PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP INC Form 10-Q November 06, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

OR

() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number 0-22193

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

33-0743196 (I.R.S Employer Identification No.)

17901 VON KARMAN AVENUE, SUITE 1200, IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92614 (Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(949) 864-8000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [_]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required

to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No [_]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer", and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Large accelerated Accelerated Non-accelerated Smaller reporting [][X][] [] filer filer filer company (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes [] No [X]

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of November 6, 2014 was 16,894,216.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(dollars in thousands, except share data)

	September	December	September
	30,	31,	30,
ASSETS	2014	2013	2013
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
Cash and due from			
banks	\$103,356	\$126,787	\$61,393
Federal funds sold	275	26	26
Cash and cash			
equivalents	103,631	126,813	61,419
Investment securities			
available for sale	282,202	256,089	282,846
FHLB and other stock,			
at cost	18,643	15,450	10,827
Loans held for sale,			
net	-	3,147	3,176
Loans held for			
investment	1,548,004	1,240,123	1,138,969
Allowance for loan			
losses	(10,767)	(8,200)	(7,994)
Loans held for			
investment, net	1,537,237	1,231,923	1,130,975

Accrued interest			
receivable	6,762	6,254	5,629
Other real estate			
owned	752	1,186	1,186
Premises and			
equipment	9,402	9,864	9,829
Deferred income taxes	10,721	8,477	9,029
Bank owned life			
insurance	26,642	24,051	23,862
Intangible assets	5,867	6,628	6,881
Goodwill	22,950	17,428	17,428
Other assets	9,439	6,877	5,933
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,034,248	\$1,714,187	\$1,569,020
LIABILITIES AND			
STOCKHOLDERS'			
EQUITY			
LIABILITIES:			
Deposit accounts:			
Noninterest bearing	\$425,166	\$366,755	\$363,606
Interest bearing	1,118,300	939,531	920,528
Total deposits	1,543,466	1,306,286	1,284,134
FHLB advances and			
other borrowings	195,561	204,091	86,474
Subordinated	,	,	•
debentures	70,310	10,310	10,310
Accrued expenses and		,	
other liabilities	27,054	18,274	16,948
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,836,391	1,538,961	1,397,866
STOCKHOLDERS'			
EQUITY:			
Common stock, \$.01			
par value; 25,000,000			
shares			
authorized;17,069,216			
shares at Sepember 30,			
2014, 16,656,279			
shares at December 31,			
2013, and 16,641,991			
shares at September			
30, 2013 issued and			
outstanding	171	166	166
Additional paid-in			
capital	150,062	143,322	143,014
Retained earnings	47,540	34,815	30,611
Accumulated other	84	(3,077)	
comprehensive income			
(loss), net of tax			
(benefit) of \$59 at			
September 30, 2014,			
(\$2,152) at December			
31, 2013, and (\$1,843)			

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at September 30, 2013			
TOTAL			
STOCKHOLDERS'			
EQUITY	197,857	175,226	171,154
TOTAL LIABILITIES			
AND			
STOCKHOLDERS'			
EQUITY	\$2,034,248	\$1,714,187	\$1,569,020

Accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(dollars in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September	September	September	September	
	30, 2014	30, 2013	30, 2014	30, 2013	
INTEREST					
INCOME					
Loans	\$19,550	\$14,420	\$54,057	\$41,504	
Investment securities					
and other					
interest-earning					
assets	1,484	1,954	4,230	4,041	
Total interest income	21,034	16,374	58,287	45,545	
INTEREST					
EXPENSE					
Deposits	1,317	1,045	3,589	3,097	
FHLB advances and					
other borrowings	294	244	792	722	
Subordinated					
debentures	403	77	553	230	
Total interest					
expense	2,014	1,366	4,934	4,049	
NET INTEREST					
INCOME BEFORE					
PROVISION FOR					
LOAN LOSSES	19,020	15,008	53,353	41,496	
PROVISION FOR					
LOAN LOSSES	1,284	646	3,263	1,264	
NET INTEREST					
INCOME AFTER					
PROVISION FOR					
LOAN LOSSES	17,736	14,362	50,090	40,232	

NONINTEREST INCOME				
	5.47	227	1 605	0.01
Loan servicing fees	547	237	1,685	881
Deposit fees	412	485	1,329	1,382
Net gain from sales	1 77 5	002	2 (21	1.027
of loans	1,775	982	3,621	1,927
Net gain from sales				
of investment		-0-		
securities	363	305	523	1,373
Other-than-temporary	,			
impairment recovery				
(loss) on investment				
securities, net	5	16	28	(19
Other income	1,365	296	1,804	932
Total noninterest				
income	4,467	2,321	8,990	6,476
NONINTEREST				
EXPENSE				
Compensation and				
benefits	7,490	5,948	20,866	16,732
Premises and				
occupancy	1,723	1,600	4,877	4,222
Data processing and				
communications	420	824	2,036	2,214
Other real estate				
owned operations,				
owned operations, net	11	(1) 65	610
net	11	(1) 65	610
net FDIC insurance		,	· /	
net FDIC insurance premiums	11 257	(1 201) 65 760	610 537
ret FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and	257	201	760	537
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense	257 625	201 679	760 1,603	537 1,523
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense	257	201	760	537
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage	257 625 318	201 679 307	760 1,603 736	537 1,523 777
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense	257 625 318 441	201 679 307 375	760 1,603 736 1,155	537 1,523 777 960
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense	257 625 318 441 258	201 679 307 375 282	760 1,603 736 1,155 633	537 1,523 777 960 714
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense	257 625 318 441	201 679 307 375	760 1,603 736 1,155	537 1,523 777 960
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related	257 625 318 441 258	201 679 307 375 282	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense	257 625 318 441 258 747	201 679 307 375 282 497	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense	257 625 318 441 258	201 679 307 375 282	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense Total noninterest	257 625 318 441 258 747 - 1,053	201 679 307 375 282 497	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626 2,913	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723 2,622
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense Total noninterest expense	257 625 318 441 258 747	201 679 307 375 282 497	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense Total noninterest expense NET INCOME	257 625 318 441 258 747 - 1,053	201 679 307 375 282 497	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626 2,913	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723 2,622
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense Total noninterest expense NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME	257 625 318 441 258 747 - 1,053 13,343	201 679 307 375 282 497 - 1,059	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626 2,913 38,525	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723 2,622 38,806
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense Total noninterest expense NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	257 625 318 441 258 747 - 1,053 13,343	201 679 307 375 282 497 - 1,059 11,771 4,912	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626 2,913 38,525	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723 2,622 38,806
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense Total noninterest expense NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX INCOME TAX	257 625 318 441 258 747 - 1,053 13,343 8,860 3,410	201 679 307 375 282 497 - 1,059 11,771 4,912 1,846	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626 2,913 38,525 20,555 7,830	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723 2,622 38,806 7,902 3,113
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense Total noninterest expense NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX INCOME TAX NET INCOME EARNINGS PER	257 625 318 441 258 747 - 1,053 13,343	201 679 307 375 282 497 - 1,059 11,771 4,912	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626 2,913 38,525	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723 2,622 38,806
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense Total noninterest expense NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX INCOME TAX NET INCOME EARNINGS PER SHARE	257 625 318 441 258 747 - 1,053 13,343 8,860 3,410 \$5,450	201 679 307 375 282 497 - 1,059 11,771 4,912 1,846 \$3,066	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626 2,913 38,525 20,555 7,830 \$12,725	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723 2,622 38,806 7,902 3,113 \$4,789
net FDIC insurance premiums Legal, audit and professional expense Marketing expense Office and postage expense Loan expense Deposit expense Merger related expense Other expense Total noninterest expense NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX INCOME TAX NET INCOME EARNINGS PER	257 625 318 441 258 747 - 1,053 13,343 8,860 3,410	201 679 307 375 282 497 - 1,059 11,771 4,912 1,846	760 1,603 736 1,155 633 2,255 626 2,913 38,525 20,555 7,830	537 1,523 777 960 714 1,172 6,723 2,622 38,806 7,902 3,113

WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING

Basic	17,069,216	16,640,471	17,078,945	15,512,508
Diluted	17,342,882	17,482,230	17,385,835	16,314,701

Accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Month September	0,		
		2014	2013	2014		2013
Net income	\$	5,450	\$ 3,066	\$ 12,725	\$	4,789
Other						
comprehensive						
income (loss), net						
of tax (benefit):						
Unrealized holding						
gains (losses) on						
securities arising						
during the period,						
net of income taxes						
(benefits) (1)		320	(799)	3,469		(2,933)
Reclassification						
adjustment for net						
gain on sale of						
securities included						
in net income, net						
of income taxes (2)		(214)	(179)	(308)		(809)
Net unrealized gain						
(loss) on securities,						
net of income taxes		106	(978)	3,161		(3,742)
Comprehensive						
income	\$	5,556	\$ 2,088	\$ 15,886	\$	1,047

⁽¹⁾ Income taxes on the unrealized gains (losses) on securities was \$75,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, (\$683,000) million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, \$2.2 million for the nine months ending September 30, 2014 and (\$2.6) million for the first nine months ending September 30, 2013.

(2) Income taxes on the reclassification adjustment for net gain on sale of securities included in net income was \$149,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2014, \$126,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2013, \$215,000 for the nine months ending September 30, 2014 and \$564,000 for the nine months ending September 30, 2013.

PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013

(dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

Accumulated

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock	Additional ^A Paid-in Capital	Accumulate		Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance at						
December 31,						
2013	16,656,279	\$ 166	\$ 143,322		\$ (3,077)	\$ 175,226
Net income				12,725		12,725
Other						
comprehensive					2.161	2.161
income Share-based					3,161	3,161
compensation						
expense			377			377
Common stock			311			311
repurchased						
and retired	(262,897)	(2)	(2,755)			(2,757)
Common stock	(202,0)	(-)	(=,700)			(=,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
issued	562,469	6	9,006			9,012
Stock options						
exercised	113,365	1	112			113
Balance at						
September 30,						
2014	17,069,216	\$171	\$150,062	\$ 47,540	\$ 84	\$ 197,857
Balance at						
December 31,		*	*		*	
2012	13,661,648	\$137	\$107,453	\$ 25,822	\$ 1,105	\$ 134,517
Net income				4,789		4,789
Other						
comprehensive income					(3,742)	(3,742)
Share-based			680		(3,744)	680
compensation			000			000
Compensation						

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expense						
Common stock						
repurchased						
and retired	(10,960)	-	(41)			(41)
Common stock						
issued	2,972,472	29	34,895			34,924
Stock options						
exercised	18,831	-	27			27
Balance at						
September 30,						
2013	16,641,991	\$ 166	\$ 143,014	\$ 30,611	\$ (2,637)	\$ 171,154
	-					,

Accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PACIFIC PREMIE		, INC. AND			
	SIDIARIES				
CONSOLIDATED		S OF CASH			
	FLOWS				
•	thousands)				
(u	naudited)	1 5 1 1			
	Nine Months Ended				
		mber 30,			
CACHELOWG	2014	2013			
CASH FLOWS					
FROM OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES	Φ 10.705	Φ. 4.700			
Net income	\$ 12,725	\$ 4,789			
Adjustments to net					
income:					
Depreciation and	1.626	1 100			
amortization expense	1,636	1,423			
Provision for loan	2.062	1.064			
losses	3,263	1,264			
Share-based					
compensation	277	600			
expense	377	680			
Loss on sale and					
disposal of premises	22	2			
and equipment Loss on sale of other	23	<u> </u>			
real estate owned	17	226			
Write down of other	1 /	220			
real estate owned		354			
Amortization of	-	334			
premium/discounts					
*					
	1 058	2 310			
saic, net		•			
on securities held for sale, net	1,958 (1,632)	2,319 (2,032)			

-		
Amortization of loan		
mark-to-market		
discount from		
acquisitions		
Loss from fair market		
value adjustment to		
loans held for sale	180	-
Gain on sale of		
investment securities		
available for sale	(523)	(1,373)
Other-than-temporary		
impairment loss		
(recovery) on		
investment securities,		
net	(28)	19
Gain on sale of loans		
held for investment	(3,621)	(1,927)
Recoveries on loans	87	344
Principal payments		
from loans held for		
sale	31	505
Deferred income tax		
provision	(2,244)	(2,142)
Change in accrued		
expenses and other		
liabilities, net	2,310	5,562
Income from bank		
owned life insurance,		
net	(591)	(470)
Change in accrued		
interest receivable		
and other assets, net	(3,070)	1,196
Net cash provided by		
operating activities	10,898	10,739
CASH FLOWS		
FROM INVESTING		
ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale		
and principal		
payments on loans	220.007	101 610
held for investment	229,887	131,619
Net change in		
undisbursed loan	10.106	246.014
funds	43,436	246,814
Purchase and		
origination of loans	(405.050)	(462.706)
held for investment	(495,070)	(463,706)
Proceeds from sale of		
other real estate	777	1 400
owned	777	1,488
	21,535	27,528

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Principal payments		
on securities		
available for sale		
Purchase of securities		
available for sale	(129,636)	(98,799)
Proceeds from sale or	(129,030)	(90,199)
maturity of securities		
available for sale	91,907	212,314
Investment in bank	91,907	212,314
own life insurance	(2,000)	
Purchases of	(2,000)	_
premises and	(1.122)	(2.010)
equipment Purchase of Federal	(1,123)	(3,010)
Reserve Bank stock	(1.520	(1.276
	(1,520)	(1,276)
Redemption (purchase) of FILL P		
(purchase) of FHLB stock	(1.672	2,349
	(1,673)	2,349
Cash acquired		
(disbursed) in	(7.702	120 751
acquisitions, net	(7,793)	138,751
Net cash provided by		
(used in) investing	(251,272)	104.072
activities CASHELOWS	(251,273)	194,072
CASH FLOWS		
FROM FINANCING		
ACTIVITIES Net increase		
(decrease) in deposit	227 100	(161.250)
accounts Due and de from	237,180	(161,359)
Proceeds from issuance of		
	5 0 004	
subordinated debt	58,804	-
Repayment of FHLB		
advances and other	(76.147.)	(45.021.)
borrowings, net Proceeds from	(76,147)	(45,931)
issuance of common		
stock, net of issuance		1.500
cost Proceeds from	-	4,560
exercise of stock	112	27
options Descriptions	113	27
Repurchase of	(2.757	(41
Not each provided by	(2,757)	(41)
Net cash provided by		
(used in) financing	217 102	(202.744)
o otivriti o o	217,193	(202,744)
activities	217,175	
		2.067
activities NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN	(23,182)	2,067

CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS		
CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS,		
beginning of period	126,813	59,352
CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS,		
end of period	\$ 103,631	\$ 61,419

PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (in thousands) (unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 2013

SUPPLEMENTAL			
CASH FLOW			
DISCLOSURES			
Interest paid	\$ 4,615		\$ 4,012
Income taxes paid	11,450		6,825
Assets acquired			
(liabilities assumed			
and capital created)			
in acquisitions (See			
Note 4):			
Investment securities	-		347,196
FHLB and TIB Stock	-		1,765
Loans	78,833		68,815
Core deposit			
intangible	-		4,766
Other real estate			
owned	-		752
Goodwill	5,522		18,234
Fixed assets	74		1,446
Other assets	702		12,468
Deposits	-		(540,725)
Other borrowings	(67,617)	(16,905)
Other liabilities	(709)	(7,199)
Additional paid-in			
capital	(9,012)	(29,364)
NONCASH			
INVESTING			

ACTIVITIES DURING THE

PERIOD		
Transfers from loans		
to other real estate		
owned	\$ 360	\$ 244
Investment securities		
available for sale		
purchased and not		
settled	\$ 5,982	\$ -
Loans held for sale		
transfer to loans held		
for investment	\$ 2,936	\$ -

Accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Pacific Premier Bancorp, Inc. (the "Corporation") and its wholly owned subsidiaries, including Pacific Premier Bank (the "Bank") (collectively, the "Company," "we," "our" or "us"). A significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

In the opinion of management, the consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of September 30, 2014, December 31, 2013, and September 30, 2013, the results of its operations and comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and the changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. Operating results or comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results or comprehensive income that may be expected for any other interim period or the full year ending December 31, 2014.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (the "2013 Annual Report").

The Company accounts for its investments in its wholly owned special purpose entity, PPBI Trust I, under the equity method whereby the subsidiary's net earnings are recognized in the Company's statement of operations.

