

BRIDGE TECHNOLOGY INC
Form 10-Q/A
January 16, 2004

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2003

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Transition Period From _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 000-24767

BRIDGE TECHNOLOGY, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

59-3065437
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

12601 Monarch Street, Garden Grove, California 92841
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(714) 891-6508**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of June 30, 2003 was 12,098,110.

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Bridge Technology, Inc. and Subsidiaries

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Bridge Technology, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

	June 30, 2003 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2002 (Audited)
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 841,086	\$ 1,324,118
Accounts receivable less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$172,000 and \$293,000 respectively	9,507,217	9,175,912
Other receivables	445,454	399,948
Inventory, net	8,828,181	8,135,790
Assets of subsidiaries held for sale	3,170,060	3,170,060
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total current assets	22,791,998	22,205,828
Property and equipment, net	346,300	384,699
Goodwill, net	1,949,417	1,949,417
Other assets	106,766	126,768
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total assets	\$ 25,194,483	\$ 24,666,712
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Bank overdraft	-	131,209
Notes payable	2,850,066	3,708,072
Accounts payable	7,979,087	6,648,157
Income taxes payable and related	61,942	62,839
Accrued liabilities	1,661,717	1,591,797
Shareholder loan	1,718,725	2,050,000
Current portion of related party loans	79,950	79,950
Liabilities of subsidiaries held for sale	3,623,117	3,623,117
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total current liabilities	17,974,604	17,895,141
Related party loans, less current portion	875,005	884,054
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	18,849,609	18,779,195
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Minority interest	952,376	920,331
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock; par value \$0.01 per share, authorized 100,000,000 shares, 12,098,110 and 10,898,110 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	120,981	108,981
Additional paid-in capital	10,310,580	10,097,579
Related party receivable	(340,000)	(340,000)

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Treasury stock, 66,000 shares at cost	(2,000)	(2,000)
Accumulated deficit	(4,674,669)	(4,868,477)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(22,394)	(28,897)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total shareholders' equity	5,392,498	4,967,186
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 25,194,483	\$ 24,666,712
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Bridge Technology, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and

Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2003 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2002 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2003 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2002 (Unaudited)
Net sales	\$ 23,012,848	\$ 25,533,290	\$ 42,296,421	\$ 51,765,888
Cost of sales	21,918,877	24,409,297	40,192,816	49,154,302
Gross profit from continuing operations	1,093,971	1,123,993	2,103,605	2,611,586
Selling, general and administrative expense	1,073,062	1,433,978	1,914,842	2,684,950
Income (loss) from continuing operations	20,909	(309,985)	188,763	(73,364)
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense, net	(20,020)	(263,699)	(43,767)	(457,562)
Gain on sale of investment	-	215,556	-	536,427
Gain on forgiveness of debt	131,275	-	131,275	-
Other income	9,135	51,759	17,828	106,616
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes provision and minority interest	141,299	(306,369)	294,099	112,117
Income taxes provision	29,834	23,559	68,246	84,763
Income (loss) from continuing operations before minority interest	\$ 111,465	\$ (329,928)	\$ 225,853	\$ 27,354
Minority interest in net loss of subsidiaries	(14,054)	(12,466)	(32,045)	(45,417)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	97,411	(342,394)	193,808	(18,063)
Net loss from discontinued operations	-	(567,625)	-	(1,110,834)
Net income (loss)	\$ 97,411	\$ (910,019)	\$ 193,808	\$ (1,128,897)
Other comprehensive income (loss) and its components consist of the following:				
Net income (loss)	\$ 97,411	\$ (910,019)	\$ 193,808	\$ (1,128,897)
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax	-	(1,618)	6,503	(1,851)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 97,411	\$ (911,637)	\$ 200,311	\$ (1,130,748)
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:				

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Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.02	\$ -
Net loss from discontinued operations	-	(0.05)	-	(0.10)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.10)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding	11,529,000	10,863,186	11,215,000	10,863,186
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Diluted earnings per common share:				
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ 0.02	\$ -
Net loss from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net income	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ 0.02	\$ -
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding	13,141,000	-	12,827,000	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Bridge Technology, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2003 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2002 (Unaudited)
Cash flows from continuing operating activities		
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 193,808	\$ (18,063)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) from continuing operations to net cash provided by (used in) continuing operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	40,034	258,472
Provision for doubtful accounts	120,835	82,259
Gain on forgiveness of debt	(131,275)	-
(Gain) loss on sale of investment	20,000	(536,373)
Provision for slow moving inventory	-	231,000
Stock compensation	-	15,453
Stock issued for services	25,000	-
Minority interest	32,045	45,417
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Restricted cash	-	(317,495)
Trade receivables	(452,140)	4,262,022
Inventory	(692,391)	3,410,680
Income taxes payable and related	(896)	(896)
Other receivables	(45,506)	167,031
Other current assets	-	(166,309)
Accounts payable	1,330,930	(11,084,824)
Accrued liabilities	69,919	927,658
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing operating activities	519,363	(2,723,968)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,635)	(94,350)
Proceeds from sale of investment	-	645,094
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(1,635)	550,744
Cash flows from financing activities		
Bank overdraft	(131,209)	29,557
Repayment of shareholder loan	-	(1,052)
Repayments on loans payable	-	(23,216)
Proceeds from notes payable	-	604,076
Repayments on notes payable	(858,006)	(100,000)
Proceeds from related party loans	-	2,818,215
Repayments of related party loans	(9,048)	(563,237)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(998,264)	2,764,343

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Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	6,503	(1,851)
Net cash (used in) provided by continuing operations	(483,032)	589,268
Net cash used in discontinued operations	-	(1,110,834)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(483,032)	(521,566)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,324,118	2,413,295
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 841,086	\$ 1,891,729
Supplemental information:		
Cash paid during the period for: Interest	\$ 119,016	\$ 376,907

See the accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements for additional disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities.

