HSBC HOLDINGS PLC Form 6-K March 03, 2008

FORM 6-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Report of Foreign Private Issuer Pursuant to Rule 13a - 16 or 15d - 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of March, 2008

HSBC Holdings plc

42nd Floor, 8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, England

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F).

Form 20-F X Form 40-F

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934).

Yes..... No ${\tt X}$

(If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-)

HSBC HOLDINGS PLC 2007 FINAL RESULTS - HIGHLIGHTS

- Total operating income up 25 per cent to US\$87,601 million (US\$70,070 million in 2006).

For the year:

- Net operating income up 13 per cent to US\$61,751 million (US\$54,793 million in 2006).
- Group pre-tax profit up 10 per cent to US\$24,212 million (US\$22,086 million in 2006).
- Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company up 21 per cent to US\$19,133 million (US\$15,789 million in 2006).
- Return on average invested capital of 15.3 per cent (14.9 per cent in 2006).
- Earnings per share up 17.9 per cent to US\$1.65 (US\$1.40 in 2006).

Dividend and capital position:

- Total dividends declared in respect of 2007 of US\$0.90 per share, an increase of 11.1 per cent over 2006; fourth interim dividend for 2007 of US\$0.39 per share, an increase of 8.3 per cent.
- Tier 1 capital ratio of 9.3 per cent and total capital ratio of 13.6 per cent.

HSBC HOLDINGS REPORTS PRE-TAX PROFIT OF US\$24,212 MILLION

HSBC made a profit before tax of US\$24,212 million, an increase of US\$2,126 million, or 10 per cent, over 2006.

Net interest income of US\$37,795 million was US\$3,309 million, or 10 per cent, higher than 2006.

Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions of US\$78,993 million was US\$13,627 million, or 21 per cent, higher than 2006.

Total operating expenses of US\$39,042 million rose by US\$5,489 million, or 16 per cent, compared with 2006.

HSBC's cost efficiency ratio was 49.4 per cent compared with 51.3 per cent in 2006.

Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions were US\$17,242 million in 2007, US\$6,669 million higher than 2006.

The tier 1 capital and total capital ratios for the Group remained strong at 9.3 per cent and 13.6 per cent, respectively, at 31 December 2007.

The Group's total assets at 31 December 2007 were US\$2,354 billion, an increase of US\$494 billion, or 27 per cent, since 31 December 2006.

The consolidated financial statements of HSBC have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRSs') as endorsed by the EU. EU-endorsed IFRSs may differ from IFRSs as published by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') if, at any point in time, new or amended IFRSs have not been endorsed by the EU. At 31 December 2007, there were no unendorsed standards effective for the year ended 31 December 2007 affecting these consolidated financial statements, and there was no difference between IFRSs endorsed by the EU and IFRSs issued by the IASB in terms of their application to HSBC. Accordingly, HSBC's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2007 are prepared in accordance with IFRSs as issued by the IASB.

Geographical distribution of results

Profit before tax

	Ye	ear ended 31Dec07	Ye	Year ended 31Dec06	
	US\$m	%	US\$m	양	
Europe	8 , 595	35.5	6,974	31.5	
Hong Kong	7 , 339	30.3	5,182	23.5	
Rest of Asia-Pacific	6,009	24.8	3 , 527	16.0	
North America	91	0.4	4,668	21.1	
Latin America	2,178	9.0	1,735	7.9	
	24,212	100.0	22,086	100.0	

Tax expense	(3,757)	(5,215)
Profit for the year	20,455	16,871
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent		
company	19,133	15 , 789
Profit attributable to minority		
interests	1,322	1,082

Distribution of results by customer group and global business

Profit before tax

		Year ended		Year ended
		31Dec07		31Dec06
	US\$m	엉	US\$m	왕
Personal Financial Services	5,900	24.4	9,457	42.8
Commercial Banking	7,145	29.5	5,997	27.2
Global Banking and Markets	6,121	25.3	5,806	26.3
Private Banking	1,511	6.2	1,214	5.5
Other	3,535	14.6	(388)	(1.8)
:	24,212	100.0	22,086	100.0

Statement by Stephen Green, Group Chairman

2007 was a year when large parts of the international financial system came under extraordinary strain. For HSBC to achieve another new high in earnings, despite these conditions and the exceptionally weak performance of our US business, underscores the value of the strategic focus we announced early last year to drive sustainable growth by concentrating on the faster growing markets of the world.

Pre-tax profits in 2007 increased by 10 per cent to US\$24 billion and earnings per share rose by 18 per cent to US\$1.65. Excluding the dilution gains arising from our strategic investments in mainland China, which I highlighted at the interim stage, profits grew by 5 per cent. Consistent with our strategy of focusing on emerging markets where we are the world's leading international bank, profits from those businesses, excluding dilution gains, grew by 41 per cent to US\$15 billion.

Our return on shareholders' equity exceeded 15 per cent, revenue growth was in double digits for the fifth year running, our cost efficiency ratio improved and our capital ratios remained strong. HSBC's financial strength in terms of both capital and liquidity is a powerful driver of sustainable growth and helps ensure continued resilience.

Strong operating performance in 2007

We produced exceptionally strong results in Asia-Pacific, Latin America and the Middle East while facing considerable business challenges in North America. In our customer groups, we also achieved record results in Commercial Banking and Private Banking, and a strong performance in Global Banking and Markets, despite write-downs arising from market turbulence in the second half of the year. In addition, Personal Financial Services produced record profits in emerging markets. Within these customer groups, our insurance operations made further progress.

Our North American results continue to be adversely affected by high loan impairment charges as we respond to the impact on our portfolio of credit

deterioration arising largely from housing market weakness in the US. The management team has taken vigorous action to address and mitigate the problem. In Europe, excluding the positive effect of movements in the fair value of HSBC's own debt, performance was broadly in line with 2006. In the UK, Commercial Banking generated pre-tax profits of over US\$2 billion for the first time and, in Turkey, further expansion of the branch network helped drive strong organic growth in numbers of personal and business customers.

Financial strength underpins our progressive dividend policy

The Directors have declared a fourth interim dividend for 2007 of US\$0.39 per ordinary share (in lieu of a final dividend) which, together with the first three interim dividends for 2007 of US\$0.17 already paid, will make a total distribution in respect of the year of US\$0.90 per share (US\$0.81 per share in respect of 2006), an increase of 11.1 per cent. The dividend will be payable on 7 May 2008 with a scrip dividend alternative, to shareholders on the register on 25 March 2008. HSBC's dividend has increased by 10 per cent or more every year for 15 years.

A clear and compelling strategy playing to our strengths

At the beginning of 2007, we refreshed our strategy, considering how we should shape HSBC for the future. Our deliberations were influenced by some fundamental long-term trends that will shape tomorrow's world: emerging markets will continue to grow faster than mature ones; world trade will continue to grow faster than world output; and people are living longer than ever before with all the implications that has for long-term savings and pensions.

Our thinking was also informed by a clear appreciation of HSBC's strengths. We believe that the global leadership we have built in emerging markets and in trade, and our international perspective are compelling advantages that set HSBC apart for our customers, our shareholders and our people.

As we explained in March 2007, our conclusion was that the Group should place renewed emphasis on investing in fast moving emerging markets in Asia-Pacific, the Middle East and Latin America. We believe we can grow strongly and sustainably. We achieved our position as the number one international bank in Asia-Pacific and the Middle East over many years; by contrast, we have built one of Latin America's largest financial services businesses in little more than a decade.

In mature markets, we are determined to focus our businesses on areas where we can build on our unique global franchise, so as to benefit from the long-term trend of increasing international connectivity. We have international customer bases across many of our businesses, from the largest corporates, through to small or medium-sized enterprises, to the internationally mobile mass affluent and other personal customers with specific international requirements. We have developed a clear approach which is enabling our business to focus strongly on these groups of customers now and in the years ahead.

Where opportunities arise, we shall seek to redeploy capital towards emerging markets through divestment of assets of greater strategic value to others. In France, we have received a firm cash offer of US\$3.1 billion for our seven, separately branded, regional banks and have entered into exclusive discussions. This potential transaction, which is subject to necessary approvals and consultation, could complete in mid-2008. We remain committed to France through our HSBC-branded network serving retail and commercial customers and through our activities in Global Banking and Markets, Private Banking, asset management and insurance. During 2007, we acquired the 50 per cent of Erisa, our French insurance business, which we did not own.

We will also build businesses, in both our emerging and mature markets, that

help our customers with their long-term savings needs, as demographics and wealth creation trends around the world make this ever more important to them.

Finally, we will shape our business operations so that we use our scale to deliver better, more efficient services to our customers. Their use of technology increasingly dictates how they interact with us. We increasingly employ technology to create better products which we can deliver globally at lower cost. As we grow our direct banking business, we will create opportunities to meet more of our customers' financial needs.

Building on our position as the world's leading international emerging markets bank

During 2007, we continued to build our businesses in emerging markets organically. For example, on a like-for-like basis, risk-weighted assets in these areas grew by 42 per cent compared with 16 per cent for the Group as a whole.

As the leading international bank in the country of our birth, China, we were delighted to be among the first to incorporate locally in the mainland. We have built the largest branch network of any international bank and we have significant and profitable strategic investments in our Chinese associates.

In mainland China, through our own businesses and in conjunction with our associates, we achieved for the first time in our history a profit before tax of over US\$1 billion, in addition to over US\$7 billion generated in Hong Kong.

As China continues to reshape itself as a 21st century powerhouse, HSBC seeks to play a constructive role in its continued progressive economic and social development. We were the first international bank to establish and open a rural bank. Hang Seng Bank has agreed to acquire 20 per cent of Yantai City Commercial Bank in the fast growing Bohai region of China.

Elsewhere in Asia-Pacific, we have sought to further strengthen our position through a series of investments in faster-growing economies. In South Korea, we have agreed to acquire 51 per cent of Korea Exchange Bank for US\$6.5 billion, subject to regulatory approvals. In Taiwan, we acquired Chailease Credit Services, a factoring company serving commercial customers, and agreed to acquire the assets, liabilities and operations of The Chinese Bank, which will extend our network by 39 branches and bring us many new customers.

As foreign investment rules are eased, we have made significant investments to expand our business in Vietnam with the acquisition of a further 5 per cent interest in Techcombank, bringing our stake to 15 per cent, and the purchase for some US\$255 million of a 10 per cent interest in Bao Viet, the leading insurance company in the country.

