# Edgar Filing: CHARMING SHOPPES INC - Form 10-Q 

## CHARMING SHOPPES INC

Form 10-Q
June 06, 2003


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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial statements
CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

## (Dollars in thousands, except per-share amounts)

May 3,
2003
(Unaudited)

## ASSETS

Current assets

Available-for-sale securities
Merchandise inventories
Deferred taxes
Prepayments and other
$\$$

Total current assets

Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements - at cost .........
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization .....................

Net property, equipment, and leasehold improvements

Trademarks and other intangible assets .............................
Goodwill
Available-for-sale securities
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
Current liabilities
Accounts payable
Accrued expenses ...
Income taxes payable
Current portion - long-term debt
Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan

Total current liabilities

Deferred taxes and other non-current liabilities .................. 49,492
Long-term debt

97,629
54, 613
342,448
17,986
81,379

594,055

321,073
\$ 1,207,812
$===========$ \$ 206,401

147,324
14, 047

382,997
170,973
68,594
24,864
28,253
\$ 102,026
50,28
286,472
11,726
77,50

528, 01

668,168
348,29

319,873

171,138
68,594
23,472
28,065
$\$ 1,139,156$
==========
\$ 147,952
163,598
7,144
12,595

331, 28

43,188
203,045

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Stockholders' equity
Common Stock s.10 par value:
Authorized $-300,000,000$ shares
Issued $-125,247,463$ shares and $125,149,242$ shares, respectively


|  | Thirteen Weeks Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (In thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { May 3, } \\ 2003 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } 4, \\ & 2002(1) \end{aligned}$ |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 9,689 | \$ $(31,826$ |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of income taxes of $\$ 24$ and $\$(20)$, respectively | (38) | 15 |
| Reclassification of amortization of deferred loss on termination of derivative, net of income taxes of $\$(46)$ and $\$(46)$, respectively .... | 86 | 86 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes | 48 | 101 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$ 9,737 | \$ $(31,725$ |


| (In thousands) | Thirteen Weeks Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May 3, } \\ 2003 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May 4, } \\ & 2002(1) \end{aligned}$ |
| Operating activities |  |  |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 9,689 | \$ (31,826) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization | 19,270 | 18,335 |
| Write-down of Catherine's goodwill | 0 | 43,975 |
| Cumulative effect of capitalization of cash received from vendors | 0 | 7,881 |
| Deferred income taxes | $(1,025)$ | $(2,211)$ |
| Other, net | 694 | 33 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: |  |  |
| Merchandise inventories | $(55,976)$ | $(38,069)$ |
| Accounts payable | 58,449 | 41,664 |
| Prepayments and other | $(4,048)$ | $(14,148)$ |
| Accrued expenses and other | $(15,143)$ | 28,093 |
| Income taxes payable | 6,903 | 0 |
| Accrued restructuring costs | 0 | $(1,274)$ |
| Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan .............. | 1,581 | 0 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 20,394 | 52,453 |
| Investing activities |  |  |
| Investment in capital assets | $(13,325)$ | $(10,606)$ |
| Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities | 8,888 | 3 |
| Gross purchases of available-for-sale securities | $(14,669)$ | $(8,996)$ |
| Increase in other assets | $(2,562)$ | $(1,239)$ |


| Net cash used in investing activities |  | $(21,668)$ | $(20,838)$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financing activities |  |  |  |  |
| Proceeds from short-term borrowings |  | 81,172 |  | 613 |
| Repayments of short-term borrowings |  | $(81,172)$ |  | 167) |
| Repayments of long-term borrowings |  | $(3,382)$ |  | 355 |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options |  | 259 |  | 053 |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | $(3,123)$ |  | 8561 |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents |  | $(4,397)$ |  | 759 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period |  | 102,026 |  | 640 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$ | 97,629 | \$ | 399 |
| Non-cash financing and investing activities |  |  |  |  |
| Common stock issued on conversion of convertible notes | \$ | 0 | \$ | 13 |
| Equipment acquired through capital leases | \$ | 4,836 | \$ | 640 |

## 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

We have prepared the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of May 3, 2003, and the condensed consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002, without audit. In the opinion of our management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments, except for the cumulative effect of accounting changes) necessary to present fairly the financial position at May 3, 2003, and the results of operations and cash flows for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002, have been made.

We have condensed or omitted certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in our February 1, 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of operating results for the full fiscal year.

As used in these notes, the terms "Fiscal 2004" and "Fiscal 2003" refer to

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our fiscal year ending January 31, 2004 and our fiscal year ended February 1, 2003, respectively. The terms "Fiscal 2004 First Quarter" and "Fiscal 2003 First Quarter" refer to the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002, respectively. The term "Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter" refers to the thirteen weeks ending August 2, 2003. The terms "the Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Charming Shoppes, Inc. and, where applicable, its consolidated subsidiaries.

In the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2003, we adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue 02-16, "Accounting by a Customer (Including a Reseller) for Cash Consideration Received from a Vendor," as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 and restated our results of operations for the first three quarters of Fiscal 2003. EITF Issue 02-16 addresses the accounting for cash consideration given to a customer, including both a reseller of the vendor's products and an entity that purchases the vendor's products, from a reseller. The Issue provides accounting guidance on how a customer should characterize cash consideration received from a vendor, and when to recognize and how to measure that consideration in its income statement. The cumulative effect of the adoption of EITF Issue 02-16 as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 was a charge of $\$ 5,123,000$, net of income taxes of $\$ 2,758,000$. For interim reporting, markdown allowances are deferred, and are recognized in the period in which markdown expenses are recognized.