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Bridge Technology, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Note 1. Organization and Business

Bridge Technology, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on April 15, 1969. Starting from April 1997, the Company registered to do business in the State of California and is primarily engaged in development and distribution of various hardware, software, and peripheral products used in computer systems and sales to value added resellers and system integrators.

As of June 30, 2003, the Company has the following subsidiaries:

	Ownership	
Bridge R&D, Inc.	100%	Established on June 1, 1997
Newcorp Technology Limited (Japan)	100%	Merged on November 1, 1997
	15%	85% disposed in 2001
PTI Enclosures, Inc.	100%	Merged on December 14, 1998
Newcorp Technologies, Inc. (USA)	100%	Established on March 23, 1999, inactive
Pacific Bridge Net	80%	Established on August 16, 1999 and ceased operation in 2000.
CMS Technology Ltd. (CMS)	90%	Acquired on January 3, 2000 (60%) Acquired on May 15, 2000 (30%)
Autec Power Systems, Inc.	100%	Merged on December 1, 1999 - discontinued operation
Bridge Technology Co., Ltd., Ningbo, China	100%	Established on May 28, 2001 - discontinued operation

Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Liquidity

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for fair presentation have been included. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2003. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As of June 30, 2003, the Company reported a net income of \$193,808 and had cash of \$410,363 provided from its continuing operations. Management has undertaken certain actions in an attempt to improve the Company's liquidity and profitability.

The Company continued to encounter a difficult trading environment in the United States while its overseas markets prosper. As of June 30, 2003, The Company had accumulated deficit approximately \$4,675,000.

The Company has a revolving line of credit, as amended, from a commercial bank at the prime rate (4.25% at June 30, 2003.) The outstanding balance at June 30, 2003 was approximately \$2,850,000. The note is collateralized by substantially all the assets located in the United States, including approximately \$2,466,000 of accounts receivable and \$1,305,000 of inventory. In addition, the Company has granted the bank a security interest in 65% of all issued and outstanding common stock of CMS Technology Ltd., Hong Kong held by the Company and has caused the subordination of loans by principals of the Company totaling \$2,050,000. The Company had not repaid the bank for amounts due under the line of credit and therefore was in default. On October 20, 2003 the Company entered into a forbearance and release agreements with the bank. Pursuant to the terms of the forbearance agreement the bank and the Company agreed to a \$100,000 curtailment of principal, which was made on October 20, 2003, and to forbear from foreclosure on its security interests and otherwise exercising any and all of its rights and remedies in law or equity in order to allow the Company time to cure the default under the note until December 31, 2003. Additionally, the Company upon reporting its earnings for the nine month period ending September 30, 2003, expects to enter into a new credit facility with an international bank, the proceeds of which would pay off in full the existing obligations with its current bank. While several banks have given the Company indications of interest provided that the Company reports earnings for the first nine months of 2003, no assurances can be given that the Company will successfully complete the refinancing plans or that any such refinancing will be in terms favorable to the Company. As of the date

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of this filing, the Company has yet to enter into an agreement with a new bank nor has any bank made a commitment to do so. The Company is requesting additional time to take out its current bank, and there is no assurance that its current bank will agree to any further time extension.

On August 4, 2003, the Company received a delisting notice from the NASDAQ Small Cap Market System because it had not filed its Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002. The Company filed its 2002 Form 10-K on November 25, 2003. The Company has filed for an application for review with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as provided by Rule 420 of the SEC Rules of Practice to appeal the NASDAQ Listing and Hearing Review Council decision to delist the Company without giving the Company the benefit of an additional hearing. Management believes that the Company has the economic ability to maintain and grow its operations for the foreseeable future. In addition to its General Bank negotiations for a loan extension. The Company is loan discussions with other banks. The Company is negotiating with James Djen, the Company's President, to convert his \$1,000,000 demand loan (included in Shareholder Loan in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets) into equity in order to improve the Company's working capital position. Mr. Djen, as of December 31, 2002, has agreed to convert \$200,000 into equity which was effected in May 2003. In addition, the Company has negotiated an increase in its credit facility with a Hong Kong bank from \$1,500,000 to \$7,000,000. Operationally, management's plans include continuing actions to cut or curb nonessential expenses and focusing on improving sales and earnings. No assurances can be given that the Company will be successful in replacing its U.S. bank with a new bank or that the Company will be able to maintain profitable operations.

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Note 3. Reclassification

Certain amounts in the condensed consolidated financial statements for June 30, 2002 have been reclassified to conform to the June 30, 2003 presentation. Such reclassification had no effect on shareholders' equity as previously reported.