The latter investment reflects our determination to increase the contribution of insurance to Group earnings. We also entered into agreements to invest in a 26 per cent interest in a new life insurance joint venture in India, in partnership with two of the larger state-owned banks, and to acquire just under 50 per cent of Hana Life Insurance Company in South Korea. We have entered a number of strategic alliances to ensure that we have the best products for our customers and the support to grow our activities.

A fifth consecutive year of rising oil prices facilitated growth in public and private investment in the Middle East. As a result, infrastructure development accelerated and consumption and employment rose. Our businesses in the Middle East were well positioned to benefit from this and have had an excellent year.

Our acquisition of Grupo Banistmo in Central America and Banco Nazionale in Argentina in 2006 strengthened our existing business. 2007 has been a year of

integrating these operations. It is a testimony to the strength of our Latin American businesses that we have been able to grow profits by 26 per cent to over US\$2 billion while investing in the integration and despite the increase in loan impairment charges in Mexico as our loan portfolio began to mature.

A people business

It is people, of course, who define an organisation; and any business's success is dependent on the calibre of its staff. 2007 was a demanding year in many respects and it is testament to the talent and professionalism of my 330,000 colleagues around the world that HSBC successfully met its challenges and excelled in so many areas. I would like to take this opportunity to extend my personal thanks to my colleagues – their commitment and expertise have greatly benefited the Group and our shareholders.

Measuring the results of our strategy

Today we are publishing, for the first time, the key metrics which we will use to measure our performance in future. These include a number of measures that cover financial performance, customer recommendation and employee engagement.

In financial terms we are aiming for a return on equity in a range over the investment cycle of 15-19 per cent; a cost efficiency ratio in the range of 48-52 per cent; Tier 1 capital under the Basel II framework of 7.5-9.0 per cent; and total shareholder return in the top half of that achieved by our peers.

Financial measures are important but not sufficient: it is our people and our relationship with customers that will drive our business and ultimately determine our success. For the first time, in 2007, 290,000 HSBC colleagues completed our new global people survey, allowing us to benchmark ourselves and, over time, raise our game. Similarly, we have established customer engagement metrics which enable us to measure and improve our service to them. We have set ourselves challenging targets to increase both employee and customer engagement. They will help us build on our position as the world's number one global banking brand.

Changes to your Board

Independent oversight of our company and of the execution of strategy is the responsibility of one of the most experienced and international Boards in the world. I am delighted that we will benefit from international business leaders of the calibre of Jose Luis Duran and Sam Laidlaw, who joined the Board as independent non-executive Directors on 1 January, 2008. We also welcome two other global business leaders, Safra Catz and Narayana Murthy, who will join as independent non-executive Directors on 1 May 2008.

The Board will be further strengthened by the appointment of three executive directors: Vincent Cheng, effective 1 February 2008; and Sandy Flockhart and Stuart Gulliver, who will join the Board, effective 1 May 2008. These are three of our most talented and experienced executives - all emerging market specialists.

Baroness Dunn, Sir Brian Moffat and Lord Butler will retire as non-executive Directors at HSBC's Annual General Meeting on 30 May 2008 and will not seek re-election. I would like to pay tribute to their tremendous contribution to HSBC. We have been privileged to enjoy their counsel and stewardship for so many years.

HSBC's core strength in uncertain times

The outlook for the rest of 2008 is uncertain. The economic slowdown and the

credit outlook in the US may well get worse before they get better. With significant parts of the international financial system in developed markets still in difficulties, HSBC's emphasis on faster growing emerging markets means that we are better positioned than many of our competitors.

Emerging markets have only partly decoupled from the US. Hence, while these economies are exhibiting more domestic momentum, they will not be entirely immune from the impact of a US slowdown. However, the major long-term trends are still intact. Emerging markets will continue to outperform mature economies; and world growth, even in this year of relative weakness for the US economy, will be reasonable - albeit slower than in 2007. Meanwhile, trade and investment patterns will continue to evolve to reflect a more interconnected world, notwithstanding some signs of protectionist sentiment in several key mature markets. In particular, we will see further strategic investments from emerging markets into mature markets, as well as into other emerging markets, a trend from which we are well placed to benefit.

2008 is likely to be a year of caution in the financial sector until liquidity, transparency and the proper pricing of risk return to financial markets. We expect to be able to improve margins on the use of our capital and we will continue to invest in building market presence at a time when others with weaker capital positions are constrained.

The fundamentals of HSBC are very strong. The deleveraging of the financial system clearly plays to HSBC's strengths, given our conservative balance sheet and international presence. There can be few banks in the world that are better positioned to withstand market turbulence and grasp strategic opportunities. We will continue to focus HSBC on the parts of the global economy that promise the best prospects for higher growth over the long term. We will continue to invest for profitable growth in line with our strategy, and we will do so while maintaining HSBC's financial strength, which is at the heart of our success.

S K Green, Group Chairman 03Mar08

Review by Michael Geoghegan, Group Chief Executive Officer

Robust performance in a challenging year

The Group Chairman's statement sets out the clear and compelling strategy for HSBC, and one which very much plays to our strengths. It is my job to lead the senior management team in executing that strategy. 2007 was a year in which we made significant progress in shaping and building our existing businesses for the future, while managing through the particular challenges arising in global financial markets. Our profits of US\$24 billion demonstrate the resilience of our business model which, notwithstanding the continuing disappointing results from our US operations, generated a broad spread of earnings by customer group - Commercial Banking (30 per cent), Personal Financial Services (24 per cent), Global Banking and Markets (25 per cent), Private Banking (6 per cent) and others (15 per cent).

We are well-diversified by geography, with a broad spread of earnings coming from developing markets in Asia-Pacific, Middle East, and Latin America and from mature markets in Europe and North America. Our investment approach is a balance between growing our physical presence with investing to increase efficiency in our existing operations. In support of our strategy to increase earnings from developing markets, we continued to invest significantly in existing businesses where we saw opportunities to grow, for instance with new branch programmes in mainland China, Turkey, Indonesia and India. In developed markets, we invested in technology-led initiatives to grow in our targeted customer segments. Our business highlights and results show that we had successes in both developed and

developing markets in 2007. Our investments in 2008 will be consistent with our strategy.

Taking each of our customer groups and businesses in turn:

Delivering a global and technology-driven offering to our Commercial Banking clients

Commercial Banking had another strong year with a profit before tax of US\$7.1 billion, an increase of 19 per cent over 2006. This growth was powered by very strong results in Asia-Pacific, the Middle East, and Latin America. As a result, the proportion of Commercial Banking's profits arising in faster-growing economies increased from 47 per cent in 2006 to 52 per cent in 2007. Our focus is twofold: to be the world's leading international business bank and working to become the best bank for small businesses in target markets. This is supported by our continued investment in both technology and people. HSBC's technology and global network are key to our position as the leading international business bank.

In 2007, we extended our network of International Banking Centres - which help customers expand their international businesses - across a further 38 countries, bringing the total to 54. These services are now available to 99 per cent of HSBC's commercial customers. Our Global Links referral system is now available to Relationship Managers in 63 countries. We launched our new SmartForms initiative in 16 countries, making cross-border account opening easier for our customers.

We experienced strong growth in our payments and cash management, and trade and supply chain businesses, with income growth of 18 per cent, and in receivables financing, where we increased the number of operating countries from 12 to 19. Cross-sales of Global Markets' foreign exchange products also grew very strongly, particularly in emerging markets.

HSBC delivered technology-led banking for business, winning awards in both Hong Kong and the UK for Business Internet Banking. Almost a quarter of new customers in the UK came to us through our Business Direct proposition. We invested to expand our receivables financing and business cards platforms, and continue to grow by building on existing relationships — over 50 per cent of new customers in the first half of 2007 in key markets had existing Personal Financial Services relationships.

In total, our Commercial Banking customer base grew by 8 per cent to 2.8 million in 2007, with particular growth in small businesses in Hong Kong, UK and Turkey, where we have been investing.

Consumer Finance challenges offset Personal Financial Services growth

Our Personal Financial Services business achieved profit before tax of US\$5.9 billion, a decline of 38 per cent from 2006. This was largely driven by exposure in the US. However, we experienced strong Asian and Latin American growth by 48 per cent and 12 per cent, respectively. Excluding US consumer finance, profit before tax in our Personal Financial Services business grew by 18 per cent.

Elsewhere, we have had success with three key offerings where our global scale gives us real competitive advantage.

First, we have seen solid growth in the market-leading HSBC Premier offering. Premier is designed for mass-affluent customers who are often internationally mobile. In 2007, we had a very successful international re-launch of HSBC Premier that incorporated a number of truly global, joined-up features. These included worldwide customer recognition, a single emergency help line, a unified view of all accounts, and a single worldwide Premier brand. We added a net

340,000 new Premier customers of which more than 50 per cent were new to the bank, for a total of over 2.1 million. Premier customers represent a valuable client base, each averaging over US\$2,000 of revenue annually. We will continue to expand Premier in target markets in 2008, with a focus on wealth management, which has already worked so successfully in Hong Kong. We believe that we can increase our Premier customer base to six million over the next four years.

Second, our global card platform, One HSBC Cards, continues to grow, with a specific focus on developing markets. With three quarters of cards in force on a single platform, we can use scale to reduce costs. In 2007, we launched new card businesses in Vietnam and Pakistan, while growing in other markets, including India and the United Arab Emirates. With over 120 million cards in force, including those with Bank of Communications in China, 26 per cent are now in developing markets, up from 20 per cent in 2006.

Third, we continue to grow our HSBC Direct business. In 2007, US deposits reached US\$11.5 billion with 620,000 customers, and Asian deposits reached US\$1.2 billion with more than 240,000 customers in Taiwan and South Korea. HSBC Direct most recently launched in Canada in June 2007, with an enhanced local online savings account. 45,000 customers, three quarters of whom were new to HSBC, had deposited over US\$800 million by the end of the year. We are putting the entire HSBC Direct offering onto a common transaction platform and intend entering new markets in 2008.