Note 2 – Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards Adopted in 2014

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2013-11,"Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists." The provisions of ASU No. 2013-11 require an entity to present an unrecognized tax benefit, or portion thereof, in the statement of financial position as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward or a tax credit carryforward, with certain exceptions related to availability. The Company adopted the provisions of ASU No. 2013-11 effective January 1, 2014. The adoption of ASU No. 2013-11 had no impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Accounting Standards Pending Adoption

In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-01,"Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects." ASU No. 2014-01 permits reporting entities to make an accounting policy election to account for their investments in qualified affordable housing projects using the proportional amortization method if certain conditions are met. Under the proportional amortization method, an entity amortizes the initial cost of the investment in proportion to the tax credits and other tax benefits received and recognizes the net investment performance in the income statement as a component of income tax expense. This new guidance also requires new disclosures for all investors in these projects. ASU No. 2014-01 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014. Upon adoption, the guidance must be applied retrospectively to all periods presented. However, entities that use the effective yield method to account for investments in these projects before adoption may continue to do so for these pre-existing investments. The Company currently accounts for such investments using the effective yield method and plans to continue to do so for these pre-existing investments after adopting ASU No. 2014-01 on January 1, 2015. The Company expects investments made after January 1, 2015 to meet the criteria required for the proportional amortization method and plans to make such an accounting policy election. The adoption of ASU No. 2014-01 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-04,"Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure." The objective of this guidance is to clarify when an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, that is, when a creditor should be considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan such that the loan receivable should be derecognized and the real estate property recognized. ASU No. 2014-04 states that an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, and a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan, upon either (1) the creditor obtaining legal title to the residential real estate property upon completion of a foreclosure or (2) the borrower conveying all interest in the residential real estate property to the creditor to satisfy that loan through completion of a deed in lieu of foreclosure or through a similar legal agreement. Additionally, ASU No. 2014-04 requires interim and annual disclosure of both (1) the amount of foreclosed residential real estate property held by the creditor and (2) the recorded investment in consumer mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate property that are in the process of foreclosure according to local requirements of the applicable jurisdiction. ASU No. 2014-04 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014. The adoption of ASU No. 2014-04 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 3 – Significant Accounting Policies

Certain Acquired Loans: As part of business acquisitions, the Bank acquires certain loans that have shown evidence of credit deterioration since origination. These acquired loans are recorded at the allocated fair value, such that there is no carryover of the seller's allowance for loan losses. Such acquired loans are accounted for individually. The Bank estimates the amount and timing of expected cash flows for each purchased loan, and the expected cash flows in excess of the allocated fair value is recorded as interest income over the remaining life of the loan (accretable yield). The excess of the loan's contractual principal and interest over expected cash flows is not recorded

(non-accretable difference). Over the life of the loan, expected cash flows continue to be estimated. If the present value of expected cash flows is less than the carrying amount, a loss is recorded through the allowance for loan losses. If the present value of expected cash flows is greater than the carrying amount, it is recognized as part of future interest income.

Goodwill and Core Deposit Intangible: Goodwill is generally determined as the excess of the fair value of the consideration transferred, plus the fair value of any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree, over the fair value of the net assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date. Goodwill and intangible assets acquired in a purchase business combination and determined to have an indefinite useful life are not amortized, but tested for impairment at least annually or more frequently if events and circumstances exist that indicate the necessity for such impairment tests to be performed. The Company has selected December 31 as the date to perform the annual impairment test. Intangible assets with definite useful lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives to their estimated residual values. Goodwill is the only intangible asset with an indefinite life on our balance sheet.

Core deposit intangible assets arising from whole bank acquisitions are amortized on an accelerated method over their estimated useful lives, which range from 6 to 10 years.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The allowance for loan losses, the fair value of stock-based compensation awards, the fair values of financial instruments and the status of contingencies are particularly subject to change.

Note 4 – Acquisitions

The Company accounted for the following transactions under the acquisition method of accounting which requires purchased assets and liabilities assumed to be recorded at their respective fair values at the date of acquisition. The Company determined the fair value of the core deposit intangible, securities and deposits with the assistance of third party valuations. The fair value of other real estate owned ("OREO") was based on recent appraisals of the properties.

The estimated fair values in these acquisitions are subject to refinement as additional information relative to the closing date fair values become available through the measurement period, which can extend for up to one year after the closing date of the transaction. While additional significant changes to the closing date fair values are not expected, any information relative to the changes in these fair values will be evaluated to determine if such changes are due to events and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. During the measurement period, any such changes will be recorded as part of the closing date fair value.

Infinity Franchise Holdings Acquisition

On January 30, 2014, the Company completed its acquisition of Infinity Franchise Holdings, LLC ("Infinity Holdings") and its wholly owned operating subsidiary Infinity Franchise Capital, LLC ("IFC" and together with Infinity Holdings, "IFH"), a national lender to franchisees in the quick service restaurant ("QSR") industry, and other direct and indirect subsidiaries utilized in its business. The value of the total consideration paid for the IFH acquisition was \$17.4 million, which consisted of \$8.3 million paid in cash and the issuance of 562,469 shares of the Corporation's stock, which was valued at \$16.02 per share as measured by the 10-day average closing price immediately prior to closing of the transaction.

The acquisition of IFH is expected to further diversify our loan portfolio with commercial and industrial and owner-occupied commercial real estate loans, to deploy excess liquidity into higher yielding assets, to positively impact our net interest margin and to further leverage our strong capital base. The QSR franchisee lending business is a niche market that we believe provides attractive growth opportunities for the Company in the future. IFH had no

delinquent loans or adversely classified assets as of the acquisition date; and the acquisition is expected to be accretive to our 2014 earnings per share.

Goodwill in the amount of \$5.5 million was recognized in the IFH acquisition. Goodwill represents the future economic benefits arising from net assets acquired that are not individually identified and separately recognized and is attributable to synergies expected to be derived from the combination of the two entities. Goodwill recognized in this transaction is not deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table represents the assets acquired and liabilities assumed of IFH as of January 30, 2014 and the provisional fair value adjustments and amounts recorded by the Company in 2014 under the acquisition method of accounting:

	IFH Book Value (do	Ad	ir Value justment in thous		Fair Value ls)
ASSETS					•
ACQUIRED					
Cash and cash					
equivalents	\$ 555	\$	-		\$ 555
Loans, gross	78,833		-		78,833
Deferred loan					
costs	1,082		(1,082)	-
Allowance for					
loan losses	(268)		268		-
Other assets	776		-		776
Total assets					
acquired	\$ 80,978	\$	(814)	\$ 80,164
LIABILITIES					
ASSUMED					
Bank loan	\$ 67,617	\$	-		\$ 67,617
Accrued					
compensation	495		-		495
Other					
liabilities	214		-		214
Total					
liabilities					
assumed	68,326		-		68,326
Excess of					
assets					
acquired over					
<mark>liabilities</mark>					
assumed	\$ 12,652	\$	(814)	11,838
Consideration					
paid					17,360
Goodwill					
recognized					\$ 5,522

San Diego Trust Bank Acquisition

On June 25, 2013, the Company completed its acquisition of San Diego Trust Bank ("SDTB") in exchange for consideration valued at \$30.6 million which consisted of \$16.2 million of cash and 1,198,255 shares of the Corporation's common stock.

SDTB was a San Diego, California based state-chartered bank. The acquisition was an opportunity for the Company to acquire a banking network that complemented our existing banking franchise and expanded into a new market area. Additionally, the SDTB acquisition improved the Company's deposit base by lowering our cost of deposits and providing an opportunity to accelerate future core deposit growth in the San Diego, California, market area.

Goodwill in the amount of \$5.6 million was recognized in the SDTB acquisition. Goodwill recognized in this transaction is not deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table represents the assets acquired and liabilities assumed of SDTB as of June 25, 2013 and the provisional fair value adjustments and amounts recorded by the Company in 2013 under the acquisition method of accounting:

	SDTB Book Value (do	Adj	ir Value ustmen	ts	Fair Value ds)
ASSETS	`				•
ACQUIRED					
Cash and					
cash					
equivalents • •	\$ 30,252	\$	-		\$ 30,252
Investment					
securities	124,960		(155)	124,805
Loans, gross	42,945		(223)	42,722
Allowance					
for loan					
losses	(1,013)		1,013		-
Other real					
estate owned	752		-		752
Core deposit					
intangible	-		2,836		2,836
Other assets	9,856		-		9,856
Total assets					
acquired	\$ 207,752	\$	3,471		\$ 211,223
LIABILITIES					
ASSUMED					
Deposits	\$ 183,901	\$	6		\$ 183,907
Deferred tax					
liability					
(asset)	(333)		1,507		1,174
Other					
liabilities	1,823		(729)	1,094
	185,391		784		186,175

Total			
Total			
liabilities			
assumed			
Excess of			
assets			
acquired over			
liabilities			
assumed	\$ 22,361	\$ 2,687	25,048
Consideration			
paid			30,622
Goodwill			
recognized			\$ 5,574

First Association Bank Acquisition

On March 15, 2013, the Company completed its acquisition of First Association Bank ("FAB") in exchange for consideration valued as of the closing at \$57.9 million which consisted of \$43.0 million of cash and 1,279,217 shares of the Corporation's common stock.

FAB was a Dallas, Texas, based bank which specialized in providing commercial banking services to home owner association ("HOA") management companies throughout the United States. The FAB acquisition was an opportunity for the Company to acquire a highly efficient, consistently profitable and niche-focused business that complimented our banking franchise. Additionally, this acquisition improved the Company's deposit base by lowering our cost of deposits and providing a platform to accelerate future core deposit growth from HOAs.

Goodwill in the amount of \$11.9 million was recognized in the FAB acquisition. Goodwill recognized in this transaction is not deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table represents the assets acquired and liabilities assumed of FAB as of March 15, 2013, the provisional fair value adjustments and amounts recorded by the Company in 2013 under the acquisition method of accounting:

	FAB Book	Fair Value	Fair
	Value	Adjustments	Value
ASSETS ACQUIRED		ollars in thousar	
Cash and			
cash			
equivalents •	\$ 167,663	\$ -	\$ 167,663
Investment			
securities	219,913	2,478	222,391
Loans, gross	26,264	158	26,422
Allowance			
for loan			
losses	(224)	224	-
Core deposit			
intangible	-	1,930	1,930
Other assets	5,823	-	5,823

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Total assets			
acquired	\$ 419,439	\$ 4,790	\$ 424,229
LIABILITIES			
ASSUMED			
Deposits	\$ 356,737	\$ 81	\$ 356,818
Borrowings	16,905	-	16,905
Deferred tax			
liability	-	3,918	3,918
Other			
Liabilities	536	-	536
Total			
liabilities			
assumed	374,178	3,999	378,177
Excess of			
assets			
acquired over			
liabilities			
assumed	\$ 45,261	\$ 791	46,052
Consideration			
paid			57,906
Goodwill			
recognized			\$ 11,854

There were no purchased credit impaired loans acquired from FAB, SDTB or IFH. For loans acquired from FAB, SDTB and IFH, the contractual amounts due, expected cash flows to be collected, interest component and fair value as of the respective acquisition dates were as follows:

Acquired Loans
FAB SDTB IFH
(dollars in thousands)

Contractual			
amounts			
due	\$ 32,107	\$ 47,251	\$ 98,320
Cash flows			
not			
expected to			
be			
collected	-	-	-
Expected			
cash flows	32,107	47,251	98,320
Interest			
component			
of expected			
cash flows	5,685	4,529	19,487
Fair value			
of acquired			
loans	\$ 26,422	\$ 42,722	\$ 78,833

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, there was no carryover of the allowance for loan losses that had been previously recorded by FAB, SDTB or IFH.

The operating results of the Company for the nine months ending September 30, 2014 include the operating results of FAB, SDTB and IFH since their respective acquisition dates. The following table presents the net interest and other income, net income and earnings per share as if the acquisition of IFH was effective as of January 1, 2014 and as if the acquisitions of FAB and SDTB were effective as of January 1, 2013. There were no material, nonrecurring adjustments to the pro forma net interest and other income, net income and earnings per share presented below:

Nine months Ended September 30, 2014 2013

Net interest and other income \$62,378 \$53,232

Net income \$12,344 \$5,027

Basic earnings per share \$0.72 \$0.27

Diluted earnings per share \$0.71 \$0.26

Note 5 – Investment Securities

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities were as follows:

September 30, 2014

Estimated

Amortized Unrealized Trair
Cost Gain Loss Value
(in thousands)

Investment securities available for sale:

Municipal bonds \$97,358 \$1,495 \$(268) \$98,585

Mortgage-backed

securities 184,701 180 (1,264) 183,617

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Total securities			
available for sale	\$282,059	\$1,675	\$(1,532) \$282,202

December 31, 2013

Estimated

Amortized Unrealized Inrealized Fair Value Cost Gain Loss (in thousands)

Investment securities available for sale:

U.S. Treasury \$73 \$8 \$81 Municipal bonds 95,388 589 (1,850)94,127 Mortgage-backed securities 12 (3,988) 161,881 165,857

Total securities available for sale \$261,318 \$609 \$(5,838) \$256,089

September 30, 2013

Estimated Amortized Unrealized Inrealized Fair

Cost Gain Loss Value (in thousands)

Investment securities available for sale:

U.S. Treasury	\$73	\$9	\$-	\$82
Municipal bonds	95,971	709	(1,795)	94,885
Mortgage-backed				
securities	191,282	182	(3,585)	187,879
Total securities				

available for sale \$287,326 \$900 \$(5,380) \$282,846

At September 30, 2014, the Company had \$9.2 million in Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") stock, \$5.4 million in Federal Reserve Bank ("FRB") stock, and \$4.1 million in other stock, all carried at cost. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the FHLB has repurchased \$2.2 million of the Company's excess FHLB stock through its stock repurchase program.

At September 30, 2014, mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") with an estimated par value of \$63.4 million and a fair value of \$65.5 million were pledged as collateral for the Bank's three reverse repurchase agreements which totaled \$28.5 million and HOA reverse repurchase agreements which totaled \$16.1 million.

The table below shows the number, fair value and gross unrealized holding losses of the Company's investment securities by investment category and length of time that the securities have been in a continuous loss position.

September 30, 2014

12 months or Longer Less than 12 months

Total

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	Number	Fair	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses No		Fair	Gross Unrealize Holding Losses ousands)	5	Fair er Value	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses
Municipal bonds	29	\$16,804	\$(183)	26	\$10,459	\$ (85) 55	\$27,263	\$(268)
Mortgage-backed									
securities	22	85,248	(256)	9	42,516	(1,008) 31	127,764	(1,264)
Total	51	\$102,052	\$(439)	35	\$52,975	\$(1,093		\$155,027	
	Les Number	Fair	nonths Gross Unrealized Holding Losses No	12 umbe	Fair	Longer Gross Unrealize Holding Losses	,	Total Fair er Value	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses
Municipal bonds	133	\$61,524	\$(1,850)	_	\$-	\$-	133	\$61,524	\$(1,850)
Municipal bonds Mortgage-backet		\$61,524	\$(1,850)	-	\$-	\$ -	133	\$61,524	\$(1,850)
Municipal bonds Mortgage-backed securities		\$61,524 140,704		- 1	\$- 12,607	\$- (913	133) 46	\$61,524 153,311	\$(1,850)
Mortgage-backed	d	·		- 1 1		·		153,311	(3,988)
Mortgage-backed securities Total	d 45 178	140,704 \$ 202,228 ss than 12 r	(3,075) \$(4,925)	Se 12	12,607 \$12,607 ptember 30 months or	(913 \$(913 0, 2013 Longer Gross Unrealize Holding Losses) 46) 179	153,311 \$214,835 Total	(3,988)
Mortgage-backed securities Total	d 45 178 Les	140,704 \$ 202,228 ss than 12 r Fair Value	(3,075) \$(4,925) nonths Gross Unrealized Holding Losses No	Se 12 umbe (do	12,607 \$12,607 ptember 30 months or Fair er Value llars in the	(913 \$(913 0, 2013 Longer Gross Unrealize Holding Losses ousands)) 46) 179 ed Numb	153,311 \$214,835 Total Fair er Value	(3,988) \$(5,838) Gross Unrealized Holding Losses
Mortgage-backed securities Total Municipal bonds	d 45 178 Les Number	140,704 \$ 202,228 ss than 12 r	(3,075) \$(4,925) nonths Gross Unrealized Holding Losses No	Se 12	12,607 \$12,607 ptember 30 months or Fair er Value	(913 \$(913 0, 2013 Longer Gross Unrealize Holding Losses) 46) 179	153,311 \$214,835 Total Fair er Value	(3,988) \$(5,838) Gross Unrealized Holding
Mortgage-backed securities Total	d 45 178 Les Number	140,704 \$ 202,228 ss than 12 r Fair Value	(3,075) \$(4,925) nonths Gross Unrealized Holding Losses No	Se 12 umbe (do	12,607 \$12,607 ptember 30 months or Fair er Value llars in the	(913 \$(913 0, 2013 Longer Gross Unrealize Holding Losses ousands)) 46) 179 ed Numb	153,311 \$214,835 Total Fair er Value	(3,988) \$(5,838) Gross Unrealized Holding Losses \$(1,795)

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available for sale at September 30, 2014, by contractual maturity are shown in the table below.

One			More tha	ın Five				
Year	More tha	ın One	Yea	rs	More	than		
or								
Less	Year to Five	ve Years	to Ten `	Years	Ten Y	ears	Tota	al
Amortiz Eati r A	mortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair
CosValue	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
			(do	llars in t	housands)			

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Investment securities available for sale: Municipal bonds \$- \$- \$12,828 \$12,877 \$41,817 \$42,379 \$42,713 \$43,329 \$97,358 \$98,585 Mortgage-backed securities 30,477 30,394 154,224 153,223 184,701 183,617 Total investment securities

72,773

196,937

196,552

282,059

282,202

Any temporary impairment is a result of the change in market interest rates and not the underlying issuers' ability to repay. The Company has the intent and ability to hold these securities until the temporary impairment is eliminated. Accordingly, the Company has not recognized the temporary impairment in earnings.

72,294

12,877

Unrealized gains and losses on investment securities available for sale are recognized in stockholders' equity as accumulated other comprehensive income or loss. At September 30, 2014, the Company had accumulated other comprehensive income of \$143,000, or \$84,000 net of tax, compared to accumulated other comprehensive loss of \$5.2 million, or \$3.1 million net of tax, at December 31, 2013.

Note 6 – Loans Held for Investment

available for sale - - 12,828

The following table sets forth the composition of our loan portfolio in dollar amounts at the dates indicated:

	September	December	September
	30, 2014	31, 2013	30, 2013
		(in thousands))
Business loans:			
Commercial and			
industrial	\$360,700	\$187,035	\$173,720
Commercial owner			
occupied (1)	237,996	221,089	222,162
SBA	20,482	10,659	6,455
Warehouse facilities	108,093	87,517	49,104
Real estate loans:			
Commercial			
non-owner occupied	355,984	333,544	304,979
Multi-family	262,588	233,689	218,929
One-to-four family (2)	125,326	145,235	152,667
Construction	67,118	13,040	2,835
Land	6,103	7,605	7,371
Other loans	3,521	3,839	3,793
Total gross loans (3)	1,547,911	1,243,252	1,142,015
Less loans held for			
sale, net	-	3,147	3,176
Total gross loans held			
for investment	1,547,911	1,240,105	1,138,839
Deferred loan	93	18	130
origination costs/(fees)			

and premiums/(discounts), net

Allowance for loan losses (10,767) (8,200) (7,994)

Loans held for investment, net \$1,537,237 \$1,231,923 \$1,130,975

- (1) Majority secured
- by real estate.
- (2) Includes second

trust deeds.

