

Genex Pharmaceutical, Inc.
Form 10QSB
May 24, 2005

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY
REPORT UNDER
SECTION 13 OR
15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934.

For the quarterly
period ended
March 31, 2005

OR

TRANSITION
REPORT UNDER
SECTION 13 OR 15
(d) OF THE
SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934.

For the transition
period from

_____ to

Commission file Number:

333-102118

GENEX PHARMACEUTICAL, INC.

(Name of Small Business Issuer in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

98-0383571

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**1801 Guangyin Building, Youyibeilu,
Hexi District, Tianjin City, China**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

300074

(Zip Code)

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86 22 23370440

(Issuer's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

K S E-Media Holdings, Inc

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Company was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for past 90 days.

Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE COMPANY

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date. As of March 31, 2005, there were 17,45,732 shares outstanding.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one):

Yes No

GENEX PHARMACEUTICAL, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
INDEX

	Page
<u>PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1.</u>	<u>Financial Statements</u> 1
<u>Item 2.</u>	<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation</u> 11
<u>Item 3.</u>	<u>Controls and Procedures</u> 15
<u>PART II - OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1.</u>	<u>Legal proceedings</u> 16
<u>Item 2.</u>	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u> 16
<u>Item 3.</u>	<u>Defaults upon senior securities</u> 16
<u>Item 4.</u>	<u>Submission of matters to a vote of security holders</u> 16
<u>Item 5.</u>	<u>Other information</u> 16
<u>Item 6.</u>	<u>Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K</u> 17
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	17

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GENEX PHARMACEUTICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS OF MARCH 31, 2005
(Unaudited)

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	118,533
Accounts receivables, net of allowance of \$37,381		870,599
Inventories		519,307
Due from related parties		1,558,807

Total current assets		3,067,246
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Property, plant and equipment, net		205,311
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Total assets	\$	3,272,557
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LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	201,825
Advances from customers		259,604
Due to shareholder		29,641
Due to related parties		25,030

Total current liabilities		516,100
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STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred stock; \$0.0001 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	-
Common stock; \$ 0.0001 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized, 17,845,732 shares issued and outstanding	1,785
Additional paid-in capital	1,146,945
Reserve funds	241,159
Retained earnings	1,366,568

Stockholders' equity		2,756,457
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Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	3,272,557
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See notes to condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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**GENEX PHARMACEUTICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2005 AND 2004
(Unaudited)**

	March 31, 2005	March 31, 2004
SALES	\$ 427,957	\$ 436,208
COST OF SALES	(50,591)	(64,918)
GROSS PROFIT	377,366	371,290
SELLING AND MARKETING EXPENSES	(109,844)	(139,505)
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	(142,344)	(167,121)
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	125,178	64,664
OTHER INCOME (LOSS)		
Interest income, net	14,558	2,027
Other income	3,745	-
Total other income	18,303	2,027
NET INCOME	\$ 143,481	\$ 66,691
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING BASIC AND DILUTED	17,845,732	14,633,500
BASIC AND DILUTED NET INCOME PER SHARE	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.00

See notes to condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**GENEX PHARMACEUTICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW
FOR THE THREE MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2005 AND 2004
(Unaudited)**

	March 31, 2005	March 31, 2004
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 143,481	\$ 66,691
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	25,915	9,558
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts and other receivables	(181,812)	(152,677)
Increase in related party receivables	(388,107)	-
Decrease (Increase) in inventories	3,446	(8,294)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,824	21,026
Increase in customers deposits	183,455	120
Increase in amount due to related parties	4,336	-
Net cash used in operating activities	(207,462)	(63,576)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	(2,140)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Loans to related parties	-	(97,056)
Repayment of loans from related parties	-	51,919
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(45,137)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(207,462)	(110,853)
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period	325,995	242,059
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period	\$ 118,533	\$ 131,206

See notes to condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements.

