to vote with respect to each of the informational proposals listed above, the proposed provisions for which an informational vote is requested will become effective if shareholders approve the plan of conversion, regardless of whether shareholders vote to approve any or all of the informational proposals.

The Companies

Sound Financial Bancorp, Inc. Sound Financial Bancorp, Inc., referred to in this document as Sound Financial Bancorp, is a newly formed Maryland corporation that was incorporated in March 2012 to be the successor corporation to Sound Financial, Inc. upon completion of the conversion. While federal regulations contemplate the use of federally chartered entities in the mutual holding company structure, fully converted public stock holding companies must be state-chartered entities. Sound Financial Bancorp will own all of the outstanding shares of common stock of Sound Community Bank upon completion of the conversion. Sound Financial Bancorp will be subject to regulation by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the Federal Reserve Board or Federal Reserve). Sound Financial Bancorp's executive offices are located at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington 98121. Our telephone number at this address is (206) 448-0884.

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Sound Community MHC. Sound Community MHC is the federally chartered mutual holding company of Sound Financial, Inc. Sound Community MHC's principal business activity is the ownership of 1,621,435 shares of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc., or 54.8% of the issued and outstanding shares as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus. After the completion of the conversion, Sound Community MHC will cease to exist.

Sound Financial, Inc. Sound Financial, Inc. is a federally chartered stock holding company that owns all of the outstanding common stock of Sound Community Bank. Sound Financial, Inc. was incorporated in 2008 for the purpose of becoming the holding company of Sound Community Bank in connection with the mutual-to-stock conversion of Sound Community Bank. Sound Community Bank reorganized into the mutual holding company form of ownership and completed a public stock offering on January 8, 2008. In conjunction with the public stock offering, Sound Financial, Inc. raised approximately \$13.0 million of proceeds. Sound Financial, Inc. has no significant assets other than its ownership of all of the outstanding shares of common stock of Sound Community Bank, its loan to the employee stock ownership plan, and certain liquid assets. Sound Financial, Inc.'s stock is traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol SNFL.

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At March 31, 2012, Sound Financial, Inc. had consolidated assets of \$348.7 million, deposits of \$307.8 million and stockholders' equity of \$29.5 million. After the completion of the conversion, Sound Financial, Inc. will cease to exist, and will be succeeded by Sound Financial Bancorp. As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, Sound Financial, Inc. had 2,960,045 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, of which 1,621,435 shares were owned by Sound Community MHC. The remaining 1,338,610 shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock outstanding as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus were held by the public.

Sound Community Bank. Sound Community Bank is a federally chartered stock savings bank headquartered in Seattle, Washington and the wholly-owned subsidiary of Sound Financial, Inc. Sound Community Bank was originally founded as a credit union and converted to a federal mutual (meaning no shareholders) savings bank in 2003. In 2008, Sound Community Bank converted to stock form and became the wholly-owned subsidiary of Sound Financial, Inc. as part of a mutual holding company reorganization and stock issuance.

Plan of Conversion and Reorganization

The Boards of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc., Sound Community MHC, Sound Community Bank and Sound Financial Bancorp have adopted a plan of conversion pursuant to which Sound Community Bank will reorganize from a mutual holding company structure to a stock holding company structure. Public shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. will receive shares in new Sound Financial Bancorp in exchange for their shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock based on an exchange ratio. This conversion to a stock holding company structure also includes the offering by Sound Financial Bancorp of shares of its common stock to eligible depositors, which include Eligible Account Holders, Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Other Members as defined in the Plan of Conversion, of Sound Community Bank in a subscription offering and, if necessary, to the public in a community offering and/or syndicated community offering. Following the conversion and offering, Sound Community MHC and Sound Financial, Inc. no longer exist, and Sound Financial Bancorp will be the parent company of Sound Community Bank.

The conversion and offering cannot be completed unless the shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. approve the plan of conversion. Sound Financial, Inc.'s shareholders will vote on the plan of conversion at Sound Financial, Inc.'s annual meeting. This document is the proxy statement used by Sound Financial, Inc.'s Board of Directors to solicit proxies for the annual meeting. It is also the prospectus of Sound Financial Bancorp regarding the shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock to be issued to Sound Financial, Inc.'s shareholders in the share exchange. This document does not serve as the prospectus relating to the offering by Sound Financial Bancorp of its shares of common stock in the subscription offering and any community offering or syndicated community offering, which will be made pursuant to a separate prospectus.

Our Current Organizational Structure

In 2008, Sound Financial, Inc. became the mid-tier stock holding company of Sound Community Bank, owning 100% of its stock, and conducted an initial public offering by selling a minority of its common stock to the public. The majority of the outstanding shares of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc. are owned by Sound Community MHC, which is a federally chartered mutual holding company with no shareholders.

Pursuant to the terms of the Plan of Conversion and Reorganization of Sound Community MHC, which is referred to throughout this proxy statement/prospectus as the plan of conversion, Sound Community Bank will convert from the mutual holding company to the stock holding

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company corporate structure. As part of the conversion, we are offering for sale in a subscription offering, a community offering and possibly a syndicated community offering, the majority ownership interest of Sound Financial, Inc. that is currently owned by Sound Community MHC. Upon completion of the conversion, Sound Community MHC will cease to exist, and we will complete the transition from partial to full public stock ownership. In addition, as part of the conversion, existing public shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. will receive shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp in exchange for their shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock pursuant to an exchange ratio that maintains the same percentage ownership in Sound Financial Bancorp (excluding any new shares purchased by them in the offering and their receipt of cash in lieu of fractional exchange shares) that existing shareholders had in Sound Financial, Inc. immediately prior to the completion of the conversion and offering.

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The following diagram shows our current organizational structure:

Our Organizational Structure Following the Conversion

After the conversion and offering are completed, we will be organized as a fully public stock holding company, as follows:

Reasons for the Conversion and the Offering

Our primary reasons for converting and raising additional capital through the offering include:

- to support organic growth by increasing our lending in the communities we serve;
- to improve our capital position during a period of significant economic uncertainty, especially for the financial services industry (although, as of March 31, 2012, Sound Community Bank was considered well capitalized for regulatory purposes and is not subject to any directive or recommendation from the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) or the FDIC to raise capital);

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- to finance the possible acquisition of branches from other financial institutions or build or lease new branch facilities in, or adjacent to, our market areas, although we do not currently have any agreements or understandings regarding any specific acquisition transaction;
- to enhance existing products and services, and support the development of new products and services, by investing, for example, in technology to support growth and enhanced customer service;
- the stock holding company structure is a more familiar form of organization, which we believe will make our common stock more appealing to investors, and will give us greater flexibility to access the capital markets through possible future equity and debt offerings, although we have no current plans, agreements or understandings regarding any additional capital raising efforts; and
- to seek to improve the liquidity of our shares of common stock and shareholder returns through higher earnings and more flexible capital management strategies.

Conditions to Completion of the Conversion

The Federal Reserve Board has conditionally approved the plan of conversion; however, this approval does not constitute a recommendation or endorsement of the plan of conversion by that agency.

We cannot complete the conversion unless:

- The plan of conversion is approved by at least *a majority of votes eligible to be cast* by members of Sound Community MHC (depositors of Sound Community Bank) as of June 27, 2012;
- The plan of conversion is approved by a vote of at least *two-thirds of the outstanding shares* of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc. as of June 22, 2012, including shares held by Sound Community MHC. (Because Sound Community MHC owns 54.8% of the outstanding shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock, we expect that Sound Community MHC and our directors and executive officers effectively will control the outcome of this vote);
- The plan of conversion is approved by a vote of at least *a majority of the outstanding shares* of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc. as of June 22, 2012, excluding those shares held by Sound Community MHC;

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- We sell at least the minimum number of shares of common stock offered; and
- We receive the final approval of the Federal Reserve Board to complete the conversion and offering; however, this approval does not constitute a recommendation or endorsement of the plan of conversion by that agency.

Sound Community MHC intends to vote its ownership interest in favor of the plan of conversion. At March 31, 2012, Sound Community MHC owned 54.8% of the outstanding shares of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc. The directors and executive officers of Sound Financial, Inc. and their affiliates owned 177,363 shares (excluding vested options to purchase 52,062 of Sound Financial, Inc.), or 6.0% of the outstanding shares of common stock as of March 31, 2012. They have indicated their intention to vote those shares in favor of the plan of conversion.

The Exchange of Existing Shares of Sound Financial, Inc. Common Stock

Each publicly held share of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock, on the effective date of the conversion, will be converted into the right to receive a number of shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock. The number of shares of common stock will be determined pursuant to the exchange ratio, which ensures that the public shareholders will own the same percentage of common stock in Sound Financial Bancorp after the conversion as they held in Sound Financial, Inc. immediately prior to the conversion, excluding any new shares purchased by them in the offering and their receipt of cash in lieu of fractional exchange shares. The exchange ratio is not dependent on the market value of our currently outstanding Sound Financial, Inc. common stock. The exchange ratio is based on

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the percentage of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock held by the public, the independent valuation of Sound Financial Bancorp prepared by RP Financial and the number of shares of common stock sold in the offering.

The following table shows how the exchange ratio will adjust based on the valuation of Sound Financial Bancorp and the number of shares of common stock issued in the offering. The table also shows the number of whole shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock a hypothetical shareholder of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock would receive in exchange for 100 shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock owned at the completion of the conversion, depending on the number of shares of common stock sold in the offering.

	New Shares to be Sold in This Offering		New Shares to be Exchanged for Existing Shares of Sound Financial, Inc.		Total Shares of Common Stock to be Outstanding After the Offering	Exchange Ratio	New Shares That Would be Received for 100 Existing Shares
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent			
Minimum	1,147,500	54.8%	947,343	45.2%	2,094,843	0.70771	71
Midpoint	1,350,000	54.8%	1,114,521	45.2%	2,464,521	0.83260	83
Maximum	1,552,500	54.8%	1,281,699	45.2%	2,834,199	0.95749	96
Adjusted Maximum	1,785,375	54.8%	1,473,954	45.2%	3,259,329	1.10111	110

No fractional shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock will be issued to any public shareholder of Sound Financial, Inc. For each fractional share that would otherwise be issued, Sound Financial Bancorp will pay in cash an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying the fractional share interest to which the holder would otherwise be entitled by the \$10.00 per share purchase price of the common stock in the offering. See Proposal 1 Approval of the Plan of Conversion and Reorganization Exchange of Existing Shareholders Stock Certificates.

Outstanding options to purchase shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock also will convert into and become options to purchase shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock. The number of shares of common stock to be received upon exercise of these options will be determined pursuant to the exchange ratio. The aggregate exercise price, duration and vesting schedule of these options will not be affected by the conversion. At March 31, 2012, there were 142,455 outstanding options to purchase shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock, 71,262 of which have vested. These outstanding options will be converted into options to purchase 101,241 shares of common stock at the minimum of the offering range and 157,519 shares of common stock at the adjusted maximum of the offering range. Because Federal Reserve Board regulations prohibit us from repurchasing our common stock during the first year following the conversion unless compelling business reasons exist, we may use authorized but unissued shares to fund option exercises that occur during the first year following the conversion. If all existing options were exercised for authorized but unissued shares of common stock following the conversion, shareholders would experience dilution of approximately 4.6% at the minimum and adjusted maximum of the offering range.

How We Determined the Offering Range, the Exchange Ratio and the \$10.00 Per Share Stock Price

The offering range and exchange ratio are based on an independent appraisal of the estimated market value of Sound Financial Bancorp assuming the conversion, the exchange and the offering are completed. RP Financial, L.C., an appraisal firm experienced in appraisals of financial institutions, has estimated that, as of May 25, 2012, this estimated pro forma market value ranged from \$20.9 million to a maximum of

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\$28.3 million, with a midpoint of \$24.6 million. Based on this valuation, the 54.8% ownership interest of Sound Community MHC being sold in the offering and the \$10.00 per share price, the number of shares of common stock being offered for sale by Sound Financial Bancorp will range from 1,147,500 shares to 1,552,500 shares. The \$10.00 per share price was selected primarily because it is the price most commonly used in mutual-to-stock conversions of financial institutions. The exchange ratio will range from 0.70771 shares at the minimum of the offering range to 0.95749 shares at the maximum of the offering range in order to approximately preserve the existing percentage ownership of public shareholders of Sound Financial Bancorp (excluding any new shares purchased by them in the offering and their receipt of cash in lieu of fractional exchange shares). If the demand for shares or market conditions warrant, the appraisal can be increased by 15%. At this adjusted maximum of the offering range, the estimated pro forma market

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value is \$32.6 million, the number of shares of common stock offered for sale will be 1,785,375 and the exchange ratio will be 1.10111 shares.

The independent appraisal is based primarily on Sound Financial, Inc.'s financial condition and results of operations, the pro forma impact of the additional capital raised by the sale of shares of common stock in the offering, and an analysis of a peer group of 10 publicly traded savings bank and thrift holding companies that RP Financial considered comparable to Sound Financial Bancorp. The appraisal peer group was initially selected from the universe of all publicly-traded savings institutions with resources, strategies, financial and other operating characteristics relatively comparable to Sound Financial Bancorp. Additional criteria applied in the selection of the appraisal peer group included that the stock institution was fully-converted for at least one year and not subject to an actual or rumored acquisition, headquartered in the state of Washington with assets less than \$1.5 billion, and trailing twelve month earnings greater than negative 0.25% of average assets, and to those companies on a national basis (excluding those companies located in the Northeastern and Mid-Atlantic regions of the United States) with assets between \$275 million and \$425 million and positive earnings. The appraisal peer group consists of the following companies. Total assets are as of March 31, 2012.

Company Name and Ticker Symbol	Exchange	Headquarters	Total Assets (in millions)
Athens Bancshares Corporation (AFCB)	NASDAQ	Athens, TN	\$ 294
Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. (EBMT)	NASDAQ	Helena, MT	332
First Financial Northwest, Inc. (FFNW)	NASDAQ	Renton, WA	1,037
Jacksonville Bancorp, Inc. (JXSB)	NASDAQ	Jacksonville, IL	317
LSB Financial Corp. (LSBI)	NASDAQ	Lafayette, IN	372
Louisiana Bancorp, Inc. (LABC)	NASDAQ	Metairie, LA	319
River Valley Bancorp (RIVR)	NASDAQ	Madison, IN	404
Timberland Bancorp, Inc. (TSBK)	NASDAQ	Hoquiam, WA	743
Wayne Savings Bancshares (WAYN)	NASDAQ	Wooster, OH	409
Wolverine Bancorp, Inc. (WBKC)	NASDAQ	Midland, MI	292

The independent appraisal does not indicate actual market value. Do not assume or expect that the estimated pro forma market value as indicated above means that, after the offering, the shares of our common stock will trade at or above the \$10.00 purchase price.

The following table presents a summary of selected pricing ratios for the peer group companies and Sound Financial Bancorp (on a pro forma basis). The pricing ratios are based on earnings and other information as of and for the twelve months ended March 31, 2012, stock price information as of May 25, 2012, as reflected in RP Financial's appraisal report, dated May 25, 2012, and the number of shares outstanding as described in Pro Forma Data. Compared to the average pricing of the peer group, our pro forma pricing ratios at the maximum of the offering range indicated a discount of 6.9% on a price-to-book value basis, a discount of 6.7% on a price-to-tangible book value basis, a discount of 17.0% on a price-to-earnings basis and a discount of 31.2% on a price-to-core earnings basis.

	Price-earnings multiple	Price-to-core- earnings multiple(1)	Price-to-book value ratio	Price-to-tangible book value ratio
Sound Financial Bancorp (on a pro forma basis, assuming completion of the conversion)				
Minimum	14.23x	10.09x	55.07%	56.31%
Midpoint	16.99x	11.99x	62.00%	63.33%
Maximum	19.83x	13.93x	68.31%	69.74%
Adjusted Maximum	23.21x	16.22x	75.02%	76.51%

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**Valuation of peer group companies, as of May
25, 2012**

Average	23.89x	20.26x	73.39%	74.77%
Median	20.55x	18.35x	75.79%	75.79%

(1) Information is derived from the RP Financial appraisal report and is based upon estimated core earnings for the twelve months ended March 31, 2012. These ratios are different from the ratios in Pro Forma Data.

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Our Board of Directors, in reviewing and approving the independent appraisal, considered the range of price-to-earnings and price-to-core earnings multiples, the range of price-to-book value and price-to-tangible book value ratios at the different ranges of shares of common stock to be sold in the offering, and did not consider one valuation approach to be more important than the other. Instead, in approving the independent appraisal, the Board of Directors concluded that these ranges represented the appropriate balance of the three approaches to establishing our estimated valuation range, and the number of shares of common stock to be sold, in comparison to the peer group institutions. The estimated appraised value and the resulting discounts and premiums took into consideration the potential financial impact of the offering as well as the trading price of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock, which increased from \$7.10 per share on January 27, 2012, the closing price on the last trading day immediately preceding the announcement of the conversion, to \$7.85 per share, the closing price on May 25, 2012, the effective date of the independent appraisal.

RP Financial, will update the independent appraisal prior to the completion of the conversion. If the estimated appraised value changes to either below \$20.9 million or above \$32.6 million, then, after consulting with the Federal Reserve, we may: set a new offering range and resolicit persons who submitted stock orders; terminate the offering and promptly return all funds; or take such other actions as may be permitted by the Federal Reserve Board and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). See Proposal Approval of the Plan of Conversion and Reorganization Stock Pricing and Number of Shares to be Issued.

After-Market Performance of Second-Step Conversion Offerings

The following table provides information regarding the after-market performance of the second-step conversion offerings completed between January 1, 2011 and May 25, 2012. A second-step conversion is a stock offering by a stock-form savings institution or its holding company that is majority-owned by a mutual holding company where the mutual holding company structure will terminate in connection with the offering. As part of its appraisal of our pro forma market value, RP Financial considered the after-market performance of these second-step conversion offerings. None of these companies were included in the peer group of 10 publicly traded companies utilized by RP Financial in performing its valuation analysis. Because the market for stocks of financial institutions was very volatile over the past two years, a relatively small number of second-step conversion offerings were completed during this period as compared to prior periods.

Company Name and Ticker Symbol	Date of Offering	Exchange	Gross Offering Proceeds (In millions)	Percentage Price Increase (Decrease) From Initial Trading Date			
				After 1 Day	After 1 Week	After 1 Month	Through May 25, 2012
Cheviot Financial Corp. (CHEV)	01/18/12	NASDAQ	\$ 37.4	3.13%	2.63%	3.50%	6.38%
Naugatuck Valley Fin. Corp. (NVSL)	06/30/11	NASDAQ	33.4	(1.30)	(2.50)	1.90	(4.38)
Rockville Financial, Inc. (RCKB)	03/04/11	NASDAQ	171.1	6.00	6.50	5.00	11.30
Eureka Financial Corp. (EKFC)	03/01/11	OTCBB	7.6	22.50	17.50	28.50	48.00
Atlantic Coast Fin. Corp. (ACFC)	02/04/11	NASDAQ	17.1	0.50	0.00	2.00	(78.20)
Alliance Bancorp, Inc. (ALLB)	01/18/11	NASDAQ	32.6	10.00	6.80	11.90	18.80
SI Financial Group, Inc. (SIFI)	01/13/11	NASDAQ	52.4	15.90	12.90	17.50	40.88
Minden Bancorp, Inc. (MDNB)	01/05/11	OTCBB	13.9	28.00	28.50	30.00	45.00
Average			\$ 45.7	10.59%	9.04%	12.54%	10.97%
Median			33.0	8.00	6.65	8.45	15.05

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The table above presents only short-term historical information on stock price performance, which may not be indicative of the longer-term performance of such stock prices. The historical stock price information is not intended to predict how our shares of common stock may perform following the offering. The historical information in the table may not be meaningful to you because the data were calculated using a small sample. Stock price performance is affected by many factors, including, but not limited to: general market and economic conditions; the interest rate environment; the amount of proceeds a company raises in its offering; and numerous factors relating to the specific company, including the experience and ability of management, historical and anticipated operating results, the nature and quality of the company's assets, and the company's market area. The companies listed in the table above may not be similar to Sound Financial Bancorp, the pricing ratios for their stock offerings may be different from the pricing ratios for Sound Financial Bancorp and the market conditions in which these offerings were completed may be different from current market conditions. Any or all of these differences may cause our stock to perform differently from these other offerings.

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How We Intend to Use the Proceeds From the Offering

Assuming we sell 1,350,000 shares of common stock in the stock offering, and we have net proceeds of \$11.9 million, we intend to distribute the net proceeds as follows:

- \$7.9 million (66.2% of the net proceeds) will be invested in Sound Community Bank;
- \$1.1 million (9.1% of the net proceeds) will be loaned by Sound Financial Bancorp to the employee stock ownership plan to fund its purchase of our shares of common stock; and
- \$2.9 million (24.7% of the net proceeds) will be retained by Sound Financial Bancorp.

We may use the funds that we retain for investments, to pay cash dividends, to repurchase shares of common stock and for other general corporate purposes. Sound Community Bank may use the proceeds it receives to support its lending activities, to develop other products and services and for other general corporate purposes. The net proceeds retained also may be used for future business expansion through opening or acquiring branch offices. We have no current arrangements or agreements with respect to any such acquisitions. Initially, a substantial portion of the net proceeds will be invested in short-term investments and mortgage-backed securities consistent with our investment policy.