(3) Total gross loans for September 30, 2014 are net of (i) the unaccreted mark-to-market discounts on Canyon National Bank ("Canyon National") loans of \$1.5 million, on Palm Desert National Bank ("Palm Desert National") loans of \$1.7 million, and on SDTB loans of \$145,000 and (ii) the mark-to-market premium on FAB loans of \$31,000.

From time to time, we may purchase or sell loans in order to manage concentrations, maximize interest income, change risk profiles, improve returns and generate liquidity.

The Company makes residential and commercial loans held for investment to customers located primarily in California. Consequently, the underlying collateral for our loans and a borrower's ability to repay may be impacted unfavorably by adverse changes in the economy and real estate market in the region.

Under applicable laws and regulations, the Bank may not make secured loans to one borrower in excess of 25% of the Bank's unimpaired capital plus surplus and likewise in excess of 15% for unsecured loans. These loans-to-one borrower limitations result in a dollar limitation of \$63.2 million for secured loans and \$37.9 million for unsecured loans at September 30, 2014. At September 30, 2014, the Bank's largest aggregate outstanding balance of loans to one borrower was \$34.2 million of secured credit.

Purchased Credit Impaired

The following table provides a summary of the Company's investment in purchased credit impaired loans, acquired from Canyon National and Palm Desert National, as of the period indicated:

September 30, 2014

	БСР	CITIOCI	50, 20	11
		Pal	m	
	Canyon	Des	ert	
	National	Natio	onal	Total
	(i	in thou	sands)	
Business				
loans:				
Commercial				
and				
industrial	\$ 92	\$ -		\$ 92
Commercial	555	-		555
owner				

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occupied			
Real estate			
loans:			
Commercial			
non-owner			
occupied	971	-	971
One-to-four			
<mark>family</mark>	-	8	8
Total			
purchase			
credit			
impaired	\$ 1,618	\$ 8	\$ 1,626

On the acquisition date, the amount by which the undiscounted expected cash flows of the purchased credit impaired loans exceed the estimated fair value of the loan is the "accretable yield." The accretable yield is measured at each financial reporting date and represents the difference between the remaining undiscounted expected cash flows and the current carrying value of the purchased credit impaired loan. At September 30, 2014, the Company had \$1.6 million of purchased credit impaired loans, none of which were placed on nonaccrual status.

The following table summarizes the accretable yield on the purchased credit impaired for the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

Nine	Months End	led
September		
30,		
2014		
	Palm	
Canyon	Desert	
National	National	Total
(i	n thousands)	

Balance at				
the				
beginning				
of period	\$1,623	\$ 53	\$ 1,6	676
Accretion	(192)	(1) (19	93)
Disposals				
and other	(17)	-	(1)	7)
Change in				
accretable				
yield	-	-	-	
Balance at				
the end of				
period	\$1,414	\$ 52	\$ 1,4	166

Impaired Loans

The following tables provide a summary of the Company's investment in impaired loans as of the period indicated:

Impaired Loans

Specific Contractual Allowance Unpaid With Without for Average Interest Principal Recorded Specific Specific Impaired Recorded Income Balance Investment Ilowance Loans Investment ecognized

(in thousands)

September 30, 2014				`	,		
Business							
loans:							
Commercial							
and							
industrial	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15	\$ -
Commercial		'	-	,			·
owner							
occupied occupied	441	398	_	398	_	555	41
SBA	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Real estate							
loans:							
Commercial							
non-owner							
occupied	1,221	883	_	883	_	924	65
One-to-four	·						
family	649	526	_	526	_	504	18
Totals	\$2,311	\$ 1,807	\$ -	\$ 1,807	\$ -	\$ 2,004	\$ 124

Impaired Loans

Specific

Allowance Contractual Unpaid With Without for

Average Interest Principal Recorded Specific Specific Impaired Recorded Income Balance Investment Ilowance Loans Investment ecognized

(in thousands)

December							
31, 2013							
Business							
loans:							
Commercial							
and							
industrial	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 255	\$ 17
Commercial							
owner							
occupied	872	747	-	747	-	177	66
SBA	246	14	-	14	-	70	28
Real estate							
loans:							
Commercial	1,202	983	28	955	1	984	68
non-owner							

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occupied							
<mark>Multi-family</mark>	-	-	-	-	-	108	2
One-to-four							
family	746	683	278	405	104	743	44
Totals	\$ 3.066	\$ 2,427	\$ 306	\$ 2.121	\$ 105	\$ 2,337	\$ 225

Impaired Loans

Specific
Contractual Allowance
Unpaid With Without for Average Interest
Principal Recorded Specific Specific Impaired Recorded Income
Balance Investment Ilowance Loans Investment Recognized
(in thousands)

			(1	iii uiousai	ius)		
September							
30, 2013							
Business							
loans:							
Commercial							
and							
industrial	\$186	\$ 68	\$ -	\$ 68	\$ -	\$ 326	\$ 71
Commercial							
owner							
occupied	-	-	-	-	-	153	18
SBA	246	14	-	14	-	60	16
Real estate							
loans:							
Commercial							
non-owner							
occupied	527	437	-	437	-	983	157
Multi-family	-	-	-	-	-	144	2
One-to-four							
family	701	642	282	360	104	772	154
Totals	\$ 1,660	\$ 1,161	\$ 282	\$ 879	\$ 104	\$ 2,438	\$ 418

The Company considers a loan to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement or it is determined that the likelihood of the Company receiving all scheduled payments, including interest, when due is remote. The Company has no commitments to lend additional funds to debtors whose loans have been impaired.

The Company reviews loans for impairment when the loan is classified as substandard or worse, delinquent 90 days, or determined by management to be collateral dependent, or when the borrower files bankruptcy or is granted a troubled debt restructuring ("TDR"). Measurement of impairment is based on the loan's expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, measured by reference to an observable market value, if one exists, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is deemed collateral dependent. All loans are generally charged-off at such time the loan is classified as a loss. Valuation allowances are determined on a loan-by-loan basis or by aggregating loans with similar risk characteristics.

The following table provides additional detail on the components of impaired loans at the period end indicated:

	September 30, 2014	31,	30, 2013
	(ir	thousan	ds)
Nonaccruin	g		
loans	\$1,624	\$2,239	\$972
Accruing			
loans	183	188	189
Total			
impaired			
loans	\$1,807	\$2,427	\$1,161

When loans are placed on nonaccrual status all accrued interest is reversed from earnings. Payments received on nonaccrual loans are generally applied as a reduction to the loan principal balance. If the likelihood of further loss is remote, the Company will recognize interest on a cash basis only. Loans may be returned to accruing status if the Company believes that all remaining principal and interest is fully collectible and there has been at least three months of sustained repayment performance since the loan was placed on nonaccrual.

The Company does not accrue interest on loans 90 days or more past due or when, in the opinion of management, there is reasonable doubt as to the collection of interest. The Company had impaired loans on nonaccrual status of \$1.6 million at September 30, 2014, \$2.2 million at December 31, 2013, and \$972,000 at September 30, 2013. The Company had no loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing at September 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 or September 30, 2013.

The Company had no TDRs during the quarter ended September 30, 2014 and had one immaterial TDR outstanding related to a U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") loan.

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of September 30, 2014, the Company's loan portfolio was collateralized by various forms of real estate and business assets located principally in California. The Company's loan portfolio contains concentrations of credit in multi-family real estate, commercial non-owner occupied real estate and commercial owner occupied business loans. The Bank maintains policies approved by the Bank's Board of Directors (the "Bank Board") that address these concentrations and continues to diversify its loan portfolio through loan originations, purchases and sales to meet approved concentration levels. While management believes that the collateral presently securing these loans is adequate, there can be no assurances that a significant deterioration in the California real estate market or economy would not expose the Company to significantly greater credit risk.

Credit Quality and Credit Risk Management

The Company's credit quality is maintained and credit risk managed in two distinct areas. The first is the loan origination process, wherein the Bank underwrites credit quality and chooses which risks it is willing to accept. The second is in the ongoing oversight of the loan portfolio, where existing credit risk is measured and monitored, and where performance issues are dealt with in a timely and comprehensive fashion.

The Company maintains a comprehensive credit policy which sets forth minimum and maximum tolerances for key elements of loan risk. The policy identifies and sets forth specific guidelines for analyzing each of the loan products

the Company offers from both an individual and portfolio wide basis. The credit policy is reviewed annually by the Bank Board. The Bank's seasoned underwriters ensure all key risk factors are analyzed with nearly all underwriting including a comprehensive global cash flow analysis of the prospective borrowers. The credit approval process mandates multiple-signature approval by the management credit committee for every loan that requires any subjective credit analysis.

Credit risk is managed within the loan portfolio by the Company's Portfolio Management department based on a comprehensive credit and investment review policy. This policy requires a program of financial data collection and analysis, comprehensive loan reviews, property and/or business inspections and monitoring of portfolio concentrations and trends. The Portfolio Management department also monitors asset-based lines of credit, loan covenants and other conditions associated with the Company's business loans as a means to help identify potential credit risk. Individual loans, excluding the homogeneous loan portfolio, are reviewed at least biennially, and in most cases more often, including the assignment of a risk grade.

Risk grades are based on a six-grade Pass scale, along with Special Mention, Substandard, Doubtful and Loss classifications as such classifications are defined by the regulatory agencies. The assignment of risk grades allows the Company to, among other things, identify the risk associated with each credit in the portfolio, and to provide a basis for estimating credit losses inherent in the portfolio. Risk grades are reviewed regularly by the Company's Credit and Investment Review committee, and are reviewed annually by an independent third-party, as well as by regulatory agencies during scheduled examinations.

The following provides brief definitions for risk grades assigned to loans in the portfolio:

- · Pass classifications represent assets with a level of credit quality which contain no well-defined deficiency or weakness.
- · Special Mention assets do not currently expose the Bank to a sufficient risk to warrant classification in one of the adverse categories, but possess correctable deficiency or potential weaknesses deserving management's close attention.
 - · Substandard assets are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. These assets are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. OREO acquired from foreclosure is also classified as substandard.
- · Doubtful credits have all the weaknesses inherent in substandard credits, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.
- · Loss assets are those that are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as assets is not warranted. Amounts classified as loss are promptly charged off.

The Portfolio Management department also manages loan performance risks, collections, workouts, bankruptcies and foreclosures. Loan performance risks are mitigated by our portfolio managers acting promptly and assertively to address problem credits when they are identified. Collection efforts are commenced immediately upon non-payment, and the portfolio managers seek to promptly determine the appropriate steps to minimize the Company's risk of loss. When foreclosure will maximize the Company's recovery for a non-performing loan, the portfolio managers will take appropriate action to initiate the foreclosure process.

When a loan is graded as special mention or substandard or doubtful, the Company obtains an updated valuation of the underlying collateral. If the credit in question is also identified as impaired, a valuation allowance, if necessary, is established against such loan or a loss is recognized by a charge to the allowance for loan losses ("ALLL") if management believes that the full amount of the Company's recorded investment in the loan is no longer collectable. The Company typically continues to obtain updated valuations of underlying collateral for special mention and classified loans on an annual basis in order to have the most current indication of fair value. Once a loan

is identified as impaired, an analysis of the underlying collateral is performed at least quarterly, and corresponding changes in any related valuation allowance are made or balances deemed to be fully uncollectable are charged-off.

The following tables stratify the loan portfolio by the Company's internal risk grading system as well as certain other information concerning the credit quality of the loan portfolio as of the periods indicated:

	Credit Risk Grades Special Total Gross							
	Pass	MentionSubstandard Loans						
September 30, 2014		(in thousands)						
Business								
loans:								
Commercial								
and								
industrial	\$358,922	\$-	\$1,778	\$360,700				
Commercial								
owner								
occupied	228,154	387	9,455	237,996				
SBA	20,482	-	-	20,482				
Warehouse	100.002			100.002				
facilities	108,093	-	-	108,093				
Real estate								
loans:								
Commercial								
non-owner	251 614		4.270	255.004				
occupied	351,614	-	4,370	355,984				
Multi-family	261,574	504	510	262,588				
One-to-four	124 202		0.42	105.226				
family	124,383	-	943	125,326				
Construction	67,118	-	-	67,118				
Land	6,103	-	-	6,103				
Other loans	3,521	- ΦΩΩ1	- Φ17.056	3,521				
Totals	\$1,529,964	\$891	\$17,056	\$1,547,911				
		Cradit D	isk Grades					
		Special	isk Graues	Total Gross				
	Pass	•	Substandar					
December	1 ass	MICHIGIA	ouostanuai	u Loans				
31, 2013		(in the	ousands)					
Business		(III tilt	Jusanus)					
loans:								
Commercial								
and								
industrial	\$184,247	\$12	\$2,776	\$187,035				
Commercial	Ψ101,471	Ψ12	Ψ2,110	Ψ107,033				
owner								
occupied	207,872	1,217	12,000	221,089				
SBA	10,659	-	-	10,659				
	87,517	_	_	87,517				
	0.,011			. ,0 . 1				

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Warehouse				
facilities				
Real estate				
loans:				
Commercial				
non-owner				
occupied occupied	329,538	352	3,654	333,544
Multi-family	232,661	511	517	233,689
One-to-four				
family	144,152	-	1,083	145,235
Construction	13,040	-	-	13,040
Land	7,605	-	-	7,605
Other loans	3,834	-	5	3,839
Totals	\$1,221,125	\$2,092	\$20,035	\$1,243,252
		Credit R	isk Grades	;
		Special		Total Gross
	Pass	Mention	Substandar	d Loans
September				
30, 2013		(in the	ousands)	
Business			,	
loans:				
Commercial				
and				
industrial	\$170,840	\$68	\$2,812	\$173,720
Commercial	, , , , , ,	,	1)-	1,.
owner				
occupied	207,519	2,632	12,011	222,162
SBA	6,455	-	-	6,455
Warehouse	0,100			3,100
facilities	49,104	_	_	49,104
Real estate	- , -			- , -
loans:				
Commercial				
non-owner				
occupied	299,940	355	4,684	304,979
Multi-family	217,897	513	519	218,929
One-to-four			/	
family	151,564	_	1,103	152,667
Construction	2,835	_	-	2,835
Land	7,371	_	_	7,371
Other loans	3,787	_	6	3,793
Totals	\$1,117,312	\$3,568	\$21,135	\$1,142,015
1 Otals	$\psi_{1,117,312}$	$\psi \mathcal{I}, \mathcal{I} \mathcal{U} \mathcal{U}$	Ψ21,133	$\psi_{1,1}$, $\tau_{2,013}$

The following tables set forth delinquencies in the Company's loan portfolio at the dates indicated:

		Non-					
Current	30-59	60-89	90+	Total	Accruing		
		(in thous	sands)				

September						
30, 2014 Business						
loans:						
Commercial and						
industrial	\$360,700	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$360,700	\$-
Commercial	\$300,700	Ф -	Φ-	φ-	\$300,700	φ-
owner	227.006				227.006	520
occupied	237,996	-	- 12	-	237,996	528
SBA	20,439	-	43	-	20,482	-
Warehouse	100.002				100.002	
facilities	108,093	-	-	-	108,093	-
Real estate						
loans:						
Commercial						
non-owner						
occupied	355,984	-	-	-	355,984	882
Multi-family	262,588	-	-	-	262,588	-
One-to-four						
family	124,963	20	-	343	125,326	372
Construction	67,118	-	-	-	67,118	-
Land	6,103	-	-	-	6,103	-
Other loans	3,521	-	-	-	3,521	-
Totals	\$1,547,505	\$20	\$43	\$343	\$1,547,91	1 \$1,782
		D	ays Past	Due		Non-
	Current	D 30-59	ays Past 60-89		Total	
December	Current		•		Total	Non- Accruing
	Current		60-89	90+	Total	
31, 2013	Current		60-89		Total	
31, 2013 Business	Current		60-89	90+	Total	
31, 2013 Business loans:	Current		60-89	90+	Total	
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial	Current		60-89	90+	Total	
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and		30-59	(in the	9 90+ ousands)		Accruing
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial	Current \$187,035		60-89	90+	Total \$187,035	
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial		30-59	(in the	9 90+ ousands)		Accruing
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner	\$187,035	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$-	\$187,035	Accruing \$-
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied	\$187,035 219,875	30-59	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446	\$187,035 221,089	\$-
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA	\$187,035	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$-	\$187,035	Accruing \$-
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse	\$187,035 219,875 10,645	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446	\$187,035 221,089 10,659	\$-
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities	\$187,035 219,875	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446	\$187,035 221,089	\$-
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate	\$187,035 219,875 10,645	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446	\$187,035 221,089 10,659	\$-
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans:	\$187,035 219,875 10,645	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446	\$187,035 221,089 10,659	\$-
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial	\$187,035 219,875 10,645	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446	\$187,035 221,089 10,659	\$-
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial non-owner	\$187,035 219,875 10,645 87,517	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446 14	\$187,035 221,089 10,659 87,517	\$- 747 14
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial non-owner occupied	\$187,035 219,875 10,645 87,517	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446	\$187,035 221,089 10,659 87,517	\$-
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial non-owner occupied Multi-family	\$187,035 219,875 10,645 87,517	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446 14	\$187,035 221,089 10,659 87,517	\$- 747 14
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial non-owner occupied Multi-family One-to-four	\$187,035 219,875 10,645 87,517 332,984 233,689	\$- 768 - -	(in the	9 90+ pusands) \$- 446 14 - 560 -	\$187,035 221,089 10,659 87,517 333,544 233,689	\$- 747 14 - 983 -
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial non-owner occupied Multi-family One-to-four family	\$187,035 219,875 10,645 87,517 332,984 233,689 145,041	30-59 \$-	(in the	9 90+ ousands) \$- 446 14	\$187,035 221,089 10,659 87,517 333,544 233,689 145,235	\$- 747 14 -
31, 2013 Business loans: Commercial and industrial Commercial owner occupied SBA Warehouse facilities Real estate loans: Commercial non-owner occupied Multi-family One-to-four	\$187,035 219,875 10,645 87,517 332,984 233,689	\$- 768 - -	(in the	9 90+ pusands) \$- 446 14 - 560 -	\$187,035 221,089 10,659 87,517 333,544 233,689	\$- 747 14 - 983 -

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Other loans	3,709	130	-	-	3,839	-			
Totals	\$1,241,140	\$969	\$-	\$1,143	\$1,243,252	\$2,251			
			ays Past E						
	Current	30-59	60-89	90+	Total	Accruing			
September									
30, 2013			(in thou	ısands)					
Business									
loans:									
Commercial									
and									
industrial	\$173,478	\$163	\$79	\$-	\$173,720	\$78			
Commercial									
owner									
occupied	222,162	-	-	-	222,162	-			
SBA	6,312	-	129	14	6,455	142			
Warehouse									
facilities	49,104	-	-	-	49,104	-			
Real estate									
loans:									
Commercial									
non-owner									
occupied	304,420	559	-	-	304,979	437			
Multi-family	218,929	-	-	-	218,929	-			
One-to-four									
<u>family</u>	152,570	-	-	97	152,667	496			
Construction	2,835	-	-	-	2,835	-			
Land	7,371	-	-	-	7,371	-			
Other loans	3,785	2	6	-	3,793	-			
Totals	\$1,140,966	\$724	\$214	\$111	\$1,142,015	\$1,153			

Note 7 – Allowance for Loan Losses

The Company's ALLL covers estimated credit losses on individually evaluated loans that are determined to be impaired as well as estimated credit losses inherent in the remainder of the loan portfolio. The ALLL is prepared using the information provided by the Company's credit and investment review process together with data from peer institutions and economic information gathered from published sources.

