

PHYTOLABS, INC.
Form 10QSB
April 19, 2007

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934^e

For the quarterly period ended

FEBRUARY 28, 2007

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR

15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 333-61801

PHYTOLABS, INC.

(formerly Jurak Corporation World Wide, Inc.)

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MINNESOTA

88-0407679

(State or other jurisdiction of

(Federal Employer

organization)

incorporation or
Identification No.)

1181 Grier Drive, Suite C, Las Vegas, NV 89119-3746

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(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(702) 914-9688

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Check whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. YES NO

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

<u>Class</u>	<u>Outstanding at April 16, 2007</u>
Common Stock, no par value	101,231,791

PHYTOLABS, INC.

(formerly JURAK CORPORATION WORLD WIDE, INC.)

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NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company Name Change

Effective March 13, 2007, the Company changed its name to PhytoLabs, Inc. (formerly Jurak Corporation World Wide Inc.) in connection with product development of a new, patent pending extract for which the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Phytolab Solutions, Inc. was granted worldwide distribution rights. Marketing and selling of these products is expected to begin in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007. The shares of the Company trade on the Over the Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol, "PYTL."

The condensed balance sheets as of February 28, 2007 and 2006 and the related condensed statements of operations for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2007 and 2006 and the condensed statements of cash flows for the nine-month periods then ended have been prepared by the Company without audit. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows at February 28, 2007 and 2006 and for the nine months then ended have been made.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted. It is suggested these condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's May 31, 2006 audited financial statements and form 10-KSB. The results of operations for the nine-month period ended February 28, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the entire year.

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying condensed financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as of the time of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts reported on the Company's condensed balance sheet have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. Such reclassifications had no impact on total consolidated assets, net loss or stockholders' deficit.

NOTE 2 - INVENTORIES

Inventories summarized below are priced at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or market:

	February 28 2007		May 31 2006
Finished goods	\$ 72,297	\$	71,653
Raw materials	23,629		18,392
Allowance for obsolescence	(31,891)		(31,891)

Total	\$	64,035	\$	58,154
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NOTE 3 -ADVANCE TO OFFICER/STOCKHOLDER

During the first nine months ended February 28, 2007, the Company made a short-term, non-interest-bearing loan to an officer/stockholder in the amount of \$44,435 of which \$2,000 was advanced during the three months ended February 28, 2007.

NOTE 4 -OTHER ASSET- IMMUNE BOOSTER LICENSE

During the nine months ended February 28, 2007, the Company expended \$583,909 for licensing fees associated with an exclusive license and distribution agreement to acquire the worldwide marketing rights to the world's most powerful, natural immune booster discovered to date, as stated by the scientific research team that developed the product. These rights are being acquired from Nordic Immotech Trading APS, a leading life science company with a successful history of producing unique, patented products that are distributed on a global scale. On December 1, 2006, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Phytolab Solutions, Inc. finalized the closing of this exclusive global license and distribution agreement with respect to this natural immune booster product. Phytolab Solutions, Inc. has not yet begun to market or sell these products, but expects to begin in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007. As part of the closing for this agreement, the Company paid \$550,000 per the terms of the agreement on December 6, 2006. The agreement calls for additional installment payments totaling \$1,950,000 to be paid as follows:

\$500,000

March
31,
2007

\$500,000

June
30,
2007

\$500,000

September
30,
2007

\$450,000

November
30,
2007

The Company has imputed interest on these installments at a rate of 10%. The discounted value of the licensed asset totals \$2,407,099. The remaining installments payable, net of the calculated imputed interest, totaling of \$1,823,190 has been recorded as of February 28, 2007. Since the sales and marketing of this new immune booster product has not been initiated, no amortization of the licensed asset has been made for the three months ended February 28, 2007.

As part of the license agreement noted above Nordic Immotech shall pay a royalty of ten percent (10%) of net sales of products sold by Nordic and or affiliates to independent third parties.

In a separate agreement, the Company was granted an option to purchase all the shares in Nordic Immotech (the supplier). Subject to the terms and conditions of the separate agreement the Company has the option to purchase all of the shares of Nordic Immotech (170,000 shares) at a fixed price of \$76.47 per share for a total of \$13,000,000. The

Company may exercise the option anytime before December 1, 2008.

NOTE 5 -STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

During the first quarter ended August 31, 2006 the Company sold 10,000,000 shares of common stock at \$0.02 per share for a total of \$200,000. The accumulated deficit as of February 28, 2007 was \$5,446,557 and \$4,635,264 as of May 31, 2006.