Please see [How We Intend to Use the Proceeds from the Offering](#) for more information on the proposed use of the proceeds from the offering.

Benefits to Management and Potential Dilution to Shareholders Resulting from the Conversion

Employee Stock Ownership Plan. Our tax-qualified employee stock ownership plan expects to purchase up to 8% of the shares of common stock we sell in the offering, or 124,200 shares of common stock assuming we sell the maximum number of shares proposed to be sold which, when combined with the existing employee stock ownership plan, will be approximately 8% of the shares outstanding following the conversion. If we receive orders for more shares of common stock than the maximum of the offering range, the employee stock ownership plan will have first priority to purchase shares over this maximum, up to a total of 10% of the shares of common stock sold in the offering. We reserve the right to purchase shares of common stock in the open market following the offering in order to fund all or a portion of the employee stock ownership plan. Assuming the employee stock ownership plan purchases 124,200 shares in the offering, at the maximum of the offering range, we will recognize additional compensation expense, after tax, of approximately \$78,000 annually over a 10-year period, assuming the loan to the employee stock ownership plan has a 10-year term and the shares of common stock have a fair market value of \$10.00 per share for the full 10-year period. If, in the future, the shares of common stock have a fair market value greater or less than \$10.00, the compensation expense will increase or decrease accordingly.

Stock-Based Incentive Plan. We also intend to implement a new stock-based incentive plan no earlier than 12 months after completion of the conversion. Shareholder approval of this plan will be required. If implemented 12 months or more following the completion of the conversion, the stock-based incentive plan is intended to reserve a number of shares equal to 4% of the shares of common stock sold in the offering, or 71,415 shares of common stock at the adjusted maximum of the offering range for awards of restricted stock to key employees and directors, at no cost to the recipients. If the shares of common stock awarded under the stock-based incentive plan come from authorized but unissued shares of common stock, shareholders would experience dilution of up to approximately 2.1% in their ownership interest in Sound Financial Bancorp. If implemented within 12 months or more following the completion of the conversion, the stock-based incentive plan is also intended to reserve a number of shares equal to 10% of the shares of common stock sold in the offering, or 178,537 shares of common stock at the adjusted maximum of the offering range, for issuance pursuant to grants of stock options to key employees and directors. If the shares of common stock issued upon the exercise of options come from authorized but unissued shares of common stock, shareholders would experience dilution of up to 5.2% in their ownership interest in Sound Financial Bancorp. For a description of our current stock-based incentive plans, see Management Executive Compensation and Note 13 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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The following table summarizes the number of shares of common stock and the aggregate dollar value of grants that are expected under the new stock-based incentive plan as a result of the conversion. The table also shows the dilution to shareholders if all such shares are issued from authorized but unissued shares, instead of shares purchased in the open market. A portion of the stock grants shown in the table below may be made to non-management employees.

	Number of Shares to be Granted or Purchased(1)			Dilution Resulting From Issuance of Shares for Stock-Based Incentive Plans(3)	Value of Grants(2)	
	At Minimum of Offering Range	At Maximum of Offering Range	As a Percentage of Common Stock to be Sold in the Offering		At Minimum of Offering Range	At Maximum of Offering Range
Employee stock ownership plan	91,800	124,200	8.0%	NA	\$ 918,000	\$ 1,242,000
Restricted stock awards	45,900	62,100	4.0	2.14%	459,000	621,000
Stock options	114,750	155,250	10.0	5.19%	383,265	518,535
Total	252,450	341,550	22.0%	7.12%	\$ 1,760,265	\$ 2,381,535

- (1) The table assumes that the stock-based incentive plan awards a number of options and restricted stock equal to 10% and 4% of the shares of common stock sold in the offering, respectively, and the plan is implemented 12 months or more following completion of the conversion and offering. If implemented within 12 months of the completion of the conversion, the number of shares that may be reserved for grants of restricted stock and stock options cannot exceed 4% and 10%, respectively, of the total number of shares to be outstanding upon completion of the conversion, less the number of shares of restricted stock and stock options (adjusted for the exchange ratio) reserved under previously adopted benefit plans.
- (2) The actual value of restricted stock awards will be determined based on their fair value as of the date grants are made. For purposes of this table, fair value for stock awards is assumed to be the same as the offering price of \$10.00 per share. The fair value of stock options has been estimated at \$3.34 per option using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: a grant-date share price and option exercise price of \$10.00; an expected option life of 10 years; a dividend yield of 0.0%; a risk free interest rate of 2.23%; and a volatility rate of 19.79%. The actual value of option grants will be determined by the grant-date fair value of the options, which will depend on a number of factors, including the valuation assumptions used in the option pricing model ultimately adopted.
- (3) Represents the dilution of stock ownership interest. No dilution is reflected for the employee ownership plan because these shares are assumed to be purchased in the offering.

We may fund our plans through open market purchases, as opposed to new issuances of common stock; however, if any options previously granted under our existing equity incentive plan are exercised during the first year following completion of the offering, they will be funded with newly issued shares since Federal Reserve Board regulations do not permit us to repurchase our shares during the first year following the completion of this offering except to fund the grants of restricted stock under the stock-based incentive plan or, with prior regulatory approval, under extraordinary circumstances.

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The following table presents information as of March 31, 2012 regarding our existing employee stock ownership plan, our existing equity incentive plan, our proposed employee stock ownership plan purchases and our proposed stock-based incentive plan. The table below assumes that 2,834,199 shares are outstanding after the offering, which includes the sale of 1,552,500 shares in the offering at the maximum of the offering range, and the issuance of 1,281,699 shares in exchange for shares of Sound Financial, Inc. using an exchange ratio of 0.95749. It also assumes that the value of the stock is \$10.00 per share.

Existing and New Stock-Based Incentive Plans	Participants	Shares	Estimated Value of Shares	Percentage of Shares Outstanding After the Conversion
Existing employee stock ownership plan	Employees	102,315(1)	\$ 1,023,145	3.61%
New employee stock ownership plan	Employees	124,200	1,242,000	4.38
Total employee stock ownership plan		226,515	\$ 2,265,145	7.99
Existing shares of restricted stock	Directors, Officers and Employees	55,326(2)	\$ 553,257(3)	1.95
New shares of restricted stock	Directors, Officers and Employees	62,100	621,000	2.19
Total shares of restricted stock		117,426	\$ 1,174,257	4.14
Existing stock options	Directors, Officers and Employees	136,974(4)	\$ 457,492(5)	4.83
New stock options	Directors, Officers and Employees	155,250	518,535(5)	5.48
Total stock options		292,244	\$ 976,027	10.31
Total of stock-based incentive plans		636,165	\$ 4,415,429	22.44%(6)

- (1) Represents shares in the employee stock ownership plan as of March 31, 2012, as adjusted for the exchange ratio at the maximum of the offering range.
- (2) Represents shares of restricted stock authorized for grant under our existing equity incentive plan, as adjusted for the exchange ratio at the maximum of the offering range.
- (3) The actual value of restricted stock awards will be determined based on their fair value as of the date grants are made. For purposes of this table, fair value is assumed to be the same as the offering price of \$10.00 per share.
- (4) Represents shares authorized for grant under our existing equity incentive plan, as adjusted for the exchange ratio at the maximum of the offering range.
- (5) The fair value of stock options to be granted under the new stock-based incentive plan has been estimated based on an index of publicly traded thrift institutions at \$3.34 per option using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions; exercise price, \$10.00; trading price on date of grant, \$10.00; dividend yield, 0.0%; expected life, 10 years; expected volatility, 19.79%; and interest rate, 2.23%.
- (6) The number of shares of restricted stock and stock options set forth in the table would exceed regulatory limits if a stock-based incentive plan was adopted within one year of the completion of the conversion and offering. Accordingly, the number of new shares of restricted stock and stock options set forth in the table would have to be reduced such that the aggregate amount of outstanding stock awards would be 4.0% or less and outstanding stock options would be 10.0% or less, unless we obtain a waiver from the Federal Reserve Board, or we implement the incentive plan after 12 months following the completion of the conversion and offering. Our current intention is to implement a new stock-based incentive plan no earlier than 12 months after completion of the conversion and offering.

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The value of the restricted shares awarded under the stock-based incentive plan will be based on the market value of our common stock at the time the shares are awarded. The stock-based incentive plan is subject to shareholder approval, and cannot be implemented until at least six months after completion of the offering. The following table presents the total value of all shares that would be available for award and issuance under the new stock-based incentive plan, assuming the market price of our common stock ranges from \$8.00 per share to \$14.00 per share.

Share Price	45,900 Shares Awarded at Minimum of Range	54,000 Shares Awarded at Midpoint of Range	62,100 Shares Awarded at Maximum of Range	71,415 Shares Awarded at Adjusted Maximum of Range
(In thousands, except share price)				
\$ 8.00	\$ 367	\$ 432	\$ 497	\$ 571
10.00	459	540	621	714
12.00	551	648	745	857
14.00	643	756	869	1,000

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The grant-date fair value of the options granted under the new stock-based incentive plan will be based in part on the price of shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp at the time the options are granted. The value will also depend on the various assumptions used in the option pricing model ultimately adopted. The following table presents the total estimated value of the options to be available for grant under the stock-based incentive plan, assuming the market price and exercise price for the stock options are equal and the range of market prices for the shares is \$8.00 per share to \$14.00 per share.

Exercise Price	Option Value	114,750 Options at Minimum of Range	135,000 Options at Midpoint of Range	155,250 Options at Maximum of Range	178,537 Options at Adjusted Maximum of Range
(In thousands, except exercise price and option value)					
\$ 8.00	\$ 2.67	\$ 306	\$ 360	\$ 415	\$ 477
10.00	3.34	383	451	519	596
12.00	4.01	460	541	623	716
14.00	4.68	537	632	727	836

The tables presented above are provided for informational purposes only. Our shares of common stock may trade below \$10.00 per share. Before you make an investment decision, we urge you to read this entire proxy statement/prospectus carefully, including, but not limited to, the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 18.

Our Dividend Policy

Sound Financial, Inc. does not currently pay a cash dividend on its common stock. After the conversion, we intend to pay cash dividends on a quarterly basis, the amount of which will be determined following completion of the conversion, taking into account the total number of shares issued in the conversion and the exchange ratio received by existing public shareholders. The dividend rate and the continued payment of dividends also will depend on a number of factors, including our capital requirements, our financial condition and results of operations, tax considerations, statutory and regulatory limitations, and general economic conditions. No assurance can be given that we will pay dividends or that, if paid, we will not reduce or eliminate dividends in the future.

See "Selected Consolidated Financial and Other Data of Sound Financial, Inc. and Subsidiary" and "Market for the Common Stock" for information regarding our historical dividend payments.

Purchases and Ownership by our Executive Officers and Directors

We expect our directors, executive officers and their associates to purchase 24,500 shares of common stock in the offering. The purchase price paid by them will be the same \$10.00 per share price paid by all other persons who purchase shares of common stock in the offering. After the conversion, as a result of purchases in the offering and the shares they will receive in exchange for shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock that they currently own, our directors and executive officers, together with their associates, are expected to beneficially own approximately 215,519 shares of common stock, or 8.6% of our total outstanding shares of common stock, at the midpoint of the offering range.

Market for the Common Stock

Shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock currently trade on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol SNFL. Upon completion of the conversion, the shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp will replace Sound Financial, Inc.'s existing shares. We expect that Sound Financial Bancorp's shares of common stock will trade on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the trading symbol SFBC following the completion of the offering. In order to list our common stock on the Nasdaq Capital Market, we are required to have at least three broker-dealers who will make a market in our common stock. Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. intends to become a market maker in our common stock following the stock offering, but is under no obligation to do so. There can be no assurance that an active and liquid trading market for our common stock will develop or, if developed, be maintained. Persons purchasing shares of common stock in the offering may not be able to sell their shares at or above the \$10.00 price per share.

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Tax Consequences

As a general matter, the conversion will not be a taxable transaction for federal or state income tax purposes to Sound Community MHC, Sound Financial, Inc., Sound Community Bank, Sound Financial Bancorp, persons eligible to subscribe in the subscription offering, or existing shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. The position stated above with respect to no tax consequences arising from the issuance or receipt of subscription rights is based upon a reasoned opinion by counsel that subscription rights do not have any ascertainable value at the time of receipt and is supported by a letter from RP Financial to the effect that the subscription rights have no value at the time of receipt or exercise. Existing shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. who receive cash in lieu of fractional share interests in shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock will recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between the cash received and the tax basis of the fractional share. See Proposal 1 Approval of the Plan of Conversion and Reorganization Material Income Tax Consequences.

Changes in Shareholders Rights for Existing Shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc.

As a result of the conversion, existing shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. will become shareholders of Sound Financial Bancorp. Some rights of shareholders of Sound Financial Bancorp will be reduced compared to the rights shareholders currently have in Sound Financial, Inc. The reduction in shareholder rights results from differences between the federal and Maryland charters and bylaws, and from distinctions between federal and Maryland law. Many of the differences in shareholder rights under the articles of incorporation and bylaws of Sound Financial Bancorp are not mandated by Maryland law but have been chosen by management as being in the best interests of Sound Financial Bancorp and all of its shareholders. The differences in shareholder rights in the articles of incorporation and bylaws of Sound Financial Bancorp include the following: (i) a majority of shareholders is required to call a special meeting of shareholders; (ii) greater lead time required for shareholders to submit proposals for certain provisions of new business or to nominate directors; (iii) limitation on voting rights of shareholders owning more than 10% of the outstanding shares of Sound Financial Bancorp; and (iv) approval by at least 80% of outstanding shares required to amend the bylaws and certain provisions of the articles of incorporation. See Comparison of Shareholders Rights For Existing Shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. for a discussion of these differences.

Dissenters Rights

Shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. do not have dissenters rights in connection with the conversion and offering.

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RISK FACTORS

You should consider carefully the following risk factors when deciding how to vote on the conversion and before purchasing shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock.

Risks Related to Our Business

Our business is geographically concentrated in the Puget Sound region of Western Washington and changes in economic conditions, particularly a continuing or further economic slowdown in the Seattle, Washington metropolitan area, could hurt our business.

Our business is directly affected by market conditions, trends in industries located in our market area and financial, legislative and regulatory changes, and changes in governmental monetary and fiscal policies and inflation, all of which are beyond our control. As of March 31, 2012, approximately 87% of our loan portfolio was comprised of real estate loans, all of which were secured by property located in Washington State. In 2008, the housing and real estate sectors experienced an economic slowdown that has continued. There have been indications over the past year that the U.S. job market, including the job market in our market area, is improving. Economic conditions in general appear to be stabilizing, as the unemployment rates in two of our four county market area and the state of Washington have decreased since December 31, 2010, which was consistent with the nation as a whole. King County reported an unemployment rate of 7.1% for March 2012, which is lower than the state and national unemployment rates of 8.3% and 8.2%, respectively, as of March 2012. The unemployment rate in Clallam County increased from 10.1% at December 31, 2010 to 11.2% for March 2012, while the unemployment rate in Pierce County increased from 9.2% for December 2010 to 9.8% as of March 2012. Snohomish County reported an unemployment rate of 8.4% as of March 2012 as compared to 9.8% at December 31, 2010. The unemployment rates for Clallam, Pierce and Snohomish Counties all are above the state and national rates as of March 2012.

Although the U.S. economy and job market, including our market area, appears to be improving, further deterioration in economic conditions, particularly within our primary market area within the Puget Sound region in western Washington and Clallam County, Washington, could result in the following consequences, among others, any of which could materially hurt our business:

- loan delinquencies may increase;

- problem assets and foreclosures may increase;

- demand for our products and services may decline;

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- collateral for our loans may decline in value, in turn reducing a customer's borrowing power and reducing the value of collateral securing our loans; and
- the net worth and liquidity of loan guarantors may decline, impairing their ability to honor commitments to us.

Deterioration in the housing real estate market has resulted in and may continue to result in increased loan-to-value ratios on a significant portion of our one- to four-family loans and home equity lines of credit, which exposes us to greater risk of loss.

Economic deterioration throughout 2008 and weakness in the economy since then has been accompanied by continued stress in the housing markets, including declines in home prices. These declines in the housing market, with falling home prices and increasing foreclosures, compounded with weakness in the economy, have resulted in significant increases in our non-performing assets, provision for loan losses and net loan charge-offs. At March 31, 2012, we had \$9.8 million of nonperforming assets, representing 2.81% of total assets, compared to \$9.5 million, representing 2.78% of total assets, and \$5.9 million, representing 1.75% of total assets, at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2012 and the year ended December 31, 2011, our loan loss provision was \$1.5 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, compared to \$4.7 million and \$4.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Net charge-offs during the three months ended March 31, 2012 and the year ended December 31, 2011 totaled \$1.6 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, compared to \$3.7

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million and \$2.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. As of March 31, 2012, we maintained a loan loss allowance of \$4.4 million, equal to 1.45% of total loans and 56.28% of non-performing loans. In addition, our losses and expenses on real estate owned and repossessed assets have increased over the last three years from \$461,000 and \$627,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively to \$1.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2011, and totaled \$469,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012. See Our provision for loan losses and net loan charge-offs have increased significantly in recent years and we may be required to make further increases in our provision for loan losses and to charge-off additional loans in the future, which could adversely affect our results of operations and Business of Sound Financial, Inc. and Sound Community Bank Market Area.

Based on information from the Washington Center for Real Estate Research (WCRER), the average home price in the Seattle MSA in 2011 decreased 5.6 % in 2011 from 2010, and 11.2% from 2009. The average home price in Clallam County in 2011 was \$179,000, a 12.3% decrease from 2010 and a 13.3% decrease from 2009. While there were continued indications throughout the past year that the U.S. economy is stabilizing and may be improving, if housing market conditions continue to deteriorate, it may lead to additional charge-offs on our loan portfolio and additional losses and expenses related to our real estate owned as we continue to reassess the market value of the collateral securing our loans, the loss severities of loans in default, and the net realizable value of real estate owned.

Many of our one- to four-family loans and home equity loans and lines of credit are secured by liens on mortgage properties in which the borrowers have little or no equity because of these declines in home values in our market area. Residential loans with high combined loan-to-value ratios will be more sensitive to declining property values than those with lower combined loan-to-value ratios and therefore may experience a higher incidence of default and severity of losses. In addition, if the borrowers sell their homes, they may be unable to repay their loans in full from the sale. Further, the majority of our home equity lines of credit consist of second mortgage loans. For those home equity lines secured by a second mortgage, it is unlikely that we will be successful in recovering all or a portion of our loan proceeds in the event of default unless we are prepared to repay the first mortgage loan and such repayment and the costs associated with a foreclosure are justified by the value of the property. For these reasons, we may experience higher rates of delinquencies, default and losses.

Our construction and land loans have a higher risk of loss than residential or commercial real estate loans.

We make real estate construction loans to individuals and builders, primarily for the construction of residential properties. We originate these loans whether or not the collateral property underlying the loan is under contract for sale. At March 31, 2012, construction and land loans in our loan portfolio totaled \$18.2 million or 6.0% of our total loan portfolio of which \$7.6 million were for residential real estate projects. Approximately \$4.6 million of our residential construction loans were made to finance the construction of owner-occupied homes and are structured to be converted to permanent loans at the end of the construction phase. Land and lot loans, which are loans secured by raw land or developed lots on which the borrower intends to build a residence totaled \$8.9 million, and loans secured by land for acquisition and development totaled \$1.2 million at March 31, 2012. In general, construction and land lending involves additional risks because of the inherent difficulty in estimating a property's value both before and at completion of the project as well as the estimated cost of the project. Construction costs may exceed original estimates as a result of increased materials, labor or other costs. In addition, because of current uncertainties in the residential real estate market, property values have become more difficult to determine than they have historically been. Land loans also pose additional risk because of the lack of income being produced by the property and the potential illiquid nature of the collateral. The value of the lots securing our loans may be affected by the success of the development in which they are located. As a result, construction and land loans often involve the disbursement of funds with repayment dependent, in part, on the success of the project and the ability of the borrower to sell or lease the property or refinance the indebtedness, rather than the ability of the borrower or guarantor to repay principal and interest. These loans are also generally more difficult to monitor. In addition, speculative construction loans to a builder are often associated with homes that are not pre-sold, and thus pose a greater potential risk than construction loans to individuals on their personal residences. At March 31, 2012, \$1.2 million of our construction and land loans were for speculative residential construction loans.

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Our emphasis on commercial real estate lending may expose us to increased lending risks.

At March 31, 2012, we had \$105.3 million of commercial and multi-family real estate mortgage loans, representing 34.8% of our total loan portfolio. These loans typically involve higher principal amounts than other types of loans, and repayment is dependent upon income generated, or expected to be generated, by the property securing the loan in amounts sufficient to cover operating expenses and debt service, which may be adversely affected by changes in the economy or local market conditions. Commercial and multi-family mortgage loans also expose a lender to greater credit risk than loans secured by residential real estate because the collateral securing these loans typically cannot be sold as easily as residential real estate. In addition, many of our commercial and multi-family real estate loans are not fully amortizing and contain large balloon payments upon maturity. Balloon payments may require the borrower to either sell or refinance the underlying property in order to make the payment, which may increase the risk of default or non-payment. In addition, many of our commercial borrowers have more than one loan outstanding with us. Consequently, an adverse development with respect to one loan or one credit relationship can expose us to a significantly greater risk of loss.

