COHEN & STEERS REIT & PREFERRED INCOME FUND INC Form N-CSR March 08, 2011

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-21326

Cohen & Steers REIT and Preferred Income Fund, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

280 Park Avenue, New York, NY (Address of principal executive offices)

10017 (Zip code)

Adam M. Derechin

Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc.

280 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10017 (Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (212) 832-3232

Date of fiscal year December 31

end:

Date of reporting period: December 31, 2010

Item 1. Reports to Stockholders.

To Our Shareholders:

We would like to share with you our report for the year ended December 31, 2010. The net asset value (NAV) at that date was \$15.63 per common share. The Fund's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and its share price can differ from its NAV; at year end, the Fund's closing price on the NYSE was \$14.29.

The total returns, including income, for the Fund and its comparative benchmarks were:

	Six Months Ended	Year Ended
	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2010
Cohen & Steers REIT and Preferred Income		
Fund		
at Market Value ^a	41.23%	49.18%
Cohen & Steers REIT and Preferred Income		
Fund at NAV ^a	24.34%	31.63%
FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT Indexb	21.22%	27.96%
S&P 500 Index ^b	23.27%	15.06%
BofA Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate Preferred		
Index ^b	8.58%	13.66%
Blended benchmark 50% FTSE NAREIT		
Equity REIT		
Index/50% BofA Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate		
Preferred Index ^b	14.88%	21.09%

The performance data quoted represent past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The investment return and the principal value of an investment will fluctuate and shares, if sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. Performance results reflect the effects of leverage, resulting from borrowings under a credit agreement. Current total returns of the Fund can be obtained by visiting our Web site at cohenandsteers.com.

The Fund implements fair value pricing when the daily change in a specific U.S. market index exceeds a predetermined percentage. Fair value pricing adjusts the valuation of non-U.S. holdings to account for such index change following the close of foreign markets. This standard practice has been adopted by a majority of the fund industry to deter investors from arbitraging funds with a large percentage of non-U.S. holdings. In the event fair value pricing is implemented on the first and/or last day of a performance measurement period, the Fund's return may diverge from the relative performance of its benchmark index, which does not use fair value pricing. An investor cannot invest directly in an index.

- ^a As a closed-end investment company, the price of the Fund's NYSE-traded shares will be set by market forces and at times may deviate from the NAV per share of the Fund.
- ^b The FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT Index is an unmanaged, market-capitalization-weighted index of all publicly traded REITs that invest predominantly in the equity ownership of real estate. The index is designed to reflect the performance of all publicly traded equity REITs as a whole. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of common stocks that is frequently used as a general measure of stock market performance. The BofA Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate Preferred Index is an unmanaged index of preferred securities.

The Fund makes regular quarterly distributions at a level rate (the "Policy"). Distributions paid by the Fund are subject to recharacterization for tax purposes and are taxable up to the amount of the Fund's investment company taxable income and net realized gains. As a result of the Policy, the Fund may pay distributions in excess of the Fund's investment company taxable income and realized gains. This excess would be a "return of capital" distributed from the Fund's assets. Distributions of capital decrease the Fund's total assets and, therefore, could have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio. In addition, in order to make these distributions, the Fund may have to sell portfolio securities at a less than opportune time.

Investment Review

U.S. real estate securities achieved exceptionally strong returns in 2010, fueled by improving fundamentals and a significant compression in cap rates. The year also marked a shift from defense to offense: having recapitalized in 2009, many REITs began to make acquisitions and raise dividends. Investors noticed, and rewarded them for it.

After a rough start in January, REIT shares rallied as companies reported strong earnings, stabilizing rents and higher occupancies, particularly among Class A properties. But in May, stocks retreated globally when Greece was forced to accept emergency loans to avoid default, sparking fears that fiscal troubles in Europe could have a global impact. A volatile summer ensued as economists debated whether the United States would be pulled into a double-dip recession.

Markets revived in late August on hints of a second round of quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve, which was enacted in November. European sovereign risk resurfaced in the fourth quarter, but strong retail sales and the extension of low tax rates fueled a strong finish to the year.

Early-cyclical REITs led the way

Every property sector advanced in 2010, led by those poised to gain the most from improving economic conditions. Apartment REITs (which had a total return of +47.0%)^c were the top performers, benefiting from tight supply, relatively short leases and reduced interest in home buying. While apartment revenues are generally linked to employment, job growth among younger workers near urban centers a major renting constituency was comparatively healthy.

In the hotel sector (+42.8%), RevPAR (revenue per available room) estimates rose substantially during the year amid strengthening demand, an increase in higher-paying business travelers and little new supply in the

^c Sector returns in USD as measured by the FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT Index, an unmanaged capitalization-weighted index of all equity real estate investment trusts. Past performance does not guarantee future results. This information is not representative of any Cohen & Steers account and no such account will seek to replicate an index. You cannot invest directly in an index.

pipeline. Regional mall owners (+34.6%) were also strong, although companies with higher-quality portfolios underperformed, having already experienced significant cap-rate compression in 2009.

Among shopping center REITs (+30.8%), big box power centers did particularly well, as they were successful at finding stable national brands to replace tenants that had gone bankrupt during the recession.

Office and health care rose, but still trailed other sectors

Office REITs (+18.4%) saw strong demand in core urban markets, supporting a rise in occupancies and rents. The traditionally defensive health care sector (+19.2%) behaved less "bond-like" than it has historically. Further, health care REITs executed significant and generally cash-flow-accretive acquisitions throughout the year.

Preferred securities had strong performance

Signs of economic recovery, near-zero short-term interest rates and an improvement in bank fundamentals contributed to a rally in preferred securities. Investors were focused on regulatory changes during the year that will eventually phase out the use of debt-structured (hybrid) preferred securities, and potentially certain forms of perpetual preferreds, as Tier 1 regulatory capital. The proposed reforms created opportunities to invest in securities that are likely to be redeemed at attractive terms.

Over-the-counter preferreds, owned primarily by institutional investors, had especially strong returns and outpaced exchange-traded (retail) issues. REIT preferreds performed well overall, as real estate companies continued to see improving fundamentals. Many larger REITs reopened existing preferreds during the first part of the year, but smaller issuers came to market with a stream of new offerings in the second half. Bank and brokerage issues had mixed returns, while those of insurance companies were generally strong, benefiting from easing concerns regarding equity-sensitive annuity products.

Fund performance

The Fund's performance on a NAV basis compared to its blended benchmark was aided by our stock selection in shopping center REITs. Office REITs were also a significant contributor, as we avoided certain companies with lower-quality assets that underperformed. Our overweight in the apartment sector was beneficial as well, as was stock selection in the sector.

Factors that detracted from performance included stock selection in the regional mall and hotel sectors. Our overweight and stock selection in the industrial sector also hindered relative performance.

The Fund's allocation to preferred securities (which accounted for slightly more than 50% of the Fund's assets as of December 31, 2010), significantly outpaced the BofA Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate Preferred Index. Good performers included our holdings in certain bank, insurance and real estate preferred issues. However, while both asset classes did well, because REITs offered greater returns, the Fund's slight overweight in preferreds relative to REITs detracted from performance.

The Fund employs leverage as part of a yield-enhancement strategy. Leverage, which can increase total return in rising markets (just as it can have the opposite effect in declining markets), enhanced the Fund's performance for the year compared with its benchmarks, which are not leveraged.

Impact of derivatives on Fund performance

In connection with its use of leverage, the Fund pays interest on borrowings based on a floating rate under the terms of its credit agreement. To reduce the impact that changes in interest rates could have on the performance of the Fund with respect to these borrowings, we used interest rate swaps to exchange the floating rate for a fixed rate. The Fund also sold put or covered call options on an index or security with the intention of earning option premiums, potentially increasing distributable income and reducing volatility. In 2010, the Fund's use of swaps and options did not have a material impact on performance.

Investment Outlook

The U.S. economy appears to be heading in the right direction, even though the recovery has been slow. There are potential risks, including high unemployment, a burgeoning Federal deficit, fiscal strain in parts of Europe and monetary tightening in China, all of which demand close monitoring.

Fundamentals have bottomed in most property sectors, in our view, likely leading to healthy dividend increases, more public equity offerings and an increase in acquisition activity. But with cap-rate compression having essentially run its course, further multiple expansion will require cash flow growth, which we expect to accelerate in 2011. We are also mindful of the need to protect asset values in the face of rising interest rates over the coming year, leading us to favor companies with strong fundamental drivers that we believe will be in a position to demand rent increases.

We are oriented toward economically sensitive sectors, such as apartments, which we believe will benefit from an increase in household formation. One risk to apartment owners is that more renters become buyers as home prices fall and mortgage financing becomes more available. Hotel REITs remain attractive from a cyclical standpoint, but we note that current share prices have already factored in strong revenue growth and tight supply over the next three to four years. We continue to be positive on regional mall owners, targeting larger companies in the sector.

Regarding preferred securities, they continue to enjoy an above-average yield advantage (wide credit spreads) relative to Treasurys. Even should Treasury yields rise somewhat in coming quarters, we see ample room for collapsing credit spreads, which could continue to support preferred prices in the near term. Catalysts for tighter spreads include improving corporate fundamentals, which stand to elicit credit ratings upgrades, and favorable preferred supply-and-demand dynamics, spurred by regulatory reform. While certain issues are likely to be redeemed by issuers in coming quarters, banks are likely to be slow to issue new types of preferreds until there is more clarification on bank regulatory requirements (expected in mid-2011). Meanwhile, we expect demand to remain high

COHEN & STEERS REIT AND PREFERRED INCOME FUND, INC.

as investors seek to take advantage of preferreds' attractive yields. We are investing to take advantage of opportunities related to bank regulatory reform and credit improvements, and generally favor more interest-rate-defensive issues.

Sincerely,

MARTIN COHEN ROBERT H. STEERS

Co-chairman Co-chairman

JOSEPH M. HARVEY WILLIAM F. SCAPELL

Portfolio Manager Portfolio Manager

THOMAS N. BOHJALIAN

Portfolio Manager

The views and opinions in the preceding commentary are subject to change. There is no guarantee that any market forecast set forth in the commentary will be realized. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific point in time, should not be relied upon as investment advice and is not intended to predict or depict performance of any investment.

Visit Cohen & Steers online at cohenandsteers.com

For more information about any of our funds, visit cohenandsteers.com, where you will find daily net asset values, fund fact sheets and portfolio highlights. You can also access newsletters, education tools and market updates covering the global real estate, listed infrastructure, utilities, large cap value and preferred securities sectors.

In addition, our Web site contains comprehensive information about our firm, including our most recent press releases, profiles of our senior investment professionals and an overview of our investment approach.

Our Leverage Strategy (Unaudited)

Our current leverage strategy utilizes borrowings up to the maximum permitted by the 1940 Act to provide additional capital for the Fund, with an objective of increasing the net income available for shareholders. As of December 31, 2010, leverage represented 32% of the Fund's managed assets.

It has been our philosophy to utilize interest rate swap transactions to seek to reduce the interest rate risk inherent in our utilization of leverage. Considering that borrowings have variable interest rate payments, we seek to lock in those rates on a significant portion of this additional capital through interest rate swap agreements (where we effectively convert our variable rate obligation to a fixed rate obligation for the term of the swap agreements). Specifically, as of December 31, 2010, we have fixed the rate on 50% of our borrowings at an average interest rate of 3.6% for an average remaining period of 2.7 years (when we first entered into the swaps, the average term was 5.6 years). Locking in a significant portion of our leveraging costs is designed to protect the dividend-paying ability of the Fund. The use of leverage increases the volatility of the Fund's net asset value in both up and down markets. However, we believe that locking in a portion of the Fund's leveraging costs for the term of the swap agreements partially protects the Fund's expenses from an increase in short-term interest rates.

Leverage Facts^b

Leverage (as a % of managed assets) ^a	32%
% Fixed Rate	50%
% Variable Rate	50%
Weighted Average Rate on Swaps	3.6%
	2.7
Weighted Average Term on Swaps	years
Current Rate on Debt ^c	1.3%

The Fund seeks to enhance its dividend yield through leverage. The use of leverage is a speculative technique and there are special risks and costs associated with leverage. The net asset value of the Fund's common shares may be reduced by the issuance and ongoing costs of leverage. So long as the Fund is able to invest in securities that produce a realized investment yield that is greater than the total cost of leverage, the leverage strategy will produce higher current net investment income for the common shareholders. On the other hand, to the extent that the total cost of leverage exceeds the incremental income gained from employing such leverage, the common shareholders would realize lower net investment income. In addition to the impact on net income, the use of leverage will have an effect of magnifying capital appreciation or depreciation for common shareholders. Specifically, in an up market, leverage will typically generate greater capital appreciation than if the Fund was not employing leverage. Conversely, in down markets, the use of leverage will generally result in greater capital depreciation than if the Fund had been unlevered. To the extent that the Fund is required or elects to reduce its leverage, the Fund may need to liquidate investments, including under adverse economic conditions which may result in capital losses potentially reducing returns to common shareholders. There can be no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be successful during any period in which it is employed.

^a On June 1, 2009, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) issued an order (the "Order") to the Fund providing an exemption from Section 18(a)(1) of the 1940 Act. The Order temporarily permitted the Fund to maintain 200% asset coverage for debt used to replace auction market preferred securities (AMPS) rather than 300% asset

coverage required by Section 18(a)(1) for debt. Effective June 10, 2010, it was no longer necessary for the Fund to utilize the temporary relief and the Fund began complying with the 300% asset coverage required by Section 18(a)(1).

- ^b Data as of December 31, 2010. Information is subject to change.
- ^c See Note 6 in Notes to Financial Statements.

DECEMBER 31, 2010

Top Ten Holdings^a (Unaudited)

		% of
		Managed
Security	Value	Assets
Simon Property Group	\$ 66,573,336	6.0%
Equity Residential	33,849,685	3.1
Public Storage	30,657,339	2.8
Host Hotels & Resorts	22,943,472	2.1
Boston Properties	22,316,776	2.0
ProLogis	20,192,015	1.8
HSBC Capital Funding LP, 10.176%, due		
12/29/49, 144A	19,356,710	1.8
Kimco Realty Corp.	18,018,911	1.6
Vornado Realty Trust	16,870,992	1.5
AvalonBay Communities	16,634,215	1.5

^a Top ten holdings are determined on the basis of the value of individual securities held. The Fund may also hold positions in other types of securities issued by the companies listed above. See the Schedule of Investments for additional details on such other positions.