In accordance with the transition provisions of FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," we performed a review of our goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment during the second quarter of Fiscal 2003. We determined that the carrying value of goodwill related to our acquisition of Catherines Stores Corporation exceeded its estimated fair value under SFAS No. 142. We recognized a charge of $\$ 43,975,000$ as the cumulative effect of an accounting change as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 to reduce the carrying value of the Catherine's goodwill to its estimated fair value. This charge has no tax effect, as it is not deductible for tax purposes.

## 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The results of operations for the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter as previously reported, prior to the restatement for the adoption of EITF Issue 02-16 and the cumulative effect of accounting changes for the adoption of EITF Issue 02-16 and SFAS No. 142, were as follows:
Thirteen
(In thousands, except per-share amounts)
Weeks Ended
May 4, 2002

$$
1,200
$$

$$
1
$$

Net sales...................................................... $\$ 630,616$
Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses... 438,808
Net income ..... 16,311
Net income per share: Basic.............................................

    Diluted........................................... 14
    We account for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method, in accordance with Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and its related interpretations. We amortize deferred compensation expense attributable to stock awards and stock options having an exercise price less than the market price on the date of grant over the vesting period of the award or option. We do not recognize compensation expense for options having an exercise price equal to the market price on the date of grant or for shares purchased under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan. We have adopted the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" and SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure."

The following table reconciles net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share as reported, using the intrinsic value method under APB No. 25, to pro forma net income (loss) and pro forma net income (loss) per share using the fair value method under SFAS No. 123:
(In thousands, except per-share amounts)
Thirteen Weeks Ended

May 3, 2003 May 4, 2002
(Restated)

| Net income (loss), as reported | \$ | 9,689 | \$ | $(31,826)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Add stock-based employee compensation as reported, using intrinsic value method, net of income taxes ................................ |  | 270 |  | 208 |
| Less stock-based employee compensation, using fair value method, net of income taxes ................................................ |  | (989) |  | $(1,365)$ |
| Pro forma net income (loss) | \$ | 8,970 | \$ | $(32,983)$ |
| Basic net income (loss) per share: |  |  |  |  |
| As reported |  | . 09 |  | (.28) |
| Pro forma |  | . 08 |  | (.30) |
| Diluted net income (loss) per share: |  |  |  |  |
| As reported |  | . 08 |  | (.24) |
| Pro forma |  | . 08 |  | (.25) |

[^0]
3. Long-term Debt

| (In thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } 3 \\ 2003 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 2003 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.75\% Senior Convertible Notes due 2012 | \$150,000 | \$150, 000 |
| Capital lease obligations | 33,971 | 31,703 |
| $6.53 \%$ mortgage note | 13,300 | 13,650 |
| $7.77 \%$ mortgage note | 10,372 | 10,478 |
| $7.5 \%$ mortgage note | 6,006 | 6,059 |
| 8.15\% note | 3,445 | 3,750 |
| Total long-term debt | 217,094 | 215,640 |
| Less current portion | 13,644 | 12,595 |
| Long-term debt | \$203,450 | \$203,045 |

4. Stockholders' Equity

| (In thousands) | Thirteen <br> Weeks Ended <br> May 3, 2003 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total stockholders' equity, beginning of period | \$ 561,634 |
| Net income | 9,689 |
| Exercises of stock options | 86 |
| Amortization of deferred compensation expense | 416 |
| Amortization of deferred loss on termination of derivative, net of tax | 86 |
| Unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities, net of tax | (38) |
| Total stockholders' equity, end of period | \$ 571,873 |

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)<br>(Unaudited)

## 5. Customer Loyalty Card Program

In Fiscal 2002, we began a customer loyalty card program for our Fashion Bug store customers. The program grants discounts on customer purchases over a twelve-month period upon payment of a $\$ 25$ annual fee. Revenues from card fees under the program are recognized as sales over the life of the membership dependent on discounts being earned by the customer. If a customer does not earn discounts in an amount that exceeds the card fee, such difference is recognized as revenue upon the expiration of the annual period. Upon early cancellation of a loyalty card, refunds of membership fees are reduced by the amount of any discounts granted to the member under the program. Costs we incur in connection with administering the program are recognized in cost of goods sold as incurred. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter and Fiscal 2003 First Quarter, we recognized revenues of $\$ 4,173,000$ and $\$ 4,311,000$, respectively, in connection with this program. As of December 1, 2002, we discontinued the issuance of new cards under this program. We plan to terminate this program by the end of the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter.

During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we introduced a new customer loyalty card program that is being operated under our proprietary credit card program. For an annual fee of $\$ 25$, the program grants, among other benefits, a $\$ 20$ discount each time a customer accumulates over $\$ 200$ of purchases (up to $\$ 2,000$ of purchases) to be applied at the next purchase. We have accrued $\$ 2,100,000$ for the estimated costs of discounts earned during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, based on year-to-date purchases. Customers are entitled to a full refund of the $\$ 25$ annual fee if membership is canceled within 90 days. After 90 days the refund will be reduced by a pro rata amount over nine months. Accordingly, revenues from card fees under the program will be recognized as sales on a pro rata basis after 90 days. Costs we incur in connection with administering the program are recognized in cost of goods sold as incurred. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, no revenues were recognized in connection with the new loyalty card program.

## 6. Expenses Related to Cost Reduction Plan

On March 18, 2003, we announced a cost reduction plan, designed to take advantage of the centralization of all corporate administrative services throughout the company and to realize efficiencies available to us, in order to improve profitability. The components of the cost reduction plan are as follows:

- Reduction in corporate operating expenses by streamlining processes and gaining optimal pricing through the consolidation of vendors and the continued centralization of finance, human resources, and other administrative functions in order to leverage the efficiency of our shared services organization.
- Workforce reduction at our corporate and divisional home offices.
- Consolidation of our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center into our distribution center in White Marsh, Maryland.
o Consolidation of our Hollywood, Florida credit operations into our Milford, Ohio facility.
o Closing of the 9 Monsoon/Accessorize stores that we operate under a joint venture with Monsoon plc.