On December 6, 2006, the Company sold \$600,000 unregistered shares of common stock plus a one-year warrant to purchase an additional common share at \$1.25 for a unit price of \$1.00. The Company received \$600,000 from this transaction. As of April 16, 2007 the share certificates have not yet been issued for this subscription payment received.

NOTE 6 - CONTINGENCIES

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is exposed to legal actions and threatened claims and incurs costs to defend against such legal actions and claims. Company management is not aware of any such outstanding, pending or threatened action, claim or other circumstance that would materially affect the Company's financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAXES

Deferred taxes are provided on a liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax basis. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of the enactment. The Company has recorded a full valuation allowance for all deferred tax assets due to the significance of its continued operating losses.

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Intellectual Property License Agreement

In January 1999, we entered into an intellectual property license agreement (the "License Agreement") with Jurak Holdings Limited ("JHL"), a corporation organized under the laws of the Province of Alberta and an affiliate of our Chief Executive Officer and one of our directors. Pursuant to the terms and provisions of the License Agreement, we are required to pay the greater of \$500,000 for fiscal year 2003 and each calendar year thereafter, during the first ten years of the License Agreement (the "Minimum Royalty Fee"), or eight percent of the net sales price of all licensed products sold under the License Agreement (the "Continuing Royalty Fee"). After fiscal 2013, we are required to make payments in the amount of the Continuing Royalty Fee.

For the nine months ended February 28, 2007 and 2006, the minimum royalty fee for the amount of \$375,000 was expensed. The accrued payments due and owing to JHL under the License Agreement for the Minimum Royalty Fee and the Continuing Royalty Fee were \$576,105 and \$250,000 at February 28, 2007 and May 31, 2006, respectively.

NOTE 9 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2006, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting treatment (recognition and measurement) for an income tax position taken in a tax return and recognized in a company's

financial statements. The new standard also contains guidance on "de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition". The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We are currently evaluating the impact of this statement but we believe the adoption of FIN 48 will not have an impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In September 2006, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission staff issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements ("SAB 108"). This SAB addresses diversity in practice of quantifying financial statement misstatements. It establishes an approach that requires quantification of financial statement misstatements based on the effects of the misstatements on each of the company's financial statements and the related financial statement disclosures. The SAB is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006. The adoption of SAB 108 did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements ("SFAS No. 157"). This standard clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Additionally, it establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. This standard is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of this statement. We believe the adoption of SFAS No. 157 will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 31, 2007, the Company received \$999,950 as part of a private placement sale of the Company's unregistered common stock at a price per share of \$1.00. This sale also included for each share purchased a one-year warrant to purchase an additional common share at \$1.25. As of April 16, 2007 the share certificates have not yet been issued for this subscription payment received.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial

Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

PhytoLabs, Inc, (formerly Jurak Corporation World Wide, Inc.), a Minnesota corporation incorporated on November 1, 1997, currently trades on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "PYTL". We are a product-focused company specializing in the herbal supplement industry and market. Our main product is the "Jurak Classic Whole Body Tonic", also known as JC Tonic. This product was first developed in 1943 by Carl Jurak, the father of the founder of our company. The Jurak Classic Whole Body Tonic is marketed in a 32-ounce bottle and a two thirds-ounce mono-dose packaged as 45 doses in a box; all which constitute approximately 100% of the sales. A second product derived from another of Carl Jurak's 1940's formulations was introduced in December 2005.

We distribute our products through a network marketing system using independent distributors. Network marketing appeals to a wide cross-section of people, particularly those seeking to supplement income, start a home-based business or pursue entrepreneurial opportunities other than conventional full-time

employment. We consider our attractive compensation plan and cash bonus pools to be attractive components of our network marketing system. We also believe that our network marketing system is ideally suited to market herbal supplement products because sales of such products are strengthened by ongoing personal contact between our

distributors and their customers. Distributors are given the opportunity through sponsored events and training sessions to network with other distributors, develop selling skills and establish personal goals. We supplement monetary incentives with other forms of recognition in order to further motivate and foster an atmosphere of excitement through our distributor network.

We have obtained trademark protection for the name "JC Tonic" within the United States and within Canada. We also own the web sites www.jurak.com, www.jctonic.com and www.tonicman.com.