GENEX PHARMACEUTICAL, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
THREE MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2005 AND 2004
(UNAUDITED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BUSINESS COMBINATION

Tianjin Zhongjin Biology Development Co., Ltd. (TZBD) was founded in the People's Republic of China on February 10, 2003. TZBD is located in the Tianjin Economic and Technological Development Zone in the People's Republic of China. The business license of TZBD was issued by Tianjin Industrial and Commercial Administration on February 10, 2003. The operating period of the business license is from February 10, 2003 to February 9, 2053. TZBD is primarily engaged in production and sales of Reconstituted Bone Xenograft (RBX) in the People's Republic of China. All of the customers are hospitals in People's Republic of China. Marketing is either through distributors or through TZBD's sales offices in various cities in China.

On June 17, 2004, TZBD consummated a share purchase agreement with KS E-Media Holdings, Inc. ("KSE"), a Delaware corporation, under which TZBD shareholders sold 100% undivided interest in TZBD to KSE, in exchange for 3,658,375 shares of KSE. As a part of the agreement, KSE cancelled 2,212,500 shares of its issued and outstanding stock owned by its former president. Within ten (10) days from the Closing Date, KS E-Media effectuated a four-for-one forward split of the KS E-Media Common Shares by way of stock dividend. On June 17, 2004, the KSE was renamed Genex Pharmaceutical, Inc.

KSE was incorporated in the State of Delaware on February 28, 2002. Through June 17, 2004, KSE was considered a development stage company as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 7, "Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises". KSE was a start-up stage Internet based fulfillment Company based in Vancouver, BC, Canada. KSE filed a SB-2 Registration Statement with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on December 23, 2002 that was declared effective May 7, 2003.

According to the terms of the share exchange agreement, control of the combined companies (the "Company") passed to the former shareholders of TZBD. This type of share exchange has been treated as a capital transaction accompanied by recapitalization of TZBD in substance, rather than a business combination, and is deemed a "reverse acquisition" for accounting purposes.

CHANGE IN REGISTRATION LOCATION:

The Company changed its registration location from Tianjin economic and technological development district to Tianjin Xiqing economic development district. The change in registration took place on March 5, 2004.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements at and for the three months ended March 31, 2005 include the accounts of TZBD and its parent company, KSE (legal acquirer) from the date of acquisition. The historical financial statements prior to the date of recapitalization include the accounts of TZBD only. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for any future period. These statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management makes these estimates using the best information available at the time the estimates are made. However, actual results could differ materially from those results.

Accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company uses the allowance method to account for uncollectible accounts receivable. The Company periodically adjusts the allowance for doubtful accounts based on management's continuing review of accounts receivable. This analysis by management is based on the composition of accounts receivable, analysis of historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit worthiness, an analysis of current economic and business trends as well as changes in customer payment patterns. Terms of the sales vary from COD through a credit term up to 6 to 9 months.

The Company records a full allowance for accounts receivable that have been determined legally to be uncollectible. For accounts receivable that have been outstanding for over 180 days, the Company determines an appropriate allowance based on individual circumstances.

As of March 31, 2005, there is a general allowance for doubtful debts amounted to \$37,381 for doubtful and long overdue accounts.

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income tax using Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes". SFAS No. 109 requires an asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting for income taxes and allows recognition and measurement of deferred tax assets based upon the likelihood of realization of tax benefits in future years. Under the asset and liability approach, deferred taxes are provided for the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. A valuation allowance is provided for deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that these items will either expire before the Company is able to realize their benefits, or that future deductibility is uncertain. No provision for deferred taxation has been made, as there are no temporary differences at the balance sheet date.

According to the Provisional Regulations of the People's Republic of China on Income Tax, the document of Reductions and Exemptions of Income Tax for the Company has been approved by the local tax bureau and the Management Regulation of Tianjin Economic and Technological Development Zone. The Company is exempted from income tax in its first two years of operations from June 2003 to May 2005.

Foreign currency translation

Assets and liabilities in foreign currency at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at that date. Revenue and expenses are translated at the average exchange rate, which approximate the actual rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Transaction gains and losses are reflected in the income statement. Gains and losses arising from translation of foreign currency financial statements are reflected as a component of the equity section of the balance sheet. Such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income. The functional currency of the Company is the Chinese Renminbi. The unit of Renminbi is in Yuan. Translation gains and losses were insignificant for the periods ended March 31, 2005 and 2004.