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Unaudited)
6. Expenses Related to Cost Reduction Plan (continued)

We are accounting for the plan in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." The total estimated costs related to the plan are $\$ 10,425,000$, of which $\$ 4,431,000$ of costs were incurred during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. We expect to incur the majority of the remaining costs in connection with the plan by the end of the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter.

The total estimated costs related to the plan consist of the following:
(In thousands)

| Workforce reduction costs | \$ 3,160 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lease termination and related costs | 3,264 |
| Acceleration of depreciation of prop and leasehold improvements.... | 3,224 |
| Other facility closure costs | 777 |
| Total estimated costs | \$10,425 |

Workforce reduction costs represent involuntary termination benefits and retention bonuses. Employees affected by the plan were notified during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we terminated 118 employees and accrued the severance benefit in accordance with SFAS No. 146. We expect to terminate approximately 250 additional employees during the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter in connection with the closing of our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center and our Hollywood, Florida credit operations. In accordance with SFAS No. 146, we are recognizing retention bonuses ratably over the future service period. Lease termination and related costs mainly represent the estimated fair value of the remaining lease obligations at the Hollywood, Florida facility, reduced by estimated sublease income. In accordance with SFAS No. 146, we will recognize the value of the remaining lease obligation related to the Hollywood, Florida facility in June 2003 when we close the facility. Accelerated depreciation costs mainly represent the acceleration of depreciation of the net book value of the assets at our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center, which we expect to close in June 2003, to their estimated salvage value.

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During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we made the decision to sell the Memphis, Tennessee distribution center.

Costs accrued in connection with the plan, and payments/settlements against the accrual for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, were as follows:



```
Decrease in interest expense from assumed conversion of notes,
    net of income taxes
Income before cumulative effect of accounting changes used to
    determine diluted net income per share
Cumulative effect of accounting changes .................................................................
Net income (loss) used to determine diluted net income (loss) per share ........ $10,788
Options with weighted average exercise price greater than market price, excluded
    from computation of diluted net income (loss) per share:
    Number of shares ....................................................................
```



```
8. Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements
In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002, and addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. Our adoption of SFAS No. 143 as of the beginning of Fiscal 2004 did not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.
```

    1,099
    10,788
    11,626
    CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

## 8. Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure," an amendment of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123 to provide alternative transition methods for a voluntary change from the intrinsic value method of accounting for stock-based compensation under APB Opinion No. 25 to the fair value method of accounting under SFAS No. 123. SFAS No. 148 also amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123 to require prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method used in accounting for stock-based compensation and the effects of the method used on reported results.

We have adopted the interim financial statement disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 148 in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. At the present time, we do not intend to change from the intrinsic value method of accounting for stock-based compensation to the fair value method.

In April 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 149, "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 149 amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments,

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including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 149 is generally effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30,2003 and for hedging relationships designated after that date.

We do not currently hold derivative instruments subject to the provisions of SFAS No. 133, as amended. We do not expect that adoption of SFAS No. 149 will have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity." SFAS No. 150 establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. It requires that financial instruments within the scope of the statement be classified as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). Under previous guidance, such instruments could be classified as equity. SFAS No. 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003, except for mandatorily redeemable financial instruments of nonpublic entities.

We have not issued financial instruments subject to the provisions of SFAS No. 150. We do not expect that adoption of SFAS No. 150 will have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes appearing elsewhere in this report. It should also be read in conjunction with the management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations, financial statements, and accompanying notes appearing in our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003. As used in this management's discussion and analysis, the terms "Fiscal 2004" and "Fiscal 2003" refer to our fiscal year ending January 31, 2004 and our fiscal year ended February 1, 2003, respectively. The terms "Fiscal 2004 First Quarter" and "Fiscal 2003 First Quarter" refer to the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002, respectively. The terms Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter" and "Fiscal 2003 Second Quarter" refer to the thirteen weeks ending August 2, 2003 and the thirteen weeks ended August 3, 2002, respectively. The term "Fiscal 2005" refers to our fiscal year ending January 29, 2005. The terms "the Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Charming Shoppes, Inc. and, where applicable, its consolidated subsidiaries.

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

With the exception of historical information, the matters contained in the following analysis and elsewhere in this report are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 . Such

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statements may include, but are not limited to, projections of revenues, income or loss, capital expenditures and cost reductions, plans for future operations, and financing needs or plans, as well as assumptions relating to the foregoing. The words "expect," "should," "project," "estimate," "predict," "anticipate," "plan," "believes," and similar expressions are also intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which we cannot predict or quantify. Future events and actual results, performance, and achievements could differ materially from those set forth in, contemplated by, or underlying the forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect actual results or changes in or additions to the factors affecting such forward-looking statements.

Factors that could cause our actual results of operations or financial condition to differ from those described in this report include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:

- Our business is dependent upon our being able to accurately predict rapidly changing fashion trends, customer preferences, and other fashion-related factors, which we may not be able to successfully accomplish in the future.
- The general slowdown in the United States economy and the uncertain economic outlook has led to reduced consumer demand for our apparel and accessories and may continue to do so in the future.
- The women's specialty retail apparel industry is highly competitive and we may be unable to compete successfully against existing or future competitors.
- We cannot assure the successful implementation of our business plan for increased profitability and growth in our plus-sized women's apparel business.
- Our business plan is largely dependent upon the continued growth in the plus-sized women's apparel market, which may not continue.
- We depend on key personnel, particularly our Chief Executive Officer, Dorrit J. Bern, and we may not be able to retain or replace these employees or recruit additional qualified personnel.
- We depend on our distribution centers and could incur significantly higher costs and longer lead times associated with distributing our products to our stores if any of these distribution centers were to shut down for any reason.
- We may experience disruptions in the flow of our merchandise during the relocation of our Memphis, Tennessee and Columbus, Ohio distribution centers to our White Marsh, Maryland distribution center.
- We depend for our working capital needs on the availability of credit, including credit we receive from our suppliers and their agents, and on our credit card securitization program. If we were unable to obtain sufficient financing at affordable cost, our ability to merchandise our stores would be adversely affected.
- We rely significantly on foreign sources of production and face a


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variety of risks (including political instability, imposition of duties or quotas, increased security requirements applicable to imports, delays in shipping, increased costs of transportation, and issues relating to compliance with domestic or international labor standards) generally associated with doing business in foreign markets and importing merchandise from abroad.