Repositioning in the US consumer finance market

We continue to face challenges as a result of the deterioration of the US housing market; loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions rose by 79 per cent to US\$11.7 billion in our Personal Financial Services business. We were one of the first to highlight the problem and we have actively managed our business to mitigate our position. Our actions have shown our commitment to deal responsibly and resolutely with the issues. We will continue to manage this business so as to preserve the long-term value of our consumer finance platform, which we will use to grow profitable businesses in developing markets.

Our US-based consumer finance business comprises four key portfolios: mortgages, credit cards, vehicle finance and other personal loans. In 2007, we saw a progressive decline in profitability across all portfolios, as the housing market suffered from slower appreciation (and, in some markets, depreciation) and unemployment increased. While we have a geographically diverse book, with no single area over-represented across our key portfolios, most markets are experiencing some decline in credit quality. However, those states in which house prices have declined are experiencing a faster deterioration in delinquency levels.

In our mortgage business, we have a retail branch-based origination channel and a wholesale portfolio, mortgage services, which is running off. This higher risk mortgage services portfolio has been reduced from US\$49.5 billion to US\$36.2 billion in the last 12 months. In the second half of 2007, we also began to see deterioration of performance in our retail branch-based consumer lending portfolio as credit availability through equity withdrawal was no longer available to deal with unforeseen financial needs.

We have taken vigorous action to position our business for the current environment. We have discontinued mortgage services correspondent and broker originations. We have restructured our retail operations in the US closing about 400 branches and leaving a network of approximately 1,000. We have tightened our lending criteria, tailored our credit appetite in specific geographies, reduced product offerings and eliminated the small volume of adjustable-rate mortgage products we offered. We have also strengthened our risk management and controls. We shall continue to develop strategic responses to changes in market conditions.

We continue to work responsibly with customers, governments and community leaders to implement loan modifications and foreclosure avoidance programmes. We have improved our collections programme so that we can work to help our customers. In 2007, we modified more than 8,500 loans with an aggregate balance of US\$1.4 billion in 2007.

In 2007, we took the decision to integrate retail and credit card services to provide a single management structure. In 2007, we saw a rise in overall delinquency rates among credit card customers, in part due to a change in product mix and historically low levels of bankruptcies in 2006. We modified fee practices in our cards portfolio, which reduced income by approximately US\$55 million in 2007, and is expected to have a full year effect of approximately US\$250 million in 2008. In addition, to improve the profitability of the credit card business in the long term, we slowed loan and account growth by decreasing credit lines and tightening the criteria for authorising initial credit lines.

Overall delinquency rates in vehicle finance also rose as the US economy weakened. We are taking steps to improve the profitability of new originations and have already seen reduced volume from the dealer channel. We expect this lower origination activity to continue in 2008 as we seek higher credit quality.

Our continued focus for 2008 is on strengthening the HSBC Finance business, paying particular attention to the core consumer lending and cards businesses in order to preserve the long term value of the platform. We will continue to evaluate our product set and make adjustments in product type and qualification criteria, consistent with our desired risk profile. We will position the business so that when the environment improves we will be well positioned, particularly as many players have exited the market.

Strong Global Banking and Markets performance

Despite severe disruption in global credit markets, pre-tax profits for Global Banking and Markets rose by 5 per cent to US\$6.1 billion. Performance was driven by strong revenue growth in equities, foreign exchange, securities services, payments and cash management, and asset management.

In 2007, we absorbed a total of US\$2.1 billion of write-downs on asset-backed securities and credit trading positions, leveraged and acquisition financing positions, and monoline credit exposures resulting from unprecedented disruption and deterioration in the credit market. In North America, the mortgage-backed securities operation was closed to new business and downsized.

Strong growth from Asia-Pacific and the Middle East contributed over half of Global Banking and Markets' 2007 pre-tax profits. Our outstanding performance in Asia reflected continued success in providing our clients with financing, structuring and hedging solutions. We maintained a solid position in mature markets as well, with robust financing and advisory revenues in Europe and strong growth in Global Banking deposits and fee income.

The strength of Global Banking and Markets' emerging markets-led and financing-focused strategy was illustrated by HSBC's senior role in large, cross-border transactions. We advised Borse Dubai on its acquisition of OMX of Sweden and related share exchange agreement with Nasdaq. HSBC was lead arranger of US\$9.2 billion of facilities for Saudi Basic Industries' acquisition of GE Plastics. In early 2008 HSBC was mandated as financial adviser and lead arranger to BHP Billiton on its US\$174 billion offer for Rio Tinto, the largest mining sector deal announced to date. HSBC also advised on high-profile cross-border transactions that illustrated the growing linkages between emerging markets regions, including Singapore Telecommunications on its US\$758 million acquisition of a 30 per cent stake in Warid Telecom of Pakistan, and Dubai

Drydocks' S\$650 million acquisition of Pan-United Marine of Singapore.

HSBC won numerous industry awards for its emerging markets and financing strength. These included Acquisitions Monthly's 'Middle East Mergers and Acquisitions Adviser of the Year' and International Financing Review's 'Middle East Loan House of the Year'.

HSBC was designated global 'Best Risk Management House', 'Best Foreign Exchange House in Asia' and, for the 10th consecutive year, 'Best Risk Management House in Asia' in the Euromoney 2007 Awards for Excellence. HSBC was named in five of LatinFinance's Deals of the Year, including 'Best Syndicated Loan', 'Best Financing Innovation', and 'Best Local Currency Deal'. In debt capital markets, HSBC ranked first in the Bloomberg Asian local currency bond league table, first in sterling bonds and fifth in international bonds.

Global Banking and Markets continued to refine its IT development strategy, delivering a cost-effective system platform to support HSBC's global product reach. Barracuda is our award-winning, front-end trading system that enhances straight through processing, by automating trade bookings and back-to-back trades. Barracuda has processed over one million trades and 240 million transactions since its launch and won the 2007 Banking Technology award for 'Best Trading System in Europe' and the 2007 American Financial Technology award for 'Best Cross-Asset Trading System in the US'.

Using Group relationships to grow our Private Bank

In Private Banking, our fastest growing business, profit before tax increased by 24 per cent over 2006 to US\$1.5 billion, with exceptional performance in Asia and record results in Switzerland, among others. HSBC Private Bank retained its number three ranking in the Euromoney Annual Private Banking Survey which covers excellence across its business model, client segment, geography, product focus and consistency of investments in growth.

Our ability to match developed market expertise with developing market insights helped generate US\$36 billion in net new client assets. Of that, US\$6 billion was directly referred from other HSBC customer groups. As a result, client assets grew by 26 per cent to US\$421 billion. We saw a sharp increase in client demand for alternative assets and emerging market investments, aided by the growth in our hedge funds, and several new private equity and emerging market funds. These included new private client offerings in mainland China and Latin America. Our Global Wealth Solutions business, providing trust and family office services, also benefited from relatively buoyant markets with client assets increasing by 38 per cent to US\$79 billion.

Building our insurance business

Our insurance business is spread across our customer groups and in 2007 generated profit before tax of US\$3.1 billion, a contribution of 13 per cent of the Group pre-tax profit. We believe there is an opportunity to increase insurance's contribution to the Group to 20 per cent over time.

Insurance is now an integral part of the new Global Premier proposition and we are using the world-class Future of Retirement research we commissioned to design innovative new products and services.

We launched HSBC's first environmentally friendly motor and house insurance in Brazil and, in Mexico, we developed an innovative new motor insurance product. We consolidated our position in Hong Kong as the leading provider of Mandatory Provident Funds, with a 33 per cent share of funds under management. In France, sales of life-wrapped investment products increased by 9 per cent. In Saudi

Arabia, a joint venture with SABB established a Takaful business. In the UK, M&S Money was voted 'Life Insurance Provider of the Year' and, due to the success of the Sterling Reserve Bond, HSBC Life in the UK is becoming one of the market's leading providers of life investment products. In 2007, we launched credit protection products and product enhancements in 12 new markets.

Our new insurance brand, HSBC Insurance, which was launched in 2007, will increase customer awareness of our growing insurance capability.

To meet growing customer demand for insurance products, we are strengthening our underwriting, broking and agency businesses with proposed strategic investments in mainland China, India, South Korea and Vietnam. To complement growth in our own businesses, we launched a Preferred Strategic Partner programme to provide products in markets where we decide not to manufacture.

Customer access to products has been made easier and more efficient through direct distribution channels and, in 2007, we sold 2.9 million policies over the telephone, online and through other direct channels.

Strong liquidity and capital strength

HSBC has maintained its traditional financial strength in terms of capital, liquidity and breadth of earnings. This is reflected in the Group's tier 1 capital ratio of 9.3 per cent and total capital ratio of 13.6 per cent as at the year end compared with 9.4 per cent and 13.5 per cent, respectively, at the end of 2006. Our strong capital position provides comfort for customers placing deposits with HSBC, and attracts institutional balances, which means that we benefit from a strong and well diversified funding base. It also means that we are well-positioned to fund our growth plans and selectively to take advantage of opportunities at a time when many others are unable to do so.

Since volatility in the financial markets began in August 2007, there has been a movement of deposits to well-capitalised financial institutions such as HSBC.

Joining Up the Company

The results announced today are a reflection of the rolling out of our 'Joining Up the Company' strategy. Put simply, 'Joining Up' is about using common products and common systems to deliver an increasingly cohesive service to our customers. This is more than business as usual: HSBC is transforming its business through this strategy, be it the relaunch of Premier in 35 countries, the rollout of Global Links for Commercial Banking, the move to the One HSBC suite of Group Systems or the consolidation of our banking systems to HSBC's Universal Banking system.

'Joined Up' resonates with our customers and our staff, and demonstrating its impact will add value to our shareholders. Our brand recognition is rising in line with our progress: in February 2008, The Banker Magazine named HSBC as the world's most valuable banking brand. This follows Interbrand's 2007 ranking of HSBC's brand as the 23rd most valuable in the world, up from 27th in 2006.

As our brand value increases, so we must ensure we deliver our global brand promise to our customers and employees through continued investment in Joining Up. For example, we shall continue to launch Premier in our target markets. We shall significantly grow our Global Transaction Banking business, continuing our investment in global talent, infrastructure expansion and product development. Our success in developing HSBC Amanah was recognised by the Euromoney award for 'Best International Islamic Bank'.