Note 4. Earnings Per Share (EPS) Computation

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 128 Earnings Per Share requires presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share. Basic earning/loss per share is computed by dividing income or loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts, such as stock options and warrants to issue common stock, were exercised or converted into common stock.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted income (loss) per common share:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
Numerator:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 97,411	\$ (342,394)	\$ 193,808	\$ (18,063)
Loss from discontinued operations, net	-	(567,625)	-	(1,110,834)
Net income (loss)	\$ 97,411	\$ (910,019)	\$ 193,808	\$ (1,128,897)
Denominator:				
Basic weighted average outstanding shares of common stock	11,529,000	10,863,186	11,215,000	10,863,186
Diluted weighted average outstanding shares of common stock	13,141,000	-	12,827,000	-
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.00)
Net loss from discontinued operations	-	(0.05)	-	(0.10)
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.10)
Diluted earnings per common share:				
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ 0.02	\$ -
Net income from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-
Net income	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ 0.02	\$ -

For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2002, Potential dilutive securities were not included in the EPS calculation since their effect would be antidilutive. Potential dilutive securities consisted of outstanding stock options and stock warrants. The Company reported a net loss for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2002. As a result, 10,875,467 and 10,869,360 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of stock options and warrants have been excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share for the respective period.

Note 5. Stock-Based Employee Compensation

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation -Transition and Disclosure - an amendment of SFAS No. 123. SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair-value-based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation.

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In addition, SFAS No. 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123 to require prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. As provided in SFAS No. 123, the Company has elected to apply Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25 Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees and related interpretations in accounting for its stock-based employee compensation plans. APB No. 25 does not require options to be expensed when granted with an exercise price equal to or greater than fair market value. The Company is complying with the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 148.

No options nor warrants were granted or vested for the three months ended June 30, 2003.

Had the Company determined employee compensation cost based on the fair value at the grant date for its options under SFAS No. 123, the Company's net income (loss) would have been as indicated below:

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	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
Net income (loss) as reported	\$ 97,411	\$ (910,019)	\$ 193,808	\$ (1,128,897)
Less: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under Black-Scholes option pricing model	-	-	-	-
Pro forma income (loss)	\$ 97,411	\$ (910,019)	\$ 193,808	\$ (1,128,897)
Basic earnings (loss) per common share				
As reported	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.10)
Pro forma	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.10)
Diluted earnings per common share				
As reported	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ 0.02	\$ -
Pro forma	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ 0.02	\$ -

The calculation above was only based on net income because the employee compensation expense determined under Black-Scholes option pricing model was zero.

Note 6. Inventory

Inventory consisted of the following as of:

	June 30, 2003	December 31, 2002
Service parts	\$ 768,411	\$ 782,125
Work in progress	269,502	161,403
Finished goods	8,174,268	7,448,262
Reserve for obsolete inventory	(384,000)	(256,000)
	\$ 8,828,181	\$ 8,135,790

Note 7. Goodwill

SFAS No. 142 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. requires that goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets not to be amortized but shall be reviewed at least annually, for impairment. The Company discontinued the amortization of its goodwill effective January 1, 2002. The initial testing of goodwill for possible impairment was completed in August 2002, and no impairment was indicated. Management is in the process of conducting its annual testing of goodwill for possible impairment.

In accordance with SFAS No. 142, prior period amounts are not restated. A reconciliation of reported net income (loss) from continuing operations to net income (loss) from continuing operations adjusted for the exclusion of amortization of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets follows:

June 30,

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	2003	2002
Reported net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 193,808	\$ (18,063)
Add back: Goodwill amortization	-	-
Adjusted net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 193,808	\$ (18,063)
Basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding	12,098,110	10,863,186
Basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 0.016	\$ (0.00)
Adjusted basic earnings (loss) per common share	0.016	(0.00)
Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding	13,110,100	-
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.016	\$ -
Adjusted diluted earnings per common share	0.016	-

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The Company engaged an independent appraisal firm to conduct a valuation on the impairment of goodwill in August 2002. Based on the results of a valuation report provided by the valuation service firm, no impairment was recognized as of June 30, 2003.

Note 8. Notes Payable

Note Payable to U.S. Bank

The Company has a revolving line of credit, as amended, from a commercial bank at the prime rate (4.25% at June 30, 2003), which matured on June 30, 2003. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2003 was approximately \$2,850,000. The note is collateralized by substantially all the assets located in the United States, including approximately \$2,466,000 of accounts receivable and \$1,305,000 of inventory. In addition, the Company has granted the bank a security interest in 65% of all issued and outstanding common stock of CMS Technology Ltd., Hong Kong held by the Company and has caused the subordination of loans by principals of the Company totaling \$1,818,725. The Company had not repaid the bank for amounts due under the line of credit on June 30, 2003 and therefore was in default. On October 20, 2003 the Company entered into a forbearance and release agreement with the bank. Pursuant to the terms of the forbearance agreement the bank and the Company agreed to a \$100,000 curtailment of principal, which was made on October 20, 2003 and to forbear from foreclosure on its security interests and otherwise exercising any and all of its rights and remedies in law or equity in order to allow the Company time to cure the default under the note and to pay the obligations of the Company to the bank under the note until December 31, 2003. The Company is requesting additional time to take out its current bank, and there is no assurance that its current bank will agree to any further time extension.