This quotation of the exchange rates does not imply free convertibility of RMB to other foreign currencies. All foreign exchange transactions continue to take place either through the Bank of China or other banks authorized to buy and sell foreign currencies at the exchange rate quoted by the People's Bank of China. Approval of foreign currency payments by the Bank of China or other institutions require submitting a payment application form together with invoices, shipping documents and signed contracts.

Revenue recognition

The Company's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) 104. Revenue is recognized at the date of shipment to customers when a formal arrangement exists, the price is fixed or determinable, the delivery is completed, no other significant obligations of the Company exist and collectibility is reasonably assured. Payments received before all of the relevant criteria for revenue recognition are met as unearned revenue.

Stock based compensation

In October 1995, the FASB issued SFAS No.123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". SFAS No.123 prescribes accounting and reporting standards for all stock-based compensation plans, including employee stock options, restricted stock, employee stock purchase plans and stock appreciation rights. SFAS No.123 requires compensation expense to be recorded (i) using the new fair value method or (ii) using the existing accounting rules prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No.25, "Accounting for stock issued to employees" (APB25) and related interpretations with proforma disclosure of what net income and earnings per share would have been had we adopted the new fair value method. Through March 31, 2005, the Company has not granted any stock options.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In December 2004, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 123R, "Share-Based Payment, an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 123" ("FAS No. 123R"). FAS No. 123R requires companies to recognize in the statement of operations the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees. FAS No. 123R is effective beginning in the Company's second quarter of fiscal 2006. The Company is in process of evaluating the impact of this pronouncement on its financial position.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS Statement No. 153, "Exchanges of Non-monetary Assets." The Statement is an amendment of APB Opinion No. 29 to eliminate the exception for non-monetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of non-monetary assets that do not have commercial substance. The Company believes that the adoption of this standard will have no material impact on its financial statements.

In March 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached a consensus on Issue No. 03-1, "The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and its Application to Certain Investments." The EITF reached a consensus about the criteria that should be used to determine when an investment is considered impaired, whether that impairment is other-than-temporary, and the measurement of an impairment loss and how that criteria should be applied to investments accounted for under SFAS No. 115 "Accounting in certain investments in debt and equity securities". EITF 03-01 also included accounting considerations subsequent to the recognition of other-than-temporary impairment and requires certain disclosures about unrealized losses that have not been recognized as other-than-temporary impairments. Additionally, EITF 03-01 includes new disclosure requirements for investments that are deemed to be temporarily impaired. In September 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) delayed the accounting provisions of EITF 03-01; however the disclosure requirements remain effective for annual reports ending after June 15, 2004. The Company will evaluate the impact of EITF 03-01 once final guidance is issued.

3. DUE FROM / TO RELATED PARTIES

The Company advanced cash to parties related through common shareholders during the three months ended March 31, 2005. Out of total of \$1,558,807, \$169,286 is interest-free, unsecured and due on demand. The remaining \$1,389,521 bears an interest rate of 6% per annum and is also unsecured. Of the \$1,389,521, \$296,942 and \$247,841 are due for repayment on December 31, 2005 and April 30, 2006, respectively, whereas the remaining \$844,738 is due on demand. Total interest income on the loans for the three-month ended March 31, 2005 amounted to \$14,250.

During the three-month ended March 31, 2005, the Company borrowed cash from a shareholder and certain parties related to shareholders, amounting to \$29,641 and \$25,030 respectively. The amounts are interest free, due on demand and unsecured.

4. MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company's two main customers are medical device resellers: the Shanghai Yicheng Medical Device Company is Zhongjin's largest customer and the Anhui Hefei Jialian Medical Appliance Company. The aforementioned customers have each signed a three-year letter of intent for RBX deliveries from 2004 through 2006, amounting to \$1,425,000 in sales, although these agreements are not binding. The Company recognizes the importance of the medical device resellers for increasing sales and continues to establish new links with medical device companies throughout China. The Company's medical device customers represent 22.7% of all sales, and direct sales to hospitals and doctors account for 77.4% of all sales, in the first quarter of 2005.

Two vendors provided 82.8% of the Company's raw materials for the three months ended March 31, 2005. The future profitability of the Company will be dependent upon the Company's abilities to purchase the raw materials at favorable terms.

5. REALTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company advanced cash to parties related through common shareholders during the three months ended March 31, 2005. Out of total of \$1,558,807, \$169,286 is interest-free, unsecured and due on demand. The remaining \$1,389,521 bears an interest rate of 6% per annum and is also unsecured. Of the \$1,389,521, \$296,942 and \$247,841 are due for repayment on December 31, 2005 and April 30, 2006, respectively, whereas the remaining \$844,738 is due on demand. Total interest income on the loans for the three-month ended March 31, 2005 amounted to \$14,250.

The Company recorded rental expenses payable to related parties, related through common shareholders, amounting to \$4,336 for the three-month ended March 31, 2005.

During the three-month ended March 31, 2005, the Company borrowed cash from a shareholder and certain parties related to shareholders, amounting to \$29,641 and \$25,030 respectively. The amounts are interest free, due on demand and unsecured.

6. STATUTORY COMMON WELFARE FUND

As stipulated by the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (PRC), net income after taxation can only be distributed as dividends after appropriation has been made for the following:

- (i) Making up cumulative prior years' losses, if any;

(ii)

Allocations to the "Statutory surplus reserve" of at least 10% of income after tax, as determined under PRC accounting rules and regulations, until the fund amounts to 50% of the Company's registered capital;

(iii) Allocations of 5-10% of income after tax, as determined under PRC accounting rules and regulations, to the Company's "Statutory common welfare fund", which is established for the purpose of providing employee facilities and other collective benefits to the Company's employees; and

(iv) Allocations to the discretionary surplus reserve, if approved in the shareholders' general meeting.

The Company established a reserve for the annual contribution of 5% of net income to the welfare fund. The amount allocated to the statutory reserve for the three-month ended March 31, 2005 amounted to \$7,174.

7. STATUTORY RESERVE

In accordance with the

Chinese Company Law, the company has allocated 10% of its annual net income, amounting \$14,348, as statutory reserve on March 31, 2005.

8. COMMITMENTS

Operating leases

The Company is renting its production facility and its administrative offices from parties related through a major shareholder. The existing leases expire on May 31, 2005. On May 10, 2005, the Company renewed the leases for another two years from June 1, 2005 to May 31, 2007 based on the current terms. As of March 31, 2005, the approximate minimum lease payments that will have to be made in year 2005 amounted to \$2,891.

9.

GMP CERTIFICATION

The management believes that product and the Company are not subject to Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) certification, as RBX is currently considered to be a part of a treatment with medical equipment. GMP is granted by the State Drug Administration (SDA) of China (China's equivalent to the FDA in the United States of America). GMP guidelines define standards for the pharmaceutical manufacturing process to reduce the possibility of contamination errors and it conforms to the WTO's fundamental principles concerning the medicine production administration. Management believes that the requirement of the GMP certification and license for the Company and RBX will begin by 2006.

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic EPS amounts are determined based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted EPS assumes the conversion, exercise or issuance of all potential common stock instruments such as options, warrants and convertible securities, unless the effect is to reduce a loss or increase earnings per share.

11. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOWS

The Company prepares its statements of cash flows using the indirect method as defined under the Financial Accounting Standard No. 95.

The Company paid \$0 for interest and income tax during the periods ended March 31, 2005 and 2004.

12. CURRENT VULNERABILITY DUE TO CERTAIN CONCENTRATIONS

The Company's operations are carried out in the PRC. Accordingly, the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations may be influenced by the political, economic and legal environments in the PRC, by the general state of the PRC's economy. The Company's business may be influenced by changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion and remittance abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things.

ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

This quarterly report on Form 10-QSB contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements relate to future events or the Company's future financial performance. The Company has attempted to identify forward-looking statements by terminology including "anticipates", "believes", "expects", "can", "continue", "could", "estimates", "intends", "may", "plans", "potential", "predict", "should" or "will" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Although the Company believes that the expectation reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company cannot guarantee future results, level of activity, performance or achievements. The Company expectations are as of the date this Form 10-QSB is filed, and the Company does not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB is filed to confirm these statements to actual results, unless required by law.

OVERVIEW

Genex Pharmaceutical, Inc., formerly known as KS E-Media, Inc. (the "Company"), was incorporated in the State of Delaware on February 28, 2002. Prior to June 17, 2004, the Company was considered a development stage company. The Company was a start-up Internet based Fulfillment Company based in Vancouver, BC, Canada.