We are also connecting the Group by moving to a common HR platform, continuing

our common Group-wide employee engagement surveys, and aligning objectives, performance and pay globally. Our people will always be our most important asset. The 330,000 people who work for HSBC across the world demonstrate the shared values, the strength and the resilience of the HSBC Group which will sustain our business in the long term. I would like to record my strong appreciation and thanks for their energy and commitment to our business throughout 2007.

We will continue to measure and report on our progress on key financial, customer and employee metrics, available in our Annual Report and Accounts.

Our strategy gives us a clear roadmap for progress. It highlights the competitive advantages in each of our customer groups, our emerging markets strength and our international connectivity which so benefits our customers. We will continue to build on our strengths and position HSBC for future growth.

M F Geoghegan, Group Chief Executive 3Mar2008

Financial Overview

Year ended	l 31Dec		Year 2007	ended 31Dec 2006
GBPm	HK\$m		US\$m	US\$m
	,	For the year	0.0,1	2.2 (-1
12,106	188,878	Profit before tax	24,212	22,086
		Profit attributable to		
		shareholders of the		
9,567	149,257	parent company	19,133	15 , 789
5,121	79 , 890	Dividends	10,241	8,769
		At the year-end		
63,824	999 , 392	Total shareholders' eq	uity 128,160	108,352
76,015	1,190,287	Capital resources	152,640	127,074
		Customer accounts and		
611,704	9,578,447	deposits by banks	1,228,321	996,528
1,172,425	18,358,566	Total assets	2,354,266	1,860,758
559,643	8,763,252	Risk-weighted assets	1,123,782	938 , 678
GBP	HK\$		US\$	US\$
		Per ordinary share		
0.83	12.87	Basic earnings	1.65	1.40
0.82	12.72	Diluted earnings	1.63	1.39
0.44	6.79	Dividends ^	0.87	0.76
5.34	83.59	Net asset value	10.72	9.24
		Share information		
		US\$0.50 ordinary share	s in	
		issue	11,829m	11,572m
		Market capitalisation	US\$198bn	US\$212bn
		Closing market price p	er	
		share	GBP8.42	GBP9.31
		Ove	er 1 Over 3	Over 5
			year years	years
		Total shareholder		
			95.6 111.3	158.8
		Benchmarks: FTSE 100 1	07.4 148.4	194.6

MSCI World 108.1 140.8 182.0

^ Under IFRSs accounting rules, the dividend per share of US\$0.87 shown in the accounts is the total of the dividends declared during 2007. This represents the fourth interim dividend for 2006 and the first, second and third interim dividends for 2007. As the fourth interim dividend for 2007 was declared in 2008 it will be reflected in the accounts for 2008.

 $\ensuremath{^{\circ}}\xspace^{\circ}$ Total shareholder return ('TSR') is as defined in the Annual Report and Accounts 2007.

	Year end	led 31Dec
	2007	2006
	%	%
Performance ratios		
Return on average invested capital^	15.3	14.9
Return on average total shareholders' equity	15.9	15.7
Post-tax return on average total assets	0.97	1.00
Post-tax return on average risk-weighted assets	1.95	1.93
Efficiency and revenue mix ratios		
Cost efficiency ratio	49.4	51.3
As a percentage of total operating income:		
- Net interest income	43.1	49.2
- Net fee income	25.1	24.5
- Net trading income	11.2	11.7
Capital ratios		
- Tier 1 capital	9.3	9.4
- Total capital	13.6	13.5

[^] Return on invested capital is based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders. Average invested capital is measured as average total shareholders' equity after adding back goodwill previously written-off directly to reserves, deducting average equity preference shares issued by HSBC Holdings and deducting/(adding) average reserves for unrealised gains/(losses) on effective cash flow hedges and available-for-sale securities. This measure reflects capital initially invested and subsequent profit.

Consolidated Income Statement

Year ended 2007	31Dec		Year en 2007	ded 31Dec 2006
GBPm	HK\$m		US\$m	US\$m
46,180 (27,282)	720,493 (425,654)	Interest income Interest expense	92,359 (54,564)	75,879 (41,393)
18,898	294,839	Net interest income	37 , 795	34,486
13,169 (2,168)	205,455 (33,817)	Fee income Fee expense	26,337 (4,335)	21,080 (3,898)
11,001	171,638	Net fee income	22,002	17 , 182
2,229 2,688	34,777 41,938	Trading income excluding net interest income Net interest income on trading activities	4,458 5,376	5,619 2,603
4,917	76 , 715	Net trading income	9,834	8,222

		Net income from financial instruments designated at		
2,042	31 , 851	fair value Gains less losses from	4,083	657
978	15,259	financial investments	1,956	969
546	8 , 519	Gains arising from dilution of interests in associates	1,092	_
162	2,528	Dividend income	324	340
4,538	70,802	Net earned insurance premiums	9,076	5,668
719	11,224	Other operating income	1,439	2,546
43,801	683 , 375	Total operating income	87,601	70,070
		Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities		
(4,304)	(67,151)	to policyholders	(8,608)	(4,704)
20.407	616,004	Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk	70.000	65.266
39,497	616,224	provisions	78 , 993	65,366
		Loan impairment charges and other credit risk		
(8,621)	(134,504)	provisions	(17,242)	(10,573)
30,876	481,720	Net operating income Employee compensation and	61 , 751	54,793
(10,667)	(166,427)	benefits General and administrative	(21,334)	(18,500)
(7,647)	(119,308)	expenses Depreciation and impairment	(15,294)	(12,823)
(857)	(13,371)	of property, plant and equipment Amortisation and impairment of	(1,714)	(1,514)
(350)	(5,461)	intangible assets	(700)	(716)
(19,521)	(304,567)	Total operating expenses	(39,042)	(33,553)
11,355	177,153	Operating profit	22,709	21,240
		Share of profit in associates		
751	11,725	and joint ventures	1,503	846
12,106	188,878	Profit before tax	24,212	22,086
(1,878)	(29, 309)	Tax expense	(3,757)	(5,215)
10,228	159,569	Profit for the year	20,455	16,871
		Profit attributable to shareholders of the		
9,567	149,257	parent company	19,133	15,789
661	10,312	Profit attributable to minority interests	1,322	1,082
Consolidat	ed Balance Shee	t		
Δ	at 31Dec		At.	31Dec
=-	2007		2007	2006

GBPm	HK\$m		US\$m	US\$m
		ASSETS		
		Cash and balances at centr		
10,839	169,723	banks Items in the course of	21,765	12,732
4,869	76,241	collection from other ba	nks 9,777	14,144
		Hong Kong Government		
6,919	108,339	certificates of indebted	ness 13,893	13,165
222,092	3,477,658	Trading assets	445,968	328,147
00.600	204 446	Financial assets designate		00 550
20,699 93,551	324,116	at fair value Derivatives	41,564 187,854	20,573
118,208	1,464,885 1,850,980	Loans and advances to bank	•	103,702 185,205
110,200	1,030,300	Loans and advances to	237,300	100,200
488,811	7,654,111	customers	981 , 548	868,133
140,934	2,206,834	Financial investments	283,000	204,806
		Interests in associates an		
5,171	80,974	joint ventures	10,384	8,396
19,765	309,495	Goodwill and intangible as		37,335
7,816 19,668	122,382 307,969	Property, plant and equipm Other assets	39,493	16,424 29,823
446	6 , 984	Current tax asset	896	380
2,632	41,205	Deferred tax asset	5,284	3,241
10,005	156,670	Prepayments and accrued in	•	14,552
1,172,425	18,358,566	Total assets	2,354,266	1,860,758
1,1,2,120	10,000,000	10001 00000	2,001,200	1,000,700
	t 31Dec			31Dec
	2007			
			2007	2006
GBPm	HK\$m		2007 US\$m	2006 US\$m
		LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
		LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
GBPm 6,919	HK\$m 108,338	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation	US\$m	US\$m
GBPm 6,919 65,826	HK\$m 108,338 1,030,747	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks	US\$m 13,893 132,181	US\$m 13,165 99,694
GBPm 6,919	HK\$m 108,338	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of	US\$m	US\$m
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other	13,893 132,181 1,096,140	US\$m 13,165 99,694 896,834
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672	US\$m 13,165 99,694 896,834
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580	US\$m 13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939	US\$m 13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393	US\$m 13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796 1,441	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823 22,560	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue Retirement benefit liabili	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579 ties 2,893	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325 5,555
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796 1,441 17,436	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823 22,560 273,031	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue Retirement benefit liabili Other liabilities	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579 ties 2,893 35,013	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325 5,555 28,019
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796 1,441 17,436 1,274	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823 22,560 273,031 19,955	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue Retirement benefit liabili Other liabilities Current tax liability Liabilities under insurance	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579 ties 2,893 35,013 2,559	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325 5,555 28,019 1,805
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796 1,441 17,436 1,274 21,218	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823 22,560 273,031 19,955	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue Retirement benefit liabili Other liabilities Current tax liability Liabilities under insuranc contracts	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579 ties 2,893 35,013 2,559	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325 5,555 28,019 1,805
6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796 1,441 17,436 1,274 21,218 10,839	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823 22,560 273,031 19,955 332,242 169,731	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue Retirement benefit liabili Other liabilities Current tax liability Liabilities under insuranc contracts Accruals and deferred inco	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579 ties 2,893 35,013 2,559 e 42,606 me 21,766	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325 5,555 28,019 1,805
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796 1,441 17,436 1,274 21,218 10,839 975	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823 22,560 273,031 19,955 332,242 169,731 15,268	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue Retirement benefit liabili Other liabilities Current tax liability Liabilities under insuranc contracts Accruals and deferred inco	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579 ties 2,893 35,013 2,559 e 42,606 me 21,766 1,958	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325 5,555 28,019 1,805 17,670 16,310 1,763
6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796 1,441 17,436 1,274 21,218 10,839	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823 22,560 273,031 19,955 332,242 169,731	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue Retirement benefit liabili Other liabilities Current tax liability Liabilities under insuranc contracts Accruals and deferred inco	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579 ties 2,893 35,013 2,559 e 42,606 me 21,766	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325 5,555 28,019 1,805
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796 1,441 17,436 1,274 21,218 10,839 975 926	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823 22,560 273,031 19,955 332,242 169,731 15,268 14,496	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue Retirement benefit liabili Other liabilities Current tax liability Liabilities under insuranc contracts Accruals and deferred inco Provisions Deferred tax liability	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579 ties 2,893 35,013 2,559 e 42,606 1,958 1,859	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325 5,555 28,019 1,805 17,670 16,310 1,763 1,096
GBPm 6,919 65,826 545,878 4,319 156,661 44,790 91,330 122,796 1,441 17,436 1,274 21,218 10,839 975 926 12,360	108,338 1,030,747 8,547,700 67,624 2,453,095 701,344 1,430,099 1,922,823 22,560 273,031 19,955 332,242 169,731 15,268 14,496 193,539	Liabilities Hong Kong currency notes in circulation Deposits by banks Customer accounts Items in the course of transmission to other banks Trading liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value Derivatives Debt securities in issue Retirement benefit liabili Other liabilities Current tax liability Liabilities under insuranc contracts Accruals and deferred inco Provisions Deferred tax liability Subordinated liabilities	13,893 132,181 1,096,140 8,672 314,580 89,939 183,393 246,579 ties 2,893 35,013 2,559 e 42,606 1,958 1,859 24,819	13,165 99,694 896,834 12,625 226,608 70,211 101,478 230,325 5,555 28,019 1,805 17,670 16,310 1,763 1,096 22,672