Note 9. Foreign Currency Translation

Assets and liabilities of the Company's Chinese operations are translated into U.S. dollars at period-end exchange rates; equity transactions are translated at historical rates; and income and expense are translated at weighted average exchange rates for the period. Net exchange gains or losses resulting from such translation are excluded from net earnings or loss but are included in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of stockholders' equity. Accumulated comprehensive income approximated \$22,000 at June 30, 2003. Foreign currency translation adjustment amounted to zero and a loss of \$6,503 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2003, respectively.

Note 10. Shareholders' Equity

On May 12, 2003, James Djen, the Company's President converted \$200,000 of his personal loans to the Company, into 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.20 per share. The Company believes the per share price was at fair market value.

On May 19, 2003, the Company issued 200,000 shares of common stock to an investment company, \$25,000 proceeds was received. The Company believes the per share price was at fair market value.

Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

Capital Commitments

The Company had committed to the Chinese government to contribute total registered capital of \$10,000,000 to the Ningbo facility by May 2004. Management believes that the commitment was changed by mutual consent to \$4,000,000 with final payment having been made in the first quarter of 2003. The Company has not received written acknowledgement of the revised commitment from the Chinese government. As a result, there could be no assurance that the Chinese government will recognize the mutual consent to reduce the commitment from \$10,000,000 to \$4,000,000.

Litigation

The Company is a party to legal actions that have arisen in the normal course of business. These actions include the following:

On October 1, 2001, a complaint was filed by the Trustee in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court against John Harwer, former President of the Company and the Company for alleged transfer of assets, technology, trade secrets, confidential information and business opportunities from Allied Web, a corporation owned by John Harwer which he had placed into liquidation under the Federal Bankruptcy laws on April 6, 2000. The case has entered the trial phase with the initial hearing centering on \$1,800,000 in claims between the parties which did not involve the Company. The trial judge has ordered the case back to mediation in connection with these claims on November 17, 2003. Management is currently unable to assess the possibility of incurring future liability for this matter and therefore did not record any accrued liability. Management continues to take the position that no liability will accrue to the Company and no contingency has been provided. The Company has incurred in excess of \$300,000 to date in legal fees to defend itself. The Company has submitted its legal fees in excess of a \$150,000 deductible clause to its Directors and Officers insurance carrier for reimbursement of such legal fees, who, to date, has not accepted responsibility. The Company plans to take appropriate legal action against its insurance carrier if the legal costs are not reimbursed. There is no assurance that any claim for legal

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fees reimbursement will be successful.

On December 12, 2001, a former shareholder of Autec Power Systems filed a complaint in Ventura County Superior Court against the principal shareholder and former chairmen of the Company, Winston Gu, Autec and the Company alleging that the complainant did not receive his pro-rata shares of the Company common stock in the exchange for 100% of the shares of Autec. The complaint was adjudicated in November 2003 by a mandatory court directed arbitration. In the arbitrator's decision, issued in December 2003, all claims against the Company were dismissed.

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On May 19, 2003, a complaint was filed in Superior Court in Santa Ana, California, against the Company, its CFO and its former President, John Harwer, in connection with Mr. Harwer's private sale of the Company's common stock to a third party investor. The complaint also contends that the same investors purchased shares of a private corporation, Esyon Corporation, from either John Harwer or Esyon corporation, and are attempting to involve Bridge Technology, Inc. in this second private transaction. The case has been submitted to the Company's D & O carrier, but no coverage decision has yet been rendered. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses to the claims alleged in this action that would limit, if not bar, any recovery. However, until discovery has been completed, including depositions and exchange of documents, the actual merits of the action cannot be determined. The trial date for this case has been set as April 19, 2004.

Concentrations

CMS signed an OEM distribution agreement with International Business Machines Corporation (IBM) on June 24, 1998 to distribute IBM hard disks and other products in Hong Kong, China, Vietnam and the Philippines. Such an agreement was extended through February 24, 2002. In mid 2002, IBM reached an agreement with Hitachi Global Storage Technologies Singapore, Pte Ltd. (HITACHI) to combine their hard drives operations. It was confirmed by HITACHI that the Company's status of authorized distributor would be extended to February 24, 2004. The Company expects HITACHI to renew its verbal extension with a written agreement. This has led the Company to become heavily reliant on one supplier for its products. It accounted for approximately 98% of total purchases of CMS during the six months ended June 30, 2003 and the year ended December 31, 2002.

Other Contingencies

Nasdaq, in delisting the Company's stock from trading on the NASDAQ Small Cap Market System delegated the Company on to the Pink Sheets where there is little or no trading and bypassing NASDAQ OTC Bulletin Board. Trading on the OTC Bulletin Board is expected to commence after the Company files its Form 10-Qs for the quarters ended March 31, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2003.

Note 12. Discontinued operations

SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets superseded SFAS 121, Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of. The primary objectives of SFAS 144 are to develop one accounting model based on the frame work established in SFAS 121 for long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale and to address significant implementation issues regarding impairment of long-lived assets held for use.