The level of our commercial and multifamily real estate loan portfolio may subject us to additional regulatory scrutiny.

The OCC, FDIC, and the Federal Reserve have promulgated joint guidance on sound risk management practices for financial institutions with concentrations in commercial real estate lending. Under this guidance, a financial institution that, like us, is actively involved in commercial real estate lending should perform a risk assessment to identify concentrations. A financial institution may have a concentration in commercial real estate lending if, among other factors (i) total reported loans for construction, land development, and other land represent 100% or more of total capital, or (ii) total reported loans secured by multifamily and non-farm residential properties, loans for construction, land development and other land, and loans otherwise sensitive to the general commercial real estate market, including loans to commercial real estate related entities, represent 300% or more of total capital. The particular focus of the guidance is on exposure to commercial real estate loans that are dependent on the cash flow from the real estate held as collateral and that are likely to be at greater risk to conditions in the commercial real estate market (as opposed to real estate collateral held as a secondary source of repayment or as an abundance of caution). The purpose of the guidance is to guide banks in developing risk management practices and capital levels commensurate with the level and nature of real estate concentrations. The guidance states that management should employ heightened risk management practices including board and management oversight and strategic planning, development of underwriting standards, risk assessment and monitoring through market analysis and stress testing.

We have concluded that we have a concentration in commercial real estate lending under the foregoing standards because our \$105.3 million balance in commercial real estate loans at March 31, 2012 represents 300% or more of total capital. While we believe we have implemented policies and procedures with respect to our commercial real estate loan portfolio consistent with this guidance, bank regulators could require us to implement additional policies and procedures consistent with their interpretation of the guidance that may result in additional costs to us.

Repayment of our commercial business loans is often dependent on the cash flows of the borrower, which may be unpredictable, and the collateral securing these loans may fluctuate in value.

At March 31, 2012, we had \$13.3 million or 4.4% of total loans in commercial business loans. Commercial lending involves risks that are different from those associated with residential and commercial real estate lending. Real estate lending is generally considered to be collateral based lending with loan amounts based on predetermined loan to collateral values and liquidation of the underlying real estate collateral being viewed as the primary source of repayment in the event of borrower default. Our commercial loans are primarily made based on the cash flow of the borrower and secondarily on the underlying collateral provided by the borrower. The borrowers' cash flow may be unpredictable, and collateral securing these loans may fluctuate in value. Although commercial loans are often collateralized by equipment, inventory, accounts

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receivable, or other business assets, the liquidation of collateral in the event of default is often an insufficient source of repayment because accounts receivable may be uncollectible and inventories may be obsolete or of limited use, among other things. Accordingly, the repayment of commercial loans depends primarily on the cash flow and credit worthiness of the borrower and secondarily on the underlying collateral provided by the borrower.

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Our consumer loan portfolio possesses increased risk.

Our consumer loans accounted for approximately \$28.3 million or 9.3% of our total loan portfolio as of March 31, 2012, of which \$18.0 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, consisted of manufactured home loans and other consumer loans, including automobile loans. Generally, we consider these manufactured home and other consumer loans to involve a different degree of risk compared to first mortgage loans on one- to four-family residential properties. As a result of our large portfolio of these loans, it may become necessary to increase the level of our provision for loan losses, which could decrease our profits. Consumer loans generally entail greater risk than do one- to four-family residential mortgage loans, particularly in the case of loans that are secured by rapidly depreciable assets, such as manufactured homes, automobiles and recreational vehicles. In these cases, any repossessed collateral for a defaulted loan may not provide an adequate source of repayment of the outstanding loan balance. Manufactured homes are a more risky form of collateral, because they are costly and difficult to relocate when repossessed, and difficult to sell due to the diminishing number of manufactured home parks in the Puget Sound area. Additionally, a good portion of our manufactured home loan borrowers are first-time home buyers, who tend to be a higher credit risk than first-time home buyers of single family residences, due to limited financial resources. As a result, these loans have a higher probability of default, higher delinquency rates and greater servicing costs than other types of consumer loans.

Our loan portfolio possesses increased risk as the result of subprime loans.

Although we do not actively engage in originating subprime loans, through our normal lending practices we held in our loan portfolio at March 31, 2012, \$22.7 million in loans identified as subprime at the time loan origination, representing 7.5% of our total loan portfolio. Subprime loans are defined by bank regulators as loans that at the time of loan origination had FICO scores of less than 660. At the time of loan origination, our subprime borrowers had an average FICO score of 631. We obtain updated FICO scores on all our borrowers annually, and based on this updated score, at March 31, 2012, \$16.6 million or 5.5% of our total loan portfolio would be deemed subprime. As of March 31, 2012, our subprime portfolio, based on the FICO score at the time of loan origination or modification, included approximately \$14.3 million in one- to four-family mortgage loans (of which \$3.0 million were adjustable rate), \$5.2 million in home equity loans (all of which are adjustable rate), \$2.4 million in manufactured home loans (none of which were adjustable rate) and \$942,000 in other types of consumer loans (of which \$203,000 were adjustable rate). Approximately 91% of our subprime loans were originated prior to 2010, and these loans are managed in the ordinary course of business. Subprime loans are generally considered to have an increased risk of delinquency and foreclosure than do conforming loans, especially when adjustable rate loans adjust to a higher interest rate. Consequently, we could sustain loan losses and potentially incur a higher loan loss provision as a result of these subprime loans. At March 31, 2012, \$590,000 of our subprime loans was categorized as nonaccrual. Net charge offs in our subprime loan portfolio totaled \$854,000 in 2011 and \$441,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Our provision for loan losses and net loan charge-offs have increased significantly in recent years and we may be required to make further increases in our provision for loan losses and to charge-off additional loans in the future, which could adversely affect our results of operations.

For the three months ended March 31, 2012 and year ended December 31, 2011, we recorded a provision for loan losses of \$1.5 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, as compared to \$4.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. We also recorded net loan charge-offs of \$1.6 million and \$4.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and year ended December 31, 2011, respectively, compared to \$3.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2010. We are still recording higher than our historical levels of loan delinquencies and credit losses. Slower sales, excess inventory and declining prices in the housing market have been the primary causes of the increase in delinquencies and foreclosures in our loan portfolio. If current weak conditions in the housing and real estate markets continue, we expect that we will continue to experience further delinquencies and credit losses. As a result, we may be required to make further increases in our provision for loan losses and to charge off additional loans in the future, which could materially adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

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Our allowance for loan losses may prove to be insufficient to absorb losses in our loan portfolio.

Lending money is a substantial part of our business and each loan carries a certain risk that it will not be repaid in accordance with its terms, or that any underlying collateral will not be sufficient to assure repayment. This risk is affected by, among other things:

- cash flow of the borrower and/or the project being financed;
- the changes and uncertainties as to the future value of the collateral, in the case of a collateralized loan;
- the duration of the loan;
- the character and creditworthiness of a particular borrower; and
- changes in economic and industry conditions.

We maintain an allowance for loan losses, which we believe is an appropriate reserve to provide for probable losses in our loan portfolio. The allowance is funded by provisions for loan losses charged to expense. The amount of this allowance is determined by our management through periodic reviews and consideration of several factors, including, but not limited to:

- our general reserve, based on our historical default and loss experience, certain macroeconomic factors, and management's expectations of future events;
- our specific reserve, based on our evaluation of non-performing loans and their underlying collateral; and
- an unallocated reserve to provide for other credit losses inherent in our portfolio that may not have been contemplated in the other loss factors.

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The determination of the appropriate level of the allowance for loan losses inherently involves a high degree of subjectivity and requires us to make significant estimates of current credit risks and future trends, all of which may undergo material changes. Continuing deterioration in economic conditions affecting borrowers, new information regarding existing loans, identification of additional problem loans and other factors, both within and outside of our control, may require an increase in the allowance for loan losses. In addition, bank regulatory agencies periodically review our allowance for loan losses and may require an increase in the provision for possible loan losses or the recognition of further loan charge-offs, based on judgments different than those of management. In addition, if charge-offs in future periods exceed the allowance for loan losses we will need additional provisions to replenish the allowance for loan losses. Any additional provisions will result in a decrease in net income and possibly capital, and may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

If our nonperforming assets increase, our earnings will be adversely affected.

At March 31, 2012, and December 31, 2011 and 2010, our nonperforming assets (which consist of non-performing loans, including nonperforming troubled debt restructured loans (TDRs), and other real estate owned (OREO) and repossessed assets were \$9.8 million, \$9.5 million and \$5.9 million, respectively, or 2.81%, 2.78% and 1.75% of total assets, respectively. Our nonperforming assets adversely affect our net income in various ways:

- We record interest income only on a cash basis for nonaccrual loans and any nonperforming investment securities; and do not record interest income for OREO;
- We must provide for probable loan losses through a current period charge to the provision for loan losses;
- Non-interest expense increases when we write down the value of properties in our OREO portfolio to reflect changing market values or recognize other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) on nonperforming investment securities;

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- There are legal fees associated with the resolution of problem assets, as well as carrying costs, such as taxes, insurance, and maintenance fees related to our OREO; and
- The resolution of nonperforming assets requires the active involvement of management, which can distract them from more profitable activity.

If additional borrowers become delinquent and do not pay their loans and we are unable to successfully manage our nonperforming assets, our losses and troubled assets could increase significantly, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. See Business of Sound Financial, Inc. and Sound Community Bank Asset Quality.

If our OREO is not properly valued or sufficiently reserved to cover actual losses, or if we are required to increase our valuation reserves, our earnings could be reduced.

We obtain updated valuations in the form of appraisals and broker price opinions when a loan has been foreclosed and the property taken in as OREO and at certain other times during the asset's holding period. Our net book value (NBV) in the loan at the time of foreclosure and thereafter is compared to the updated market value of the foreclosed property less estimated selling costs (fair value). A charge-off is recorded for any excess in the asset's NBV over its fair value. If our valuation process is incorrect, or if property values decline, the fair value of our OREO may not be sufficient to recover our carrying value in such assets, resulting in the need for additional charge-offs. Significant charge-offs to our OREO could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, bank regulators periodically review our OREO and may require us to recognize further charge-offs. Any increase in our charge-offs may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

Impairment of our investment securities could require charges to earnings, which could result in a negative impact on our results of operations.

In assessing the impairment of investment securities, we consider the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuers, whether the decline in market value was affected by macroeconomic conditions and whether we have the intent to sell the security or will be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery. During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, we recognized a non-cash OTTI charge of \$91,000, \$96,000 and \$98,000, respectively on securities held in our available-for-sale investments. There can be no assurance that future declines in market value of our investment securities will not result in OTTI of these assets, which would lead to accounting charges that could have a material adverse effect on our net income and capital levels.

Decreased volumes and lower gains on sales of mortgage loans sold could adversely impact our non-interest income.

We originate and sell one- to four-family mortgage loans. Our mortgage banking income is a significant portion of our non-interest income. We generate gains on the sale of one- to four-family mortgage loans pursuant to programs currently offered by offered by Fannie Mae. Fannie Mae accounts for a substantial portion of the secondary market in residential mortgage loans. Any future changes in their programs, our eligibility to participate in such programs, the criteria for loans to be accepted or laws that significantly affect the activity of such entities could, in turn, materially adversely affect our results of operations. Further, in a rising or higher interest rate environment, our originations of mortgage loans may decrease, resulting in fewer loans that are available to be sold to investors. This would result in a decrease in mortgage banking revenues and a corresponding decrease in non-interest income. In addition, our results of operations are affected by the amount of non-interest expense associated with mortgage banking activities, such as salaries and employee benefits, occupancy, equipment and data processing expense and other operating costs. During periods of reduced loan demand, our results of operations may be adversely affected to the extent that we are unable to reduce expenses commensurate with the decline in loan originations.

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We use estimates in determining the fair value of certain assets, such as mortgage servicing rights (MSR) . If our estimates prove to be incorrect, we may be required to write down the value of these assets which could adversely affect our earnings.

A substantial portion of our one- to four-family loans are sold into the secondary market. We generally retain the right to service these loans. We have also purchased MSRs to deploy capital at acceptable returns. At March 31, 2012 our MSRs totaled \$2.8 million. We use a financial model that uses, wherever possible, quoted market prices to value our MSRs. This model is complex and also uses assumptions related to interest and discount rates, prepayment speeds, delinquency and foreclosure rates and ancillary fee income.

Valuations are highly dependent upon the reasonableness of our assumptions and the predictability of the relationships that drive the results of the model. The primary risk associated with MSRs is that they will lose a substantial portion of their value as a result of higher than anticipated prepayments occasioned by declining interest rates. Conversely, these assets generally increase in value in a rising interest rate environment to the extent that prepayments are slower than anticipated. If prepayment speeds increase more than estimated or delinquency and default levels are higher than anticipated we may be required to write down the value of our MSRs which could have a material adverse effect on our net income and capital levels.

We are subject to interest rate risk.

Our earnings and cash flows are largely dependent upon our net interest income. Interest rates are highly sensitive to many factors that are beyond our control, including general economic conditions and policies of various governmental and regulatory agencies and, in particular, the Federal Reserve. Changes in monetary policy, including changes in interest rates, could influence not only the interest we receive on loans and investments and the amount of interest we pay on deposits and borrowings, but these changes could also affect (i) our ability to originate loans and obtain deposits, (ii) the fair value of our financial assets and liabilities and (iii) the average duration of our mortgage-backed securities portfolio and other interest-earning assets. If the interest rates paid on deposits and other borrowings increase at a faster rate than the interest rates received on loans and other investments, our net interest income, and therefore earnings, could be adversely affected. Earnings could also be adversely affected if the interest rates received on loans and other investments fall more quickly than the interest rates paid on deposits and other borrowings. In addition, a substantial amount of our residential mortgage loans and home equity lines of credit have adjustable interest rates. As a result, these loans may experience a higher rate of default in a rising interest rate environment.

Although management believes it has implemented effective asset and liability management strategies to reduce the potential effects of changes in interest rates on our results of operations, any substantial, unexpected, prolonged change in market interest rates could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. Also, our interest rate risk modeling techniques and assumptions likely may not fully predict or capture the impact of actual interest rate changes on our balance sheet. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Asset /Liability Management.

Liquidity risk could impair our ability to fund operations and jeopardize our financial condition.

Liquidity is essential to our business. An inability to raise funds through deposits, borrowings, the sale of loans or other sources could have a substantial negative effect on our liquidity. Our access to funding sources in amounts adequate to finance our activities or the terms of which are acceptable to us could be impaired by factors that affect us specifically or the financial services industry or economy in general. Factors that

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could detrimentally impact our access to liquidity sources include a decrease in the level of our business activity as a result of a downturn in the Washington markets in which our loans are concentrated or adverse regulatory action against us. Our ability to borrow could also be impaired by factors that are not specific to us, such as a disruption in the financial markets or negative views and expectations about the prospects for the financial services industry in light of the recent turmoil faced by banking organizations and the continued deterioration in credit markets. Deposit flows, calls of investment securities and wholesale borrowings, and the prepayment of loans and mortgage-related securities are also strongly influenced by such external factors as the direction of interest rates, whether actual or perceived, and competition for deposits and loans in the markets we serve. Furthermore, changes to the underwriting guidelines of the FHLB, for wholesale borrowings or lending policies may limit or restrict our ability to borrow, and could therefore have a significant adverse impact on our liquidity. A decline in available funding could adversely impact our ability to originate loans, invest in securities, meet our expenses, or to fulfill such obligations as repaying

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our borrowings or meeting deposit withdrawal demands. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Liquidity.

Further deterioration in the financial position of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle may result in future impairment losses on our investment in Federal Home Loan Bank stock.

At March 31, 2012, we owned \$2.4 million of stock of the FHLB. As a condition of membership at the FHLB, we are required to purchase and hold a certain amount of FHLB stock. Our stock purchase requirement is based, in part, upon the outstanding principal balance of advances from the FHLB and is calculated in accordance with the Capital Plan of the FHLB. Our FHLB stock has a par value of \$100, is carried at cost, and is subject to recoverability testing. The FHLB announced that it had a risk-based capital deficiency under the regulations of the Federal Housing Finance Agency, or FHFA, its primary regulator, as of December 31, 2008, and that it would suspend future dividends and the repurchase and redemption of outstanding common stock. As a result, the FHLB has not paid a dividend since the fourth quarter of 2008. In August 2009, under the FHFA's prompt corrective action regulations, the FHLB received a capital classification of undercapitalized and has subsequently remained so classified, due to, among other things, risk-based capital deficiencies as of March 31, 2009 and June 30, 2009, the deterioration in the value of its private-label mortgage-backed securities and the amount of accumulated unrealized losses stemming from that deterioration, and the amount of its retained earnings. On October 25, 2010, the FHLB entered into a consent order with the FHFA. The consent order required, among other matters, the FHLB meet and maintain certain minimum financial requirements. The FHLB has communicated that with the exception of a retained earnings requirement, it is in compliance with the minimum financial requirements and has continued taking the specified actions and is working toward meeting the agreed-upon milestones and timelines for completing capital management, asset composition, and other operational and risk management improvements as indicated in the consent order. As a result, we have not recorded an impairment on our investment in FHLB stock. Further deterioration in the FHLB's financial position may, however, result in future impairment in the value of those securities. We will continue to monitor the financial condition of the FHLB and its compliance with the consent order as it relates to, among other things, the recoverability of our investment.

Strong competition within our market area may limit our growth and profitability.

We face substantial competition in all phases of our operations from a variety of different competitors. Our future growth and success will depend on our ability to compete effectively in this highly competitive environment. To date, we have been competitive by focusing on our business lines in our market area and emphasizing the high level of service and responsiveness desired by our customers. We compete for loans, deposits and other financial services with other commercial banks, thrifts, credit unions, brokerage houses, mutual funds, insurance companies and specialized finance companies. Many of our competitors offer products and services which we do not offer, and many have substantially greater resources and lending limits, name recognition and market presence that benefit them in attracting business. In addition, larger competitors may be able to price loans and deposits more aggressively than we do, and newer competitors may also be more aggressive in terms of pricing loan and deposit products than we are in order to obtain a share of the market. Some of the financial institutions and financial services organizations with which we compete are not subject to the same degree of regulation as is imposed on bank holding companies, federally insured state-chartered banks and national banks and federal savings banks. As a result, these nonbank competitors have certain advantages over us in accessing funding and in providing various services. Our profitability depends upon our continued ability to successfully compete in our market area. The greater resources and deposit and loan products offered by some of our competitors may limit our ability to increase our interest earning assets.

We operate in a highly regulated environment and may be adversely affected by changes in federal and state laws and regulations, including financial reform legislation recently enacted by Congress that is expected to increase our costs of operations.

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Sound Community Bank is currently subject to extensive examination, supervision and comprehensive regulation by the OCC and, upon completion of the offering, as a bank holding company Sound Financial Bancorp will be subject to examination, supervision and regulation by the Federal Reserve. These regulatory authorities have extensive discretion in connection with their supervisory and enforcement activities, including the ability to impose restrictions on an institution's operations, reclassify assets, determine the adequacy of an institution's allowance for loan losses and determine the level of deposit insurance premiums assessed. See Supervision and Regulation.

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Additionally, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the Dodd-Frank Act) has significantly changed the bank regulatory structure and will affect the lending, deposit, investment, trading and operating activities of financial institutions and their holding companies. The Dodd-Frank Act requires various federal agencies to adopt a broad range of new implementing rules and regulations, and to prepare numerous studies and reports for Congress. The federal agencies are given significant discretion in drafting the implementing rules and regulations, and consequently, many of the details and much of the impact of the Dodd-Frank Act may not be known for many months or years.

Certain provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act are expected to have a near term impact on Sound Community Bank and Sound Financial Bancorp. For example, a provision of the Dodd-Frank Act eliminates the federal prohibitions on paying interest on demand deposits, thus allowing businesses to have interest bearing checking accounts. Depending on competitive responses, this significant change to existing law could have an adverse impact on our interest expense.

In addition, the Dodd-Frank Act creates a new Consumer Financial Protection Bureau with broad powers to supervise and enforce consumer protection laws. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau has broad rule-making authority for a wide range of consumer protection laws that apply to all banks and savings institutions, including the authority to prohibit unfair, deceptive or abusive acts and practices. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau has examination and enforcement authority over all banks and savings institutions with more than \$10 billion in assets. Financial institutions such as Sound Community Bank with \$10 billion or less in assets will continue to be examined for compliance with the consumer laws by their primary bank regulators.

It is difficult to predict at this time what specific impact the Dodd-Frank Act and the yet to be written implementing rules and regulations will have on community banks. However, it is expected that at minimum they will increase our operating and compliance costs and could increase our interest expense. Any additional changes in our regulation and oversight, in the form of new laws, rules and regulations, could make compliance more difficult or expensive or otherwise materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or prospects.

Legal related costs might continue to increase.

We are subject to a variety of legal matters that have arisen in the ordinary course of our business. In the current economic environment, our involvement in litigation has increased significantly, primarily as a result of defaulted borrowers asserting claims to defeat or delay foreclosure proceedings. There can be no assurance that our loan workout and other activities will not expose us to additional legal actions, including lender liability or environmental claims. As a result, we may be exposed to substantial liabilities, which could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Moreover, the expenses of legal proceedings will adversely affect our results of operations until they are resolved.

