USCORP Form 10KSB December 30, 2002

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 10-KSB

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[X] Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002

OR

Commission File Number: 000-19061

#### **USCORP**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**NEVADA** 

87-0403330

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4535 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 204, Las Vegas, NV 89102

(Address of principal executive offices)

# (702) 933-4034

(Registrant's telephone no	umber, including area code)
Securities registered pursua	nt to Section 12(b) of the Act:
Title of Each Class None	Name of each exchange on which registered None
Securities registered pursua	nt to Section 12(g) of the Act:
Common Share	s, \$0.01 Par Value
<del></del>	<del></del>
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (l) has filed Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to s []	
Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers prince herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB	's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements
this Form 10-KSB. [X]	
State the issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year.	\$0.0
	by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which uch stock, as of a specified date within the past 60 days. As

of December 24, 2002, the value of such stock was \$2,249,668.

#### PART I

#### ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

## **Recent Developments.**

Except as set forth herein or otherwise in this Form 10-KSB, information presented here is as of September 30, 2002.

On January 14, 2002 at a Special meeting of the Shareholders of the Company the merger of FANTASTICON.COM, INC., (Delaware), MADMAN BACKSTAGE PRODUCTIONS, INC. and IMPACT INTERACTIVE, INC. (collectively "FM&I") into FANTASTICON.COM, INC., (Nevada), and that certain Earn Out Agreement between the Company, Michael Lee, the Management of the Company and the Shareholders of FM&I was rescinded and unwound in its entirety by majority vote of the Shareholders of the Company. The Shareholders determined that the terms and conditions of said merger and said Earn Out Agreement had not been met by the parties. It was the consensus of the Shareholders that the then current officers and directors of the Company had abandoned the Company and its business as evidenced by the fact that they were evicted from the corporate offices and the corporate telephone numbers had been disconnected; they had abandoned their corporate responsibilities and failed to prepare and file corporate diligence documents with state, federal and securities regulatory agencies; and they failed to perform their fiduciary duties and responsibilities.

The Shareholders agreed it was therefore incumbent upon them to take the actions necessary to preserve the legal status of the Company, the trading status of the common stock of the Company and to locate a viable business for the Company to pursue. 6,025,000 of the shares issued and held in escrow under the Merger Agreement and Earn Out Agreement were canceled and returned to the treasury stock of the Company by vote of a majority of the Shareholders of the then issued and outstanding stock of the Company and resolution of the Board of Directors.

In connection with the rescission of the Merger, Fantasticon changed its name to USCorp, pursuant to the Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company filed on January 23, 2002 with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada. Effective from January 15, 2002, the Company's temporary executive offices are located at 4535 W. Sahara Ave. Suite 204 Las Vegas NV 89102, and its telephone number is (760) 933-4034.

Also in connection with the rescission of the Merger, by majority vote of the Shareholders the former officers and directors of the Registrant were replaced and subsequent to the acquisition of USMetals, Inc. on April 2, 2002 new Officers and Board members have been elected. Robert Dultz has been elected Chairman of the Board of Directors

and Chief Executive Officer, Larry Dietz was elected a President and director, Carl W. O'Baugh was elected Vice President and director, Donald E. Brown was elected Vice President and director, Michael Love was elected Vice President and director, Spencer Eubank was elected Secretary-Treasurer and a director, and Tom Owens was elected a director of USCorp. Mr. Dietz and Mr. O'Baugh are former officers and directors of the Company under a prior name.

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The Company was originally incorporated as The Movie Greats Network, Inc. on May 22, 1989 under the laws of the State of Nevada. Effective August 4, 1992, the Company changed its name to Program Entertainment Group, Inc. Effective August 5, 1997 the Company again changed its name to Santa Maria Resources, Inc. The Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") dated as of September 1, 2000 by and among Santa Maria Resources, Inc., its subsidiary Fantasticon.com, Inc., a Nevada Company ("Merger Sub"), and Fantasticon.com, Inc., a Delaware Company ("Fantasticon.com DL") Madman Backstage Productions, Inc., a Michigan Company ("Madman"), and Impact Interactive, Inc., a Michigan Company ("Impact"). Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, on October 2, 2000 the Company amended its articles of incorporation, thereby changing its name to Fantasticon, Inc. On October 12, 2000, pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Fantasticon.com DL, Madman and Impact merged with and into Merger Sub (the "Merger"), with Merger Sub surviving as the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and successor to the businesses of Fantasticon.com DL, Madman and Impact. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, the Company effected a 1:2 reverse split of its outstanding capital stock that became effective October 12, 2000.

#### **Description of Our Former Business.**

The Company commenced its operations in 1989 as a syndicator of motion pictures and television programming for its "network" of television stations across the United States. In 1994 the Company ceased operations and consequently wrote off all of its assets, which consisted mainly of motion picture rights and prints and liabilities, consisting of various accounts payable. The write off of assets and liabilities resulted in a net loss in fiscal year 1994-1995 of \$132,261.

In 1995 the Company terminated all business operations and remained inactive until 1997 when certain shareholders of the Company restructured the Company as a mining company and changed its name to Santa Maria Resources, Inc. ("Santa Maria"). The primary purpose of Santa Maria was to acquire mineral properties, or the rights to explore, develop and mine and extract mineral properties, initially in the U.S. As such, Santa Maria engaged management personnel, acquired the mineral properties discussed herein and paid the incidental expenses of the Company's limited operations.