The Company's Board of Directors having the authority to approve, mandate and commit to a plan to sell any of its subsidiaries agreed in principle in December 2002 to distribute its subsidiary, Autec Power System, Inc. (Autec), including Autec's wholly owned subsidiary Bridge Technology Co., Ltd., Ningbo, to a shareholder, in exchange for shares of the Company and other consideration. Although the transaction was not closed as of December 31, 2002, the directors relinquished control of the subsidiaries and ceased to have any continuing involvement as of December 31, 2002. The subsidiaries were set up for an impending sale, which was completed by December 31, 2002. Therefore, under SFAS No.144, the subsidiaries met the criteria for being classified as held for sale and reported as discontinued operations at December 31, 2002 and June 30, 2003.

Implementation of SFAS 144 impacted income statement classification only and had no effect on results of operations.

Note 13. Segment Information

The following tables set forth the Company's financial performance by reportable operating segments.

Industry segments:

The Company has changed its operations to essentially a marketing and distribution company all within one segment, computer components.

Geographic segments:

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Geographic segments from continuing operations:

	United States	Asia	Total
Total assets as December 31, 2002	\$ 10,071,899	\$ 14,594,813	\$ 24,666,712
Total assets as June 30, 2003	\$ 9,671,188	\$ 15,523,295	\$ 25,194,483
Three months ended June 30, 2002:			
Total revenues	\$ 5,251,540	\$ 20,301,750	\$ 25,553,290
Profit & loss	\$ (454,587)	\$ 112,193	\$ (342,394)
Three months ended June 30, 2003:			
Total revenues	\$ 4,282,968	\$ 18,729,880	\$ 23,012,848
Profit & loss	\$ (29,076)	\$ 126,487	\$ 97,411
Six months ended June 30, 2002:			
Total revenues	\$ 9,928,942	\$ 41,836,946	\$ 51,765,888
Profit & loss	\$ (426,821)	\$ 408,758	\$ (18,063)
Six months ended June 30, 2003:			
Total revenues	\$ 8,824,094	\$ 33,472,327	\$ 42,296,421
Profit & loss	\$ (94,600)	\$ 288,408	\$ 193,808

Note 14. Related Party Transactions

On May 12, 2003, James Djen, President, converted \$200,000 of his personal loans to the Company into 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.20 per share. (Estimated by the Company to be at fair market value.)

On May 19, 2003, the Company issued 200,000 shares of common stock to an investment company, \$25,000 proceeds was received.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2003, James Djen, the Company's president, forgave \$131,275 that was due to him from the Company Shareholder loan on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet was debited by this amount with a corresponding credit to gain on forgiveness of debt on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income.

Note 15. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Recent accounting pronouncements discussed in the notes to the December 31, 2002 and 2001 audited financial statements, filed previously with the SEC on Form 10-K, that were required to be adopted during the year ending December 31, 2003 did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Other recent accounting pronouncements issued by the FASB (including its Emerging Issues Task Force), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the SEC did not or are not believed by management to have a material impact on the Company's present or future consolidated financial statements.

Note 16. Subsequent Events

On July 3, 2003, the Company issued 50,000 shares of common stock for legal services, valued at \$25,000.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information in this Form 10-Q is intended to update the information in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002, previously filed with the SEC, and presumes that readers have access to, and will have read, the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and other information contained in such Form 10-K.

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The information in this discussion contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "34 Act"). Such statements are based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. For example, words such as may, will, should, estimates, predicts, potential, continue, strategy, be anticipates, plans, intends, and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results and the timing of certain events may differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes thereto and the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes thereto contained in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002.

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Critical Accounting Policies

Our condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to use estimations and assumptions and make judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We based our estimations on historical experience and/or on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions. Our critical accounting policies are as follows:

Rebates and Credits Receivable

CMS Technology Ltd. (CMS), one of our subsidiaries, is an authorized distributor of IBM and now HITACHI products in the territory including China, Vietnam, Philippines and Hong Kong. As a common practice in the computer parts distribution business, HITACHI periodically updates its price list for all its products and provides certain incentive programs to attract its authorized distributors to sell more of its products. As a result of changes in price list (usually decreases in prices), CMS is entitled to receive certain rebates and credits for the inventory held and sold by the Company within the specified period of time as defined by HITACHI through submitting the necessary applications forms. In general, once applications are approved by HITACHI these rebates and credits approved by HITACHI will be deducted from CMS's accounts payable to HITACHI and decrease the cost of goods sold correspondingly. However, at the end of the reporting period, CMS has to estimate the relevant rebates and credit receivable based on the quantity of inventory on hand and anticipated approval for rebates and credits receivable from HITACHI, therefore, the actual results could differ from our estimated amount.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In assessing the recoverability of long-lived assets, including goodwill and other intangibles, we must make assumptions regarding estimated future cash flows and other factors to determine the fair value of the respective assets. If these estimates or their related assumptions change in the future, we may be required to record impairment charges for these assets not previously recorded.

Results of Continuing Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2003 as Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2002

Comparability is impacted due to the presentation of two wholly-owned subsidiaries for the three months ended June 30, 2003, as discontinued operations. For more information on discontinued operations, see Note 12 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Net sales of \$23,012,848 for the three months ended June 30, 2003 decreased by \$2,520,442, representing approximately a 9.87% decrease, over net sales of \$25,533,290 for the same period of 2002. The decrease was due primarily to the decrease of \$948,572 in U.S. operations and \$1,571,870 in Asia operations.