We rely on communications, information, operating and financial control systems technology from third-party service providers, and we may suffer an interruption in those systems.

We rely heavily on third-party service providers for much of our communications, information, operating and financial control systems technology, including our internet banking services and data processing systems. Any failure or interruption of these services or systems or breaches in security of these systems could result in failures or interruptions in our customer relationship management, general ledger, deposit, servicing and/or loan origination systems. The occurrence of any failures or interruptions may require us to identify alternative sources of such services, and we cannot assure you that we could negotiate terms that are as favorable to us, or could obtain services with similar functionality as

found in our existing systems without the need to expend substantial resources, if at all.

Risks Related to the Offering and Exchange

The market value of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock received in the share exchange may be less than the market value of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock exchanged.

The number of shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock you receive will be based on an exchange ratio that will be determined as of the date of completion of the conversion and offering. The exchange ratio will be based on the percentage of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock held by the public prior to the completion of the

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conversion and offering, the final independent appraisal of Sound Financial Bancorp prepared by RP Financial and the number of shares of common stock sold in the offering. The exchange ratio will ensure that existing public shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock will own the same percentage of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock after the conversion and offering as they owned of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock immediately prior to completion of the conversion and offering (excluding any new shares purchased by them in the offering and their receipt of cash in lieu of fractional exchange shares). The exchange ratio will not depend on the market price of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock.

The exchange ratio ranges from 0.70771 shares at the minimum to 0.95749 shares at the maximum (and 1.10111 shares at the adjusted maximum) of the offering range of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock per share of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock. Shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock issued in the share exchange will have an initial value of \$10.00 per share. Depending on the exchange ratio and the market value of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock at the time of the exchange, the initial market value of the Sound Financial Bancorp common stock that you receive in the share exchange could be less than the market value of the Sound Financial, Inc. common stock that you currently own. Based on the most recent closing price of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock prior to the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, which was \$7.70, unless at least 1,248,500 shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock are sold in the offering (which is between the minimum and the midpoint of the offering range), the initial value of the Sound Financial Bancorp common stock you receive in the share exchange would be less than the market value of the Sound Financial, Inc. common stock you currently own.

Our stock price may decline when trading commences.

If you purchase shares in the offering you might not be able to sell them later at or above the \$10.00 purchase price. Publicly traded stock, including stock of financial institutions, has recently experienced substantial market price volatility. In several recent transactions, shares of common stock issued by newly converted savings institutions or mutual holding companies have traded below the initial offering price.

The final aggregate purchase price of the shares of common stock in the offering will be based on an independent appraisal and may not be indicative of the actual value of Sound Financial Bancorp.

The appraisal is not intended, and should not be construed, as a recommendation of any kind as to the advisability of purchasing shares of common stock. The valuation is based on estimates and projections of a number of matters, all of which are subject to change from time to time. After our shares begin trading, the trading price of our common stock will be determined by the marketplace and may be influenced by many factors, including prevailing interest rates, the overall performance of the economy, investor perceptions of Sound Financial Bancorp and the outlook for the financial institutions industry in our region and in general.

There may be a limited trading market in our common stock, which would hinder your ability to sell our common stock and may lower the market price of the stock.

Sound Financial Bancorp has never issued stock and, therefore, there is no current trading market for the shares of common stock. While we expect our common stock to be quoted on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol SFBC, we cannot predict whether an active and liquid trading market for our common stock will develop. Persons purchasing shares may not be able to sell their shares when they desire if a liquid trading market does not develop or sell them at a price equal to or above the initial purchase price of \$10.00 per share even if a liquid trading

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market develops. A limited trading market for our common stock may reduce the market value of the common stock and make it difficult to buy or sell our shares on short notice. A limited trading market could also result in a wider spread between the bid and ask price for the stock, meaning the highest price being offered for shares for sale at any particular time may be further from the lowest price being offered by buyers for the stock at that moment than if the stock were more actively traded (the difference between the bid and ask price being the spread for the stock). This could make it more difficult to sell a large number of shares at one time and could mean the sale of a large number of shares at one time could depress the market price. See Market for the Common Stock.

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We have significant discretion over the investment of the offering proceeds and may not be able to achieve acceptable returns on the proceeds from the offering.

Sound Financial Bancorp intends to contribute between \$7.7 million and \$8.1 million of the net proceeds of the offering (or \$8.2 million at the adjusted maximum of the offering range) to Sound Community Bank. We will use a portion of the remaining net proceeds retained to finance the purchase of common stock in the offering by the employee stock ownership plan and may use the remaining net proceeds to pay cash dividends to shareholders, repurchase shares of common stock, purchase securities, and for other general corporate purposes. Sound Community Bank may use the proceeds it receives to support its lending activities, to develop other products and services and for other general corporate purposes. The net proceeds retained also may be used for future business expansion through acquisitions of banks, thrifts and other financial services companies, and opening or acquiring branch offices. We have not, however, identified specific amounts of proceeds for any of these purposes and we will have significant flexibility in determining the amount of net proceeds we apply to different uses and the timing of these applications. Our failure to utilize these funds effectively could reduce our profitability. We have not established a timetable for the effective deployment of the proceeds on a long-term basis, and we cannot predict how long we will need to deploy the proceeds effectively. Investing the offering proceeds in securities until we are able to deploy the proceeds will provide lower margins than we generally earn on loans, potentially adversely affecting shareholder returns, including earnings per share, return on assets and return on equity.

Our return on equity initially will be low compared to our historical performance. A lower return on equity may negatively impact the trading price of our common stock.

Net income divided by average shareholders' equity, known as return on average equity, is a ratio many investors use to compare the performance of a financial institution to its peers. Our return on average equity ratio for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and the year ended December 31, 2011 was 7.42% and 5.50%, respectively, compared to a median return on equity of 3.42% based on trailing twelve-month earnings for all publicly traded fully converted savings institutions as of March 31, 2012. Although we expect that our net income will increase following the offering, our return on average equity may decrease as a result of the additional capital that we will raise in the offering. For example, our pro forma return on equity for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and the year ended December 31, 2011 was 4.95% and 3.41%, respectively, assuming the sale of shares at the maximum of the offering range. Over time, we intend to use the net proceeds from the offering to increase earnings per share and book value per share, without assuming undue risk, with the goal of achieving a return on equity that is comparable to our historical performance. This goal may take a number of years to achieve, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to achieve it. Consequently, you should not expect a return on equity similar to our current return on equity in the near future. Failure to achieve a competitive return on equity may make an investment in our common stock unattractive to some investors and may cause our common stock to trade at lower prices than comparable companies with higher returns on equity. See Pro Forma Data for an illustration of the financial impact of the offering.

The implementation of the stock-based incentive plan may dilute your ownership interest.

We intend to adopt a new stock-based incentive plan following the offering, subject to receipt of shareholder approval. This stock-based incentive plan may be funded either through open market purchases or from the issuance of authorized but unissued shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp. While our intention is to fund this plan through open market purchases, shareholders would experience a 7.1% reduction in ownership interest at the adjusted maximum of the offering range in the event newly issued shares of our common stock are used to fund stock options and shares of restricted common stock under the plan in an amount equal to up to 10.0% and 4.0%, respectively, of the shares sold in the offering. See Pro Forma Data and Management Benefits to Be Considered Following Completion of the Conversion.

Additional expenses following the conversion from the compensation and benefit expenses associated with the implementation of the new stock-based incentive benefit plan will adversely affect our profitability.

We intend to adopt a new stock-based incentive plan after the offering, subject to shareholder approval, pursuant to which plan participants would be awarded restricted shares of our common stock (at no cost to them) and options to purchase shares of our common stock in an amount equal to up to 4.0% and 10.0%, respectively, of the shares sold in the offering. Following the offering, our non-interest expenses are likely to increase as we will recognize additional annual employee compensation and benefit expenses related to the shares granted to employees

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and executives under our stock-based incentive plan. We cannot predict the actual amount of these new stock-related compensation and benefit expenses because applicable accounting practices require that expenses be based on the fair market value of the shares of common stock at specific points in the future; however, we expect them to be material. In addition, we will recognize expense for our employee stock ownership plan when shares are committed to be released to participants' accounts (i.e., as the loan used to acquire these shares is repaid), and we will recognize expense for restricted stock awards and stock options over the vesting period of awards made to recipients. The expense in the first year following the offering has been estimated to be approximately \$171,000 (\$108,000 after tax), assuming all options are granted under the plan, at the adjusted maximum of the offering range as set forth in the pro forma financial information under Pro Forma Data, assuming the \$10.00 per share purchase price as fair market value. Actual expenses, however, may be higher or lower, depending on the price of our common stock. See Pro Forma Data and Management Benefits to Be Considered Following Completion of the Conversion.

Our growth or future losses may require us to raise additional capital in the future, but that capital may not be available when it is needed or the cost of that capital may be very high.

We are required by federal regulatory authorities to maintain adequate levels of capital to support our operations. We believe the net proceeds of this offering will be sufficient to permit Sound Community Bank to maintain regulatory capital compliance for the foreseeable future. Nonetheless, we may at some point need to raise additional capital to support continued growth.

Our ability to raise additional capital, if needed, will depend on conditions in the capital markets at that time, which are outside our control, and on our financial condition and performance. Accordingly, we may not be able to raise additional capital if needed on terms that are acceptable to us, or at all. If we cannot raise additional capital when needed, our operations could be materially impaired and our financial condition and liquidity could be materially and adversely affected. In addition, if we are unable to raise additional capital when required by the Federal Reserve or the OCC, we may be subject to adverse regulatory action. See Supervision and Regulation.

Various factors may make takeover attempts more difficult to achieve.

Our Board of Directors has no current intention to sell control of Sound Financial Bancorp. Provisions of our articles of incorporation and bylaws, federal regulations, Maryland law, shares of restricted stock and stock options that we have granted or may grant to employees and directors, the level of stock ownership by our management and directors and employment agreements that we have entered into with our executive officers, and various other factors may discourage attempts or make it more difficult for companies or persons to acquire or assume control of Sound Financial Bancorp without the consent of our Board of Directors. Our shareholders may want a takeover attempt to succeed because, for example, a potential acquirer could offer a premium over the then prevailing price of our common stock or they might otherwise think such a transaction is in their best interests. For additional information, see Restrictions on Acquisition of Sound Financial Bancorp, Management Employment Agreements, and Benefits to be Considered Following Completion of the Conversion.

There may be a decrease in shareholders' rights for existing shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc.

As a result of the conversion, existing shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. will become shareholders of Sound Financial Bancorp. Some rights of shareholders of Sound Financial Bancorp will be reduced compared to the rights shareholders currently have in Sound Financial, Inc. The reduction in shareholder rights results from differences between the federal and Maryland charters and bylaws, and from distinctions between

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federal and Maryland law. Many of the differences in shareholder rights under the articles of incorporation and bylaws of Sound Financial Bancorp are not mandated by Maryland law but have been chosen by management as being in the best interests of Sound Financial Bancorp and its shareholders. The articles of incorporation and bylaws of Sound Financial Bancorp include the following provisions: (i) approval by at least a majority of outstanding shares required to remove a director for cause; (ii) greater lead time required for shareholders to submit proposals for new business or to nominate directors; and (iii) approval by at least 80% of outstanding shares of capital stock entitled to vote generally is required to amend the bylaws and certain provisions of the articles of incorporation. See [Comparison of Shareholders' Rights For Existing Shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc.](#) for a discussion of these differences.

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INFORMATION ABOUT THE ANNUAL MEETING

General

This proxy statement/prospectus is being furnished to you in connection with the solicitation by the Board of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc. of proxies to be voted at the annual meeting of shareholders to be held in the Sound Community Bank's offices located at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington, on August 15, 2012, at 2:30 p.m., Pacific time, and any adjournment or postponement thereof.

The purpose of the annual meeting is to consider and vote upon:

- The Plan of Conversion and Reorganization of Sound Community MHC, referred to herein as the plan of conversion;

- The election of three directors of Sound Financial, Inc., each for a three year term; and

- Ratification of the appointment of Moss Adams, LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2012.

In addition, shareholders will vote on a proposal to approve the adjournment of the annual meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in the event that there are not sufficient votes at the time of the annual meeting to approve the plan of conversion. Shareholders also will vote on informational proposals with respect to the articles of incorporation of Sound Financial Bancorp.

The plan of conversion provides for a series of transactions, referred to as the conversion and offering, which will result in the elimination of the mutual holding company. The plan of conversion will also result in (i) the creation of a new stock holding company, referred to in this document as Sound Financial Bancorp, which will own all of the outstanding shares of Sound Community Bank, (ii) the exchange of shares of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc. by shareholders other than Sound Community MHC, who are referred to as the public shareholders, for shares of Sound Financial Bancorp, and (iii) the issuance and the sale of additional shares to depositors of Sound Community Bank and others in an offering.

We cannot complete the conversion and offering unless:

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- The plan of conversion is approved by at least *a majority of votes eligible* to be cast by members of Sound Community MHC as of June 27, 2012;
- The plan of conversion is approved by a vote of at least *two-thirds of the outstanding shares* of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc. as of June 22, 2012, including shares held by Sound Community MHC;
- The plan of conversion is approved by a vote of at least *a majority of the outstanding shares* of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc. as of June 22, 2012, excluding those shares held by Sound Community MHC;
- We sell at least the minimum number of shares of common stock offered; and
- We receive the final approval of the Federal Reserve Board to complete the conversion, however, such approval does not constitute a recommendation or endorsement of the plan of conversion by that agency.

Voting for or against the plan of conversion includes a vote for or against the conversion of Sound Community MHC to a stock holding company as contemplated by the plan of conversion. Voting in favor of the plan of conversion will not obligate you to purchase any shares of common stock in the offering and will not affect the balance, interest rate or federal deposit insurance of any deposits at Sound Community Bank.

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Who Can Vote at the Meeting

You are entitled to vote your Sound Financial, Inc. common stock if our records show that you held your shares as of the close of business on June 22, 2012. If your shares are held in a stock brokerage account or by a bank or other nominee, you are considered the beneficial owner of shares held in street name and these proxy materials are being forwarded to you by your broker or nominee. As the beneficial owner, you have the right to direct your broker or nominee how to vote.

As of the close of business on June 22, 2012, there were 2,960,045 shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock outstanding. Each share of common stock has one vote.

Attending the Meeting

If you are a shareholder as of the close of business on June 22, 2012, you may attend the meeting. However, if you hold your shares in street name, you will need proof of ownership to be admitted to the meeting. A recent brokerage statement or a letter from your bank or broker, are examples of proof of ownership. If you want to vote your shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock held in street name in person at the meeting, you will have to get a written proxy in your name from the broker, bank or other nominee who holds your shares.

Quorum; Vote Required

The annual meeting will be held only if there is a quorum. A quorum exists if a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, is present at the meeting. If you return valid proxy instructions or attend the meeting in person, your shares will be counted for purposes of determining whether there is a quorum, even if you abstain from voting. Broker non-votes also will be counted for purposes of determining the existence of a quorum. A broker non-vote occurs when a broker, bank or other nominee holding shares for a beneficial owner does not vote on a particular proposal because the nominee does not have discretionary voting power with respect to that item and has not received voting instructions from the beneficial owner.

Proposal 1: Approval of the Plan of Conversion and Reorganization. We must obtain the affirmative vote of the holders of (i) two-thirds of the total number of votes entitled to be cast by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders at the annual meeting, including shares held by Sound Community MHC, and (ii) a majority of the total number of votes entitled to be cast by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders at the annual meeting other than Sound Community MHC. Abstentions, broker non-votes and the failure to vote on this proposal will have the same effect as a vote against the proposal.

Proposal 2: Election of Directors. Directors are elected by a plurality of the votes cast by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders at the annual meeting. Votes may be cast for or withheld from a nominee. Votes that are withheld and broker non-votes have no effect on the election of the director nominees.

Proposal 3: Ratification of the Appointment of Our Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. We must obtain the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of votes cast by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders at the annual meeting to approve the ratification of our appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm. Abstentions from voting on this proposal will have the same effect as a vote against the proposal. Broker non-votes have no effect on this proposal.

Proposal 4: Approval of the Adjournment of the Annual Meeting. We must obtain the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast by Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders at the annual meeting to adjourn the annual meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in the event that there are not sufficient votes at the time of the annual meeting to approve the proposal to approve the plan of conversion. Abstentions from voting on this proposal will have the same effect as a vote against the proposal. Broker non-votes have no effect on this proposal.

Informational Proposals 5a and 5b. The provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation which are summarized as informational proposals were approved as part of the process in which the Board of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc. approved the plan of conversion. These proposals are informational in nature only, because the Federal Reserve Board's regulations governing mutual-to-stock conversions do not provide for separate votes on these matters apart from the vote on the plan of conversion. While we are asking you to vote

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with respect to each of the informational proposals listed above, the proposed provisions for which an informational vote is requested will become effective if shareholders approve the plan of conversion, regardless of whether shareholders vote to approve any or all of the informational proposals.

Shares Held by Our Directors and Executive Officers and Sound Community MHC

As of June 22, 2012, the directors and executive officers of Sound Financial, Inc. beneficially owned 229,425 shares, or approximately 7.8% of the outstanding shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock, and Sound Community MHC owned 1,621,435 shares, or approximately 54.8% of the outstanding shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock. Sound Community MHC intends to vote all of its shares in favor of proposals set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus. If Sound Community MHC votes all of its shares in favor of each proposal, the election of the director nominees, the ratification of the appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm and the approval of the adjournment of the annual meeting if necessary, would be assured.

Voting by Proxy; Revocability of Proxies

Our Board of Directors is sending you this proxy statement/prospectus to request that you allow your shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock to be represented at the annual meeting by the persons named in the enclosed proxy card. All shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock represented at the meeting by properly executed and dated proxies will be voted according to the instructions indicated on the proxy card. If you sign, date and return a proxy card without giving voting instructions, your shares will be voted as recommended by our Board of Directors. Our Board of Directors recommends that you vote **FOR** approval of the plan of conversion, **FOR** each of the director nominees, **FOR** ratification of the appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm, **FOR** approval of the adjournment of the annual meeting if necessary, and **FOR** each of the Informational Proposals 5a and 5b.

If any matters not described in this proxy statement/prospectus are properly presented at the annual meeting, the Board of Directors will use their judgment to determine how to vote your shares. We do not know of any other matters to be presented at the annual meeting.

You may revoke your proxy at any time before the vote is taken at the annual meeting. If you are a registered shareholder, you may revoke your proxy and change your vote at any time before the polls close at the meeting by:

- signing another proxy with a later date;
- voting by telephone or on the Internet — your latest telephone or Internet vote will be counted;
- giving written notice of the revocation of your proxy to the Secretary of Sound Financial, Inc. prior to the annual meeting; or

- voting in person at the annual meeting. Attendance at the annual meeting will not in and of itself constitute revocation of your proxy.

If you have instructed a broker, bank or other nominee to vote your shares, you must follow directions received from your nominee to change those instructions.

Your Board of Directors unanimously recommends that you vote FOR the plan of conversion and FOR each of the other proposals set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus.

Solicitation of Proxies

This proxy statement/prospectus and the accompanying proxy card are being furnished to you in connection with the solicitation of proxies for the annual meeting by the Board of Directors. Sound Financial, Inc. will pay the costs of soliciting proxies from its shareholders. To the extent necessary to permit approval of the plan of conversion and the other proposals being considered, directors, officers or employees of Sound Financial, Inc. and Sound Community Bank may solicit proxies by mail, telephone and other forms of communication. We have

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also engaged Advantage Proxy, a proxy solicitation firm, to assist us in the solicitation of proxies and to provide related advice and informational support for a service fee and the reimbursement of customary disbursements, which are not expected to exceed \$4,500 in the aggregate. We will also reimburse banks, brokers, nominees and other fiduciaries for the expenses they incur in forwarding the proxy materials to you.

Participants in the Employee Stock Ownership Plan

If you participate in the Sound Financial, Inc. Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the "ESOP") you will receive a voting instruction form that reflects all shares you may direct the trustees to vote on your behalf under the plan. Under the terms of the ESOP, each participant instructs the trustee of the plan how to vote the shares of common stock allocated to his or her account. If a participant properly executes the voting instruction card distributed by the trustee, the trustee will vote the participant's shares in accordance with the instructions. Where properly executed voting instruction cards are returned to the trustee with no specific instruction as to how to vote at the annual meeting, the trustee will vote the shares "FOR" each of the proposals set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus. If a participant fails to give timely voting instructions to the trustee with respect to the voting of the common stock that is allocated to his or her ESOP account, the trustee will vote such shares "FOR" each of the proposals set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus. The ESOP trustee, subject to the exercise of its fiduciary duties, will vote all unallocated shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock held by the ESOP in the same proportion as shares for which it has received timely voting instructions.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors recommends that you promptly sign and mark the enclosed proxy in favor of the above described proposals, including the adoption of the plan of conversion, and promptly return it in the enclosed envelope. Alternatively, you may vote by using the telephone or Internet by following the instructions on the enclosed proxy card. Voting by proxy will not prevent you from voting in person at the annual meeting.