The loan portfolio is segmented into groups of loans with similar risk characteristics. Each segment possesses varying degrees of risk based on, among other things, the type of loan, the type of collateral, and the sensitivity of the borrower or industry to changes in external factors such as economic conditions. An estimated loss rate calculated using the Company's actual historical loss rates adjusted for current portfolio trends, economic conditions, and other relevant internal and external factors, is applied to each group's aggregate loan balances.

The following provides a summary of the ALLL calculation for the major segments within the Company's loan portfolio.

Owner Occupied Commercial Real Estate Loans, Commercial and Industrial Loans and SBA Loans

The Company's base ALLL factor for owner occupied commercial real estate loans, commercial business loans and SBA loans is determined by management using the Bank's actual trailing 36 month, trailing 24 month, trailing 12 month and annualized trailing six month charge-off data. Adjustments to those base factors are made for relevant internal and external factors. For owner occupied commercial real estate loans, commercial business loans and SBA loans, those factors include:

- · Changes in national, regional and local economic conditions, including trends in real estate values and the interest rate environment.
 - · Changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, including new types of lending,
- · Changes in volume and severity of past due loans, the volume of nonaccrual loans, and the volume and severity of adversely classified or graded loans, and
 - · The existence and effect of concentrations of credit, and changes in the level of such concentrations.

The resulting total ALLL factor is compared for reasonableness against the 10-year average, 15-year average, and trailing 12 month total charge-off data for all Federal Deposit Insurance ("FDIC") insured commercial banks and savings institutions based in California. This factor is applied to balances graded pass-1 through pass-5. For loans risk graded as watch or worse, progressively higher potential loss factors are applied based on management's judgment, taking into consideration the specific characteristics of the Bank's portfolio and analysis of results from a select group of the Company's peers.

Multi-Family and Non-Owner Occupied Commercial Real Estate Loans

The Company's base ALLL factor for multi-family and non-owner occupied commercial real estate loans is determined by management using the Bank's actual trailing 36 month, trailing 24 month, trailing 12 month and annualized trailing six month charge-off data. Adjustments to those base factors are made for relevant internal and external factors. For multi-family and non-owner occupied commercial real estate loans, those factors include:

- · Changes in national, regional and local economic conditions, including trends in real estate values and the interest rate environment,
- · Changes in volume and severity of past due loans, the volume of nonaccrual loans, and the volume and severity of adversely classified or graded loans, and
 - · The existence and effect of concentrations of credit, and changes in the level of such concentrations.

The resulting total ALLL factor is compared for reasonableness against the 10-year average, 15-year average, and trailing 12 month total charge-off data for all FDIC-insured commercial banks and savings institutions based in California. This factor is applied to balances graded pass-1 through pass-5. For loans risk graded as watch or worse, progressively higher potential loss factors are applied based on management's judgment, taking into consideration the specific characteristics of the Bank's portfolio and analysis of results from a select group of the Company's peers.

One-to-Four Family and Consumer Loans

The Company's base ALLL factor for one-to-four family and consumer loans is determined by management using the Bank's actual trailing 36 month, trailing 24 month, trailing 12 month and annualized trailing six month charge-off data. Adjustments to those base factors are made for relevant internal and external factors. For one-to-four family and consumer loans, those factors include:

- · Changes in national, regional and local economic conditions, including trends in real estate values and the interest rate environment, and
- · Changes in volume and severity of past due loans, the volume of nonaccrual loans, and the volume and severity of adversely classified or graded loans.

The resulting total ALLL factor is compared for reasonableness against the 10-year average, 15-year average, and trailing 12 month total charge-off data for all FDIC-insured commercial banks and savings institutions based in California. This factor is applied to balances graded pass-1 through pass-5. For loans risk graded as watch or worse, progressively higher potential loss factors are applied based on management's judgment, taking into consideration the specific characteristics of the Bank's portfolio and analysis of results from a select group of the Company's peers.

Warehouse Facilities

The Company's warehouse facilities are structured as repurchase facilities, whereby we purchase funded one-to-four family loans on an interim basis. Therefore, the base ALLL factor for warehouse facilities is equal to that for one-to-four family and consumer loans as discussed above. Adjustments to the base factor are made for relevant internal and external factors. Those factors include:

- · Changes in national, regional and local economic conditions, including trends in real estate values and the interest rate environment,
 - · Changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, including new types of lending, and
 - · The existence and effect of concentrations of credit, and changes in the level of such concentrations.

The resulting total ALLL factor is compared for reasonableness against the 10-year average, 15-year average, and trailing 12 month total charge-off data for one-to-four family loans for all FDIC-insured commercial banks and savings institutions based in California. This factor is applied to balances graded pass-1 through pass-5. For loans risk graded as watch or worse, progressively higher potential loss factors are applied based on management's judgment, taking into consideration the specific characteristics of the Bank's portfolio and analysis of results from a select group of the Company's peers.

The following tables summarize the allocation of the ALLL as well as the activity in the ALLL attributed to various segments in the loan portfolio as of and for the three months ended for the periods indicated:

	Commercia	al Commercial											
	and owner				non-owner	•	ur	Other					
	industrial	occupied	SBA	Warehouse	occupied	Multi-family	family	Construction	Land	loans	To		
		•											
er 31,													
	\$1,968	\$1,818	\$151	\$392	\$1,658	\$817	\$1,099	\$136	\$127	\$34	\$8,20		
offs	(223) -	-	-	(365) -	(195) -	-	-	(783		
ies	33	-	4	-	-	-	32	-	-	18	87		
ns for on in)													
ses	1,597	38	290	102	608	194	(121) 639	(55)	(29)	3,26		
er 30,	\$3,375	\$1,856	\$445	\$494	\$1,901	\$1,011	\$815	\$775	\$72	\$23	\$10,7		

of																					
ce d to:																					
ally																					
d I loans	s \$-	\$-	_		\$-		\$-		\$-		\$-		\$-		\$-		\$-		\$-		\$-
Hound	• ψ-	Ψ			Ψ-		Ψ-		Ψ-		Ψ-		Ψ-		ψ-		ψ-		ψ-		Ψ-
n	3,375		1,856		445		494		1,901		1,011		815		775		72		23		10,7
11	3,370		1,050		110		77.1		1,701		1,011		015		115		, _		23		10,
ally																					
d for																					
ent	-	3	398		-		-		883		-		526		-		-		-		1,80
to																					
ns																					
ally																					
d for ent	0.00	% (0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00
ely d for																					
ent	\$360,700) \$2	237,598	8	\$20,482	2	\$108,09	3	\$355,10)1	\$262,58	88	\$124,80	00	\$67,11	8	\$6,103	3	\$3,521		\$1,54
40																					
to ns																					
ely																					
d for ent	0.94	% (0.78	%	2.17	%	0.46	%	0.54	%	0.39	%	0.65	%	1.15	%	1.18	0%	0.65	%	0.70
CIIC	0.74	70 (<i>3.</i> 70	70	2,17	70	0.40	70	0.54	70	0.37	70	0.03	70	1.13	70	1.10	70	0.03	70	0.70
oss	¢260.700) ¢/	27 004	c	¢20.40	2	¢ 100 00	12	Φ255 O	0.4	¢262.50	00	¢ 105 20	16	¢ 67 11	0	¢ 6 100	,	¢2.521	ı	¢ 1 <i>5 1</i>
	\$360,700) \$2	237,990	b	\$20,482	2	\$108,09	13	\$355,98	54	\$262,58	88	\$125,32	26	\$67,11	8	\$6,103	•	\$3,521	L	\$1,54
ce to																					
ins	0.94	% ().78	%	2.17	%	0.46	%	0.53	<u></u> %	0.39	%	0.65	%	1.15	%	1.18	%	0.65	%	0.70
	Commerci			ial					Commer				O						041		
	and industria		owner ccupied	d	SBA	,	Warehou		non-owr		Multi-fan		One-to-fo family		onstruc	tion	Land		Other loans		To
		,	T					-	_		s in thou	-	-								_ 5
er 31,																					
. CC -	\$1,310		1,512	\	\$79	\	\$1,544		\$1,459	\	\$1,145	`	\$862	\	\$-		\$31		\$52	\	\$7,99
offs <mark>ies</mark>	(291 107) ((163)	(16 51)	-		(757)	(101)	(273 45)	-		-		(7 141)	(1,6)
	1,675]	170		(64)	(1,319)	701		(538)	540		121		116		(138)	1,26
ı																					

on in) ses																					
er 30,	\$2,801		\$ 1,519		\$50	9	\$225		\$1,403		\$506		\$1,174		\$121		\$147	\$	48	\$	7,99
of ce d to:																					
ally d I loans	\$-	ļ	\$-		\$ -	.	\$-		\$-		\$-		\$104		\$-		\$-	\$		\$	104
n	2,801		1,519		50		225		1,403		506		1,070		121		147		48		7,89
ally																					
d for ent	68		_		14		_		437		-		642		_		-		-		1,16
to ns ally d for																					
ent	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	0.00	%	16.20	%	0.00	%	0.00 9	%	0.00 %	6	8.96
ely d for ent	\$173,652	2	\$222,16	52	\$6,441	٩	\$49,104		\$304,54	-2	\$218,92	29	\$152,02	5	\$2,835		\$7,371	\$	3,793	\$	1,14
to ns ely d for																					
ent	1.61	%	0.68	%	0.78	%	0.46	%	0.46	%	0.23	%	0.70	%	4.27	%	1.99 %	%	1.27 %	6	0.69
oss	\$173,720	0	\$222,16	52	\$6,455	٩	\$49,104		\$304,97	'9	\$218,92	29	\$152,66	7	\$2,835		\$7,371	\$	3,793	\$	1,14
ce to																					

Note 8 – Subordinated Debentures

% 0.77 % 0.46

% 0.68

1.61

ns for

In August 2014, the Corporation issued \$60 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.75% Subordinated Notes Due 2024 (the "Notes") in a private placement transaction to institutional accredited investors (the "Private Placement"). The Corporation contributed \$40 million of net proceeds from the Private Placement to the Bank to support general corporate purposes. The Notes will bear interest at an annual fixed rate of 5.75%, with the first interest payment on

% 0.46 **%** 0.23 **%** 0.77 **%** 4.27 **%** 1.99 **%** 1.27 **%** 0.70

the Notes occurring on March 3, 2015, and interest will be paid semiannually each March 3 and September 3 until September 3, 2024.

In connection with the Private Placement, the Corporation obtained ratings from Kroll Bond Rating Agency ("KBRA"). KBRA assigned investment grade ratings of BBB+ and BBB for the Corporation's senior secured debt and subordinated debt, respectively, and a senior deposit rating of A- for the Bank.

In March 2004, the Corporation issued \$10.3 million of Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures (the "Subordinated Debentures") to PPBI Trust I, which funded the payment of \$10.0 million of Floating Rate Trust Preferred Securities ("Trust Preferred Securities") issued by PPBI Trust I in March 2004. The net proceeds from the offering of Trust Preferred Securities were contributed as capital to the Bank to support further growth. Interest is payable quarterly on the Subordinated Debentures at three-month LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum, for an effective rate of 2.98% per annum as of September 30, 2014.

The Corporation is not allowed to consolidate PPBI Trust I into the Company's consolidated financial statements. The resulting effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements is to report only the Subordinated Debentures as a component of the Company's liabilities.

Note 9 – Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income or loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period, excluding common shares in treasury. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted from the issuance of common stock that would then share in earnings and excludes common shares in treasury. Stock options exercisable for shares of common stock are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share if they are anti-dilutive due to their exercise price exceeding the average market price during the period.

The impact of stock options which are anti-dilutive are excluded from the computations of diluted earnings per share. The dilutive impact of these securities could be included in future computations of diluted earnings per share if the market price of the common stock increases. The following table sets forth the number of stock options excluded for the periods indicated:

	Three Month September		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Stock options excluded	689,774	13,744	635,489	53,310	

The following tables set forth the Company's unaudited earnings per share calculations for the periods indicated:

	Three 1	Months End	ed Septembe	er 30,	
	2014			2013	
		Per			Per
Net		Share	Net		Share
Income	Shares	Amount	Income	Shares	Amount

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Φ. 5. 450			4.2. 066		
Net income	\$ 5,450			\$ 3,066		
Basic income						
available to						
common						
stockholders	5,450	17,069,216	\$ 0.32	3,066	16,640,471	\$ 0.19
Effect of dilutive	e					
stock options	-	273,666		-	841,759	
Diluted income						
available to						
common						
stockholders						
plus assumed						
conversions	\$ 5,450	17,342,882	\$ 0.31	\$ 3,066	17,482,230	\$ 0.18
		Nine Mo	onths Ende	ed Septembe	er 30,	
	2014			2013		
			Per			Per
	Net		Share	Net		Share
	Income	Shares	Amount	Income	Shares	Amount
		(dollars in th	iousands, e	except per sl	nare data)	
	A 10 707					
Net income	\$ 12,725			\$ 4,789		
Basic income						
available to						
common						
stockholders	12,725	17,078,945	\$ 0.75	4,789	15,512,508	\$ 0.31
Litteret of dilustics						
Effect of dilutive	e					
stock options	e -	306,890		-	802,193	
stock options Diluted income	e -	306,890		-	802,193	
stock options Diluted income available to	e -	306,890		-	802,193	
stock options Diluted income available to common	e -	306,890		-	802,193	
stock options Diluted income available to common stockholders	e -	306,890		-	802,193	
stock options Diluted income available to common	s 12,725	306,890 17,385,835	\$ 0.73	- \$ 4,789	802,193 16,314,701	\$ 0.29

Note 10 – Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Financial instruments are considered Level 1 when the valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 financial instruments are valued using quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or models using inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Financial instruments are considered Level 3 when their values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar techniques, and at least one significant model assumption or input is unobservable and when determination of the fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

Because no market exists for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the fair values presented. The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company to estimate the fair value of its financial instruments at September 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013:

Cash and due from banks – The carrying amounts of cash and short-term instruments approximate fair values and are classified as Level 1.

Securities Available for Sale – Where possible, the Company utilizes quoted market prices to measure debt and equity securities; such items are classified as Level 1 in the hierarchy and include equity securities, US government bonds and securities issued by federally sponsored agencies. When quoted market prices for identical assets are unavailable or the market for the asset is not sufficiently active, varying valuation techniques are used. Common inputs in valuing these assets include, among others, benchmark yields, issuer spreads, forward mortgage-backed securities trade prices and recently reported trades. Such assets are classified as Level 2 in the hierarchy and typically include private label mortgage-backed securities and corporate bonds. Pricing on these securities are provided to the Company by a pricing service vendor. In the Level 3 category, the Company classifies securities that reflect other-than-temporary impairments ("OTTI") based on a discounted cash flow of the security or a determination of fair value that requires significant management judgment or consideration.

FHLB, FRB, Other Stock – The carrying value approximates the fair value based upon the redemption provisions of the stock and are classified as Level 1.

Loans Held for Sale - The fair value of loans held for sale is determined, when possible, using quoted secondary-market prices. If no such quoted price exists, the fair value of a loan is determined using quoted prices for a similar asset or assets, adjusted for the specific attributes of that loan. Loans held for sale are classified as Level 2.