Sector Breakdown

(Based on Managed Assets) (Unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

		Number of Shares	Value
COMMON STOCK	67.2%	of Shares	v arue
BANK	0.3%		
SJB Escrow Corp., Class A, 144Aa,b,c,d	0.5 //	107,000	\$ 2,140,000
REAL ESTATE	66.9%	107,000	Ψ 2,110,000
DIVERSIFIED	4.0%		
Forest City Enterprises ^{d,e,f}		463,800	7,740,822
Lexington Realty Trust ^{e,f}		663,367	5,273,767
Vornado Realty Trust ^{e,f}		202,460	16,870,992
,		, , ,	29,885,581
HEALTH CARE	6.1%		- , ,
Brookdale Senior Livingd,e,f		183,098	3,920,128
Cogdell Spencer ^e		679,500	3,941,100
HCPe,f		171,092	6,294,475
Health Care REIT ^{e,f}		243,515	11,601,055
LTC Properties ^{e,f}		117,380	3,296,030
Nationwide Health Properties ^{e,f}		79,410	2,888,936
Ventas ^{e,f}		265,874	13,953,067
			45,894,791
HOTEL	5.0%		
Hersha Hospitality Truste,f		684,950	4,520,670
Hospitality Properties Truste,f		186,002	4,285,486
Host Hotels & Resorts ^{e,f}		1,283,910	22,943,472
Sunstone Hotel Investors ^d		525,934	5,432,898
			37,182,526
INDUSTRIAL	3.5%		
AMB Property Corp.		131,279	4,162,857
ProLogis ^{e,f}		1,398,339	20,192,015
Segro PLC (United Kingdom)		516,200	2,304,968
			26,659,840
;	See accompanying notes to final 8	ncial statements.	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2010

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
OFFICE	7.0%		
Boston Properties ^{e,f,g}		259,196	\$ 22,316,776
Brandywine Realty Trust		27,940	325,501
Douglas Emmette,f		234,600	3,894,360
Liberty Property Trust ^{e,f}		271,733	8,673,717
Mack-Cali Realty Corp.e		270,840	8,953,970
SL Green Realty Corp.e,f		129,282	8,727,828
			52,892,152
OFFICE/INDUSTRIAL	1.1%		
PS Business Parks ^{e,f}		148,527	8,275,924
RESIDENTIAL	16.3%		
APARTMENT	15.4%		
Apartment Investment & Managemen	t		
Co.e,f		446,699	11,542,702
Associated Estates Realty Corp.e		381,218	5,828,823
AvalonBay Communities ^{e,f}		147,794	16,634,215
BRE Properties ^{e,f}		254,435	11,067,923
Camden Property Trust ^{e,f}		118,728	6,408,938
Campus Crest Communities ^e		218,907	3,069,076
Colonial Properties Trustg		159,127	2,872,242
Equity Residential ^{e,f}		651,582	33,849,685
Essex Property Trust		37,147	4,242,930
Post Properties ^{e,f}		241,966	8,783,366
UDR ^{e,f}		489,396	11,510,594
			115,810,494
MANUFACTURED HOME	0.9%		
Equity Lifestyle Properties ^e		114,743	6,417,576
TOTAL RESIDENTIAL			122,228,070
SELF STORAGE	4.9%		
Public Storage ^{e,f}		302,281	30,657,339
Sovran Self Storage ^{e,f}		139,809	5,146,369
U-Store-It Trust		116,218	1,107,558
			36,911,266
	See accompanying notes to finance	cial statements.	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
SHOPPING CENTER	17.1%		
COMMUNITY CENTER	6.1%		
Developers Diversified Realty Corp.e,f		1,006,818	\$ 14,186,065
Kimco Realty Corp. ^{e,f}		998,831	18,018,911
Ramco-Gershenson Properties Trust		304,000	3,784,800
Regency Centers Corp.e,f		96,236	4,065,009
Urstadt Biddle Properties Class A		293,122	5,701,223
			45,756,008
REGIONAL MALL	11.0%		
General Growth Properties ^e		421,174	6,519,773
Macerich Co. ^{e,f}		38,988	1,846,862
Pennsylvania REIT		142,623	2,072,312
Simon Property Group ^{e,f}		669,146	66,573,336
Taubman Centers		107,183	5,410,598
			82,422,881
TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER			128,178,889
SPECIALTY	1.9%		
Digital Realty Trust ^{e,f}		155,931	8,036,684
DuPont Fabros Technology ^{e,f}		168,533	3,584,697
Rayoniere		53,287	2,798,633
			14,420,014
TOTAL REAL ESTATE			502,529,053
TOTAL COMMON STOCK (Identified			
cost \$380,171,204)			504,669,053
PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR			
VALUE	28.9%		
BANK	6.7%		
Bank of America Corp., 4.00%, Series V			
(FRN)e,f		255,607	4,554,917
Citigroup Capital VII, 7.125%, due			
7/31/31, (TruPS)		215,000	5,342,750
Citigroup Capital VIII, 6.95%, due			
9/15/31, (TruPS) ^{e,f,g}		637,748	15,433,502
Citigroup Capital XIII, 7.875%, due			
10/30/40		293,000	7,884,630
Cobank ACB, 7.00%, 144A (\$50 par			
value) ^{b,c,e}		120,000	5,415,000
KeyCorp Capital IX, 6.75%, due			
12/15/66 ^e		252,929	6,070,296
National City Capital Trust II, 6.625%,			
due 11/15/36 ^{e,f}		215,987	5,395,355

50,096,450

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
BANK FOREIGN	4.3%		
Barclays Bank PLC, 7.10%, Series IIIe		80,000	\$ 1,994,400
Deutsche Bank Contingent Capital Trust			
II, 6.55% ^{e,f}		122,634	2,838,977
Deutsche Bank Contingent Capital Trust			
III, 7.60% ^{e,f}		280,000	7,120,400
HSBC Holdings PLC, 8.00%, Series II ^{e,f}		215,005	5,729,883
National Westminster Bank PLC, 7.76%,			
Series C		480,539	10,442,113
Santander Finance Preferred, 10.50%,			
Series X		161,301	4,493,846
	• 0.4		32,619,619
FINANCE	3.0%		
INVESTMENT BANKER/BROKER	1.4%		
Merrill Lynch Capital Trust I, 6.45%, due			
12/15/66, Series K ^e		300,000	6,660,000
Morgan Stanley Capital Trust III, 6.25%,		161062	2 (00 140
due 3/1/33 ^e		164,962	3,698,448
MODECACETOANIBROVER	1.60		10,358,448
MORTGAGE LOAN/BROKER	1.6%		
Countrywide Capital IV, 6.75%, due		200,000	6.925.600
4/1/33e Countrywide Conited V. 7 000/ due		288,000	6,825,600
Countrywide Capital V, 7.00%, due 11/1/36 ^e		217 500	5 250 500
11/1/30		217,500	5,350,500 12,176,100
TOTAL FINANCE			22,534,548
INSURANCE	7.1%		22,334,340
LIFE/HEALTH INSURANCE FOREIGN	1.6%		
Aegon NV, 6.375% ^e	1.0 //	382,555	8,278,490
Aegon NV, 6.875%		150,000	3,417,000
10gon 100, 0.073 //		130,000	11,695,490
MULTI-LINE	0.5%		11,073,470
American Financial Group, 7.00%, due	0.5 70		
9/30/50		145,000	3,588,750
MULTI-LINE FOREIGN	3.2%	112,000	3,300,130
Allianz SE, 8.375% ^e	3. 2 ,0	296,472	7,810,199
ING Groep N.V., 6.375%		177,700	3,625,080
ING Groep N.V., 7.375% ^{e,f}		408,290	9,464,162
ING Groep N.V., 8.50%		127,900	3,234,591
r,			24,134,032
			, ,

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
REINSURANCE FOREIGN	1.8%		
Arch Capital Group Ltd., 7.875%, Serie	S		
В		100,443	\$ 2,568,328
Arch Capital Group Ltd., 8.00%		122,864	3,133,032
Aspen Insurance Holdings Ltd., 7.401%	·,		
Series A		160,000	3,872,000
Axis Capital Holdings Ltd., 7.50%,			
Series B (\$100 par value) ^e		45,000	4,135,783
•			13,709,143
TOTAL INSURANCE			53,127,415
INTEGRATED			
TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE	ES 0.8%		
Telephone & Data Systems, 6.875%, du	ie		
11/15/59		154,000	3,826,900
Telephone & Data Systems, 7.60%, due	,		
12/1/41, Series A ^e		97,457	2,456,891
			6,283,791
MEDIA DIVERSIFIED SERVICES	0.4%		
Comcast Corp., 6.625%, due 5/15/56e		104,144	2,650,465
REAL ESTATE	6.6%		
DIVERSIFIED	1.5%		
Duke Realty Corp., 6.95%, Series Me,f		100,000	2,388,000
Duke Realty Corp., 7.25%, Series N ^e		133,400	3,274,970
Lexington Realty Trust, 6.50%, Series (Z		
(\$50 par value) ^{e,f}		96,586	4,126,154
Vornado Realty Trust, 6.75%, Series He	e,f	56,100	1,329,009
•			11,118,133
HEALTH CARE	0.3%		
Omega Healthcare Investors, 8.375%,			
Series De		99,669	2,595,381
OFFICE	0.4%		
BioMed Realty Trust, 7.375%, Series A	e	55,000	1,375,550
SL Green Realty Corp., 7.625%, Series			
Ce		70,000	1,750,000
			3,125,550
OFFICE/INDUSTRIAL	0.4%		
PS Business Parks, 7.00%, Series He		118,864	2,913,356
,	See accompanying notes to fina	ancial statements.	
	12		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number of Shares	Value
RESIDENTIAL APARTMENT	1.0%	of Shares	v arue
Apartment Investment & Management			
Co., 7.75%, Series U		100,000	\$ 2,510,000
Apartment Investment & Management			
Co., 8.00%, Series V ^e		101,000	2,542,170
Apartment Investment & Management			
Co., 7.875%, Series Y ^e		110,000	2,778,600
			7,830,770
SHOPPING CENTER	3.0%		
COMMUNITY CENTER	2.0%		
Cedar Shopping Centers, 8.875%, Serie	es		
A		62,000	1,558,060
Developers Diversified Realty Corp.,			
7.50%, Series I ^e		158,603	3,796,956
Kimco Realty Corp., 7.75%, Series G ^e		134,996	3,563,894
Regency Centers Corp., 7.25%, Series		40000	
De De La La La Caracteria de C		100,000	2,473,000
Weingarten Realty Investors, 6.50%,		4.77.7.40	2 (50 602
Series F ^e		157,540	3,670,682
PEGIONAL MALA	1.0%		15,062,592
REGIONAL MALL	1.0%		
CBL & Associates Properties, 7.375%,	,	204.002	7.002.675
Series D		304,982	7,203,675
TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER			22,266,267
TOTAL PREFERENCE			49,849,457
TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE			
·			217 161 745
(Identified cost \$199,328,849)	See accompanying notes to finan	cial statements	217,161,745
	13	eiai statements.	
	-		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Value
, 4140
\$ 2,303,001
15,638,148
10,415,910
9,384,165
3,069,000
5,365,630
3,997,156
4,883,250
15,998,565
3,622,993
4,030,000
3,355,739
10,123,000
97,832,896
7,993,522
7,222,750
.,,,,,,,,,
1,902,325
1,502,626

Edgar Filing: COHEN & STEERS REIT & PREFERRED INCOME FUND INC - Form N-CSR

BNP Paribas, 7.195%, due 12/31/49,		
144A ^{c,e}		
Claudius Ltd., 7.875%, due 12/29/49	5,500,000	5,623,750
HSBC Capital Funding LP, 10.176%,		
due 12/29/49, 144A ^{c,e}	14,692,000	19,356,710
Intesa Sanpaolo SpA, 9.50%, due 6/1/16	5,000,000	6,380,832
LBG Capital No.1 PLC, 8.00%, due		
12/29/49, 144A ^c	6,800,000	5,984,000
Rabobank Nederland, 11.00%, due		
6/30/19, 144A ^{c,e}	2,800,000	3,629,648
Resona Preferred Global Securities,		
7.191%, due 12/29/49,		
144A (FRN) ^c	3,000,000	2,980,335
SMFG Preferred Capital, 9.50%, due		
7/29/49, 144A (FRN) ^c	5,200,000	6,050,444
Standard Chartered PLC, 7.014%, due		
7/29/49, 144A ^{c,e}	6,400,000	6,285,114
		86,742,930
See a	accompanying notes to financial statements.	
	14	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
CONSUMER NON-CYCLICAL	0.4%	91 319 5	, aras
CVS Caremark Corp., 6.302%, due			
6/1/37		3,050,000	\$ 2,940,398
FINANCE	3.9%		
CREDIT CARD	2.1%		
American Express Co., 6.80%, due			
9/1/66, (FRN) ^e		6,100,000	6,084,750
Capital One Capital III, 7.686%, due			
8/15/36 ^e		10,000,000	10,100,000
			16,184,750
INVESTMENT ADVISORY			
SERVICES	0.6%		
Ameriprise Financial, 7.518%, due			
6/1/66, (FRN)		4,051,000	4,243,423
INVESTMENT BANKER/BROKER	1.2%		
Schwab Capital Trust I, 7.50%, due			
11/15/37, (FRN) ^e		8,550,000	8,874,498
TOTAL FINANCE			29,302,671
FOOD	0.6%		
Dairy Farmers of America, 7.875%,			
144A ^{b,c,e}		50,000	4,462,500
INSURANCE	10.5%		
LIFE/HEALTH INSURANCE	2.0%		
Great-West Life & Annuity Insurance			
Co., 7.153%,			
due 5/16/46, 144A ^{c,e}		7,200,000	7,272,000
Lincoln National Corp., 7.00%, due			
5/17/66		8,000,000	7,880,000
			15,152,000
MULTI-LINE	2.2%		
MetLife, 10.75%, due 8/1/39 ^e		3,000,000	4,030,326
MetLife Capital Trust X, 9.25%, due			
4/8/38, 144A ^{c,e}		10,515,000	12,407,700
			16,438,026
MULTI-LINE FOREIGN	2.4%		
AXA SA, 6.379%, due 12/14/49,		4.427.000	4.050.404
144A ^{c,e}		4,435,000	4,052,481
AXA SA, 6.463%, due 12/31/49,			
144A ^{c,e}		4,600,000	4,151,500
AXA SA, 8.60%, due 12/15/30 ^e		2,000,000	2,246,682
		2,000,000	1,915,000

Old Mutual Capital Funding, 8.00%, due 5/29/49, (Eurobond)

ZFS Finance USA Trust II, 6.45%, due

12/15/65, 144A^{c,e} 5,300,000

5,266,875 17,632,538

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2010

		Number	
		of Shares	Value
PROPERTY CASUALTY	3.1%		
ACE Capital Trust II, 9.70%, due			
4/1/30 ^e		5,410,000	\$ 6,698,711
Liberty Mutual Group, 7.00%, due			
3/15/37, 144A ^{c,e}		3,000,000	2,698,035
Liberty Mutual Group, 7.80%, due			
3/15/37, 144A ^{c,e}		4,000,000	3,980,000
Liberty Mutual Group, 10.75%, due			
6/15/58, 144A ^{c,e}		5,000,000	6,100,000
USF&G Capital, 8.312%, due 7/1/46,			
144A ^{c,e}		3,845,000	4,077,715
			23,554,461
REINSURANCE FOREIGN	0.8%		
Catlin Insurance Co., 7.249%, due			
12/1/49, 144A ^{c,e}		6,800,000	6,018,000
TOTAL INSURANCE			78,795,025
INTEGRATED			
TELECOMMUNICATIONS			
SERVICES	1.7%		
Centaur Funding Corp., due 4/21/20,			
144A ^{c,e}		11,954	12,977,561
PIPELINES	2.1%		
Enbridge Energy Partners LP, 8.05%,			
due 10/1/37 ^e		6,000,000	6,178,020
Enterprise Products Operating LP,			
8.375%, due 8/1/66 ^e		8,710,000	9,362,788
			15,540,808
UTILITIES	1.2%		
ELECTRIC UTILITIES	0.7%		
FPL Group Capital, 7.30%, due 9/1/67,			
Series De		5,000,000	5,169,270
MULTI UTILITIES	0.5%		
Dominion Resources, 7.50%, due			
6/30/66, Series A		3,650,000	3,818,521
TOTAL UTILITIES			8,987,791
TOTAL PREFERRED			
SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES			
(Identified cost \$315,618,767)			337,582,580
See	accompanying notes to	o financial statements.	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Principal	
GODDOD I THE DOLVE G	• • •	Amount	Value
CORPORATE BONDS	2.8%		
INSURANCE PROPERTY CASUALTY	0.5%		
Liberty Mutual Insurance, 7.697%, due 10/15/97,			
144A ^c		4,000,000	3,556,728
INTEGRATED TELECOMMUNICATIONS			
SERVICES	0.5%		
Citizens Communications Co., 9.00%, due			
8/15/31		4,000,000	4,130,000
REAL ESTATE	1.8%		
OFFICE	0.7%		
BR Properties SA, 9.00%, due 12/31/49,			
144A ^{a,b,c}		5,500,000	5,472,500
SHOPPING CENTER	0.4%		
General Shopping Finance Ltd., 10.00%, due			
11/29/49, 144A°		2,965,000	2,853,812
SPECIALTY	0.7%		
Entertainment Properties Trust, 7.75%, due			
7/15/20, 144A ^c		5,000,000	5,312,500
TOTAL REAL ESTATE			13,638,812
TOTAL CORPORATE BONDS (Identified			
cost \$21,054,252)			21,325,540
, , , , , , , , ,		Number	, ,
		of Shares	
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	3.4%		
MONEY MARKET FUNDS			
Federated Government Obligations Fund, 0.02%h		12,705,844	12,705,844
State Street Institutional Liquid Reserves Fund,		,,	,,,,
0.18% ^h		12,721,925	12,721,925
TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS		7. 7	, , , , , ,
(Identified cost \$25,427,769)			25,427,769
	nying notes to	financial statements.	., .,
•	17		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2010

		Value
TOTAL INVESTMENTS (Identified		
cost \$941,600,841)	147.3%	\$ 1,106,166,687
LIABILITIES IN EXCESS OF OTHER		
ASSETS	(47.3)%	(355,283,751)
NET ASSETS (Equivalent to \$15.63 per share		
based on 48,034,510		
shares of common stock outstanding)	100.0%	\$ 750.882.936

Glossary of Portfolio Abbreviations

FRN Floating Rate Note

REIT Real Estate Investment Trust

TruPS Trust Preferred Securities

Note: Percentages indicated are based on the net assets of the Fund.