In 2000 the Company s then wholly owned subsidiary Fantasticon.com, Inc.,merged as described hereinabove with three other entities and the Company changed its name to Fantasticon, Inc. That merger was rescinded and unwound in its entirety in January 2002 by majority vote of the shareholders as described previously.

#### ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

Effective January 14, 2002, the Company's principle executive offices were moved temporarily to 4535 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 204, Las Vegas, NV 89102 and its telephone number changed to (702) 933-4034.

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#### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, the Company was not a party to legal proceedings requiring disclosure pursuant to the instructions to this item, and none of the Company's officers or directors are involved in any litigation in their capacities as such officers or directors of the Company.

#### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were put to the vote of the shareholders during the fourth quarter of the Company's fiscal year ended on September 30, 2002.

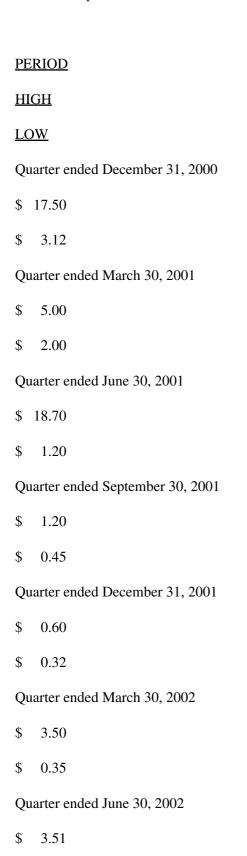
#### **PART II**

## ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The Company's securities are quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board. The Company's shares originally began trading on December 20, 1993 under the symbol "PREG." On August 19, 1997 the Company changed its trading symbol to "SMRR." On October 17, 2000, the Company's trading symbol was changed to "FTST." As March 6, 2002 the Company's current trading symbol is USCS.

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the range of high and low closing bid quotations for the Company's common stock during the past two fiscal years. All figures in the following table have been adjusted to

reflect a 1-for-10 split down of the Company's Shares in November 1997, a 1-for-2 split down of the Company's Shares in October 2000, and a 1 for 10 split down of the Company's Shares in March 2002. These quotations represent inter-dealer prices without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not represent actual transactions:



\$ 0.55

Quarter ended September 30, 2002

- \$ 0.65
- \$ 0.55

On December 24, 2002 the reported closing price for the Company's common stock was \$0.80 per share; there were approximately 319 record holders of the Company's shares.

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The Company has not paid any dividends and there are presently no plans to pay any such dividends in the foreseeable future. The declaration and payment of dividends in the future will be determined by the Board of Directors in light of conditions then existing, including earning, financial condition, capital requirements and other factors. There are no contractual restrictions on the Company's present or future ability to pay dividends. Further, there are no restrictions on any of the Company's subsidiaries which would, in the future, adversely affect the Company's ability to pay dividends to its shareholders.

#### Recent Sales of unregistered securities.

During this period the Registrant issued 24,200,000 shares of common stock (the "Acquisition Shares") to the stockholders of USMetals, Inc., in consideration for the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding shares of USMetals.

The Acquisition Shares were issued in reliance upon an exemption from registration provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933.

The Registrant also issued 310,000 shares to officers and directors as an inducement to serve the Company without compensation. The Registrant canceled 42,500 shares previously issued by prior management shortly before the Company ceased operations in 2001.

#### ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto, and the other financial data appearing elsewhere in this Report.

The information set forth in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, among others (i) expected changes in the Company's revenues and profitability, (ii) prospective business opportunities and (iii) the Company's strategy for financing its business. Forward-looking statements are statements other than historical information or statements of current condition. Some forward-looking statements may be identified by use of terms such as "believes", "anticipates", "intends" or "expects". These forward-looking statements relate to the plans, objectives and expectations of the Company for future operations. Although the Company believes that its expectations with respect to the forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions within the bounds of its knowledge of its business and operations, in light of the risks and uncertainties inherent in all future projections, the inclusion of forward-looking statements in this report should not be regarded as a representation by the Company or any other person that the objectives or plans of the Company will be achieved.

The Company's revenues and results of operations could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of numerous factors, including, but not limited to, the following: (i) changes in external competitive market factors, (ii) termination of certain operating

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agreements or inability to enter into additional operating agreements, (iii) inability to satisfy anticipated working capital or other cash requirements, (iv) changes in or developments under domestic or foreign laws, regulations, governmental requirements or in the mining industry, (v) changes in the Company's business strategy or an inability to execute its strategy due to unanticipated changes in the market, (vi) various competitive factors that may prevent the Company from competing successfully in the marketplace, and (ix) the Company's lack of liquidity and its ability to raise additional capital. In light of these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurance that actual results, performance or achievements of the Company will not differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The foregoing review of important factors should not be construed as exhaustive. The Company undertakes no obligation to release publicly the results of any future revisions it may make to forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

The Company is a "development stage" company. During the last two quarters of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002, the Company's operations centered around the development of its mining claims known as the Twin Peaks Mine. During the fiscal year, the Company did not commence commercially viable operations. The annual operating costs incurred to date were primarily for the development of the Company s mining properties, development and maintenance of the company s website, legal and accounting costs in conjunction with the Company s private placement and general and administrative expenses in anticipation of completing exploration and development of

USMetals mining property, the Twin Peaks Mine.

# Significant Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations discusses the Company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates and judgments, including those related to reserves and intangible assets. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experiences and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The most significant accounting estimates inherent in the preparation of the Company's financial statements include estimates as to the appropriate carrying value of certain assets which are not readily apparent from other sources, primarily allowance for the cost of the Mineral Properties based on the successful efforts method of accounting. These accounting policies are described at relevant sections in this discussion and analysis and in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended September 30 2002.