4,051	63,429	Share premium account	8,134	7,789
16,441	257,443	Other reserves	33,014	29,380
40,386	632,395	Retained earnings	81,097	65,397
63,824	999,392	Total shareholders' equity	128,160	108,352
3,613	56,582	Minority interests	7,256	6,576
67,437	1,055,974	Total equity	135,416	114,928
1,172,425	18,358,566	Total equity and liabilities	2,354,266	1,860,758

Consolidated Statement of Recognised Income and Expense

Consolidated Statement of Recognised Income and Expense		
	Year ended	
	2007	2006
	US\$m	US\$m
Available-for-sale investments:	756	1 500
- fair value gains taken to equity	756	1,582
- fair value losses transferred to income statement on	(1 740)	(6.4.4)
disposal or impairment	(1,740)	(644)
Cash flow hedges:	605	1 554
- fair value gains taken to equity	625	1,554
- fair value losses transferred to income statement	(1,886)	(2,198)
Share of changes in equity of associates and joint	270	2.0
ventures	372	20
Exchange differences	5,946	4,675
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	2,167	(78)
	6 240	4 011
Tau an itama talan dinastlu ta amitu	6,240	4,911
Tax on items taken directly to equity	(226)	(44)
Profit for the year	20,455	16,871
Total recognised income and expense for the year	26,469	21,738
	,	,
Total recognised income and expense for the year attributable to:		
- shareholders of the parent company	24,801	20,527
- minority interests	1,668	1,211
minoria, incorosco	1,000	1,211
	26,469	21,738
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement		
	Year ended	21000
	2007	2006
	US\$m	US\$m
Cash flavo from annuation activities	OSSIII	USŞIII
Cash flows from operating activities	24 212	22 006
Profit before tax	24,212	22,086
Adjustments for:		
Non-cash items included in profit before tax	21,662	14,956
	(176,538)	(175,317)
Change in operating disabilities	250,095	237,378
Elimination of exchange differences		
	(18,563)	(12,114)
Net gain from investing activities	(2,209)	(2,014)
Share of profits in associates and joint ventures	(1,503)	(846)
Dividends received from associates	363	97
Contribution paid to defined benefit plans	(1,393)	(547)
Tax paid	(5,088)	(4,946)

Net cash from operating activities	91,038	78 , 733
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of financial investments	(260,980)	(286,316)
Proceeds from the sale and maturity of financial		
investments	238,647	273,774
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2,720)	(2,400)
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment	3,178	2,504
Proceeds from the sale of loan portfolio	1,665	2,048
Net Purchase of intangible assets	(950)	(852)
Net cash outflow from acquisition of and increase		
in stake of subsidiaries	(623)	(1,185)
Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries	187	62
Net cash outflow from acquisition of and increase		
in stake of associates	(351)	(585)
Net cash inflow from the consolidation of funds	1,600	_
Proceeds from disposal of associates	69	874
Net cash used in investing activities	(20,278)	(12,076)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Issue of ordinary share capital	474	1,010
Issuance of preference shares	_	374
Net purchases and sales of own shares for		
market-making and investment purposes	126	46
Purchases of own shares to meet share awards and		
share option awards	(636)	(575)
On exercise of share options	104	173
Subordinated loan capital issued	5,705	5,948
Subordinated loan capital repaid	(689)	(903)
Dividends paid to shareholders of the parent company	(6,003)	(5,927)
Dividends paid to minority interests	(718)	(710)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,637)	(564)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	69,123	66,093
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	215,486	141,307
Exchange differences in respect of cash and cash equivalents	12,400	8,086
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	297,009	215,486

Additional Information

1. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of HSBC and the separate financial statements of HSBC Holdings have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRSs') as endorsed by the European Union ('EU'). EU-endorsed IFRSs may differ from IFRSs as published by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') if, at any point in time, new or amended IFRSs have not been endorsed by the EU. At 31 December 2007, there were no unendorsed standards effective for the year ended 31 December 2007 affecting these consolidated and separate financial statements, and there was no difference between IFRSs endorsed by the EU and IFRSs issued by the IASB in terms of their application to HSBC. Accordingly, HSBC's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2007 are prepared in accordance with IFRSs as issued by the IASB.

IFRSs comprise accounting standards issued by the IASB and its predecessor body and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting

Interpretations Committee ('IFRIC') and its predecessor body.

Significant accounting policies applicable to the consolidated and separate financial statements of HSBC Holdings can be found in Notes 1 and 2 of the Annual Report and Accounts 2007.

2. Dividends

On 3 March 2008, the Directors declared a fourth interim dividend for 2007 of US\$0.39 per ordinary share. The dividend will be payable on 7 May 2008, to shareholders on the Register at the close of business on 25 March 2008. The dividend will be payable in cash, in US dollars, sterling or Hong Kong dollars, or a combination of these currencies, at the exchange rates quoted by HSBC Bank plc in London at or about 11 am on 28 April 2008, and with a scrip dividend alternative. Particulars of these arrangements will be mailed to shareholders on or about 3 April 2008, and elections will be required to be made by 24 April 2008. As this dividend was declared after the balance sheet date, it has not been included in 'Other liabilities' at 31 December 2007.

The dividend on shares held through Euroclear France, the settlement and central depositary system for Euronext Paris, will be payable on 7 May 2008 to the holders of record on 25 March 2008. The dividend will be payable in cash, in euros at the exchange rate on 28 April 2008, or as a scrip dividend. Particulars of these arrangements will be announced through Euronext Paris on 20 March 2008 and 28 March 2008.

The dividend on American Depositary Shares ('ADSs'), each of which represents five ordinary shares, will be payable on 7 May 2008 to holders of record on 25 March 2008. The dividend of US\$1.95 per ADS will be payable in cash in US dollars or as a scrip dividend of new ADSs. Particulars of these arrangements will be mailed to holders on or about 1 April 2008, and elections will be required to be made by 18 April 2008. Alternatively, the cash dividend may be invested in additional ADSs for participants in the dividend reinvestment plan operated by the depositary.

The Company's shares will be quoted ex-dividend in London, Hong Kong and Bermuda on 19 March 2008 and in Paris on 26 March 2008. The ADSs will be quoted ex-dividend in New York on 20 March 2008.

Dividends declared on HSBC Holdings shares during 2007 were as follows:

		2007			2006
	Per	Se	ttled in	Per	
	share	Total	scrip	share	
	US\$	US\$m	US\$m	US\$	
Dividends declared on ordinary shares					
Fourth interim dividend in respect					
of previous year	0.360	4,161	2,116	0.310	
First interim dividend in respect					
of current year	0.170	1,986	712	0.150	
Second interim dividend in respect					
of current year	0.170	1,997	912	0.150	
Third interim dividend in respect					
of current year	0.170	2,007	614	0.150	
	0.870	10,151	4,354	0.760	

Quarterly dividends on preference share capital

March dividend	15.50	22	15.50
June dividend	15.50	23	15.50
September dividend	15.50	22	15.50
December dividend	15.50	23	15.50
	62.00	90	62.00

On 13 February 2008, the Directors declared a dividend of US\$15.50 per 6.20 per cent non-cumulative US dollar preference share (Series A preference share), equivalent to a dividend of US\$0.3875 per Series A American Depositary Share, each of which represents one-fortieth of a Series A dollar preference share. The dividend is payable on 17 March 2008 to the holder of record on 29 February 2008.

3. Earnings and dividends per ordinary share

	Year ended : 2007 US\$	31 December 2006 US\$
Basic earnings per ordinary share Diluted earnings per ordinary share Dividends per ordinary share	1.65 1.63 0.87	1.40 1.39 0.76
Dividend pay out ratio >	52.7%	54.3%

> Dividends per ordinary share expressed as a percentage of basic earnings per ordinary share.

Basic earnings per ordinary share was calculated by dividing the earnings of US\$19,043 million by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, excluding own shares held, of 11,545 million shares (2006: earnings of US\$15,699 million and 11,210 million shares).

	Year	ended	31 D	ecember
	2007			2006
	US\$m			US\$m
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent				
company	19,133		15	,789
Dividend payable on preference shares classified				
as equity	(90)			(90)
Profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders				
of the parent company	19,043		15	,699

Diluted earnings per ordinary share was calculated by dividing the basic earnings, which require no adjustment for the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares (including share options outstanding not yet exercised), by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, excluding own shares held, plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares in 2007 of 11,661 million shares (2006: 11,320 million shares).

4. Tax Expense

	Year	ended	31	December
2007				2006
US\$m				US\$m

UK corporation tax charge Overseas tax	1,326 3,879	650 4,552
Current tax Deferred tax	5,205 (1,448)	5 , 202
Tax Expense	3,757	5,215
Effective tax rate	15.5%	23.6%

HSBC Holdings and its subsidiaries in the United Kingdom provided for UK corporation tax at 30 per cent (2006: 30 per cent). Overseas tax included Hong Kong profits tax of US\$ 1,137 million (2006: US\$751 million) provided at the rate of 17.5 per cent (2006: 17.5 per cent) on the profits for the year assessable in Hong Kong. Other overseas subsidiaries and overseas branches provided for taxation at the appropriate rates in the countries in which they operate.