Your prompt vote is very important. Failure to vote will have the same effect as voting against the plan of conversion.

PROPOSAL 1 APPROVAL OF THE PLAN OF CONVERSION AND REORGANIZATION

The Boards of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc. and Sound Community MHC have approved the plan of conversion and reorganization, referred to herein as the plan of conversion. The plan of conversion must also be approved by the members of Sound Community MHC (depositors of Sound Community Bank) and the shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. A special meeting of members and an annual meeting of shareholders have been called for this purpose. The Federal Reserve Board has conditionally approved the plan of conversion; however, such approval does not constitute a recommendation or endorsement of the plan of conversion by that agency.

General

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Pursuant to the plan of conversion, our organization will convert from the mutual holding company form of organization to the fully stock form. Sound Community MHC, the mutual holding company parent of Sound Financial, Inc., will be merged into Sound Financial, Inc., and Sound Community MHC will no longer exist. Sound Financial, Inc., which owns 100% of Sound Community Bank, will be succeeded by a new Maryland corporation named Sound Financial Bancorp, Inc., which we refer to in this proxy statement/prospectus as Sound Financial Bancorp. As part of the conversion and offering, the ownership interest of Sound Community MHC in Sound Financial, Inc. will be offered for sale in the offering by Sound Financial Bancorp. When the conversion and offering is completed, all of the outstanding common stock of Sound Community Bank will be owned by Sound Financial Bancorp, and all of the outstanding common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp will be owned by public shareholders. A diagram of our corporate structure before and after the conversion is set forth in the Summary section of this proxy statement/prospectus.

Under the plan of conversion, at the completion of the conversion and offering each share of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock owned by persons other than Sound Community MHC will be canceled and converted automatically into shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock determined pursuant to an exchange ratio. The exchange ratio will ensure that immediately after the exchange of existing shares of Sound Financial, Inc. for shares

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of Sound Financial Bancorp, the public shareholders will own the same percentage of outstanding common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp that they owned in Sound Financial, Inc. immediately prior to the conversion and offering, excluding any shares they purchased in the offering and cash paid in lieu of fractional exchange shares.

Sound Financial Bancorp intends to contribute between \$7.7 million and \$8.1 million of net proceeds, or \$8.2 million if the offering range is increased by 15%, to Sound Community Bank and to retain between \$1.3 million and \$4.6 million of the net proceeds, or \$6.5 million if the offering range is increased by 15% (excluding the portion of the net proceeds loaned to our employee stock ownership plan). The conversion will be consummated only upon the issuance of at least the minimum number of shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock offered pursuant to the plan of conversion.

Reasons for the Conversion and Offering

Our Board of Directors decided at this time to convert to a fully public stock form of ownership and conduct the offering in order to increase our capital position. Completing the offering is necessary for us to continue to grow and execute our business strategy. Our primary reasons for converting and raising additional capital through the offering are:

- to support organic growth by increasing our lending in the communities we serve;

- to improve our capital position during a period of significant economic uncertainty, especially for the financial services industry (although, as of March 31, 2012, Sound Community Bank was considered well capitalized for regulatory purposes and is not subject to any directive or recommendation from the OCC or the FDIC to raise capital);

- to finance the possible acquisition of branches from other financial institutions or build or lease new branch facilities in, or adjacent to, our market area, although we do not currently have any agreements or understandings regarding any specific acquisition transaction;

- to enhance existing products and services, and support the development of new products and services, by investing, for example, in technology to support growth and enhanced customer service;

- the stock holding company structure is a more familiar form of organization, which we believe will make our common stock more appealing to investors, and will give us greater flexibility to access the capital markets through possible future equity and debt offerings, although we have no current plans, agreements or understandings regarding any additional capital raising efforts; and

- to seek to improve the liquidity of our shares of common stock and shareholder returns through higher earnings and more flexible capital management strategies.

As a fully converted stock holding company, we will have greater flexibility in structuring mergers and acquisitions, including the form of consideration that we can use to pay for an acquisition. Our current mutual holding company structure limits our ability to offer shares of our common stock as consideration for a merger or acquisition since Sound Community MHC is required to own a majority of our shares of common stock. Potential sellers often want stock for at least part of the purchase price. Our new stock holding company structure will enable us to offer stock or cash consideration, or a combination of stock and cash, and will therefore enhance our ability to compete with other bidders when acquisition opportunities arise.

Approvals Required Plan of Conversion and Reorganization

The affirmative vote of a majority of the total eligible votes of the members of Sound Community MHC as of June 27, 2012, is required to approve the plan of conversion. By their approval of the plan of conversion, the members of Sound Community MHC (comprised of depositors of Sound Community Bank) will also be approving the merger of Sound Community MHC into Sound Financial, Inc. The affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc., including shares held by Sound Community MHC, and the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc. held by the public shareholders as of June 22, 2012, are also required to approve the plan of

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conversion. The plan of conversion also must be approved by the Federal Reserve Board, which has given its conditional approval; however, this approval does not constitute a recommendation or endorsement of the plan of conversion by that agency.

Share Exchange Ratio for Current Shareholders

Federal Reserve Board regulations provide that in a conversion of a mutual holding company to fully stock form, the public shareholders will be entitled to exchange their shares for common stock of the new holding company, provided that the mutual holding company demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Federal Reserve Board that the basis for the exchange is fair and reasonable. Each publicly held share of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive a number of shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock. The number of shares of common stock will be determined pursuant to the exchange ratio, which ensures that the public shareholders will own the same percentage of common stock in Sound Financial Bancorp after the conversion as they held in Sound Financial, Inc. immediately prior to the conversion, exclusive of their purchase of additional shares of common stock in the offering and their receipt of cash in lieu of fractional exchange shares. The exchange ratio is not dependent on the market value of our currently outstanding Sound Financial, Inc. common stock. The exchange ratio is based on the percentage of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock held by the public, the independent valuation of Sound Financial Bancorp prepared by RP Financial and the number of shares of common stock issued in the offering. The exchange ratio is expected to range from approximately 0.70771 exchange shares for each publicly held share of Sound Financial, Inc. at the minimum of the offering range to 1.10111 exchange shares for each publicly held share of Sound Financial, Inc. at the adjusted maximum of the offering range.

If you are a shareholder of Sound Financial, Inc., at the conclusion of the conversion, your shares will be exchanged for shares of Sound Financial Bancorp. The number of shares you receive will be based on the number of shares of common stock you own and the final exchange ratio determined as of the conclusion of the conversion.

The following table shows how the exchange ratio will adjust, based on the number of shares of common stock issued in the offering and the shares of common stock issued and outstanding on the date of this proxy statement/prospectus. The table also shows how many whole shares of Sound Financial Bancorp a hypothetical owner of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock would receive in the exchange for 100 shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock owned at the consummation of the conversion, depending on the number of shares issued in the offering.

	New Shares to be Sold in This Offering		New Shares to be Exchanged for Existing Shares of Sound Financial, Inc.		Total Shares of Common Stock to be Outstanding After the Offering	Exchange Ratio	New Shares That Would be Received for 100 Existing Shares
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent			
Minimum	1,147,500	54.8%	947,343	45.2%	2,094,843	0.70771	71
Midpoint	1,350,000	54.8%	1,114,521	45.2%	2,464,521	0.83260	83
Maximum	1,552,500	54.8%	1,281,699	45.2%	2,834,199	0.95749	96
Adjusted Maximum	1,785,375	54.8%	1,473,954	45.2%	3,259,329	1.10111	110

Options to purchase shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock which are outstanding immediately prior to the consummation of the conversion will be converted into options to purchase shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock, with the number of shares subject to

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the option and the exercise price per share to be adjusted based upon the exchange ratio. The aggregate exercise price, term and vesting period of the options will remain unchanged.

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Exchange of Existing Shareholders' Stock Certificates

The conversion of existing outstanding shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock into the right to receive shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock will occur automatically on the effective date of the conversion. As soon as practicable after the effective date of the conversion, our exchange agent will send a transmittal form to each public shareholder of Sound Financial, Inc. who holds stock certificates. The transmittal forms will contain instructions on how to exchange stock certificates of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock for stock of Sound Financial Bancorp. All shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock being sold will be in book entry form and paper stock certificates will not be issued. A statement evidencing your ownership of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock will be distributed within five business days after the exchange agent receives properly executed transmittal forms, Sound Financial, Inc. stock certificates and other required documents. **You should not forward your stock certificates until you have received transmittal forms, which will include forwarding instructions.** Shares held by public shareholders through a brokerage or other account in street name will be exchanged automatically upon the conclusion of the conversion; no transmittal forms will be mailed relating to these shares.

No fractional shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock will be issued to any public shareholder of Sound Financial, Inc. when the conversion is completed. For each fractional share that would otherwise be issued to a shareholder who holds a stock certificate, we will pay by check an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying the fractional share interest to which the holder would otherwise be entitled by the \$10.00 offering purchase price per share. Payment for fractional shares will be made as soon as practicable after the receipt by the exchange agent of a properly executed transmittal form, stock certificates and other required documents. If your shares of common stock are held in street name (such as in a brokerage account) you will automatically receive cash in lieu of fractional exchange shares in your account.

After the conversion and offering, Sound Financial, Inc. shareholders who hold stock certificates will not receive shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock and will not be paid dividends on the shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock until existing certificates representing shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock are surrendered for exchange in compliance with the terms of the transmittal form. When shareholders surrender their certificates, any unpaid dividends will be paid without interest. For all other purposes, however, each certificate that represents shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock outstanding at the effective date of the conversion will be considered to evidence ownership of shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock into which those shares have been converted by virtue of the conversion.

If a certificate for Sound Financial, Inc. common stock has been lost, stolen or destroyed, our exchange agent will require appropriate evidence as to the loss, theft or destruction of the certificate, appropriate evidence as to the ownership of the certificate by the claimant, and appropriate and customary indemnification, which is normally effected by the purchase of a bond from a surety company at the shareholder's expense.

All shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock that we issue in exchange for existing shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock will be considered to have been issued in full satisfaction of all rights pertaining to such shares of common stock, subject, however, to our obligation to pay any dividends or make any other distributions with a record date prior to the effective date of the conversion that may have been declared by us on or prior to the effective date, and which remain unpaid at the effective date.

Effects of Conversion on Depositors, Borrowers and Members

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Continuity. While the conversion is being accomplished, the normal business of Sound Community Bank of accepting deposits and making loans will continue without interruption. Sound Community Bank will continue to be a federally chartered savings bank and will continue to be regulated by the OCC. After the conversion, Sound Community Bank will continue to offer existing services to depositors, borrowers and other customers. The directors and executive officers serving Sound Financial, Inc. at the time of the conversion will be the directors and executive officers of Sound Financial Bancorp after the conversion.

Effect on Deposit Accounts. Pursuant to the plan of conversion, each depositor of Sound Community Bank at the time of the conversion will automatically continue as a depositor after the conversion, and the deposit balance, interest rate and other terms of such deposit accounts will not change as a result of the conversion. Each

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such account will be insured by the FDIC to the same extent as before the conversion. Depositors will continue to hold their existing certificates, passbooks and other evidences of their accounts.

Effect on Loans. No loan outstanding from Sound Community Bank will be affected by the conversion, and the amount, interest rate, maturity and security for each loan will remain as it was contractually fixed prior to the conversion.

Effect on Voting Rights of Members. At present, all depositors of Sound Community Bank are members of, and have voting rights in, Sound Community MHC as to all matters requiring membership action. Upon completion of the conversion, depositors will cease to be members of Sound Community MHC and will no longer have voting rights, unless they purchase shares of Sound Financial Bancorp's common stock. Upon completion of the conversion, all voting rights in Sound Community Bank will be vested in Sound Financial Bancorp as the sole shareholder of Sound Community Bank. The shareholders of Sound Financial Bancorp will possess exclusive voting rights with respect to Sound Financial Bancorp common stock.

Tax Effects. We have received an opinion of counsel or a tax advisor with regard to the federal and state income tax consequences of the conversion to the effect that the conversion will not be a taxable transaction for federal or state income tax purposes to Sound Community MHC, Sound Financial, Inc., public shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. (except for cash paid for fractional exchange shares), members of Sound Community MHC, Eligible Account Holders, Supplemental Eligible Account Holders, or Sound Community Bank. See Material Income Tax Consequences.

Effect on Liquidation Rights. Each depositor in Sound Community Bank has both a deposit account in Sound Community Bank and a pro rata ownership interest in the net worth of Sound Community MHC based upon the deposit balance in his or her account. This ownership interest is tied to the depositor's account and has no tangible market value separate from the deposit account. This interest may only be realized in the event of a complete liquidation of Sound Community MHC and Sound Community Bank. Any depositor who opens a deposit account obtains a pro rata ownership interest in Sound Community MHC without any additional payment beyond the amount of the deposit. A depositor who reduces or closes his or her account receives a portion or all of the balance in the deposit account but nothing for his or her ownership interest in the net worth of Sound Community MHC, which is lost to the extent that the balance in the account is reduced or closed.

Consequently, depositors in a stock subsidiary of a mutual holding company normally have no way of realizing the value of their ownership interest, which has realizable value only in the unlikely event that Sound Community MHC and Sound Community Bank are liquidated. If this occurs, the depositors of record at that time, as owners, would share pro rata in any residual surplus and reserves of Sound Community MHC after other claims, including claims of depositors to the amounts of their deposits and payments to certain depositors of Sound Community Bank under liquidation accounts that have been established for the benefit of such depositors, are paid.

Under the plan of conversion, however, depositors will receive rights in a liquidation account maintained by Sound Financial Bancorp representing the amount of Sound Community MHC's ownership interest in Sound Financial, Inc.'s total shareholders' equity as of the date of the latest statement of financial condition used in the offering prospectus. Sound Financial Bancorp shall continue to hold the liquidation account for the benefit of Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Account Holders who continue to maintain deposits in Sound Community Bank. The liquidation account is designed to provide payments to depositors of their liquidation interests in the event of a liquidation of Sound Financial Bancorp and Sound Community Bank. Specifically, in the unlikely event that Sound Financial Bancorp and Sound Community Bank were to liquidate after the conversion, all claims of creditors, including those of depositors, would be paid first, followed by distribution to depositors as of December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2012 of the liquidation account maintained by Sound Financial Bancorp. Also, in a complete liquidation of both entities, or of just Sound Community Bank, when Sound Financial Bancorp has insufficient assets to fund the liquidation

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account distribution due to Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Sound Community Bank has positive net worth, Sound Community Bank shall immediately pay amounts necessary to fund Sound Financial Bancorp's remaining obligations under the liquidation account. The plan of conversion also provides that if Sound Financial Bancorp is completely liquidated or sold apart from a sale or liquidation of Sound Community Bank, then the rights of Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Account Holders in the liquidation account maintained by Sound Financial Bancorp shall be surrendered and treated as a liquidation account in Sound Community Bank (the bank liquidation account) and

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depositors shall have an equivalent interest in the bank liquidation account and the same rights and terms as the liquidation account.

Pursuant to the plan of conversion, after two years from the date of conversion and upon the written request of the Federal Reserve Board, Sound Financial Bancorp will eliminate or transfer the liquidation account and the interests in such account to Sound Community Bank and the liquidation account shall thereupon become the liquidation account of Sound Community Bank and not subject in any manner to the claims of Sound Financial Bancorp's creditors. Also, under the rules and regulations of the Federal Reserve Board, no post-conversion merger, consolidation, or similar combination or transaction with another depository institution in which Sound Financial Bancorp or Sound Community Bank is not the surviving institution would be considered a liquidation and, in such a transaction, the liquidation account would be assumed by the surviving institution. See Liquidation Rights.

Stock Pricing and Number of Shares to be Issued

The plan of conversion and federal regulations require that the aggregate purchase price of the common stock sold in the offering must be based on the appraised pro forma market value of the common stock, as determined by an independent valuation. Sound Community Bank and Sound Community MHC have retained RP Financial to prepare an independent valuation appraisal. For its services in preparing the initial valuation, RP Financial will receive a fee of \$50,000 and \$7,500 for expenses and an additional \$5,000 for each valuation update, as necessary. Sound Community Bank and Sound Community MHC have agreed to indemnify RP Financial and its employees and affiliates against specified losses, including any losses in connection with claims under the federal securities laws, arising out of its services as independent appraiser, except where such liability results from its negligence or bad faith.

The independent valuation appraisal considered the pro forma impact of the offering. Consistent with the Federal Reserve Board appraisal guidelines, the appraisal applied three primary methodologies: the pro forma price-to-book value approach applied to both reported book value and tangible book value; the pro forma price-to-earnings approach applied to reported and core earnings; and the pro forma price-to-assets approach. The market value ratios applied in the three methodologies were based upon the current market valuations of the peer group companies, subject to valuation adjustments applied by RP Financial to account for differences between Sound Financial, Inc. and the peer group. RP Financial placed the greatest emphasis on the price-to-earnings and price-to-book approaches in estimating pro forma market value.

The independent valuation was prepared by RP Financial in reliance upon the information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus, including the consolidated financial statements of Sound Financial, Inc. RP Financial also considered the following factors, among others:

- the present results and financial condition of Sound Financial, Inc. and the projected results and financial condition of Sound Financial Bancorp;

- the economic and demographic conditions in Sound Financial, Inc.'s existing market area;

- certain historical, financial and other information relating to Sound Financial, Inc.;

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- the impact of the offering on Sound Financial Bancorp's shareholders' equity and earnings potential;
- the proposed dividend policy of Sound Financial Bancorp; and
- the trading market for securities of comparable institutions and general conditions in the market for such securities.

Included in RP Financial's independent valuation were certain assumptions as to the pro forma earnings of Sound Financial Bancorp after the conversion that were utilized in determining the appraised value. These assumptions included estimated expenses, an assumed after-tax rate of return on the net offering proceeds of 0.66% and purchases in the open market of the common stock issued in the offering by the stock-based incentive plan at the \$10.00 per share purchase price. See "Pro Forma Data" for additional information concerning these assumptions. The use of different assumptions may yield different results.

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The independent valuation states that as of May 25, 2012, the estimated pro forma market value, or valuation range, of Sound Financial Bancorp ranged from a minimum of \$20.9 million to a maximum of \$28.3 million, with a midpoint of \$24.6 million and an adjusted maximum of \$32.6 million. The Board of Directors of Sound Financial Bancorp decided to offer the shares of common stock for a price of \$10.00 per share. The aggregate offering price of the shares of common stock will be equal to the valuation range multiplied by the percentage of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock owned by Sound Community MHC. The number of shares offered will be equal to the aggregate offering price of the shares of common stock divided by the price per share. Based on the valuation range, the 54.8% of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock owned by Sound Community MHC and the \$10.00 price per share, the minimum of the offering range will be 1,147,500 shares, the midpoint of the offering range will be 1,350,000 shares and the maximum of the offering range will be 1,552,500 shares of common stock, with an adjusted maximum of 1,785,375 shares.

The Board of Directors of Sound Financial Bancorp reviewed the independent valuation and, in particular, considered the following:

- Sound Financial, Inc.'s financial condition and results of operations;
- a comparison of financial performance ratios of Sound Financial to those of other financial institutions of similar size;
- market conditions generally and in particular for financial institutions; and
- the historical trading price of the publicly held shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock.

All of these factors are set forth in the independent valuation. The Board of Directors also reviewed the methodology and the assumptions used by RP Financial in preparing the independent valuation and the Board believes that these assumptions were reasonable. The offering range may be amended with the approval of the Federal Reserve Board, if required, as a result of subsequent developments in the financial condition of Sound Financial, Inc. or Sound Community Bank or market conditions generally. In the event the independent valuation is updated to amend the pro forma market value of Sound Financial Bancorp to less than \$20.9 million or more than \$32.6 million, the appraisal will be filed with the SEC by a post-effective amendment to Sound Financial Bancorp registration statement.

The independent valuation is not intended, and must not be construed, as a recommendation of any kind as to the advisability of purchasing our shares of common stock. RP Financial did not independently verify our consolidated financial statements and other information that we provided to them, nor did RP Financial independently value our assets or liabilities. The independent valuation considers Sound Community Bank as a going concern and should not be considered as an indication of the liquidation value of Sound Community Bank. Moreover, because the independent valuation is necessarily based upon estimates and projections of a number of matters, all of which may change from time to time, no assurance can be given that persons purchasing our common stock in the offering will thereafter be able to sell their shares of common stock at prices at or above the \$10.00 price per share.

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Following commencement of the subscription offering, the maximum of the valuation range may be increased by up to 15%, or up to \$32.6 million, without resoliciting purchasers, which will result in a corresponding increase of up to 15% in the maximum of the offering range to up to 1,785,375 shares, to reflect changes in the market and financial conditions, demand for the shares of common stock or regulatory considerations. We will not decrease the minimum of the valuation range and the minimum of the offering range without a resolicitation of purchasers. The subscription price of \$10.00 per share of common stock will remain fixed.