- ^a Fair valued security. This security has been valued at its fair value as determined in good faith under procedures established by and under the general supervision of the Fund's Board of Directors. Aggregate fair value securities represent 1.0% of net assets of the Fund.
- ^b Illiquid security. Aggregate holdings equal 5.8% of net assets of the Fund.
- ^c Resale is restricted to qualified institutional investors. Aggregate holdings equal 23.9% of net assets of the Fund, of which 4.4% are illiquid.
- ^d Non-income producing security.
- ^e A portion or all of the security is pledged in connection with the revolving credit agreement: \$736,360,412 has been pledged as collateral.
- ^f A portion or all of the security has been rehypothecated in connection with the Fund's revolving credit agreement in the aggregate amount of \$321,735,431.
- ^g A portion of the security is segregated as collateral for interest rate swap transactions: \$15,930,000 has been segregated as collateral.
- h Rate quoted represents the seven day yield of the fund.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2010

Interest rate swaps outstanding at December 31, 2010 are as follows:

		Fixed	Floating Rate ^a		
	Notional	Rate	(resets monthly)	Termination	Unrealized
Counterparty	Amount	Payable	Receivable	Date	Depreciation
Merrill Lynch					
Derivative				December	
Products AG	\$ 45,000,000	3.510%	0.261%	22, 2012	\$ (2,559,109)
Royal Bank of				July 17,	
Canada	\$ 60,000,000	3.653%	0.261%	2013	(4,135,514)
Royal Bank of				March	
Canada	\$ 70,000,000	3.615%	0.261%	29, 2014	(5,240,716)
					\$ (11,935,339)

^a Based on LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). Represents rates in effect at December 31, 2010.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

December 31, 2010

ASSETS:	
Investments in securities, at value (Identified	
cost \$941,600,841)	\$ 1,106,166,687
Cash (includes \$2,589,000 pledged as collateral for open	
swap positions)	3,856,071
Receivable for:	
Dividends and interest	7,587,650
Investment securities sold	3,478,706
Other assets	18,345
Total Assets	1,121,107,459
LIABILITIES:	
Unrealized depreciation on interest rate swap transactions	11,935,339
Payable for:	
Revolving credit agreement	350,000,000
Investment securities purchased	5,409,501
Dividends declared on common shares	1,826,192
Investment management fees	604,576
Administration fees	54,191
Interest expense	25,895
Other liabilities	368,829
Total Liabilities	370,224,523
NET ASSETS	\$ 750,882,936
NET ASSETS consist of:	
Paid-in capital	\$ 913,058,162
Accumulated undistributed net investment income	2,542,785
Accumulated net realized loss	(317,345,631)
Net unrealized appreciation	152,627,620
	\$ 750,882,936
NET ASSET VALUE PER COMMON SHARE:	
$(\$750,882,936 \div 48,034,510 \text{ shares outstanding})$	\$ 15.63
MARKET PRICE PER COMMON SHARE	\$ 14.29
MARKET PRICE DISCOUNT TO NET ASSET VALUE	
PER COMMON SHARE	(8.57)%

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Investment Income:	
Dividend income (net of \$641 of foreign withholding tax)	\$ 30,602,191
Interest income	24,186,479
Rehypothecation income	192,887
Total Income	54,981,557
Expenses:	
Investment management fees	6,689,886
Interest expense	4,536,809
Administration fees	810,548
Professional fees	242,435
Custodian fees and expenses	186,967
Shareholder reporting expenses	138,319
Line of credit fees	113,937
Directors' fees and expenses	101,673
Transfer agent fees and expenses	21,722
Registration and filing fees	13,479
Miscellaneous	90,294
Total Expenses	12,946,069
Net Investment Income	42,035,488
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss):	
Net realized gain (loss) on:	
Investments	61,695,511
Options	21,975
Foreign currency transactions	(142,019)
Interest rate swap transactions	(5,908,243)
Net realized gain	55,667,224
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:	
Investments	88,330,508
Foreign currency translations	(2,503)
Interest rate swap transactions	(3,773,089)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	84,554,916
Net realized and unrealized gain	140,222,140
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 182,257,628

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	For the	For the		
	Year Ended	Year Ended		
	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2009		
Change in Net Assets Applicable to Common Sh	nares:			
From Operations:				
Net investment income	\$ 42,035,488	\$ 38,723,979		
Net realized gain (loss)	55,667,224	(133,795,602)		
Net change in unrealized appreciation	84,554,916	346,180,576		
Net increase in net assets resulting				
from operations	182,257,628	251,108,953		
Less Dividends to Preferred				
Shareholders from				
Net Investment Income		(1,605,547)		
Net increase in net assets from				
operations				
applicable to common shares	182,257,628	249,503,406		
Less Dividends and Distributions to Common Sl	nareholders from:			
Net investment income	(48,163,738)	(34,159,449)		
Tax return of capital		(6,340,023)		
Total dividends and distributions to				
common				
shareholders	(48,163,738)	(40,499,472)		
Capital Stock Transactions:				
Decrease in net assets from Fund share				
transactions	(3,531,311)			
Total increase in net assets applicable				
to				
common shares	130,562,579	209,003,934		
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares:				
Beginning of year	620,320,357	411,316,423		
End of year ^a	\$ 750,882,936	\$ 620,320,357		

^a Includes accumulated undistributed net investment income of \$2,542,785 and \$1,496,969, respectively.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Decrease in Cash:	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 182,257,628
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets from	
operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Purchases of long-term investments	(671,557,775)
Net purchases, sales and maturities of short-term investments	(426,130)
Net amortization/accretion of premium (discount)	108,538
Proceeds from sales and maturities of long-term investments	671,674,271
Net increase in dividends and interest receivable and other	
assets	(1,410,883)
Net increase in interest expense payable, accrued expenses	
and other liabilities	199,184
Net change in unrealized depreciation on investments	(88,330,508)
Net change in unrealized depreciation on interest rate swaps	3,773,089
Net realized gain from investments	(61,695,511)
Cash provided by operating activities	34,591,903
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	
Decrease in net assets from Fund share trasactions	(3,531,311)
Net increase in payable for revolving credit agreement	16,800,000
Distributions paid on common shares	(47,531,694)
Cash used for financing activities	(34,263,005)
Increase in cash	328,898
Cash at beginning of period (including foreign currency)	3,527,173
Cash at end of period (including foreign currency)	\$ 3,856,071

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table includes selected data for a common share outstanding throughout each year and other performance information derived from the financial statements. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto.

	For the Year Ended December 31,					
Per Share Operating						
Performance:	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	
Net asset value per						
common share,						
beginning of year	\$ 12.83	\$ 8.51	\$ 21.88	\$ 32.02	\$ 28.25	
Income from investment	t operations:					
Net investment						
income	1.02	0.73	1.54	2.03	1.92	
Net realized and						
unrealized gain (loss)	2.76	4.46	(11.99)	(7.56)	6.61	
Total income (loss)						
from investment						
operations	3.78	5.19	(10.45)	(5.53)	8.53	
Less dividends and distr	ibutions to preferred					
shareholders from:						
Net investment						
income		(0.03)	(0.52)	(0.46)	(0.35)	
Net realized gain				(0.36)	(0.39)	
Total dividends and						
distributions to						
preferred shareholders		(0.03)	(0.52)	(0.82)	(0.74)	
Total from investment						
operations						
applicable to common						
shares	3.78	5.16	(10.97)	(6.35)	7.79	
Anti-dilutive effect						
from the issuance of						
reinvested						
common shares			0.00^{a}			
Anti-dilutive effect						
from the purchase of						
common shares	0.02					
Less dividends and distr	ibutions to common					
shareholders from:						
Net investment						
income	(1.00)	(0.71)	(0.87)	(1.61)	(1.60)	
Net realized gain				(1.30)	(1.66)	
Tax return of capital		(0.13)	(1.53)	(0.88)	(0.76)	
	(1.00)	(0.84)	(2.40)	(3.79)	(4.02)	

Edgar Filing: COHEN & STEERS REIT & PREFERRED INCOME FUND INC - Form N-CSR

Total dividends and distributions to common shareholders					
Net increase					
(decrease) in net asset value					
per common share	2.80	4.32	(13.37)	(10.14)	3.77
Net asset value, per					
common share, end of					
year	\$ 15.63	\$ 12.83	\$ 8.51	\$ 21.88	\$ 32.02
Market value, per common share, end of					
year	\$ 14.29	\$ 10.35	\$ 6.21	\$ 18.90	\$ 31.00
Net asset value total					
return ^b	31.63%	69.85%	53.42%	20.00%	29.40%
Market value return ^b	49.18%	87.76%	60.65%	28.62%	36.91%
	See a	accompanying notes to 24	financial statements.		

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31,

Ratios/Supplemental		1010			
Data:	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Net assets					
applicable to					
common shares,					
end of year					
(in millions)	\$ 750.9	\$ 620.3	\$ 411.3	\$ 1,055.6	\$ 1,545.0
Ratio of expenses	+ / 0 0 1/2	+ 0=010	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+ -,010	7 2,0 1010
to average daily					
net assets					
applicable to					
common shares	1.87%	2.62% ^c	1.72% ^c	1.27% ^c	1.25% ^c
Ratio of expenses	1.07 /6	2.02 /0	1., 2,0	1.27 %	1.25 /0
to average daily					
net assets					
applicable					
to common shares					
(excluding interest					
expense)	1.22%	2.06% ^c	1.70% ^c		
Ratio of net	1.22 /0	2.0070	1.7070		
investment income					
to average daily					
net					
assets applicable to					
common shares	6.08%	9.02% ^c	9.06% ^c	6.34% ^c	5.92% ^c
Ratio of expenses					
to average daily					
managed assets ^d	1.26%	1.56% ^c	$0.98\%^{c}$	0.84% ^c	0.84% ^c
Portfolio turnover					
rate	66%	81%	53%	52%	34%
Preferred Shares/Revo	lving Credit Agre	ement:			
Liquidation value,					
end of period (in					
000's)			\$ 254,000	\$ 726,000	\$ 726,000
Total shares					
outstanding (in					
000's)			10	29	29
Asset coverage					
ratio for revolving					
credit agreement	315% ^e	286%e	5,644%		
Asset coverage per					
\$1,000 for					
revolving credit					
agreement	\$ 3,145	\$ 2,862	\$ 56,443		

Edgar Filing: COHEN & STEERS REIT & PREFERRED INCOME FUND INC - Form N-CSR

$255\%^{\mathrm{f}}$	245%	313%
\$ 63,750	\$ 61,351	\$ 78,204
\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
	\$ 63,750 \$ 25,000	\$ 63,750

^a Amount is less than \$0.005.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

^b Total market value return is computed based upon the New York Stock Exchange market price of the Fund's shares and excludes the effects of brokerage commissions. Total net asset value return measures the changes in value over the period indicated, taking into account dividends as reinvested. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of these calculations, to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan.

^c Ratios do not reflect dividend payments to preferred shareholders, where applicable.

^d Average daily managed assets represent net assets applicable to common shares plus liquidation preference of preferred shares and/or the outstanding balance of the revolving credit agreement.

^e For the period June 1, 2009 through June 15, 2010, the Fund utilized temporary relief from the Securities and Exchange Commission permitting the Fund to maintain 200% asset coverage.

f Includes the effect of the outstanding borrowings from the revolving credit agreement.

g Based on weekly prices.

Edgar Filing: COHEN & STEERS REIT & PREFERRED INCOME FUND INC - Form N-CSR

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

Cohen & Steers REIT and Preferred Income Fund, Inc. (the Fund) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland on March 25, 2003 and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as amended, as a nondiversified, closed-end management investment company. The Fund's investment objective is high current income.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Fund in the preparation of its financial statements. The policies are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Portfolio Valuation: Investments in securities that are listed on the New York Stock Exchange are valued, except as indicated below, at the last sale price reflected at the close of the New York Stock Exchange on the business day as of which such value is being determined. If there has been no sale on such day, the securities are valued at the mean of the closing bid and asked prices for the day or, if no asked price is available, at the bid price. Exchange traded options are valued at their last sale price as of the close of options trading on applicable exchanges. In the absence of a last sale, options are valued at the average of the quoted bid and asked prices as of the close of business. Over-the-counter options quotations are provided by the respective counterparty when such prices are believed by the Board of Directors to reflect the fair market value.

Securities not listed on the New York Stock Exchange but listed on other domestic or foreign securities exchanges are valued in a similar manner. Securities traded on more than one securities exchange are valued at the last sale price on the business day as of which such value is being determined as reflected on the tape at the close of the exchange representing the principal market for such securities. If after the close of a foreign market, but prior to the close of business on the day the securities are being valued, market conditions change significantly, certain foreign securities may be fair valued pursuant to procedures established by the Board of Directors.

Readily marketable securities traded in the over-the-counter market, including listed securities whose primary market is believed by Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (the investment manager) to be over-the-counter, are valued at the official closing prices as reported by sources as the Board of Directors deem appropriate to reflect their fair market value. If there has been no sale on such day, the securities are valued at the mean of the closing bid and asked prices for the day, or if no asked price is available, at the bid price. However, certain fixed-income securities may be valued on the basis of prices provided by a pricing service when such prices are believed by the Board of Directors to reflect the fair market value of such securities.

Securities for which market prices are unavailable, or securities for which the investment manager determines that the bid and/or asked price or counterparty valuation does not reflect market value, will be valued at fair value

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

pursuant to procedures approved by the Fund's Board of Directors. Circumstances in which market prices may be unavailable include, but are not limited to, when trading in a security is suspended, the exchange on which the security is traded is subject to an unscheduled close or disruption or material events occur after the close of the exchange on which the security is principally traded. In these circumstances, the Fund determines fair value in a manner that fairly reflects the market value of the security on the valuation date based on consideration of any information or factors it deems appropriate. These may include, but are not limited to, recent transactions in comparable securities, information relating to the specific security and developments in the markets. Interest rate swaps are valued utilizing quotes received from an outside pricing service.

The Fund's use of fair value pricing may cause the net asset value of Fund shares to differ from the net asset value that would be calculated using market quotations. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different than the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security.

Short-term debt securities with a maturity date of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which approximates value. Investments in open-end mutual funds are valued at their closing net asset value.

Fair value is defined as the price that the Fund would receive to sell an investment or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction with an independent buyer in the principal market, or in the absence of a principal market the most advantageous market for the investment or liability. The hierarchy of inputs that are used in determining the fair value of the Fund's investments is summarized below.