Analysis of tax expense	Year ended 31 2007 US\$m	December 2006 US\$m
Taxation at UK corporation tax rate of 30 per cent (2006: 30 per cent)	7,264	6,626
Effect of taxing overseas profits in principal		
locations at different rates	(1,460)	(568)
Tax-free gains	(296)	(199)
Adjustments in respect of prior period liabilities	(309)	(106)
Low income housing tax credits	(107)	(108)
Effect of profits from associates and joint		
ventures	(450)	(253)
Effect of previously unrecognised temporary		
differences	(485)	(122)
Release of deferred tax consequent on		
restructuring of Group interests	(359)	_
Impact of gains arising from dilution of interests	, ,	
in associates	(253)	_
Other items	212	(55)
		(,
Overall tax expense	3 , 757	5,215

5. Capital resources

	At 31	l December
	2007	2006
	용	%
Capital ratios		
Total capital	13.6	13.5
Tier 1 capital	9.3	9.4
	US\$m	US\$m
Composition of regulatory capital		
Tier 1:		
Shareholders' equity	128,160	108,352
Minority interests and preference shares	6,240	7,413
Innovative tier 1 securities	10,512	9,932
Less: Goodwill capitalised and intangible assets	(38,855)	(36,489)
Other regulatory adjustments	(1,090)	(1,366)
Total qualifying tier 1 capital	104,967	87,842

_			_	
.1.	7	$^{\circ}$	٠,	•

iter 2:		
Reserves arising from revaluation of property ar		
unrealised gains in available-for-sale equitie	es 4,393	2,982
Collective impairment allowances	14,047	11,077
Perpetual subordinated debt	3,114	3,396
Term subordinated debt	37,658	30,677
Minority and other interests in tier 2 capital	300	425
Total qualifying tier 2 capital before deduction	ns 59,512	48,557
Unconsolidated investments	(11,092)	(7,512)
Investments in capital of other banks	_	(1,419)
Other deductions	(747)	(394)
Total regulatory capital	152,640	127,074
Total risk-weighted assets	1,123,782	938,678
Basel II proforma tier 1 ratio		
Tier 1 capital*	101,685	_
Total risk-weighted assets	1,129,451	_
Tier 1 ratio - management basis	9.0%	_

 $^{^{\}star}$ Management basis (comprising Core Tier 1 capital plus Innovative tier 1 securities).

6. Notes on cash flow statement

	Year ended 31 2007 US\$m	December 2006 US\$m
(a) Non-cash items included in profit before to Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	1x 2 , 522	2,528
Gain arising from dilution of interests in associates	(1,092)	_
Revaluations on investment property	(152)	(164)
Share-based payment expense	870	854
Loan impairment losses gross of recoveries	18,182	11,331
Provisions for liabilities and charges	989	498
Impairment of financial investments	65	21
Charge for defined benefit plans	727	664
Accretion of discounts and amortisation of		
premiums	(449)	(776)
	21,662	14,956
(b) Change in operating assets		
Change in prepayments and accrued income Change in net trading securities and net	(5,069)	(2,478)
derivatives	(4,972)	(13,620)
Change in loans and advances to banks	(8,922)	(11,505)
Change in loans and advances to customers	(131,886)	(132 , 987)
Change in financial assets designated at fair		
value	(13,360)	(4,883)
Change in other assets	(12,329)	(9,844)
	(176,538)	(175,317)
(c) Change in operating liabilities		
Change in accruals and deferred income	5 , 119	3,549
Change in deposits by banks	32,594	28,378

Change in customer accounts Change in debt securities in issue Change in financial liabilities designated at	199,806 (12,489)	149,849 42,253
fair value	12,304	8,382
Change in other liabilities	12,761	4,967
	250,095	237,378
(d) Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and balances at central banks	21,765	12,732
Items in the course of collection from other banks	9 , 777	14,144
Loans and advances to banks of one month or		
less	232,320	162,998
Treasury bills, other bills and certificates of deposit less than three months Less: items in the course of transmission to	41,819	38,237
other banks	(8,672)	(12,625)
Total cash and cash equivalents	297,009	215,486

7. Loan impairment charge

	Half-year to			Half-year to		
	30Jun07 US\$m	31Dec07 US\$m	2007 US\$m	30Jun06 US\$m	31Dec06 US\$m	2006 US\$m
By category:						
Loan impairment charge						
<pre>Individually assessed impairment allowances:</pre>						
- Net new allowances - Recoveries	442 (57)	483 (72)	925 (129)	253 (75)	333 (53)	586 (128)
Collectively assessed impairment allowances:	385	411	796	178	280	458
- Net new allowances - Recoveries	6,230 (287)	11,027 (589)	17 , 257 (876)	3,986 (268)	6,754 (383)	10,740 (651)
matal alama Car	5,943	10,438	16,381	3,718	6,371	10,089
Total charge for impairment losses	6,328	10,849	17,177	3,896	6,651	10,547
Customers Banks	6,328 -	10,849	17 , 177 -	3 , 896 -	6,654 (3)	10 , 550 (3)

8. Analysis of net fee income

Half-year to

Half-year to

	30Jun07 US\$m	31Dec07 US\$m	2007 US\$m	30Jun06 US\$m	31Dec06 US\$m	2006 US\$m
Cards	3,092	3,404	6 , 496	2,482	2,885	5 , 367
Account services	1,961	2,398	4,359	1,688	1,945	3,633
Funds under management	1,390	1,585	2,975	1,571	1,147	2,718
Broking income	928	1,084	2,012	728	626	1,354
Insurance	804	1,032	1,836	693	665	1,358
Global custody	557	847	1,404	423	374	797
Credit facilities	672	466	1,138	462	460	922
Unit trusts	420	455	875	265	255	520
Imports/Exports	407	459	866	383	397	780
Remittances	273	283	556	223	249	472
Corporate finance	220	189	409	95	160	255
Underwriting	196	171	367	150	136	286
Trust income	146	153	299	113	135	248
Tax Payer Financial Serv	vices 234	18	252	237	26	263
Maintenance income on						
operating leases	69	70	139	59	63	122
Mortgage servicing	53	56	109	47	50	97
Other	1,066	1,179	2,245	822	1,066	1,888
Total fee income	12,488	13 , 849	26,337	10,441	10,639	21,080
Less: fee expense	(1,993)	(2,342)	(4,335)	(2,061)	(1,837)	(3,898)
Net fee income	10,495	11,507	22,002	8,380	8,802	17,182

9. Distribution of results by customer group and global business $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left$

Personal Financial Services

	Half-year to	0		Half-year to	
	30Jun07	31Dec07	2007	30Jun06	31Dec06
	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m
Net interest income	13,998	15,071	29,069	12,736	13,340
Net fee income	5,523	6,219	11,742	4,285	4,477
Net trading income	93	85	178	417	194
Net income from financial					1
instruments designated at					
fair value	796	537	1,333	120	619
Gains less losses from					
financial investments	60	291	351	66	12
Dividend income	41	14	55	8	23
Net earned insurance premiums	3,735	4,536	8,271	2,517	2,613
Other operating income	255	132	387	343	439
Total operating income	24,501	26,885	51,386	20,492	21,717
Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities					
to policyholders	(3,605)	(4,542)	(8,147)	(1,975)	(2,390)
Net operating income before loan impairment charges and					
other credit risk provisions	20,896	22,343	43,239	18,517	19 , 327

Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions	(5,928)	(10,244)	(16,172)	(3,709)	(6,240)
Net operating income	14,968	12,099	27,067	14,808	13,087
Net operating expenses	(10,452)	(11,305)	(21,757)	(9,073)	(9,745)
Operating profit	4,516	794	5,310	5,735	3,342
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures	213	377	590	173	207
Profit before tax	4,729	1,171	5,900	5,908	3,549
Commercial Banking					
-	Half-year to 30Jun07 US\$m	31Dec07 US\$m	2007 US\$m	Half-year to 30Jun06 US\$m	31Dec06 US\$m
Net interest income	4,286	4,769	9,055	3,515	3,999
Net fee income	1,904	2,068	3 , 972	1 , 555	1,652
Net trading income	134	162	296	96	128
Net income/(expense) from					
financial instruments designat at fair value		46	22	(40)	18
Gains less losses from	(24)	4 0	22	(40)	18
financial investments	25	65	90	23	21
Dividend income	4	4	8	2	4
Net earned insurance premiums	205	528	733	128	130
Other operating income	2	163	165	126	124
Total operating income	6 , 536	7,805	14,341	5,405	6,076
Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities					
to policyholders Net operating income before loan impairment charges and	44	(435)	(391)	(42)	(54)
other credit risk provisions Loan impairment charges and	6 , 580	7,370	13,950	5,363	6,022
other credit risk provisions	(431)	(576)	(1,007)	(260)	(437)
Net operating income	6,149	6,794	12,943	5,103	5 , 585
Net operating expenses	(2,907)	(3,345)	(6,252)	(2,385)	(2,594)
Operating profit	3,242	3,449	6,691	2,718	2 , 991
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures	180	274	454	144	144
Profit before tax	3,422	3,723	7,145	2,862	3,135
Global Banking and Markets	. 16				
	Half-year to 30Jun07 US\$m	31Dec07 US\$m	2007 US\$m	Half-year to 30Jun06 US\$m	31Dec06 US\$m
Net interest income	1,847	2,583	4,430	1,394	1,774
Net fee income	2,264	2,637	4,901	1,810	1,908
Net trading income Net income/(expense) from	2 , 897	370	3,267	2,496	2,015

financial instruments designate	ed				
at fair value	11	(175)	(164)	47	(27)
Gains less losses from	7.60	F 4 F	1 212	260	265
financial investments Dividend income	768 175	545 47	1,313 222	269 147	265 88
Net earned insurance premiums	46	47	93	41	32
Other operating income	529	689	1,218	578	800
other operating income	029	003	1,210	370	000
Total operating income Net insurance claims incurred	8 , 537	6,743	15,280	6,782	6,855
and movement in liabilities to policyholders	(38)	(32)	(70)	(31)	(31)
Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other					
credit risk provisions	8,499	6,711	15,210	6,751	6 , 824
Loan impairment charges and other credit risk		4.50		100	
recoveries	24	(62)	(38)	109	10
Net operating income	8,523	6,649	15 , 172	6,860	6,834
Net operating expenses	(4,479)	(4,879)	(9,358)	(3,740)	(4,251)
Operating profit	4,044	1,770	5,814	3,120	2,583
Share of profit in associates					
and joint ventures	114	193	307	24	79
Profit before tax	4,158	1,963	6,121	3,144	2,662
Private Banking					
	Half-year to			Half-year to	
	30Jun07	31Dec07	2007	30Jun06	31Dec06
	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m
Net interest income	F.C.7	640	1 016	400	F 2 0
Net fee income	567 811	649 804	1,216 1,615	482 705	529 618
Net trading income	259	275	534	216	148
Net income/(expense) from		273	334	210	140
financial instruments designate at fair value	ed	(1)	(1)		1
Gains less losses from	_	(1)	(1)	_	1
financial investments	45	74	119	28	138
Dividend income	5	2	7	4	1
Other operating income	31	27	58	25	36
Net operating income before					
loan impairment charges and					
other credit risk provisions	1,718	1,830	3,548	1,460	1,471
Loan impairment charges and					
other credit risk provisions	(9)	(5)	(14)	(29)	(4)
Net operating income	1,709	1,825	3 , 534	1,431	1,467
Net operating expenses	(929)	(1,096)	(2,025)	(831)	(854)
Operating profit	780	729	1,509	600	613
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures	-	2	2	-	1