- Our stores experience seasonal fluctuations in net sales and operating income. Any decrease in sales or margins during our peak sales periods, or in the availability of working capital needed in the months preceding such periods, could have a material adverse effect on our business. In addition, extreme or unseasonable weather conditions may have an impact on our sales.
o War, acts of terrorism, or the threat of either may negatively impact availability of merchandise and customer traffic to our stores, or otherwise adversely affect our business.
o We may be unable to obtain adequate insurance for our operations at a reasonable cost.
- We may be unable to protect our trademarks and other intellectual property rights, which we believe are important to our success and our competitive position.
o We may be unable to hire and retain suitable sales associates at our stores.
o We may be unable to successfully implement our cost reduction plan described elsewhere in this report.
- Our manufacturers may be unable to manufacture and deliver merchandise to us in a timely manner or to meet our quality standards.
o Our sales are dependent upon a high volume of traffic in the strip centers and malls in which our stores are located, and our future growth is dependent upon the availability of suitable locations for new stores.
o We may be unable to successfully integrate Lane Bryant into our current operating structure, or implement our plan to improve merchandise assortments and sales performance in our Lane Bryant stores. We also currently rely on logistics services from Limited Brands, Inc. ("Limited Brands") with respect to our Lane Bryant stores.


## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our critical accounting policies are discussed in the management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations and notes accompanying the consolidated financial statements that appear in our annual report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003. Except as otherwise disclosed in the financial statements and accompanying notes included in this report, there were

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estimates we used to prepare the financial information appearing in this report.

During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we introduced a new customer loyalty card program that is being operated under our proprietary credit card program. See "Net Sales" below for further details of this program.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents certain financial data expressed as a percentage of net sales and on a comparative basis:
Thirteen Weeks Ended
-------------------
May 3, 2003
---------

May 4,2002
(Restated)

| Net sales | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | (10.5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses.. | 70.1 | 69.3 | (9.5) |
| Selling, general, and administrative expenses.. | 25.7 | 25.2 | (8.7) |
| Expenses related to cost reduction plan. | 0.8 | -- | -- |
| Income from operations | 3.4 | 5.4 | (44.2) |
| Other income, principally interest. | 0.1 | 0.1 | (4.5) |
| Interest expense | 0.7 | 1.1 | (44.1) |
| Income tax provision | 1.1 | 1.7 | (42.6) |
| Minority interest in net loss of subsidiary. | -- | - | 37.7 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting changes. | -- | (7.8) | (100.0) |
| Net income (loss). | 1.7 | (5.0) | -- |

The following table presents our net sales by store brand:

|  | Thirteen Weeks Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (In millions) | May 3, 2003 | May 4, 2002 |
| Fashion Bug. | \$252.9 | \$289.9 |
| Lane Bryant | 224.9 | 238.8 |
| Catherine's | 85.7 | 101.0(1) |
| Monsoon/Accessorize. | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| Total net sales. | \$564.3 | \$630.6 |
|  | = = = = = $=$ | = = = = = = |

The following table presents certain additional information related to changes in our net sales:


Comparison of Thirteen Weeks Ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002

Net Sales

Net sales were $\$ 564.3$ million for the quarter ended May 3, 2003 ("Fiscal 2004 First Quarter"), a decrease of $10.5 \%$ from net sales of $\$ 630.6$ million for the quarter ended May 4, 2002 ("Fiscal 2003 First Quarter"). The number of retail stores in operation at the end of the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter was 2,245 stores, compared to 2,415 stores at the end of the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. We experienced a year-over-year decrease in overall comparable store sales of $6 \%$. The decrease in sales was due primarily to negative results at our Lane Bryant chain and the decrease in the number of operating stores. As a result of continuing soft demand for apparel caused by a weak economic environment, we continued to experience lower customer traffic levels at each of our chains. Lane Bryant stores experienced comparable store sales decreases in sweaters, wear-to-work and denim separates, and casual woven tops, which were partially offset by increases in casual woven separates, wear-to-work tops, and intimate apparel. The Lane Bryant chain continued to experience poor customer acceptance of certain of its spring apparel merchandise assortments during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, resulting in higher levels of promotional pricing. This trend could continue to negatively impact our results for the Fiscal 2004 Second

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Quarter. Our plans at Lane Bryant include improved merchandise assortments for the 2003 fall season, which should result in improved sales performance for the chain. Fashion Bug stores experienced comparable store sales decreases in junior and missy sportswear and dresses, which were partially offset by increases in intimate apparel and plus sportswear. For Catherine's Stores, comparable store sales decreases in career and casual sportswear were partially offset by increases in dresses and intimate apparel.


#### Abstract

In Fiscal 2002, we began a customer loyalty card program for our Fashion Bug store customers. The program grants discounts on customer purchases over a twelve-month period upon payment of a $\$ 25$ annual fee. Revenues from card fees under the program are recognized as sales over the life of the membership dependent on discounts being earned by the customer. If a customer does not earn discounts in an amount that exceeds the card fee, such difference is recognized as revenue upon the expiration of the annual period. Upon early cancellation of a loyalty card, refunds of membership fees are reduced by the amount of any discounts granted to the member under the program. Costs we incur in connection with administering the program are recognized in cost of goods sold as incurred. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter and Fiscal 2003 First Quarter, we recognized revenues of $\$ 4.2$ million and $\$ 4.3$ million, respectively, in connection with this program. As of December 1, 2002, we discontinued the issuance of new cards under this program. We plan to terminate this program by the end of the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter.