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#### **OVERVIEW**

Prior to April 2002, the Company, a development-stage company, did not have any business operations.

On April 2, 2002, the Company acquired USMetals, Inc. ("USMetals") for 24,200,000 shares of its common stock in a share-for-share exchange whereby USMetals became a wholly owned subsidiary of USCorp. USMetals owns the 141 lode mining claims known as the Twin Peaks mine near Baghdad, Arizona. The fair value of the property is based upon the values that were estimated by field personnel. The estimated fair market values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the acquisition of USMetals are as follows:

Estimated fair value of assets acquired

**Property** 

\$ 19,600

Mine Development
Hayes Mining, Phillips Mining
400,000
American Metals and Minerals
297,758
Santa Maria Resources
600,000
International Energy and Resources
<u>818,000</u>
Total fair value of assets
2,435,358
Liabilities assumed
Annual Lease Payment
<u>14,108</u>
Estimated fair value of acquisition
\$2,449,466
======
As a result of the acquisition and change in control of the Company, the following individuals have been added to the Company's board of directors following the closing of the acquisition: Robert Dultz, Michael D. Love, Donald E.

Brown and Tom Owens, an outside director. Mr. Dultz has become the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Mr.

Love and Mr. Brown have become Vice Presidents of the Company.

Complete details of the transaction have been disclosed in a Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 2, 2002.

All of the Company's mining business operations are conducted at this time through its subsidiary, USMetals. International Energy Resources, Inc. has agreed to continue to supervise and direct the work of the mine Exploration and Development Team upon adequate funding of the project.

As a result of the acquisition, the Company owns 141 unpatented contiguous mining claims totaling approximately 2,820 acres in Township 13, Yavapai County, Arizona. These claims have a history of mining activity from the middle of the 19th century to the beginning of World War II. Gold, silver, copper and other minerals were recovered in important quantities. The previous owners started acquisition of this claim group in the early 1940's and by the mid-1980's the group totaled 134 claims. Exploration, drilling and assessment work was done and several geological reports were completed indicating the presence of economically viable deposits of precious metals and complex ores.

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#### Appraisal and Valuation

The Late Mr. N. H. Carouso, formerly President of Geo-Processing, Inc., was retained in 1985 by the prior owners of these claims to prepare an Economic Evaluation of the 134 claims in the group at that time. Mr. Carouso earned a Bachelor of Arts and a Master of Science degree from the University of California, College of Engineering, Department of Mineral Technology and Mining. His report was for the recovery of gold and silver only.

The following is a statement from Mr. Carouso's report:

"The mining claims project area offers excellent economic potential. With the gold and silver mineralization cropping out at the surface and the favorable topography for surface mining techniques, it is felt that an early cash flow can be expected. The gross dollar potential of the areas evaluated, which the writer [Mr. Carouso] feels represents only about 30% of the potential of the entire group of claims, if combined, could be \$280,836,000.00. Even if one then takes a 50% confidence factor as to the grade of ore, the gross dollar potential would be \$115,418,000, and with an expected 70% recovery of precious metals, the adjusted gross dollar potential would be \$80,792,600.00 based on a spot price of \$325/oz, for gold and \$6.00/oz. for silver, and mining to a depth of 100 feet."

Other minerals are available from these claims as reported from the United States Geological Survey conducted in 1940. Of the minerals listed, one of the most notable was a content of Uranium Ore, U308 (Yellow Cake) which has a content ranging from .43% to 1.77% by volume. The Company has discussed the potential of mining U308 Uranium

Ore. Management intends upon receipt of adequate funding to determine the feasibility of economical recovery of uranium. Additional minerals referred to as "Complex Ores" that have been identified on these claims have been ignored due to the expensive and sophisticated process of mining "Complex Ores." Management intends upon receipt of adequate funding to determine the extent of "Complex Ore" deposits and the feasibility of their economical recovery. MANAGEMENT PLANS In order to improve operations and liquidity and meet its cash flow needs, the company has or intends to do the following: Raise \$20,000,000 in a private placement. Resume and complete exploration and drilling on all claims of the Twin Peaks mine. Build a test plant. Complete feasibility studies on the Twin Peaks mine. Bring the Twin Peaks mine to full-scale commercial mining. Obtain a credit facility based in part on the value of its proven reserves when necessary and if appropriate given market conditions.

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As a result of these plans, management believes that it will generate sufficient cash flows to meet its obligations in 2003 and 2004.
Discussion of Financial Condition.
As of September 30, 2002 the Company had total assets of \$2,450,743 with total liabilities of \$0 (compared with \$0 and \$0 respectively for September 30, 2001).
The Company expects to require significant additional funds in order to complete exploration and development of the Twin Peaks Mine. The Company has prepared a private placement memorandum in the amount of \$20 million which it seeks to raise from accredited investors. Based upon available cash on hand, management is of the opinion that, without additional financing, the Company will not have adequate funds available to meet its cash needs for the next three (3) months.
ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

The Shareholders

**USCorp** 

4535 W. Sahara Ave. Suite 204

Las Vegas, Nevada 89102

I have audited the accompanying balance sheet of USCorp and Subsidiary as of September 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000 and the related restated statements of income and changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements presented are free from

material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of USCorp, a development stage company, for the dates indicated above and the results of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company has suffered losses from operations and has a lack of net capital that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 1. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

#### /s/ Henry Schiffer

Henry Schiffer

An Accountancy Corporation

Beverly Hills, California

December 26, 2002

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#### USCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