The Company is also obtaining the worldwide marketing rights to the world's most powerful, natural immune booster discovered to date, as stated by the scientific research team that developed the product. These rights are being acquired from a leading life science company with a successful history of producing unique, patented products that are distributed on a global scale. On December 1, 2006, the Company finalized the closing of this exclusive global license and distribution agreement with respect to this natural immune booster product. The Company has not yet begun to market or sell these products, but expects to begin in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007. (See Note 4)

The following discussion and analysis of our results of operations and financial position should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and the notes thereto, included in our 10-KSB filed for the year ended May 31, 2006. Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following discussion is intended to provide an analysis of our financial condition and should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and the notes thereto. The matters discussed in this section that are not historical or current facts deal with potential future circumstances and developments. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the development plans for our growth, trends in the results of our development, anticipated development plans, operating expenses and our anticipated capital requirements and capital resources. Our actual results could differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. However, the Company has sustained substantial losses and its liabilities exceed its assets. The Company intends to generate positive cash flows from operations through increased sales utilizing the network of distributors in place with existing products and the new natural immune booster products, issuing additional stock, and obtaining necessary capital through additional advances from the Company's principal stockholder or through private placements.

To continue operations, the Company must raise additional capital. As stated in Note 5, the Company has sold additional stock in a private placement during the three months ended August 31, 2006. This sale was a continuation of the private placement started in May 2006. However, there can be no assurance the Company will be able to obtain additional capital from private placements in the future.

In December 2006, the Company also announced a best efforts private placement of \$3,000,000 at \$1.50 per share. The proceeds of the private placement are to be used for regular corporate needs as well as funding the product launch of our recently acquired rights to the world's most powerful, natural immune booster product. One group of investors has invested funds to date. That group required that all investments be made for an average of \$1.00 per share, with a one-year warrant to purchase an additional share at \$1.25 per share. The Company received the first \$600,000 on December 6, 2006 and \$999,950 on March 31, 2007.

With the formal completion of the exclusive global license and distribution agreement relative to the natural immune booster product, the Company will accelerate work on the packaging and branding of this new product to make it widely available to North American and European markets with an anticipated launch in the 4th quarter of 2007.

Three months Ended February 28, 2007 Compared to Three months Ended February 28, 2006

Total sales for the three months ended February 28, 2007 was \$240,088 compared to \$380,012 in the same period ended in 2006. Gross profit was reduced to \$200,259 for the three months ended February

28, 2007 compared to \$283,484 for the same period ended in 2006, as further discussed below. The net loss during the three months ended February 28, 2007 was (\$287,283) compared to (\$225,589) in the same period ended in 2006.

Sales and Gross Margins

Sales for three months ended February 28, 2007 decreased by 37% to \$240,088 compared to \$380,012 in the same period ended in 2006. The decrease in sales was related to issues associated with the reliability of the Company's computer systems used to track and account for distributors' sales activity. The system problems caused delays in the accumulation of sales data, which affected the timely calculation and payment of distributor bonuses. These problems caused a decline in sales activity by the distributors. In May 2006, the Company enhanced and improved the computer system, which improved the sales data accumulation process. In July 2006, the Company rolled out a replicated Company website for each of its 9,900 distributors. The replicated websites allow each distributor to advertise to their specific customers, while providing the product and company information from the Company's new website. Management is confident the improved computer system, the replicated websites and new product offerings in 2007 will result in an increase in sales volume and that the Company will regain the confidence of the distributor network.

Gross profit in the three months ended February 28, 2007 decreased to \$200,259 compared to \$283,484 in the same period ended in 2006 as a result of the decline in sales and increased packaging and freight costs. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue increased to 83% in the three months ended February 28, 2007 compared to 75% in the same period ended in 2006. This was due primarily to reduced promotions resulting in higher pricing and resulting gross profit percentage on products sold.

Royalty Expense-Related Party

The minimum royalty expense-related party accrued to Jurak Holdings Limited (related party) remained consistent for both periods at \$125,000.

Distribution, Selling and Administrative Expenses

Total distribution, selling and administrative expenses for the three months ended February 28, 2007 were \$316,962 compared with \$364,527 for the same period ended in 2006. The decrease is primarily related to decreases in sales expenses, payroll and related benefits, consulting fees and contract labor. With the decrease in sales, the Company continues to be actively working to reduce overhead costs.

Interest expense for the three months ended February 28, 2007 was \$45,580 compared with \$19,546 for the same period in the prior year. Current year interest costs relate to the imputed interest on the installment payable-immune booster license. Prior year interest costs primarily relate to loans from a principal stockholder and related entities, which were outstanding during the prior year quarter. The majority of these loans were converted into common stock or paid off during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2006.

