WisdomTree Trust Form 497K October 31, 2017

WisdomTree Europe Domestic Economy Fund – EDOM (Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc.)

Summary Prospectus – November 1, 2017

Before you invest in the Fund, as defined below, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information ("SAI"), which contain more information about the Fund and the risks of investing in the Fund. The Fund's current prospectus and SAI are incorporated by reference into this summary prospectus. You can find the Fund's prospectus and SAI, as well as other information about the Fund, online at

www.wisdomtree.com/resource-library/prospectus-regulatory-reports. You may also obtain this information at no charge by calling 1-866-909-9473 or by sending an e-mail request to getinfo@wisdomtree.com.

Investment Objective

The WisdomTree Europe Domestic Economy Fund (the "Fund") seeks to track the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the WisdomTree Europe Domestic Economy Index (the "Index").

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. The fees are expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average net assets.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your	
investment)	
Management Fees	0.58%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.00%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.58%
Fee Waivers	(0.10)% ¹
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers	0.48% 1

WisdomTree Asset Management, Inc. ("WisdomTree Asset Management" or the "Adviser") has contractually agreed to 1 limit the Management Fee to 0.48% through October 31, 2018, unless earlier terminated by the Board of Trustees of WisdomTree Trust (the "Trust") for any reason at any time.

Example

The following example is intended to help retail investors compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that such investors would incur over various periods if they were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of the shares at the end of those periods. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% a year and that operating expenses remain the same. This example does not include the brokerage commissions that retail investors may pay to buy and sell shares of the Fund. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years

\$49 \$176 \$314 \$716

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 12% of the average value of its portfolio, excluding the value of portfolio securities received or delivered as a result of in-kind creations or redemptions of the Fund's capital shares.

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Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund employs a "passive management" – or indexing – investment approach designed to track the performance of the Index. The Fund generally uses a representative sampling strategy to achieve its investment objective, meaning it generally will invest in a sample of securities in the Index whose risk, return and other characteristics resemble the risk, return, and other characteristics of the Index as a whole. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund's total assets (exclusive of collateral held from securities lending) will be invested in component securities of the Index and investments that have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of such component securities.

The Index consists of common stocks of European companies that derive more than 50% of their revenue from Europe. The Index is designed with a goal of maximizing exposure to European companies with significant European revenue that may benefit from an economic recovery in Europe and increased buying power by Europeans. Companies in the Index must be traded in euros and be incorporated and list their shares on the stock exchange in one of the following European countries: Germany, France, the Netherlands, Spain, Belgium, Finland, Italy, Portugal, Austria, and Ireland. To be eligible for inclusion in the Index, a company must meet the following criteria: (i) market capitalization of at least \$1 billion as of the Index screening date; (ii) average daily dollar volume of at least \$200,000 for the three months preceding the Index screening date; and (iii) trading of at least 250,000 shares per month for each of the six months preceding the Index screening date. Companies from the following sectors are not eligible for inclusion in the Index: consumer staples, health care, telecommunications, and utilities.

The Index is a modified market capitalization weighted index designed to increase weight to companies that have the highest positive correlation in equity performance to the European Commission Economic Sentiment Indicator—an indicator of Europe's economic strength. Securities are weighted in the Index based on a composite weighting of two individual weighting factors: (i) float-adjusted market capitalization (25% of weight); and (ii) a correlation rank factor (75% of weight). To derive the first factor, divide a company's float-adjusted market capitalization by the total float-adjusted market capitalization of all Index components. "Float-adjusted" means that the share amounts used in calculating the first factor reflect only shares available to investors. Shares held by control groups, public companies and government agencies are excluded. To derive the second factor, each company is ranked, relative to the other Index components, based on its monthly correlation to the European Commission Economic Sentiment Indicator over the last five years. Each company's correlation rank factor is determined by dividing its rank by the total number of Index components. For ranking purposes, the rank of the company with the highest correlation is equal to the total number of Index components, and the rank of the company with the lowest correlation is 1. Each security's initial weight is the sum of the float adjusted market capitalization factor multiplied by 0.25 and the correlation rank factor multiplied by 0.75. The maximum weight of any one sector or country in the Index, at the time of the Index's annual screening date, is capped at 33%; however, sector and country weights may fluctuate above the specified cap in response to market conditions and/or the application of volume factor adjustments. If a component security no longer meets applicable trading volume thresholds as of the annual Index screening date, the Index methodology applies a volume factor adjustment to reduce such component security's weight in the Index and reallocates the reduction in the weight pro rata among the other remaining securities.

WisdomTree Investments, Inc. ("WisdomTree Investments"), as index provider, currently uses Standard & Poor's Global Industry Classification Standards ("S&P GICS") to define companies within a sector. The following sectors are included in the Index: consumer discretionary, energy, financials, industrials, information technology, materials and real estate. A sector is comprised of multiple industries. For example, the energy sector is comprised of companies in, among others, the natural gas, oil and petroleum industries. As of September 30, 2017, a significant portion of the Index is comprised of companies in the consumer discretionary, financial and industrial sectors.

To the extent the Index concentrates (i.e., holds 25% or more of its total assets) in the securities of a particular industry or group of industries, the Fund will concentrate its investments to approximately the same extent as its Index.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

You can lose money on your investment in the Fund. The Fund is subject to the risks described below. Some or all of these risks may adversely affect the Fund's net asset value per share ("NAV"), trading price, yield, total return and/or ability to meet its objectives. For more information about the risks of investing in the Fund, see the sections in the

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Fund's Prospectus titled "Additional Principal Risk Information About the Funds" and "Additional Non-Principal Risk Information."

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Investment Risk. As with all investments, an investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk. Investors in the Fund could lose money, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount of an investment, over short or long periods of time.

Market Risk. The trading prices of equity securities and other instruments fluctuate in response to a variety of factors, such as economic, financial or political events that impact the entire market, market segments, or specific issuers. The Fund's NAV and market price may fluctuate significantly in response to these and other factors. As a result, an investor could lose money over short or long periods of time.

Shares of the Fund May Trade at Prices Other Than NAV. As with all exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), Fund shares may be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. The trading prices of the Fund's shares in the secondary market generally differ from the Fund's daily NAV and there may be times when the market price of the shares is more than the NAV (premium) or less than the NAV (discount). This risk is heightened in times of market volatility or periods of steep market declines. Because securities held by the Fund trade on foreign exchanges that are closed when the Fund's primary listing exchange is open, the Fund is likely to experience premiums and discounts greater than those of domestic ETFs.

Consumer Discretionary Sector Risk. The Fund currently invests a significant portion of its assets in the consumer discretionary sector, and therefore the Fund's performance could be negatively impacted by events affecting this sector. The consumer discretionary sector includes, for example, automobile, textile, retail, and media companies. This sector can be significantly affected by, among other things, economic growth, worldwide demand, social trends, consumers' disposable income levels, and propensity to spend.