(a Development State Company)

#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	9/30/2002	9/30/2001	9/30/2000
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash	1,277	-	-

Mineral properties at cost based on successful efforts method of accounting, net of accumulated			
depletion and amortization 1975 to 2002	2,115,758	-	-
Annual Assessment Work and Lease Payments			
to the BLM 1975 to 2002	333,708		
Total Other Assets	2,449,466	-	-
Total Assets	2,450,743	-	-
LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Shareholders' Equity:			
Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized			
100,000,000 shares, issued, and outstanding			
600,058 at Sept 30 2000; 1,056,067			
at September 30, 2001, and 24,921,073			
at September 30, 2002 (adjusted for split down).	249,211	105,607	6,001
Additional paid in capital	5,017,122	2,567,780	2,012,618
Retained deficit	(2,815,590)	(2,673,387)	(2,018,619)
Total Shareholders' Equity	2,450,743	-	-
Total Liabilities & Shareholders' Equity	2,450,743	-	-
See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.			

USCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

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(a Development Stage Company)

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30th

9/30/02 9/30/01 9/30/00

Net sales	-	-	-
Less cost of sales	-	-	-
Gross profit	-	-	-
Administrative expenses:			
Consulting and Public Relations	17,349	-	8,847
Mining Claim Lease	14,108	-	-
Rent	1,725	-	4,111
Communications and Clerical	11,474	-	3,133
Office administration	-	-	8,608
Registered Agent and Corp. Maintenance	6,832	-	-
Transfer Agent	8,471	-	-
Auto	745	-	-
Bank Charges	136	-	-
Accounting and Legal	52,566	-	-
Office Expenses	9,587	-	-
Hotel	250	-	-
Printing	986	-	-
Officer Expenses	9,054	-	-
Travel	5,141	-	-
Utilities	1,253	-	-
Entertainment	2,527	-	-
Total administrative expenses	142,205	_	24,699
Loss from Operations	(142,205)	_	(24,699)
Other Income (expenses):			
Loss on sale of mining claim	-	_	(600,000)
Interest income	-	-	-
Interest expense	-	-	-
Net Loss before income tax provision	(142,205)	-	(624,699)
Provision for income taxes	-	-	-
Net Loss	(142,205)	-	(624,699)
Earnings per common share:			
Basic	(0.01)	_	(0.10)
Weighted average of common shares:			
(adjusted for split down) Basic	13,131,556	1,056,057	600,058

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

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(a Development Stage Company)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER EQUITY

# FROM INCEPTION (MAY 22, 1989) TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

	Common Shares	Common Amount	Additional Paid in Capital	Unearned Compensa- tion	Retained Deficit	Total
Inception	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shares issued for Axiom	4,470,000	\$5,000	\$16,000	-	(\$376,000)	(\$355,000)
Issuance of common stock	12,700,000	\$12,000	\$1,153,000	(\$63,000)	-	\$1,102,000
Amortization of unearned compensation	-	-	-	\$4,000	-	\$4,000
Net income for the fiscal year 1990	-	-	-	-	\$955,000	\$955,000
Balance at March 31, 1990	17,170,000	\$17,000	\$1,169,000	(\$59,000)	\$579,000	\$1,706,000
Amortization of unearned compensation	-	-	-	\$14,000	-	\$14,000
Net income for the fiscal year 1991	-	-	-	-	\$1,094,000	\$1,094,000
Balance at March 31, 1991	17,170,000	\$17,000	\$1,169,000	(\$45,000)	\$1,673,000	\$2,814,000
Issuance of common stock	150,000	\$335	\$32,081	-	-	\$32,416
Amortization of unearned compensation	-	-	-	\$14,000	-	\$14,000
Net income for the fiscal year 1992	-	-	-	-	\$452,000	\$452,000
Balance at March 31, 1992	17,320,000	\$17,335	\$1,201,081	(\$31,000)	\$2,125,000	\$3,312,416
Amortization of unearned compensation	-	-	-	\$31,000	-	\$31,000
Net loss for the fiscal year 1993	-	-	-	-	(\$3,147,767)	(\$3,147,767)
Balance at March 31, 1993	17,320,000	\$17,335	\$1,201,081	-	(\$1,022,767)	\$195,649
Balance at March 31, 1994	17,320,000	\$17,335	\$1,201,081	-	(\$1,086,155)	\$132,261
Net loss for the 18 mos. ended 9/30/95	-	-	-	-	(\$132,261)	(\$132,261)
Balance at September 30, 1995	17,320,000	\$17,335	\$1,201,081	-	(\$1,218,416)	-
Net loss for the fiscal year 1996	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at September 30, 1996	17,320,000	\$17,335	\$1,201,081	-	(\$1,218,416)	-

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

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# USCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

(a Development Stage Company)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER EQUITY, Continued