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical investments
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

When foreign fair value pricing procedures are utilized, securities are categorized as Level 2. The utilization of these procedures results in transfers between Level 1 and Level 2. The following is a summary of the inputs used as of December 31, 2010 in valuing the Fund's investments carried at value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Total	Quoted Prices In Active Market for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Common				
Stock Bank	\$ 2,140,000	\$	\$	\$ 2,140,000
Common				
Stock Other				
Industries	502,529,053	502,529,053		
Preferred				
Securities \$25 Par	50.006.450	44 601 450		5 415 000
Value Bank	50,096,450	44,681,450		5,415,000
Preferred				
Securities \$25 Par Value Insurance				
Multi-Line Foreign	24,134,032	16,323,833	7,810,199	
Preferred	24,134,032	10,323,633	7,010,199	
Securities \$25 Par				
Value Insurance				
Reinsurance Foreign	13,709,143	9,573,360	4,135,783	
Preferred	13,703,113	7,575,500	1,135,765	
Securities \$25 Par				
Value Other				
Industries	129,222,120	129,222,120		
Preferred				
Securities Capital				
Securities Food	4,462,500			4,462,500
Preferred				
Securities Capital				
Securities Other				
Industries	333,120,080		333,120,080	
Corporate				
Bonds Real Estate	- 1 -2 - 200			- 4 -0 - 500
Office	5,472,500			5,472,500
Corporate				
Bonds Other	15 952 040		15 052 040	
Industries Money Market	15,853,040		15,853,040	
Money Market Funds	25,427,769		25,427,769	
Total Investments	\$ 1,106,166,687	\$ 702,329,816	\$ 386,346,871	\$ 17,490,000
Other Financial	ψ 1,100,100,007	φ 102,329,010	φ 300,340,071	φ 17,420,000
Instruments*	\$ (11,935,339)		\$ (11,935,339)	
mon annones	Ψ (11,755,557)		Ψ (11,733,337)	

^{*} Other financial instruments are interest rate swap contracts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Following is a reconciliation of investments in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value:

				Preferred	
			Preferred	Securities	Corporate
	Total	Common	Securities	Capital	Bonds
	Investments	Stock	\$25 Par	Securities	Real Estate
	in Securities	Bank	Value Bank	Food	Office
Balance as of					
December 31,					
2009	\$ 8,258,131	\$	\$ 4,473,756	\$ 3,784,375	\$
Change in unrealized appreciation					
(depreciation)	1,591,869		941,244	678,125	(27,500)
Purchases	7,640,000	2,140,000			5,500,000
Balance as of December 31,					
2010	\$ 17,490,000	\$ 2,140,000	\$ 5,415,000	\$ 4,462,500	\$ 5,472,500

The change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) attributable to securities owned on December 31, 2010 which were valued using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) amounted to approximately \$1,591,869.

Investments classified as Level 3 infrequently trade and have significant unobservable inputs. The Level 3 preferred securities have been deemed illiquid and were valued by a pricing service which has utilized independent broker quotes. The Level 3 common stock and corporate bond have been fair valued utilizing inputs and assumptions which include book value, recent comparables in similar securities, as well as liquidity and market risk factors.

Security Transactions and Investment Income: Security transactions are recorded on trade date. Realized gains and losses on investments sold are recorded on the basis of identified cost. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Discounts are accreted and premiums are amortized over the life of the respective securities. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date, except for certain dividends on foreign securities, which are recorded as soon as the Fund is informed after the ex-dividend date. The Fund records distributions received in excess of income from underlying investments as a reduction of cost of investments and/or an increase in realized gain. Such amounts are based on estimates if actual amounts are not available, and actual amounts of income, realized gain and return of capital may differ from the estimated amounts. The Fund adjusts the estimated amounts of the components of distributions (and consequently its net investment income) as an increase to unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) and realized gain/(loss) on investments as necessary once the issuers provide information about the actual composition of the distributions.

Foreign Currency Translations: The books and records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars as follows: (1) the foreign currency market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities and foreign currency contracts are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the period; and (2) purchases, sales, income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. The resultant exchange gains

Edgar Filing: COHEN & STEERS REIT & PREFERRED INCOME FUND INC - Form N-CSR

and losses are recorded as realized and unrealized gain/loss on foreign exchange

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

transactions. Pursuant to U.S. federal income tax regulations, certain foreign exchange gains/losses included in realized and unrealized gain/loss are included in or are a reduction of ordinary income for federal income tax purposes. The Fund does not isolate that portion of the results of operations arising as a result of changes in the foreign exchange rates from the changes in the market prices of the securities.

Foreign Securities: The Fund may directly purchase securities of foreign issuers. Investing in securities of foreign issuers involves special risks not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. issuers. The risks include possible revaluation of currencies, the ability to repatriate funds, less complete financial information about companies and possible future adverse political and economic developments. Moreover, securities of many foreign issuers and their markets may be less liquid and their prices more volatile than those of securities of comparable U.S. issuers.

Options: The Fund may write put or covered call options on an index or a security with the intention of earning option premiums. Option premiums may increase the Fund's realized gains and therefore may help increase distributable income. When a Fund writes (sells) an option, an amount equal to the premium received by the Fund is recorded in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as a liability. The amount of the liability is subsequently marked-to-market to reflect the current market value of the option written. When an option expires, the Fund realizes a gain on the option to the extent of the premiums received. Premiums received from writing options which are exercised or closed, are added to or offset against the proceeds or amount paid on the transaction to determine the realized gain or loss. If a put option on a security is exercised, the premium reduces the cost basis of the securities purchased by the Fund. If a call option is exercised, the premium is added to the proceeds of the security sold to determine its gain or loss. The Fund, as writer of an option, bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the underlying index or security. Other risks include the possibility of an illiquid options market or the inability of the counterparties to fulfill their obligations under the contract.

Interest Rate Swaps: The Fund uses interest rate swaps in connection with borrowing under its credit agreement. The interest rate swaps are intended to reduce the risk that an increase in short-term interest rates could have on the performance of the Fund's common shares as a result of the floating rate structure of the credit agreement. In these interest rate swaps, the Fund agrees to pay the other party to the interest rate swap (which is known as the counterparty) a fixed rate payment in exchange for the counterparty agreeing to pay the Fund a variable rate payment that is intended to approximate the Fund's variable rate payment obligation on the credit agreement. The payment obligation is based on the notional amount of the swap. Depending on the state of interest rates in general, the use of interest rate swaps could enhance or harm the overall performance of the common shares. The market value of interest rate swaps is based on pricing models that consider the time value of money, volatility, the current market and contractual prices of the underlying financial instrument. Unrealized appreciation is reported as an asset and unrealized depreciation is reported as a liability on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The change in value of swaps, including the accrual of periodic amounts of interest to be paid or received on swaps,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

is reported as unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the Statement of Operations. A realized gain or loss is recorded upon payment or receipt of a periodic payment or termination of swap agreements. Swap agreements involve, to varying degrees, elements of market and counterparty risk, and exposure to loss in excess of the related amounts reflected in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The Fund's maximum risk of loss from counterparty credit risk is the discounted net value of the cash flows to be received from the counterparty over the contract's remaining life, to the extent that such amount is positive.

For each swap counterparty, the Fund entered into an International Swap and Derivatives Association Inc. Master Agreement and related annexes thereto ("ISDAs") which sets forth the general terms and conditions of the Fund's swap transactions. During 2008, the Fund notified Merrill Lynch Derivatives Product AG ("MLDP") that it breached certain terms and conditions of its ISDAs. During 2009, the Fund notified MLDP of additional breaches. MLDP has required that the Fund post collateral in the form of cash or U.S. Treasury securities. The collateral amount is determined by the approximate unrealized depreciation of a particular swap transaction on each valuation date. As of December 31, 2010, this amount was \$2,589,000 and was pledged in cash by the Fund to MLDP. At December 31, 2010, the Fund continues to operate under the existing terms of all of its various ISDAs, including those with MLDP. However, MLDP reserves any and all rights to take any future action with respect to such events, including termination of outstanding swap transactions; termination or renegotiation of the ISDAs; posting of collateral in the form of cash or U.S. Treasury securities representing the unrealized depreciation on outstanding interest rate swap transactions or continuation under the current terms of the ISDAs. Any action resulting in the early termination of an interest rate swap transaction would cause the Fund to realize any market depreciation may generate additional expenses for the Fund.

Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders: Dividends from net investment income and capital gain distributions are determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations, which may differ from GAAP. Dividends from net investment income, if any, are declared and paid quarterly. Net realized capital gains, unless offset by any available capital loss carryforward, are typically distributed to shareholders at least annually. Dividends and distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date and are automatically reinvested in full and fractional shares of the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Reinvestment Plan unless the shareholder has elected to have them paid in cash.

Distributions paid by the Fund are subject to recharacterization for tax purposes.

Income Taxes: It is the policy of the Fund to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company, if such qualification is in the best interest of the shareholders, by complying with the requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies, and by distributing substantially all of its taxable earnings to its shareholders. Accordingly, no provision for federal income or excise tax is necessary. Management has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on federal income tax returns as well as its tax positions in non-U.S. jurisdictions where it trades for all open tax years and has concluded that as of December 31, 2010, no

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

provisions for income tax would be required in the Fund's financial statements. The Fund's tax positions for the tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service, state departments of revenue and by foreign tax authorities.

In December 2010, the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010 (the Act) was enacted. The Act contained federal income tax law changes affecting mutual funds and their shareholders. The provisions of the Act were evaluated and its implementation is not expected to have a material impact to the Fund or the Fund's shareholders, other than the impact on capital loss carryforwards as discussed in Note 4.

Note 2. Investment Management Fees, Administration Fees and Other Transactions with Affiliates

Investment Management Fees: The investment manager serves as the Fund's investment manager pursuant to an investment management agreement (the investment management agreement). Under the terms of the investment management agreement, the investment manager provides the Fund with day-to-day investment decisions and generally manages the Fund's investments in accordance with the stated policies of the Fund, subject to the supervision of the Board of Directors.

For the services under the investment management agreement, the Fund pays the investment manager a management fee, accrued daily and paid monthly, at an annual rate of 0.65% of the Fund's average daily managed asset value. Managed asset value is the net asset value of the common shares plus the amount of any loan outstanding.

Administration Fees: The Fund has entered into an administration agreement with the investment manager under which the investment manager performs certain administrative functions for the Fund and receives a fee, accrued daily and paid monthly, at the annual rate of 0.06% of the Fund's average daily managed assets up to \$1 billion, 0.04% of the Fund's average daily managed assets in excess of \$1 billion up to \$1.5 billion and 0.02% of the Fund's average daily managed assets in excess of \$1.5 billion. For the year ended December 31, 2010, the Fund incurred \$609,431 in administration fees. Additionally, the Fund pays State Street Bank and Trust Company as sub-administrator under a fund accounting and administration agreement.

Directors' and Officers' Fees: Certain directors and officers of the Fund are also directors, officers, and/or employees of the investment manager. The Fund does not pay compensation to any affiliated directors and officers except for the Chief Compliance Officer, who received \$16,538 from the Fund for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Note 3. Purchases and Sales of Securities

Purchases and sales of securities, excluding short-term investments, for the year ended December 31, 2010, totaled \$669,622,353 and \$667,958,118, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Transactions in options written during the year ended December 31, 2010, were as follows:

	Number	
	of Contracts	Premium
Options outstanding at December 31,		
2009		\$
Options written	4,202	95,488
Options expired	(1,465)	(21,975)
Options exercised	(2,737)	(73,513)
Options outstanding at December 31,		
2010		\$

Note 4. Income Tax Information

The tax character of dividends and distributions paid was as follows:

	For the Year Ended			
	December 31,			
	2010	2009		
Ordinary income	\$ 48,163,738	\$ 35,764,996		
Tax return of capital		6,340,023		
Total dividends and distributions	\$ 48,163,738	\$ 42,105,019		

As of December 31, 2010, the tax-basis components of accumulated earnings and the federal tax cost were as follows:

Cost for federal income tax purposes	\$ 946,087,480
Gross unrealized appreciation	\$ 333,355,073
Gross unrealized depreciation	(173,275,866)
Net unrealized appreciation	160,079,207
Other cost basis adjustments	(10,688,855)
Total net unrealized appreciation	\$ 149,390,352

The other cost basis adjustments are primarily attributable to unrealized depreciation on interest rate swaps.

As of December 31, 2010, the Fund had a net capital loss carryforward of \$311,565,578, of which \$180,604,662 will expire on December 31, 2016 and \$130,960,916 will expire on December 31, 2017. This carryforward may be used to offset future capital gains to the extent provided by regulations. The Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010 (the "Act") requires that capital loss carryforwards incurred after the effective date of the Act be used before those previously incurred, thereby increasing the chances that all or a portion of these losses will not be able to be utilized prior to their expiration.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Fund utilized net capital loss carryforwards of \$61,161,694.

As of December 31, 2010, the Fund had temporary book/tax differences primarily attributable to wash sales on portfolio securities and permanent book/tax differences primarily attributable to Fund distributions, differing treatment on interest rate swaps, foreign currency transactions and sales of passive foreign investment companies. To reflect reclassifications arising from the permanent differences, paid-in capital was charged \$11,786,245, accumulated net realized loss was credited \$4,612,179 and accumulated undistributed net investment income was credited \$7,174,066. Net assets were not affected by these reclassifications.

Note 5. Capital Stock

The Fund is authorized to issue 100 million shares of common stock at a par value of \$0.001 per share.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009, the Fund issued no shares of common stock for the reinvestment of dividends.

On December 14, 2010, the Board of Directors approved the continuation of the delegation of its authority to management to effect repurchases, pursuant to management's discretion and subject to market conditions and investment considerations, of up to 10% of the Fund's common shares outstanding ("Share Repurchase Program") as of January 1, 2011 through the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Fund repurchased 323,068 Treasury shares of its common stock at an average price of \$10.93 per share (including brokerage commissions) at a weighted average discount of 18.9%. These repurchases, which had a total cost of \$3,531,311, resulted in an increase of \$0.02 to the Fund's net asset value per share. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Fund did not effect any repurchases.

The Fund's articles of incorporation authorize the issuance of Fund preferred shares, par value \$0.001 per share, in one or more classes or series, with rights as determined by the Board of Directors, by action of the Board of Directors without the approval of the common shareholders.

Prior to the redemption, each series of preferred shares were senior to the Fund's common shares and ranked on parity with shares of any other series of preferred shares, and with shares of any other series of preferred shares of the Fund, as to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon liquidation. If the Fund did not timely cure a failure to (1) maintain a discounted value of its portfolio equal to the preferred shares basic maintenance amount, (2) maintain the 1940 Act preferred shares asset coverage, or (3) file a required certificate related to asset coverage on time, the preferred shares were subject to a mandatory redemption at the redemption price of \$25,000 per share plus an amount equal to accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon to the date fixed for redemption. To the extent permitted under the 1940 Act and Maryland Law, the Fund at its option could without consent of the holders of preferred shares, redeem preferred shares having a dividend period of one year or less, in whole, or in part, on the business day after the last day of such dividend period upon not less than 15 calendar days

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

and not more than 40 calendar days prior to notice. The optional redemption price was \$25,000 per share plus an amount equal to accumulated but unpaid dividends thereon to the date fixed for redemption.

The Fund's common shares and preferred shares had equal voting rights of one vote per share and vote together as a single class, except in certain circumstances regarding the election of directors. In addition, the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority, as defined in the 1940 Act, of the outstanding preferred shares was required to (1) approve any plan of reorganization that would adversely affect the preferred shares and (2) approve any matter that materially and adversely affects the rights, preferences, or powers of that series.