Asia revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2003 was \$18,729,880 compared to \$20,301,750 for the three months ended June 30, 2002, a decrease of \$1,571,870 or 7.74%. The decrease relates primarily to lower sales volume at CMS Technology Limited (CMS) in Hong Kong as a result of a decrease in available working capital of \$1,000,000 in November 2002 which was paid to the Company as a dividend from CMS.

United States revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2003 were \$4,282,968 compared to \$5,231,540 for the three months ended June 30, 2002, a decrease of \$948,572 or 18.13%. Decreases relate primarily to decreased sales at PTI Enclosures, Inc. (PTI).

Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2003 was \$1,093,971 decreasing by \$30,022 and representing approximately a 2.67% decrease, compared to \$1,123,993 for the same period of 2002. The reason for this decrease is due mainly to the decrease in sales of PTI and CMS for the quarter ended June 30, 2003. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales increased from 4.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2002 to 4.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2003. The increase is principally due to the higher margin generated through the sales of Classic Trading, Inc. (CTI).

Asia gross profit as a percentage of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2003 was 4.1% compared to 4.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2002.

United States gross profit as a percentage of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2003 was 7.4% compared to 5.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2002. The increase is primarily attributable to increased gross margins at CTI.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by \$360,916 to \$1,073,062 in the three months ended June 30, 2003 compared to \$1,433,978 for the three months ended June 30, 2002. As a percentage of revenue, these expenses decreased from 5.6% in the three months ended June 30, 2002 to 4.7% in the three months ended June 30, 2003.

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Operating income/loss from continuing operations increased from a loss of \$309,985 for the three months ended June 30, 2002 to an income of \$20,909 in the three months ended June 30, 2003. The increase primarily reflects the cost savings efforts instituted in 2003. Loss from operations as a percentage of revenue decreased from 1.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2002 to an income from operations as a percentage of revenue to 0.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2003.

Net interest expense decreased by \$243,679 from \$263,699 for the three months ended June 30, 2002 to \$20,020 for the three months ended June 30, 2003. The decrease is mainly the result of decreased borrowings from shareholders and commercial bank and a lower interest rate during the three months ended June 30, 2003. The decrease also reflected retro-adjustments on interest rate for shareholders' loans.

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Other income increased by \$116,774 from \$3,616 for the three months ended June 30, 2002 to \$120,390 for the three months ended June 30, 2003. The main source for this decrease is due to lower interest expense in 2003.

Net income/loss from continuing operations increased by \$439,805 from net loss of \$342,394 for the three months ended June 30, 2002 to net income of \$97,411 for the three months ended June 30, 2003. These results reflect a gain of \$0.03 per share for the three months ended June 30, 2002 to a gain of \$0.01 per share for the three months ended June 30, 2003.

Results of Continuing Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2003 as Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2002

Comparability is impacted due to the presentation of two wholly-owned subsidiaries for the six months ended June 30, 2003, as discontinued operations. For more information on discontinued operations, see Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Net sales of \$42,296,421 for the six months ended June 30, 2003 decreased by \$9,469,467, representing approximately a 18.3% decrease, over net sales of \$51,765,888 for the same period of 2002. The decrease was due primarily to the decrease of approximately \$1,104,848 in U.S. operations and approximately \$8,364,619 in Asia operations.

Asia revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2003 was \$33,472,327 compared to \$41,836,946 for the six months ended June 30, 2002, a decrease of \$8,364,619 or 20%. Decreases relate primarily to decreased sales volume at CMS as a result of a decrease in available working capital of \$1,000,000 in November 2002 which was paid to the Company as a dividend from CMS.

United States revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2003 were \$8,824,094 compared to \$9,928,942 for the six months ended June 30, 2002, a decrease of \$1,104,848 or 11.1%. Decreases relate to decreased sales at PTI.

Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2003 was \$2,103,605 decreasing by \$507,981 and representing approximately a 19.45% decrease, compared to \$2,611,586 for the same period of 2002. The reason for this decrease is due mainly to the decrease in sales of PTI for the six months ended June 30, 2003. Gross profits as a percentage of net sales are 5.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2003.

Asia gross profit as a percentage of sales for the six months ended June 30, 2003 was 4.3% compared to 4.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2002.

United States gross profit as a percentage of sales for the six months ended June 30, 2003 was 7.6% compared to 8.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2002.

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by \$770,108 to \$1,914,842 in the six months ended June 30, 2003 compared to \$2,684,950 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. As a percentage of revenue, these expenses decreased 28.7% in the six months ended June 30, 2003. The decline is due to the cost saving effort implemented by management for the six months ended June 30, 2003. Cost saving efforts included significant layoffs at PTI as well as cutbacks in operating expenses such as travel expense and purchases of supplies.

Operating income/loss from continuing operations increased from a loss of \$73,364 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 to an income of \$188,763 in the six months ended June 30, 2003. The increase primarily reflects the increase in profitability at PTI. Operating income/loss from continuing operations as a percentage of revenue increased from (0.14)% for the six months ended June 30, 2002 to 0.44% for the six months ended June 30, 2003.