# FROM INCEPTION (MAY 22, 1989) TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

	Common Shares	Common Amount	Additional Paid in Capital	Unearned Compen- sation	Retained Deficit	Total
Balance at September 30, 1996	17,320,000	\$17,335	\$1,201,081	-	(\$1,218,416)	-
1 for 10 reverse stock split	(15,616,982)	(\$15,632)	\$15,632	-	-	-
Stock issued for mining claim	3,000,000	\$3,000	\$597,000	-	-	\$600,000
Issuance of common stock	1,000,000	\$1,000	\$59,374	-	-	\$60,374
Stock issued for services	297,565	\$298	\$29,459	-	-	\$29,757
Net loss for the fiscal year 1997	-	-	-	-	(\$90,131)	(\$90,131)
Balance at September 30, 1997	6,000,583	\$6,001	\$1,902,546	-	(\$1,308,547)	\$600,000
Capital contributed by stockholder	-	-	\$58,668	-	-	\$58,668
Net loss for the fiscal year 1998	-	-	-	-	(\$58,668)	(\$58,668)
Balance at September 30, 1998	6,000,583	\$6,001	\$1,961,214	-	(\$1,367,215)	\$600,000
Capital contributed by stockholder	-	-	-	\$28,654	-	\$28,654
Net loss for the fiscal year 1999	-	-	-	-	(\$26,705)	(\$26,705)
Balance at September 30, 1999	6,000,583	\$6,001	\$1,989,868	-	(\$1,393,920)	\$601,949
Capital contributed by stockholder	-	-	\$22,750	-	-	\$22,750
Net loss for the fiscal year 2000	-	-	-	-	(\$624,699)	(\$624,699)
	6,000,583	\$6,001	\$2,012,618	-	(\$2,018,619)	-

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Balance at September 30, 2000						
Adjustment to correct par value error	104,496	\$52,445	-	-	-	\$52,445
1 for 2 reverse stock split	(3,000,291)	(\$30,002)	\$30,002	-	-	-
Stock issued for Acquisition of Subsidiary	6,500,000	\$65,000	(\$65,000)	-	-	-
Expired Warrants	(130,251)	\$1,302	(\$1,302)	-	-	-
Issuance of common stock	586,120	\$5,861	\$554,671	-	-	\$560,532
Stock issued for compensation	500,000	\$5,000	\$15,071	-	-	\$20,071
Capital contributed by stockholder	-	-	\$21,719	-	-	\$21,719
Net loss for the fiscal year 2001	-	-	-	-	(\$654,767)	(\$654,767)
adjustment for rounding errors	-	-	\$1	-	(\$1)	-
Balance at September 30 2001	10,560,657	\$105,607	\$2,567,780		(\$2,673,387)	-

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

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# USCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

(a Development Stage Company)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER EQUITY, Continued

# FROM INCEPTION (MAY 22, 1989) TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

	Common Shares	Common Amount	Additional Paid in Capital	Unearned Compensation	Retained Deficit	Total
Balance at September 30 2001	10,560,657	\$105,607	\$2,567,780		(\$2,673,387)	-
Cancellation of 6,025,000 common stock	(6,025,000)	(\$60,250)	\$60,250	-	-	-
Adjustment 1 for 10 split down and rounding	(4,082,084)	(\$40,821)	\$40,821	-	-	-
Issue 24,200,000 shares to acquire USMetals	24,200,000	\$242,000	(\$242,000)	-	-	-
Issue 650,000 shares per 2002 Employee Compensation Plan	650,000	\$6,500	(\$6,500)	-	-	-

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Cancel 650,000 shares paid per 2002 Employee Compensation Plan	(650,000)	(\$6,500)	\$6,500		-
Increase in Paid in Capital	-	-	\$2,449,466		\$2,449,466
Issue 310,000 shares to officers and directors	310,000	\$3,100	(\$3,100)		-
Cancellation of 42,500 common stock	(42,500)	(\$425)	\$425		-
Capital contributed by a stockholder	-	-	\$143,480		\$143,480
Loss from Operations	-	-	-	- (\$142,205)	(\$142,205)
Balance at September 30, 2002	24,921,073	\$249,211	\$5,017,122	- (\$2,815,592)	\$2,450,741

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

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# USCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

(A Development Stage Company)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30th

	9/30/02	9/30/01	9/30/00
Operating Activities:			
Net Gain (Loss)	(142,205)	-	(624,699)
Adjustments to reconcile net income items not requiring the use of cash:			
Loss on sale of mining claim	-	-	600,000
Stock issued for services		-	-
Net cash used by operations	(142,205)	-	(24,699)
Financing Activities:			
Payable to stockholders	(143,480)	-	(41,237)
Adjustment for rounding error	2		
Contributed capital by stockholders	143,480	-	22,750
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,277	-	(18,487)

Net increase (decrease) in cash during the period	1,277	-	(43,186)
Cash balance at beginning of period	-	-	43,186
Cash balance at end of period	1.277	_	_

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

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#### USCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2002** 

#### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

USCorp (the Company) is a publicly held corporation formed on May 22, 1989 in the state of Nevada as The Movie Greats Network, Inc. On August 4, 1992, The Company changed its name to the Program Entertainment Group, Inc. and on August 5, 1997 the Company changed its name to Santa Maria Resources, Inc. In September 2000 the Company changed its name to Fantasticon, Inc. and in January 2002 the Company changed its name to USCorp.

On October 15, 2000, pursuant to an agreement signed on September 1, 2000, the Company s then wholly owned subsidiary, Fantasticon.com, Inc., a Nevada corporation, merged with Fantasticon.Com, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Madman Backstage Productions, Inc., and Impact Interactive, Inc. Pursuant to the agreement, Santa Maria Resources Inc. changed its name to Fantasticon Inc. and effected a 1:2 reverse split of its common stock. As a condition of the agreement, Santa Maria divested itself of its business operations prior to the merger. The merger was rescinded in its entirety by the shareholders in January 2002. 6,025,000 shares issued to former management have been cancelled and returned to the Treasury. In addition, effective March 6, 2002 the Company effected a 1:10 reverse split of its common stock. Accordingly, equity has been restated to reflect the number of shares outstanding after the cancellation of said shares and the subsequent reverse split. The statement of operations and the balance sheet presented for the three years ended September 30, 2002, 2001 and 2000 represent the results of operations and financial position of USCorp and USMetals.