During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we introduced a new customer loyalty card program that is being operated under our proprietary credit card program. For an annual fee of $\$ 25$, the program grants, among other benefits, a $\$ 20$ discount each time a customer accumulates over $\$ 200$ of purchases (up to $\$ 2,000$ of purchases) to be applied at the next purchase. We have accrued $\$ 2.1$ million for the estimated costs of discounts earned during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, based on year-to-date purchases. Customers are entitled to a full refund of the $\$ 25$ annual fee if membership is canceled within 90 days. After 90 days the refund will be reduced by a pro rata amount over nine months. Accordingly, revenues from card fees under the program will be recognized as sales on a pro rata basis after 90 days. Costs we incur in connection with administering the program are recognized in cost of goods sold as incurred. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, no revenues were recognized in connection with the new loyalty card program.


Cost of Goods Sold, Buying, and Occupancy
Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses were $\$ 395.5$ million in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, a decrease of $9.5 \%$ from $\$ 437.2$ million in the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter, principally reflecting the decrease in net sales. As a percentage of net sales, these costs increased $0.8 \%$ in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter.

Cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales decreased $0.8 \%$ in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. The decrease was a result of higher merchandise margins in our Fashion Bug and Catherine's chains, partially offset by lower margins in our Lane Bryant chain. Cost of goods sold includes merchandise costs, net of discounts and allowances, freight, and inventory shrinkage. Net merchandise costs and freight are capitalized as inventory costs.

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Buying and occupancy expenses as a percentage of net sales increased 1.6\% in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. The increase in buying and occupancy expenses as a percentage of sales was primarily attributable to the lack of leverage on relatively fixed occupancy costs as a result of negative overall comparable store sales, particularly in our Lane Bryant chain. Buying expenses include payroll, payroll-related costs, and operating expenses for our buying departments and warehouses. Occupancy expenses include rent, real estate taxes, insurance, common area maintenance, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation for our stores and warehouse facilities and equipment. Buying and occupancy costs are treated as period costs and are not capitalized as part of inventory.

Selling, General, and Administrative

Selling, general, and administrative expenses were $\$ 145.3$ million in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, a decrease of $8.7 \%$ from $\$ 159.2$ million in the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. As a percentage of net sales, these costs increased by $0.5 \%$ in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. Selling expenses as a percentage of sales for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter increased 0.7\% from the prior-year period,
primarily as a result of the lack of leverage from the decrease in comparable store sales. General and administrative expenses decreased $0.2 \%$ as a percentage of sales, primarily as a result of the realization of cost reduction initiatives, partially offset by the lack of leverage from negative comparable store sales.

Expenses Related to Cost Reduction Plan
On March 18, 2003, we announced a cost reduction plan designed to take advantage of the centralization of all corporate administrative services throughout the company and to realize efficiencies available to us, in order to improve profitability. We expect this cost reduction plan to improve annualized pre-tax earnings by approximately $\$ 45$ million, with an improvement of approximately $\$ 18$ million in pre-tax earnings during Fiscal 2004 . We expect that the full annual pre-tax benefit of $\$ 45$ million will first be realized during Fiscal 2005. We expect the execution of the plan to have no material after-tax cash impact. The components of the cost reduction plan are as follows:

- Reduction in corporate operating expenses by streamlining processes and gaining optimal pricing through the consolidation of vendors and the continued centralization of finance, human resources, and other administrative functions in order to leverage the efficiency of our shared services organization.
o Workforce reduction at our corporate and divisional home offices.
o Consolidation of our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center into our distribution center in White Marsh, Maryland.
o Consolidation of our Hollywood, Florida credit operations into our Milford, Ohio facility.
- Closing of the 9 Monsoon/Accessorize stores that we operate under a joint venture with Monsoon plc.

We are accounting for the plan in accordance with the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statement of Financial Accounting

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Standards ("SFAS") No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." The total estimated costs related to the plan are \$10.4 million, of which $\$ 4.4$ million of costs were incurred during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. We expect to incur the majority of the remaining costs in connection with the plan by the end of the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter.

The total estimated costs related to the plan consist of the following:
(In millions)


Workforce reduction costs represent involuntary termination benefits and retention bonuses. Employees affected by the plan were notified during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we terminated 118 employees and accrued the severance benefit in accordance with SFAS No. 146. We expect to terminate approximately 250 additional employees during the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter in connection with the closing of our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center and our Hollywood, Florida credit operations. In accordance with SFAS No. 146, we are recognizing retention bonuses ratably over the future service period. Lease termination and related costs mainly represent the estimated fair value of the remaining lease obligations at the Hollywood, Florida facility, reduced by estimated sublease income. In
accordance with SFAS No. 146, we will recognize the value of the remaining lease obligation related to the Hollywood, Florida facility in June 2003 when we close the facility. Accelerated depreciation costs mainly represent the acceleration of depreciation of the net book value of the assets at our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center, which we expect to close in June 2003, to their estimated salvage value. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we made the decision to sell the Memphis, Tennessee distribution center.