The Articles Supplementary (the "Articles") creating each series of Auction Market Preferred Shares ("AMPS") provided for dividends to be paid at either the rate set in the current auction, or at the maximum rate as defined in the Articles if sufficient clearing bids for the AMPS were not received in the current auction. Beginning on February 13, 2008, sufficient clearing bids were not received for the auctions for the AMPS series of the Fund, and therefore, the maximum rates were declared on the respective AMPS series. Based upon the ratings of the AMPS, the maximum rate for shares of a series was the greater of 125% of LIBOR or 125 basis points plus LIBOR.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Fund redeemed \$254,000,000 of its outstanding preferred shares at a redemption price of \$25,000 per share plus accrued but unpaid dividends. On December 10, 2009, the Fund's preferred shares were reclassified and designated as common shares with preferences, rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends, qualifications or terms and conditions of or rights to require redemption of common shares generally set forth in the Fund's articles of incorporation.

The redemption amount and details for the year ended December 31, 2009 are:

	Shares Outstanding	Number of Shares	Shares Outstanding	Total Value	Amount	Total Value
Series*	12/31/08	Redeemed	12/31/09	12/31/08	Redeemed	12/31/09
M7	1,148	1,148		\$ 28,700,000	\$ 28,700,000	
T7	1,148	1,148		28,700,000	28,700,000	
T28	713	713		17,825,000	17,825,000	
W7	1,148	1,148		28,700,000	28,700,000	
W28A	979	979		24,475,000	24,475,000	
W28B	979	979		24,475,000	24,475,000	
W28C	979	979		24,475,000	24,475,000	
TH7	1,148	1,148		28,700,000	28,700,000	
TH28	770	770		19,250,000	19,250,000	
F7	1,148	1,148		28,700,000	28,700,000	
				\$ 254,000,000	\$ 254,000,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table reflects the preferred shares range of dividend rates paid during the year ended December 31, 2009:

Series*	Range
M7	1.49%-1.69%
T7	1.49%-1.70%
T28	1.54%-1.77%
W7	1.48%-1.70%
W28A	1.56%-1.77%
W28B	1.56%-1.81%
W28C	1.55%-1.80%
TH7	1.49%-1.71%
TH28	1.54%-1.77%
F7	1.49%-1.71%

^{*} All series were Auction Market Preferred Series with a \$25,000 liquidation value and \$0.001 par value.

Note 6. Borrowings

The Fund has a \$350,000,000 revolving credit agreement (the credit agreement) with BNP Paribas Prime Brokerage Inc. (BNPP). The Fund pays a facility fee of 0.95% per annum on the unused portion of the credit agreement. The credit agreement has a 270-day rolling term that resets daily; however, if the Fund exceeds certain net asset value triggers, the credit agreement may convert to a 60-day rolling term that resets daily. The Fund is required to pledge portfolio securities as collateral in an amount up to two times the loan balance outstanding and has granted a security interest in the securities pledged to, and in favor of, BNPP as security for the loan balance outstanding. If the Fund fails to meet certain requirements, or maintain other financial covenants required under the credit agreement, the Fund may be required to repay immediately, in part or in full, the loan balance outstanding under the credit agreement necessitating the sale of portfolio securities at potentially inopportune times. The credit agreement also permits, subject to certain conditions, BNPP to rehypothecate portfolio securities pledged by the Fund up to the amount of the loan balance outstanding. The Fund continues to receive dividends and interest on rehypothecated securities. The Fund also has the right under the credit agreement to recall the securities from BNPP on demand. If BNPP fails to deliver the recalled security in a timely manner, the Fund will be compensated by BNPP for any fees or losses related to the failed delivery or, in the event a recalled security will not be returned by BNPP, the Fund, upon notice to BNPP, may reduce the loan balance outstanding by the amount of the recalled security failed to be returned. The Fund will receive a portion of the fees earned by BNPP in connection with the rehypothecation of portfolio securities.

As of December 31, 2010, the Fund has outstanding borrowings of \$350,000,000. During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Fund borrowed an average daily balance of \$338,170,959 at a weighted average borrowing

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

cost of 1.32%. As of December 31, 2010, the aggregate value of rehypothecated securities was \$321,953,248. During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Fund earned \$192,887 in fees from rehypothecated securities.

On June 1, 2009, the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") issued an order (the "Order") to the Fund providing an exemption from Section 18(a)(1) of the 1940 Act. The Order temporarily permitted the Fund to maintain 200% asset coverage for debt used to replace auction market preferred securities ("AMPS") rather than 300% asset coverage required by Section 18(a)(1) for debt. Effective June 15, 2010, it was no longer necessary for the Fund to utilize the temporary relief and the Fund began complying with the 300% asset coverage required by Section 18(a)(1).

Note 7. Derivative Investments

The following tables present the value of derivatives held at December 31, 2010 and the effect of derivatives held during the year ended December 31, 2010, along with the respective location in the financial statements. The balance of outstanding interest rate swaps at December 31, 2010 is representative of the volume outstanding throughout the year ended December 31, 2010. The volume of activity for written options for the year ended December 31, 2010 is summarized in Note 3.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities							
	Assets			Liabilities			
Derivatives	Location	Fair Value	Location	Fair Value			
Interest rate	Unrealized		Unrealized				
contracts	appreciation		depreciation	\$ 11,935,339			
Statement of Operations							

Derivatives	Location	Realized Gain/(Loss)	_	ge in Unrealized epreciation)
Interest rate	Net Realized and Unrealized			•
contracts	Gain (Loss)	\$ (5,908,243)	\$	(3,773,089)
	Net Realized and Unrealized			
Equity contracts	Gain (Loss)	21,975		
		\$ (5,886,268)	\$	(3,773,089)

Note 8. Legal Proceedings

The Board of Directors of the Fund received a letter from a law firm on behalf of purported holders of the Fund's common shares demanding that the Board of Directors take action against the investment manager and the Fund's directors and officers to recover, for the benefit of the Fund, alleged damages related to such parties' alleged breaches of fiduciary duties related to the redemption of the Fund's auction preferred shares at their liquidation preference. In response to the demand letter, the Fund's Board of Directors established a committee of independent

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

directors to investigate the claims, and the committee retained independent counsel to assist it in conducting its investigation (the "Special Committee").

On November 1, 2010, after an extensive investigation conducted with the assistance of independent counsel, the Special Committee determined that the Fund should not pursue claims based on the allegations in the demand letter and rejected the demands made in the letter.

Note 9. Other

In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts that provide general indemnifications. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is dependent on claims that may be made against the Fund in the future and, therefore, cannot be estimated; however, based on experience, the risk of material loss from such claims is considered remote.

Note 10. Subsequent Events

Events and transactions occurring after December 31, 2010 and through the date that the financial statements were issued, have been evaluated in the preparation of the financial statements and no additional disclosure is required.

Edgar Filing: COHEN & STEERS REIT & PREFERRED INCOME FUND INC - Form N-CSR

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Cohen & Steers REIT and Preferred Income Fund, Inc.

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the schedule of investments, and the related statements of operations, of changes in net assets and of cash flows and the financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cohen & Steers REIT and Preferred Income Fund, Inc. (the "Fund") at December 31, 2010, the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements and financial highlights (hereafter referred to as "financial statements") are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits, which included confirmation of securities at December 31, 2010 by correspondence with the custodian and brokers, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP New York, New York February 23, 2011

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(periods ended December 31, 2010) (Unaudited)

	Based on Net Asset V	/alue	Based on Market Value			
		Since Inception			Since Inception	
One Year	Five Years	(06/27/03)	One Year	Five Years	(06/27/03)	
31.63%	1.52%	6.73%	49.18%	1.50%	4.83%	

The performance data quoted represent past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The investment return will vary and the principal value of an investment will fluctuate and shares, if sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. Performance results reflect the effect of leverage resulting from the issuance of preferred shares and/or borrowings under a credit agreement. Current total returns of the Fund can be obtained by visiting our Web site at cohenandsteers.com.

TAX INFORMATION 2010 (Unaudited)

Pursuant to the Jobs and Growth Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003, the Fund designates qualified dividend income of \$9,212,198. Additionally, 5.6% of the ordinary dividends qualified for the dividends received deduction available to corporations.

REINVESTMENT PLAN

The Fund has a dividend reinvestment plan commonly referred to as an "opt-out" plan (the "Plan"). Each common shareholder who participates in the Plan will have all distributions of dividends and capital gains ("Dividends") automatically reinvested in additional common shares by The Bank of New York Mellon as agent (the "Plan Agent"). Shareholders who elect not to participate in the Plan will receive all Dividends in cash paid by check mailed directly to the shareholder of record (or if the shares are held in street or other nominee name, then to the nominee) by the Plan Agent, as dividend disbursing agent. Shareholders whose common shares are held in the name of a broker or nominee should contact the broker or nominee to determine whether and how they may participate in the Plan.

The Plan Agent serves as agent for the shareholders in administering the Plan. After the Fund declares a Dividend, the Plan Agent will, as agent for the shareholders, either: (i) receive the cash payment and use it to buy common shares in the open market, on the NYSE or elsewhere, for the participants' accounts or (ii) distribute newly issued common shares of the Fund on behalf of the participants.

The Plan Agent will receive cash from the Fund with which to buy common shares in the open market if, on the Dividend payment date, the net asset value ("NAV") per share exceeds the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions on that date. The Plan Agent will receive the Dividend in newly issued common shares of the Fund if, on the Dividend payment date, the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions equals or exceeds the NAV per share of the Fund on that date. The number of shares to be issued will be computed at a per share rate equal to the greater of (i) the NAV or (ii) 95% of the closing market price per share on the payment date.

If the market price per share is less than the NAV on a Dividend payment date, the Plan Agent will have until the last business day before the next ex-dividend date for the common stock, but in no event more than 30 days after the Dividend payment date (as the case may be, the "Purchase Period"), to invest the Dividend amount in shares acquired in open market purchases. If at the close of business on any day during the Purchase Period on which NAV is calculated the NAV equals or is less than the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions, the Plan Agent will cease making open market purchases and the uninvested portion of such Dividends shall be filled through the issuance of new shares of common stock from the Fund at the price set forth in the immediately preceding paragraph.

Participants in the Plan may withdraw from the Plan upon notice to the Plan Agent. Such withdrawal will be effective immediately if received not less than ten days prior to a Dividend record date; otherwise, it will be effective for all subsequent Dividends. If any participant elects to have the Plan Agent sell all or part of his or her shares and remit the proceeds, the Plan Agent is authorized to deduct a \$15.00 fee plus \$0.10 per share brokerage commissions.

The Plan Agent's fees for the handling of reinvestment of Dividends will be paid by the Fund. However, each participant will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred with respect to the Plan Agent's open market purchases in connection with the reinvestment of Dividends. The automatic reinvestment of Dividends will not relieve participants of any income tax that may be payable or required to be withheld on such Dividends.

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan. All correspondence concerning the Plan should be directed to the Plan Agent at 800-432-8224.

OTHER INFORMATION

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available (i) without charge, upon request, by calling 800-330-7348, (ii) on our Web site at cohenandsteers.com or (iii) on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Web site at http://www.sec.gov. In addition, the Fund's proxy voting record for the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available (i) without charge, upon request, by calling 800-330-7348 or (ii) on the SEC's Web site at http://www.sec.gov.

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available (i) without charge, upon request by calling 800-330-7348, or (ii) on the SEC's Web site at http://www.sec.gov. In addition, the Forms N-Q may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 800-SEC-0330.

Please note that distributions paid by the Fund are subject to recharacterization for tax purposes and are taxable up to the amount of the Fund's investment company taxable income and net realized gains. Distributions in excess of the Fund's investment company taxable income and realized gains are a return of capital distributed from the Fund's assets. To the extent this occurs, the Fund's shareholders of record will be notified of the estimated amount of capital returned to shareholders for each such distribution and this information will also be available

at cohenandsteers.com. The final tax treatment of all distributions is reported to shareholders on their 1099-DIV forms, which are mailed after the close of each calendar year. Distributions of capital decrease the Fund's total assets and, therefore, could have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio. In addition, in order to make these distributions, the Fund may have to sell portfolio securities at a less than opportune time.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Rule 23c-1 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 that the Fund may purchase, from time to time, shares of its common stock in the open market.

Change to Investment Policy

The Board of Directors approved a change to the Fund's investment policy, which increased the limitation on investments in below investment grade securities from 10% to 20% of the Fund's total assets. A security will be considered to be investment grade if it is rated as such by one of Moody's, S&P, Fitch or another nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) or, if unrated, are judged to be investment grade by the investment manager. Below investment grade quality securities (below BBB- or Baa3), or securities that are unrated but judged to be below investment grade by the investment manager, are commonly referred to as "high yield" or "junk" securities.

These securities are subject to a greater risk of default and the prices of these securities are more sensitive to negative developments, such as a decline in the issuer's revenues or a general economic downturn, than are the prices of higher grade securities. Lower grade securities tend to be less liquid and their market values more volatile than investment grade securities. Lower-rated securities, or equivalent unrated securities, may be considered speculative with respect to the issuer's continuing ability to make principal and interest payments. Analysis of the creditworthiness of issuers of lower-rated securities may be more complex than for issuers of higher quality securities. The secondary markets in which lower-rated securities are traded may be less liquid than the market for higher grade securities. It is reasonable to expect that any adverse economic conditions could disrupt the market for lower rated securities, have an adverse impact on the value of those securities and adversely affect the ability of the issuers of those securities to repay principal or interest on those securities. New laws and proposed new laws may adversely impact the market for lower-rated securities.

PRIVACY POLICY*

In the course of doing business with Cohen & Steers, you may share personal information with us. We are committed to maintaining the privacy of this information and recognize the importance of preventing unauthorized access to it. You may provide personal information on account applications and requests for forms or other literature (such as your address and social security number) and through account transactions with us (such as purchases, sales and account balances). You may also provide us with this information through written, electronic and telephone account inquiries.

We do not sell personal information about current and former customers to anyone, and we do not disclose it unless necessary to process a transaction, service an account or as otherwise required or permitted by law. For example, we may disclose information to companies that perform administrative services for Cohen & Steers, such as transfer agents, or printers that assist us in the distribution of investor materials. These organizations will use this information only for purposes of providing the required services or as otherwise may be required by law. We may also share personal information within the Cohen & Steers family of companies to provide you with additional information about our products and services.

We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to protect your personal information. Within Cohen & Steers, we restrict access to your personal information to those employees who need it to perform their jobs, such as servicing your account or informing you of new products and services.

The accuracy of your personal information is important. If you need to correct or update your personal or account information, please call us at 800-330-7348. We will be happy to review, correct or update your personal or account information.

* This privacy policy applies to the following Cohen & Steers companies: Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc., Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC and the Cohen & Steers Funds.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

The business and affairs of the Fund are managed under the direction of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors approves all significant agreements between the Fund and persons or companies furnishing services to it, including the Fund's agreements with its advisor, administrator, sub-administrator, custodian and transfer agent. The management of the Fund's day-to-day operations is delegated to its officers, the advisor, administrator and sub-administrator, subject always to the investment objective and policies of the Fund and to the general supervision of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors and officers of the Fund and their principal occupations during at least the past five years are set forth below. The statement of additional information (SAI) includes additional information about fund directors and is available, without charge, upon request by calling 800-330-7348.