Profit before tax 780 731 1,511 600 614

Other

		f-year to		Half
	30Jun07	31Dec07	2007	30Jun06
	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m
Net interest income/(expense)	(291)	(251)	(542)	(292)
Net fee income/(expense)	(7)	(221)	(228)	25
Net trading income/(expense) Net income/(expense) from financial instruments	(49)	175	126	(68)
designated at fair value	91	2,802	2,893	133
Gains less losses from financial investments Gains arising from dilution of interests in	101	(18)	83	107
associates	1,076	16	1,092	_
Dividend income	27	5	32	61
Net earned insurance premiums	(9)	(12)	(21)	148
Other operating income	1 , 667	1,856	3 , 523	1,544
Total operating income	2,606	4,352	6,958	1,658
Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders	_	_	_	(101)
Net operating income before loan impairment				(101)
charges and other credit risk provisions	2,606	4,352	6,958	1 , 557
Loan impairment charges and other credit				
risk provisions	(2)	(9)	(11)	(1)
Net operating income	2,604	4,343	6,947	1,556
Net operating expenses	(1,650)	(1,912)	(3,562)	(1,573)
Operating profit	954	2,431	3,385	(17)
Share of profit in associates and				
joint ventures	116	34	150	20
Profit/(loss) before tax	1,070	2,465	3 , 535	3
10. Geographical distribution of results				
Europe				
•	Half-ye	ar to		Half-y
	30Jun07	31Dec07	2007	30Jun06
	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m
Interest income	15,217	17 , 927	33,144	11,765
Interest expense	(11,297)	(14,101)	(25,398)	(7 , 671)
Net interest income	3,920	3,826	7,746	4,094
Fee income	5 , 382	5 , 591	10,973	4,874
Fee expense	(1,238)	(1,304)	(2,542)	(1,361)
-	•	•		

Net fee income	4,144	4,287	8,431	3,513
Net trading income Net income from financial instruments	3,338	3,605	6,943	2,187
designated at fair value	348	878	1,226	129
Gains less losses from financial investments	790	536	1,326	266
Dividend income	161	10	171	121
			4,010	668
Net earned insurance premiums	1,480	2,530		
Other operating income	262	931	1,193	633
Total operating income	14,443	16,603	31,046	11,611
Net insurance claims incurred and movement				
in liabilities to policyholders	(1, 146)	(2,333)	(3,479)	(287)
Net operating income before loan impairment	, , ,	` , ,		, ,
charges and other credit risk provisions	13,297	14,270	27,567	11,324
charges and other credit risk provisions	13,291	14,270	27,307	11,324
Loan impairment charges and other credit				
risk provisions	(1,363)	(1, 179)	(2,542)	(935)
Net operating income	11,934	13,091	25 , 025	10,389
Net operating expenses	(7,972)	(8,553)	(16,525)	(6,723)
Operating profit	3,962	4,538	8,500	3,666
Share of profit/(loss) in associates and				
joint ventures	88	7	95	(66)
Profit before tax	4,050	4,545	8,595	3,600
Hong Kong				
Interest income	6,214	6,366	12,580	5,207
Interest income	•		·	•
Interest expense	(3,646)	(3,451)	(7 , 097)	(3,049)
Net interest income	2,568	2,915	5,483	2,158
Fee income	1 , 659	2,201	3 , 860	1,197
Fee expense	(220)	(278)	(498)	(197)
Net fee income	1,439	1,923	3,362	1,000
Net trading income	469	773	1,242	306
	100		-,	000
Not income trem tinancial inctrimente				
Net income from financial instruments	210	166	676	c
designated at fair value	210	466	676	6
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments	32	62	94	122
designated at fair value				
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments	32	62	94	122
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net earned insurance premiums	32 17	62 14	94 31	122 59
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income	32 17 1,426	62 14 1,371	94 31 2,797	122 59 1,317
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net earned insurance premiums	32 17 1,426	62 14 1,371	94 31 2,797	122 59 1,317
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net earned insurance premiums Other operating income Total operating income	32 17 1,426 413	62 14 1,371 432	94 31 2,797 845	122 59 1,317 443
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net earned insurance premiums Other operating income Total operating income Net insurance claims incurred and movement	32 17 1,426 413 6,574	62 14 1,371 432 7,956	94 31 2,797 845 14,530	122 59 1,317 443 5,411
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net earned insurance premiums Other operating income Total operating income Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders	32 17 1,426 413	62 14 1,371 432	94 31 2,797 845	122 59 1,317 443
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net earned insurance premiums Other operating income Total operating income Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders Net operating income before loan impairment	32 17 1,426 413 6,574 (1,512)	62 14 1,371 432 7,956 (1,696)	94 31 2,797 845 14,530 (3,208)	122 59 1,317 443 5,411 (1,193)
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net earned insurance premiums Other operating income Total operating income Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders	32 17 1,426 413 6,574	62 14 1,371 432 7,956	94 31 2,797 845 14,530	122 59 1,317 443 5,411
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net earned insurance premiums Other operating income Total operating income Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions	32 17 1,426 413 6,574 (1,512)	62 14 1,371 432 7,956 (1,696)	94 31 2,797 845 14,530 (3,208)	122 59 1,317 443 5,411 (1,193)
designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Dividend income Net earned insurance premiums Other operating income Total operating income Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders Net operating income before loan impairment	32 17 1,426 413 6,574 (1,512)	62 14 1,371 432 7,956 (1,696)	94 31 2,797 845 14,530 (3,208)	122 59 1,317 443 5,411 (1,193)

0 0				
Net operating income	4,982	6,109	11,091	4,148
Net operating expenses	(1,665)	(2,115)	(3,780)	(1,504)
Operating profit	3,317	3,994	7,311	2,644
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures	13	15	28	10
Profit before tax	3,330	4,009	7,339	2,654
Rest of Asia-Pacific (including Middle East)				
Interest income Interest expense	4,662 (2,761)	5,496 (3,254)	10,158 (6,015)	3,548 (2,069)
Net interest income	1,901	2,242	4,143	1,479
Fee income Fee expense	1,174 (164)	1,535 (299)	2,709 (463)	949 (164)
Net fee income	1,010	1,236	2,246	785
Net trading income	797	846	1,643	551
Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value Gains less losses from financial investments Gains arising from dilution of interests	78 26	33 12	111 38	(5) 27
in associates Dividend income	1,076 4	5 4	1,081 8	_
Net earned insurance premiums	109	117	226	89
Other operating income	360	438	798	288
Total operating income	5,361	4,933	10,294	3,214
Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders Net operating income before loan impairment	(141)	(112)	(253)	(63)
charges and other credit risk provisions	5 , 220	4,821	10,041	3 , 151
Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions	(308)	(308)	(616)	(271)
Net operating income	4,912	4,513	9,425	2,880
Net operating expenses	(2,075)	(2,689)	(4,764)	(1,609)
Operating profit	2,837	1,824	4,661	1,271
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures	507	841	1,348	386
Profit before tax	3,344	2,665	6,009	1,657
North America				
Interest income Interest expense	14,958 (7,651)	15,225 (7,685)	30,183 (15,336)	13,514 (6,518)
Net interest income	7,307	7,540	14,847	6,996

Fee income	3 , 307	3,426	6 , 733	2,702
Fee expense	(403)	(520)	(923)	(390)
Net fee income	2,904	2,906	5,810	2,312
Net trading income/(expense)	622	(1,164)	(542)	959
Net income/(expense) from financial instruments				
designated at fair value	81	1,669	1,750	24
Gains less losses from financial investments	53	192	245	40
Dividend income	64	41	105	39
Net earned insurance premiums	231	218	449	238
Other operating income	342	18	360	365
The state of the s				
Total operating income	11,604	11,420	23,024	10,973
100al opolacing income	11,001	11, 120	20,021	20,370
Net insurance claims incurred and movement				
in liabilities to policyholders	(124)	(117)	(241)	(117)
Net operating income before loan impairment	(124)	(117)	(241)	(117)
	11,480	11 202	22 702	10 056
charges and other credit risk provisions	11,400	11,303	22,783	10,856
Tana immaissant abassas and ather availt				
Loan impairment charges and other credit	(2,020)	(0. 226)	(10 156)	(0.170)
risk provisions	(3,820)	(8,336)	(12,156)	(2,172)
	T 660	0.065	10 605	0.604
Net operating income	7,660	2,967	10,627	8,684
	(F. 00F)	(5.001)	(10 556)	(4 0 7 4)
Net operating expenses	(5,235)	(5,321)	(10,556)	(4,974)
Operating profit/(loss)	2,425	(2,354)	71	3,710
Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint				
ventures	10	10	20	31
Profit/(loss) before tax	2,435	(2,344)	91	3,741
Latin America				
Interest income	4 , 376	5 , 095	9,471	3 , 497
Interest expense	(1,842)	(2,053)	(3,895)	(1,493)
Net interest income	2,534	3,042	5 , 576	2,004
Fee income	1,234	1,413	2,647	933
Fee expense	(236)	(258)	(494)	(163)
Net fee income	998	1,155	2,153	770
Net trading income	285	263	548	258
Net income from financial instruments				
designated at fair value	157	163	320	106
Gains less losses from financial investments	98	155	253	38
Gains arising from dilution of interests				
in associates	_	11	11	
Dividend income	6	3	9	3
Net earned insurance premiums	731	863	1 , 594	522
Other operating income	153	75	228	41
other operating income	100	7 5	220	7.1
Total operating income	1 062	5 720	10 602	2 712
Total operating income	4,962	5 , 730	10,692	3,742
Not ingurance alaims ingured and				
Net insurance claims incurred and	16761	17511	(1 407)	//00\
movement in liabilities to policyholders	(676)	(751)	(1,427)	(489)

Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions	4,286	4,979	9,265	3,253
Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions	(775)	(922)	(1,697)	(442)
Net operating income	3,511	4,057	7,568	2,811
Net operating expenses	(2,516)	(2,886)	(5,402)	(1,946)
Operating profit	995	1,171	2,166	865
Share of profit in associates and joint ventures	5	7	12	_
Profit before tax	1,000	1,178	2,178	865

11. Registers of shareholders

The Overseas Branch Registers of shareholders in Hong Kong and Bermuda will be closed for one day, on Tuesday 25 March 2008. Any person who has acquired shares registered on the Hong Kong Branch Register but who has not lodged the share transfer with the Hong Kong Branch Registrar should do so before 4.00pm on Thursday 20 March 2008 and any person who has acquired shares registered on the Bermuda Branch Register but who has not lodged the share transfer with the Bermuda Branch Registrar should do so before 4.00pm on Monday 24 March 2008 in order to receive the fourth interim dividend for 2007, which will be payable on Wednesday 7 May 2008. Transfers may not be made to or from the Hong Kong or Bermuda Overseas Branch Registers while those Branch Registers are closed.

Any person who has acquired shares registered on the Principal Register in the United Kingdom but who has not lodged the share transfer with the Principal Registrar should do so before 4.00pm on Tuesday 25 March 2008 in order to receive the dividend.

Transfers of American Depositary Shares should be lodged with the depositary by 12 noon on Tuesday 25 March 2008 in order to receive the dividend.

12. Foreign currency amounts

The sterling and Hong Kong dollar equivalent figures in the consolidated income statement and balance sheet are for information only. These are translated at the average rate for the period for the income statement and the closing rate for the balance sheet as follows:

			Year	ended
			31Dec07	31Dec06
Closing	:	HK\$/US\$ GBP/US\$	7.798 0.498	7.776 0.509
Average	:	HK\$/US\$ GBP/US\$	7.801 0.500	7.769 0.543

13. Litigation

HSBC is party to legal actions in a number of jurisdictions including the UK, Hong Kong and the US, arising out of its normal business operations. HSBC considers that none of the actions is material, and none is expected to result in a significant adverse effect on the financial position of HSBC, either

individually or in the aggregate. Management believes that adequate provisions have been made in respect of such litigation. HSBC has not disclosed any contingent liability associated with these legal actions because it is not practicable to do so, except as set out below.

On 27th July 2007, the UK Office of Fair Trading ('OFT') issued High Court legal proceedings against a number of UK financial institutions, including HSBC Bank plc, to determine the legal status and enforceability of certain of the charges applied to their personal customers in relation to unauthorised overdrafts (the 'charges'). Certain preliminary issues in these proceedings were heard in a trial in the Commercial Division of the High Court on 17th January 2008. This trial concluded on 8th February 2008 and judgment, on the preliminary issues tested, is awaited.

The proceedings remain at a very early stage and may, if appeals on the preliminary issues (or, subsequently, on substantive issues) are pursued, take a number of years to conclude. A wide range of outcomes is possible, depending, initially, upon whether the Court finds that some, all, or none of the charges should be tested for fairness and/or tested as common law penalties and, if it does find that some or all of the charges should be so tested, upon the Court's subsequent assessment of each charge across the period under review. Since July 2001, there have been a variety of charges applied by HSBC Bank plc across different charging periods under the then current contractual arrangements. HSBC Bank plc considers the charges to be and to have been valid and enforceable, and intends strongly to defend its position.

If, contrary to HSBC Bank plc's current assessment, the Court should ultimately (after appeals) reach a decision adverse to HSBC Bank plc that results in liability for it, a large number of different outcomes is possible, each of which would have a different financial impact. Based on the facts currently available to it, and a number of assumptions, HSBC Bank plc estimates that the financial impact could be approximately US\$600 million. To make an estimate of the potential financial impact at this stage with any precision is extremely difficult, owing to (among other things) the complexity of the issues, the number of permutations of possible outcomes, and the early stage of the proceedings. In addition, the assumptions made by HSBC Bank plc may prove to be incorrect.

14. Dealings in HSBC Holdings plc shares

Except for dealings as intermediaries by HSBC Bank plc, HSBC Financial Products (France) and The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, which are members of a European Economic Area exchange, neither HSBC Holdings nor any subsidiaries has bought, sold or redeemed any securities of HSBC Holdings during the year ended 31 December 2007.

15. Statutory accounts

The information in this news release does not constitute statutory accounts within the meaning of Section 240 of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act). The statutory accounts for the year ended 31 December 2007 will be delivered to the Registrar of Companies in England and Wales in accordance with Section 242 of the Act. The auditor has reported on those accounts. Its report was unqualified and did not contain a statement under Section 237(2) or (3) of the Act.

16. Forward-looking statements

This news release contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of HSBC. These

forward-looking statements represent HSBC's expectations or beliefs concerning future events and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainty that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Certain statements, such as those that include the words 'potential', 'estimated', and similar expressions or variations on such expressions may be considered 'forward-looking statements'.

17. Corporate governance

HSBC is committed to high standards of corporate governance. HSBC Holdings plc has complied throughout 2007 with the applicable code provisions of the Combined Code on Corporate Governance issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the Code on Corporate Governance Practices in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Board of HSBC Holdings plc has adopted a code of conduct for transactions in HSBC Group securities by Directors that complies with The Model Code in the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority and with The Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ('Hong Kong Model Code') set out in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited save that The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong has granted certain waivers from strict compliance with the Hong Kong Model Code, primarily to take into account accepted practices in the UK, particularly in respect of employee share plans. Following a specific enquiry, each Director has confirmed he or she has complied with the code of conduct for transactions in HSBC Group securities throughout 2007.

The Directors of HSBC Holdings plc as at the date of this announcement are: S K Green, Baroness Dunn*, Sir Brian Moffat*, M F Geoghegan, Lord Butler*, V H C Cheng, J D Coombe+, J L Duran+, R A Fairhead+, D J Flint, W K L Fung*, J W J Hughes-Hallett+, W S H Laidlaw+, Sir Mark Moody-Stuart+, G Morgan+, S W Newton+, S M Robertson+ and Sir Brian Williamson+.

- * Non-executive Director
- + Independent non-executive Director

The Group Audit Committee has reviewed the annual results for 2007.

18. Annual Review and Annual Report and Accounts

The Annual Review 2007 and/or Annual Report and Accounts 2007 will be mailed to shareholders on or about Thursday 3 April 2008. Copies may be obtained from Group Communications, HSBC Holdings plc, 8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, United Kingdom; Group Communications (Asia), The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, 1 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong; Internal Communications, HSBC - North America, 26525 N Riverwoods Boulevard, Mattawa, Illinois, 60045, USA; Direction de la Communication, HSBC France, 103 avenue des Champs Elysees, 75419 Paris Cedex 08, France; or from the HSBC Group website - www.hsbc.com.

Chinese translations of the Annual Review and Annual Report and Accounts may be obtained on request from Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Hopewell Centre, Rooms 1806-07, 18th Floor, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

A French translation of the Annual Review may be obtained on request from HSBC France, Direction de la Communication, 103 avenue des Champs Elysees, 75419 Paris Cedex 08, France.

The Annual Report and Accounts will be filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Annual Review and Annual Report and Accounts will be available on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong's website - www.hkex.com.hk.

Custodians or nominees that wish to distribute copies of the Annual Review and/ or Annual Report and Accounts to their clients may request copies for collection by writing to Group Communications at the address given above. Custodians and nominees will need to request copies of the Annual Review 2007 and/or Annual Report and Accounts 2007 no later than 10 March 2008.

19. Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Barbican Hall, Barbican Centre, London EC2 on Friday 30 May 2008 at 11 am.

Notice of the meeting will be mailed to shareholders on or about Thursday 3 April 2008.

20. Interim results for 2008

The interim results for the six months to 30 June 2008 will be announced on Monday 4 August 2008.

21. Proposed interim dividends for 2008

The Board has adopted a policy of paying quarterly dividends. Under this policy it is intended to have a pattern of three equal interim dividends with a variable fourth interim dividend. It is envisaged that the first interim dividend in respect of 2008 will be US\$0.18 per ordinary share. The proposed timetables for the dividends in respect of 2008 are:

	First	Interim dividends or Second	the ordinary shares for 200 Third
Announcement	6 May 2008	4 August 2008	3 November 2008 2 Mai
ADSs quoted ex-dividend in New York	21 May 2008	20 August 2008	19 November 2008 18 Max
Shares quoted ex-dividend in London, Hong Kong and Bermuda	21 May 2008	20 August 2008	19 November 2008 18 Max
Record date and closure of Hong Kong Overseas Branch register of shareholders for one day	23 May 2008	22 August 2008	21 November 2008 20 Mai
Shares quoted ex-dividend in Paris	26 May 2008	25 August 2008	24 November 2008 23 Max
Payment date	9 July 2008	8 October 2008	14 January 2009 6 N

22. News release

Copies of this news release may be obtained from Group Comunications, HSBC

Holdings plc, 8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, United Kingdom; Group Communications (Asia) The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, 1 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong; Group Public Affairs, HSBC Bank USA, N.A., 452 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10018, USA; Direction de la Communication, HSBC France, 103 avenue des Champs Elysees, 75419 Paris Cedex 08, France. The news release will also be available on the HSBC Group website - www.hsbc.com.

23. For further information contact:

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

HSBC Holdings plc

By:

Name: P A Stafford

Title: Assistant Group Secretary

Date: 3 March 2008