On June 8, 2004, the Company entered into a Share Purchase Agreement with Tianjin Zhongjin Biology Development Co., Ltd. ("Zhongjin"), a company formed under the laws of the People's Republic of China and the shareholders of Zhongjin. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company acquired 100 percent of Zhongjin's shares in exchange for 3,658,375 restricted shares of the Company's common stock which were issued to the Zhongjin shareholders. On June 17, 2004, the stock purchase made pursuant to the Share Purchase Agreement was consummated. On June 27, 2004, the Company effectuated a three-for-one stock dividend of the Company's common stock. On June 29, 2004, the Company changed its name to the present name.

Zhongjin's Chairman of the Board of Directors, Mr. Fuzhi Song has been appointed the Company's President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors. Mr. Shuli Zhang has been appointed Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. Ms. Sufen Ai has been appointed as the Company's Secretary. Mr. Mayur Pandya resigned as an officer and director of the Company effective June 18, 2004.

Unless otherwise specified or the context otherwise requires, in this Form 10-QSB the terms the "Company", "Genex", "we", and "our" shall mean the operations or business of Genex Pharmaceutical, Inc., a Delaware corporation, prior to the Reorganization. Unless otherwise specified or the context otherwise requires, in this Form 10-QSB the term "Zhongjin" shall refer to the operations of the Company on or after June 17, 2004.

About Zhongjin

Zhongjin is incorporated under the laws of the People's Republic of China ("China") and is headquartered in Tianjin, China. Zhongjin engages in the business of producing and distributing Reconstituted Bone Xenograft ("RBX"), which is considered to be a medical device. This bone grafting technology accelerates bone healing. Its medical devices are distributed to 400 hospitals in 22 provinces throughout China. Zhongjin markets its technology to hospitals in China and targets to position itself as a comprehensive medical device provider of bone grafting products and services.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - Three months ended March 31, 2005

Sales

The Company generated revenues of \$427,957 for the three months ended March 31, 2005, which was a \$8,251 or 1.89% decrease from \$436,208 for the three months ended March 31, 2004. The slight decrease in revenues was mainly due to less marketing efforts contributed by the sales team of the Company during the Chinese New Year holidays.

Gross profit

Gross profit increased by \$6,076 from \$371,290 for the three-month ended March 31, 2004 to \$377,366 for the three-month ended March 31, 2005. Gross profit margin increased to 88.18% for the three months ended March 31, 2005, from 85.12% for the three months ended March 31, 2004. The gross profit margin was slightly improved by 1.64%, which was primarily due to commercialization of our main product, Reconstituted Bone Xenograft, and increased sales of products.

Selling expenses

Selling expenses decreased by \$29,661 or 21.26% to \$109,844 for the three months ended March 31, 2005 from \$139,505 for the three months ended March 31, 2004. This was primarily due to a decrease in communication expenses of \$2,846, meeting expenses of \$15,456, training expenses of \$6,348, transportation expenses of \$3,581 and board and lodge expenses of \$1,061 for the three-month ended March 31, 2005.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$24,777 or 14.83% to \$142,344 for the three months ended March 31, 2005 from \$167,121 for the three months ended March 31, 2004. This is primarily due to the increases in provision for doubtful debt expenses of \$15,246, salaries and staff welfare expenses of \$2,916 and retirement insurance expenses of \$2,169, offset against the decreases in entertainment expenses of \$21,555, professional fees of \$16,889 and rental expenses of \$5,342 for the three-month ended March 31, 2005.

Income (loss) from operations

As gross profit increased significantly coupled with decreases in selling expenses and administrative expenses due to better cost control, the income from operations changed from \$64,664 for the three months ended March 31, 2004 to \$125,178 for the three months ended March 31, 2005.

Other income (loss)

There was other income of \$3,745 for the three months ended March 31, 2005 as compared to no other income for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

Interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2005 increased to \$14,558 from \$2,027 for the three months ended March 31, 2004 due to the increase in cash advances to related parties during the three months ended March 31, 2005 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2004.