				Number of	
				Funds	
				Within	
				Fund	
				Complex	
			Principal Occupation	Overseen	
	Position(s)	During at Least the	by	
Name,	Held		Past 5 Years	Director	Length
Address ¹	with	Term of	(Including Other	(Including	of Time
and Age	Fund	Office ²	Directorships Held)	the Fund)	Served ³
Intereste	d				
Directors ⁴					
Robert H. Steers Age: 57	Director and Co-Chair	next	Co-Chairman and Co-Chief Executive Officer of Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (the Advisor) since 2003 and its parent, Cohen & Steers, Inc. since 2004. Vice President of Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC.	18	1991 to present
1150.57		directors	a steers securities, EEC.		
Martin Cohen ⁵ Age: 62	Director and Co-Chair	next	Co-Chairman and Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Advisor since 2003 and Cohen & Steers, Inc. since 2004. Prior to that, President of the Advisor; Vice President of Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC.	18	1991 to present

(table continued on next page)

(table continued from previous page)

Position(s Name, Held Address ¹ with and Age Fund Disinterested Directors	Term of Office ²	Principal Occupation During at Least the Past 5 Years (Including Other Directorships Held)	Number of Funds Within Fund Complex Overseen by Director (Including the Fund)	Length of Time
Bonnie Director Cohen ⁵ Age: 68	Until next election of directors	Consultant. Board Member, United States Department of Defense Business Board since 2010; Board Member, Global Heritage Fund since 2002; Advisory Board member, Posse Foundation since 2004; Trustee, H. Rubenstein Foundation since 1996; Trustee, District of Columbia Public Libraries since 2004; Board member Woods Hole Research Center since 2011; Board member Teluride Mountain Film Festival since 2010; Board member, Washington National Opera since 2007; Former Director, Reis, Inc. (real estate analytics firm) from 2003 to 2009; Former member of the Investment Committee, The Moriah Fund from 2002 to 2008; Former Board member, Foundation for Arts and Preservations in Embassies from 2001 to 2009; Former Under Secretary of State for Management, United States Department of State, 1996-2000.	18	2001 to present
George Director Grossman Age: 57	Until next election of directors	Attorney-at-law	18	1993 to present

(table continued on next page)

(table continued from previous page)

Position(s)	Principal Occupation During at Least the	Number of Funds Within Fund Complex Overseen by	
Name, Held Address ¹ with	Term of	Past 5 Years (Including Other	Director (Including	Length of Time
and Age Fund	Office ²	Directorships Held)	the Fund)	Served ³
Richard Director		Member of Investment Committee, Monmouth University since	18	2004 to
E. Kroon Age: 68	next election of directors	2004; Former Director, AmComp (workers' compensation insurance company) from 1996 to 2003 and from 2004 to 2005; Former Director, Finlay Enterprises (fine jewelry retailing) from 2003 to 2006; Former Director, Prominence Networks (telecom equipment) from 2003 to 2005; Retired Chairman and Managing Partner of Sprout Group venture capital funds, then an affiliate of Donaldson, Lufkin and Jenrette Securities Corporation from 1981 to 2001. Former chairman of the National Venture Capital Association for the year 2000.		present
Richard Director J. Norman Age: 67	Until next election of directors	Private Investor. Member, District of Columbia Department of Corrections Chaplains Corps from 2008 to February 2010; Member, Montgomery County, Maryland Department of Corrections Chaplains Corp since February 2010; Special Representative, Salvation Army World Service Organization (SAWSO) since 2010; Advisory Board Member, The Salvation Army since 1985; Financial Education Fund Chair, The Foundation Board of Maryland Public Television since 2009; Former President, Executive Committee, Chair of Investment Committee, The Foundation Board of Maryland Public Television from 1997 to 2008. Prior thereto, Investment Representative of Morgan Stanley Dean Witter from 1966 to 2000.	18	2001 to present

(table continued on next page)

(table continued from previous page)

			Number of Funds Within Fund Complex	
		Principal Occupation	Overseen	
Position(s	s)	During at Least the	by	
Name, Held		Past 5 Years	Director	Length
Address ¹ with	Term of	(Including Other	(Including	of Time
and Age Fund	Office ²	Directorships Held)	the Fund)	Served ³
Frank K. Director Ross Age: 67	Until next election of directors	Visiting Professor of Accounting, Howard University School of Business since 2004; Board member and Audit Committee Chair and Human Resources and Compensation Committee Member, Pepco Holdings, Inc. (electric utility) since 2004. Former Board Member of NCRIC, Inc. from 2004 to 2005. Formerly, Midatlantic Area Managing Partner for Assurance Services at KPMG LLP and Managing Partner of its Washington, DC offices from 1977 to 2003.	18	2004 to present
Willard Director H. Smith Jr. Age: 74	Until next election of directors	Board member, Essex Property Trust, Inc. since 1996; Former Board member, Realty Income Corporation from 1996 to 2009; Former Board member, Highwoods Property Trust from 1996 to 2005; Former Board member, Crest Net Lease, Inc. from 1999 to 2009 Formerly, Managing Director at Merrill Lynch & Co., Equity Capital Markets Division, from 1983 to 1995.	18	1996 to present
C. Director Edward Ward Jr. Age: 64	Until next election of directors	Member of The Board of Trustees of Manhattan College, Riverdale, New York since 2004. Formerly Director of closed-end fund management for the New York Stock Exchange, where he worked from 1979 to 2004.	18	2004 to present

¹ The address for each director is 280 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

² On March 12, 2008, the Board of Directors adopted a mandatory retirement policy stating a Director must retire from the Board on December 31st of the year in which he or she turns 75 years of age.

³ The length of time served represents the year in which the director was first elected or appointed to any fund in the Cohen & Steers fund complex.

⁴ "Interested person", as defined in the 1940 Act, of the Fund because of affiliation with the investment manager (Interested Directors).

⁵ Martin Cohen and Bonnie Cohen are not related.

The officers of the fund (other than Messrs. Cohen and Steers, whose biographies are provided above), their address, their ages and their principal occupations for at least the past five years are set forth below.

Name, Address and Age ¹ Adam M. Derechin Age: 46	Position(s) Held With Fund President and Chief Executive Officer		Length of Time Served ² Since 2005
Joseph M. Harvey Age: 47	Vice President	President and Chief Investment Officer of CSCM (since 2003) and President of CNS (since 2004). Prior to that, Senior Vice President and Director of Investment Research of CSCM.	Since 2004
William F. Scapell Age: 43	Vice President	Senior Vice President of CSCM since 2003. Prior to that, chief strategist for preferred securities at Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc.	Since 2003
Thomas N. Bohjalian Age: 45	Vice President	Senior Vice President of CSCM since 2006. Prior to that, Vice President of CSCM from 2003 through 2005. Prior thereto, Vice President at AEW Capital Management.	Since 2006
Yigal Jhirad Age: 46	Vice President	Senior Vice President of CSCM since 2007. Prior to that, executive director at Morgan Stanley and head of prime brokerage equity product marketing responsible for developing and marketing quantitative and derivatives product to hedge funds.	Since 2007
Francis C. Poli Age: 48	Secretary	Executive Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel of CSCM and CNS since March 2007. Prior thereto, General Counsel of Allianz Global Investors of America LP.	
James Giallanza Age: 44	Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer	Senior Vice President of CSCM since September 2006. Prior thereto, Deputy Head of the US Funds Administration and Treasurer & CFO of various mutual funds within the Legg Mason (formally Citigroup Asset Management) fund complex from August 2004 to September 2006; Director/Controller of the US wholesale business at UBS Global Asset Management (U.S.) from September 2001 to July 2004.	Since 2006
Lisa D. Phelan Age: 42	Chief Compliance Officer	Senior Vice President and Director of Compliance of CSCM since 2007 and prior to that, Vice President since 2006. Chief Compliance Officer of CSSL since 2004. Prior to that, Compliance Officer of CSCM since 2004. Chief Compliance Officer, Avatar Associates & Overture Asset Managers, 2003-2004.	Since 2006

¹ The address of each officer is 280 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017

² Officers serve one-year terms. The length of time served represents the year in which the officer was first elected to that position in any fund in the Cohen & Steers fund complex. All of the officers listed above are officers of one or more of the other funds in the complex.

Cohen & Steers Investment Solutions

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL REALTY SHARES

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in global real estate equity securities
- Symbols: CSFAX, CSFBX*, CSFCX, CSSPX

COHEN & STEERS INSTITUTIONAL GLOBAL REALTY SHARES

- Designed for institutional investors seeking total return, investing primarily in global real estate securities
- Symbol: GRSIX

COHEN & STEERS REALTY INCOME FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in real estate securities with an emphasis on both income and capital appreciation
 - Symbols: CSEIX, CSBIX*, CSCIX, CSDIX

COHEN & STEERS INTERNATIONAL REALTY FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in international real estate securities
- Symbols: IRFAX, IRFCX, IRFIX

COHEN & STEERS ASIA PACIFIC REALTY SHARES

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in real estate securities located in the Asia Pacific region
- Symbols: APFAX, APFCX, APFIX

COHEN & STEERS REALTY SHARES

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in REITs
- Symbol: CSRSX

COHEN & STEERS INSTITUTIONAL REALTY SHARES

Edgar Filing: COHEN & STEERS REIT & PREFERRED INCOME FUND INC - Form N-CSR

- Designed for institutional investors seeking total return, investing primarily in REITs
- Symbol: CSRIX

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in global infrastructure securities
- Symbols: CSUAX, CSUBX*, CSUCX, CSUIX

COHEN & STEERS DIVIDEND VALUE FUND

- Designed for investors seeking high current income and long-term growth of income and capital appreciation, investing primarily in dividend paying common stocks and preferred stocks
 - Symbols: DVFAX, DVFCX, DVFIX

COHEN & STEERS PREFERRED SECURITIES AND INCOME FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return (high current income and capital appreciation), investing primarily in preferred and debt securities
- Symbols: CPXAX, CPXCX, CPXIX

Distributed by Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC.

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL REALTY MAJORS ETF

- Designed for investors who seek a relatively low-cost "passive" approach for investing in a portfolio of real estate equity securities of companies in a specified index
- Symbol: GRI

Distributed by ALPS Distributors, Inc.

ISHARES COHEN & STEERS REALTY MAJORS INDEX FUND

- Designed for investors who seek a relatively low-cost "passive" approach for investing in a portfolio of real estate equity securities of companies in a specified index
 - Symbol: ICF

Distributed by SEI Investments Distribution Co.

* Class B shares are no longer offered except through dividend reinvestment and permitted exchanges by existing Class B shareholders.

Please consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the fund carefully before investing. A prospectus containing this and other information can be obtained by calling 800-330-7348 or by visiting cohenandsteers.com. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

COHEN & STEERS REIT AND PREFERRED INCOME FUND, INC.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Robert H. Steers Director and co-chairman

Martin Cohen

Director and co-chairman

Bonnie Cohen

Director

George Grossman

Director

Richard E. Kroon

Director

Richard J. Norman

Director

Frank K. Ross

Director

Willard H. Smith Jr.

Director

C. Edward Ward, Jr.

Director

Adam M. Derechin

President and chief executive officer

Joseph M. Harvey

Vice president

William F. Scapell

Vice president

Thomas N. Bohjalian

Vice president

Yigal D. Jhirad

Vice president

Francis C. Poli

Secretary

James Giallanza
Treasurer and chief financial officer

Lisa D. Phelan Chief compliance officer

KEY INFORMATION

Investment Manager

Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. 280 Park Avenue New York, NY 10017 (212) 832-3232

Fund Subadministrator and Custodian

State Street Bank and Trust Company One Lincoln Street Boston, MA 02111

Transfer Agent Common Shares

The Bank of New York Mellon 480 Washington Boulevard Jersey City, NJ 07310 (866) 227-0757

Legal Counsel

Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP 180 Maiden Lane New York, NY 10038

New York Stock Exchange Symbol: RNP

Web site: cohenandsteers.com

This report is for shareholder information. This is not a prospectus intended for use in the purchase or sale of Fund shares. Past performance is no guarantee of future results and your investment may be worth more or less at the time you sell.

eDelivery NOW AVAILABLE

Stop traditional mail delivery; receive your shareholder reports online.

Sign up at cohenandsteers.com

COHEN & STEERS

REIT AND PREFERRED INCOME FUND

280 PARK AVENUE

NEW YORK, NY 10017

ANNUAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2010

RNPAR

Item 2. Code of Ethics.

The registrant has adopted an Amended and Restated Code of Ethics that applies to its Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer. The registrant undertakes to provide to any person without charge, upon request, a copy of the Code of Ethics. Such request can be made by calling 800-330-7348 or writing to the Secretary of the registrant, 280 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

Item 3. Audit Committee Financial Expert.

The registrant s board has determined that Frank K. Ross, a member of the board s Audit Committee, is an audit committee financial expert. Mr. Ross is independent, as such term is defined in Form N-CSR.

Item 4. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

(a) (d) Aggregate fees billed to the registrant for the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the registrant s principal accountant were as follows:

	2010	2009
Audit Fees	\$ 51,200	\$ 50,200
Audit-Related Fees	\$ 0	\$ 0
Tax Fees	\$ 6,250	\$ 14,250
All Other Fees	\$ 0	\$ 0

Tax fees were billed in connection with the preparation of tax returns, calculation and designation of dividends and other miscellaneous tax services.

(e)(1) The registrant s audit committee is required to pre-approve audit and non-audit services performed for the registrant by the principal accountant. The audit committee also is required to pre-approve non-audit services performed by the registrant s principal accountant for the registrant s investment advisor (not including any sub-advisor whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment advisor) and/or to any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the registrant s investment advisor that provides ongoing services to the registrant, if the engagement for services relates directly to the operations and financial reporting of the registrant.

The audit committee may delegate pre-approval authority to one or more of its members who are independent members of the board of directors of the registrant. The member or members to whom such authority is delegated shall report any pre-approval decisions to the audit committee at its next scheduled meeting. The audit committee may not delegate its responsibility to pre-approve services to be performed by the registrant s principal accountant to the investment advisor.

- (e) (2) No services included in (b) (d) above were approved by the audit committee pursuant to paragraphs (c)(7)(i)(C) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X.
- (f) Not applicable.
- (g) For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the aggregate fees billed by the registrant s principal accountant for non-audit services rendered to the registrant and for non-audit services rendered to the registrant s investment advisor (not including any sub-advisor whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment advisor) and/or to any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the registrant s investment advisor that provides ongoing services to the registrant were:

	2010	2009	
Registrant	\$ 6,250	\$ 14,	250
Investment Advisor	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,	000

(h) The registrant s audit committee considered whether the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the registrant s investment advisor (not including any sub-advisor whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment advisor) and/or to any entity controlled by or under common control with the registrant s investment advisor that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not required to be pre-approved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X was compatible with maintaining the principal accountant s independence.

Item 5. Audit Committee of Listed Registrants.
The registrant has a separately-designated standing audit committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The members of the committee are Frank K. Ross (chairman), Bonnie Cohen, George Grossman and Richard E. Kroon.
Item 6. Schedule of Investments.
Included in Item 1 above.
Item 7. Disclosure of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures for Closed-End Management Investment Companies.
The registrant has delegated voting of proxies in respect of portfolio holdings to Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc., in accordance with the policies and procedures set forth below.
COHEN & STEERS CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, INC.
STATEMENT OF POLICIES AND PROCEDURES REGARDING THE VOTING OF SECURITIES
This statement sets forth the policies and procedures that Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (the Advisor) follows in exercising voting rights with respect to securities held in our client portfolios. All proxy-voting rights that are exercised by the Advisor shall be subject to this Statement of Policy and Procedures.
I. Objectives
Voting rights are an important component of corporate governance. The Advisor has three overall objectives in exercising voting rights:

A. Responsibility. The Advisor shall seek to ensure that there is an effective means in place to hold companies accountable for their actions. While management must be accountable to its board, the board must be accountable to a company s shareholders. Although accountability can be

promoted in a variety of ways, protecting shareholder voting rights may be among our most important tools.

B. Rationalizing Management and Shareholder Concerns. The Advisor seeks to ensure that the interests of a company s management and board are aligned with those of the company s shareholders. In this respect, compensation must be structured to reward the creation of shareholder value.

C. Shareholder Communication. Since companies are owned by their shareholders, the Advisor seeks to ensure that management effectively communicates with its owners about the company substiness operations and financial performance. It is only with effective communication that shareholders will be able to assess the performance of management and to make informed decisions on when to buy, sell or hold a company substitution.

In exercising voting rights, the Advisor follows the general principles set forth below.