Loans Held for Investment— The fair value of loans, other than loans on nonaccrual status, was estimated by discounting the remaining contractual cash flows using the estimated current rate at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit risk characteristics and for the same remaining maturities, reduced by deferred net loan origination fees and the allocable portion of the allowance for loan losses. Accordingly, in determining the estimated current rate for discounting purposes, no adjustment has been made for any change in borrowers' credit risks since the origination of such loans. Rather, the allocable portion of the allowance for loan losses is considered to provide for such changes in estimating fair value. As a result, this fair value is not necessarily the value which would be derived using an exit price. These loans are included within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value as a Level 1 classification.

OREO – OREO assets are recorded at the fair value less estimated costs to sell at the time of foreclosure. The fair value of OREO assets is generally based on recent real estate appraisals adjusted for estimated selling costs. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are typically significant and result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

Accrued Interest Receivable/Payable – The carrying amount approximates fair value and is classified as Level 1.

Deposit Accounts— The fair values estimated for demand deposits (interest and noninterest checking, passbook savings, and certain types of money market accounts) are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amounts) resulting in a Level 1 classification. Fair values for fixed-rate certificates

of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of the aggregate expected monthly maturities on time deposits in a Level 2 classification. The carrying amount of accrued interest payable approximates its fair value as a Level 1 classification.

FHLB Advances and Other Borrowings— For these instruments, the fair value of short term borrowings is estimated to be the carrying amount and is classified as Level 1. The fair value of long term borrowings and debentures is determined using rates currently available for similar borrowings or debentures with similar credit risk and for the remaining maturities and are classified as Level 2. The carrying amount of accrued interest payable approximates its fair value as a Level 1 classification.

Subordinated Debentures – The fair value of subordinated debentures is estimated by discounting the balance by the current three-month LIBOR rate plus the current market spread. The fair value is determined based on the maturity date as the Company does not currently have intentions to call the debenture and is classified as Level 2.

Off-Balance Sheet Commitments and Standby Letters of Credit – The majority of the Bank's commitments to extend credit carry current market interest rates if converted to loans. Because these commitments are generally unassignable by either the Bank or the borrower, they only have value to the Bank and the borrower. The notional amount disclosed for off-balance sheet commitments and standby letters of credit is the amount available to be drawn down on all lines and letters of credit. The cost to assume is calculated at 10% of the notional amount and is classified as Level 2.

Estimated fair values are disclosed for financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value. These estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market data and information about the financial instruments. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering the Company's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument for sale at one time, nor do they attempt to estimate the value of anticipated future business related to the instruments. In addition, the tax ramifications related to the realization of unrealized gains and losses can have a significant effect on fair value estimates and have not been considered in any of these estimates.

The fair value estimates presented herein are based on pertinent information available to management as of the periods indicated.

		At S	eptember 30,	2014	
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
			(in thousands	s)	
Assets:					
Cash and cash	l				
equivalents •	\$103,631	\$103,631	\$ -	\$-	\$103,631
Securities					
available for					
sale	282,202	-	282,202	-	282,202
Federal Federal					
Reserve					
Bank, TIB					
and FHLB					
stock, at cost	18,643	18,643	-	-	18,643
Loans held	1,537,237	-	-	1,521,466	1,521,466
for					
investment,					

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net					
Accrued					
interest					
receivable	6,762	6,762	-	-	6,762
Other real					
estate owned	752	-	-	752	752
Liabilities:					
Deposit					
accounts	1,543,466	1,157,972	371,574	-	1,529,546
FHLB					
advances	150,000	149,999	_	_	149,999
Other					
borrowings	45,561	-	46,095	-	46,095
Subordinated					
debentures	70,310	_	34,142	_	34,142
Accrued	,		- /		- /
interest					
payable	177	177	_	_	177
p u j u u u	-,,				
					Cost to
	Notional				Cede
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	or Assume
Off-balance					
sheet					
commitments					
and standby					
letters of	\$328 708	\$-	\$32,871	\$-	\$32.871
	\$328,708	\$-	\$32,871	\$-	\$32,871
letters of	\$328,708			<u>'</u>	\$32,871
letters of	·		\$32,871 ecember 31,	<u>'</u>	
letters of	Carrying	At D	ecember 31,	2013	Estimated
letters of	·	At D	ecember 31, Level 2	2013 Level 3	
letters of credit	Carrying	At D	ecember 31,	2013 Level 3	Estimated
letters of credit Assets:	Carrying Amount	At D	ecember 31, Level 2	2013 Level 3	Estimated
letters of credit Assets: Cash and cash	Carrying Amount	At D Level 1	ecember 31, Level 2 in thousands	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	Carrying Amount	At D	ecember 31, Level 2	2013 Level 3	Estimated
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities	Carrying Amount	At D Level 1	ecember 31, Level 2 in thousands	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for	Carrying Amount \$126,813	At D Level 1	Level 2 in thousands	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale	Carrying Amount	At D Level 1	ecember 31, Level 2 in thousands	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal	Carrying Amount \$126,813	At D Level 1	Level 2 in thousands	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank	Carrying Amount \$126,813	At D Level 1	Level 2 in thousands	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB	Carrying Amount \$126,813 256,089	At D Level 1 (\$126,813	Level 2 in thousands	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value \$126,813 256,089
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost	Carrying Amount \$126,813	At D Level 1	Level 2 in thousands	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held	Carrying Amount \$126,813 256,089	At D Level 1 (\$126,813	Level 2 in thousands \$- 256,089	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value \$126,813 256,089
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net	Carrying Amount \$126,813 256,089	At D Level 1 (\$126,813	Level 2 in thousands	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value \$126,813 256,089
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held	Carrying Amount \$126,813 256,089	At D Level 1 (\$126,813	Level 2 in thousands \$- 256,089	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value \$126,813 256,089
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for	Carrying Amount \$126,813 256,089	At D Level 1 (\$126,813	Level 2 in thousands \$- 256,089	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value \$126,813 256,089
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment,	Carrying Amount \$126,813 256,089 15,450 3,147	At D Level 1 (\$126,813	Level 2 in thousands \$- 256,089	2013 Level 3 8) \$-	Estimated Fair Value \$126,813 256,089 15,450 3,147
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment, net	Carrying Amount \$126,813 256,089 15,450 3,147	At D Level 1 (\$126,813 - 15,450 -	Level 2 in thousands \$- 256,089	2013 Level 3	Estimated Fair Value \$126,813 256,089 15,450 3,147
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment,	Carrying Amount \$126,813 256,089 15,450 3,147	At D Level 1 (\$126,813	Level 2 in thousands \$- 256,089	2013 Level 3 8) \$-	Estimated Fair Value \$126,813 256,089 15,450 3,147

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receivable					
Other real					
estate owned	1,186	-	-	1,186	1,186
Liabilities:					
Deposit Property of the Proper					
accounts	1,306,286	991,630	301,007	-	1,292,637
FHLB	156,000	156,000			156,000
advances	156,000	156,000	-	-	156,000
Other	40.001		40.050		40.050
borrowings	48,091	-	49,058	-	49,058
Subordinated debentures	10.210		4,696		4,696
Accrued	10,310	-	4,090	-	4,090
interest					
payable	166	166			166
payable	100	100	_	_	100
					Cost to
	Notional				Cede
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	or Assume
Off-balance	Minount	LCVCI I	Level 2	Level 3	or resume
sheet					
commitments					
and standby					
letters of					
credit	\$337,181	\$-	\$33,718	\$-	\$33,718
	Comming	At S	eptember 30,	2013	Estimated
	Carrying				Estimated
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Estimated Fair Value
Accets.		Level 1		Level 3	
Assets:	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Cash and cash	Amount	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousands	Level 3	Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Cash and cash equivalents Securities	Amount	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousands	Level 3	Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for	Amount \$61,419	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousands	Level 3	Fair Value \$61,419
Cash and cash equivalents Securities	Amount	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousands	Level 3	Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale	Amount \$61,419	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousands	Level 3	Fair Value \$61,419
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal	Amount \$61,419	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousands	Level 3	Fair Value \$61,419
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank	Amount \$61,419	Level 1	Level 2 (in thousands	Level 3	Fair Value \$61,419
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB	Amount \$61,419 282,846	Level 1 \$61,419 -	Level 2 (in thousands	Level 3	\$61,419 282,846
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost	Amount \$61,419 282,846	Level 1 \$61,419 -	Level 2 (in thousands	Level 3	\$61,419 282,846
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held	Amount \$61,419 282,846	Level 1 \$61,419 -	Level 2 (in thousands \$- 282,846	Level 3	\$61,419 282,846
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net	Amount \$61,419 282,846	Level 1 \$61,419 -	Level 2 (in thousands \$- 282,846	Level 3	\$61,419 282,846
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held	Amount \$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176	Level 1 \$61,419 - 10,827 -	Level 2 (in thousands \$- 282,846	Level 3) \$	\$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment, net	Amount \$61,419 282,846	Level 1 \$61,419 - 10,827 -	Level 2 (in thousands \$- 282,846	Level 3	\$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment, net Accrued	Amount \$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176	Level 1 \$61,419 - 10,827 -	Level 2 (in thousands \$- 282,846	Level 3) \$	\$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment, net Accrued interest	Amount \$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176 1,130,975	Level 1 \$61,419 - 10,827 -	Level 2 (in thousands \$- 282,846	Level 3) \$	\$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176 1,225,352
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment, net Accrued interest receivable	Amount \$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176	Level 1 \$61,419 - 10,827 -	Level 2 (in thousands \$- 282,846	Level 3) \$	\$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176
Cash and cash equivalents Securities available for sale Federal Reserve Bank and FHLB stock, at cost Loans held for sale, net Loans held for investment, net Accrued interest	Amount \$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176 1,130,975	Level 1 \$61,419 - 10,827 -	Level 2 (in thousands \$- 282,846	Level 3) \$	\$61,419 282,846 10,827 3,176 1,225,352

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Liabilities:					
Deposit					
accounts	1,284,134	998,217	284,403	-	1,282,620
FHLB					
advances	35,000	35,000	-	_	35,000
Other					
borrowings	51,474	-	53,435	-	53,435
Subordinated					
debentures	10,310	-	4,766	_	4,766
Accrued					
interest					
<mark>payable</mark>	195	195	-	-	195
					Cost to
	Notional				Cede
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	or Assume
Off-balance					
sheet					
commitments					
and standby					
letters of					
credit	\$333,592	\$-	\$33,359	\$-	\$33,359

A loan is considered impaired when it is probable that payment of interest and principal will not be made in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impairment is measured based on the fair value of the underlying collateral or the discounted expected future cash flows. The Company measures impairment on all non-accrual loans for which it has reduced the principal balance to the value of the underlying collateral less the anticipated selling cost. As such, the Company records impaired loans as non-recurring Level 2 when the fair value of the underlying collateral is based on an observable market price or current appraised value. When current market prices are not available or the Company determines that the fair value of the underlying collateral is further impaired below appraised values, the Company records impaired loans as Level 3. At September 30, 2014, substantially all the Company's impaired loans were evaluated based on the fair value of their underlying collateral based upon the most recent appraisal available to management.

The Company's valuation methodologies may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While management believes the Company's valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

The following fair value hierarchy table presents information about the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at the dates indicated:

September 30, 2014
Fair Value Measurement
Using
Level Level 2 Level Securities
1 3 at

		(in tho	usands)	Fair Value
Investment		`	ŕ	
securities				
available for				
sale:				
Municipal bonds	\$ -	\$ 98,585	\$ -	\$ 98,585
Mortgage-backed				
securities	-	183,617	-	183,617
Total securities				
available for sale	\$ -	\$ 282,202	\$ -	\$ 282,202
Investment	Fair V Level	September Septem		Securities at Fair Value
securities				
available for				
sale:				
U.S. Treasury	\$ -	\$ 82	\$ -	\$ 82
Municipal bonds	-	94,885	-	94,885
Mortgage-backed				
securities	-	187,879	-	187,879
Total securities				
available for sale	\$ -	\$ 282,846	\$ -	\$ 282,846

The following table provides a summary of the changes in balance sheet carrying values associated with Level 3 financial instruments during the three months ended for the periods indicated:

	Months Ended September 30, 2013
Balance, beginning	
of period	\$952
Total gains or	
(losses)	
realized/unrealized:	
Included in earnings	194
(or changes in net	

Nine

assets)	
Included in other	
comprehensive	
income	(140)
Purchases,	
issuances, and	
settlements	(1,077)
Transfer in and/or	
out of Level 3	71
Balance, end of	
period	\$-

The fair value of impaired loans was determined using Level 3 assumptions, and represents impaired loan balances for which a specific reserve has been established or on which a write down has been taken. Generally, the Company obtains third party appraisals (or property evaluations) and/or collateral audits in conjunction with internal analyses based on historical experience on its impaired loans and other real estate owned to determine fair value. In determining the net realizable value of the underlying collateral for impaired loans, the Company will then discount the valuation to cover both market price fluctuations and selling costs the Company expected would be incurred in the event of foreclosure. In addition to the discounts taken, the Company's calculation of net realizable value considered any other senior liens in place on the underlying collateral.

The following table provides a summary of the financial instruments the Company measures at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of the periods indicated:

		Septeml Fair Val		4 Assets
Assets	Level 1	2	Level 3 nousands)	at Fair Value
Collateral				
dependent				
impaired loans	\$ -	\$ -	¢ 1 241	¢ 1 241
Other real	φ-	φ -	\$ 1,241	\$ 1,241
estate				
owned	_	_	752	752
Total				
assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,993	\$ 1,993
		Septeml Fair Val		13
			Level 3	Assets
	1	2		at

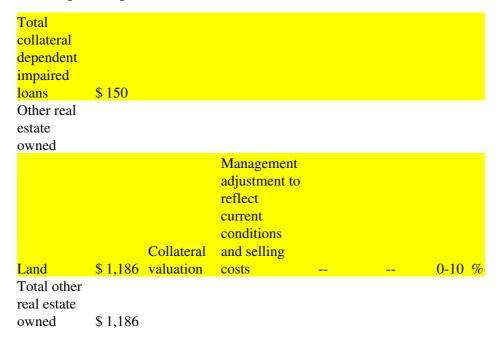
				Fair Value
		(in th	nousands)	
Assets				
Collateral				
dependent				
impaired				
loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150	\$ 150
Other real				
estate				
owned	-	-	1,186	1,186
Total				
assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,336	\$ 1,336

The following table presents quantitative information about level 3 of fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis for the periods indicated:

			September 30,	2014	I	Range	
Collateral dependent	Fair Value	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Inputs	Rate		Matur ldy n (years)	observable Inputs
impaired loans:							
Business loans:							
Commercial owner occupied Real estate	\$ 398	Collateral valuation	Management adjustment to reflect current conditions and selling costs	6.75	%	8	0-10 %
loans:							
Commercial non-owner occupied	500	Collateral valuation	Management adjustment to reflect current conditions and selling costs	7.00		13	0-15 %
One-to-four family	343	Collateral valuation	Management adjustment to reflect current conditions and selling	4.50% - 15.00	%	6 - 23	0-10 %

			costs				
Total			Costs				
collateral							
dependent							
impaired							
loans	\$ 1,241						
Other real							
estate							
owned							
			Management				
			adjustment to				
			reflect				
			current				
		C 11 . 1	conditions				
Tand	¢ 750	Collateral	and selling				0.10.07
Land Total other	\$ 752	valuation	costs				0-10 %
real estate							
owned	\$ 752						
owned	\$ 132						
			September 30,	2013			
			septemoer 50,	2015	I	Range	
	Fair	Valuation	Unobservable			_	observable
	Value	Techniques		Rate		(years)	
Collateral		1	1			,	1
dependent							
impaired							
loans:							
Business							
loans:							
			Management				
			adjustment to				
			reflect				
			current				
Commercial		~ · · ·	conditions				
and	Φ.60	Collateral	and selling	<i>c</i> 00	01	1	0.10.07
industrial	\$ 68	valuation	Costs	6.00	%	1	0-10 %
			Management to				
			adjustment to reflect				
			current				
			conditions				
		Collateral	and selling				
SBA	14	valuation	costs	6.00	%	8	0-20 %
			Management	0.50		-	
			adjustment to				
			reflect				
			current				
			conditions	6.62%)	11	
One-to-four		Collateral	and selling	-		-	

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Note 11 – Pending Acquisition of Independence Bank

On October 21, 2014, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the "Merger Agreement") to acquire Independence Bank (OTCQB: IDPK), a Newport Beach, California based state-chartered bank pursuant to which the Bank will acquire Independence Bank. At September 30, 2014, Independence Bank had \$426.2 million in total assets, \$341.1 million in gross loans and \$358.3 million in total deposits at September 30, 2014. Independence Bank has six branches located in Orange County and Riverside County.

On the date of the Merger Agreement, the aggregate merger consideration was estimated at approximately \$71.5 million, based on a \$14.73 closing price of the Company's common stock on October 21, 2014. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, holders of Independence Bank common stock, stock options and warrants will receive aggregate cash consideration of \$7.2 million and, using the Company's October 21, 2014 closing price, the aggregate stock consideration is currently estimated at \$64.3 million. Assuming such Company stock price, the Independence Bank shareholders will own approximately 20.4% of the combined company. Independence Bank shareholders will have a choice between electing to receive \$13.75 per share in cash or 0.9259 of a share of the Company's common stock for each share of Independence Bank or a combination thereof, subject to the overall requirement that 10% of the aggregate consideration will be in the form of cash and 90% will be in the form of the Company's common stock. The number of shares of the Company's common stock to be issued to Independence Bank shareholders is based on a fixed exchange ratio, provided that the Company's stock price remains between \$13.365 and \$16.335 as measured by the 10-day average closing price up to and including the fifth trading day prior to closing of the transaction. The value of the stock portion of consideration will fluctuate based on the value of the Company's common stock. To the extent the average closing price of the Company's common stock is outside this price range, then the exchange ratio will adjust to reflect the increase or decrease of the Company's common stock that is outside of this range.