If the update to the independent valuation at the conclusion of the offering results in an increase in the maximum of the valuation range to more than \$32.6 million and a corresponding increase in the offering range to more than 1,785,375 shares, or a decrease in the minimum of the valuation range to less than \$20.9 million and a corresponding decrease in the offering range to fewer than 1,147,500 shares, then, after consulting with the Federal Reserve Board, we may terminate the plan of conversion, cancel deposit account withdrawal authorizations and promptly return by check all funds received, with interest at Sound Community Bank's regular savings rate. Alternatively, we may establish a new offering range, extend the offering period and commence a resolicitation of

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purchasers or take other actions as permitted by the Federal Reserve Board in order to complete the offering. In the event that we extend the offering and conduct a resolicitation, purchasers would have the opportunity to maintain, change or cancel their stock orders within a specified period. If a purchaser does not respond during the period, his or her stock order will be canceled and payment will be returned promptly, with interest at Sound Community Bank's regular savings rate, and deposit account withdrawal authorizations will be canceled. Any single offering extension will not exceed 90 days; aggregate extensions may not conclude beyond August 15, 2014 which is two years after the special meeting of members to vote on the conversion.

An increase in the number of shares of common stock to be issued in the offering would decrease both a purchaser's ownership interest and Sound Financial Bancorp's pro forma earnings and shareholders' equity on a per share basis while increasing pro forma earnings and shareholders' equity on an aggregate basis. A decrease in the number of shares to be issued in the offering would increase both a purchaser's ownership interest and Sound Financial Bancorp's pro forma earnings and shareholders' equity on a per share basis, while decreasing pro forma earnings and shareholders' equity on an aggregate basis. For a presentation of the effects of these changes, see Pro Forma Data.

Copies of the independent valuation appraisal report prepared by RP Financial and the detailed memorandum setting forth the method and assumptions used in the appraisal report are available for inspection at the main office of Sound Community Bank and as specified under Where You Can Find Additional Information.

Purchase of Shares

Eligible depositors of Sound Community Bank have priority subscription rights allowing them to purchase common stock in the subscription offering. Shares not purchased in the subscription offering may be available for sale to the public in a community offering. You, as a shareholder on the record date, will be given a preference in the community offering after natural persons and trusts of natural persons residing in the Washington counties of Clallam, King, Pierce and Snohomish. For more information regarding the purchase of shares of common stock of Sound Financial Bancorp or to receive a prospectus and stock offering form, please call our information hotline at (877) 860-2091 to speak to a representative of Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. Representatives are available by telephone Monday through Friday, 7:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m., Pacific time. You may also meet in person with a representative by visiting our Stock Information Center located in our office at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington, between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Pacific time, beginning on Wednesday, July 25, 2012 until Monday, July 30, 2012, and between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and noon, Pacific time, on Tuesday, July 31, 2012. The stock information center will be closed on weekends and bank holidays.

Marketing Arrangements

We have engaged Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc., a broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, as a financial advisor in connection with the offering of our common stock. In its role as financial advisor, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. will:

- (i) provide advice on the financial and securities market implications of the plan of conversion and reorganization and related corporate documents, including our business plan;
- (ii)

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assist in structuring our stock offering, including developing and assisting in implementing a marketing strategy for the stock offering;

- (iii) review all offering documents, including the prospectus, stock order forms and related offering materials (we are responsible for the preparation and filing of such documents);
- (iv) assist us in preparing for and scheduling meetings with potential investors and broker-dealers, as necessary;
- (v) assist us in analyzing proposals from outside vendors retained in connection with the stock offering, including printers, transfer agents and appraisal firms;

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- (vi) assist us in the drafting and distribution of press releases as required or appropriate in connection with the stock offering;

- (vii) meet with the board of directors and management to discuss any of these services; and

- (viii) provide such other financial advisory and investment banking services in connection with the stock offering as may be agreed upon by Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. and us.

For these services, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. will receive a management fee of \$50,000, payable in four consecutive monthly installments of \$12,500 commencing February 2012, and a success fee of (i) 1% of the aggregate dollar amount of the common stock sold in the subscription offering and (ii) 2% of the aggregate dollar amount of the common stock sold in the community offering, each if the conversion is consummated, excluding shares purchased by our directors, officers and employees and members of their immediate families and shares purchased by our tax-qualified and non-qualified employee benefit plans. The management fee will be credited against the success fee payable upon the consummation of the conversion.

The plan of conversion provides that, if necessary, all shares of common stock not purchased in the subscription offering and community offering may be offered for sale to the general public in a syndicated community offering to be managed by Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. In such capacity Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. may form a syndicate of other broker-dealers. Neither Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. nor any other registered broker-dealer will have any obligation to take or purchase any shares of common stock in the syndicated community offering; however, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. has agreed to use its best efforts in the sale of shares in any syndicated community offering. If there is a syndicated community offering, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. will receive a fee not to exceed 6% of the aggregate dollar amount of the common stock sold in the syndicated community offering. This fee will be in addition to the success fees earned by Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. in connection with the subscription and community offerings set forth above. Of this amount, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. will pass on to selected broker-dealers, who assist in the syndicated community offering, an amount competitive with gross underwriting discounts charged at such time for comparable amounts of stock sold at a comparable price per share in a similar market environment.

We also will reimburse Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses associated with its marketing efforts, not to exceed \$15,000. In addition, we will reimburse Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. for fees and expenses of its counsel not to exceed \$75,000. The reasonable out-of-pocket expenses of Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. and the fees and expenses of its counsel may be increased by an additional \$5,000 and \$25,000, respectively, in the event of a delay, resolicitation or other unusual circumstance with the offerings. If the plan of conversion is terminated or if Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc.'s engagement is terminated in accordance with the provisions of the agreement, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. will only receive reimbursement of its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses and the portion of the management fee payable and will return any amounts paid or advanced by us in excess of these amounts. Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. will not receive any compensation in connection with the Sound Financial Bancorp shares issued in exchange for existing Sound Financial, Inc. shares.

We will indemnify Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. against liabilities and expenses, including legal fees, incurred in connection with certain claims or litigation arising out of or based upon untrue statements or omissions contained in the offering materials for the common stock, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

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Some of our directors and executive officers may participate in the solicitation of offers to purchase common stock. Other regular employees of Sound Community Bank may assist in the offering, but only in ministerial capacities, and may provide clerical work in effecting a sales transaction. No offers or sales may be made by tellers or at the teller counters. All sales activity will be conducted in a segregated or separately identifiable area of our main office facility apart from the area accessible to the general public. Investment-related questions of prospective purchasers will be directed to executive officers or registered representatives of Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. Our other employees have been instructed not to solicit offers to purchase shares of common stock or provide advice regarding the purchase of common stock. We will rely on Rule 3a4-1 under the Exchange Act, and sales of common stock will be conducted within the requirements of Rule 3a4-1, so as to permit officers, directors and employees to participate in the sale of common stock. None of our officers, directors or employees will be compensated in connection with their participation in the offering. The offering will also comply with Rule 10b-9 under the Exchange Act.

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We have also engaged Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. to act as our conversion agent in connection with the stock offering. In its role as conversion agent, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. will provide the following services (i) consolidate accounts having the same ownership and separate the consolidated file information into necessary groupings to satisfy mailing requirements; (ii) create the master file of account holders; (iii) provide software for the operation of the Stock Information Center, including subscription management and proxy solicitation efforts; (iv) assist our financial printer with labeling of proxy materials for voting and subscribing for stock; (v) provide support for any follow-up mailings to members, as needed, including proxy grams and additional solicitation materials; (vi) proxy and ballot tabulation; (vii) assist the Inspector of Election for the special meeting of members, if requested; (viii) assist in establishing and managing the Stock Information Center; (ix) provide supporting account information to our legal counsel for blue sky research and applicable registration; (x) assist the our transfer agent with the generation and mailing of stock certificates; (xi) perform interest and refund calculations and provide a file to enable us to generate interest and refund checks; and (xii) create 1099-INT forms for interest reporting, as well as magnetic media reporting to the IRS, for subscribers paid \$10 or more in interest for subscriptions paid by check.

For these services, Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. will receive a fee of \$25,000. In the event of any material changes in applicable regulations or the plan of conversion, or delays requiring duplicate or replacement processing due to changes to the record dates, an additional fee not to exceed \$5,000 may also be due to Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. We also will reimburse Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses associated with its acting as conversion agent up to a maximum of \$25,000. The expense cap may be increased by an additional \$10,000 in the event of a resolicitation. We will indemnify Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. against liabilities and expenses (including legal fees) related to or arising out of Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc.'s engagement as our conversion agent and performance of services as our conversion agent.

Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. has not prepared any report or opinion constituting a recommendation or advice to us or to persons who subscribe for common stock, nor has it prepared an opinion as to the fairness to us of the purchase price or the terms of the common stock to be sold in the offering. Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. expresses no opinion as to the prices at which common stock to be issued may trade.

Lock-up Agreements

We and each of our directors and executive officers, have agreed, for a period beginning on the date of this proxy statement/prospectus and ending 90 days after completion of the offering and conversion, without the prior written consent of Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc., directly or indirectly, not to (i) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant for the sale of, or otherwise dispose of or transfer any shares of common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for common stock, or file any registration statement under the Securities Act, with respect to any of the foregoing or (ii) enter into any swap or any other agreement or any transaction that transfers, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, the economic consequence of ownership of common stock, whether any such swap or transaction is to be settled by delivery of common stock or other securities, in cash or otherwise. The restricted period described above is subject to extension under limited circumstances. In the event that either (1) during the period that begins on the date that is 15 calendar days plus three (3) business days before the last day of the restricted period and ends on the last day of the restricted period, we issue an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to us occurs, or (2) prior to the expiration of the restricted period, we announce that we will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the restricted period, the restrictions set forth herein will continue to apply until the expiration of the date that is 15 calendar days plus three (3) business days after the date on which the earnings release is issued or the material news or event related to us occurs.

Restrictions on Transfer of Subscription Rights and Shares

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Federal Reserve Board regulations prohibit any person with subscription rights, including Eligible Account Holders, Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Other Members, from transferring or entering into any agreement or understanding to transfer the legal or beneficial ownership of the subscription rights issued under the plan of conversion or the shares of common stock to be issued upon their exercise. These rights may be exercised only by the person to whom they are granted and only for his or her account. When registering stock purchases on the stock order form, shareholders must register the stock in the same name as appearing on the account. Shareholders should not add the name(s) of persons who do not have subscription rights or who qualify only in a

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lower purchase priority than you do. Doing so may jeopardize their subscription rights. Each person exercising subscription rights will be required to certify that he or she is purchasing shares solely for his or her own account and that he or she has no agreement or understanding regarding the sale or transfer of the shares. The regulations also prohibit any person from offering or making an announcement of an offer or intent to make an offer to purchase subscription rights or shares of common stock to be issued upon their exercise prior to completion of the offering.

We will pursue any and all legal and equitable remedies in the event we become aware of the transfer of subscription rights, and we will not honor orders that we believe involve the transfer of subscription rights.

Stock Information Center

Our banking office personnel may not, by law, assist with investment-related questions about the offering. If you have any questions regarding the conversion or offering, please call our information hotline at (877) 860-2091 to speak to a representative of Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc. Representatives are available by telephone Monday through Friday, 7:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m., Pacific time. You may also meet in person with a representative by visiting our Stock Information Center located in our office at 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington, between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Pacific time, beginning on Wednesday, July 25, 2012 until Monday, July 30, 2012, and between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and noon, Pacific time, on Tuesday, July 31, 2012. The Stock Information Center will be closed on weekends and bank holidays.

Liquidation Rights

Liquidation prior to the conversion. In the unlikely event of a complete liquidation of Sound Community MHC or Sound Financial, Inc. prior to the conversion, all claims of creditors of Sound Financial, Inc., including those of depositors of Sound Community Bank (to the extent of their deposit balances), would be paid first. Thereafter, if there were any assets of Sound Financial, Inc. remaining, these assets would be distributed to shareholders, including Sound Community MHC. Then, if there were any assets of Sound Community MHC remaining, members of Sound Community MHC would receive those remaining assets, pro rata, based upon the deposit balances in their deposit account in Sound Community Bank immediately prior to liquidation.

Liquidation following the conversion. In the unlikely event that Sound Financial Bancorp and Sound Community Bank were to liquidate after the conversion, all claims of creditors, including those of depositors, would be paid first, followed by distribution of the liquidation account maintained by Sound Financial Bancorp pursuant to the plan of conversion to certain depositors, with any assets remaining thereafter distributed to Sound Financial Bancorp as the holder of Sound Community Bank capital stock.

The plan of conversion provides for the establishment, upon the completion of the conversion, of a liquidation account by Sound Financial Bancorp for the benefit of Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders in an amount equal to Sound Community MHC's ownership interest in the total shareholder's equity of Sound Financial, Inc. as of the date of its latest balance sheet contained in this proxy statement/prospectus. The plan of conversion also provides that Sound Financial Bancorp shall cause the establishment of a bank liquidation account.

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The liquidation account to be established by Sound Financial Bancorp is designed to provide payments to depositors of their liquidation interests in the event of a liquidation of Sound Financial Bancorp and Sound Community Bank. Specifically, in the unlikely event that Sound Financial Bancorp and Sound Community Bank were to completely liquidate after the conversion, all claims of creditors, including those of depositors, would be paid first, followed by a distribution to Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders of the liquidation account maintained by Sound Financial Bancorp. In a liquidation of both entities, or of Sound Community Bank, when Sound Financial Bancorp has insufficient assets to fund the distribution due to Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Sound Community Bank has positive net worth, Sound Community Bank shall pay amounts necessary to fund Sound Financial Bancorp's remaining obligations under the liquidation account. The plan of conversion also provides that if Sound Financial Bancorp is sold or liquidated apart from a sale or liquidation of Sound Community Bank, then the rights of Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders in the liquidation account maintained by Sound Financial Bancorp shall be surrendered and treated as a liquidation account in Sound Community Bank.

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Pursuant to the plan of conversion, after two years from the date of conversion and upon the written request of the Federal Reserve Board, Sound Financial Bancorp will eliminate or transfer the liquidation account and the interests in such account to Sound Community Bank and the liquidation account shall thereupon become the liquidation account of Sound Community Bank and not be subject in any manner or amount to Sound Financial Bancorp's creditors.

Also, under the rules and regulations of the Federal Reserve Board, no post-conversion merger, consolidation, or similar combination or transaction with another depository institution in which Sound Financial Bancorp or Sound Community Bank is not the surviving institution would be considered a liquidation and, in such a transaction, the liquidation account would be assumed by the surviving institution.

Each Eligible Account Holder and Supplemental Eligible Account Holder would have an initial interest in the liquidation account for each deposit account, including savings accounts, transaction accounts such as negotiable order of withdrawal accounts, money market deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit, with a balance of \$50.00 or more held in Sound Community Bank on December 31, 2010, or March 31, 2012. Each Eligible Account Holder and Supplemental Eligible Account Holder would have a pro rata interest in the total liquidation account for each such deposit account, based on the proportion that the balance of each such deposit account on December 31, 2010 or March 31, 2012 bears to the balance of all deposit accounts in Sound Community Bank on such dates.

If, however, on any December 31 annual closing date commencing after the effective date of the conversion, the amount in any such deposit account is less than the amount in the deposit account on December 31, 2010 or March 31, 2012 or any other annual closing date, then the interest in the liquidation account relating to such deposit account would be reduced from time to time by the proportion of any such reduction, and the interest will cease to exist if the deposit account is closed. In addition, no interest in the liquidation account would ever be increased despite any subsequent increase in the related deposit account. Payment pursuant to liquidation rights of Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders would be separate and apart from the payment of any insured deposit accounts to such depositor. Any assets remaining after the above liquidation rights of Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders are satisfied would be distributed to Sound Financial Bancorp as the sole shareholder of Sound Community Bank.

Material Income Tax Consequences

Although the conversion may be effected in any manner approved by the Federal Reserve Board that is consistent with the purposes of the plan of conversion and applicable law, regulations and policies, it is intended that the conversion will be effected through various mergers. Completion of the offering is conditioned upon the prior receipt of an opinion of counsel or a tax advisor with respect to federal and Washington tax laws to the effect that no gain or loss will be recognized by Sound Community MHC, Sound Financial, Inc. or Sound Community Bank as a result of the conversion or by account holders receiving subscription rights, except to the extent, if any, that subscription rights are deemed to have fair market value on the date such rights are issued. We have received an opinion from Silver, Freedman & Taff, L.L.P. as to the federal tax consequences of the conversion. We have also received an opinion from Porter, Kohli & LeMaster P.S. to the effect that, more likely than not, the income tax consequences under Washington law of the offering are not materially different than for federal income tax purposes.

Silver, Freedman & Taff, L.L.P. has issued an opinion to Sound Community MHC, Sound Community Bank and Sound Financial Bancorp that for federal income tax purposes:

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1. The merger of Sound Community MHC with and into Sound Financial, Inc. will qualify as a tax free reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code.

2. The constructive exchange of the Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders voting and liquidation rights in Sound Community MHC for liquidation interests in Sound Financial, Inc. in the merger will satisfy the continuity of interest requirement of Section 1.368-1(b) of the Federal Income Tax Regulations.

3. Sound Community MHC will not recognize any gain or loss on the transfer of its assets to Sound Financial, Inc. and Sound Financial, Inc. s assumption of its liabilities, if any, in constructive

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exchange for liquidation interests in Sound Financial, Inc. or on the constructive distribution of such liquidation interests to the members of Sound Community MHC who are Eligible Account Holders or Supplemental Eligible Account Holders of Sound Community Bank. (Section 361(a), 361(c) and 357(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

4. No gain or loss will be recognized by Sound Financial, Inc. upon the receipt of the assets of Sound Community MHC in the merger in exchange for the constructive transfer of liquidation interests in Sound Financial, Inc. to the members of Sound Community MHC who are Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders. (Section 1032(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

5. Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders will recognize no gain or loss upon the constructive receipt of liquidation interests in Sound Financial, Inc. in exchange for their voting and liquidation rights in Sound Community MHC. (Section 354(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

6. The basis of the assets of Sound Community MHC to be received by Sound Financial, Inc. in the merger will be the same as the basis of such assets in the hands of Sound Community MHC immediately prior to the transfer. (Section 362(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

7. The holding period of the assets of Sound Community MHC to be received by Sound Financial, Inc. in the merger will include the holding period of those assets in the hands of Sound Community MHC immediately prior to the transfer. (Section 1223(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

8. The merger of Sound Financial, Inc. with and into Sound Financial Bancorp will constitute a mere change in identity, form or place of organization within the meaning of Section 368(a)(1)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code and will qualify as a tax-free reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a)(1)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code.

9. The exchange of common stock of Sound Financial, Inc. held by shareholders other than Sound Community MHC for Sound Financial Bancorp common stock and the constructive exchange of the Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders liquidation interests in Sound Financial, Inc. for interests in the liquidation account of Sound Financial Bancorp will satisfy the continuity of interest requirement of Section 1.368-1(b) of the Federal Income Tax Regulations.

10. Sound Financial, Inc. will not recognize any gain or loss on the transfer of its assets to Sound Financial Bancorp and Sound Financial Bancorp's assumption of its liabilities in the merger pursuant to which shares of common stock will be received by shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. other than Sound Community MHC in exchange for their shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock and Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders will receive interests in the liquidation account of Sound Financial Bancorp in exchange for their liquidation interests in Sound Financial, Inc. (Sections 361(a), 361(c) and 357(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

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11. No gain or loss will be recognized by Sound Financial Bancorp upon the receipt of the assets of Sound Financial, Inc. in the merger. (Section 1032(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

12. Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders will not recognize any gain or loss upon their constructive exchange of their liquidation interests in Sound Financial, Inc. for interests in the liquidation account of Sound Financial Bancorp. (Section 354 of the Internal Revenue Code.)

13. No gain or loss will be recognized by shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. other than Sound Community MHC upon their exchange of shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock for

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Sound Financial Bancorp common stock in the merger, except for cash paid in lieu of fractional share interests. (Section 354 of the Internal Revenue Code.)

14. The basis of the assets of Sound Financial, Inc. to be received by Sound Financial Bancorp in the merger will be the same as the basis of those assets in the hands of Sound Financial, Inc. immediately prior to the transfer. (Section 362(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

15. The holding period of the assets of Sound Financial, Inc. to be received by Sound Financial Bancorp in the merger will include the holding period of those assets in the hands of Sound Financial, Inc. immediately prior to the transfer. (Section 1223(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

16. It is more likely than not that the fair market value of the nontransferable subscription rights to purchase Sound Financial Bancorp common stock is zero. Accordingly, it is more likely than not that no gain or loss will be recognized by Eligible Account Holders, Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Other Members upon distribution to them of nontransferable subscription rights to purchase shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock. (Section 356(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.) Gain, if any, realized by these account holders and members will not exceed the fair market value of the subscription rights distributed. Eligible Account Holders, Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Other Members will not recognize any gain as the result of the exercise by them of nontransferable subscription rights.