Costs accrued in connection with the plan, and payments/settlements against the accrual for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, were as follows:

| Costs for <br> Quarter Ended <br> May 3, 2003 | Payments/ <br> Settlements | Accrued at <br> May 3, 2003 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -------------------- |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\$ 2.4$ | $\$(0.8)$ | $\$ 1.6$ |
| 0.3 | $(0.3)$ | 0.0 |
| 1.4 | $(1.4)$ | 0.0 |
| 0.3 | $(0.3)$ | 0.0 |


| Total. | \$4.4 | \$(2.8) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

Expenses incurred during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter are included in "Expenses related to cost reduction plan" in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Other Income/Interest Expense
Other income (principally interest income) was $\$ 0.4$ million in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, unchanged from $\$ 0.4$ million in the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. Interest expense was $\$ 3.8$ million in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, a decrease of $44.1 \%$ from $\$ 6.8$ million in the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. The decrease was the result of both lower interest rates on borrowings and reduced levels of borrowings in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. During the Fiscal 2003 Second Quarter, we replaced $\$ 96.0$ million of $7.5 \%$ Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2006 and a $\$ 67.5$ million $11.5 \%$ term loan with $\$ 150.0$ million of $4.75 \%$ Senior Convertible Notes.

Income Tax Provision

The income tax provision for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter was \$6.1 million, resulting in a $38.9 \%$ effective tax rate, as compared to an income tax provision for the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter of $\$ 10.7$ million, resulting in a 38.2\% effective tax rate.

Cumulative Effect of Accounting Changes
In Fiscal 2003, we changed our method of accounting for cash consideration received from a vendor in accordance with the provisions of FASB Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue 02-16, "Accounting by a Customer (Including a Reseller) for Cash Consideration Received from a Vendor." EITF Issue 02-16 addresses the accounting for cash consideration given to a customer, including both a reseller of the vendor's products and an entity that purchases the vendor's products, from a reseller. The Issue provides accounting guidance on how a customer should characterize cash consideration received from a vendor and when to recognize and how to measure that consideration in its income statement.

[^1]
## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary sources of working capital are cash flow from operations, our proprietary credit card receivables securitization agreements, our investment portfolio, and our credit facility.

The following table highlights certain information related to our liquidity and capital resources:

| (Dollars in millions) | $\begin{gathered} \text { May 3, } \\ 2003 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } 1 \\ 2003 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -- | ---- |
| Cash and cash equivalents. | \$ 97.6 | \$102.0 |
| Long-term available-for-sale securities. | 24.9 | 23.5 |
| Working capital. | 211.1 | 196.7 |
| Current ratio. | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Long-term debt to equity ratio. | $35.6 \%$ | $36.2 \%$ |

Our net cash provided by operating activities was $\$ 20.4$ million for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, as compared to $\$ 52.5$ million for the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. The decrease was primarily a result of a $\$ 7.6$ million decrease in net income before non-cash charges and the cumulative effect of accounting changes, and a $\$ 23.4$ million decrease in net prepaid and accrued expenses.

Our capital expenditures were $\$ 13.3$ million during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. In addition, we acquired $\$ 4.8$ million of equipment under capital leases. During the remainder of Fiscal 2004, we anticipate incurring additional capital expenditures of approximately $\$ 35.0-\$ 40.0$ million, primarily for the construction and fixturing of new stores, remodeling and fixturing of existing stores, and improvements to our corporate offices and distribution centers. We expect to finance these capital expenditures principally through internally generated funds. In addition to the $\$ 35.0-\$ 40.0$ million of capital expenditures discussed above, we expect to incur approximately $\$ 4.0$ million of additional capital lease financing over the next three to six months for equipment for, and improvements to, the White Marsh facility.

The following table sets forth information with respect to our store activity for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter and planned store activity for all of Fiscal 2004 (including the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter):



We have formed a trust called the Charming Shoppes Master Trust to which Spirit of America National Bank, our credit card bank, has transferred, through a special-purpose entity, its interest in credit card receivables created under our Fashion Bug proprietary credit card program. We, together with the trust, have entered into various agreements under which the trust can sell, on a revolving basis, interests in these receivables for a specified term. When the revolving period terminates, an amortization period begins during which principal payments are made to the parties with whom the trust has entered into the securitization agreement. We securitized $\$ 74.6$ million of credit card receivables in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter and had $\$ 277.1$ million of securitized credit card receivables outstanding as of May 3, 2003. We held certificates and retained interests in our securitizations of $\$ 54.4$ million as of May 3, 2003, which were generally subordinated in right of payment to certificates issued by the trust to third-party investors. Our obligation to repurchase receivables sold to the trust is limited to those receivables that, at the time of their transfer, fail to meet the trust's eligibility standards under normal representations and warranties. To date, our repurchases of receivables pursuant to this obligation have been insignificant.

Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. and Charming Shoppes Seller, Inc., our consolidated wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries, are separate special-purpose entities created for the securitization program. At May 3, 2003, Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. held $\$ 44.1$ million of Charming Shoppes Master Trust certificates and retained interests and Charming Shoppes Seller, Inc. held retained interests of $\$ 0.7$ million (which are included in the $\$ 54.4$ million of retained interests we held at May 3, 2003). These assets are first and foremost available to satisfy the claims of the respective creditors of these separate corporate entities, including certain claims of investors in the Charming Shoppes Master Trust.

We could be affected by certain events that would cause the trust to hold proceeds of receivables within the trust as additional enhancement, which proceeds would otherwise be available to be paid to us with respect to our

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subordinated interests. For example, if either we or the trust fail to meet certain financial performance standards, a credit enhancement condition would occur and the trust would be required to retain amounts otherwise payable to us. In addition, the failure to satisfy certain financial performance standards could further cause the trust to stop using collections on trust assets to purchase new receivables, and would require such collections to be used to repay investors on a prescribed basis, as provided in the trust agreements. If this were to occur, it could result in our having insufficient liquidity; however, we believe we should have sufficient notice to seek alternative forms of financing through other third-party providers. As of May 3, 2003, the trust was in compliance with all applicable financial performance standards. Amounts placed into enhancement accounts, if not required to be paid to the other certificate holders, will be available to us at the termination of the securitization series. We have no obligation to directly fund the enhancement account of the trust, other than for breaches of customary representations, warranties, and covenants and for customary indemnities. These representations, warranties, covenants, and indemnities do not protect the trust or investors in the trust against credit-related losses on the receivables. The providers of the credit enhancements and trust investors have no other recourse to us.