• itself.	The ability to exercise a voting right with respect to a security is a valuable right and, therefore, must be viewed as part of the asset
• sharehold	In exercising voting rights, the Advisor shall engage in a careful evaluation of issues that may materially affect the rights of lers and the value of the security.
• and dilige	Consistent with general fiduciary principles, the exercise of voting rights shall always be conducted with reasonable care, prudence ence.
• construct	In exercising voting rights on behalf of clients, the Advisor shall conduct itself in the same manner as if the Advisor was the ive owner of the securities.
•	To the extent reasonably possible, the Advisor shall participate in each shareholder voting opportunity.
•	Voting rights shall not automatically be exercised in favor of management-supported proposals.
• decision.	The Advisor, and its officers and employees, shall never accept any item of value in consideration of a favorable proxy voting
Set forth	below are general guidelines followed in exercising proxy voting rights:
the value	In making a proxy voting decision, the Advisor shall give appropriate consideration to all relevant facts and circumstances, including of the securities to be voted and the likely effect any vote may have on that value. Since voting rights must be exercised on the basis of aed judgment, investigation shall be a critical initial step.
	rty Views. While the Advisor may consider the views of third parties, the Advisor shall never base a proxy voting decision solely on the f a third party.
Rather, d	ecisions shall be based on a reasonable and good faith determination as to how best to maximize shareholder value.

Shareholder Value. Just as the decision whether to purchase or sell a security is a matter of judgment, determining whether a specific proxy resolution will increase the market value of a security is a matter of judgment as to which informed parties may differ. In determining how a proxy vote may affect the economic value of a security, the Advisor shall consider both short-term and long-term views about a company s business and prospects, especially in light of our projected holding period on the stock (e.g., the Advisor may discount long-term views on a short-term holding).

Set forth below are guidelines as to how specific proxy voting issues shall be analyzed and assessed.

While these guidelines will provide a framework for the Advisor decision making process, the mechanical application of these guidelines can never address all proxy voting decisions.

When new issues arise or old issues present nuances not encountered before, the Advisor must be guided by its reasonable judgment to vote in a manner that the Advisor deems to be in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders. In addition, because the regulatory framework and the business cultures and practices vary from region to region, the below general guidelines may be inconsistent in certain circumstances.

Uncontested Director Elections

	rector nominees should be made on a case-by-case basis using a mosaic approach, where all factors are considered in director d where no single issue is deemed to be determinative.
	e, a nominee s experience and business judgment may be critical to the long-term success of the portfolio company, notwithstanding he or she may serve on the board of more than four public companies. In evaluating nominees, the Advisor considers the following
• V	Whether the nominee attended less than 75 percent of the board and committee meetings without a valid excuse for the absences;
• 7	Whether the nominee is an inside or affiliated outside director and sits on the audit, compensation, or nominating committees;
	Whether the nominee ignored a significant shareholder proposal that was approved by a (i) majority of the shares outstanding or of the votes cast for two consecutive years;
	Whether the nominee, without shareholder approval, to our knowledge instituted a new poison pill plan, extended an existing plan, or ew plan upon the expiration of an existing plan during the past year;
	Whether the nominee is an inside or affiliated outside director and the full board serves as the audit, compensation, or nominating or the company does not have one of these committees;
• V	Whether the nominee is an insider or affiliated outsider on boards that are not at least majority independent;
• V	Whether the nominee is the CEO of a publicly-traded company who serves on more than two public boards;
• V	Whether the nominee serves on more than four public company boards;

Whether the nominee serves on the audit committee where there is evidence (such as audit reports or reports mandated under the

Sarbanes Oxley Act) that there exists material weaknesses in the company s internal controls;

86

• or options	Whether the nominee serves on the compensation committee if that director was present at the time of the grant of backdated options the pricing or the timing of which Advisor believes may have been manipulated to provide additional benefits to executives;
•	Whether the nominee is believed by us to have a material conflict of interest with the portfolio company; and
• demonstrat	Whether the nominee (or the overall board) in our view has a record of making poor corporate or strategic decisions or has ted an overall lack of good business judgment.

The Advisor votes on a case-by-case basis for shareholder proposals requesting companies to amend their bylaws in order to create access to the proxy so as to nominate candidates for directors. The Advisor recognizes the importance of shareholder access to the ballot process as a means to ensure that boards do

not become self-perpetuating and self-serving. However, the Advisor is also aware that some proposals may promote certain interest groups and could be disruptive to the nomination process. Special attention will be paid to companies that display a chronic lack of shareholder accountability.

Proxy Contests

Director Nominees in a Contested Election. By definition, this type of board candidate or slate runs for the purpose of seeking a significant change in corporate policy or control. Therefore, the economic impact of the vote in favor of or in opposition to that director or slate must be analyzed using a higher standard such as is normally applied to changes in control. Criteria for evaluating director nominees as a group or individually should also include: the underlying reason why the new slate (or individual director) is being proposed; performance; compensation; corporate governance provisions and takeover activity; criminal activity; attendance at meetings; investment in the company; interlocking directorships; inside, outside and independent directors; number of other board seats; and other experience. It is impossible to have a general policy regarding director nominees in a contested election.

Reimbursement of Proxy Solicitation Expenses. Decisions to provide full reimbursement for dissidents waging a proxy contest should be made on a case-by-case basis.

Ratification of Auditors

The Advisor votes for proposals to ratify auditors, unless an auditor has a financial interest in or association with the company, and are therefore not independent; or there is reason to believe that the independent auditor has rendered an opinion that is neither accurate nor indicative of the company s financial position. Generally, the Advisor votes against auditor ratification and withhold votes from audit committee members if non-audit fees exceed audit fees. The Advisor votes on a case-by-case basis on auditor rotation proposals. Criteria for evaluating the rotation proposal include, but are not limited to: tenure of the audit firm; establishment and disclosure of a renewal process whereby the auditor is regularly evaluated for both audit quality and competitive price; length of the rotation period advocated in the proposal; and any significant audit related issues. Generally, the Advisor votes against auditor indemnification and limitation of liability; however the Advisor recognizes there may be situations where indemnification and limitations on liability may be appropriate.

Takeover Defenses

While the Advisor recognizes that a takeover attempt can be a significant distraction for the board and management to deal with, the simple fact is that the possibility of a corporate takeover keeps management focused on maximizing shareholder value. As a result, the Advisor opposes measures that are designed to prevent or obstruct corporate takeovers because they can entrench current management. The following are our guidelines on change of control issues:

Shareholder Rights Plans. The Advisor acknowledges that there are arguments for and against shareholder rights plans, also known as poison pills. Companies should put their case for rights plans to shareholders. The Advisor reviews on a case-by-case basis management proposals to ratify a poison pill. The Advisor generally looks for shareholder friendly features including a two- to three-year sunset provision, a permitted bid provision and a 20 percent or higher flip-in provision.

Greenmail. The Advisor votes for proposals to adopt anti-greenmail charter or bylaw amendments or otherwise restrict a company s ability to make greenmail payments.

Unequal Voting Rights. Generally, The Advisor votes against dual-class recapitalizations as they offer an effective way for a firm to thwart hostile takeovers by concentrating voting power in the hands of management or other insiders.

Classified Boards. The Advisor generally votes in favor of shareholder proposals to declassify a board of directors, although the Advisor acknowledges that a classified board may be in the long-term best interests of a company in certain situations. In voting on shareholder proposals to declassify a board of directors, the Advisor evaluates all facts and circumstances surrounding such proposal, including whether the shareholder proposing the de-classification has an agenda in making such proposal that may be at odds with the long-term best interests of the company or whether it would be in the best interests of the company to thwart a shareholder s attempt to control the board of directors.

Cumulative Voting. Having the ability to cumulate our votes for the election of directors that is, cast more than one vote for a director about whom they feel strongly generally increases shareholders—rights to effect change in the management of a corporation. The Advisor generally supports, therefore, proposals to adopt cumulative voting.

Shareholder Ability to Call Special Meeting. The Advisor votes on a case-by-case basis for shareholder proposals requesting companies to amend their governance documents (bylaws and/or charter) in order to allow shareholders to call special meetings. The Advisor recognizes the importance on shareholder ability to call a special meeting, however, the Advisor is also aware that some proposals are put forth in order to promote the agenda(s) of certain special interest groups and could be disruptive to the management of the company.

Shareholder Ability to Act by Written Consent. The Advisor generally votes against proposals to allow or facilitate shareholder action by written consent. The requirement that all shareholders be given notice of a shareholders meeting and matters to be discussed therein seems to provide a reasonable protection of minority shareholder rights.

Shareholder Ability to Alter the Size of the Board. The Advisor generally votes for proposals that seek to fix the size of the board and vote against proposals that give management the ability to alter the size of the board without shareholder approval. While the Advisor recognizes the importance of such proposals, the Advisor is however also aware that these proposals are sometimes put forth in order to promote the agenda(s) of certain special interest groups and could be disruptive to the management of the company.

Miscellaneous Board Provisions

Board Committees. Boards should delegate key oversight functions, such as responsibility for audit, nominating and compensation issues, to independent committees. The chairman and members of any committee should be clearly identified in the annual report. Any committee should have the authority to engage independent advisors where appropriate at the company s expense.

Audit, nominating and compensation committees should consist solely of non-employee directors, who are independent of management.

Separate Chairman and CEO Positions. The Advisor will generally vote for proposals looking to separate the CEO and Chairman roles. The Advisor does acknowledge, however, that under certain circumstances, it may be reasonable for the CEO and Chairman roles to be held by a

	Edgar Filing:	COHEN &	STEERS R	EIT & PRE	FERRED IN	NCOME FUN	ND INC - F	orm N-C	SR
single pers	son.								

Lead Directors and Executive Sessions. In cases where the CEO and Chairman roles are combined, Advisor will vote for the appointment of a lead (non-insider) director and for regular executive sessions (board meetings taking place without the CEO/Chairman present).

Majority of Independent Directors. The Advisor votes for proposals that call for the board to be composed of a majority of independent directors. The Advisor believes that a majority of independent directors can be an important factor in facilitating objective decision making and enhancing accountability to shareholders.

Independent Committees. The Advisor votes for shareholder proposals requesting that the board s audit, compensation, and nominating committees consist exclusively of independent directors.

Stock Ownership Requirements. The Advisor supports measures requiring senior executives to hold a minimum amount of stock in a company (often expressed as a percentage of annual compensation), requiring stock acquired through option exercise to be held for a certain minimum amount of time and issuing restricted stock awards instead of options.

Term of Office. The Advisor votes against shareholder proposals to limit the tenure of outside directors. Term limits pose artificial and arbitrary impositions on the board and could harm shareholder interests by forcing experienced and knowledgeable directors off the board.

Director and Officer Indemnification and Liability Protection. Proposals concerning director and officer indemnification and liability protection should be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

Board Size. The Advisor generally votes for proposals to limit the size of the board to 15 members or less.

Majority Vote Standard. The Advisor generally votes for proposals asking for the board to initiate the appropriate process to amend the company s governance documents (charter or bylaws) to provide that director nominees shall be elected by the affirmative vote of the majority of votes cast at an annual meeting of shareholders. The Advisor would generally review on a case-by-case basis proposals that address alternative approaches to a majority vote requirement.

Confidential Voting. The Advisor votes for shareholder proposals requesting that companies adopt confidential voting, use independent tabulators, and use independent inspectors of election as long as the proposals include clauses for proxy contests as follows: in the case of a contested election, management should be permitted to request that the dissident group honor its confidential voting policy. If the dissidents agree, the policy remains in place. If the dissidents do not agree, the confidential voting policy is waived.

The Advisor also votes for management proposals to adopt confidential voting.

Bundled Proposals. The Advisor reviews on a case-by-case basis bundled or conditioned proxy proposals. In the case of items that are conditioned upon each other, the Advisor examines the benefits and costs of the packaged items. In instances where the joint effect of the conditioned items is not in shareholders best interests, the Advisor votes against the proposals. If the combined effect is positive, the Advisor supports such proposals.

Date/Location of Meeting. The Advisor votes against shareholder proposals to change the date or location of the shareholders meeting. No one site will meet the needs of all shareholders.

Adjourn Meeting if Votes are Insufficient. Open-end requests for adjournment of a shareholder meeting generally will not be supported. However, where management specifically states the reason for requesting an adjournment and the requested adjournment is necessary to permit a proposal that would otherwise be supported under this policy to be carried out; the adjournment request will be supported.
Disclosure of Shareholder Proponents. The Advisor votes for shareholder proposals requesting that companies disclose the names of shareholder proponents. Shareholders may wish to contact the proponents of a shareholder proposal for additional information.
Capital Structure
Increase Additional Common Stock. The Advisor generally votes for increases in authorized shares, provided that the increase is not greater than three times the number of shares outstanding and reserved for issuance (including shares reserved for stock-related plans and securities convertible into common stock, but not shares reserved for any poison pill plan). Votes generally are cast in favor of proposals to authorize additional shares of stock except where the proposal:
• creates a blank check preferred stock; or
• establishes classes of stock with superior voting rights.
Blank Check Preferred Stock. Votes generally are cast in opposition to management proposals authorizing the creation of new classes of preferred stock with unspecific voting, conversion, distribution and other rights, and management proposals to increase the number of authorized blank check preferred shares. The Advisor may vote in favor of this type of proposal when it receives assurances to its reasonable satisfaction that (i) the preferred stock was authorized by the board for the use of legitimate capital formation purposes and not for anti- takeover purposes, and (ii) no preferred stock will be issued with voting power that is disproportionate to the economic interests of the preferred stock. These representations should be made either in the proxy statement or in a separate letter from the company to the Advisor.
Preemptive Rights. Votes regarding shareholder proposals seeking preemptive rights are determined on a case-by-case basis after evaluating:
• The size of the company;
• The shareholder base; and
• The liquidity of the stock.

For example, it would be difficult to support a shareholder proposal that would require an S&P 500 company with over \$1 billion in equity held by thousands of shareholders (with no single shareholder owning a significant percentage of outstanding shares) to implement preemptive rights each time it conducted a new offering. Such a requirement would be impractical and extremely costly. Moreover, at companies with that large of a shareholder base and the ease with which shareholders could preserve their relative interest through purchases of shares on the on the open market, the cost of implementing preemptive rights does not seem justifiable in relation to the benefits.

Dual Class Capitalizations. Because classes of common stock with unequal voting rights limit the rights of certain shareholders, the Advisor votes against adoption of a dual or multiple class capitalization structure.

	urings/Recapitalizations. The Advisor reviews proposals to increase common and/or preferred shares and to issue shares as part of a ructuring plan on a case- by-case basis.
In voting	, the Advisor considers the following issues:
• be?	dilution how much will ownership interest of existing shareholders be reduced, and how extreme will dilution to any future earning
•	change in control will the transaction result in a change in control of the company?
•	bankruptcy generally, approve proposals that facilitate debt restructurings unless there are clear signs of self-dealing or other abuse
generally	purchase Programs. Boards may institute share repurchase or stock buy-back programs for a number of reasons. The Advisor will vote in favor of such programs where the repurchase would be in the long-term best interests of shareholders, and where the company ught to be able to use the cash in a more useful way.
	isor will vote against such programs when shareholders interests could be better served by deployment of the cash for alternative uses the repurchase is a defensive maneuver or an attempt to entrench management.
voting sto stock in a	Share Placements. These shareholder proposals ask companies to seek stockholder approval before placing 10% or more of their ock with a single investor. The proposals are typically in reaction to the placement by various companies of a large block of their voting the ESOP, parent capital fund or with a single friendly investor, with the aim of protecting themselves against a hostile tender offer. Opposals are voted on a case-by-case basis after reviewing the individual situation of the company receiving the proposal.

Executive and Director Compensation

Stock-based Incentive Plans. Votes with respect to compensation plans should be determined on a case-by-case basis. The analysis of compensation plans focuses primarily on the transfer of shareholder wealth (the dollar cost of pay plans to shareholders). Other matters included in our analysis are the amount of the company s outstanding stock to be reserved for the award of stock options or restricted stock, whether the exercise price of an option is less than the stock s fair market value at the date of the grant of the options, and whether the plan provides for the exchange of outstanding options for new ones at lower exercise prices. Every award type is valued. An estimated dollar cost for the proposed plan and all continuing plans is derived. This cost, dilution to shareholders equity, will also be expressed as a percentage figure for the transfer of shareholder wealth and will be considered along with dilution to voting power. Once the cost of the plan is estimated, it is compared to an allowable industry-specific and market cap-based dilution cap.