In April 2002 USCorp acquired USMetals, Inc. ( USMetals ), a Nevada corporation as a wholly owned subsidiary and
issued 24,200,000 shares of common stock in a 1-for-1 exchange of stock. All of the Company s mining business
operations are conducted at this time through USMetals. USMetals owns 141 Lode Mining Claims near Bagdad,
Arizona, called the Twin Peaks Mine.

#### Management Plans

The company has incurred a net loss of approximately \$142,205 during 2002. At September 30 2002, current assets are approximately \$2,449,466 compared to \$0 net loss and \$0 assets at September 30, 2001 and September 30, 2000.

In order to improve operations and liquidity and meet its cash flow needs, the company has or intends to do the following:

- Raise \$20,000,000 in a private placement.
- Resume and complete exploration and drilling on all claims of the Twin Peaks mine.
- Build a test plant.
- Complete feasibility studies on the Twin Peaks mine.
- Bring the Twin Peaks mine to full-scale commercial mining.

Obtain a credit facility based in part on the value of its proven reserves when necessary and if appropriate given market conditions.

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As a result of these plans, management believes that it will generate sufficient cash flows to meet its current obligations in 2003.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, and its wholly owned subsidiary, USMetals, Inc. ( USMetals ). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in

consolidation.

The Company conducts all of its mining operations through its wholly owned subsidiary, USMetals. International Energy Resources, Inc. ( IERI ), a non-affiliated company, has agreed to continue to supervise and direct the work of the mine Exploration and Development Team upon adequate funding of the project.

Mineral Properties

The Company uses the successful efforts method of accounting for mineral properties. Under this methodology, costs incurred to acquire mineral interest in properties, to drill and equip exploratory sites within the Twin Peaks claims groups are capitalized. Costs to conduct exploration and assay work that does not find proved reserves, geological and geophysical costs and costs of carrying and retaining unproved sites will be expensed.

Potential mineral properties that are individually significant will be periodically assessed for impairment of value and a loss will be recognized at the time of impairment by providing an impairment allowance. Other unproved properties will be amortized based on the Company s experience of successful drilling and historical lease expirations.

An impairment loss is indicated whenever net capitalized costs exceed expected future net cash flow based on engineering estimates. In this circumstance, the Company will recognize an impairment loss for the amount by which the carrying value of the properties exceeds the estimated fair value (based on discounted cash flow).

On the sale or retirement of a complete claim of proved property, the cost and related accumulated depletion and amortization will be eliminated from the property accounts, and the resultant gain or loss will be recognized. On the retirement or sale of a partial claim of property, the cost will be charged to accumulated depletion and amortization with a resulting gain or loss recognized in earnings.

NOTE 2 MINING CLAIMS ACQUIRED AND PURCHASED -- APPRAISED VALUES:

The Company owns 141 unpatented contiguous mining claims totaling approximately 2,820 acres in Township 13, Yavapai County, Arizona. These claims have a well-documented history of mining activity from the middle of the 19th century to the beginning of World War II. Gold, silver, copper and other minerals were recovered in important quantities. The previous owners started acquisition of this claim group in the early 1940 s and by 1978 the group totaled 134 claims. Exploration, drilling and assessment work was done and several geological reports were completed indicating the presence of economically viable deposits of precious metals and complex ores.

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Appraisal and Valuation

The Late Mr. N. H. Carouso, formerly President of Geo-Processing, Inc., was retained in 1985 by the prior owners of these claims to prepare an Economic Evaluation of the 134 claims in the group at that time. Mr. Carouso earned a Bachelor of Arts and a Master of Science degree from the University of California, College of Engineering, Department of Mineral Technology and Mining. This report was for the recovery of gold and silver only.

The following is a statement from Mr. Carouso s report:

The mining claims project area offers excellent economic potential. With the gold and silver mineralization cropping out at the surface and the favorable topography for surface mining techniques, it is felt that an early cash flow can be expected. The gross dollar potential of the areas evaluated, which the writer [Mr. Carouso] feels represents only about 30% of the potential of the entire group of claims, if combined, could be \$280,836,000.00. Even if one then takes a 50% confidence factor as to the grade of ore, the gross dollar potential would be \$115,418,000, and with an expected 70% recovery of precious metals, the adjusted gross dollar potential would be \$80,792,600.00 based on a spot price of \$325/oz, for gold and \$6.00/oz. for silver, and mining to a depth of 100 feet.

Other minerals are available from these claims as reported from the United States Geological Survey conducted in 1940. Of the minerals listed, one of the most notable was a content of Uranium Ore, U308 (Yellow Cake) which has a content ranging from .43% to 1.77% by volume. The Company has discussed the potential of mining U308 Uranium Ore. Management intends upon receipt of adequate funding to determine the feasibility of economical recovery of uranium.

Additional minerals referred to as Complex Ores that were been identified by the U.S. Geological Survey on these claims have been ignored due to the expensive and sophisticated process of mining Complex Ores. Management intends upon receipt of adequate funding to determine the extent of Complex Ore deposits and the feasibility of their economical recovery.

Revenue Recognition

Mineral sales will result from undivided interests held by the Company in mineral properties. Sales of minerals will be recognized when delivered to be picked up by the purchaser. Mineral sales from marketing activities will result from sales by the Company of minerals produced by the Company (or affiliated entities) and will be recognized when delivered to purchasers. Mining revenues generated from the Company s day rate contracts, included in mine services revenue, will be recognized as services are performed or delivered.

Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements, generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions in determining the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

On July 20, 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations, and SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. SFAS No. 141 is effective for all business combinations completed after June 30, 2001. SFAS No. 142 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001; however, certain provisions of SFAS No. 142 apply to goodwill and other intangible assets acquired between July 1, 2001 and the effective date of SFAS No. 142.

Major provisions of SFAS Nos. 141 and 142 and their effective dates for the Company are as follows:

- All business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 must use the purchase method of accounting. The pooling of interest method of accounting is prohibited, except for transactions initiated before July 1, 2001.
- Intangible assets acquired in a business combination must be recorded separately from goodwill if they arise from contractual or other legal rights or are separable from the acquired entity and can be sold, transferred, rented or exchanged, either individually or as part of a related contract, asset or liability.

- Effective January 1, 2002, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives will be tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an impairment indicator.
- All acquired goodwill must be assigned to reporting units for purposes of impairment testing and segment reporting.

In June 2001, FASB issued SFAS No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations, and in August 2001, issued SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. SFAS No. 143 requires entities to record the fair value of liability for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred and a corresponding increase in the carrying amount of the long-lived asset. Subsequently, the asset retirement cost should be allocated to expense using a systematic and rational method. SFAS No. 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. SFAS No. 144 addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment of long-lived assets and for long-lived assets to be disposed of. It supersedes, with exceptions, SFAS No. 121, Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of, and is effective for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company is currently assessing the impact of SFAS Nos. 143 and 144. However, at this time, the Company does not feel that the impact of these statements will be material to its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

#### NOTE 3 - STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

On May 1, 2002, the Company adopted an employee stock option plan for certain employees with a maximum of 2,045,357 shares, which may be issued and granted exercisable at \$.65 per share. During 2002, the Company issued and granted a total of 650,000 options under the plan. After review by the Company s legal counsel and auditor it was determined that due to the method by which the options were granted, exercised, issued and converted to stock it was not necessary to report the transaction as an expense to the Company as previously reported on Form 10QSB.

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Option Terms. The plan provides for incentive stock options and non-qualified stock options. The committee or the Registrant s Board of Directors will determine whether an option is an incentive stock option or a non-qualified stock option when it grants the option and the option will be evidenced by an agreement describing the material terms of the option. The committee or the Registrant s Board of Directors will determine the exercise price of an option. The exercise price of an incentive stock option may not be less than the fair market value of the Registrant s Common Stock on the date of the grant, or less than 110% of the fair market value if the participant owns more than 10% of the Registrant s outstanding Common Stock. When the incentive stock option is exercised, we will be entitled to place a legend on the certificates representing the shares of Common Stock purchased upon exercise of the option to identify them as shares of Common Stock purchased upon the exercise of an incentive stock option. The exercise price of non-qualified stock options may be greater than, less than or equal to the fair market value of the Common Stock on the date that the option is awarded, based upon any reasonable measure of fair market value. The committee may

permit the exercise price to be paid in cash or by the delivery of previously owned shares of Common Stock, and, if permitted in the applicable option agreement, through a cashless exercise executed through a broker or by having a number of shares of Common Stock otherwise issuable at the time of exercise withheld.

The committee or the Registrant s Board of Directors will also determine the term of an option. The term of an incentive stock option or non-qualified stock option may not exceed ten years from the date of grant, but any incentive stock option granted to a participant who owns more than 10% of the Registrant s outstanding Common Stock will not be exercisable after the expiration of five years after the date the option is granted. Subject to any further limitations in the applicable agreement, if a participant s employment terminates, an incentive stock option will terminate and become unexercisable no later than three months after the date of termination of employment. If, however, termination of employment is due to death or disability, one year will be substituted for the three-month period. Incentive stock options are also subject to the further restriction that the aggregate fair market value, determined as of the date of the grant, of the Registrant s Common Stock as to which any incentive stock option first becomes exercisable in any calendar year is limited to \$100,000 per recipient. If incentive stock options covering more than \$100,000 worth of the Registrant s Common Stock first become exercisable in any one calendar year, the excess will be non-qualified options. For purposes of determining which options, if any, have been granted in excess of the \$100,000 limit, options will be considered to become exercisable in the order granted.

NOTE 4	COMMIT	MENITO ANI	) CONTING	ENCIES

**General Commitments** 

The company has secured various commitments related to development and production of its mineral properties contingent upon receipt of adequate funding. It is management s belief that such commitments will not have significant adverse impact to the Company s financial position or results of operations.

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Leases

As of the date of this report, all office furniture and equipment has been contributed by a shareholder. In March 2002, the 141 lode mine claims leases were transferred to USMetals, Inc. These claims leases are renewable annually by USMetals. Lease expense under these leases is \$14,100 each year.

Litigation

The Company is not a party to any matters of litigation.

#### **NOTE 5 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Joint Venture Agreements

USMetals, Inc. has no joint venture agreements at this time. Mining exploration and development has been performed under the general supervision and direction of International Energy and Resources, Inc., ( IERI ) which was under agreement with prior owners of the property. IERI has agreed to provide similar services to the Company upon securing adequate financing. IERI will supervise and direct third parties for the purpose of completing the exploration and development of the Twin Peaks Mine claims group.