Net income (loss)

The Company recorded a net income of \$143,481 for the three months ended March 31, 2005 as compared to a net income of \$66,691 for the three months ended March 31, 2004. This was primarily due to the significant increases in gross profit due to business expansion and increases in interest income coupled with decreases in selling expenses and administrative expenses due to better cost control.

FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY, CAPITAL RESOURCES

For the three months ended March 31, 2005, our operations used net cash of \$207,462, an increase of \$143,886 or 226.32% from \$63,576 for the three months ended March 31, 2004. There was no cash used for investing activities and financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2005 whereas we used cash of \$2,140 and \$45,137 for investing activities and financing activities respectively for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

As of March 31, 2005, we had cash on hand of \$118,533. We had a net decrease in cash and cash equivalent of \$207,462 in the current period as compared to a net decrease of \$88,828 in the corresponding period last year.

We had no significant capital expenditure commitment outstanding as of March 31, 2005.

EXCHANGE RATE

Fluctuations of currency exchange rates between Renminbi and United States dollar could adversely affect our business since we conduct our business primarily in China, and the sale of our products to corporations in China are settled in Renminbi. The Chinese government controls its foreign reserves through restrictions on imports and conversion of Renminbi into foreign currency. Although the Renminbi to United States dollar exchange rate has been stable since January 1, 1994 and the Chinese government has stated its intention to maintain the stability of the value of Renminbi, there can be no assurance that exchange rates will remain stable. The Renminbi could appreciate against the United States dollar. Exchange rate fluctuations may adversely affect our revenue arising from the sales of products in China and denominated in Renminbi and our financial performance when measured in United States dollar.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS 151, Inventory Costs- an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4. This Statement amends the guidance in ARB No. 43, Chapter 4, "Inventory Pricing," to clarify the accounting for abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs, and wasted material (spoilage). Paragraph 5 of ARB 43, Chapter 4, previously stated that "under some circumstances, items such as idle facility expense, excessive spoilage, double freight, and rehandling costs may be so abnormal as to require treatment as current period charges" This Statement requires that those items be recognized as current-period charges regardless of whether they meet the criterion of "so abnormal." In addition, this Statement requires that allocation of fixed production overheads to the costs of conversion be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. This Statement is effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. Management does not believe the adoption of this Statement will have any immediate material impact on the Company.

On December 16, 2004, the FASB published Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004), Share-Based Payment ("SFAS 123R"). SFAS 123R requires that compensation cost related to share-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements. Share-based payment transactions within the scope of SFAS 123R include stock options, restricted stock plans, performance-based awards, stock appreciation rights, and employee share purchase plans. The provisions of SFAS 123R are effective as of the first interim period that begins after June 15, 2005. Accordingly, the Company will implement the revised standard in the third quarter of fiscal year 2005. Currently, the Company accounts for its share-based payment transactions under the provisions of APB 25, which does not necessarily require the recognition of compensation cost in the financial statements. Management does not anticipate that the implementation of this standard will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On December 16, 2004, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 153, Exchanges of Nonmonetary Assets, an amendment of APB Opinion No. 29, Accounting for Nonmonetary Transactions ("SFAS 153"). This statement amends APB Opinion 29 to eliminate the exception for nonmonetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of nonmonetary assets that do not have commercial substance. Under SFAS 153, if a nonmonetary exchange of similar productive assets meets a commercial-substance criterion and fair value is determinable, the transaction must be accounted for at fair value resulting in recognition of any gain or loss. SFAS 153 is effective for nonmonetary transactions in fiscal periods that begin after June 15, 2005. The Company does not anticipate that the implementation of this standard will have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 3 - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We had no significant capital expenditure commitment outstanding as of March 31, 2005.

1) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed under the Exchange Act of 1934 is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Within the 90 days prior to the filing of this report, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including its principal executive and financial officer of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon and as of the date of that evaluation, the Company's principal executive and financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that Company files and submits under the Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as and when required.

2) Changes in Internal Control

There were no changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could have significantly affected those controls subsequent to the date of the Company's most recent evaluation.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. We are currently not aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that we believe will have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

ITEM 2 - UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

During the three months ended March 31, 2005, we did not issue any shares of common stock.

ITEM 3 - DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4 - SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5 - OTHER INFORMATION

None.