If the proposed plan cost is above the allowable cap, an against vote is indicated. If the proposed cost is below the allowable cap, a vote for the plan is indicated unless the plan violates the repricing guidelines. If the company has a history of repricing options or has the express ability to reprice underwater stock options without first securing shareholder approval under the proposed plan, the plan receives an against vote even in cases where the plan cost is considered acceptable based on the quantitative analysis.

The Advisor votes against equity plans that have high average three year burn rates, unless the company has publicly committed to reduce the burn rate to a rate that is comparable to its peer group (as determined by the Advisor).

Approval of Cash or Cash-and-Stock Bonus Plans. The Advisor votes for cash or cash-and-stock bonus plans to exempt the compensation from limits on deductibility under the provisions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code).

Executive Compensation. Executive compensation should be tied to the performance of the executive and the company as well as relevant market conditions. The Advisor feels that the performance criteria and specific amounts and types of executive compensation are best decided by a company s board of directors and/or its compensation committee and fully disclosed to shareholders.

The Advisor will, however, vote for shareholder proposals that call for shareholders to vote, in a non-binding manner, on executive pay since such vote is non-binding and is merely informative for the board of directors and/or compensation committee. Further, the Advisor generally votes for shareholder proposals that seek additional disclosure of executive and director pay information.

Reload/Evergreen Features. The Advisor will generally vote against plans that enable the issuance of reload options and that provide an automatic share replenishment (evergreen) feature.

Golden Parachutes. The Advisor opposes the use of accelerated employment contracts that result in cash grants of greater than three times annual compensation (salary and bonus) in the event of termination of employment following a change in control of a company. In general, the guidelines call for voting against golden parachute plans because they impede potential takeovers that shareholders should be free to consider. The Advisor generally withholds its votes at the next shareholder meeting for directors who to our knowledge approved golden parachutes.

401(k) Employee Benefit Plans. The Advisor votes for proposals to implement a 401(k) savings plan for employees.

Employee Stock Purchase Plans. The Advisor supports employee stock purchase plans, although the Advisor generally believes the discounted purchase price should be at least 85% of the current market price.

Option Expensing. The Advisor votes for shareholder proposals to expense fixed-price options.

Vesting. The Advisor believes that restricted stock awards normally should vest over at least a two-year period.

Option Repricing. Stock options generally should not be re-priced, and never should be re-priced without shareholder approval. In addition, companies should not issue new options, with a lower strike price, to make up for previously issued options that are substantially underwater. The Advisor will vote against the election of any slate of directors that, to its knowledge, has authorized a company to re-price or replace

underwater options during the most recent year without shareholder approval.

Stock Holding Periods. Generally vote against all proposals requiring executives to hold the stock received upon option exercise for a specific period of time.

Transferable Stock Options. Review on a case-by-case basis proposals to grant transferable stock options or otherwise permit the transfer of outstanding stock options, including cost of proposal and alignment with shareholder interests.

Recoup Bonuses. The Advisor votes on a case-by-case on shareholder proposals to recoup unearned incentive bonuses or other incentive payments made to senior executives if it is later determined that fraud, misconduct, or negligence significantly contributed to a restatement of financial results that led to the awarding of unearned incentive compensation.

Incorporation

Reincorporation Outside of the United States. Generally, the Advisor will vote against companies looking to reincorporate outside of the U.S.

Voting on State Takeover Statutes. The Advisor reviews on a case-by-case basis proposals to opt in or out of state takeover statutes (including control share acquisition statutes, control share cash-out statutes, freeze out provisions, fair price provisions, stakeholder laws, poison pill endorsements, severance pay and labor contract provisions, anti greenmail provisions, and disgorgement provisions). In voting on these shareholder proposals, the Advisor evaluates all facts and circumstances surrounding such proposal, including whether the shareholder proposing such measure has an agenda in making such proposal that may be at odds with the longterm best interests of the company or whether it would be in the best interests of the company to thwart a shareholder s attempt to control the board of directors.

Voting on Reincorporation Proposals. Proposals to change a company s state of incorporation are examined on a case-by-case basis. In making our decision, the Advisor reviews management s rationale for the proposal, changes to the charter/bylaws, and differences in the state laws governing the companies.

Mergers and Corporate Restructurings

Mergers and Acquisitions. Votes on mergers and acquisitions should be considered on a case-by-case basis, taking into account factors including the following: anticipated financial and operating benefits; offer price (cost vs. premium); prospects of the combined companies; how the deal was negotiated; and changes in corporate governance and their impact on shareholder rights.

The Advisor votes against proposals that require a super-majority of shareholders to approve a merger or other significant business combination. The Advisor supports proposals that seek to lower super-majority voting requirements.

Nonfinancial Effects of a Merger or Acquisition. Some companies have proposed a charter provision which specifies that the board of directors may examine the nonfinancial effect of a merger or acquisition on the company. This provision would allow the board to evaluate the impact a proposed change in control would have on employees, host communities, suppliers and/or others. The Advisor generally votes against proposals to adopt such charter provisions. The Advisor feels it is the directors fiduciary duty to base decisions solely on the financial interests of the shareholders.

Corporate Restructuring. Votes on corporate restructuring proposals, including minority squeeze outs, leveraged buyouts, going private proposals, spin-offs, liquidations, and asset sales, should be considered on a case-by-case basis.

Spin-offs. Votes on spin-offs should be considered on a case-by-case basis depending on the tax and regulatory advantages, planned use of sale proceeds, market focus, and managerial incentives.

Asset Sales. Votes on asset sales should be made on a case-by-case basis received for the asset, and potential elimination of diseconomies.	after considering the impact on the balance sheet/working capital, value
Liquidations. Votes on liquidations should be made on a case-by-case bas appraisal value of assets, and the compensation plan for executives managed to the compensation of the compensation plan for executives managed to the compensation of the compensation of the compensation plan for executives managed to the compensation of the compensation o	
Appraisal Rights. The Advisor votes for proposals to restore, or provide shareholders who are not satisfied with the terms of certain corporate transfair value for their shares.	
Changing Corporate Name. The Advisor votes for changing the corporate	e name.
Social Issues.	
The Advisor believes that it is the responsibility of the board and manage absence of unusual circumstances, the Advisor does not believe that share address broad social and policy issues. As a result, the Advisor generally shareholders, unless the Advisor believes the proposal has significant economics.	cholders should be involved in determining how a company should votes against these types of proposals, which are generally initiated by
Item 8. Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Investment Companies.	
Information pertaining to the portfolio managers of the registrant, as of M	Tarch 8, 2011, is set forth below.
Martin Cohen	Co-founder, co-chairman and co-chief executive officer of Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (C&S) and its parent company, Cohen & Steers, Inc. (CNS). Vice president and director of Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC. Director and co-chairman of each of the
Director and co-chairman	Cohen & Steers funds. Previously, president of C&S and each of the Cohen & Steers funds.
Portfolio manager since inception	
Robert Steers	Co-founder, co-chairman and co-chief executive officer of C&S and

funds.

CNS. Vice President and Director of Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC. Director and co-chairman of each of the Cohen & Steers funds. Previously, chairman of C&S and each of the Cohen & Steers

- Director and co-chairman
- Portfolio manager since inception

Joseph Harvey

President of C&S and CNS. Previously, senior vice president of C&S and director of research.

- Vice president
- Portfolio manager since 2004

William F. Scapell

Senior vice president of C&S. Previously, chief strategist for preferred securities at Merrill Lynch & Co.

- Vice President
- Portfolio manager since inception

Thomas N. Bohjalian

Senior vice president of C&S. Previously, vice president of C&S.

- Vice President
- Portfolio manager since 2006

C&S utilizes a team-based approach in managing the registrant. Mr. Cohen and Mr. Steers are the leaders of this team and they act in a supervisory capacity. Mr. Harvey, Mr. Scapell and Mr. Bohjalian direct and supervise the execution of the registrant s investment strategy, and lead and guide the other members of the team.

Each portfolio manager listed above manages other investment companies and/or investment vehicles and accounts in addition to the registrant. The following tables show, as of December 31, 2010, the number of accounts each portfolio manager managed in each of the listed categories and the total assets in the accounts managed within each category. Two (2) of the 42 other accounts managed by Messrs. Cohen, Steers and Harvey, with total assets of \$105.89 million, are subject to performance-based fees.

Martin Cohen

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	16	\$ 14,127,706,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	36	\$ 11,540,758,000
•	Other accounts	42	\$ 4,236,799,000

Robert Steers

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	16	\$ 14,127,706,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	36	\$ 11,540,758,000
•	Other accounts	42	\$ 4,236,799,000

Joseph Harvey

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	16	\$ 14,127,706,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	36	\$ 11,540,758,000
•	Other accounts	42	\$ 4,236,799,000

William F. Scapell

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	7	\$ 5,952,434,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	2	\$ 546,561,000
•	Other accounts	5	\$ 522,378,000

Thomas N. Bohjalian

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	4	\$ 3,252,462,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	2	\$ 546,561,000
•	Other accounts	2	\$ 221,271,000

<u>Share Ownership.</u> The following table indicates the dollar range of securities of the registrant owned by the registrant s portfolio managers as of December 31, 2010:

Dollar Range of Securities Owned

Martin Cohen	\$500,001 - \$1,000,000
Robert Steers	Over \$1,000,000
Joseph Harvey	None
William F. Scapell	\$10,001 - \$50,000
Thomas N. Bohjalian	None

Conflicts of Interest. It is possible that conflicts of interest may arise in connection with the portfolio managers management of a Fund s investments on the one hand and the investments of other accounts or vehicles for which the portfolio managers are responsible on the other. For example, a portfolio manager may have conflicts of interest in allocating management time, resources and investment opportunities among a Fund and the other accounts or vehicles he advises. In addition, due to differences in the investment strategies or restrictions among a Fund and the other accounts, a portfolio manager may take action with respect to another account that differs from the action taken with respect to the Fund. In some cases, another account managed by a portfolio manager may provide more revenue to the Advisor. While this may appear to create additional conflicts of interest for the portfolio manager in the allocation of management time, resources and investment opportunities, the Advisor strives to ensure that portfolio managers endeavor to exercise their discretion in a manner that is equitable to all interested persons. In this regard, in the absence of specific account-related impediments (such as client-imposed restrictions or lack of available cash), it is the policy of the Advisor to allocate investment ideas pro rata to all accounts with the same primary investment objective.

In addition, certain of the portfolio managers may from time to time manage one or more accounts on behalf of the Advisor, and its affiliated companies (the CNS Accounts). Certain securities held and traded in the CNS Accounts also may be held and traded in one or more client accounts. It is the policy of the Advisor however not to put the interests of the CNS Accounts ahead of the interests of client accounts. The Advisor may aggregate orders of client accounts with those of the CNS Accounts; however, under no circumstances will preferential treatment be given to the CNS Accounts. For all orders involving the CNS Accounts, purchases or sales will be allocated prior to trade placement, and orders that are only partially filled will be allocated across all accounts in proportion to the shares each account, including the CNS Accounts, was designated to receive prior to trading. As a result, it is expected that the CNS Accounts will receive the same average price as other accounts included in the aggregated order. Shares will not be allocated or re-allocated to the CNS Accounts after trade execution or after the average price is known. In the event so few shares of an order are executed that a pro-rata allocation is not practical, a rotational system of allocation may be used; however, the CNS Accounts will never be part of that rotation or receive shares of a partially filled order other than on a pro-rata basis.

Because certain CNS Accounts are managed with a cash management objective, it is possible that a security will be sold out of the CNS Accounts but continue to be held for one or more client accounts. In situations when this occurs, such security will remain in a client account only if the portfolio manager, acting in its reasonable judgment and consistent with its fiduciary duties, believes this is appropriate for, and consistent with the objectives and profile of, the client account.

<u>C&S Compensation Structure.</u> Compensation of C&S s portfolio managers and other investment professionals has three primary components: (1) a base salary, (2) an annual cash bonus and (3) long-term stock-based compensation consisting generally of restricted stock units of C&S s parent, CNS. C&S s investment professionals, including the portfolio managers, also receive certain retirement, insurance and other benefits that are broadly available to all of its employees. Compensation of C&S s investment professionals is reviewed primarily on an annual basis. Cash

bonuses, stock-based compensation awards, and adjustments in base salary are typically paid or put into effect in the January following the fiscal year-end of CNS.

Method to Determine Compensation. C&S compensates its portfolio managers based primarily on the scale and complexity of their portfolio responsibilities and the total return performance of funds and accounts managed by the portfolio manager versus appropriate peer groups or benchmarks. C&S uses a variety of benchmarks to evaluate the portfolio managers—performance for compensation purposes, including the NAREIT Equity REIT Index with respect to Messrs. Cohen, Steers, Harvey and Bohjalian and the Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate Preferred Index with respect to Mr. Scapell. In evaluating the performance of a portfolio manager, primary emphasis is normally placed on one- and three-year performance, with secondary consideration of performance over longer periods of time. Performance is evaluated on a pre-tax and pre-expense basis. In addition to rankings within peer groups of funds on the basis of absolute performance, consideration may also be given to risk-adjusted performance. For funds and accounts with a primary investment objective of high current income, consideration will also be given to the fund s and account s success in achieving this objective. For managers responsible for multiple funds and accounts, investment performance is evaluated on an aggregate basis. C&S has three funds or accounts with performance-based advisory fees. Portfolio managers are also evaluated on the basis of their success in managing their dedicated team of analysts. Base compensation for portfolio managers of C&S varies in line with the portfolio manager s seniority and position with the firm.

Salaries, bonuses and stock-based compensation are also influenced by the operating performance of the Advisor and CNS. While the annual salaries of the Advisor s portfolio managers are fixed, cash bonuses and stock based compensation may fluctuate significantly from year to year, based on changes in manager performance and other factors.

Item 9. Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment Company and Affiliated Purchasers.

Period	(a) Total number of shares purchased	(b) Average price paid per share	(c) Total number of shares purchased part of publicly announced plans or programs	(d) Maximum number (or approximate dollar value) of shares (or units) that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs
1/1/10 to 1/31/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2/1/10 to 2/28/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3/1/10 to 3/31/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4/1/10 to 4/30/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5/01/10 to 5/31/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6/01/10 to 6/30/10	120,500	\$ 10.79	120,500	N/A
7/01/10 to 7/31/10	202,568	\$ 11.01	323,068	N/A
8/01/10 to 8/31/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
9/01/10 to 9/30/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
10/01/10 to 10/31/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11/01/10 to 11/30/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12/01/10 to 12/31/10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: On December 15, 2010, the Board of Directors of the Fund approved continuation of the delegation of its authority to management to effect repurchases, pursuant to management s discretion and subject to market conditions and investment considerations, of up to 10% of the Fund s common shares outstanding (Share Repurchase Program) as of January 1, 2011 through the current fiscal year ending December 31, 2011.

Item 10. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which shareholders may recommend nominees to the registrant s Board implemented after the registrant last provided disclosure in response to this Item.

Item 11. Controls and Procedures.

- (a) The registrant s principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures are reasonably designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the registrant in this Form N-CSR was recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms, based upon such officers evaluation of these controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of this report.
- (b) There were no changes in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.

Item 12. Exhibits.
(a)(1) Not applicable.
(a) (2) Certifications of principal executive officer and principal financial officer as required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
(b) Certifications of chief executive officer and chief financial officer as required by Rule 30a- 2(b) under the Investment Company
Act of 1940.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

COHEN & STEERS REIT AND PREFERRED INCOME FUND, INC.

By: /s/ Adam M. Derechin Name: Adam M. Derechin

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 8, 2011

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Adam M. Derechin

Name: Adam M. Derechin

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

By: /s/ James Giallanza

Name: James Giallanza

Title: Treasurer and Chief Financial

Officer

(principal financial officer)

Date: March 8, 2011