The transaction is expected to close late in the first quarter of 2015, subject to satisfaction of customary closing conditions, including regulatory approvals and approval of Independence Bank and the Company's shareholders. Directors and executive officers of Independence Bank have entered into agreements with the Company and Independence Bank whereby they committed to vote their shares of Independence Bank common stock in favor of the acquisition. For additional information about the proposed acquisition of Independence Bank, see the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 22, 2014 and the Merger Agreement which is filed as an exhibit to the Current Report on Form 8-K.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains information and statements that are considered "forward looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These forward-looking statements represent plans, estimates, objectives, goals, guidelines, expectations, intentions, projections and statements of our beliefs concerning future events, business plans, objectives, expected operating results and the assumptions upon which those statements are based. Forward-looking statements include without limitation, any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results, performance or achievements, and are typically identified with words such as "may," "could," "should," "will," "would," "believe," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "plan," or words or phrases of similar meanic caution that the forward-looking statements are based largely on our expectations and are subject to a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties that are subject to change based on factors which are, in many instances, beyond our control. Actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those contemplated, expressed, or implied by the forward-looking statements.

The following factors, among others, could cause our financial performance to differ materially from that expressed in such forward-looking statements:

- · The strength of the United States economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which we conduct operations;
- · The effects of, and changes in, trade, monetary and fiscal policies and laws, including interest rate policies of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "Federal Reserve");
 - · Inflation/deflation, interest rate, market and monetary fluctuations;
- · The timely development of competitive new products and services and the acceptance of these products and services by new and existing customers;
- The impact of changes in financial services policies, laws and regulations, including those concerning taxes, banking, securities and insurance, and the application thereof by regulatory bodies;
 - · Technological changes;
- The effect of the SDTB, FAB and IFH acquisitions, the proposed acquisition of Independence Bank and other acquisitions we have made or may make, if any, including, without limitation, the failure to achieve the expected revenue growth and/or expense savings from such acquisitions;
- The effect if Associations, Inc. or its homeowners association, or HOA, management companies lose some or all of their HOA customers, fall into financial or legal difficulty or elect to reduce the amount of HOA customers that are directed to us:
 - · Changes in the level of our nonperforming assets and charge-offs;

.

The effect of changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted from time-to-time by bank regulatory agencies, the SEC, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the FASB or other accounting standards setters:

- · Possible OTTI of securities held by us;
- · Changes in consumer spending, borrowing and savings habits;
- · The effects of our lack of a diversified loan portfolio, including the risks of geographic and industry concentrations;
 - · Ability to attract deposits and other sources of liquidity;
 - · Changes in the financial performance and/or condition of our borrowers;
- · Changes in the competitive environment among financial and bank holding companies and other financial service providers;
- · Geopolitical conditions, including acts or threats of terrorism, actions taken by the United States or other governments in response to acts or threats of terrorism and/or military conflicts, which could impact business and economic conditions in the United States and abroad;
 - · Unanticipated regulatory or judicial proceedings; and
 - · Our ability to manage the risks involved in the foregoing.

If one or more of the factors affecting our forward-looking information and statements proves incorrect, then our actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, forward-looking information and statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other reports and registration statements filed by us with the SEC. Therefore, we caution you not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking information and statements. We will not update the forward-looking information and statements to reflect actual results or changes in the factors affecting the forward-looking information and statements. For information on the factors that could cause actual results to differ from the expectations stated in the forward-looking statements, see "Risk Factors" under Part I, Item 1A of our 2013 Annual Report.

Forward-looking information and statements should not be viewed as predictions, and should not be the primary basis upon which investors evaluate us. Any investor in our common stock should consider all risks and uncertainties disclosed in our filings with the SEC, all of which are accessible on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

GENERAL

This discussion should be read in conjunction with our Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our 2013 Annual Report, plus the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the year ending December 31, 2014.

The Corporation is a California-based bank holding company incorporated in the state of Delaware and registered as a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended ("BHCA"). Our wholly owned subsidiary, Pacific Premier Bank, is a California state-chartered commercial bank. As a bank holding company, the Corporation is subject to regulation and supervision by the Federal Reserve. We are required to file with the Federal

Reserve quarterly and annual reports and such additional information as the Federal Reserve may require pursuant to the BHCA. The Federal Reserve may conduct examinations of bank holding companies, such as the Corporation, and its subsidiaries. The Corporation is also a bank holding company within the meaning of the California Financial Code. As such, the Corporation and its subsidiaries are subject to examination by, and may be required to file reports with, the California Department of Business Oversight-Division of Financial Institutions ("DBO").

A bank holding company, such as the Corporation, is required to serve as a source of financial strength to its subsidiary depository institutions and to commit resources to support such institutions in circumstances where it might not do so absent such a policy. The Federal Reserve, under the BHCA, has the authority to require a bank holding company to terminate any activity or to relinquish control of a nonbank subsidiary (other than a nonbank subsidiary of a bank) upon the Federal Reserve's determination that such activity or control constitutes a serious risk to the financial soundness and stability of any bank subsidiary of the bank holding company.

As a California state-chartered commercial bank which is a member of the Federal Reserve, the Bank is subject to supervision, periodic examination and regulation by the DBO and the Federal Reserve. The Bank's deposits are insured by the FDIC through the Deposit Insurance Fund. In general terms, insurance coverage is up to \$250,000 per depositor for all deposit accounts. As a result of this deposit insurance function, the FDIC also has certain supervisory authority and powers over the Bank. If, as a result of an examination of the Bank, the regulators should determine that the financial condition, capital resources, asset quality, earnings prospects, management, liquidity or other aspects of the Bank's operations are unsatisfactory or that the Bank or our management is violating or has violated any law or regulation, various remedies are available to the regulators. Such remedies include the power to enjoin unsafe or unsound practices, to require affirmative action to correct any conditions resulting from any violation or practice, to issue an administrative order that can be judicially enforced, to direct an increase in capital, to restrict growth, to assess civil monetary penalties, to remove officers and directors and ultimately to request the FDIC to terminate the Bank's deposit insurance. As a California-chartered commercial bank, the Bank is also subject to certain provisions of California law.

We provide banking services within our targeted markets in California to businesses, including the owners and employees of those businesses, professionals, real estate investors and non-profit organizations, as well as consumers in the communities we serve. Additionally, through our HOA Banking and Lending and Franchise Capital units we can provide customized cash management, electronic banking services and credit facilities to HOAs, HOA management companies and QSR franchise owners nationwide. At September 30, 2014, the Bank operated 13 full-service depository branches in California located in the cities of Encinitas, Huntington Beach, Irvine, Los Alamitos, Newport Beach, Palm Springs, Palm Desert, Point Loma, San Bernardino, San Diego and Seal Beach. Our corporate headquarters are located in Irvine, California. Through our branches and our web site at www.ppbi.com, we offer a broad array of deposit products and services for both business and consumer customers, including checking, money market and savings accounts, cash management services, electronic banking, and on-line bill payment. We also offer a variety of loan products, including commercial business loans, lines of credit, commercial real estate loans, SBA loans, residential home loans, and home equity loans. The Bank funds its lending and investment activities with retail deposits obtained through its branches, advances from the FHLB, lines of credit, and wholesale and brokered certificates of deposits.

Our principal source of income is the net spread between interest earned on loans and investments and the interest costs associated with deposits and borrowings used to finance the loan and investment portfolios. Additionally, the Bank generates fee income from loan and investment sales and various products and services offered to both depository and loan customers.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Management has established various accounting policies that govern the application of U.S. GAAP in the preparation of our financial statements. Our significant accounting policies are described in the Notes to the Consolidated

Financial Statements in our 2013 Annual Report. There have been no significant changes to our Critical Accounting Policies as described in our 2013 Annual Report.

Certain accounting policies require management to make estimates and assumptions which have a material impact on the carrying value of certain assets and liabilities; management considers these to be critical accounting policies. The estimates and assumptions management uses are based on historical experience and other factors, which management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates and assumptions, which could have a material impact on the carrying value of assets and liabilities at balance sheet dates and our results of operations for future reporting periods.

We consider the ALLL to be a critical accounting policy that requires judicious estimates and assumptions in the preparation of our financial statements that is particularly susceptible to significant change. For further information, see "Allowances for Loan Losses" discussed in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our 2013 Annual Report.

IFH ACQUISITION

On January 30, 2014, the Company acquired IFH, a national lender to franchisees in the QSR industry, and other direct and indirect subsidiaries utilized in its business, pursuant to the terms of a definitive agreement entered into by the Corporation, the Bank and Infinity on November 15, 2013. As a result of the IFH acquisition, the Bank acquired and recorded at the acquisition date assets with a fair value of approximately \$80.2 million, including \$78.8 million in loans. Also as a result of the IFH acquisition, the Bank recorded equity of \$9.0 million in connection with the Corporation's stock issued to IFH shareholders as part of the acquisition consideration and assumed at acquisition date liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$68.3 million, including a \$67.6 million credit facility that was paid off in conjunction with the closing of the acquisition.

The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

The acquisition of IFH has diversified our loan portfolio with commercial and industrial and owner-occupied commercial real estate loans, permitting us to deploy excess liquidity into higher yielding assets. The QSR franchisee lending business is a niche market that provides attractive growth opportunities for the Company in the future. IFH had no delinquent loans or adversely classified assets as of the acquisition date.

SDTB ACQUISITION

Effective June 25, 2013, the Company acquired SDTB, a San Diego, California, based state-chartered bank, pursuant to the terms of a definitive agreement entered into by the Corporation, the Bank and SDTB on March 6, 2013. As a result of the SDTB acquisition, the Bank acquired and recorded at the acquisition date assets with a fair value of approximately \$211.2 million, including:

- · \$124.8 million in investment securities;
 - · \$42.7 million of gross loans;
- · \$30.3 million of cash and cash equivalents;
 - · \$5.6 million in goodwill;
- \$5.8 million in bank owned life insurance;

- · \$4.1 million of other types of assets; and
- · \$2.8 million of a core deposit intangible.

Also as a result of the SDTB acquisition, the Bank recorded equity of \$14.4 million in connection with the Corporation's stock issued to SDTB shareholders as part of the acquisition consideration and assumed at acquisition date liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$186.2 million, including:

- · \$178.8 million in deposit transaction accounts;
 - \$5.1 million in retail certificates of deposit;
 - · \$1.2 million in deferred tax liability; and
 - · \$1.1 million other liabilities.

The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

FAB ACQUISITION

Effective March 15, 2013, the Company acquired FAB, a Dallas, Texas, based Texas-chartered bank, pursuant to the terms of a definitive agreement entered into by the Bank and the FAB on October 15, 2012. As a result of the FAB acquisition, the Bank acquired and recorded at the acquisition date assets with a fair value of approximately \$424.2 million, including:

- · \$222.4 million in investment securities;
- · \$167.7 million of cash and cash equivalents;
 - · \$26.4 million of gross loans;
 - · \$11.9 million in goodwill;
 - · \$5.8 million of other types of assets; and
 - \$1.9 million of a core deposit intangible.

Also as a result of the FAB acquisition, the Bank recorded equity of \$14.9 million in connection with the Corporation's stock issued to FAB shareholders as part of the acquisition consideration and assumed at acquisition date liabilities with a fair value of approximately \$378.2 million, including:

- · \$329.5 million in deposit transaction accounts;
- \$17.4 million in retail certificates of deposit;
 - · \$9.9 million in wholesale deposits;
 - · \$16.9 million in other borrowings;

· \$3.9 million in deferred tax liability; and

· \$536,000 of other liabilities.

The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined based on the requirements of FASB ASC Topic 820: Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In the third quarter of 2014, we reported net income of \$5.5 million, or \$0.31 per diluted share, compared with net income for the third quarter of 2013 of \$3.1 million or \$0.18 per diluted share. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, the Company's return on average assets was 1.14% and return on average equity was 11.25%, compared with a return on average assets of 0.78% and a return on average equity of minus 7.29% for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

For the first nine months of 2014, the Company recorded net income of \$12.7 million, or \$0.73 per diluted share. This compares with net income of \$4.8 million or \$0.29 per diluted share for the first nine months of 2013. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company's return on average assets was 0.96% and return on average equity was 8.98%, compared with a return on average assets of 0.46% and a return on average equity of 4.09% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Prior period comparisons for the year-to-date results are impacted by one-time merger-related expenses totaling \$626,000 associated with the acquisition of IFH in the first quarter of 2014, \$5.0 million associated with the acquisition of SDTB in the second quarter of 2013 and \$1.7 million associated with the acquisition of FAB in the first quarter of 2013. Excluding one-time merger-related expenses during these reporting periods, the Company's adjusted net income for the first nine months of 2014 was \$13.1 million, or \$0.75 per diluted share, compared to an adjusted net income of \$9.2 million, or \$0.57 per diluted share, for the first nine months of 2013.

Net Interest Income

Our earnings are derived predominately from net interest income, which is the difference between the interest income earned on interest-earning assets, primarily loans and securities, and the interest expense incurred on interest-bearing liabilities, primarily deposits and borrowings. The spread between the yield on interest-earning assets and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities and the relative dollar amounts of these assets and liabilities principally affect net interest income.

Net interest income for the third quarter of 2014 increased \$4.0 million or 26.7%, compared to the third quarter of 2013. The increase in net interest income was primarily related to an increase in interest-earning assets of \$305.7 million, primarily related to our organic loan growth and loans acquired as part of the IFH acquisition. Also contributing to the increase in net interest income was an increase in the net interest margin of 21 basis points, primarily related to a higher yield on interest-earning assets of 30 basis points, as we deployed liquidity received from our acquisitions of FAB and SDTB to increase the level of higher yielding loans within interest-earning assets. The decrease in loan yield was impacted by existing loans repricing at lower interest rates and the repayment of higher yielding loans during the third quarter of 2014 when compared to the prior year third quarter. Partially offsetting the higher yield on interest-earning assets was an increase in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities by 10 basis points. During the third quarter of 2014, borrowing costs were impacted by our offering of \$60.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.75% subordinated notes completed at the end of August 2014 and by partially replacing overnight FHLB borrowings with 18 month and two year fixed rate advances for the purpose of extending the maturity of our borrowings to support our interest rate risk management strategies.

For the first nine months of 2014, net interest income totaled \$53.4 million, up \$11.9 million or 28.6%, compared to the net interest income for the first nine months of 2013. The increase reflected an increase in interest-earning assets of \$340.9 million while the net interest margin increased 11 basis points to 4.23%. The increase in interest-earning assets was primarily related to the acquisitions of FAB, SDTB and IFH along with our organic loan growth. The increase in net interest margin included an increase in the yield on interest-earning assets of 9 basis points, which resulted from an improved mix in higher yielding loans realized from leveraging the liquidity received from our acquisitions and a decrease in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities of 2 basis points from an improved mix of lower costing transaction accounts.

The following tables present for the periods indicated the average dollar amounts from selected balance sheet categories calculated from daily average balances and the total dollar amount, including adjustments to yields and costs, of:

- · Interest income earned from average interest-earning assets and the resultant yields; and
- · Interest expense incurred from average interest-bearing liabilities and resultant costs, expressed as rates.

The tables below set forth our net interest income, net interest rate spread and net interest rate margin for the periods indicated. The net interest rate margin reflects the relative level of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities and equals our net interest rate spread divided by average interest-earning assets for the periods indicated.

PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES STATISTICAL INFORMATION

Access		Months Er mber 30, 2 Interest	014 Averag		Three I Jun Average Balance	Balance (Months Er e 30, 2014	nded 1 Averaş Yield/C			Months End onber 30, 20 Interest	013 Averag	_
Assets					(donars	in thousa	ilius)					
Interest-earning												
assets:												
Cash and cash	\$70,000	\$26	0.15	01	\$79,600	\$37	0.19	01	¢ 126 502	\$64	0.20	%
equivalents Federal funds sold	\$70,009	\$20	0.13	%				%	\$126,503			70
	275	-	-		276	-	-		26	-	-	
Investment securities	272 602	1 450	2.14		225 204	1 272	2.26		246 727	1 200	2.18	
	272,692	1,458	2.14		225,294	1,272	2.20		346,737	1,890	2.10	
Loans receivable,	1 477 906	10.550	5.25		1 262 020	17.000	5.00		1 041 971	14.420	5.40	
net (1)	1,477,896	19,550	5.25		1,362,030	17,922	5.28		1,041,871	14,420	5.49	
Total												
interest-earning	1 000 070	21.024	4.50	07	1 ((7 200	10.021	1.62	01	1 515 127	16 274	4.20	01
assets	1,820,872	21,034	4.59	%	1,667,200	19,231	4.63	%	1,515,137	16,374	4.29	%
Noninterest-earning					04.045				61.050			
assets	88,656				84,845				61,873			
Total assets	\$1,909,528				\$1,752,045				\$1,577,010			
Liabilities and												
Equity												
Interest-bearing												
deposits:												
Interest checking	\$134,819	\$40	0.12	%	\$134,051	\$39	0.12	%	\$109,775	\$38	0.14	%

Money market	477,111	381	0.32		456,466	343	0.30		445,717	313	0.28	
Savings	74,790	27	0.14		74,406	27	0.15		80,298	31	0.15	
Time	380,904	869	0.91		359,446	794	0.89		316,931	663	0.83	
Total												
interest-bearing												
deposits	1,067,624	1,317	0.49		1,024,369	1,203	0.47		952,721	1,045	0.44	
FHLB advances												
and other												
borrowings	177,689	294	0.66		103,813	255	0.99		66,284	244	1.46	
Subordinated												
debentures	31,832	403	5.02		10,310	75	2.92		10,310	77	2.96	
Total borrowings	209,521	697	1.32		114,123	330	1.16		76,594	321	1.66	
Total Total												
interest-bearing												
liabilities	1,277,145	2,014	0.63	%	1,138,492	1,533	0.54	%	1,029,315	1,366	0.53	%
Noninterest-bearing												
deposits	418,129				408,318				362,442			
Other liabilities	20,410				15,562				16,974			
Total liabilities	1,715,684				1,562,372				1,408,731			
Stockholders'												
equity	193,844				189,673				168,279			
Total liabilities and												
1 7	\$1,909,528				\$1,752,045				\$1,577,010			
Net interest income		\$19,020				\$17,698				\$15,008		
Net interest rate spre	ad (2)		3.96	%			4.09	%			3.76	%
Net interest margin												
(3)			4.14	%			4.26	%			3.93	%
Ratio of interest-earn												
interest-bearing liabi	lities		142.5	7%			146.4	4%			147.2	0%

- (1) Average balance includes loans held for sale and nonperforming loans and is net of deferred loan origination fees, unamortized discounts and premiums, and allowance for loan losses.
- (2) Represents the difference between the yield on interest-earning assets and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities.
- (3) Represents net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets.