Net interest expense decreased by \$413,795 from \$457,562 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 to \$43,767 for the six months ended June 30, 2003. The decrease is mainly the result of decreased borrowings from shareholders and commercial bank and lower interest rate during the six months ended June 30, 2003. The decrease also reflected retro-adjustments on interest rate for shareholders' loans.

Other income decreased by \$80,145 from \$185,481 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 to \$105,336 for the six months ended June 30, 2003. The main source for this decrease is due to lower investment gain and interest expense in 2003.

Net income/loss from continuing operations increased by \$211,871 from net loss of \$18,063 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 to net income of \$193,808 for the six months ended June 30, 2003. These results reflect a loss of \$0.001 per share for the six months ended June 30, 2002 to an income of \$0.02 per share for the six months ended June 30, 2003.

Capital Resources and Liquidity

The Company's capital requirements continue to be significant, however its cash and cash equivalents have been sufficient. At June 30, 2003, the Company had working capital of approximately \$4,718,000 and cash of \$841,000 compared to a working capital of approximately \$4,311,000 and cash of \$1,324,000 at December 31, 2002.

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Net cash provided by continuing operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2003 was \$510,363 as compared to \$2,723,968 net cash used in continuing operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2002. The difference is mainly due to decrease in inventory, trade receivables and an increase in accounts payable.

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2003 was \$(1,635) mainly from equipment purchase, as compared to \$549,692 net cash provided by investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2002 for the investment in China.

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Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2003 was \$998,264 as compared to \$2,765,395 of net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2002. The significant changes are attributable to loan proceeds reduced by repayment on line of credit and notes payable.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As of June 30, 2003, the Company reported net income of \$193,808 and had \$510,363 of cash provided from its operations. Management has undertaken certain actions in an attempt to improve the Company's liquidity and return the Company to profitability.

Cash decreased approximately \$483,000 at June 30, 2003 from December 31, 2002 concurrently with an increase in accounts receivable of approximately the same amount at June 30, 2003. Notes payable decreased approximately \$850,000 as of June 30, 2003 compared to December 31, 2002 as a result of loan curtailments in our Asia operations. Accounts payable increased approximately \$1,300,000 as at June 30, 2003 compared to December 31, 2002 primarily due to an increase in inventory at June 30, 2003.

As of June 30, 2003, The Company had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$4,675,000.

The Company has a revolving line of credit, as amended, from a commercial bank at the prime rate (4.25% at June 30, 2003.) The outstanding balance at June 30, 2003 was approximately \$2,850,000. The note is collateralized by substantially all the assets located in the United States, including approximately \$2,600,000 of accounts receivable and \$850,000 of inventory. In addition, the Company has granted the bank a security interest in 65% of all issued and outstanding common stock of CMS Technology Ltd., Hong Kong held by the Company and has caused the subordination of loans by principals of the Company totaling \$2,050,000. The Company had not repaid the bank for amounts due under the line of credit and therefore was in default. On October 20, 2003 the Company entered into a forbearance and release agreements with the bank. Pursuant to the terms of the forbearance agreement the bank and the Company agreed to a \$100,000 curtailment of principal, which was made on October 20, 2003, and to forbear from foreclosure on its security interests and otherwise exercising any and all of its rights and remedies in law or equity in order to allow the Company time to cure the default under the note until December 31, 2003. Additionally, the Company upon reporting its earnings for the nine month period ending September 30, 2003, expects to enter into a new credit facility with an international bank, the proceeds of which would pay off in full the existing obligations with its current bank. While several banks have given the Company indications of interest provided that the Company reports earnings for the first nine months of 2003, no assurances can be given that the Company will successfully complete the refinancing plans or that any such refinancing will be in terms favorable to the Company. As of the date of this filing, the Company has yet to enter into an agreement with a new bank nor has any bank made a commitment to do so. The Company is requesting additional time to take out its current bank and there is no assurance that the current bank will agree to any further time extension.

On August 4, 2003, the Company received a delisting notice from the NASDAQ Small Cap Market System because it had not filed its Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002. The Company filed its 2002 Form 10-K on November 25, 2003. The Company has filed for an application for review with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as provided by Rule 420 of the SEC Rules of Practice to appeal the NASDAQ Listing and Hearing Review Council decision to delist the Company without giving the Company the benefit of an additional hearing. Management believes that the Company has the economic ability to maintain and grow its operations for the foreseeable future. In addition to its General Bank negotiations for a loan extension to December 31, 2003, the Company is negotiating with James Djen, the Company's President, to convert his \$1,000,000 demand loan (included in Shareholder Loan in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets) into equity in order to improve the Company's working capital position. Mr. Djen, as of December 31, 2002, has agreed to convert \$200,000 into equity which was effected in May 2003. In addition, the Company has negotiated an increase in its credit facility with a Hong Kong bank from \$1,500,000 to \$7,000,000. Operationally, management's plans include continuing actions to cut or curb nonessential expenses and focusing on improving sales and earnings. No assurances can be given that the Company will be successful in replacing its U.S. bank with a new bank or that the Company will be able to maintain profitable operations.

Effects of Inflation

The Company believes that inflation has not had a material effect on its net sales / on results of operations.