Nine months Ended February 28, 2007 Compared to Nine months Ended February 28, 2006

Total sales for the nine months ended February 28, 2007 was \$796,674 compared to \$1,143,473 in the same period ended in 2006. Gross profit declined to \$619,436 for the nine months ended February 28, 2007 compared to \$877,844 for the same period ended in 2006, as further discussed below. The net loss during the nine months ended February 28, 2007 was (\$811,313) compared to (\$836,529) in the same period ended in 2006.

Sales and Gross Margins

Sales for the nine months ended February 28, 2007 decreased by 30% to \$796,674 compared to \$1,143,473 in the same period ended in 2006. The decrease in sales was related to issues associated with the reliability of the Company's computer systems used to track and account for distributors' sales. The system problems caused delays in the accumulation of sales data, which affected the timely calculation and payment of distributor bonuses. These problems caused a decline in sales activity by the distributors. In May 2006, the Company enhanced and improved the computer system, which improved the sales data accumulation process, however, increased distributor activity has been slow in returning. In July 2006, the Company rolled out a replicated Company website for each of its 9,900 distributors. The replicated websites allow each distributor to advertise to their specific customers, while providing the product and company information from the Company's new website. Management is confident the improved computer system, the replicated websites and new product offerings will result in an increase in sales volume in 2007.

Gross profit in the nine months ended February 28, 2007 decreased to \$619,436 compared to \$877,844 in the same period ended in 2006 due primarily to the decline in product sales. Gross profit as a percentage of revenue increased slightly to 78% in the nine months ended February 28, 2007 compared to 77% in the same period ended in 2006. This was due to decreased packaging, freight and distribution costs.

Royalty Expense-Related Party

The minimum royalty expense-related party accrued to Jurak Holdings Limited (related party) remained consistent for both periods at \$375,000 (\$125,000 per quarter).

Distribution, Selling, and Administrative Expenses

Total distribution, selling and administrative expenses for the nine months ended February 28, 2007 were \$1,010,169 compared with \$1,267,897 for the same period ended in 2006. The decrease is primarily related to decreases in sales expenses, payroll and related benefits, consulting fees and contract labor. The Company incurred a consulting fee of \$175,000 for the nine months ended February 28, 2006 which was not applicable to the nine months this year. With the decrease in sales, the Company continues to actively reduce overhead costs. Interest expense for the nine months ended February 28, 2007 was \$45,580 compared with \$71,476 for the same period in 2006. Current year interest costs relate to the imputed interest on the installment payable-Nordic License. Prior year interest costs primarily relate to loans from a principal stockholder and related entities, which were outstanding during the prior 2006-quarter. The majority of these loans were converted into common stock or paid off during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2006.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Nine Month Period Ended February 28, 2007

We have historically had more expenses and cost of sales than revenue in each year of our operations. The accumulated deficit as of February 28, 2007 was \$5,446,577 compared to \$4,635,264 as of May 31, 2006. Generally, we have financed operations to date through the proceeds of the private placement of equity and debt securities and sales revenue. In connection with our business plan, management anticipates that there may be additional increases in operating expenses and capital expenditures relating to the new immune booster products. We intend to finance these

expenses with further issuances of our securities and revenues from operations. Therefore, we expect we may need to raise additional capital and increase our revenues to meet long-term operating requirements.

We currently have a \$3,000,000 private placement offering in process. These funds will be used to make the required payments for our new license agreement and to launch and market our natural immune booster product.

At February 28, 2007, the Company had \$725 of unrestricted cash compared to \$44,073 of unrestricted cash at May 31, 2006. The Company had current assets of \$113,357 and current liabilities of \$1,125,848 at February 28, 2007 compared to current assets of \$110,841 and current liabilities of \$604,586 at May 31, 2006.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$258,777 during the nine months ended February 28, 2007 compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$220,646 in the same period ended in 2006. The decrease was due primarily to the increased operating loss for the nine months ended February 28, 2007 compared to the operating loss for the nine months ended February 28, 2006 after adjusting for the net increase in trade payables.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$609,368 in the first nine months ended February 28, 2007 compared to \$0 in the same period ended in 2006. The change was caused primarily by officer/shareholder advances and the purchase of the immune booster license. The Company expended \$583,909 for licensing fees associated with the acquisition of the worldwide exclusive marketing rights to the world's most powerful, natural immune booster discovered to date, as stated by the scientific research team that developed the product. These rights are being acquired from a leading life science company with a successful history of producing unique, patented products that are distributed on a global scale.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$824,797 in the first nine months ended February 28, 2007 compared to net cash provided by financing activities in the same period in 2006 of \$228,811. Proceeds from the issuance of common stock were \$800,000 in the first nine months of fiscal 2006 compared to