PACIFIC PREMIER BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES STATISTICAL INFORMATION

		1	Average 1	Balanc	e Sheet			
	Nine I	Months En	ided		Nine	Months En	ided	
	Septer	mber 30, 2	014		September 30, 2013			
	Average		Averag	e A	Average		Averag	ge
	Balance	Interest	Yield/Co	ost I	Balance	Interest	Yield/C	ost
Assets			(dollars	in thou	ısands)			
Interest-earning								
assets:								
Cash and cash								
equivalents	\$73,316	\$91	0.17	% \$1	03,592	\$161	0.21	%
Federal funds sold	248	-	-	2	6	-	-	
	247,383	4,139	2.23	2	61,300	3,880	1.98	

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Investment securities								
Loans receivable,								
net (1)	1,365,595	54,057	5.29		980,695	41,504	5.66	
Total	1,303,373	3 4 ,037	3.27		700,073	T1,50T	3.00	
interest-earning	1 606 540	50 207	4.62	07	1 245 612	15 515	4.53	%
assets	1,686,542	58,287	4.02	%	1,345,613	45,545	4.33	%
Noninterest-earning					41.057			
assets	86,873				41,957			
Total assets	\$1,773,415				\$1,387,570			
Liabilities and								
Equity								
Interest-bearing								
deposits:								
Interest checking	\$135,499	\$118	0.12	%	\$86,505	\$75	0.12	%
Money market	456,409	1,037	0.30		347,349	711	0.27	
Savings	75,029	82	0.15		79,433	95	0.16	
Time	356,649	2,352	0.88		335,935	2,216	0.88	
Total								
interest-bearing								
deposits	1,023,586	3,589	0.47		849,222	3,097	0.49	
FHLB advances	, ,	,			ŕ	,		
and other								
borrowings	122,513	792	0.86		54,146	722	1.78	
Subordinated	122,616	.,	0.00		2 .,1 . 0	,	117.0	
debentures	17,563	553	4.21		10,310	230	2.98	
Total borrowings	140,076	1,345	1.28		64,456	952	1.97	
Total	140,070	1,545	1.20		0-1,-150	752	1.77	
interest-bearing								
liabilities	1,163,662	4,934	0.57	%	913,678	4,049	0.59	%
		4,934	0.57	1/0	913,076	4,049	0.39	70
Noninterest-bearing					207.714			
deposits Other liabilities	405,424				307,714			
	15,412				10,189			
Total liabilities	1,584,498				1,231,581			
Stockholders'	100.017				155,000			
equity	188,917				155,989			
Total liabilities and					*			
equity	\$1,773,415				\$1,387,570			
Net interest income		\$53,353				\$41,496		
Net interest rate								
spread (2)			4.05	%			3.94	%
Net interest margin								
(3)			4.23	%			4.12	%
Ratio of interest-ear	•)						
interest-bearing liab	ilities		144.9	3%			147.2	7%

⁽¹⁾ Average balance includes loans held for sale and nonperforming loans and is net of deferred loan origination fees, unamortized discounts and premiums, and allowance for loan losses.

⁽²⁾ Represents the difference between the yield on interest-earning assets and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities.

(3) Represents net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets.

Changes in our net interest income are a function of changes in both volumes and rates of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. The following table presents the impact the volume and rate changes have had on our net interest income for the periods indicated. For each category of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, we have provided information on changes to our net interest income with respect to:

- · Changes in interest rates (changes in interest rates multiplied by prior volume);
 - · Changes in volume (changes in volume multiplied by prior rate); and
- · The net change or the combined impact of volume and rate changes allocated proportionately to changes in volume and changes in interest rates.

Nine Months Ended September

Three Months Ended

	Se		ember 3	-			- ,		30, 201	4	- F	
		(Compare	d to	0			(Compare	d to)	
	Th	ree	e Month	s E	Inded		Nine M	Ion	ths Ende	d S	Septemb	er
	Se	ept	ember 3	0, 2	2013				30, 201	3		
	Incre	ease	e (decre	ase) due to)	Incr	eas	e (decrea	ise)	due to	
	Rate	;	Volum	e	Net		Rate		Volum	e	Net	
					(in	th	ousands	(3)				
Interest-earning												
assets												
Cash and cash												
equivalents equivalents	\$ (14)	\$ (24)	\$ (38)	\$ (28)	\$ (42)	\$ (70)
Investment												
securities	(34)	(398)	(432)	473		(214)	259	
Loans												
receivable, net	(65	1)	5,78	1	5,130)	(2,80	0)	15,35	3	12,55	3
Total												
interest-earning												
assets	\$ (69)	9)	\$ 5,359)	\$ 4,660)	\$ (2,35	5)	\$ 15,09	7	\$ 12,74	-2
Interest-bearing												
liabilities												
Interest												
checking	\$ (6)	\$8		\$ 2		\$ -		\$ 43		\$ 43	
Money market	46	`	22	`	68	`	84	`	242	`	326	`
Savings	(2)	(2)	(4)	(7)	(6)	(13)
Time	66		140		206		-		136		136	
FHLB advances												
and other	(10	٥.	2.40		5 0		(510		5 00		70	
borrowings	(19	U)	240		50		(510)	580		70	
Subordinated	0.2		244		226		110		20.4		222	
debentures	82	`	244		326		119	\	204		323	
Total	\$ (4)	\$ 652		\$ 648		\$ (314)	\$ 1,199		\$ 885	
interest-bearing												

liabilities

Change in net

interest income \$ (695) \$ 4,707 \$ 4,012 \$ (2,041) \$ 13,898 \$ 11,857

Provision for Loan Losses

We recorded a \$1.3 million provision for loan losses during the third quarter of 2014, up from \$646,000 for the third quarter of 2013. The increase in the provision for loan losses in the third quarter of 2014 was attributable to the growth in our loan portfolio. In the third quarter of 2014, we had net loan charge-offs of \$250,000, compared to net loan charge-offs of \$646,000 in the third quarter of 2013.

For the first nine months of 2014, we recorded a \$3.3 million provision for loan losses, up from \$1.3 million recorded for the first nine months of 2013. The \$2.0 million increase in the provision for loan losses was primarily attributable to the organic growth in our loan portfolio. Net loan charge-offs amounted to \$696,000 for the first nine months of 2014, down from \$1.3 million for the first nine months of 2013. Substantially all of the charge-offs in 2014 were attributable to loans that we acquired from our Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC")-assisted transactions.

For purchased credit impaired loans, charge-offs are recorded when there is a decrease in the estimated cash flows of the credit from original cash flow estimates. Purchased credit impaired loans were recorded at their estimated fair value, which incorporated our estimated expected cash flows until the ultimate resolution of these credits. To the extent actual or projected cash flows are less than originally estimated, additional provisions for loan losses or charge-offs will be recognized into earnings or against the allowance, if applicable. To the extent actual or projected cash flows are more than originally estimated, the increase in cash flows is prospectively recognized in loan interest income. Due to the accounting rules associated with our purchased credit impaired loans, each quarter we are required to re-estimate cash flows which could cause volatility in our reported net interest margin and provision for loans losses. During the third quarters of 2014 and 2013, there were no charge-offs associated with purchased credit impaired loans.

Our Loss Mitigation Department continues collection efforts on loans previously written down and/or charged-off to maximize potential recoveries. See "Allowance for Loan Losses" discussed below in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Noninterest Income

Noninterest income for the third quarter of 2014 was \$4.5 million, up \$2.1 million or 92.5% from the third quarter of 2013. The increase was primarily related to the following:

- · A \$1.0 million increase in other income. During the third quarter of 2014, we received \$1.1 million in settlement proceeds related to properties received from our FDIC-assisted acquisitions.
- · A \$793,000 increase in net gain from sale of loans. During the third quarter of 2014, sales included \$14.6 million in U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") loans at an overall premium of 11% and \$10.5 million of commercial non-owner occupied loans at an overall premium of 2%. That compares with sales of \$7.8 million in SBA loans at an overall premium of 12% and a \$3.7 million in commercial non-owner occupied loans at an overall premium of 2% in the third quarter of 2013.
- · A \$310,000 increase in loan servicing fees. During the third quarter of 2014, we experienced higher prepayment fees, which was the primary contributor to the increase.

For the first nine months of 2014, noninterest income totaled \$9.0 million, up from \$6.5 million for the first nine months of 2013. The increase of \$2.5 million or 38.8% was primarily related to higher net gain from sale of loans of \$1.7 million, other income of \$872,000 and loan servicing fees of \$804,000, partially offset by a lower net gain from sale of investment securities of \$850,000. The increase in other income was primarily associated with a \$1.1 million settlement proceeds related to properties received from our FDIC-assisted acquisitions, partially offset by a nonrecurring \$180,000 market value loss related to loans held for sale both of which were recorded in the first nine months of 2014. The increase in loan servicing fees primarily related to a \$500,000 loan fee associated with the assumption of an existing loan coupled with higher prepayment fees.

Noninterest Expense

Noninterest expense totaled \$13.3 million for the third quarter of 2014, up \$1.6 million or 13.4% from the third quarter of 2013. The increase was primarily related to a \$1.5 million increase in compensation and benefits costs, a \$250,000 increase in deposit expenses and a \$123,000 increase in premises and occupancy expense, all of which was primarily associated with our organic and acquisition growth. Partially offsetting these increases was a \$404,000 decrease in data processing and communications expense, primarily as a result of renegotiated core system contracts.

For the first nine months of 2014, noninterest expense totaled \$38.5 million, down \$281,000 or 0.7% from the first nine months of 2013. The decrease was primarily related to a \$6.1 million decrease in one-time merger-related expenses and a decrease of \$545,000 in expenses related to other real estate owned operations, partially offset by increases of \$4.1 million in compensation and benefits, \$1.1 million in deposit expenses, \$655,000 in premises and occupancy expense, \$291,000 in other expense, and \$223,000 in FDIC insurance premiums. The increases in expenses were primarily due to costs associated with our acquisitions and expansion of our lending platform to increase loan production and sales.

The Company's efficiency ratio was 56.57% for the third quarter of 2014, compared to 67.72% for the third quarter of 2013. The efficiency ratio in the current quarter was impacted from higher other income that included the \$1.1 million in settlement proceeds related to properties received from our FDIC-assisted acquisitions that accounted for 2.69 percentage points of the ratio. The improvement in the current quarter efficiency ratio was primarily the result of net interest income and noninterest income increasing more rapidly than noninterest expense. For the third quarter of 2014, the Company's noninterest expense to average asset ratio was 2.80%, compared to 2.99% for the third quarter of 2013.

Income Taxes

For the third quarter of 2014, our effective tax rate was 38.49%, compared with 37.58% for the third quarter of 2013. For the first nine months of 2014, our effective tax rate was 38.09%, compared to 39.40% for the first nine months of 2013.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

At September 30, 2014, assets totaled \$2.0 billion, up \$320.1 million or 18.7% from December 31, 2013 and \$465.2 million or 29.7% from September 30, 2013.

The increase in assets since year-end 2013 was primarily related to loans held for investment of \$307.9 million associated with organic loan growth and the acquisition of IFH, which added assets at the acquisition date of \$80.2 million, and investment securities available for sale of \$26.1 million. Partially offsetting those increases was a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$23.2 million.

The increase in assets from September 30, 2013 was primarily related to increases in loans held for investment of \$409.0 million, cash and cash equivalents of \$42.2 million and FHLB and other stock investments of \$7.8

million. The increase in loans held for investment was attributable to organic loan growth and the acquisition of IFH, while the increase in cash was related to an increase in our size and to fund organic loan growth.

Loans

Net loans held for investment totaled \$1.54 billion at September 30, 2014, an increase of \$305.3 million or 24.8% from December 31, 2013 and an increase of \$406.3 million or 35.9% from September 30, 2013.

The increase in loans from December 31, 2013 included increases in commercial and industrial ("C&I") loans of \$173.7 million, which included \$78.8 million of total loans acquired from IFH at the acquisition date, as well as increases in real estate loans of \$84.0 million, warehouse facility loans of \$20.6 million, commercial owner occupied loans of \$16.9 million and SBA loans of \$9.8 million.

The increase in loan balances since September 30, 2013 was primarily related to increases in C&I loans of \$187.0 million, real estate loans of \$130.3 million, warehouse facilities loans of \$59.0 million, commercial owner occupied loans of \$15.8 million and SBA loans of \$14.0 million. Included in the C&I loan increase were the franchise loans acquired from IFH.

The following table sets forth the composition of our loan portfolio in dollar amounts, as a percentage of the portfolio and gives the weighted average interest rate by loan category at the dates indicated:

	Septemb	per 30, 2014		Decemb	er 31, 201		Septemb	er 30, 20	
			eighted			eighted			Weighted
		Percent A	_		Percent A	_		Percent	-
			terest			nterest		of	Interest
	Amount	Total	Rate	Amount	Total	Rate	Amount	Total	Rate
				(dollars i	n thousand	ls)			
Business loans:									
Commercial and	* * * * * * * * *			*			*		
industrial	\$360,700	23.3 %	5.35%	\$187,035	15.0 %	5.01%	\$173,720	15.2 %	5.07%
Commercial owner									
occupied (1)	237,996		5.13%	221,089	17.8 %	5.33%	222,162	19.5 %	
SBA	20,482		5.69%	10,659	0.9 %	5.92%	6,455	0.6 %	
Warehouse facilities	108,093	7.0 %	4.03%	87,517	7.0 %	4.07%	49,104	4.3 %	4.10%
Real estate loans:									
Commercial									
non-owner occupied	355,984	23.0 %	5.13%	333,544	26.9 %	5.33%	304,979	26.7 %	5.41%
Multi-family	262,588	17.0 %	4.56%	233,689	18.8 %	4.82%	218,929	19.2 %	4.91%
One-to-four family (2)	125,326	8.1 %	4.36%	145,235	11.7 %	4.43%	152,667	13.4 %	4.46%
Construction	67,118	4.3 %	5.18%	13,040	1.0 %	5.18%	2,835	0.2 %	5.84%
Land	6,103	0.4 %	4.51%	7,605	0.6 %	4.73%	7,371	0.6 %	4.72%
Other loans	3,521	0.2 %	5.73%	3,839	0.3 %	5.82%	3,793	0.3 %	5.96%
Total gross loans (3)	1,547,911	100.0%	4.93%	1,243,252	100.0%	4.95%	1,142,015	100.0%	5.05%
Less loans held for									
sale	-			3,147			3,176		
Total gross loans held									
for investment	1,547,911			1,240,105			1,138,839		
Deferred loan	93			18			130		
origination costs/(fees) and									

premiums/(discounts),

net

Allowance for loan				
losses	(10,767)	(8,200)	(7,994)	
Loans held for				
investment, net	\$1,537,237	\$1,231,923	\$1,130,975	

- (1) Majority secured
- by real estate.
- (2) Includes second

trust deeds.

(3) Total gross loans for September 30, 2014 are net of (i) the unaccreted mark-to-market discounts on Canyon National loans of \$1.5 million, on Palm Desert National loans of \$1.7 million, and on SDTB loans of \$145,000 and (ii) the mark-to-market premium on FAB loans of \$31,000.

The increase in gross loans held for investment of \$405.9 million or 35.5% from the year-ago third quarter was primarily related to increases from organic growth, loans acquired from IFH of \$78.8 million, and loan purchases. Total gross loans increased \$304.7 million since December 31, 2013 through diversified loan production which included loan originations of \$429.8 million, loans acquired from IFH of \$78.8 million and loans purchased of \$144.1 million, partially offset by loan repayments of \$178.7 million, loan sales of \$47.6 million and an increase in undisbursed loan funds of \$43.4 million. The weighted average loan portfolio rate at September 30, 2014 was 4.93%, compared to 4.95% at December 31, 2013 and 5.05% at September 30, 2013.