These securitization agreements are intended to improve our overall liquidity by providing short-term sources of funding. The agreements provide that we will continue to service the credit card receivables and control credit policies. This control allows us, absent certain adverse events, to fund continued credit card receivable growth and to provide the appropriate customer service and collection activities. Accordingly, our relationship with our credit card customers is not affected by these agreements. Additional information regarding this program is included in "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data - Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Note 14. Asset Securitization" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003.

We also have non-recourse agreements under which third parties provide accounts receivable proprietary credit card sales funding programs for both our Catherine's and Lane Bryant stores. These funding programs expire in January 2005 for Catherine's and in January 2006 for Lane Bryant. Under these agreements, the third parties reimburse us daily with respect to the proprietary credit card sales generated by the respective store's credit card accounts. Additional information regarding these agreements is included in "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Note 14. Asset Securitization" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003.

We have not paid any dividends since 1995, and we do not expect to declare or pay any dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. The payment of future dividends is within the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend upon our future earnings, if any, our capital requirements, financial condition and other relevant factors. Additionally, our existing credit facility and one of our agreements with Limited Brands restrict the payment of dividends on our common stock.

We believe that our capital resources and liquidity position are sufficient to support our current operations. Our requirements for working capital, capital expenditures, and repayment of debt and other obligations are expected to be funded from operations, supplemented as needed by short-term or long-term borrowings available under our credit facility, our proprietary credit card receivables securitization agreements, leases, and other available financing sources.

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## FINANCING

As of May 3, 2003, we had a $\$ 300.0$ million revolving credit facility, which provides for cash borrowings and enables us to issue up to $\$ 150.0$ million of letters of credit for overseas purchases of merchandise and for other guarantees. As of May 3, 2003, there were no borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility. The availability of borrowings under our revolving credit facility is subject to limitations based on eligible inventory and the value of certain real property. The credit facility is secured by our general assets, except for certain assets related to our credit card securitization program, certain real properties and equipment subject to other mortgages, our interest in our joint venture with Monsoon plc, and the assets of our non-U.S. subsidiaries. The credit facility expires on August 16, 2004, and can be renewed for an additional year at our option.

The interest rate on borrowings under the revolving credit facility ranges from Prime to Prime plus . $75 \%$ per annum for Prime Rate Loans, and LIBOR plus $2.0 \%$ to LIBOR plus 2.75\% per annum for Eurodollar Rate Loans, and is determined quarterly, based on our Leverage Ratio or excess availability, as defined in the credit facility. As of May 3, 2003, the interest rate on borrowings under the revolving credit line was 4.25\%.

The revolving credit facility includes limitations on sales and leasebacks, the incurrence of additional liens and debt, capital lease financing, and other limitations. The revolving credit facility also requires, among other things, that we not pay dividends on our common stock and, under certain circumstances, that we maintain an Adjusted Tangible Net Worth of $\$ 228.0$ million (subject to adjustment). As of May 3, 2003, we were not in violation of any of the covenants included in the revolving credit facility. As of May 3, 2003, the excess availability under the revolving credit facility was $\$ 193.4$ million.

Additional information regarding our long-term borrowings is included in "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data - Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Note 7. Debt" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003.

As of May 3, 2003, under authority granted by our Board of Directors during prior fiscal years, we are authorized to repurchase approximately 5 million additional shares of our common stock. Our ability to exercise this authority currently is restricted by the terms of our revolving credit facility and an agreement with Limited Brands that we entered into in conjunction with our acquisition of Lane Bryant. Subject to obtaining consents, and as conditions may allow, we may acquire additional shares of our common stock. Such shares, if purchased, would be held as treasury shares.

## MARKET RISK

We manage our Fashion Bug proprietary credit card program through various operating entities that we own. The primary activity of these entities is to service our proprietary credit card portfolio, the balances of which we sell under a credit card securitization program. Under the securitization program, we can be exposed to fluctuations in interest rates to the extent that the interest rates charged to our customers vary from the rates paid on certificates issued by the trust. Until November 2000, the credit card program billed finance

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charges based on a fixed rate. As of November 2000, finance charges on all accounts are billed using a floating rate index (the Prime lending rate), subject to a floor and limited by legal maximums. As of May 3, 2003, a portion of the certificates have fixed rates. To the extent that interest rates decline, we may be exposed to interest-rate risk on our fixed-rate certificates. The floating rate index on our floating-rate certificates is either one-month LIBOR or the commercial paper rate, depending on the issuance. Consequently, we have reduced our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. However, we have exposure in the movement
of basis risk between the floating rate index on the certificates and the Prime rate. As of May 3, 2003, the floating-rate finance charge rate was below the contractual floor rate, thus exposing us to a portion of interest-rate risk. To the extent that short-term interest rates were to increase by one percentage point by the end of Fiscal 2004, an increase of approximately $\$ 700$ thousand in selling, general, and administrative expenses would result.

As of May 3, 2003, there were no borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility. To the extent that there are borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility, such borrowings would be exposed to variable interest rates. An increase in market interest rates would increase our interest expense and decrease our cash flows. A decrease in market interest rates would decrease our interest expense and increase our cash flows.

We are not subject to material foreign exchange risk, as our foreign transactions are primarily U.S. Dollar-denominated and our foreign operations do not constitute a material part of our business.