17. It is more likely than not that the fair market value of the benefit provided by the liquidation account of Sound Community Bank supporting the payment of the liquidation account of Sound Financial Bancorp in the event Sound Financial Bancorp lacks sufficient net assets is zero. Accordingly, it is more likely than not that no gain or loss will be recognized by Sound Financial Bancorp or Eligible Account Holders and Supplemental Eligible Account Holders from the establishment or maintenance of the liquidation account of Sound Community Bank or any deemed distribution to Sound Financial Bancorp, Eligible Account Holders and/or Supplemental Eligible Account Holders of rights in the liquidation account of Sound Community Bank in the merger. (Section 356(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

18. Each shareholder's aggregate basis in his or her Sound Financial Bancorp common stock received in exchange for shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock in the merger will be the same as the aggregate basis of the shares surrendered in exchange therefor, subject to the cash in lieu of the fractional share interest provisions of Paragraph 23 below. (Section 358(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

19. It is more likely than not that the basis of the Sound Financial Bancorp common stock purchased in the offering through the exercise of nontransferable subscription rights will be the purchase price thereof. (Section 1012 of the Internal Revenue Code.)

20. Each shareholder's holding period in his or her Sound Financial Bancorp common stock received in exchange for shares in Sound Financial, Inc. common stock in the merger will include the period during which these shares were held, provided that the shares are a capital asset in the hands of the shareholder on the date of the exchange. (Section 1223(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

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21. The holding period of the Sound Financial Bancorp common stock purchased pursuant to the exercise of subscription rights will commence on the date on which the right to acquire this stock was exercised. (Section 1223(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.)

22. No gain or loss will be recognized by Sound Financial Bancorp on the receipt of money in exchange for Sound Financial Bancorp common stock sold in the offering. (Section 1032 of the Internal Revenue Code.)

23. The payment of cash to former holders of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock in lieu of fractional share interests of Sound Financial Bancorp will be treated as though fractional share interests of

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Sound Financial Bancorp common stock were distributed as part of the merger and then redeemed by Sound Financial Bancorp. The cash payments will be treated as distributions in full payment for the fractional share interests deemed redeemed under Section 302(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, with the result that such shareholders will have short-term or long-term capital gain or loss to the extent that the cash they receive differs from the basis allocable to such fractional share interests.

We believe that the tax opinions summarized above address all material federal income tax consequences that are generally applicable to Sound Community MHC, Sound Financial, Inc., Sound Community Bank, Sound Financial Bancorp, persons receiving subscription rights and shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. The tax opinion as to items 16 and 19 above is based on the position that subscription rights to be received by Eligible Account Holders, Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Other Members do not have any economic value at the time of distribution or the time the subscription rights are exercised. In this regard, Silver, Freedman & Taff, L.L.P. noted that the subscription rights will be granted at no cost to the recipients, are legally non-transferable and of short duration, and will provide the recipient with the right only to purchase shares of common stock at the same price to be paid by members of the general public in any community offering. The firm also noted that the Internal Revenue Service has not in the past concluded that subscription rights in this type of transaction have value. Based on the foregoing, Silver, Freedman & Taff, L.L.P. believes that it is more likely than not that the nontransferable subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock have no value. However, the issue of whether or not the nontransferable subscription rights have value is based on all the facts and circumstances. If the subscription rights in this type of transaction granted to Eligible Account Holders, Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Other Members are deemed to have an ascertainable value, receipt of these rights could result in taxable gain to those Eligible Account Holders, Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Other Members who exercise the subscription rights in an amount equal to the ascertainable value, and we could recognize gain on a distribution. Eligible Account Holders, Supplemental Eligible Account Holders and Other Members are encouraged to consult with their own tax advisors as to the tax consequences in the event that subscription rights are deemed to have an ascertainable value.

We also have received a letter from RP Financial stating its belief that the subscription rights do not have any ascertainable fair market value and that the price at which the subscription rights are exercisable will not be more or less than the fair market value of the shares on the date of exercise. This position is based on the fact that these rights are acquired by the recipients without cost, are nontransferable and of short duration, and afford the recipients the right only to purchase the common stock at the same price that will be paid by members of the general public in any community offering.

The tax opinion as to item 17 above is based on the position that the benefit provided by the Sound Community Bank liquidation account supporting the payment of the liquidation account in limited circumstances where Sound Financial Bancorp lacks sufficient net assets has a fair market value of zero. We understand that: (i) there is no history of any holder of an interest in this type of a liquidation account receiving any payment attributable to such liquidation account interest; (ii) the interests in the liquidation accounts are not transferable; (iii) the amounts due under the liquidation account with respect to each Eligible Account Holder and Supplemental Eligible Account Holder will be reduced as their deposits in Sound Community Bank are reduced; and (iv) the Sound Community Bank liquidation account payment obligation arises only if there is a complete liquidation of Sound Community Bank, or a complete liquidation of Sound Community Bank and Sound Financial Bancorp at a time when Sound Community Bank has a positive net worth and Sound Financial Bancorp has insufficient net assets to fully fund the distributions due with respect to the liquidation account.

In addition, we have received a letter from RP Financial stating its belief that the benefit provided by the Sound Community Bank liquidation account supporting the payment of the liquidation account in the limited circumstances described above does not have any economic value at the time of the merger of Sound Financial, Inc. and Sound Financial Bancorp. Based on the foregoing, Silver, Freedman & Taff, L.L.P. believes it is more likely than not that such rights or deemed rights in the Sound Community Bank liquidation account have no value. If these rights are subsequently found to have an economic value, income may be recognized by each Eligible Account Holder and Supplemental Eligible Account Holder in the amount of the fair market value as of the date of the merger of Sound Financial, Inc. and Sound Financial Bancorp.

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We do not plan to apply for a private letter ruling from the Internal Revenue Service concerning the transactions described herein. Unlike private letter rulings issued by the Internal Revenue Service, opinions of counsel are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or any state tax authority, and these authorities may disagree with the opinions. In the event of a disagreement, there can be no assurance that the conclusions reached in an opinion of counsel would be sustained by a court if contested by the Internal Revenue Service.

The federal and state tax opinions have been filed with the SEC as exhibits to Sound Financial Bancorp's registration statement.

Certain Restrictions on Purchase or Transfer of Our Shares after the Conversion

All shares of common stock purchased in the offering by a director or an executive officer of Sound Community Bank generally may not be sold for a period of one year following the closing of the conversion, except in the event of the death of the director or executive officer. Each certificate for restricted shares will bear a legend giving notice of this restriction on transfer, and instructions will be issued to the effect that any transfer within this time period of any certificate or record ownership of the shares other than as provided above is a violation of the restriction. Any shares of common stock issued at a later date as a stock dividend, stock split, or otherwise, with respect to the restricted stock will be similarly restricted. The directors and executive officers of Sound Financial Bancorp also will be restricted by the insider trading rules promulgated pursuant to the Exchange Act.

Purchases of shares of our common stock by any of our directors, executive officers and their associates, during the three-year period following the closing of the conversion may be made only through a broker or dealer registered with the SEC, except with the prior written approval of the Federal Reserve Board. This restriction does not apply, however, to negotiated transactions involving more than 1% of our outstanding common stock or to purchases of our common stock by our stock-based incentive plans or any of our tax-qualified employee stock benefit plans or non-tax-qualified employee stock benefit plans.

Federal Reserve Board regulations prohibit Sound Financial Bancorp from repurchasing its shares of common stock during the first year following the conversion unless compelling business reasons exist for such repurchases. After one year, the Federal Reserve Board does not impose any repurchase restrictions.

Accounting Consequences

The conversion will be accounted for as a change in legal organization and form and not a business combination. Accordingly, the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of Sound Community Bank will remain unchanged from their historical cost basis.

Interpretation, Amendment and Termination

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All interpretations of the plan of conversion by our board of directors will be final, subject to the authority of the Federal Reserve Board. The plan of conversion provides that, if deemed necessary or desirable by the board of directors, the plan of conversion may be substantively amended by a majority vote of the board of directors as a result of comments from regulatory authorities or otherwise, at any time before the submission of proxy materials to the members of Sound Community MHC and shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc. Amendment of the plan of conversion thereafter requires a majority vote of the board of directors, with the concurrence of the Federal Reserve Board. The plan of conversion may be terminated by a majority vote of the board of directors at any time before the earlier of the date of the annual meeting of shareholders and the date of the special meeting of members of Sound Community MHC, and may be terminated by the board of directors at any time thereafter with the concurrence of the Federal Reserve Board. The plan of conversion will terminate if the conversion and offering are not completed within 24 months from the date on which the members of Sound Community MHC approved the plan of conversion, and may not be extended by us or the Federal Reserve Board.

The Board of Directors recommends that you vote FOR the Plan of Conversion and Reorganization of Sound Community MHC.

Table of Contents**PROPOSAL 2 ELECTION OF DIRECTORS**

Sound Financial, Inc.'s Board of Directors is currently composed of eight members, each of whom is also a director of Sound Community Bank. Approximately one-third of the directors are elected annually. Directors are elected to serve for a three-year term or until their respective successors are elected and qualified. See Management section beginning on page 136 of this proxy statement/prospectus for information regarding director and executive officer compensation and related matters.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the composition of Sound Financial, Inc.'s Board of Directors, including each director's term of office. The Sound Financial, Inc. Board of Directors, acting on the recommendation of the Nominating Committee, has recommended and approved the nomination of Laura Lee Stewart, Debra Jones and Rogelio Riojas to serve as directors for a term of three years to expire at the annual meeting of shareholders to be held in 2015.

It is intended that the proxies solicited on behalf of the Sound Financial, Inc. Board of Directors (other than proxies in which the authority to vote for a nominee is withheld) will be voted at the annual meeting FOR the election of Laura Lee Stewart, Debra Jones and Rogelio Riojas as directors. If any of these individuals is unable to serve, the shares represented by all valid proxies will be voted for the election of such substitute nominee as the Board of Directors, acting on the recommendations of the Nominating Committee, may recommend. At this time, we know of no reason why Ms. Stewart, Ms. Jones or Mr. Riojas might be unable to serve if elected. Except as disclosed in this proxy statement/prospectus, there are no arrangements or understandings between the nominees and any other person pursuant to which the nominees were selected. **The Board of Directors unanimously recommends that you vote FOR the election of the nominees whose names appear below.**

Name	Age(1)	Positions With Sound Financial	Director Since(2)	Term Expires
<i>Director Nominees</i>				
Laura Lee Stewart	62	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	1990	2015(3)
Debra Jones	54	Director	2005	2015(3)
Rogelio Riojas	61	Director	2005	2015(3)
<i>Continuing Directors</i>				
Tyler K. Myers	49	Chairman of the Board	1993	2013
Robert F. Carney	64	Director	1984	2013
James E. Sweeney	62	Director	1986	2013
David S. Haddad, Jr.	63	Vice Chairman of the Board	1990	2014
Milton L. McMullen	77	Director	2002	2014

(1) At December 31, 2011.

(2) Includes years of service on the Board of Sound Community Bank, including when it was a credit union.

(3) If elected at the annual meeting.

Business Background of Our Directors

The Sound Financial, Inc. Board believes that the many years of service that our directors have at Sound Financial, Sound Community Bank or at other financial institutions is one of the directors' most important qualifications for service on our board. This service has given them extensive knowledge of the banking business and our company. Furthermore, their service on Board committees here or at other institutions, especially in areas of audit, compliance and compensation is critical to their ability to oversee the management of Sound Community Bank by our executive officers. Service on the Board by our President and Chief Executive Officer is critical to aiding the outside directors understand the critical and complicated issues that are common in the banking business. Each outside director brings special skills, experience and expertise to the Board as a result of their other business activities and associations. The business experience of each director of Sound Financial for at least the past five years and the experience, qualifications, attributes, skills and areas of expertise of each director that supports his or her service as a director are set forth below.

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Laura Lee Stewart. Ms. Stewart is currently President and Chief Executive Officer of Sound Community Bank. Prior to joining Sound Community Bank as its President in 1989, when it was still a credit union, Ms. Stewart was Senior Vice President/Retail Banking at Great Western Bank. Ms. Stewart was selected as an inaugural member of the FDIC Community Bank Advisory Board and completed her term in 2011. She also serves on the ABA Community Bankers Council and is Vice Chair of the Washington Bankers Association. In 2011, The American Banker honored her as one of the top 25 Women to Watch in banking. Ms. Stewart's many years of service in all areas of the financial institution operations and her duties as President and Chief Executive Officer of Sound Community Bank bring a special knowledge of the financial, economic and regulatory challenges we face and is well suited to educating the Board on these matters.

Debra Jones. Ms. Jones is the Vice President of Administrative Services at Bellingham Technical College, where she is responsible for cash management, financial affairs, physical plant administration and strategic planning. Prior to joining the college in August 2005, she served from September 2004 to May 2005 as Manager of Budget and Cash Management of Brown & Cole Stores, a retail grocer, and from 1998 to 2004 as Vice President of Administrative and Financial Services at Brown & Cole Stores. She is a certified public accountant and has served in chief financial officer positions for over 25 years, with responsibility for financial management, risk management and business administration. Her experience and expertise in the areas of accounting, finance and human resources are all valuable skills which she brings to our Board of Directors and as our audit committee financial expert.

Rogelio Riojas. Mr. Riojas has served for over 30 years as the Chief Executive Officer of Sea Mar Community Health Centers, a health care and social services organization serving low-income and underserved populations in Seattle and several counties in Washington. Mr. Riojas has extensive management and administrative skills and experience in the heavily regulated health industry, especially in our local community. He also has experience in compensation, personnel management and human resource matters, which are valuable skills he brings to our Board of Directors.

Tyler K. Myers. Mr. Myers is the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Sound Community Bank and currently is the President and General Partner of The Myers Group, a conglomerate of retail businesses that are focused primarily in the retail grocery, hardware and fuel industries. Mr. Myers is responsible for overseeing the success and profitability of all Myers group business and real estate operations. Mr. Myers has been with The Myers Group since 1978. Mr. Myers' years of work with and running the Myers Group has provided him with strong leadership, management, financial and administrative skills, which together with his participation in the local community, brings valuable knowledge and skills to our organization. In addition, his participation in our local business community for over 25 years brings knowledge of the local economy and business opportunities for Sound Community Bank.

Robert F. Carney. Mr. Carney is Director of Meat and Seafood Merchandising for Sclaris Food & Drug Company in Reno, Nevada, a position he has held since February 2008. Prior to February 2008, he was Director of Meat and Seafood Merchandising for Brown & Cole Stores in Bellingham, Washington for six years. Mr. Carney has over 20 years experience in management positions in the food industry, including 12 years of budgeting and profit generating responsibilities. He has an MBA from the University of Southern California and an undergraduate degree in economics and business. Mr. Carney has attended seminars on the credit union and banking business over the years and has 27 years of experience on our Board, beginning when Sound Community Bank was a \$25 million credit union. Mr. Carney's years of management experience, together with his educational training, has provided him with extensive experience in the areas of business operations, budgeting and financial management, which knowledge is valuable to our organization.

James E. Sweeney. Since June 2007, Mr. Sweeney has served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Super Supplements, Inc., a retail chain specializing in vitamins, health supplements and nutrition based in Seattle with twenty-one stores in Washington and Idaho. He is responsible for daily risk management, customer relations, financial management, human resources management and business strategy. Formerly, Mr. Sweeney was Managing Partner of Corporate Strategies and Development, LLC, a management consulting firm serving businesses in the Puget Sound area. He brings these general business, financial and risk management skills to Sound Community Bank and has

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experience guiding business entities during difficult business and economic cycles. His participation in our local business community for over 40 years brings knowledge of the local economy and business opportunities for Sound Community Bank.

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David S. Haddad, Jr. Mr. Haddad is Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of Sound Community Bank. Prior to his retirement, Mr. Haddad was an Operations Manager at Cutter and Buck, a golf apparel company from 1999 until 2003; a Senior Manager of Operations at Progressive International, a housewares wholesaler from 1995 until 1999; and a warehouse manager for Associated Grocers from 1982 until 1995. During Mr. Haddad's years of service at the senior management level of these companies, his responsibilities included budgeting, personnel management, contract negotiations and control of capital expenditures. During his retirement, Mr. Haddad worked part time from 2004 until 2009 as a Customer Service Supervisor with Alaska Airlines. Mr. Haddad's 21 years of service as a director of Sound Community Bank (including its predecessor credit union organization) provide him with a strong knowledge and understanding of the institution's business and history. Mr. Haddad's years of service at the senior management level of various companies and as a Customer Service Supervisor for Alaska Airlines has provided him with strong leadership, interpersonal, management and administrative skills which are valuable to our organization.

Milton L. McMullen. Mr. McMullen has been retired since 1998. From 1984 to 1998, he served as Regional Sales manager for FISERV Inc., a data processing provider to financial institutions. Mr. McMullen has over 25 years experience with various mutual savings banks as a branch manager, loan officer, comptroller, chief financial officer and managing officer. He prepared regulatory filings and conducted risk management and market assessments for other financial institutions. Mr. McMullen was Executive Vice President and managing officer of Mt. Baker Mutual Savings Bank when he left in 1984. He has attended many accounting, financial and management courses and seminars for management of financial institutions. When Sound Community Bank was a credit union, Mr. McMullen served as chairman of its supervisory committee, which was responsible for overseeing audit functions. His accounting knowledge and experience, along with his prior banking experience, provide Mr. McMullen with knowledge and an understanding of our business.

Director Independence

The Board applies the independence standard in the Nasdaq listing standards to its directors. The Board has determined that seven of our eight directors, Directors Myers, Haddad, Carney, Jones, McMullen, Riojas and Sweeney, are independent directors as that term is defined in the those Nasdaq standards.

Corporate Governance

Board Leadership Structure. The Board has placed the responsibilities of Chairman with an independent nonexecutive member of the Board which we believe provides better accountability between the Board and our management team. We believe it is beneficial to have an independent Chairman whose sole responsibility to us is leading our Board members as they provide leadership to our executive team. Our Chairman is responsible for providing leadership to the Board and facilitating communication among the directors; setting the Board meeting agendas in consultation with the President and CEO; and presiding at Board meetings and executive sessions. This delineation of duties allows the President and CEO to focus her attention on managing the day-to-day business of Sound Community Bank. We believe this structure provides strong leadership for our Board, while positioning our President and CEO as the leader of the company in the eyes of our customers, employees and other stakeholders.

Board Role in Risk Oversight. The Board of Directors is responsible for consideration and oversight of risks facing Sound Financial, Inc., and is responsible for ensuring that material risks are identified and managed appropriately. The Audit Committee meets quarterly, or more frequently as needed, with management in order to review our major financial risk exposures and the steps management is taking to monitor and control such exposures. Directors also serve on various committees that focus on major areas of risk in Sound Financial, Inc. and Sound Community Bank that include but are not limited to loans and compensation. Directors discuss risk and risk mitigation strategies with

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management within these committees. All risk oversight discussions are included in committee reports to the full Board of Directors. Directors discuss risk and risk mitigation strategies with management within these committees. All risk oversight discussions are included in committee reports to the full Board of Directors.

Board Meetings and Committees. Meetings of Sound Financial, Inc.'s Board of Directors are generally held on a quarterly basis. The membership of Sound Community Bank's Board of Directors is identical to Sound Financial, Inc.'s Board of Directors. Meetings of Sound Community Bank's Board of Directors are generally held on a monthly basis. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, the Board of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc.

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held five regular meetings and no special meetings, and the Board of Directors of Sound Community Bank held 12 regular meetings and no special meetings. During fiscal year 2011, no incumbent director attended fewer than 75% in the aggregate of the total number of meetings of each Board and the total number of meetings held by the committees of each Board on which committees he or she served.

The Board of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc. has standing Compensation, Audit and Nominating committees. Information regarding the functions of the Board's committees, their present membership and the number of meetings held by each committee for the year ended December 31, 2011, is set forth below:

Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee operates under a formal written charter adopted by the Board of Directors. The Compensation Committee is responsible for: (i) determining and evaluating the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers; (ii) reviewing and monitoring existing compensation plans, policies and programs and recommending changes to the goals and objectives of these plans, policies and programs to the entire Board; and (iii) reviewing and recommending new compensation plans, policies and programs. The Compensation Committee also recommends to the Board of Directors any changes in the compensation structure for non-employee directors. The Compensation Committee does not designate its authority to any one of its members or any other person, however, Ms. Stewart does make recommendations to the Committee for all compensation, except her own. The Compensation Committee is comprised of Directors Haddad (chair), Myers, McMullen and Sweeney, each of whom is independent as that term is defined for compensation committee members in the Nasdaq Rules. The Compensation Committee is scheduled to meet at least once a year and on an as-needed basis. The Compensation Committee met four times during 2011.

Audit Committee. The Audit Committee operates under a formal written charter adopted by the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee is appointed by the Board of Directors to provide assistance to the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility relating to the integrity of our consolidated financial statements and the financial reporting processes, the systems of internal accounting and financial controls, compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the annual independent audit of our consolidated financial statements, the independent auditors qualifications and independence, the performance of our internal audit function and independent auditors and any other areas of potential financial risk to Sound Financial, Inc. specified by its Board of Directors. The Audit Committee also is responsible for the appointment, retention and oversight of our independent auditors, including pre-approval of all audit and non-audit services to be performed by the independent auditors.

The current members of the Audit Committee are Directors Riojas (chair), Haddad and Jones. All members of the Audit Committee, in addition to being independent as defined under Rule 4200 (a)(15) of the NASDAQ Marketplace Rules, (i) meet the criteria for independence set forth in Section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and (ii) are able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including our balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statement. Additionally, Debra Jones has had past employment experience in finance or accounting and/or requisite professional certification in accounting that results in her financial sophistication. The Board of Directors has determined that Ms. Jones meets the requirements adopted by the SEC for qualification as an audit committee financial expert. During 2011, the Audit Committee held five meetings.