\$269,566 in the same period of 2006. In December, 2006 the Company announced a best efforts private placement of \$3,000,000 U.S. at \$1.50 per share. The placement was subsequently cancelled, and a new offering was immediately introduced for \$3,000,000 U.S. at \$1.00 per unit. Each unit consists of one share of common stock and one-year warrant to purchase one share of common stock at \$1.25. The proceeds of the private placement are to be used for regular corporate needs as well as funding the product launch of our recently acquired rights to the world's most powerful, natural immune booster product. The Company received the first \$600,000 on December 6, 2006 and \$999,950 on March 31, 2007

Critical Accounting Policies

Our critical accounting policies, including the assumptions and judgements underlying them, are discussed in our fiscal 2006 Form 10-KSB in Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies included in our Consolidated Financial Statements. There were no significant changes to our critical accounting policies during the nine months ended February 28, 2007. These policies have been consistently applied in all material respects and disclose such matters as allowance for doubtful accounts, sales returns, inventory valuation, warranty expense, income taxes, revenue recognition and fixed asset and intangible asset impairment recognition. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis for making judgements about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Results may differ from these estimates due to actual outcomes being different from those on which we based our assumptions. Management on an ongoing basis reviews these estimates and judgements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - An Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting treatment (recognition and measurement) for an income tax position taken in a tax return and recognized in a company's financial statements. The new standard also contains guidance on "de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition". The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We are currently evaluating the impact of this statement but we believe the adoption of FIN 48 will not have an impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In September 2006, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission staff issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements ("SAB 108"). This SAB addresses diversity in practice of quantifying financial statement misstatements. It establishes an approach that requires quantification of financial statement misstatements based on the effects of the misstatements on each of the company's financial statements and the related financial statement disclosures. The SAB is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006. The adoption of SAB 108 did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements ("SFAS No. 157"). This standard clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Additionally, it establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. This standard is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of this statement. We believe the adoption of SFAS No. 157 will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Item 3. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation made at the end of the period covered by this report was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's president, chief executive officer ("CEO") and the chief financial officer (CFO") of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures to insure that the Company records, processes, summarizes and reports in a timely and effective manner the information required to be disclosed in reports filed with or submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely bringing to their attention material information related to the Company required to be included in the Company's periodic Securities and Exchange Commission filings. Since the date of this evaluation, there have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls.

However, due to the limited number of Company employees engaged in the authorization, recording, processing and reporting of transactions, there is inherently a lack of segregation of duties. The company periodically assesses the cost versus benefit of adding the resources that would remedy or mitigate this situation, and currently does not consider the benefits to outweigh the costs of adding additional staff in light of the limited number of transactions related to the Company's operations.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There have been no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal period covered by this report that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On December 13, 2006, a civil suit was filed in the District Court of Clark County in and for the State of Nevada by Jurak Corporation World Wide, Inc. (plaintiffs) and one former employee and her spouse (defendants). The suit entails that the former employee processed credit refunds to a debit/credit card held at their banking institution. In addition, the former employee embezzled funds by setting up a merchant processing system and diverting the charging of our distributors' credit cards from our merchant processor to their processor. All is evidenced by information located on the computer used by the former employee at the Company as well as through other reporting mechanisms and processing systems. The Company is seeking relief for damages in excess of \$60,000; special damages according to proof; for attorneys' fees and costs of suit; and for other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper as compensation for monies embezzled by the former employee and her spouse. No answer has been received from the defendant and the Company is seeking a default judgment granting all of the relief sought.

Item 2 Changes in Securities

During the nine month period ended February 28, 2007 the Company sold 10,000,000 shares of unregistered common stock at \$0.02 per share and 600,000 units at \$1.00 under a private placement, for a total proceeds of \$800,000 to the Company. Relative to the 600,000 units, each unit consists of one share of common stock and one warrant to purchase a share of common stock at \$1.25. No underwriters were used for the sale of common stock. The shares of stock were sold pursuant to an exemption from registration under Rule 506 of Regulation D.

Item 5 Other Information

No items occurred during the period of this report which would have been required to be reported in a Form 8-K which have not been reported.

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which security holders may recommend nominees to the Company's board of directors.

Item 6 Exhibits

The following exhibits are included herein:

31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 of the Exchange Act).

32. Certifications pursuant Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Sect. 1350).

Signatures

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In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereto, duly authorized.

Jurak
Corporation
World
Wide,
Inc.

By

/s/

Anthony

Jurak

Anthony
Jurak,
Chairman
of
the
Board,
Director,
Chief
Accounting
Officer

Date: April 17, 2007