Effects of Fluctuation in Foreign Exchange Rates

The Company continues to buy products and services from foreign suppliers. The Company contracts for such products and services denominated by U.S. dollars, thus eliminating the possible effect of currency fluctuations.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

Bridge Technology, Inc. develops and procures products in the United States, Japan and Hong Kong, and the Company sells primarily in North America, Asia and Europe. As a result, financial results could be affected by factors such as changes in foreign currency exchange rates or weak economic conditions in foreign markets. Since our Company's products are generally initially priced in U.S. Dollars and translated to local currency amounts, a strengthening of the dollar could make our Company's products less competitive in foreign markets.

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At June 30, 2003, the majority of our cash balances were held primarily in the form of short- term highly liquid investment grade money market funds of major financial institutions. Due to the short-term nature of our investments and the fact that they are marked to market daily, we believe that we are not subject to any material interest or market rate risks.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the 34 Act) as of a date (the Evaluation Date) within 90 days prior to the filing date of this report. Based upon that evaluation, the CEO and CFO concluded that, as of June 30, 2003, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely alerting them to the material information relating to us (or our consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in our periodic filings with the SEC. Based on their most recent evaluation as of the Evaluation Date, the CEO and the CFO have also concluded that there are no significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information, and such officers have identified no material weaknesses in internal controls.

There were no significant changes made in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2003 that are reasonably likely to significantly affect these controls. Thus, no corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were necessary.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

The Company's management, including the CEO, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal controls will prevent all error and fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgements in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is a party to legal actions that have arisen in the normal course of business. These actions include the following:

On October 1, 2001, a complaint was filed by the Trustee in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court against John Harwer, former President of the Company and the Company for alleged transfer of assets, technology, trade secrets, confidential information and business opportunities from Allied Web, a corporation owned by John Harwer which he had placed into liquidation under the Federal Bankruptcy laws on April 6, 2000. The case has entered the trial phase with the initial hearing centering on \$1,800,000 in claims between the parties which did not involve Bridge Technology, Inc. The trial judge has ordered the case back to mediation in connection with these claims on November 17, 2003. Settlement negotiations are expected to continue up to the February 2004 trial date. Management at December 31, 2002 and September 22, 2003 was unable to assess the possibility of incurring future liability for this matter and therefore did not record any accrued liability. Management continues to take the position that no liability will accrue to the Company and no contingency has been provided. The company has incurred in excess of \$300,000 to date in legal fees to defend itself. The Company plans to sue the Directors and Officers insurance carrier for reimbursement. There is no assurance that any claim for legal fees reimbursement will be successful.

On May 19, 2003, a complaint was filed in Superior Court in Santa Ana, California, against the Company, its CFO and its former President, John Harwer, in connection with Mr. Harwer's private sale of the Company's common stock to a third party investor. The complaint also contends that the same investors purchased shares of a private corporation, Esyon Corporation, from either John Harwer or Esyon corporation, and are attempting to involve Bridge Technology, Inc. in this second private transaction. The case has been submitted to the Company's D & O carrier, but no coverage decision has yet been rendered. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses to the claims alleged in this action that would limit, if not bar, any recovery. However, until discovery has been completed, including depositions and exchange of documents, the actual merits of the action cannot be determined. The trial date for this case has been set as April 19, 2004.

On December 12, 2001, a former shareholder of Autec Power Systems filed a complaint in Ventura County Superior Court against the principal shareholder and former chairman of the Company, Winston Gu, Autec and the Company alleging that the complainant did not receive his pro-rata shares of the Company common stock in the exchange for 100% of the shares of Autec. The complaint was adjudicated in November 2003 by a mandatory court directed arbitration. In the arbitrator's decision, issued in December 2003, all claims against the Company were dismissed.

The Company is engaged in various ongoing legal proceedings incidental to its normal business activities. The Company is unable, however, to predict the outcome of these matters, or reasonably estimate a range of possible losses given the current status of litigation.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

On May 12, 2003, James Djen, the Company's President converted \$200,000 of his personal loans to the Company, into 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.20 per share. The Company believes the per share price was at fair market value.

On May 19, 2003, the Company issued 200,000 shares of common stock to an investment company, \$25,000 proceeds was received. The Company believes the per share price was at fair market value.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

The Company had agreed to pay off its current bank loan of approximately \$2,850,000 on December 31, 2003 by a take out arrangement with a new bank. The Company is requesting additional time to take out its current bank, and there is no assurance that its current bank will agree to any time extension to accomplish this agreement.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There are no matters submitted to a vote of security holders.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) *The following documents are filed as part of this report:*

Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description
EX-31.1	Certification pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13A-14 and 15D-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
EX-31.2	Certification pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13A-14 and 15D-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
EX-32.1	Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
EX-32.2	Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

(b) *8-K reports filed during the quarter ended June 30, 2003:*

On April 15, 2003, the Company filed a current report on Form 8-K to announce the cancellation of a Letter of Intent to sell its wholly owned subsidiary (Bridge Technology, Co., Ltd., Ningbo, China) for the non performance by the buyer.

On May 14, 2003, the Company filed a current report on Form 8-K to announce the delay of its annual audit due to the SARS epidemic in Hong Kong which has affected the audit of its subsidiaries in China and Hong Kong.

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Bridge Technology, Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: January 16, 2004

/s/ John T. Gauthier

John T. Gauthier
Chief Financial Officer

Date: January 16, 2004

/s/ James Djen

James Djen
*President & Chief
Executive Officer*