The following table sets forth loan originations, purchases, sales and principal repayments relating to our gross loans for the periods indicated:

	Nine Mon	ths Ended
	September	September
	30, 2014	30, 2013
	(in tho	ısands)
Beginning		
balance gross		
loans	\$1,243,252	\$986,194
Loans		
originated:		
Business loans:		
Commercial		
and industrial	196,171	60,792
Commercial		
owner occupied		
(1)	14,002	40,931
SBA	43,604	6,548
Warehouse		
facilities	5,150	74,860
Real estate		
loans:		
Commercial		
non-owner		
occupied	63,362	76,555

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Multi-family	16,104	46,659
One-to-four		
family (2)	2,220	1,580
Construction		
loans	88,988	5,650
Other loans	241	2,803
Total loans		
originated	429,842	316,378
Loans		
purchased:		
Business loans:		
Commercial		
and industrial	69,543	30,084
Commercial		
owner occupied	18,651	42,835
Real estate		
loans:		
Commercial		
non-owner		
occupied	12,965	16,763
Multi-family	42,902	43,231
One-to-four		
family	-	78,673
Construction	-	1,399
Land	-	2,770
Other loans	-	716
Total loans		
purchased	144,061	216,471
Total loan		
production	573,903	532,849
Principal		
repayments	(178,674)	(111,475)
Sales of loans	(47,623)	(18,722)
Change in		
undisbursed		
loan funds, net	(43,436)	(246,814)
loan funds, net Charge-offs	(43,436) (783)	(246,814)
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in		
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in mark-to-market		
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in mark-to-market discounts from	(783)	(1,608)
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in mark-to-market discounts from acquisitions		
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in mark-to-market discounts from acquisitions Transfer to	(783)	(1,608)
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in mark-to-market discounts from acquisitions Transfer to other real estate	1,632	(1,608) 2,587
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in mark-to-market discounts from acquisitions Transfer to other real estate owned	(783)	(1,608)
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in mark-to-market discounts from acquisitions Transfer to other real estate owned Net increase in	(783) 1,632 (360)	(1,608) 2,587 (996)
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in mark-to-market discounts from acquisitions Transfer to other real estate owned Net increase in gross loans	1,632	(1,608) 2,587
loan funds, net Charge-offs Change in mark-to-market discounts from acquisitions Transfer to other real estate owned Net increase in	(783) 1,632 (360)	(1,608) 2,587 (996) 155,821

(1) Majority secured by real

estate.
(2) Includes second trust deeds.

The following table sets forth the weighted average interest rates, weighted average number of months to reprice and the periods to repricing for our gross loan portfolio at the date indicated:

		September	r 30, 2014	
		-	Weighted	Weighted
				Average
	Number		Average	Months
Periods to	of		Interest	to
Repricing	Loans	Amount	Rate	Reprice
		(dollars in	thousands)	
1 Year and	Į.			
less	1,042	\$534,428	4.98 %	1.13
Over 1				
Year to 3				
Years	152	171,117	4.53 %	29.93
Over 3				
Years to 5				
Years	319	405,329	4.74 %	48.80
Over 5				
Years to 7				
Years	62	127,381	4.67 %	96.83
Over 7				
Years to				
10 Years	16	14,928	4.70 %	106.46
Total				
adjustable	1,591	1,253,183	4.81 %	28.78
Fixed	894	294,728	5.49 %	
Total	2,485	\$1,547,911	4.93 %	

Delinquent Loans. When a borrower fails to make required payments on a loan and does not cure the delinquency within 30 days, we normally record a notice of default and, after providing the required notices to the borrower, commence foreclosure proceedings. If the loan is not reinstated within the time permitted by law, we may sell the property at a foreclosure sale. At these foreclosure sales, we generally acquire title to the property. At September 30, 2014, loans delinquent 30 or more days as a percentage of total gross loans was 0.03%, down from 0.17% at December 31, 2013 and 0.09% at September 30, 2013.

The following table sets forth delinquencies in the Company's loan portfolio at the dates indicated:

				90 I	Days or		
•		89 Days	Mo	Total			
# of	Principal	# of	Principal	# of	Principal	# of	Principal
Loans	Balance	Loans	Balance	Loans	Balance	Loans	Balance

		of		of		of		of
		Loans		Loans (dollars in	thousa	Loans ands)		Loans
				(4011413 111				
At September 30, 2014								
Business								
loans:			-1	40			1	40
SBA Real estate	-	-	1	43	-	-	1	43
loans:								
One-to-four								
family	1	20	_	_	6	343	7	363
Total	1	\$ 20	1	\$ 43	6	\$ 343	8	\$ 406
Delinquent Delinquent	-	4 2 0	-	Ψ	Ü	\$ 0.10	Ü	\$.00
loans to total								
gross loans		0.00 %		0.00 %		0.02 %		0.03 %
At December 31, 2013								
Business								
loans:								
Commercial								
owner								
occupied occupied	2	\$ 768	-	\$ -	1	\$ 446	3	\$ 1,214
SBA	-	-	-	-	1	14	1	14
Real estate loans:								
Commercial								
non-owner								
occupied	-	-	-	-	2	560	2	560
One-to-four								
family	3	71	-	-	4	123	7	194
Other	3	130	-	-	-	-	3	130
Total	8	\$ 969	-	\$ -	8	\$ 1,143	16	\$ 2,112
Delinquent								
loans to total		0.00.0		0.00.0		0.00 %		0.17 0
gross loans		0.08 %		0.00 %		0.09 %		0.17 %
At September								
30, 2013								
Business loans:								
Commercial								
and industrial	1	\$ 163	2	\$ 79	-	\$ -	3	\$ 242
SBA	-	-	1	129	1	14	2	143
Real estate								
loans:								
Commercial								
non-owner	_	7.50						550
occupied	2	559	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	2	559

One-to-four								
family	-	-	-	-	3	97	3	97
Other	1	2	1	6	-	-	2	8
Total	4	\$ 724	4	\$ 214	4	\$ 111	12	\$ 1,049
Delinquent								
loans to total								
gross loans		0.06 %		0.02 %		0.01 %		0.09 %

(1) All loans that are delinquent 90 days or more are on nonaccrual status and reported as part of nonperforming loans.

Allowance for Loan Losses. The ALLL represents an estimate of probable losses inherent in our loan portfolio and is determined by applying a systematically derived loss factor to individual segments of the loan portfolio. The adequacy and appropriateness of the ALLL and the individual loss factors are reviewed each quarter by management.

The loss factor for each segment of our loan portfolio is generally based on our actual historical loss rate experience with emphasis on recent past periods to account for current economic conditions and supplemented by management judgment for certain segments where we lack loss history experience. We also consider historical charge-off rates for the last 10 and 15 years for commercial banks and savings institutions headquartered in California as collected and reported by the FDIC. The loss factor is adjusted by qualitative adjustment factors to arrive at a final loss factor for each loan portfolio segment. For additional information regarding the qualitative adjustments, please see "Allowances for Loan Losses" discussed in our 2013 Annual Report. The qualitative factors allow management to assess current trends within our loan portfolio and the economic environment to incorporate their effect when calculating the ALLL. The final loss factors are applied to pass graded loans within our loan portfolio. Higher factors are applied to loans graded below pass, including classified and criticized assets.

No assurance can be given that we will not, in any particular period, sustain loan losses that exceed the amount reserved, or that subsequent evaluation of our loan portfolio, in light of the prevailing factors, including economic conditions which may adversely affect our market area or other circumstances, will not require significant increases in the loan loss allowance. In addition, regulatory agencies, as an integral part of their examination process, periodically review our ALLL and may require us to recognize additional provisions to increase the allowance or take charge-offs in anticipation of future losses.

Our ALLL at September 30, 2014 was \$10.8 million, up from \$8.2 million at December 31, 2013 and \$8.0 million at September 30, 2013. At September 30, 2014, given the composition of our loan portfolio, the ALLL was considered adequate to cover estimated losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Should any of the factors considered by management in evaluating the appropriate level of the ALLL change, the Company's estimate of probable loan losses could also change, which could affect the level of future provisions for loan losses.

The following table sets forth the Company's ALLL and its corresponding percentage of the loan category balance and the percent of loan balance to total gross loans in each of the loan categories listed for the periods indicated:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
	% of	% of	% of
	Allowance Loans	Allowance Loans	Allowance Loans
	in	in	in
Balance at	as a Category	as a Category	as a Category
End of	% of to	% of to	% of to

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Period										
Applicable	(Category	Total	(Category	Total	(Category	Total	
to	Amount	Total	Loans	Amount	Total	Loans	Amount	Total	Loans	;
				(dollars	s in thous	ands)				
Business										
loans:										
Commercial										
and										
industrial	\$3,375	0.94 %	23.3 %	6 \$1,968	1.05 %	15.0 %	\$2,801	1.61 %	15.2	%
Commercial										
owner										
occupied	1,856	0.78 %	15.4 %	6 1,818	0.82 %	17.8 %	1,519	0.68 %	19.5	%
SBA	445	2.17 %	1.3 %	6 151	1.42 %	0.9 %	50	0.77 %	0.6	%
Warehouse										
facilities	494	0.46 %	7.0 %	6 392	0.45 %	7.0 %	225	0.46 %	4.3	%
Real estate										
loans:										
Commercial										
non-owner										
occupied	1,901	0.53 %	23.0 %	6 1,658	0.50%	26.9 %	1,403	0.46 %	26.7	%
Multi-family	1,011	0.39 %	17.0 %	6 817	0.35 %	18.8 %	506	0.23 %	19.2	%
One-to-four										
family	815	0.65 %	8.1 %	6 1,099	0.76%	11.7 %	1,174	0.77 %	13.4	%
Construction	775	1.15 %	4.3 %	6 136	1.04%	1.0 %	121	4.27 %	0.2	%
Land	72	1.18%	0.4 %	6 127	1.67 %	0.6 %	147	1.99 %	0.6	%
Other Loans	23	0.65 %	0.2 %	6 34	0.89%	0.3 %	48	1.27 %	0.3	%
Total	\$10,767	0.70 %	100.0%	\$8,200	0.66 %	100.0%	\$7,994	0.70%	100.0	1%

The ALLL as a percent of nonaccrual loans was 604.2% at September 30, 2014, up from 364.3% at December 31, 2013, but down from 693.3% at September 30, 2013. At September 30, 2014, the ratio of ALLL to total gross loans was 0.70%, up from 0.66% at December 31, 2013, and equal to the ratio at September 30, 2013. Our ratio of ALLL plus the remaining unamortized credit discount on the loans acquired to total gross loans was 0.85% at September 30, 2014, down from 0.93% at December 31, 2013 and 1.06% at September 30, 2013.

The following table sets forth the activity within the Company's ALLL in each of the loan categories listed for the periods indicated:

	Three	Vionths	Nine Months				
	Enc	ded	En	ded			
	Septem	ıber 30,	Septen	nber 30,			
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
		(dollars in	thousands)				
Balance,							
beginning of							
period	\$9,733	\$7,994	\$8,200	\$7,994			
Provision for							
loan losses	1,284	646	3,263	1,264			
Charge-offs:							

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Business								
loans:								
Commercial								
and	(0.0		(222		(2.2.2		(201	
industrial	(99)	(233)	(223)	(291)
Commercial								
owner								
occupied	-		(163		-		(163)
SBA	-		(11)	-		(16)
Real estate:								
Commercial								
non-owner								
occupied	-		-		(365)	`)
Multi-family	-		(90)	-		(101)
One-to-four								
family	(183)	(263	_	(195)	`	
Other loans	-		(1)	-		(7)
<mark>Total</mark>								
charge-offs	(282)	(761)	(783)	(1,608	8)
Recoveries:								
Business								
loans:								
Commercial								
and								
industrial	12		86		33		107	
SBA	1		7		4		51	
Real estate:								
One-to-four								
family	2		1		32		45	
Other loans	17		21		18		141	
Total								
recoveries	32		115		87		344	
Net loan								
charge-offs	(250)	(646)	(696)	(1,264	4)
Balance at								
end of	* * 0 = -		+ - .		* * 0 = 5		+ -	
period	\$10,76	7	\$7,994		\$10,76	/	\$7,994	
~ .								
Ratios:								
Net								
charge-offs								
(recoveries)								
to average								
total loans,	0.07	O.	0.25	O.	0.07	O.	0.17	O.
net	0.07	%	0.25	%	0.07	%	0.17	%
Allowance								
for loan								
losses to								
gross loans								
	0.70	%	0.70	%	0.70	%	0.70	%

Investment Securities

We primarily use our investment portfolio for liquidity purposes and to support our interest rate risk management strategies. Investment securities available for sale totaled \$282.2 million at September 30, 2014, up \$26.1 million or 10.2% from December 31, 2013, but down \$644,000 or 0.2% from September 30, 2013. The increase in securities available for sale from December 31, 2013 was primarily related to purchases of \$135.6 million and an increase in unrealized value on these securities of \$5.4 million, partially offset by sales of \$91.4 million and principal pay downs of \$21.5 million. The purchase of investment securities was primarily due to investing excess liquidity, while the sales were made to help fund loan production and to improve our interest-earning asset mix by redeploying investment funds into loans. At September 30, 2014, the end of period yield on investment securities was 1.97%, down from 2.21% at December 31, 2013, and 2.12% from September 30, 2013.

September 30, 2014

The following tables set forth the amortized cost, unrealized gains and losses, and estimated fair value of our investment securities portfolio at the dates indicated:

				Estimated
	Amortized	Jnrealize	U nrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gain	Loss	Value
		(in tho	usands)	
Investment		`	,	
securities				
available for				
sale:				
	¢07.259	¢1.405	¢(269)	¢00 505
Municipal bonds		\$1,493	\$(268)	\$90,303
Mortgage-backed		100	(1.064)	102 (17
securities	184,701	180	(1,264)	183,617
Total securities				
available for sale	\$282,059	\$1,675	\$(1,532)	\$282,202
		Decembe	er 31, 2013	
				Estimated
	Amortized	Jnrealize	U nrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gain	Loss	Value
		(in tho	usands)	
Investment		(III tilo	asarras)	
securities				
~				
available for				
sale:		* 0		+ 0.1
U.S. Treasury	\$73	\$8	\$-	\$81
Municipal bonds	95,388	589	(1,850)	94,127

securities 165,857 12 (3,988) 161,881

Mortgage-backed

available for sale \$261,318 \$609

Total securities

September 30, 2013 Unrealized Estimated

\$(5,838) \$256,089

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	Amortized	Gain	Loss	Fair
	Cost			Value
		(in th	ousands)	
Investment securities available for sale:				
U.S. Treasury	\$73	\$9	\$-	\$82
Municipal bonds	95,971	709	(1,795)	94,885
Mortgage-backed				
securities	191,282	182	(3,585)	187,879
Total securities available for sale	\$287,326	\$900	\$(5,380)	\$282,846

The following table sets forth the fair values and weighted average yields on our investment securities available for sale portfolio by contractual maturity at the date indicated:

					Septemb	er 30, 2014	1			
					More th	an Five				
	One	Year	More th							
	or L	ess	to Five	Years	to Ten	Years	Ten Y	ears	Total	
		Weighted		Weighted		Weighted		Weighted		Weighted
	Fair	Average	Fair	Average	Fair	Average	Fair	Average	Fair	Average
	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield	Value	Yield
				(dollars ir	thousands	s)			
Investment										
securities										
available for sale:										
Municipal bonds	\$-	0.00 %	\$12,877	1.19 %	\$42,379	1.93 %	\$43,329	2.52 %	\$98,585	2.09 %
Mortgage-backed										
securities	-	0.00 %	-	$0.00\ \%$	30,394	1.73 %	153,223	1.86 %	183,617	1.84 %
Total investment										
securities										
available for sale	-	0.00 %	12,877	1.19 %	72,773	1.85 %	196,552	2.00 %	282,202	1.92 %
Stock:										
FHLB	9,156	0.00 %	-	0.00 %	-	0.00 %	-	0.00 %	9,156	0.00 %
Federal Reserve										
Bank and other	9,487	5.39 %	-	$0.00\ \%$	-	$0.00\ \%$	-	$0.00 \ \%$	9,487	5.39 %
Total stock	18,643	2.74 %	-	0.00 %	-	0.00 %	-	0.00 %	18,643	2.74 %
Total securities	\$18,643	2.74 %	\$12,877	1.19 %	\$72,773	1.85 %	\$196,552	2.00 %	\$300,845	1.97 %

Each quarter, we review individual securities classified as available for sale to determine whether a decline in fair value below the amortized cost basis is other-than-temporary. If it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the debt security, an OTTI write down is recorded against the security and a loss recognized.

In determining if a security has an OTTI loss, we review downgrades in credit ratings and the length of time and extent that the fair value has been less than the cost of the security. We estimate OTTI losses on a security primarily through:

- · An evaluation of the present value of estimated cash flows from the security using the current yield to accrete beneficial interest and including assumptions in the prepayment rate, default rate, delinquencies, loss severity and percentage of nonperforming assets;
 - · An evaluation of the estimated payback period to recover principal;
 - · An analysis of the credit support available in the underlying security to absorb losses; and
 - · A review of the financial condition and near term prospects of the issuer.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2014, there were OTTI recoveries of \$5,000, compared to a net \$16,000 OTTI charge during the same period last year.

Securities with OTTI credit losses recognized in noninterest income and associated OTTI non-credit losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss during the periods indicated were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014								Three Months Ended September 30, 2013						
					C.	No							C	No	
					Cr		Gain						Cr		Gain
						in								in	
							ulated								ılated
OTTI Other OTTI Other															
CrediComprehensive CrediComprehensive															
		Fair	I	Loss		Inco	me		F	air	I	Loss]	[ncor	ne
Rating N	lumbe	e W alu ∢	Re	cove	ery) ((AO	CI) Ni	umb	e V a	ılu€	Re	cove	ry) (AOC	CI)
Rating Numbel alue (Recovery) (AOCI) Numbel alue (Recovery) (AOCI) (dollars in thousands)															
C	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_		7	\$	-	\$	11	\$	_	
D	-	-		-		-		5		-		5		-	
Various	12	_		(5)	_		_		_		_		_	
Total	12	\$ -	\$	(5)\$	-		12	\$	-	\$	16	\$	-	
	N	Nine N	/Ion	ths l	Ende	ed			Ni	ne '	Mo	nths	End	led	
		Septen										er 30			
						No								No	
					Cr	edit	Gain						Cr	edit (Gain
						in	l							in	
					Ac	cum	ulated						Aco	cumu	ılated
			(TT	I	Oth	er				C	TTI		Othe	er
			C	redi	Con	norel	nensiv	e			C	redi	Com	preh	ensive
		Fair		OSS		Inco			F	air		OSS		ncor	
Rating N	lumbe	e V alu <i>t</i>	Re	cove	erv) ((AO	CI) Ni	ımb	e₩a	1111	Red	cove	rv) (AOC	CD
			,,		-		thousa					.	-37(/
Caa2	_	\$ -		(4	Jimi	., III			,						
		4													