Nominating Committee. Our Nominating Committee is comprised of Directors Carney (chair), Jones, McMullen and Sweeney, each of whom is independent as that term is defined for compensation committee members in the Nasdaq Rules. The Nominating Committee is scheduled to meet at least once a year and on an as-needed basis. The Nominating Committee met once during 2011. The Nominating Committee operates under a formal written charter adopted by the Board of Directors. The Nominating Committee is responsible for identifying and recommending director candidates to serve on the Board of Directors. Final approval of director nominees is determined by the full Board, based on the recommendations of the Nominating Committee. The nominees for election at the meeting identified in this document were recommended to the Board by the Nominating Committee. The Nominating Committee has the following responsibilities under its charter:

- (i) recommend to the Board the appropriate size of the Board and assist in identifying, interviewing and recruiting candidates for the Board;
- (ii) recommend candidates (including incumbents) for election and appointment to the Board of Directors, subject to the provisions set forth in the our charter and bylaws relating to the nomination or appointment of directors, based on the following criteria: (i) business experience,

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education, integrity, reputation, independence, conflicts of interest, diversity, and age; (ii) number of other directorships and commitments (including charitable obligations); (iii) tenure on the Board; (iv) attendance at Board and committee meetings; (v) stock ownership; (vi) specialized knowledge (such as an understanding of banking, accounting, marketing, finance, regulation and public policy); (vii) a commitment to the Company's communities and shared values; and (viii) overall experience in the context of the needs of the Board as a whole;

- (iii) consider and evaluate nominations from shareholders using the same criteria as all other nominations;
- (iv) annually recommend to the Board committee assignments and committee chairs on all committees of the Board, and recommend committee members to fill vacancies on committees as necessary; and
- (v) perform any other duties or responsibilities expressly delegated to the Committee by the Board.

Nominations, other than those made by the Nominating Committee, must be made pursuant to timely notice in writing to the Corporate Secretary as set forth in Article I, Section 13 of Sound Financial, Inc.'s bylaws. In general, to be timely, a shareholder's notice must be received by us not less than five days prior to the annual meeting; however, if the Nominating Committee does not post its nominations at least 20 days before the meeting, a shareholder may make a nomination at the meeting. Any shareholder's nomination must provide the following:

- (i) as to each person whom a shareholder proposes to nominate for election as a director: all information relating to the proposed nominee that is required to be disclosed in the solicitation of proxies for election as directors or is otherwise required pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) as to the shareholder giving the notice: the name and address of the shareholder as they appear on our books and the number of shares of Sound Financial, Inc. common stock beneficially owned by the shareholder.

This description is a summary of our nominating process. Any shareholder wishing to propose a director candidate to the Company should review and must comply in full with the procedures set forth in the Company's charter and bylaws.

Communications with Directors. Any shareholder desiring to communicate with the Board of Directors, or one or more specific members thereof, should communicate in writing addressed to Tyler K. Myers, Chairman of the Board of the Company, 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington, 98121.

Attendance Policy at Annual Meetings. Although we do not have a formal policy regarding director attendance at annual shareholder meetings, directors are expected to attend these meetings absent extenuating circumstances. Five of our directors were in attendance at last year's annual shareholder meeting.

Committee Charters. The charters of the Audit, Compensation and Nominating Committees are posted on our website at www.soundcb.com under Investor Relations Governance Documents.

Code of Ethics. We have adopted a code of ethics that applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer, and person performing similar functions, and to all of our other employees and our directors. You may obtain a copy of the code of ethics free of charge by writing to the Corporate Secretary of Sound Financial, 2005 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200, Seattle, Washington, 98121 or by

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calling (206) 448-0884. In addition, the code of ethics was filed with the SEC as an exhibit to our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, and is available on our website at www.soundcb.com under Investor Relations Governance.

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Report of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements of Sound Financial, Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, with management. The Audit Committee has discussed with Moss Adams, LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, the matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61 as amended, (AICPA, *Professional Standards*, Vol. 1, AU section 380), as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in Rule 3200T.

The Audit Committee has also received the written disclosures and the letter from Moss Adams, LLP required by applicable requirements of the Public Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent accountant's communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence, and has discussed with Moss Adams, LLP its independence.

Based on the Audit Committee's review and discussions noted above, it recommended to the Board of Directors that Sound Financial, Inc.'s audited financial statements be included in Sound Financial, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, for filing with the SEC.

The foregoing report is furnished by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors:

Rogelio Riojas, Chairman
David S. Haddad, Jr
Debra Jones

Transactions with Certain Related Persons

Sound Community Bank may engage in a transaction or series of transactions with our directors, executive officers and certain persons related to them. Except for the loans discussed below, there were no transactions of this nature, the amount of which exceeded \$120,000 during 2011 or 2010.

Our directors, officers and employees are eligible for any type of credit offered by Sound Community Bank. Federal regulations permit executive officers and directors to participate in loan programs that are available to other employees, as long as the director or executive officer is not given preferential treatment compared to other participating employees. In accordance with banking regulations, such loans to directors are made on substantially the same terms as those available to Sound Community Bank's employees. Such loans provide for a discount as to interest rate, consistent with the requirements of the Federal Reserve Board's Regulation O. When the director or executive officer leaves Sound Community Bank, these preferential rates return to market rates and terms in effect at the time of origination. Except as set forth above, loans to directors and executive officers are made in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms, including interest rates and collateral, as prevailing at the time for comparable loans with persons not related to Sound Community Bank, and do not involve more than the normal risk of collectability or present other unfavorable features. Loans to current directors and executive officers and their related persons totaled approximately \$5.4 million at December 31, 2011, and were performing in accordance with their terms at that date.

Set forth below is information regarding loans made with preferential interest rates, as prevailing at the time for comparable loans with persons not related to Sound Community Bank, to directors and executive officers during each of the last two fiscal years who had aggregate indebtedness to Sound Community Bank that exceeded \$120,000.

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Name	Nature of Transaction	Interest Rate	Largest Principal Balance 01/01/11 to 12/31/11	Principal Balance at 12/31/2011	Principal Paid 01/01/11 to 12/31/11	Interest Paid 01/01/11 to 12/31/11
Laura Lee Stewart	Mortgage Loan	3.00%	\$ 438,826	\$	\$ 438,826	\$ 12,294
Matthew P. Deines	Mortgage Loan	2.00%	422,114	409,658	12,455	10,764
Matthew M. Moran	Mortgage Loan	2.13%	413,867	402,015	11,852	10,615
Patricia Floyd	Mortgage Loan	2.25%	494,864	480,004	14,860	12,530
	Land Loan	6.50%	74,250	71,225	3,025	4,809
Tyler Myers	Mortgage Loan	2.38%	544,764	530,186	14,578	14,314
David Haddad	Mortgage Loan	2.38%	453,320	445,749	7,571	11,962
Robert Carney	Mortgage Loan	2.88%	269,851	263,491	6,360	7,926
Debra Jones	Mortgage Loan	3.00%	606,973	592,508	14,466	15,267
	Mortgage Loan	5.00%	239,646		239,646	7,067
James E. Sweeney	Mortgage Loan	2.25%	517,873	491,212	26,661	13,263

Name	Nature of Transaction	Interest Rate	Largest Principal Balance 01/01/10 to 12/31/10	Principal Balance at 12/31/2010	Principal Paid 01/01/10 to 12/31/10	Interest Paid 01/01/10 to 12/31/10
Laura Lee Stewart	Mortgage Loan	2.63%	\$ 450,117	\$ 438,826	\$ 11,291	\$ 16,277
Matthew P. Deines	Mortgage Loan	2.50%	432,374	422,114	10,260	15,061
Matthew M. Moran	Mortgage Loan	2.75%	422,979	413,867	9,112	14,673
Patricia Floyd	Mortgage Loan	3.25%	494,864	488,250	6,614	16,812
	Land Loan	6.50%	74,250	74,250		159
Tyler Myers	Mortgage Loan	3.50%	556,969	544,764	12,205	19,650
David Haddad	Mortgage Loan	3.50%	459,291	453,320	5,971	16,269
Robert Carney	Mortgage Loan	3.00%	275,632	269,851	5,781	9,218
Debra Jones	Mortgage Loan	2.63%	618,768	606,973	11,795	21,868
	Mortgage Loan	3.13%	246,054	239,646	6,408	7,726
James E. Sweeney	Mortgage Loan	3.13%	539,976	517,873	22,103	17,970

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires our directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than 10% of Sound Financial, Inc.'s common stock to report to the SEC their initial ownership of Sound Financial, Inc.'s common stock and any subsequent changes in that ownership. Specific due dates for these reports have been established by the SEC, and Sound Financial is required to disclose in this proxy statement/prospectus any late filings or failures to file. To our knowledge, based solely on a review of the copies of reports furnished to us and written representations relative to the filing of certain forms, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to our executive officers, directors and greater than 10% beneficial owners were met for transactions in our common stock during 2011.

**PROPOSAL 3 RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT
REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

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The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors appointed Moss Adams, LLP to serve as our independent registered public accounting firm for the 2012 fiscal year and is soliciting your ratification of that selection.

Your ratification of the Audit Committee's selection of Moss Adams, LLP is not necessary because the Audit Committee has responsibility for selection of our independent registered public accounting firm. However, the Audit Committee will take your vote on this proposal into consideration when selecting our independent registered public accounting firm in the future. A representative of Moss Adams, LLP may be present at the annual meeting of shareholders and will have the opportunity to make a statement or respond to any appropriate questions that shareholders may have.

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The Board of Directors recommends that shareholders vote FOR the ratification of the appointment of Moss Adams, LLP as Sound Financial, Inc.'s independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2012.

Principal Accountant Fees and Services

During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, Moss Adams, LLP provided various audit and non-audit services to Sound Financial and Sound Community Bank. These services included: (1) the audit of our annual financial statements and review of the financial statements included in Sound Financial's filings with the SEC; (2) consultation on accounting matters; (3) tax advice and tax consultations; and (4) other professional services.

The aggregate fees billed to us by Moss Adams, LLP, and its affiliates for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2011	2010
Audit Fees	\$ 117,970	\$ 136,500
Audit Related Fees		
Tax Fees		
All Other Fees(1)		4,450

(1) Primarily for tax compliance, tax advice and tax return preparation services.

Our Audit Committee has determined that the services provided by Moss Adams, LLP as set forth herein are compatible with maintaining Moss Adams, LLP's independence.

Pursuant to the terms of its charter, the Audit Committee is responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of the independent auditors. The Audit Committee must pre-approve the engagement letters and the fees to be paid to the independent auditors for all audit and permissible non-audit services to be provided by the independent auditors and consider the possible effect that any non-audit services could have on the independence of the auditors. The Audit Committee may establish pre-approval policies and procedures, as permitted by applicable law and SEC regulations and consistent with its charter for the engagement of the independent auditors to render permissible non-audit services to the Corporation, provided that any pre-approvals delegated to one or more members of the committee are reported to the committee at its next scheduled meeting. At this time, the Audit Committee has not adopted any pre-approval policies.

PROPOSAL 4 ADJOURNMENT OF THE ANNUAL MEETING

If there are not sufficient votes to approve the plan of conversion at the time of the annual meeting, the proposal may not be approved unless the annual meeting is adjourned to a later date or dates in order to permit further solicitation of proxies. In order to allow proxies that have been

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received by Sound Financial, Inc. at the time of the annual meeting to be voted for an adjournment, if necessary, Sound Financial, Inc. has submitted the question of adjournment to its shareholders as a separate matter for their consideration. The Board of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc. recommends that shareholders vote **FOR** the adjournment proposal. If it is necessary to adjourn the annual meeting, no notice of the adjourned annual meeting is required to be given to shareholders (unless the adjournment is for more than 30 days or if a new record date is fixed), other than an announcement at the annual meeting of the hour, date and place to which the annual meeting is adjourned.

The Board of Directors recommends that you vote **FOR the adjournment of the annual meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in the event that there are not sufficient votes at the time of the annual meeting to approve the plan of conversion.**

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**PROPOSALS 5a AND 5b INFORMATIONAL PROPOSALS RELATED TO THE
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF SOUND FINANCIAL BANCORP**

By their approval of the plan of conversion as set forth in Proposal 1, the Board of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc. has approved each of the informational proposals numbered 5a and 5b, both of which relate to provisions included in the articles of incorporation of Sound Financial Bancorp. Each of these informational proposals is discussed in more detail below.

As a result of the conversion, the public shareholders of Sound Financial, Inc., whose rights are presently governed by the charter and bylaws of Sound Financial, Inc., will become shareholders of Sound Financial Bancorp, whose rights will be governed by the articles of incorporation and bylaws of Sound Financial Bancorp. The following informational proposals address the material differences between the governing documents of the two companies. This discussion is qualified in its entirety by reference to the charter and bylaws of Sound Financial, Inc. and the articles of incorporation and bylaws of Sound Financial Bancorp. See [Where You Can Find Additional Information](#) for procedures for obtaining a copy of those documents.

The provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation which are summarized as informational proposals 5a and 5b were approved as part of the process in which the Board of Directors of Sound Financial, Inc. approved the plan of conversion. These proposals are informational in nature only, because the Federal Reserve Board's regulations governing mutual-to-stock conversions do not provide for a separate vote on these matters apart from the vote on the plan of conversion. Sound Financial, Inc.'s shareholders are not being asked to approve these informational proposals at the annual meeting. While we are asking you to vote with respect to each of the informational proposals set forth below, the proposed provisions for which an informational vote is requested will become effective if shareholders approve the plan of conversion, regardless of whether shareholders vote to approve any or all of the informational proposals. The provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation which are summarized as informational proposals may have the effect of deterring or rendering more difficult attempts by third parties to obtain control of Sound Financial Bancorp, if such attempts are not approved by the Board of Directors, or may make the removal of the Board of Directors or management, or the appointment of new directors, more difficult.

Informational Proposal 5b Approval of a Provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's Articles of Incorporation Requiring a Super-Majority Vote to Approve Certain Amendments to Sound Financial Bancorp's Articles of Incorporation. No amendment of the charter of Sound Financial, Inc. may be made unless it is first proposed by the board of directors, then approved by the Federal Reserve Board and approved by the holders of a majority of the total votes eligible to be cast at a legal meeting. The articles of incorporation of Sound Financial Bancorp generally may be amended by the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote; provided, however, that any amendment of Section C, D and E of Article Five (Preferred Stock, Restrictions on Voting Rights of the Corporation's Equity Securities, Majority Vote), Article 7 (Directors), Article 8 (Bylaws), Article 9 (Approval of Certain Business Combinations), Article 11 (Acquisitions of Equity Securities from Interested Persons), Article 12 (Indemnification, etc. of Directors and Officers), Article 13 (Limitation of Liability) and Article 14 (Amendment of the Charter) must be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 80% of the outstanding shares entitled to vote.

These limitations on amendments to specified provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation are intended to ensure that the referenced provisions are not limited or changed upon a simple majority vote. While this limits the ability of shareholders to amend those provisions, Sound Community MHC, as a 54.8% shareholder, currently can effectively block any shareholder proposed change to the charter.

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The requirement of a super-majority shareholder vote to amend specified provisions of Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation could have the effect of discouraging a tender offer or other takeover attempt where the ability to make fundamental changes through amendments to the articles of incorporation is an important element of the takeover strategy of the potential acquiror. The Board of Directors believes that the provisions limiting certain amendments to the articles of incorporation will put the Board of Directors in a stronger position to negotiate with third parties with respect to transactions potentially affecting the corporate structure of Sound Financial Bancorp and the fundamental rights of its shareholders, and to preserve the ability of all shareholders to have an effective voice in the outcome of such matters.

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The Board of Directors recommends that you vote FOR the approval of a provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation requiring a super-majority vote to approve certain amendments to Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation.

Informational Proposal 5a Approval of a Provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's Articles of Incorporation to Limit the Voting Rights of Shares Beneficially Owned in Excess of 10% of Sound Financial Bancorp's Outstanding Voting Stock. The articles of incorporation of Sound Financial Bancorp provide that in no event shall any person, who directly or indirectly beneficially owns in excess of 10% of the then-outstanding shares of common stock as of the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled or permitted to vote on any matter, be entitled or permitted to any vote in respect of the shares held in excess of the 10% limit. Beneficial ownership is determined pursuant to the federal securities laws and includes, but is not limited to, shares as to which any person and his or her affiliates (i) have the right to acquire pursuant to any agreement, arrangement or understanding or upon the exercise of conversion rights, exchange rights, warrants or options; and (ii) have or share investment or voting power (but shall not be deemed the beneficial owner of any voting shares solely by reason of a revocable proxy granted for a particular meeting of shareholders, and that are not otherwise beneficially, or deemed by Sound Financial Bancorp to be beneficially, owned by such person and his or her affiliates).

The foregoing restriction does not apply to any employee benefit plans of Sound Financial Bancorp or any subsidiary or a trustee of a plan.

The charter of Sound Community Bank provides that, for a period of five years from the effective date of Sound Community Bank's mutual holding company reorganization, no person, other than Sound Community MHC, shall directly or indirectly offer to acquire or acquire more than 10% of the then-outstanding shares of common stock. The foregoing restriction does not apply to:

- the purchase of shares by underwriters in connection with a public offering; or
- the purchase of shares by any employee benefit plans of Sound Financial, Inc. or any subsidiary.

The provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation limiting the voting rights of beneficial owners of more than 10% of Sound Financial Bancorp's outstanding voting stock is intended to limit the ability of any person to acquire a significant number of shares of Sound Financial Bancorp common stock and thereby gain sufficient voting control so as to cause Sound Financial Bancorp to effect a transaction that may not be in the best interests of Sound Financial Bancorp and its shareholders generally. This provision will not prevent a shareholder from seeking to acquire a controlling interest in Sound Financial Bancorp, but it will prevent a shareholder from voting more than 10% of the outstanding shares of common stock unless that shareholder has first persuaded the Board of Directors of the merits of the course of action proposed by the shareholder. The Board of Directors of Sound Financial Bancorp believes that fundamental transactions generally should be first considered and approved by the Board of Directors as it believes that it is in the best position to make an initial assessment of the merits of any such transactions and that its ability to make the initial assessment could be impeded if a single shareholder could acquire a sufficiently large voting interest so as to control a shareholder vote on any given proposal. This provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation makes an acquisition, merger or other similar corporate transaction less likely to occur, even if such transaction is supported by most shareholders, because it can prevent a holder of shares in excess of the 10% limit from voting the excess shares in favor of the transaction. Thus, it may be deemed to have an anti-takeover effect.

The Board of Directors recommends that you vote FOR the approval of a provision in Sound Financial Bancorp's articles of incorporation to limit the voting rights of shares beneficially owned in excess of 10% of Sound Financial Bancorp's outstanding voting stock.

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SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA
OF SOUND FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

The summary financial information presented below is derived in part from the consolidated financial statements of Sound Financial, Inc. and its subsidiary. The following is only a summary and you should read it in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes beginning on page F-1. The information at December 31, 2011 and 2010 and for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 is derived in part from the audited consolidated financial statements of Sound Financial, Inc. that appear in this proxy statement/prospectus. The information at for the year ended December 31, 2009 is derived in part from audited consolidated financial statements that do not appear in this proxy statement/prospectus. The unaudited consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2012 and for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, included herein reflect all normal recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for the entire year. The following information is only a summary and you should read it in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto contained elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus.

	At March 31, 2012	2011	At December 31, 2010		2009
	(In thousands)				
Selected Financial Condition Data:					
Total assets	\$ 348,697	\$ 339,740	\$ 334,639	\$ 337,806	
Cash and cash equivalents	25,409	17,031	9,092	15,679	
Loans receivable, net	296,393	295,641	294,810	286,357	
Loans held for sale	1,139	1,807	901	2,858	
Available for sale securities (at fair value)	3,035	2,992	4,541	9,899	
Deposits	307,776	299,997	278,494	287,564	
Borrowings	8,346	8,506	24,849	20,000	
Stockholders' equity	29,466	28,713	26,903	25,068	

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2012	2011	2011	2010	2009
	(In thousands)				
Selected Operations Data:					
Total interest income	\$ 4,563	\$ 4,648	\$ 18,519	\$ 19,314	\$ 19,128
Total interest expense	601	752	2,781	4,288	7,057
Net interest income	3,962	3,896	15,738	15,026	12,071
Provision for loan losses	1,500	825	4,600	4,650	4,275
Net interest income after provision	2,462	3,071	11,138	10,376	7,796
Service charges and fee income	550	522	2,052	2,182	2,081
Mortgage servicing income	177	135	418	624	867
Fair value adjustment on mortgage servicing rights	384	(1)	(422)	103	125
Gain on sale of loans and securities, net	251		467	849	430
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on securities	(91)	(39)	(96)	(98)	(61)
Gain on purchase of branches					227
Other noninterest income	66	62	173	266	267
Total noninterest income	1,337	679	2,592	3,926	3,936
Salaries and benefits	1,282	1,466	4,997	5,864	5,700
Net loss and expenses on OREO	469	139	1,394	461	627

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Other noninterest expense	1,257	1,427	5,140	6,101	6,483
Total noninterest expense	3,008	3,032	11,531	12,426	