## IMPACT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See "Item 1. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited); Note 8. Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements" above.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk
See "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; MARKET RISK," above.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports we file under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate and in such a manner as to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. We have established a Disclosure Committee, which is made up of several key management employees and reports directly to the $C E O$ and $C F O$, to centralize and enhance these controls and procedures and assist our management, including our CEO and CFO, in fulfilling their responsibilities for establishing and maintaining such controls and procedures and providing accurate, timely, and complete disclosure.

Within the 90 -day period prior to the filing of this report on Form 10 -Q

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(the "Evaluation Date"), our Disclosure Committee, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our CEO and CFO, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our management, including our CEO and CFO, has concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective. Furthermore, there have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors (including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal controls) that could significantly affect those controls subsequent to the date of their most recent evaluation.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On April 17, 2003, Donald Brown, Thomas Lamore, and Sau Yeung filed suit against 109 entities, including Lane Bryant, Inc., in the Los Angeles County Superior Court, California. The named plaintiffs purport to represent a class of applicants for employment against 109 defendants, alleging, among other things, violations of California state laws regarding the questioning of job applicants about certain illegal drug-related criminal convictions. We are conducting a preliminary investigation of the allegations, but we have not made any final judgments about the likelihood of class certification or liability of Lane Bryant. Other than this matter, there have been no material developments in legal proceedings involving the Company or its subsidiaries since those reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003.

Other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to our business, there are no other pending legal proceedings to which we or any of our subsidiaries are a party, and there are no other proceedings that are expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
(a) Exhibits

The following is a list of Exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Where so indicated, Exhibits that were previously filed are incorporated by reference. For Exhibits incorporated by reference, the location of the Exhibit in the previous filing is indicated in parenthesis.
3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 1994. (File No. 000-07258, Exhibit 3.1)
3.2 Bylaws, as Amended and Restated, incorporated by reference to Form $10-Q$ of the Registrant for the quarter ended July 31, 1999. (Exhibit 3.2)
10.1 Charming Shoppes, Inc. Supplemental Retirement Plan, effective February 1, 2003.
99.1 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350), executed by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
99.2 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of $2002(18$
U.S.C. 1350), executed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.
(b) Reports on Form 8-K

On March 18, 2003, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K to report, under "Item 9. Regulation FD Disclosure," our early adoption of the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue 02-16, "Accounting by a Customer (Including A Reseller) for Cash Consideration Received from a Vendor," effective as of the beginning of our fiscal year ended February 1, 2003 ("Fiscal 2003"). The information provided under Item 9 included a discussion of the impact of adoption of EITF Issue 02-16 on our reported results for Fiscal 2003 and our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the first three quarters of Fiscal 2003 as originally reported and as restated for the adoption of EITF Issue 02-16.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

| Date: | June 6, 2003 | /S/DORRIT J. BERN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dorrit J. Bern <br> Chairman of the Board <br> President and Chief Executive Officer |
| Date: | June 6, 2003 | /S/ERIC M. SPECTER |
|  |  | Eric M. Specter <br> Executive Vice President <br> Chief Financial Officer |

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Certification By Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes－Oxley Act of 2002

I，Dorrit J．Bern，Principal Executive Officer of Charming Shoppes，Inc．， certify that：

1．I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form $10-Q$ of Charming Shoppes， Inc．；

2．Based on my knowledge，this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made，in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made，not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report；

3．Based on my knowledge，the financial statements，and other financial information included in this quarterly report，fairly present in all material respects the financial condition，results of operations，and cash flows of the registrant as of，and for，the periods presented in this quarterly report；

4．The registrant＇s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures（as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a－14 and 15d－14）for the registrant and we have：
a）designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant，including its consolidated subsidiaries， is made known to us by others within those entities，particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared；
b）evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant＇s disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report（the＂Evaluation Date＂）；and
c）presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date；

5．The registrant＇s other certifying officer and I have disclosed，based on our most recent evaluation，to the registrant＇s auditors and the audit committee of registrant＇s board of directors（or persons performing the equivalent function）：
a）all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant＇s ability to record， process，summarize，and report financial data and have identified for the registrant＇s auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls；and
b）any fraud，whether or not material，that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant＇s internal controls；and

6．The registrant＇s other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation，including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses．

Date：June 6， 2003

／S／DORRIT J．BERN<br>－ーーーーーーー－ー－ー－ー－－－<br>Dorrit J．Bern<br>Chairman of the Board

Certification By Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Eric M. Specter, Principal Financial Officer of Charming Shoppes, Inc., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Charming Shoppes, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officer and $I$ have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls
subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

/S/ERIC M. SPECTER<br>-------------------<br>Eric M. Specter<br>Executive Vice President Principal Financial Officer

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## Exhibit Index

Exhibit No. Item
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3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 1994. (File No. 000-07258, Exhibit 3.1)
3.2 Bylaws, as Amended and Restated, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended July 31, 1999. (Exhibit 3.2)
10.1 Charming Shoppes, Inc. Supplemental Retirement Plan, effective February 1, 2003.
99.1 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350), executed by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
99.2 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350), executed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.


[^0]:    2. Trademarks and Other Intangible Assets
[^1]:    We adopted the provisions of EITF Issue 02-16 as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 and restated our results of operations for the first three quarters of Fiscal 2003. The cumulative effect of the adoption of EITF Issue $02-16$ as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 was a charge of $\$ 5.1$ million, net of income taxes of $\$ 2.8$ million.

    In accordance with the transition provisions of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," we performed a review of our goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment during the Fiscal 2003 Second Quarter. We determined that the carrying value of goodwill related to our Catherine's stores acquisition exceeded the estimated fair value of the goodwill under SFAS No. 142. We recognized a charge of $\$ 44.0$ million as the cumulative effect of an accounting change as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 to reduce the carrying value of the Catherine's goodwill to its estimated fair value. This charge has no tax effect, as it is not deductible for tax purposes.