# NOTE 6 - ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS

On April 2, 2002, the Company acquired USMetals, Inc. ( USMetals ) for 24,200,000 shares of its common stock in a share-for-share exchange whereby USMetals became a wholly owned subsidiary of USCorp. USMetals owns the 141 lode mining claims known as the Twin Peaks mine near Baghdad, Arizona. The fair value of the property is based upon the values that were estimated by field personnel. The estimated fair market values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the acquisition of USMetals are as follows:

Estimated fair value of assets acquired property	319,600
Mine Development	
Hayes Mining, Phillips Mining	400,000
American Metals and Minerals	297,758
Santa Maria Resources	600,000
International Energy and Resources	818,000
Total fair value of assets	2,435,358
Liabilities assumed	
Annual Lease Payment (subsequent to acquisition)	141,008
Estimated fair value of acquisition	\$2,449,466

The following summarizes pro forma unaudited projections of results of operations for the first five years of full scale commercial production. These estimates were prepared for a prior owner of the property by the CPA firm then known as Ernst and Whinney. Management believes these projections are a fair representation of the potential of the Twin Peaks Mine. However, management cannot guarantee any particular result in any given year, or that full scale commercial production will commence in any given year or will continue in any succession of years. These pro forma projections are not necessarily indicative of future results.

Please note that the price per ounce of Gold used by Ernst and Whinney in these projections is \$400. This price and the corresponding values in the projections which follow should be reduced by 20% to 25% in order to reflect the current range of prices per ounce of Gold.

**PROJECTED** 

**CASH FLOW** 

## **FIRST 5 YEARS**

YEAR
YEAR
YEAR
YEAR
YEAR
TOTAL
1
2
3
4
5

-----

Statistics
Tons of ore mined (000)
276
69
1,380
2,760
4,140
9,246
Ore reserve, beginning of year
3.6 million
10.8 million
25.1 million
48.7 million
95.9 million
New Proven Reserves (Tons)
7.5 million
15.0 million
25.0 million
50 million
100 million

Ore Grade - Gold (oz/ton)	
0.12	
0.12	
0.12	
0.12	
0.12	
- Silver (oz/ton)	
0.57	
0.57	
0.57	
0.57	
0.57	
Tons of Ore processed (000)	
Tons of ofe processed (000)	
276	
276	
276 690	
276 690 1,380	
276 690 1,380 2,760	
276 690 1,380 2,760 4,140	
276 690 1,380 2,760 4,140 9,246	
276 690 1,380 2,760 4,140 9,246 Recoverable oz Gold	
276 690 1,380 2,760 4,140 9,246 Recoverable oz Gold 33,120	
276 690 1,380 2,760 4,140 9,246 Recoverable oz Gold 33,120 82,800	

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1,109,520	
- Silver	
157,320	
393,300	
786,600	
1,573,200	
2,359,800	
5,270,220	
Sales in oz - Gold	
33,120	
82,800	
165,600	
331,200	
496,800	
1,109,520	
- Silver	
<u>157,320</u>	
393,300	
<u>786,600</u>	
1,573,200	
2,359,800	
<u>5,270,220</u>	

# Revenue

- Gold @ \$400/oz.

13,248,000

33,120,000

66,240,000	
132,480,000	
198,720,000	
443,808,000	
- Silver @ \$5/oz.	
<u>786,600</u>	
<u>1.966.500</u>	
3,933,000	
7.866.000	
<u>11,799,000</u>	
<u>26,351,100</u>	
Total Revenue	
14,034,600	
35,086,500	
70,173,000	
140,346,000	
210,519,000	
470,159,100	
Operating Costs:	
Mining	
1,290,000	
1,770,100	
2,760,000	

4,560,000	
5,904,000	
16,284,100	
Processing	
2,021,800	
2,692,200	
4,162,700	
6,517,600	
8,805,600	
24,199,900	
G&A (site)	
<u>364,200</u>	
439,800	
666,600	
1,069,800	
1,473,000	
4,013,400	
Total Operating Expenses	
3,676,000	
4,902,100	
7,589,300	
12,147,400	
16,182,600	
44,497,400	

Capital Expenditures

	=a.ga. :g.	
4,629,700		
<u>3,846,750</u>		
<u>6,574,600</u>		
10,135,300		
20,456,300		
<u>45,642,650</u>		
Total Expenditures		
8,305,700		
8,748,850		
14,163,900		
22,282,700		
36,638,900		
90,140,050		
Income Taxes		
4,284,742		
13,240,579		
27,803,954		
57,545,435		
87,006,857		
189,881,567		
Net Cash Flow after Taxes		
1,444,158		
13,097,071		
28,205,146		
(0.517.0(5		

60,517,865

86,873,243
Accumulated Net Cash Flows
1,444,158
14,541,229
42,746,375
103,264,240
190,137,483
190,137,483
Present Value - Beginning of Year
10%
1,312,871
10,824,026
21,190,943
41,334,516
53,941,449
128,603,805
12%
1,289,427
10,440,904
20,075,865
38,460,197
49,294,211
119,560,604
14%
1,266,805
10,077,771

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# **PROJECTED**

# PROFIT/LOSS

# FIRST 5 YEARS

YEAR
YEAR
YEAR
YEAR
YEAR

1

2

3
4
5
Net Cash Flow Before Taxes
5,728,900
26,337,650
56,009,100
118,063,000
173,880,100
Add - Capital Expenditures
4,629,700
3,846,750
6,574,600
10,135,300
20,456,300
Less - Depreciation
(462,970)
(847,645)
(1,505,105)
(2,518,635)

(4,564,265)	
Less - Depletion (15% Gross)	
2,105,190)	
5,262,975)	
(10,525,950)	
21,051,900)	
31,577,850)	
Γaxable Income	
7,790,440	
24,073,780	